

AUGUST 8, 1966

883

REPORT ON THE INDUCED POLARIZATION
AND RESISTIVITY SURVEY

ON THE
GIBBONS CREEK CLAIM GROUPS
HORSEFLY LAKE AREA, B.C.
FOR
HELICON EXPLORATIONS, LTD.

BY

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NAME AND LOCATION OF PROPERTY

GIBBONS CREEK CLAIM GROUPS GI A AND GI B
SOUTH EAST QUADRANT OF LAT. 52° N
LONG 121°W QUADRILATERAL
CARIBOO MINING DIVISION, B.C.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduction.....	page 1
Presentation of Data.....	page 1
Data Interpretation.....	page 2
Conclusions.....	page 4
Final Page.....	page

(IN POCKET)

INDUCED POLARIZATION
INTERPRETING PLAN MAP #1.

MINERAL CLAIM LOCATIONS #2.

INDUCED POLARIZATION AND
RESISTIVITY SURVEY
GIBBONS CREEK CLAIM GROUP

INTRODUCTION

Table 1 summarizes the induced polarization (I.P.) measurements taken on the Gibbons Creek property in late June and early July of 1966. The initial reconnaissance survey lines at 1st and 2nd separations (16 S and 20 S), were intended to test the I.P. responses of several relatively high geochemical zones, and also the response of the sulfide mineralization exposed in stripping and trenching along the base line between 16 S and 20 S. Only the latter showed significant response.

Subsequently, a north north-west trending series of small crone J.E.M. anomalies were noticed, coinciding with the I.P. response near baseline on 16 S and representing a possible extension, under alluvial cover, of the sulfide mineralization observed there. Accordingly, detailed I.P. measurements to 4th separation were taken in the vicinity of base line on lines 20 S through zero S (see Table 1) in order to test this inferred trend and, if possible, to determine the distribution of associated sulfide minerals. Significant I.P. responses were obtained on each line, as anticipated.

PRESENTATION OF DATA

All I.P. measurements taken thus far on the Gibbons Creek property were obtained using the Heinrichs Mark II I.P. sender and receiver. This instrumentation offers multifrequency selection- a high frequency of 3.0 and a low frequency of 0.05 cycles per second were utilized. All data were taken using the dipole-dipole electrode configuration, at two hundred foot electrode separations. In practice, five current electrodes were contacted from a central transmitter site, so that any of four current dipoles could be energized. The potential dipole was then moved progressively away from the transmitter, until all

TABLE 1

DATE BEGUN-	NO. CREW DAYS COMPLETED	CREW SPENT	LINE SURVEYED, AND REMARKS SIZE
JUNE 21-		6	3 20 S; 36 W - 8 E
JUNE 30			16 S; 16 W - 14 E (ABOVE LINES WERE RECONNAISSANCE, AT 1st AND 2nd ELECTRODE SEPARATIONS)
JULY 3-			
JULY 22	14	3	20 S; 14 W - 12 E 16 S; 8 W - 16 E 12 S; 16 W - 8 E 8 S; 16 W - 0 4 S; 23 W - 7 E 0 S; 16 W - 8 E BASELINE; 8 S - 32 S (ABOVE LINES WERE AT 1st THROUGH 4th ELECTRODE SEPARATIONS.)

NOTE: A crew consists of ,

1. Supervisor - receiver operator
2. Tra:
nmitter operator
3. Potential dipole assistant
- (4. Fourth crew member - in training)

desired separations had been measured with respect to each transmitter dipole. The current electrodes were numbered from one to five (see Figure 1). A particular measurement is located with respect to the property grid by specifying a) the transmitter site on the grid b) the direction to the receiver, c) the transmitter electrode pair used (1-2, 2-3, 3-4, or 4-5), and d) the separation (n). The portion of the property grid surveyed is shown in Figure 2.

The raw data measured in the field are the current (I, in amperes) transmitted across the current electrodes and the voltage (V, in millivolts) which is produced across the potential electrodes (at both high and low frequencies). Copies of all field records are shown in Appendix I. These data are corrected for calibration drift, and are then used to compute the desired physical qualities 'apparent resistivity' (ρ_a) and 'apparent percent frequency effect' ((P.F.E.)_a), according to the formulas

$$\rho_a = n(n+1)(n+2) \frac{l}{2} \frac{V}{I} \quad [\text{OHM} \cdot \text{FT}]$$

$$(\text{P.F.E.})_a = \frac{V_{\text{LOW FREQ.}} - V_{\text{HIGH FREQ.}}}{V_{\text{HIGH FREQ.}}}$$

l = DIPOLE LENGTH
 n = SEPARATION

The derived quantity 'apparent metal factor' is also computed, by the formula

$$(\text{M.F.})_a = \frac{(\text{P.F.E.})_a}{\rho_a} \times 1000 \quad \left[\frac{2\pi}{\text{OHM} \cdot \text{FT}} \right]$$

The physical quantities 'apparent resistivity' and 'apparent percent frequency effect' and the derived quantity 'apparent metal factor' are presented in the standard pseudo-section format in Appendix II.

The plotting convention is illustrated in each section.

Apparent resistivity measurements are generally repeatable to $\pm 5\%$.

The apparent percent frequency effect measurements are accurate to ± 0.75 percent frequency effect units.

DATA INTERPRETATION

Overall I.P. experience on the Gibbons Creek property seems to indicate

that the background P.F.E.)_a of unmineralized diorite and volcanics are in the range 1.0 -3.0 percent. Resistivities vary from 150 to 1000 ohm. feet divided by 2 . Topographically high ground is relatively dry and hence rather consistently resistive. Marsh and other low wet ground are conductive.

The relatively high geochemical zones at 21-27 W and 0 -11 W on line 20 S and at 3-9 W on line 16 S show only background (P.F.E.)_a and resistivity. They are apparently barren of significant sulfide mineralization where tested.

A roughly linear trend of I.P. responses was obtained on lines 20 S through zero, through the stripped mineralization between 16 S and 20 S and striking about 346° true. The P.F.E.)A exhibited by this trend varied from five to seven percent. For the Heinrichs equipment utilized in the survey, (P.F.E.)_a values of 4 to 8 percent are usually regarded as marginally anomalous, and values higher than 8 percent are definitely anomalous. In this case, however, a better appreciation of the significance of the observed (P.F.E.)_a values may be obtained by viewing them in the light of assays taken from the stripped and exposed mineralization.

In 'pseudo-section', the (P.F.E.)_a anomalies take the 'inverted V' form characteristically obtained over a steeply dipping vein with shallow upper surface. Here 'shallow' means appreciably less than the 200' electrode spacing employed. This interpretation is in accordance with a probably alluvial cover of 20-40' (estimated) along the strike of the trend. Stripping just north of 16 S and just south of 20 S did not reach bedrock.

The (P.F.E.)_a values in the arms of the inverted V anomaly have been taken as a measure of the polar-izability of the 200' electrode dipole at the apex of the V. Interpreting in this way, values of (P.F.E.)_a

have been assigned to each 200' section surveyed, and are plotted and contoured in plan in the I.P. interpretational plan map. In viewing these results, it should be kept in mind that a survey with 200' electrode spacings cannot define variations of width or polarizability over distances less than 200'. It essentially averages over this interval.

Accordingly, the I.P. plan map is intended as a measure of the polarizability of the upper 200' or so of ground in the vicinity of a steeply dipping sulfide zone of unknown depth extent. In this regard, the plan representation of line zero is misleading in that it suggests a thinning and lessening of intensity at that line. This is probably an adequate description near surface, however, (P.F.E.) up to 6.0 percent or more are observed at high separations over some 900'. This line is incomplete, and has not established sufficient background, especially to the East, to permit complete interpretation. There is a suggestion, however, that the zone is deeper at this point.

CONCLUSIONS

The following conclusions are indicated by the I.P. data:

1. The geochemical highs were barren of polarizable material where tested on 16 S and 20 S.
2. A zone of polarizable bedrock exists as shown in the interpretative I.P. plan map. It exhibits, at the bedrock surface, a width of roughly two hundred feet and an established strike length of 2,000 feet (open at both ends). The depth extent is not known.
3. The zone yields an apparent percent frequency effect ranging between 5 and 7%. This may presumably be correlated with channel samples that averaged 0.21% copper over several hundred feet of leached and oxidized bedrock exposed in the stripping. Such an assay might be expected to improve somewhat with depth (that is in fresher rock).
4. The polarizable zone exhibits a relatively high apparent resistivity,

as viewed by the two hundred foot dipole bulk sampling measurement. This feature makes the computed metal factors misleading, in that it displaces the metal factor highs somewhat, away from the zones of highest (P.F.E.)s and towards barren conductors such as swamps or other wet ground.

5. Both width and intensity of (P.F.E.)s are variable along the strike. The best zone, between 4 S and 8 S, had essentially no geologic or geochemical expression at the surface. It should be remarked, of course, that the I.P. response is sensitive only to total sulfide content, and does not discriminate changes in the proportions of chalcopyrite, pyrite, and pyrrhotite.

6. It is perhaps significant that the I.P. zone follows the contact between the hornblende diorite intrusive and the Jurassic volcanics (pyroxene porphyry, basalt etc.). This suggests the intrusive border as a favourable mineralization environment. The intrusive has a mapped diameter of approximately one mile (according to G.S.C.), and appears somewhat larger in the aeromagnetic data. Its border zone is largely uninvestigated.

Respectfully submitted,



Hunter Ware Jr.

