3246

GEOLOGICAL AND GEOPHYSICAL

FIELD PROGRAM

ON

PYRITE CLAIM GROUP

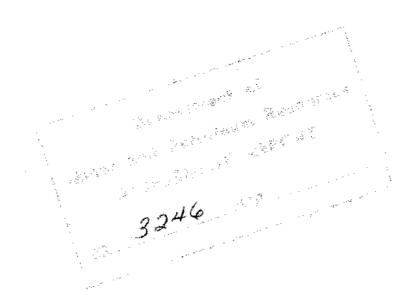
FOR

THOR EXPLORATIONS LTD.

92 I / JIE , 14F

(50°40'N, 121°00'W)

KAMLOOPS MINING DIVISION



18th to 25th June, 1971. 24th to 26th August, 1971. D. Arscott, P.Eng.,
24th September, 1971.

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INTRODUCTION:

The Pyrite Claims (#s 1 to 40), are owned 50% by A. Ablett and 50% by A. Kirshfeld. In the spring of 1971 Thor Explorations Ltd. obtained an option to explore these claims.

Up to the present fairly extensive exploration work had been carried out on the claims, but very little in the vicinity of the main gossan zone. The 1971 program consisted of detailed mapping of the gossan zone in an effort to explain its presence, and to evaluate the original government reported mineralization within it, and about 3 miles of Induced Polarization coverage. The latter coverage was arranged in the vicinity of the gossan zone (a) on the assumption that copper mineralization in the area is not necessarily coincident with pyrite of the gossan zone and (b) to evaluate 3 neighbouring geochemical anomalies.

The detailed mapping and most of the compilation work was carried out by J.W.Cant, and the Induced Polarization Survey by Seigel Associates Ltd. Acknowledgment is also extended to Mr. Ablett for his ready help in locating these and other claims in the area.

LOCATION AND ACCESS:

The Pyrite Claims are located in two blocks on opposite sides of the Thompson River. Claims 1 - 24 are on the south side of the Thompson and are approximately 4.5 miles ENE of the town of Ashcroft. Access is via the Highland Valley Highway. Six miles out of Ashcroft a left turn is taken onto the Barnes Lake road which is followed for another 7 miles, a left turn is taken again, and after 2 miles on an old drill road, the Pyrite #14 claim is entered.

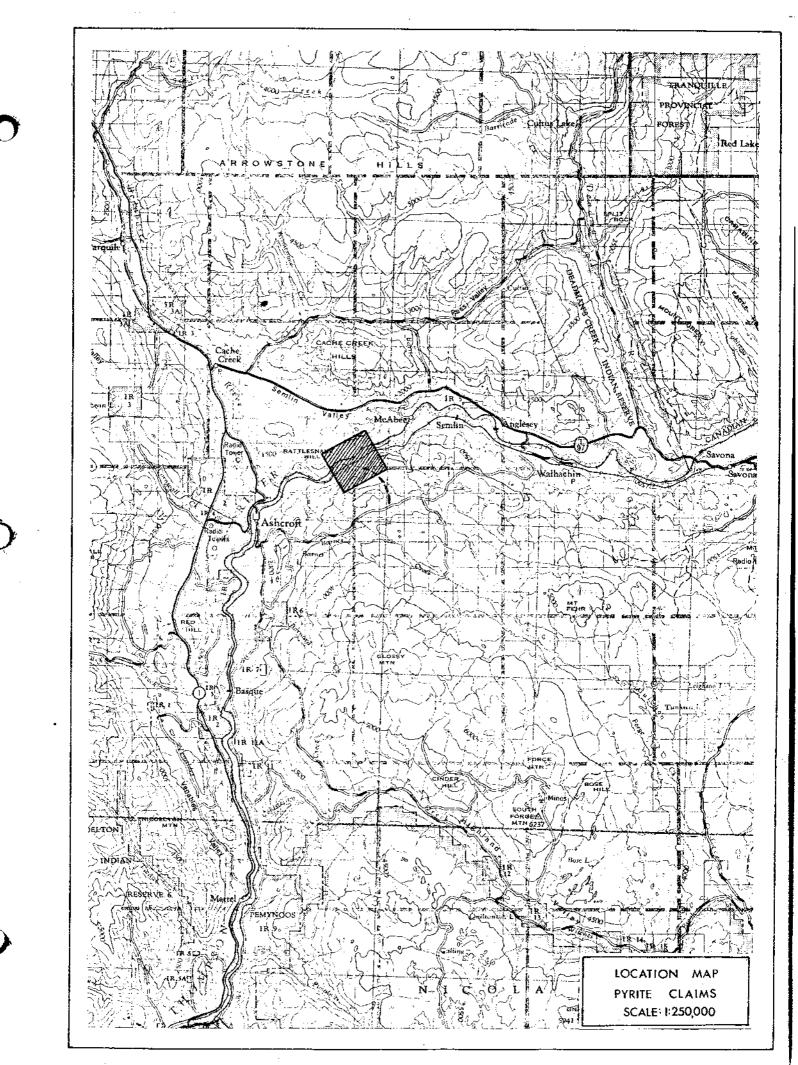
Claims 25 - 40 are located immediately opposite on the north side of the Thompson. Access is gained by taking the Trans-Canada Highway east of Cache Creek for 5 miles, and a dirt road 2 miles to the south to reach the Pyrite #31, 32 initial post.

PREVIOUS WORK:

Earliest reports on the area refer to the 8
Burr claims (1898) located approximately on the main
gossan zone. A short and optimistic, but unsubstantiated
account is given of a Cu, Au, Ag deposit. Brief mention
is also made in 1938 of the Coronation group further to
the west.