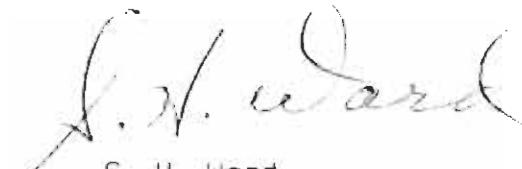
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I, Stanley H. Ward, Professor of Geophysical Engineering at the University of California, Berkeley and Consulting Geophysicist, hereby certify that I have consulted with Hunter Ware in the planning, conduct, and interpretation of a combined resistivity and induced polarization survey at the Gibbons Creek property of Taylor Helicon Explorations and hereby state that I agree with the interpretations and conclusions reached by Mr. Ware. This geophysical field work and interpretation is of the highest standard.

Dated: August 8, 1966



S. H. Ward
Consulting Geophysicist

APPENDIX 1
GIBBONS CREEK PROPERTY
INDUCED ELECTRICAL POLARIZATION
FIELD DATA
DIPOLE - DIPOLE ELECTRODE CONFIGURATION
TWO HUNDRED FOOT DIPOLE LENGTHS

LINE 16S (including 21125 TX REC)
GIBBONS CRK, 25 JUNE 1966 ①
TX AT 12 W, RX TO EAST

	TX RX	I	VAC	VDC	β_a $(\frac{V_a}{2\pi})$	(PFER) (UNCORR)
	amp)	(mv)	(mv)			
C 1-2	.4	37.9	37.1	1.05	+2.1	
C 2-3	.4	38.0	37.1	1.05	+2.4	
C 3-4	.4	37.9	36.8	1.05	+2.9	
C 4-5	.4	37.9	36.8	1.05	+2.9	
	-	-	-	-	-	
1 1-2	0.4	151.5	150	238	-1.0	
	-	-	-	-	-	
2 1-2	"	69.0	63.3	403	-1.1	
1 2-3	"	236.6	235.5	373	-0.4	
	-	-	-	-	-	
2 2-3	"	72.0	71.15	454	-1.2	
1 3-4	"	137	135.5	216	-1.1	
	-	-	-	-	-	
2 3-4	"	32.5	31.7	205	-2.5	
4-5	"	161	159	268	-1.2	
	-	-	-	-	-	
2 4-5	"	42.2	42.0	266	-1.6	
	-	-	-	-	-	

LINE 16S TX AT 4 W, RX TO EAST ②
GIBBONS CRK 25 JUNE 66

	TX RX	I	VAC	VDC	Pa	(PFER) (UNCORR)
	amp)	(mv)	(mv)			
C 1-2	0.4	37.8	36.8	1.06	+2.6	
C 2-3	0.4	37.9	36.9	1.06	+2.6	
C 3-4	.	38.5	37.5	1.04	+2.6	
C 4-5	.	38.5	37.2	1.04	+3.4	
	-	-	-	-	-	
1 1-2	0.4	341	337	588	-1.2	
2 1-2	"	62.5	61.7	433	-1.3	
1 2-3	"	159	156	272	-1.9	
2 2-3	"	97.0	100	670	+3.0	
1 3-4	"	326	337	562	+3.4	
2 3-4	"	111	114	765	+2.7	
1 4-5	"	481	497.5	830	+3.3	
2 4-5	"	23.1	23.2	160	+0.4	
	-	-	-	-	-	
C 1-2	0.4	34.5	33.5	116	-2.9	
C 2-3	1	33.8	32.8	118	-3.0	
C 3-4	1	35.0	33.9	112	-3.1	
C 4-5	1	35.4	33.9	113	-4.3	

LINE 16 S ; TX AT 12 W, RX TO EAST, FIRST - SECOND SEPARATIONS
TX AT 4 W

LINE 16 GIBBONS CREEK, 30 JUNE ①
TX AT AE, RX TO EAST

r	TX	RX	I	VAC	VOC	P0	(PTE) UNCORR
C	1-2		0.4	37.9	39.0	1.05	-2.9
C	2-3		0.4	38.0	39.0	1.05	-2.6
C	3-4		"	38.0	39.0	1.05	-2.6
C	4-5		"	38.1	39.0	1.05	-2.4
I	1-2		0.4	181	195	286	+7.7
2	1-2		"	63.2	68.7	398	+8.7
I	2-3		"	166	174	262	+4.8
2	2-3		"	47	48.8	296	+3.8
I	3-4		"	146	143	183	+6.0
2	3-4		"	31.9	33.3	201	+4.4
I	4-5		"	292	307	470	+5.1
2	4-5		"	9.9	10.4	623	+5.0
C	1-2			37.8	38.8	1.06	-2.6
C	2-3			37.8	38.8	1.06	-2.6

LINE 16 S ; TX AT 4 E, RX TO EAST, FIRST - SECOND SEPARATIONS

LINE 20 S, GIBBONS CREEK,
TX AT 32 W, RX TO EAST. ①

n	TX	RX	I	VAC	VDC	Pa	(FRL) ₂ (VAC/VDC)
-	1-2	.3	28.5	27.8	1.05	+2.5	
<	2-3	1.2	114.5	111.0	1.05	+3.1	
<	2-3	.3	28.4	27.7	1.06	+2.5	
<	3-4	.7	66.5	64.6	1.06	+3.0	
<	4-5	.4	37.8	37.05	1.06	+2.0	
1	1-2	.3	134	134	268	0	
2	1-2	.3	54	54	454	0	
1	2-3	1.2	508	506	319	-0.4	
2	2-3	1.2	185	184	391	-0.5	
1	3-4	.7	1100	1120	1000	+1.8	
2	3-4	.7	263	266.5	955	+1.3	
1	4-5	.4	404	407.5	642	+0.9	
2	4-5	.4	107	109	6	+1.9	

LINE 20 S, GIBBONS CREEK
TX AT 16 W, RX TO EAST. ②

n	TX	RX	I	VAC	VDC	Pa	(FRL) ₂ (VAC/VDC)
-	1-2	.4	37.6	36.05	1.06	+4.1	
<	2-3	.4	37.6	36.3	1.06	+3.5	
<	3-4	.6	37.5	36.4	1.07	+2.9	
<	4-5	.2	112.5	109.5	1.07	+3.8	
1	1-2	.4	675	6552	171	-2.0	
1	2-3	.4	30.2	30.0	192	-0.6	
2	2-3	.4	107	106	172	-0.9	
2	3-4	.4	92.8	91.9	591	-1.0	
3	3-4	.4	353	351	566	-0.6	
3	4-5	.4	114	113	733	-1.0	
4	4-5	1.2	292	290	157	-0.7	
<	3-4	.4	36.9	36.1	103	2.2	
<	4-5	1.2	112.5	109.5	1.07	+6.8	

LINE 20 S : TX AT 32 W, RX TO EAST, FIRST - SECOND SEPARATIONS
TX AT 16 W,

LINE 205, GIBBONS CREEK ①
TX AT 24W RX TO EAST

	TX RX	I	VAC	Vol	Po	(PFE) (UNCOR)
C 3-2	7	10.9	24.7	1.05	-2.2	
C 2-3	7	66.5	14.05	1.05	+3.8	
1 2-3		51.0	55.5	53.1	-0.8	
2 2-4		25.1	25.5	9.15	+0.4	
1 4-5		10.30	10.30	9.26	0	
2 4-5		7.96	27.3	10.70	-0.9	

LINE 205, GIBBONS CREEK,
TX AT 24W, RX TO EAST ②

	TX RX	I	VAC	Vol	Po	(PFE) (UNCOR)
C 1-2	4	37.4	36.5	1.05	+2.4	
C 2-3	7	65.2	64.1	1.07	+1.7	
1 1-2	4	35.5	35.5	56.9	0	
2 1-2	4	149	150	960	+0.7	
1 2-3	7	62.9	63.0	57.6	+0.3	
2 2-3	7	159	159	584	0	

LINE 205 ; TX AT 24 W , RX TO EAST . FIRST - SECOND SEPARATIONS

WING HATCHED NOWALKSY
GIBSONS CRK. BASE LINE

TX AT 12 S, 6 JULY 1966

	I = 0.8	TX	RX	SEPARATION	PPM _{base}
1 1-2	"	125	340	215	5.7
2 2-3	"	127	333	211	4.7
1 3-4	"	374	612	552	6.8
3 1-2	"	66.2	70.5	405	6.5
2 2-3	"	183	177	448	7.6
1 3-4	"	1120	1220	672	8.9
4 1-2	"	27.0	28.4	330	5.2
2 2-3	"	601.5	64.5	376	4.9
2 3-4	"	247.	264	605	6.9
1 4-5	"	775	828	474	6.8
4 2-3	"	26.2	27.3	321	4.2
3 3-4	"	89.4	942	546	5.4
2 4-5	"	212	224	519	5.7

(1)

	TX	RX	PPM _{base}	I = 0.8	I = 1.0
4 3-4	"	33.9	35.5	419	4.7
3 4-5	"	64.5	66.4	393	2.9
4 4-5	"	44.0	54.4	(last current) 500	
4 4-5	"	34.6	36.2	535	4.6
6 3-4	I = 1.0	97.2	97.5	1.05	
6 4-5	I = 0.8	76.2	76.4	1.05	

(2)

	TX	RX	PPM _{base}	I = 0.8 (INITIAL)	I = 1.0
C 3-4	"	77.0	77.5	1.04	-4
C 5-6	"	76.8	77.3	1.04	-3
				USE 1.03	
1 1-2	18.20.3	850	905	657	+6.0
2 1-2	0.8	164	173	506	+5.0
1 2-3	"	291	302	225	+3.2
3 1-2	0.8	3.4	96.8	103	748 +4.9
2 2-3	"	135	139.5	417	-3.2
1 3-4	"	522	541	404	+3.1

(3)

BASE LINE ; TX AT 12 S, RX TO EAST, FIRST - FOURTH SEPARATIONS
TX AT 20 S, RX TO EAST,

n	tx	I	s.p.	Infrared spectrum		(P.E.)
				Vac	Vac	
1	1-2	3		27.4	25.6	377 +4.2
2	2-3	2		27.7	25.2	214 1.2
2	3-4	3		62.8	64.3	194 1.9
1	4-5	5		207	213	256 2.4
4	3-4	0.8		21.3	21.6	339 0.9
3	4-5	0.8		41.5	42.6	320 2.2
2	4-5	0.5		24.2	26.6	466 2.0
4	2-3	0.8		21.3	21.6	329 0.9
4	3-4	0.5		10.2	10.4	252 1.5
3	4-5	0.5		29.9	30.7	369 2.2
4	4-5	m				
C	3-4	0.5		49.0	49.2	1.02 -0.4
C	4-5	0.5		48.8	49.1	1.02 -0.2

BASE LINE; TX AT 20 S CONT'D

LINE 0, TX AT 4 W, RX TO W
20 JULY 1966

TX	RX	SP	V _N	V _A	P _A	PER.
4-1	4-1	26.3	28.0	410	4.5	
3-4	3-4	72.4	78.0	730	5.1	
2-3-4	2-3-4	214	221	530	3.3	
1-4-5	1-4-5	679	700	540	3.1	

1-5-6
1-5-6-7
1-5-6-7-8

2-3-4-5-6
2-3-4-5-6-7

C 3-4
75.8 76.0 1.0 - .1

75.8 76.0 1.0 - .1

1-6-7
51.6 54.0 1.0 - 1.6

2-1-2
106 114 328 6.9

1-2-3
910 1015 770 5.6

3-1-2
57.6 62.8 474 5.4

2-2-3
264 278 306 5.2

1-3-2
84 881 673 4.1

2-4-5
79.4 75.5 106 - .1

N	TX	RX	SP	INTERFEROMETER			② PER.
				V _N	V _A	P _A	
4	1	1	26.3	28.0	410	4.5	
3	4	4	72.4	78.0	730	5.1	
2	3-4	3-4	214	221	530	3.3	
1	4-5	4-5	679	700	540	3.1	
4	2-3	2-3	74.5	77.8	187	4.4	
3	3-4	3-4	140	152	162	4.1	
2	4-5	4-5	330	341	350	3.3	
4	3-4	3-4	89.8	92.5	1433	5.0	
3	4-5	4-5	17.6	182.0	1400	5.4	
6	3-4	3-4	75.3	75.3	106		
6	4-5	4-5	75.3	75.3	106		
6-4	6-4	6-4	106	106	1200		
2-4	2-4	2-4	106	106	1200		

LINE ZERO : TX AT 4 W ,RX TO WEST, FIRST - FOURTH SEPARATIONS

LINE ZERO NORTH		TX AT 4 E, RX TO EAST		①	
n	r	RX	SP	VAC	VOC
2	2	400	400	147.6	
1	4	RX	SP	Vac	Voc
1	3-4	75.4	75.3	-0.1	
1	4-5	75.3	75.2	-0.1	
1	1-2	377	394	301	4.5%
1	1-2	377	400	301	6.1%
1	3-4	75.0	75.9	-1.2	
1	1-2	376	400	-	6.4%
1	3-4	75.0	75.9	-1.2	
2	1-2	62.7	66.0	199	5.3%
1	2-3	207	217.5	164	5.1%
3	1-2	52.3	55.5	414	6.1%
2	2-3	136	134	400	6.4%
1	3-4	518	547	411	5.6%
0	4-5	74.4	76.0	-2.2	

LINE ZERO NORTH ; TX AT 4 E, RX TO EAST					
n	r	VAC	VOC	PFS	UNO
2	1-2	20.3	22.0	328	8.4
3	2-3	36.3	39.0	293	7.7
2	3-4	93.2	105.5	304	7.4
1	4-5	192	203	155	5.7
1	4-5	74.3	75.6	-1.8	
4	2-3	19.35	20.5	312	5.9
3	3-4	44.1	46.3	356	5.0
2	4-5	63.6	66.7	206	4.9
1	4-5	74.4	75.0	-0.8	
4	3-4	21.5	22.8	347	6.1
3	4-5	27.2	28.8	219	5.9
4	4-5	10.9	11.5	176	5.5
6	3-4	74.5	75.0	-0.6	
5	4-5	74.3	75.1	-1.1	

LINE ZERO NORTH ; TX AT 4 E , RX TO EAST , FIRST - FOURTH SEPARATIONS

15 JUNE, GIBBONS ZONE LINE 45 ②
TX AT 13W, RX TO WEST

INAGE, HATCH, KOWALSKI (PPE UNKNOWN)

W TX RX I VAC VAC PDE (%)

C 3-4 I=8 .8 77.0 77.1 1.04 0

C 4-5 I=4 .4 40.0 40.2 1.0 (-0.5)

1 1-2 .8 1010 1040 785 3.0

2 1-2 .8 405 421 1264 3.9

1 2-3 .8 1580 1655 1230 4.7

C 3-4 .8 76.5 77.7 1.045 -1.5

C 4-5 .4 39.7 40.4 1.01 -1.8

C 3-4 .8 76.5 77.7 1.045 -1.5

3 1-2 .8 228 237.0 1855 3.9

2 2-3 " 669 698.0 2100 4.3

1 3-4 " 2870 3020 2250 5.2

4 1-2 .8 67.1 69.0 1050 2.8

3 2-3 " 142 146 1112 2.8

2 3-4 .5 221.5 2285 1110 3.2

1 4-5 .2 323 333 970 3.1

RESONANT INTEGRATION

②

N	TX	I	VAC	VAC	PDE	PPE
1	4-3	.5	26.9	27.5	605	2.2
3	3-4	.4	43.8	44.8	657	2.3
2	4-5	.2	52.1	(ELECTRONICS DRY, NO FURTHER PDE. POSSIBLE)		

C 3-4	5	48.4	49.1	1.03	1.4
C 3-4	.4	39.4	40.1	1.015	1.8
C 4-5	.2	21.0	21.5	.95	2.5
C 4-5	.2	21.0	21.1	.95	2.5

2 9W 5W .5 269 288 7.1

LINE 4 S; TX AT 13W, RX TO WEST, FIRST - FOURTH SEPARATIONS

	TX	RX	5000' NW	+95'	+5', RX WEST
n	rx	rx	Var(m)	Var(m)	Re (PFE)
I=5	(S)				
1	1-2		76.8	76.5	+0.2
2	4-5		76.8	76.7	-0.1
1	1-2	SW	6.40	676	500
2	1-2	SW	6.3	113	205.5
1	2-3	SW	1160	1225	905
C	3-4		76.7	76.6	+0.1
C	4-5		76.8	76.8	-0.1
3	1-2	SW	8.4	91.4	97.4
2	2-3	"	35.9	37.7	82.1
1	3-4		1370	1440	1070
4	1-2	SW	12.1	47.6	50.8
3	2-3	"	150.5	158.25	118.4
2	3-4		39.8	41.9	1240
1	4-5		1370	1425	1070
2	2-3	SW	11.1	356	375
2	2-3	SW	11.1	356	375
C	3-4		76.0	76.5	+0.5
C	4-5		76.0	77.0	+0.5

LINE 4 S; TX AT 15 W, RX TO WEST, FIRST - FOURTH SEPARATIONS

LINE 4 S TX AT SW 15 W (across 14 July 86, WINE, HOWARD, Lake) RANGE, MDT 14					
n	rx	rx	Naz.	VOL	Pd
1	SW	SE	101	106.5	4.4
2	SW	SE	46.7	49.0	364
3	SW	"	23.4	24.2	364
4	SW	"	28.3	29.7	221
3	SW	SE	16.75	17.4	252
4	SW	"	76.7	77.2	+0.4
C	3-4		76.8	77.3	+0.5
should have been 301					
4	2-3	SW	81.0	83.8	1250
3	3-4	"	163	169.5	1223
2	4-5	"	369	381	1152
4	3-4	SW	101	106	1575
3	4-5	"	199	206.5	1492
4	4-5	"	128	133	2000
4	2-3		79.8	83.5	1250
3	3-4		163	170.5	1492
2	4-5		367	382	1441
3	2-3		76.6	76.0	+0.6
3	3-4		75.7	77.0	+1.7

LINE B5, TX AT 4 W, RX TO WEST, 17 JULY, 1966						
KIRKWOOD COR. 3-0-8 1 PMN ①						
n	r	rx	sp	vn _c (m)	vn _a (m)	pa
c 1		75.2	76.4	-11		
c 4-5		75.5	76.4	-12		
				UNDEF		
1 1-2		65.3	73.8	5.7	8.0	
1 3-4		75.9	76.5	-8		
c 4-5		76.0	76.4	-5		
2 1-2		75.124	73.2	6.5		
1 2-3		61.4	64.5	4.5		
c 3-4		75.6	76.0	-6		
3 1-2		54.4	57.6	5.9		
2 2-3		148.5	153.5	3.5		
1 3-4		61.6	64.7	3.4		
4 1-2		27.1	28.9	6.7		
3 2-3		58.5	60.5	3.4		
2 3-4		257.5	273	2.1		
1 4-5		65.4	67.0	2.5		
c 3-4		75.8	72.9	+4.0		
c 4-5		75.8	73.0	+4.2		