In 1951 the area was mapped at a scale of

1" = 4 inches by McTaggart and Duffel on behalf of the



Geological Survey of Canada.

The Pyrite Claims were staked by A. Ablett in the fall of 1967 and spring of 1969. In 1969, under an option agreement with the Placid Oil Co., the Pyrite and adjacent claims (May and Mud) were extensively soil sampled for copper and mapped on a reconnaissance basis. In the summer of 1970 the geochemical anomalies were evaluated and the area mapped at a scale of 1" = 200' by John Kerr. On Kerr's recommendation 35,700' of Induced Polarization work was carried out on a large linear geochemical anomaly on the north side of the Thompson with negative results. Three diamond drill holes with a total length of 1250' were put down on the south side with similar results. A magnetic survey has also been made, revealing strong variations in magnetic intensity between different rock units.

Shales

GEOGRAPHY:

The claims are located in a semi-arid region of the interior plateau of British Columbia. They are contained mostly within the sloping banks of the Thompson River Valley, with terrain slopes of about 30° and a topographic relief of 2500'.

Overburden is usually thin except on the river terraces.

The valley walls are strongly gullied but all stream beds are without exception dry during the summer.

The vegetation is predominantly sage and coarse grass. Some pine grows at higher elevations on the gentler slopes.

GEOLOGY:

General

The main gossan zone (an area about 1800 feet by 800 feet) on the south side of the river, was mapped on a scale of 1 inch = 100 feet (Figure 3). The gossan occurs in a series of deep gullies which lie along the contact of a medium grained intrusive of quartz-diorite composition (Guichon Creek Batholith), and volcanic flows of intermediate composition (believed to be Nicola Group).

The main body of the intrusive is remarkable for its consistency in grain size and lack of alteration.

The only mappable feature within it is the main fracture orientation (jointing?), which strikes consistently north, and dips steeply to the east. No chilling or prominent shearing effects were noticed near its contact with the volcanics.

The volcanics comprise two phases which are superficially alike and which may grade from one to the

other. Both phases have approximately the same (and-esitic) composition, and are porphyritic.

However, one of the phases, map unit 2, is non-magnetic and has a somewhat lower colour index. In outcrop it is pale green to grey and has a distinctive pebbly texture. Pyrite is abundant in this phase as small veins and disseminations. The thin section examination seems to indicate that the pyritization was associated with silicification. The presence of chlorite, albite, carbonate, uralite, and biotite places the local metamorphism as being of the greenschist facies (moderate pressure, moderate temperature, and abundant water).

Map unit 3 is, in contrast, strongly magnetic, with a higher colour index. In outcrop it is dark grey and often iron stained. Pyrite is present only in minor amounts. Like unit 2 it contains minerals of the greenschist facies.

The relationships of Map units 2 and 3 to the dissected terrain suggests that these two phases are stratified parallel to the present overall topography.

These volcanics have been previously mapped as belonging to the Kamloops Group (Miocene, and usually barren), but it is felt more likely that they are Nicola Group volcanics (Upper Triassic) because of

- (a) Greenschist facies metamorphism, not usually present in Kamloops volcanics,
 - (b) the high overall magnetic susceptibility,

- (c) the fact that Kamloops volcanics in the region are at higher elevations and flat lying as evidenced by their frequent contacts parallel to topographic contours and
- (d) there are Nicola volcanics immediately across the river to the north

The nature of the contact between the quartz diorite and the volcanics remains enigmatic. It has features of both a fault contact and of an intrusive contact. It is reasonably straight for more than 2000 feet vertically and 3600 feet horizontally, suggestive of a steep to vertical planar interface. This, and the lack of chill effects, are characteristic of a fault contact. However, the associated metamorphic effects, and the lack of a more pronounced, single-direction shearing, are characteristic of an intrusive contact. Perhaps, as the Sufi said, the truth is neither this, nor that. Some combination of events is likely. Faulting across previously metamorphosed volcanics would produce most of the features present.

The dyke (map unit 4) may well represent a fine grained version of the quartz diorite contemporaneous with the original intrusion. It is parallel in strike and dip to the main intrusive contact.

There are two fracture populations in the area, one bearing $N43^{\circ}$ W and dipping steeply to the west,

N6°W, dipping steeply to the east, present in both intrusive and volcanics. The first may be pre-or syn- intrusive, while the latter post-dates both rock types.

Kaolinization, sericitization, and silicification ocurrs throughout the gossan zone, and is very strong in some patches. In such areas there are signs that the pyrite has been leached out.

Mineralization

Pyritization, in disseminated, and occassionally veinlet form, is common in the volcanics, and especially in the non-magnetic phase.

Copper and silver mineralization is scattered, where seen to date, and of low to medium grade.

The prospecting results are summarized as follows:

Sample #	Type	Location	%Cu	oz/ton Ag
PY - 1	Selected	Small pit some- where near 54N, 9W.	0.02	2.4
PY - 2	Composite grab	From over about 1000' of main gossan zone.	0.02	0.76
PY - 3	Grab	Adit portal, 57N, 18E.	Trace	0.18
12 (Placid Oil Co.)	?	40N, 5W	0.655	1.00
28	?	42 + 30N, 5 + 20W	0.610	0.09

Sample #	Type	Location	% Cu	oz/ton Ag
437	?	?	0.762	0.49
19	?	41 + 50N, 5W	0.011	1.35
16	?	40 + 90N, 5W	0.355	0.26

Minor zinc, and very minor lead and molydenum values are associated with these samples. Gold is present for the most part only as traces.