EXCESSIVE CALIBRATION DRIFT. LAST
SEVEN RINGS MUST BE TAKEN AGAIN

LINE B5 AT 4 W RX TO WEST, 17 JULY, 1966 ②						
B5 WAVE, KOWALSKI, BONNETS, HATCH (UNDEF)						
GI	n	rx	sp	vn _c (m)	vn _a (m)	pa (ATE) a
c 3-4				76.7	76.5	+1.3
c 4-5				76.7	76.4	+1.4
2 1-2				124.5	133.5	390 7.3
1 2-3				61.3	64.7	487 3.9
c 3-4				76.8	76.5	+1.4
c 4-5				76.8	76.7	+1.5
3 1-2				54.3	58.4	429 5.2
2 2-3				150	156	471 4.0
1 3-4				63.0	65.6	494 4.1
4 1-2				27.5	29.4	431 6.9
3 2-3				59.4	61.8	465 4.0
2 3-4				170	176	533 9.5
1 4-5				66.4	67.7	531 2.1
4 2-3				32.6	34.0	511 4.2
3 3-4				80.9	83.3	634 3.0
2 4-5				2020	206.5	634 2.2
4 3-4				49.7	51.2	779 1.0
3 4-5				105	107	822 2.0
c 5-4				76.5	76.2	+1.4
c 4-5				76.4	76.2	+1.3

LINE B5 ; TX AT 4 W , RX TO WEST , FIRST - FOURTH SEPARATIONS

TX	AT	4E	REV TO EAST	LINE 125	19 JULY	W.C.
612003						①
n 7-2	ex	19	Mc	Mc	Po	977
c 3-4			76.4	76.6	--3	
c 4-5			76.4	76.6	--3	
1 1-2			46	142.5	4	1.7
2 1-2			75.6	77.4	2.8	2.4
1 2-3			26.9	27.6	21	2.6
c 3-4			76.4	76.4	0	
3 1-2			18.65	19.25	146	4.3
2 2-3			35.5	36.5	112	3.0
1 3-4			283.5	296.5	222	4.6
2 2-3			35.4	36.4	3.0	
4 1-2	16		13.8	1425	217	5.3
3 2-3			21.4	22.0	168	2.8
2 3-4			37.5	90.1	275	3.6
1 4-5			54.1	56.35	425	4.2
1 4-5			514	549	6.8	
4 3-3			10.35	10.55	163	1.9
3 3-4			29.0	30.7	234	3.0
2 4-5			142	147.5	24-	3.9

TX	RX	SW	Mc	Mc	Po	W.C.
4 3-4			26.0	26.65	412	2.5
3 4-5			11.0	11.5	376	2.1
4 4-5			27.7	28.5	439	2.9
c 3-4			76.0	75.7	+	-
c 4-5			75.8	75.5	+	-

LINE 125 ; TX AT 4 E , RX TO EAST , FIRST - FOURTH SEPARATIONS

GIBSONS CREEK, LINE 12 S, TX AT SW, RX TO W

18 JULY

	I	VAC	VDC	2	(PPE) UNCOR.
C 4-5	12.5	48.8	1.05	- .6	
		48.5	48.7	- .8	
2 1-2	69.6	73.4	2.25	5.3	
1 2-3	427	440	528	2.8	
2 1-2	20	14.1	14.8	172	5.0
2 2-3	24.5	45.6	220	2.5	
1 2-4	177	180.5	219	2.0	
4 1-2	17.8	18.8	240	5.6	
3 2-3	41.9	43.4	520	3.6	
2 3-4	104	107	516	2.9	
1 4-5	587	556	662	3.5	
4 2-3	15.9	16.4	371	3.1	
3 3-4	30.2	31.1	375	2.6	
2 4-5	108	111	534	2.8	
4 3-4	24.2	24.8	600	2.4	
3 4-5	67.6	69.8	925	3.7	
C 3-4 .5	48.4	48.8	1.03	- .8	
C 4-5	48.1	48.6		- 1.0	

GIBSONS CREEK, LINE 12 S

TX AT 4W, RX TO W

①

17 JULY, 1966, WALTER KOWALEWSKI, POWERS HATCH

n	TX	RX	SP	VAC	VDC	Pa	(PPE) UNCOR.
C 3-4				76.5	76.4	1.04	- .15
C 4-5				76.6	76.4		+ .3
2 1-2			210	219	163	4.3	
C 1-2				107.5	113	338	5.1
C 3-4				76.4	76.5	1.04	- .1
C 4-5				76.0	76.2	1.06	- 0.3
C 3-4 I=6				57.0	57.4	1.06	- .7
C 4-5				57.4	57.3	1.04	
C 3-4 I=4				38.8	39.1	1.04	- .8
C 4-5 "				38.9	39.1		- .5
2 1-2				55.6	59.0	347	6.1
1 2-3				341	353	531	3.5
C 3-4				38.6	38.9		- .8
C 4-5				38.0	39.9	1.04	- .8

LINE 12 S ; TX AT 4 W , RX TO WEST , FIRST - FOURTH SEPARATIONS

I = 1.0 AMPERE AT STATION 4W (1) Tx/n Vac Vdc S.P. Pa (P.F.E.)				
3-4/1	.04	.04		
4-5/1	.0397	.04		
1-2/1	.352	.360	.43	528 2.2
1-2/1				LIN
1-2/2	.0659	.0675	-.10	395 +2.4
2-3/1	.168	.173		260 -2.9
1-2/3	.0618	.0654		928 +5.5
2-3/2	.106	.113		635 +6.6
3-4/1	.359	.385		539 +6.8
1-2/4	.0312	.0326		936 +4.5
2-3/3	.0463	.0480		695 +3.7
3-4/2	.121	.127		+5.0
4-5/1	.523	.556		784 +6.3

	VAL	VDC	Pa (P.F.E.)
2-3/4	.00453	.00470	584 +3.1
3-4/3	.00960	.00990	144 +3.1
4-5/2	.0252	.0270	156 +3.0
3-4/4	.00680	.00695	204 +2.2
4-5/3	.0146	.0150	219 +2.7
4-5/4	.0076	.0077	+1.3
4-5/2	.0392	.029.2	
3-4/2	.0392	.0392	

LINE 16 S; TX AT 4 W, RX TO EAST, FIRST - FOURTH SEPARATIONS

GIBBONS CREEK, 4 JULY, '66						
Tx		Rx		PPE		
n	TX	RX	SP.	Vm	Vdc	Pa
	3-4	c		77.5	78.0	1.03
	4-5	c		77.5	78.0	1.03
1	1-2		116	350	370	270
2	1-2		-16	124	132	383
1	2-3		-16	321	328	240
3	1-2		155	53.7	56.6	414
2	2-3		95.1	96.0		1.0
1	3-4		125	235	242	181
2	2-3		94.1	96.3	291	2.3
	NOTE, ABOVE RX, DIPOLE $\approx 210'$					
	NEXT DIPOLE $\approx 190'$					
4	1-2		4.7	20.6	21.7	334
3	2-3		7.4	32.3	32.8	253
2	3-4		4	57.5	59.3	178
1	4-5		"	51.9	53.2	401
	REPEAT PPE IN SCOPE AT 10E VOL. %					
4	1-3		11.6	23.1	23.7	366

	TX	RX	SP.	Vdc	VAC	Pa	② (PPS)
3	3-4		12.0	32.8	33.9	262	3.3
2	4-5			19.8	20.4	630	3.0
4	3-4		5.0	14.3	14.9	220	4.0
3	4-5		74.5	76.6	59.1	2.1	
4	4-5						
6	3-4			76.5	77		-0.7
6	4-5			76.5	77		-0.7

LINE 16 S; TX AT 4 E, RX TO EAST, FIRST - FOURTH SEPARATIONS

TX AT I-0.8	RX AT Vx	CONNING LINE 208	①		
n	tx	rx	VAC	VOC	A. (PPS)
1			SWN	inv?	
2 3-4		77.5	77.5		
2 4-5		77.5	77.5		
1 1-2	2W	565	600	439	5.6
2 1-2	2W	6.4	173	182	550
1 2-3	2W	55.6	57.6	441	3.6
2 1 1-2	3W	619	92.8	73.5	485
1 1/2 2-3	"	235	282	409	0.9
1 1/2 3-4	"	346	345		-0.3
3 1/2 1-2	5W	37.6	37.4	432	4.8
2 1/2 2-3		76.5	76.8	400	3.0
1 1/2 3-4		181	184	315	1.7
1 1/2 4-5		844	861	209	2.0
4 1/2 1-2	9W	35.2	30.6	450	4.0
3 1/2 2-3		64.7	63.5	744	2.8
2 1/2 3-4		120.5	123	680	2.1
1 1/2 4-5		349.9	359	609	2.6

n	tx	rx	VAC	VOC	②
1	4	2.3	50	30.4	31.2
2	3-4	3.4	52.0	52.6	413
3	4-5	4.5	128	131	407
4			28.2	29±.5	
5	3-4	3.4	65	"	449
6	4-5	4.5	57.7	59	459
7			13.4	13.6	213
8	2 1/2	1-2	80	92.5	96.5
9	1 1/2	2-3	235	243	409
10	1/2	3-4	1085	1110	269
11			76.3	76.4	
12			76.3	76.4	

LINE 20 S; TX AT BASE LINE, RX TO WEST, FIRST - FOURTH SEPARATIONS

LINE 20 S, TX AT S E, RX TO WEST						
9 JULY, 1966, KOKOMO, INDIANA, HATCH 4						
n	TX	RX SP	Vac	Vac	Pa	(mm)
			I = 0.8 AMPS.			
C 3-4	75	75.6	74.9	1.06	+1.17	
C 4-5	76	76.6	74.8	1.06	+1.17	
1 1-2	28	29.6	25.4	19.8	3.1	
2 1-2	3.9	65.6	67	209	2.2	
1 2-3	294	303	234	4.2		
C 3-4	75.8	76.0	1.05	0		
C 4-5	75.6	75.8	1.06	0		
2 1-2	11.4	65.6	65.7	209	0.2	
1 2-3	294	303	234	3.1		
C 3-4	75.6	75.4	1.06	0		
C 4-5	75.6	75.8	1.06	-1.25		
3 1-2	11.0	29.0	30.0	233	2.4	
2 2-3	76.6	78.5	244	2.5		
1 3-4	192	197.5	153	2.9		
C 4-5	75.6	75.8	1.06	-1.25		

LINE 20 S ; TX AT S E, RX TO WEST, FIRST - FOURTH SEPARATIONS							
			SECOND - FOURTH SEPARATIONS				
			Vac	Vac			
4 1-2			16.5	17.2	26.2	4.2	
3 2-3			37.0	38.4	29.4	3.6	
2 3-4			46.0	70.0	21.3	4.5	
1 4-5			280	294.5	22.3	5.2	
4 2-3	SW	20	22.5	23.2	35.8	3.1	
3 3-4			96.5	37.5	29.0	2.8	
2 4-5			105	110	33.4	4.8	
4 3-4	45	7.1	19.25	19.9	30.6	3.4	
3 4-5			48.7	50.9	38.6	4.5	
2 4-5	SW		28.6	29.7	32.9	3.3	
4 4-5			75.6	75.6	1.06	0	
1 3-4	45	12.2	191	196	15.2	2.6	
2 2-3			76.0	78.2	24.2	2.9	
2 1-2	45	12.2	65.4	67.1	20.8	2.6	
1 2-3			294	303.5	23.4	3.2	
1 1-2	45	24.7	252	196	2.0		
C 3-4			75.6	75.6	1.06	0	

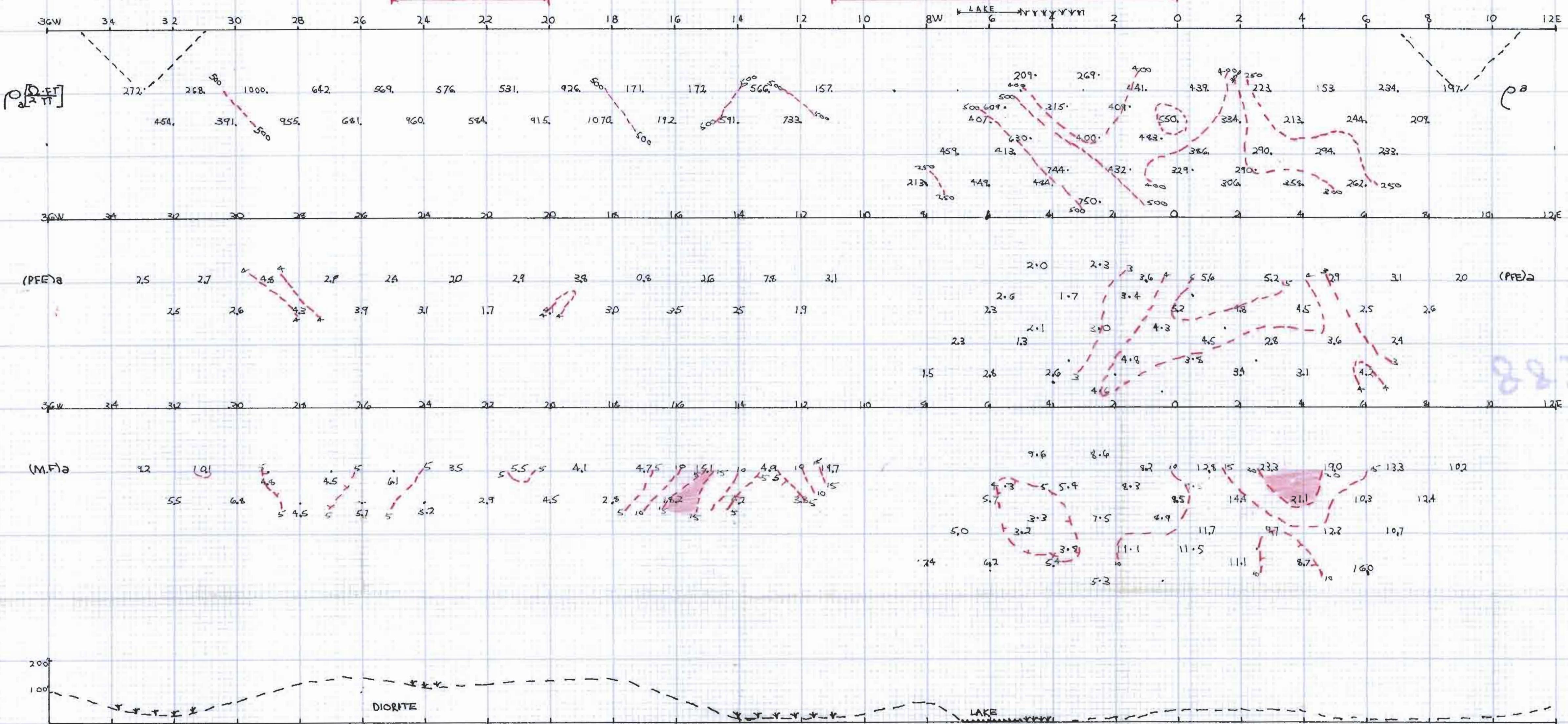
LINE 20 S ; TX AT S E, RX TO WEST, FIRST - FOURTH SEPARATIONS

APPENDIX II
GIBBONS CREEK PROPERTY
INDUCED POLARIZATION AND
RESISTIVITY DATA PLOTTED
IN 'PSEUDO - SECTION'

GIBBONS CREEK - LINE 2
HEINRICH'S I.P. EQUIPM

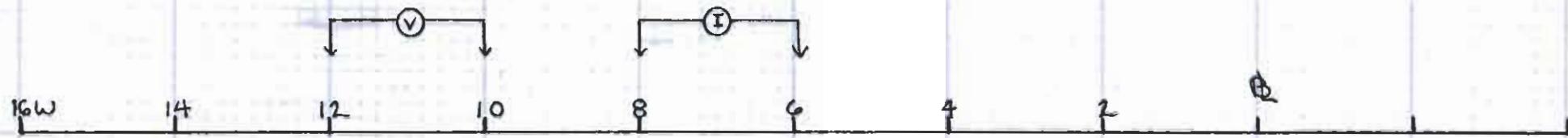
GEOCHEM ANOMALY

GEOCHEMICAL ANOMALIES

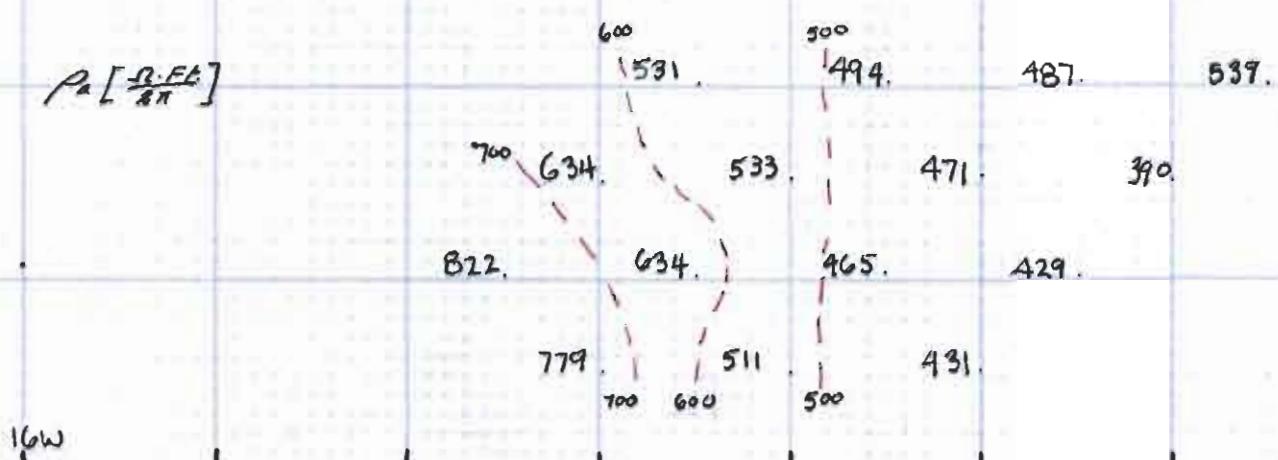


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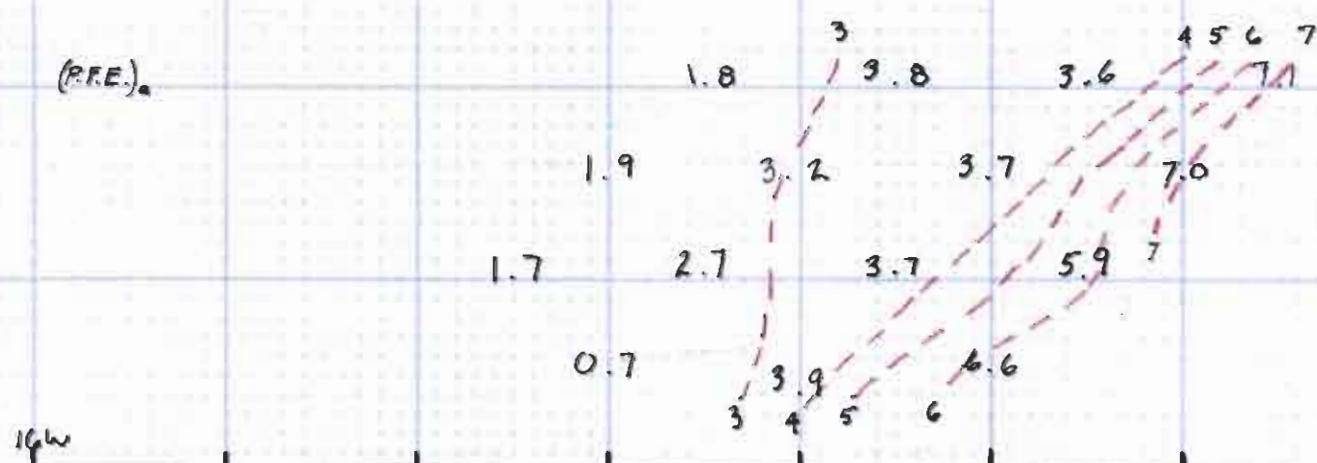
GIBBONS CREEK LINE 85