GEOCHEMISTRY

Soil sampling near the main gossan zone is considered ineffective because, as a result of the abundant pyrite, the soil is too acid, (pH = 2.3 to 2.6) to retain copper in place. Almost any copper in the soil would be dissolved and re-deposited down slope in some less acid environment.

However, in other areas the soil sampling by Placid Oil Co. outlined several anomalous zones (see Fig.2). These have been prospected and in three cases checked with Induced Polarization surveying. The results are shown in the summary.

GEOPHYSICS

Magnetic Survey

A ground magnetic survey was carried out on the property by Placid Oil Co. in 1970. Several areas of very uniform magnetic intensity have been outlined. In particular an extensive 'flat' area ocurrs 3000 feet southwest of the main gossan zone, bounded on either side by belts of high and erratic magnetism. The

boundaries correspond reasonably well to the geologic contacts mapped in the area by Kerr. The 'flat' area is believed to represent Kamloops volcanics overlying the Nicola volcanics.

Induced Polarization (See Fig. 2 for coverage)

6.5 line miles of I.P. (Induced Polarization)
Survey on the north side of the river, carried out by
Seigel Associates Ltd. in 1970, yielded one anomaly
of limited size and intensity. According to the Seigel
interpretation this should represent 1% by volume of
metallically conducting material. Even if such material
were chalcopyrite or molybdenite, the anomaly has neither
sufficient width nor apparant depth to represent an
economic concentration. Furthermore, prespecting in the
area has revealed only disseminated pyrite, and this
itself would most probably explain the anomaly.

This year a further 2.6 miles of I.P. surveying was conducted, this time in the vicinity of the main gossan zone, to cover geochemical anomalies 3, 4, and 6. Predictably there is a large induced polarization over the main gossan zone, consistent with 2 to 3% metallically conducting material. The pervasive pyritization of the gossan zone is sufficient to explain this particular anomaly.

A lower grade anomaly is also present,2000 feet southwest of the gossan zone. It is of narrow width

and marginal chargeability, but is however, 'open' to the north. This area has not been mapped. However there is a small pit in this general vicinity which yielded a selected sample of pyritized volcanic bearing 2.4 oz per ton silver and 0.02% copper. While this correlation of anomaly and mineralization is not well established, it does invite the speculation that a significant mineral deposit may exist, of which the survey line has crossed only the end. The correlation of this anomaly with the north end of a geochemical anomaly (G.C.A.3), and its presence in Nicola Volcanics are encouraging features. So also is the presence of surface mineralization towards the south end of the same geochemical anomaly.

SUMMARY

Coverage and results are noted as follows: (Refer to compilation map).

Main Gossan Zone

Has been mapped in detail and chip sampled. Selected samples have been assayed for Cu, Ag, and Au. The old Burr workings were re-located. Minor amounts of the metals are present, but are erratic in distribution.

G.C.A. #3 (Geochemical Anomaly #3)

This anomaly is of some importance because of its relationship to mineralization and to an I.P. anomaly.

Details are under "Mineralization", "Induced Polarization", and "Conclusions".

G.C.A. #1

This area is well exposed, and prospecting has failed to reveal any significant copper.

G.C.A. #2

Has been thoroughly covered by Induced Polarization surveying, with negative results.

G.C.A #4

Is located entirely within Kamloops volcanics. Furthermore it showed no I.P. response, and no surface mineralization has been found.

G.C.A.#5

Traces of mineralization have been found here, but they, and most of the anomaly, are outside the property boundary.

G.C.A #6

Is underlain by the Guichon Creek Batholith.

Except for 2 small gossan zones, (chip samples across which showed negligible copper, gold and silver), there is no surface mineralization in the area.

CONCLUSIONS

Interest has been narrowed to one zone (at grid location 48N, 6W), with the following characteristics:

- The northern end of a geochemical anomaly coincides with a marginal strength I.P. anomaly.
- 2. The zone is open to the north because
 - a) the transported soil of the river terrace would have inhibited geochemical results to the north.
 - b) there is no I.P. coverage on this side.

- 3. The geochemical zone is parallel to the intrusive contact which lies 2000 feet to the east.
- 4. Scattered samples of good grade copper and silver mineralization have ocurred within the geochemical anomaly, and in a pit located somewhere near the northern end of it.
- 5. The underlying volcanics are believed to be of the Nicola Group

The results from the main gossan zone itself have been disappointing in view of the excellent structural and alteration environment. However, the orientation of the G.C.A. #3 zone with respect to the gossan is intriguing in view of the zoned copper-pyrite relationships common in deposits of the Highland Valley.

In view of this I feel that the northward extension of the zone should be checked by diamond drilling. No other approach is satisfactory because of the depth of overburden likely to be encountered under the river terrace.

Two holes of about 500 feet each should be sufficient to thoroughly check the extension of this zone. The cost would be of the order of \$10,000.00.

Cordially submitted

David Arscott

September 24, 1971

P. M. McANDLESS AND ASSOCIATES - Geological Field Consultants 327 - 470 Granville Street, Vancouver 2, B. C. Telephone: 685-0038

August 23, 1971

Mr. D. Arscott, c/o Mr. J. Cant, 301 - 540 Burrard Street, Vancouver 1, B. C.

Gentlemen.

Enclosed please find a petrographic report based upon four thin sections from the Highland Valley-Ashcroft area, K.M.D., submitted July 7, 1971, by Coots-Coddington Petrographic Service.

The petrographic analysis uncovered a variety of volcanic rocks, recorded as part of the Nicola group, each of which appeared to represent separate andesitic flow events. The idea of a flow concept is supported by the fact that each specimen [except for C-py-16] exhibits a weak trachytic texture and also that the degree of magnetism is distinctly different between the "flow" specimens. A basic andesitic flow event in which the magnetite content was high [C-py-8] is contrasted by a less basic, weakly magnetic andesite flow [C-py-17]. Thus the separate flow rocks represent part of a lithological sequence of volcanic eruption.

Contact metamorphic effects from dykes or larger intrusive bodies is represented by C-py-13 - possibly an altered equivalent of C-py-17.

The introduction of later andesitic dyke material from the same volcanic source is portrayed by C-py-16.

Major alteration minerals included: albite, chlorite, uralite, carbonate, sericite, silica, epidote, clinozoisite, kaolinite, pyrite and limonite.

Mineralization appeared to be mainly the result of recrystallization of ferro magnesium minerals. Sulphides were also associated with silification. Subsequent hydrous conditions resulted in iron oxidation along fractures and faults.

Yours truly,

P. M. McAndless

Geologist

PMMcA/LA Encls. P. M. McANDLESS AND ASSOCIATES - Geological Field Consultants 327 - 470 Granville Street, Vancouver 2, B. C. Telephone: 685-0038

August 23, 1971

TSC-PY-17 The dark grey, weakly magnetic specimen represents an altered porphyritic andesite, typical of volcanic flow rocks from the Nicola group.

Texturally, the partially silicified intermediate volcanic is comprised of corroded plagioclase phenocrysts imbedded in an equigranular, quartzo-feldspathic matrix. The columnar-textured matrix is spotted with various-sized opaque blobs [mainly pyrite along with minor magnetite] which are rimmed with biotite, chlorite and occasionally uralite. Micro quartz veinlets containing opaque minerals are ubiquitous.

Minor alteration products of plagioclase include kaolinite, epidote, sericite, albite and carbonate.

Approximate percentage compositions include: quartz -> 10, feldspar [albite, andesine] -> 60, biotite - \angle 5, chlorite -> 10, epidote -> 1, uralite -> 1, carbonate - 1, kaolinite -> 1, sericite - 1, zircon - \angle 1, opaques [py > mg \Rightarrow cp] - 10.

Sulphide mineralization coupled with the formation of biotite and uralite are mainly products of the recrystallization of ferromagnesium minerals [e.g.] augite. Minor sulphides were introduced in quartz veinlets. Subsequent exidation and leaching produced extensive limonite.

TSC-Py-13 This particular bleached and pyritized specimen possibly represents an advanced alteration stage of TSC-Py-17.

The original andesitic rock is predominantly comprised of plagioclase alteration products, biotite and pyrite. Mosaic masses of kaolinite and albite are interstitially separated by minute fibrous masses of sericite along with secondary and minor primary biotite flakes.

Minor alteration products of plagioclase and mafic minerals include epidote, carbonate and chlorite. Spinel is a prominent accessory mineral.

Approximate percentage composition values, include:

Quartz - 1, feldspar [albite, Ca plagioclase] - > 25,

kaolinite - > 25, sericite - > 20, biotite - > 0,

carbonate - \(\sigma \) 5, chlorite - 1, epidote - 1, spinel
\(\sigma \) 5, opaques [py >> cp] - 8.

Biotite and pyrite are products of recrystallization of ferromagnesium minerals. Plagioclase alteration yielded sericite, albite and carbonate. Subsequent intense weathering promoted kaolinitization of feldspar and iron oxidation in fractures.

TSC-Py-8 The blackish, strongly magnetic specimen, like TSC-Py-17 is typical of the volcanic flow rocks of the Nicola group.

This particular specimen is an andesitic porphyry comprised predominently of plagioclase and biotite imbedded in a matrix of alteration products. A mild

trachytic texture is exhibited by various-sized plagioclase phenocrysts and partial biotite grains to which smaller feldspar laths are tangential. The mosaiclike equigranular quartzo-feldspathic matrix also includes randomly oriented blades of biotite, chlorite and uralite. Biotite is commonly associated with irregular-shaped opaque masses. Quartz veinlets are prominent throughout the section.

The major alteration products include:chlorite, albite, biotite, and silica along with minor uralite and carbonate.

Approximate percentage compositions include: quartz - > 10, feldspar \P albite, andesine] - > 60, biotite - 5, chlorite - > 5, uralite - < 5, carbonate - 1, epidote - < 1, opaques - 15.

Sulphide mineralization appears to be attributed to:

- a) recrystallization of ferromagnesium minerals in which pyrite formed as a secondary bi-product;
- b] silicification [i.e.] iron rich solutions introduced in quartz veinlets.
- TSC-Py-16 This particular specimen represents an altered quartz, feldspar, hornblende porphyry.

The spotted, partially bleached specimen is characterized by subhedral and anhedral phenocrysts of quartz, feldspar and hornblende which are imbedded in an equigranular mosaic-like matrix.

Texturally, the partially replaced and corroded subhedral plagioclase along with rounded quartz "eyes" and subhedral pseudomorphs of hornblende are randomly oriented in a matrix of columnar and bladed quartzo-feldspathic-sericite matrix. Minor subhedral phenocrysts of biotite and apatite are also present.

The plagioclase crystals are partially replaced by an albite-sericite-epidote combination and the mafic minerals are almost completely chloritized.