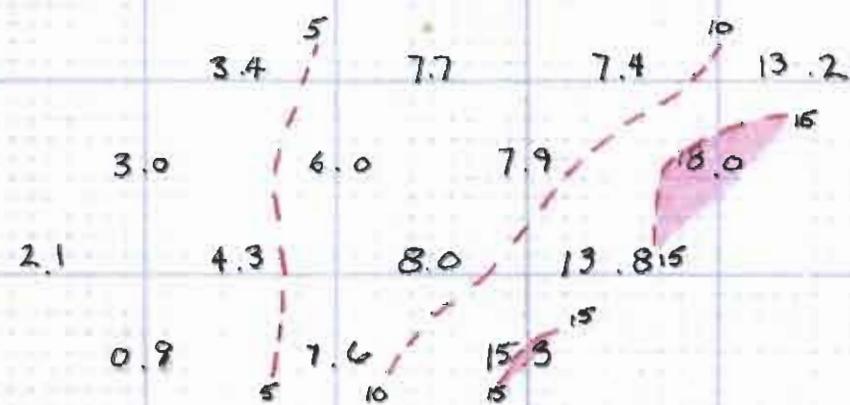
$P_a [2.56]$



(P.R.E.)



(M.F.)



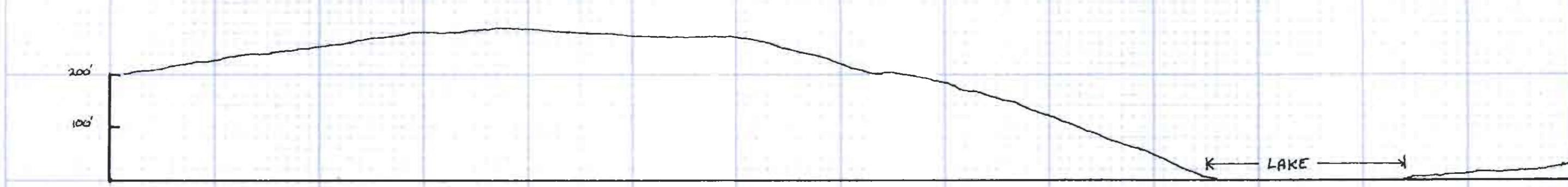
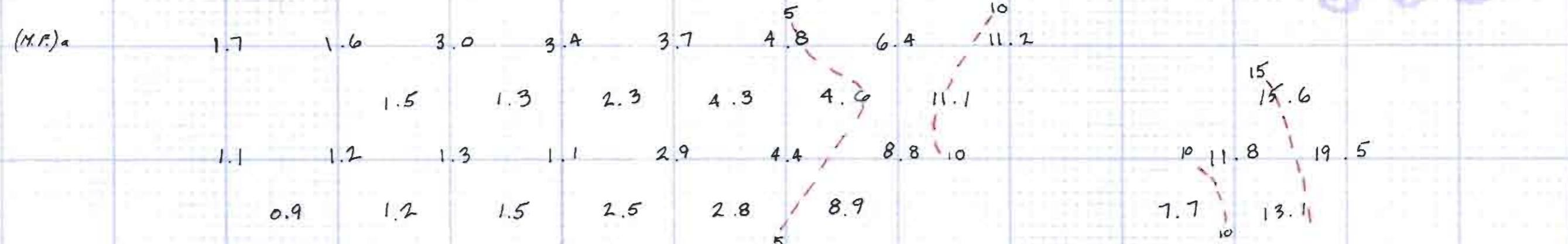
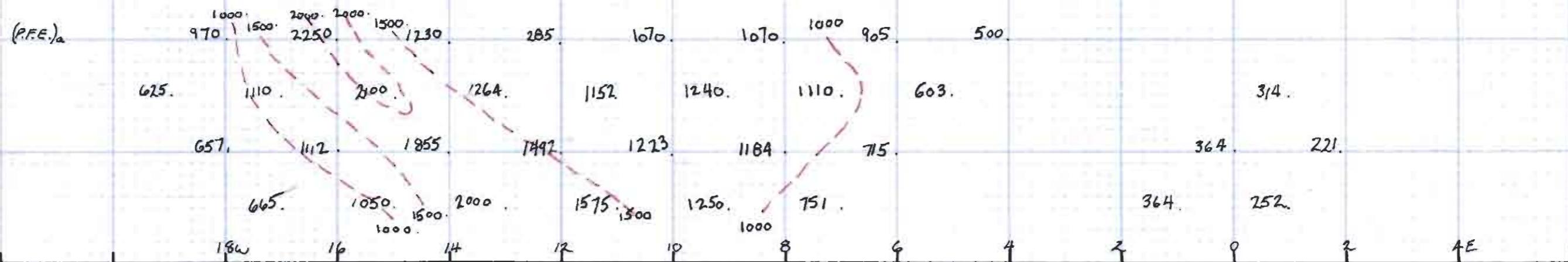
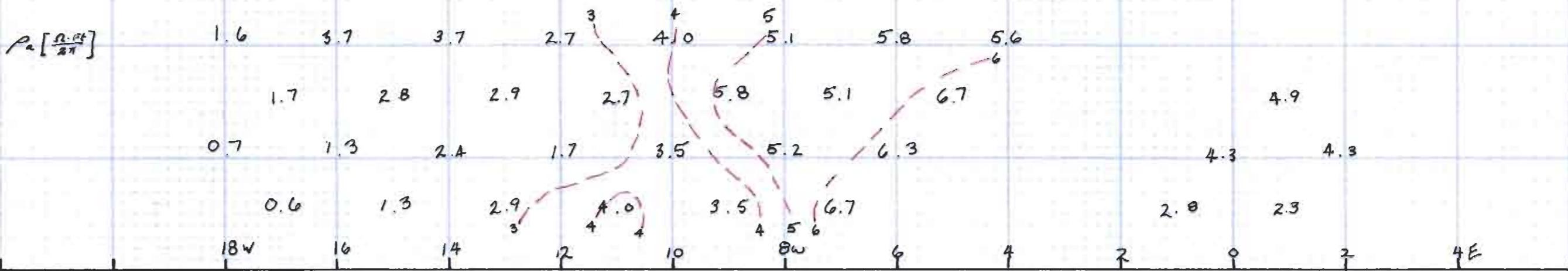
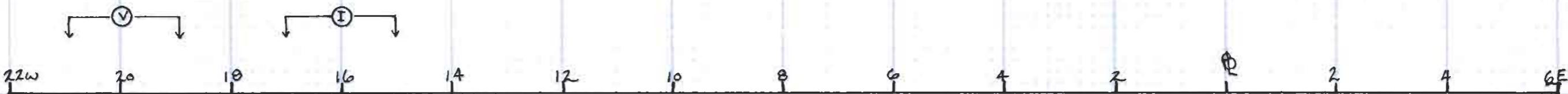
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LAKE