Approximate percentage compositions include: quartz - 10, feldspar [albite, andesine] - > 45, chloritized hornblende - 10, chlorite - 15, chloritized biotite - < 5, sericite - > 15, epidote - > 1, apatite - 1, kaolinite - > 1, opaques -<1.

Mineralization is primarily associated with the chloritization of the mafic minerals with subsequent exidation along fractures.

Respectfully submitted,

D. M. M. Andless

P. M. McAndless Geologist

COSTS BREAKDOWN

Mapping & Prospecting

Labour:	Field	\$	687.50	
	Travel		232.50	
	Report		307.50	
	Administration, expediting		181.25	
	Drafting		330.00	
		\$1	,738.75	
Expenses	:			
	Assaying etc.		523.90	
	Trucks		286.56	
	Airfares		133.65	
	Food		114.63	
	Hotels		105.38	•
	Reproduction		37.74	
	Equipment		27.77	
	Telephone		17.60	
1	Taxis		16.07	
		\$1	,263.30	
Total	. •			\$3,002.05
	Polarization Survey ached invoice)			3,661.28
Total Co	sts For 1971			\$6,663.33

SEIGEL ASSOCIATES LIMITED

MEOPHYSICAL CONSULTANTS & CONTRACTORS A DIVISION OF SCINTREX LIMITED

September 22, 1971 Invoice No. BC 10903 Job No. 824

Thor Explorations Limited 301 - 540 Burrard Street Vancouver, B. C.

FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES RENDERED:

To execute an induced polarization survey, in the Barnes Lake area, British Columbia as per our contract dated August 23, 1971.

2	days	mobilization and demo	bilization @	\$150.00/day	\$300.00
_5	days	production @ \$275.00/	day		1,375.00
7	days	possible for period			

Field Assistants:

M	Vallee	8	days	
R	Van Buiten	7	days	
H	Mueller	7	days	
E	Novotny	_7	days	
		29	man days @ \$27.50/day	797.50

Field Expenses:

	4444	
Rented truck	\$425.15	
Lodging	310.80	
Food	266.44	
Travel	67.85	
Telephone & Postage	10.47	
-	\$1,080.71	
Plus 10 percent	108.07	
-	\$1,188.78	1,188.78
Total		\$3,661.28
Less: Deposit		1,000.00
		40 (() 00
Balanca Due '		\$2,661,28

Terms: Due when rendered. Any amounts outstanding after 30 days will bear interest at the rate of 1 percent per month.

Invoice No. 14 May 31, 1971

Thor Explorations Ltd. 301 - 540 Burrard Street Vancouver 1, B. C.

Re: Field Programs

AUDREY CLAIMS

Fees:	D. Arscott, 2 1/4 days J. Cant 7 days P. Fulljames 7 days	6 55.00 6 45.00 8 30.00	\$ 123.75 315.00 210.00	
	Expenses		694.20	
			\$1342.95	\$1342.95

PYRITE CLAIMS

Fees: 1 3/4 days @ 55.00	96.75°	96.75
OMAY COCKE BOD DEDICE		

TOTAL COSTS FOR PERIOD
(See attached statement)

D. a.

0.4.

Dawid Arscott

Thor Explorations Ltd. 540 Burrard Street Vancouver 1, B. C.

Re: COSTS FOR PERIOD JUNE 1 - 15, 1971

I. PYR	ITE CLAIMS:		
	Fees: D. A 2 days @ \$55.00	\$110.00	
	Expenses	28.04	/
	Truck usage (from Vancouver)		
	1/2 x 660 mi. x .10	33.00	
	Assays	32.00	
		\$203.04	\$203.04
II POG	O CLAIMS:		
•	Fees: D.A 1 1/2 days @ \$55.00	\$82.50	
	J. C. 8 days @ 45.00	360.00	
	P.F. 7 1/2 days @ 30.00	225.00	
	Expenses- J.C.	264.29	
	Truck usage (to Vancouver)		
	$= 1/2 \times 660 \text{ mi. } \times .10$	33.00	
	Expenses- D.A.	40.91	
	Field Supplies	39.06	<u>.</u>
		\$1,044.76	\$\$1,044.76
111.AUD	REY CLAIMS:		
	Expenses - J.C.	\$158.04	
	Expenses - D.A.	6/00	
	Fees: J.C. 5 days @ 45.00	225.00	
	P.F. 5 days @ 30.00	150.00	
	Soil analyses	66.00	

TOTAL FOR PERIOD

D. a. \$1852.84
Pd. from acct

\$605.04

\$605.04

Invoice # 21 June 30, 1971

Thor Explorations Ltd., 301 - 540 Burrard St., Vancouver 1, B.C.

Re: Costs for period 16 - 30 June 1971

AUDREY CLAIMS

Fees: D.A. 1 day @ 55.00 \$55.00

J.C. 4 days@ 45.00 180.00

P.F. 221/2 days @ 30.00 75.00

Expenses D.A. 56.50 CR

366.50 366.50 263.50

PYRITE CLAIMS

Fees: D.A. 1/2 day 055.00 27.50

J.C. 9 days @45.00 405.00

P.F. 2 162 days 030.00 180.00

Expenses: D.A. 47.40

Expenses: J.C. 285.13 V

Other Tilden Truck Rental 149.45

\$1094.48 1094.48

POGO CLAIMS

Expenses 193.73 193.73

TOTAL COSTS \$1654.71

David Arscott D. A.

Invoice No. 25 July 15, 1971

Thor Explorations Ltd. 301 - 540 Burrard Street Vancouver 1, B. C.

Re: Costs for Period July 1 - 15, 1971

CBS 3370 (Shared with Mark V Mines Ltd.)

See Invoice No. 24

326.78 X 1/2 = 163.39

CBS 1856 (Shared with Anglo-Bomarc Mines Ltd)

Fees: D.A. 3 days @ \$55.00 \$ \$165.00 J.C. 5½ days @ P.F. 6¼ days @ 45.00 247.50 30.00 187.50 G.C. 4½ days @ 30.00 135.00 W.M. 41 days @ 30.00 135.00 II.J. 4½ days @ 30.00 135.00 D.V. 45 days @ 30.00 135.00

Expenses:

D.A. \$1,586.11

> \$2,726.11 X ½ \$1,363.05

PYRITE CLAIMS

Fees: J.C. 1 day @ \$45.00 \$ 45.00

Expenses:

D.A.

148.60 🐇

193.60 \$ 193.60

AUDREY CLAIMS

Fees: D.A.3/4 days @ \$55.00 41.25

J.C. 4 days @ 45.00 180.00

Expenses:

D.A. 5.22

226.37 \$ 226.47

POGO CLAIMS

Fees: J.C. 2 days @ \$45.00

90.00

OPPORGOL MINE VISIT (Horseshoe Bay)

Fees: D.A. 1½ days @ \$55.00 68.75

J.C. 1 day @ 45.00 TOTALEQUEROR PERIOD

\$2,170.59

\$ 134.08

THOR EXPLORATIONS LTD., 301 - 540 Burrard Street, Vancouver 1, B.C.

IN ACCOUNT WITH

DAVID P. ARSCOTT, P. ENG.

30 JULY, 1971

			30 JULY, 1971
RE: COSTS FOR PERIOD 16 - 30 JULY, 1	<u>1971</u> :		
C B S 1856 (shared with Anglo-Bomarc Mines See Invoice No. 29)	Ltd.	1	
C B S 3370			\$ 731.89
(shared with Marv V Mines Ltd. See Invoice No. 30)	FEES:		868.75
	EXPENSES:		579.79
PYRITE CLAIMS EXPENSES:		*	275.20
AUDREY CLAIMS: FEES: 3/4 day @ \$55.00			41.25
POCO CLAIMS FEES: 1/2 day @ 55.00			27.50
OPPORGOL MINE VISIT EXPENSES:			48,00
TOTAL COSTS FOR PERIOD:			\$2,572.38
TOTAL AMOUNT DUE (see attached statem	ment)		\$4,587.22

V. A

Invoice /34

16th August, 1971

Thor Explorations Ltd., 381 - 548 Burrard Strort, Vancouver 1, 8. C.

IN ACCOUNT FITH

BAVID FRECOTT, P. ENG. 301 - 540 Burrard Street Vandouver 1, B. C.

Re: Costs for Period 1 - 15 August, 1971		
CBS 1856 [shared with Anglo-Homero Mines Ltd. see Invoice #33] 684.85 x %	\$342.02	
CDS 3370 [shared with Merk V Mines Ltd. see Invoice #32]43/.37	23.5.69	
PYRITE CLAIMS Feed: J.C 1/2 days @ 345.00	67.50	
Fees: D.A 1/2 days @ \$55.00	82.50	
TOTAL COSTS FUR PERIOD	\$707.71	
TOTAL AMOUNT DUE		\$707.71

O. a

D. Arscott

IN ACCOUNT WITH

DAVID ARSCOTT 301-540 Burrard Street Vancouver 1, B. C.

To Thor Explorations Ltd., 301 - 540 Burrard Street, Vancouver 1, B. C.

Re:	Costs	s for	Period	16 - 31	Augu	st, 1971	
Pyrite Claim	<u>s</u>						
Fees: Expenses:	D.A. J.C. P.F.	$-\frac{1}{4}$ -7 $-3\frac{1}{4}$	day @ days @ days @	\$55.00 45.00 30.00		13.75 315.00 97.50	
naponeo.	D.A. J.C.	- - ½	x 348.8	38			178.74
					\$	661.03	\$ 661.03
Pogo Claims							(mb)
Fees:	D.A. J.C. P.F.	- 1½ - 5¼ - 3½	days ©	\$55.00 45.00 30.00		82.50 236.25 97.50	
Expenses:							
	D.A. J.C.	- - ½	x 348.8	38		$\frac{218.17}{174.44}$	
					\$	808.86	808.86
CBS 3370 - (S	hared See inv	with oice	Mark V #38)	Mines Lt	td.)		
			7.81 x			133.91	133.91
Audrey Claims	3					,	
Expenses:	D.A.					18.58	18.58
		TOT	AL AMOU	INT DUE			\$1,622.38

D. a

David Arscott

Invoice No. 45

In account with:

D. Arscott

301 - 540 Burrard St.,

Vancouver, 1, B.C.

September 21, 1971.

Thor Explorations Ltd., 301 - 540 Burrard Street, Vancouver, 1, B.C.

Re: Costs for Period September 1 - 15/71

CBS 3370 (Shared with Mark V Mines Ltd.)

Fees: D.A. - 1/2 day @ \$55.00 \$27.50

 $1/2 \times 27.50

\$ 13.75

PYRITE CLAIMS

Fees: D.A. - 1/4 day @ \$55.00 13.75

J.C. - 4 days @ \$45.00 180.00 193.75

0.C. - 4 days e \$45.00 100.00

POGO CLAIMS

Fees: J.C. - 1-1/4 days

@ \$45.00 56.25 **56.25**

Total Amount Due:

\$263.75

D. Arscott.

In account with:

Invoice No. 47

D. Arscott

301-540 Burrard St. Vancouver 1, B.C.