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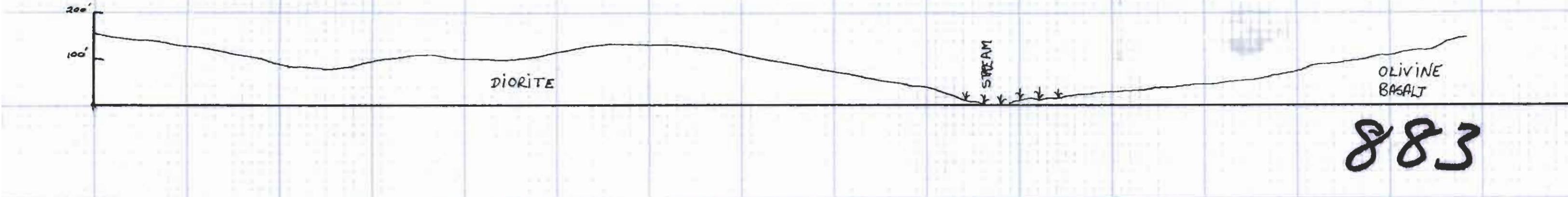
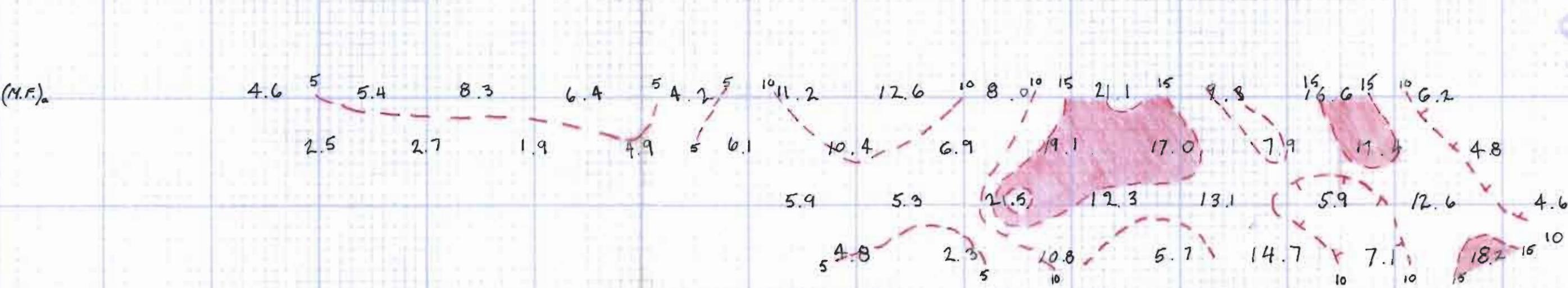
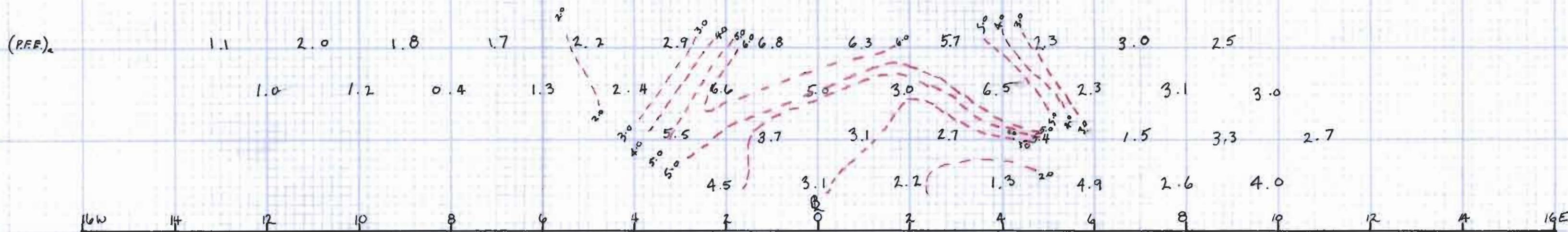
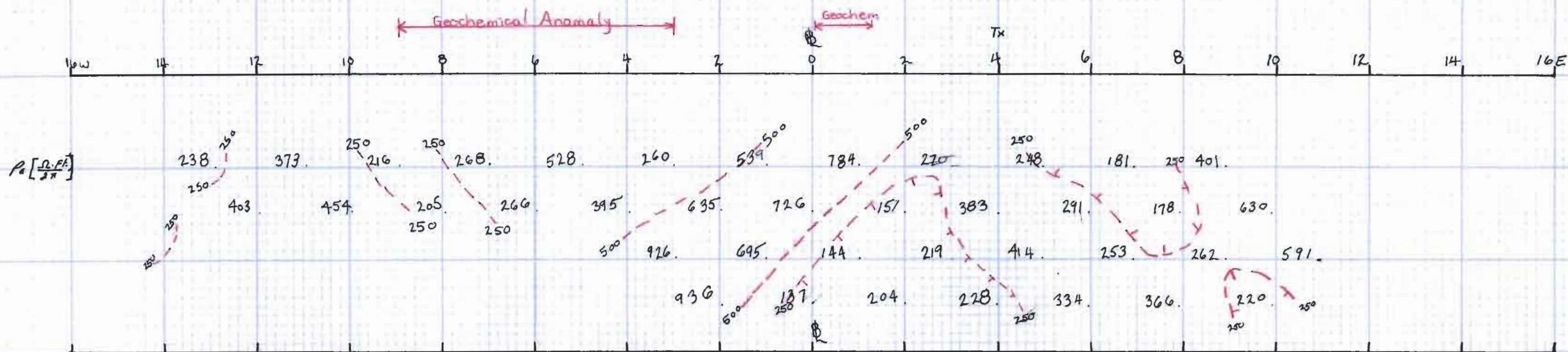
GIBBONS CREEK

LINE 4S

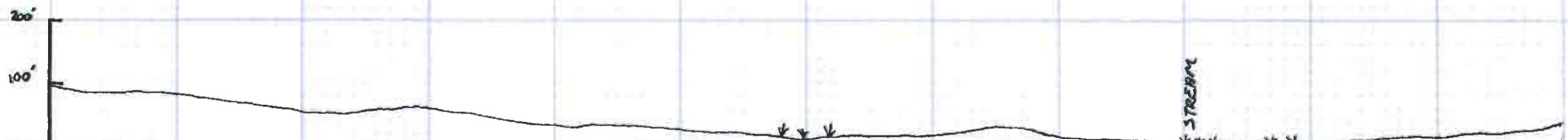
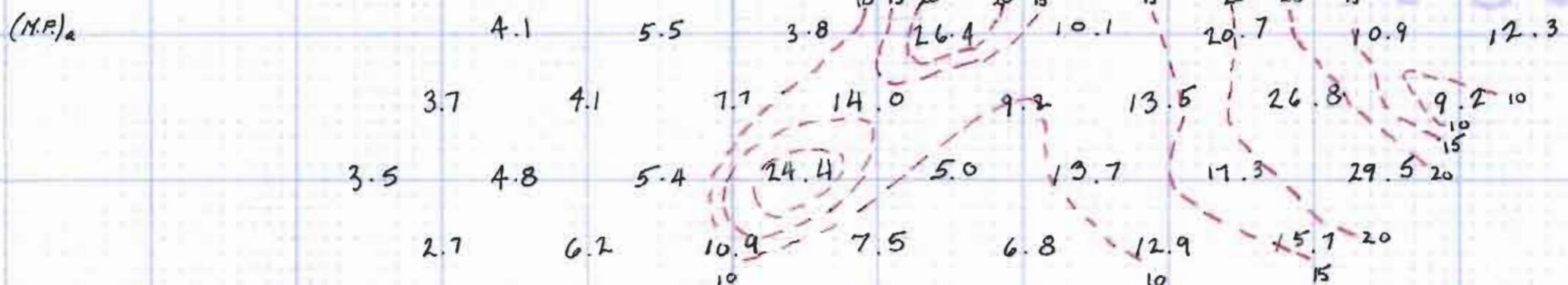
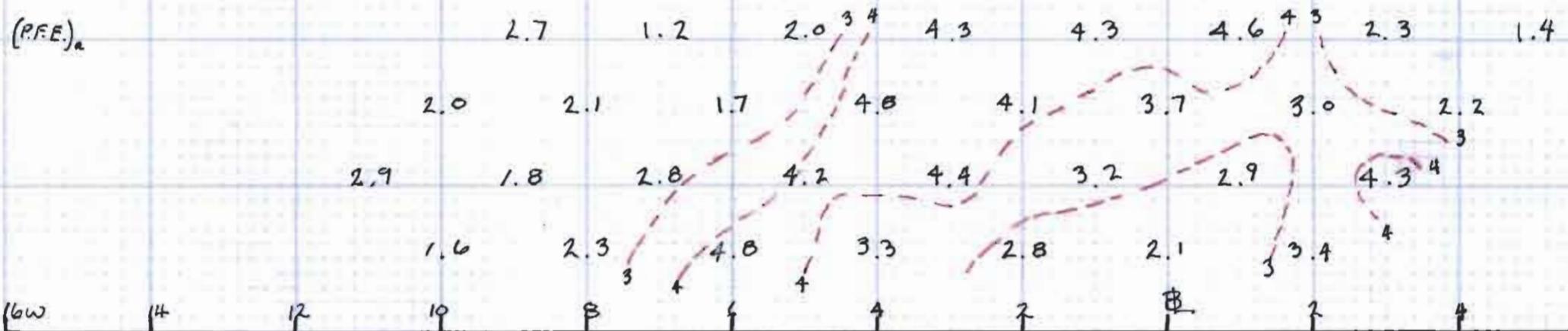
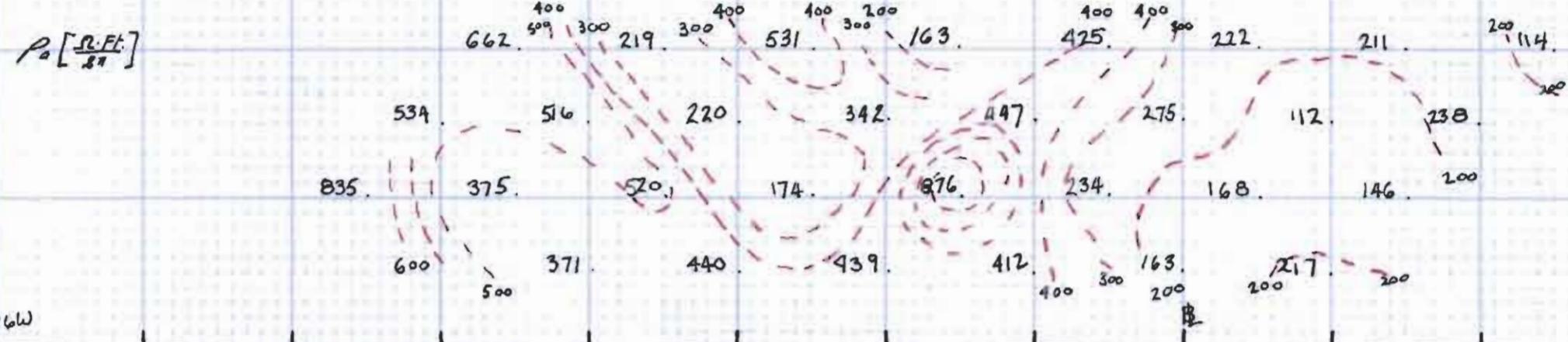
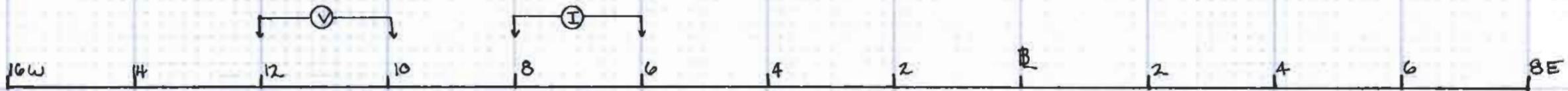