Sept. 24, 1971

Thor Explorations Ltd. 301-540 Burrard St. Vancouver 1, B.C.

Re: Costs for period 16-30 Sept. 1971

PYRITE CLAIMS:

Fees:	D.A. T.D.	1½ days 0 3½ days 0	82.50 105.00	
			187.50	187.50
Expens	es: D	.A.	29.70	29.70
TOTAL	AMOUNT	DUE		217.20

O. A

D. Arscott

DOMINION OF CANADA:

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the Matter of

GEOLOGICAL AND GEOPHYSICAL

To Wit:

FIELD PROGRAM ON PYRITE CLAIM GROUP

David Philip Arscott

301 - 540 Burrard Street, Vancouver,

in the Province of British Columbia, do solemnly declare that the following are the labour costs in carrying out the above program:

Na	ame	Position	Address	Days w	orked	Rate	Fees
D.	Arscott	Geologist	301-540 Burrard St. Vancouver, B.C.	6	¥	55.00	343.75
Ј.	Cant	Geologist	3985 W. 12th. Ave. Vancouver, B.C.	2	2½	45.00	1012.50
P.	Fulljames	Field					
		Assistant	1968 W. 2nd. Ave. Vancouver, B.C.	9	1/4	30.00	277.50
T.	Drews	Draftsman	948 Bute Street, Vancouver, B.C.	3	12	30.00	105.00
				•	TOTAL		1752.50

And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing it to be true, and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath and by virtue of the "Canada Evidence Act."

City Declared before me at the Vancouver of 24th.

Province of British Columbia, this

day of September 1971

David arealt

CERTIFICATE

I, DAVID PHILIP ARSCOTT, of 301 - 540 Burrard

Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, am a Professional

Engineer registered in the Province of British Columbia.

The field program on the Pyrite Claims was carried out at my direction by Mr. J.W.Cant, B.Sc., with the exception of the Induced Polarization Survey, carried out by Seigel Associates Ltd.

All costs as reproduced herein are accurate to the best of my knowledge.

David Arscott,

David arrestt

24th September, 1971.

REFERENCES

- 1898 B.C. Minister of Mines Report.
- 1961 Duffel, S.and McTaggart, K. Ashcroft Map Area, G.S.C. Memoir 262.
- 1969 Northcote Geology and Geochronology of Guichon Creek Batholith.
- 1970 Kerr, J. Geological Report on the Pyrite,
 May, and Mud Claims.
- 1970 Baird, J. Report on Induced Polarization
 Survey on Some Pyrite Claims.
- 1970 Jenks, J., Buckley, R. Geological and Geochemical Report on May and Pyrite Claims.

Air photos B.C. 5168-091, B.C. 5169-128.

BONDAR-CLEGG & COMPANY LTD.

1500 PEMBERTON AVENUE, NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C. PHONE: 988-5315 TELEX: 04-54554

CERTIFICATE OF ASSAY

то	D. Arscott	Report No: A21-250
	201 FAC Dummand CA	Sample rec'd: June 4/71 Results Completed: June 8, 1971

Vancouver 1, B.C.

I hereby certify that the following are the results of assays made by us upon the herein described Ore.

samples.

MARKED	GC	LD	SILVER	Cu]			TOTAL VALU
0re	Ounces per Ton	Value per Ton	Ounces per Ton	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	PER TON (2000 LBS.)
PY-1 2 3 4	Trace Trace Trace Trace		2.4 0.76 0.18 0.12	0.02 0.02 Trace 0.01			:				
			semi q	uan spec	to foll	ow short	ly.				
		i						:			
								<u> </u>			

NOTE:

Rejects retained two weeks Pulps retained three months unless otherwise arranged. Gold & Silver values reported on these sheets have not been adjusted to compensate loses and gains inherent in fire assay methods.

Gold calculated at \$.....per ounce

Registered Assayer, Province of British Columbia



1500 PEMBERTON AVENUE, NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C. PHONE: 988-5315

TELEX: 04-54554

PYRITE

CERTIFICATE OF ASSAY

Report No: A21-329 D. Arscott то Samples Rec'd: June 30, 1971 Results Completed: July 9, 1971 301 - 540 Burrard St.

Vancouver 1, B.C.

I hereby certify that the following are the results of assays made by us upon the herein described

0re

samples.

	MARKED		OLD	SILVER	Cu]			TOTAL VALUE
C)re	Ounces per Ton	Value per Ton	Ounces per Ton	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	PER TON (2000 LBS.)
Line A	0+10 SW 0+30 0+50 0+70 0+10 NE 0+30 0+00 0+25 W 0+50 0+75	Trace		Trace	L0.01 L0.01 L0.01 0.01 0.01 L0.01 L0.01 L0.01							
L52N	0+25 E 14+25 E 14+50 14+75 15+00 15+50 15+75 16+00	Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace		Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace	LO.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01							
	16+25 16+50 16+75 17+00	Trace Trace Trace Trace		Trace Trace Trace Trace	0.01 0.01 0.01			L means	ess tha			

NOTE:

Rejects retained two weeks Pulps retained three months unless otherwise arranged.

Gold & Silver values reported on these sheets have not been adjusted to compensate loses and gains inherent in fire assay methods.

Gold calculated at \$ _____per ounce

To:		Arscott	
PAGE	Nο	2	

BONDAR-CLEGG & COMPANY LTD.