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GIBBONS CREEK - LINE 16S

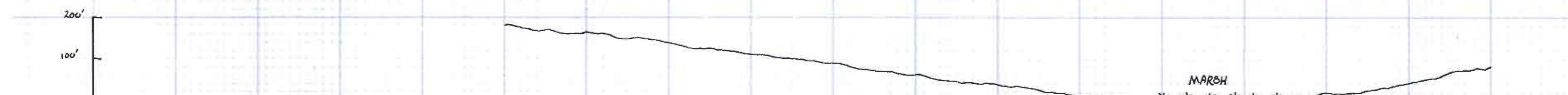
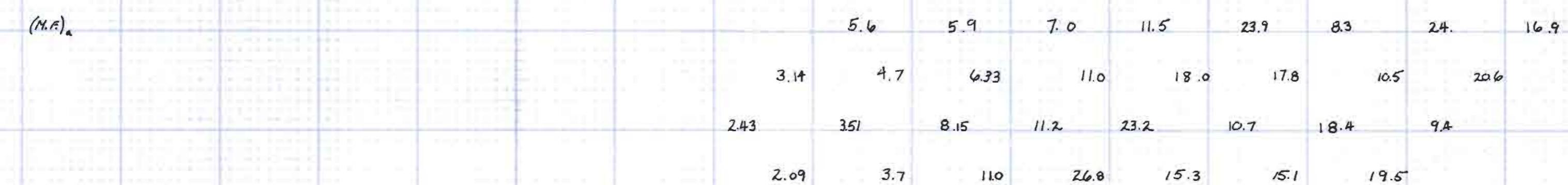
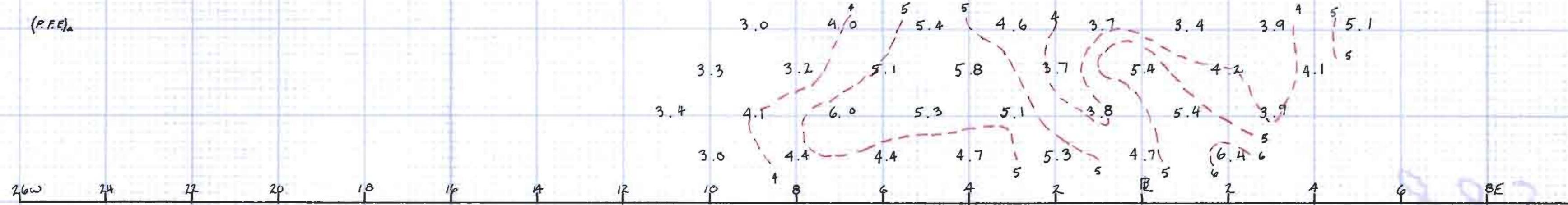
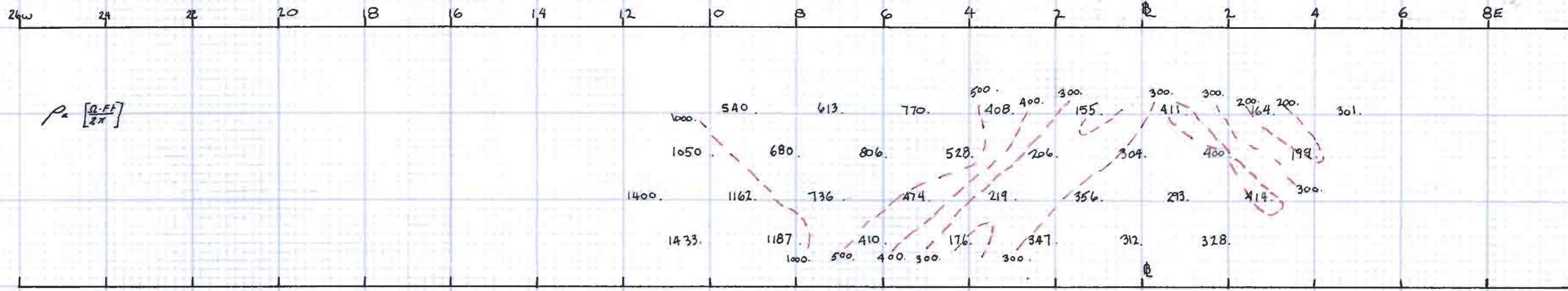


GIBBOONS CREEK - LINE 12 S

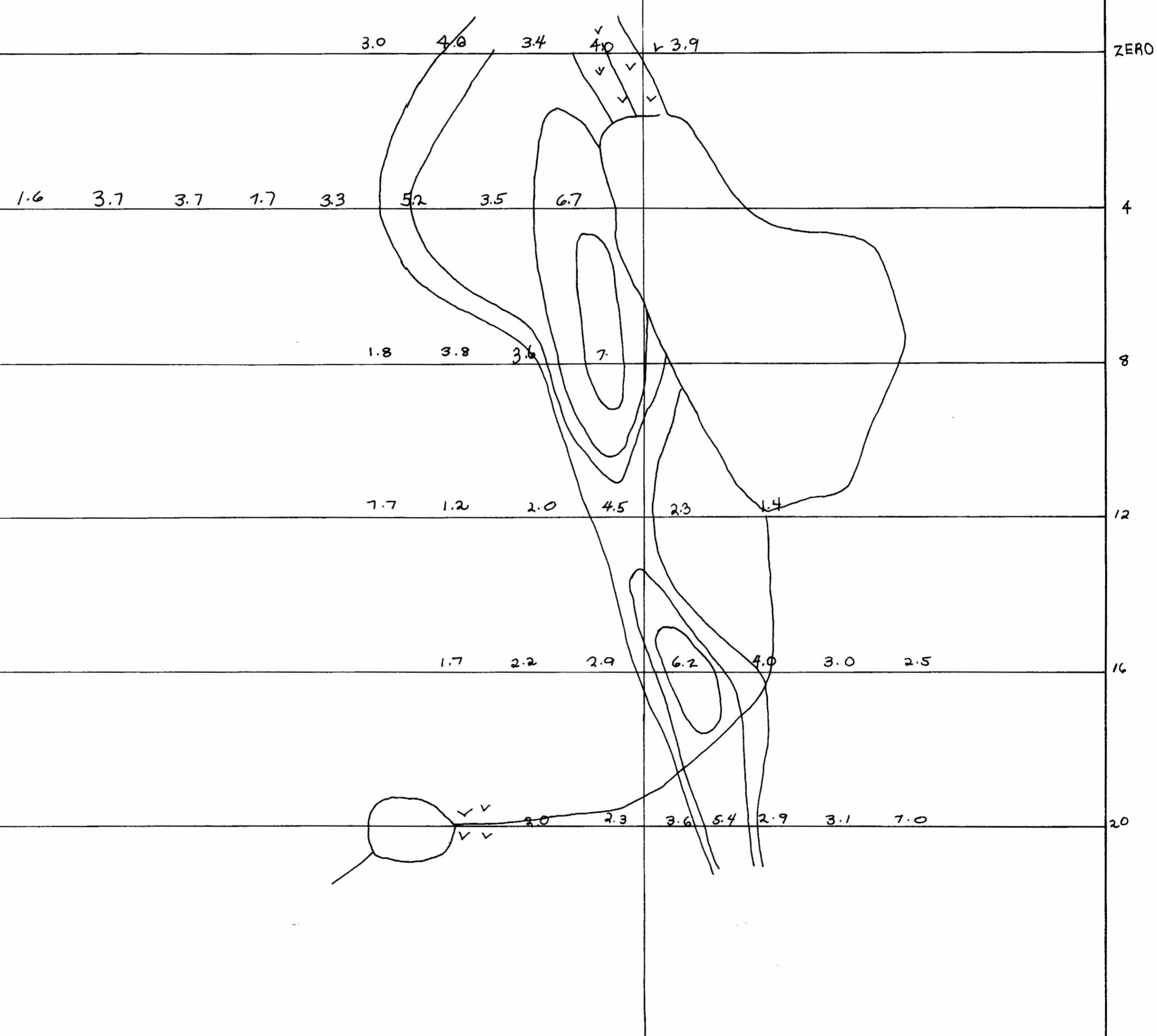


883

GIBBONS CREEK - Line Zero



883



GIBBONS CREEK

INDUCED POLARIZATION
INTERPRETATIVE PLAN MAP

(CONTOURS ON $(P.F.E.)_a$)
SCALE: 1 INCH = 200 FEET

Department of Mines and Petroleum Resources	ASSESSMENT REPORT
MAP # 883	/

Department of
Mines and Petroleum Resources
ASSESSMENT REPORT

NO. 883 MAP #2

N



— Group A boundary
— Group B boundary
— Approximate location of Property - I.R. lines
— Approximate location of road within claim groups

HELICON EXPLORATIONS LTD.
GIBBONS CREEK PROJECT
CARIBOO MINING DIVISION
B.C.

MINERAL CLAIM LOCATIONS

0 1000 2000 3000 4000 ft.

CW&G Ltd. Drwg. No.: 883

DATE: APR 14, 1966
Rev'd DATE: NOV 3, 1966

883