REPORT	No	A.	3 29
DATE.	.Test.	0	1971

PYRITE

CERTIFICATE OF ASSAY

I hereby certify that the following are the results of assays made by us upon the herein described sample

•	MARKED	GC	LD	SILVER	Cu				•		<u> </u>	TOTAL VALUE
)re		Ounces per Ton	Value per Ton	Ounces per Ton	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	PER TON (2000 LBS.)
.52N .56N	17+25 E 14+75 E 15+00 15+75 16+25 17+50 17+75 18+25	Trace		Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace	0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 L0.01 0.01							
C.S.	#1 #2 #3	Trace Trace Trace		Trace Trace Trace	0.01 0.01 0.01							
									<u> </u>			
	,										ļ	

Registered Assayer, Province of British Columbia

BONDAR-CLEGG & COMPANY LTD.

1500 PEMBERTON AVENUE, NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C. PHONE: 988-5315 TELEX: 04-54554

CERTIFICATE OF ASSAY

David Arscott

Report No: A21-326

Samples Rec'd: June 29, 1971 Results Completed: July 9, 1971

301-540 Burrard St.

Vancouver, B.C. ______

Il hereful tertiful that the following are the results of assays made by us upon the herein described

.....

samples.

BYRITE

Ore C-PY-1 2 3	Ounces per Ton 0.005	Value per Ton	Ounces per Ton	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	PER TON (2000 LBS.)
C-PY-1 2 3			1		<u></u>						
4 5 6 7 7 10 11 12 C-PY-14 15 18 19 20	Trace	less than	0.05 0.02 0.01 Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace Trace 0.02 Trace 0.02	0.08 L0.01 L0.01 L0.01 L0.01 0.01 0.01 L0.01 L0.01 L0.01 L0.01 L0.01 L0.01							

NOTE:

Rejects retained two weeks Pulos retained three months unless otherwise arranged.

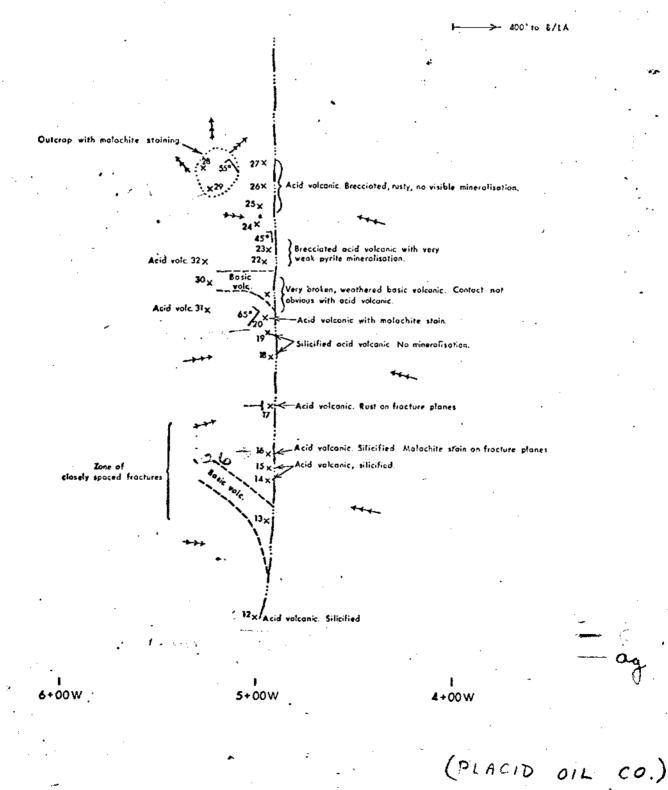
Gold & Silver values reported on these sheets have not been adjusted to compensate loses and gains inherent in fire assay methods.

Gold calculated at \$ per ounce

Registered Assayer, Province of British Columbia

. No	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Au	Mo
No.	- Cu					1
	%	· %	%	oz/ton	%	%
<u> </u>	fo		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
12	0.655	0.003	0.209	1.00		
13	0.021	0.002	0.020	0.35		
14	0.064	0.002	0.019	T		
15	0.049	T	0.029	0.15		
16	0.355	0.002	0.060	0.26		
17			7-13- 411			
18	0.012	T	0.014	0.50		
19	0.011	0.003	0.013	1.35	<u></u>	
20	0.003	0.002	0.043	0.18		
21	0.008	0.003	0.023	0.26		
22	0.006	0.002	0.007	T		
23	0.004	0.018	0.015	T		
24	0.002	0.001	0.014	T		
25	0.005	0.003	0.006	T		
26						
27	0.004	0.006	0.014	T		
28	0.610	0.002	0.221	0.09	<u> </u>	
29	0.173	T	0.015	0.35		<u> </u>
30	0.012	0.003	0.018	T		
31	0.006	0.001	0.018	T	ļ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
32	0.020	0.003	0.173	2.00		
33	0.004	T	0.004	0.29		
				1		200
435	.057	.004	.057	0.12		.003
436	. 295	.004	.108	0.61		T
437	.762	.008	. 204	0.49	0.25	.003
438	.005	.006	.005	T	ļ	T
439	.004	T	.007	. <u>T</u>		.003
440	.005	026	.005	0.12	-	T
441	.008	T	.062	<u>T</u>		T
442	.003	T	.016	T	ļ	.003
443	.004	T	.042	<u>T</u>		T
444	.004	T	.017	T		.003
445	.014	.004	.014	0.12		T
447	.006	T	.008	T	0.03	T

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SAMPLE LOCATIONS
ANOMALY "F"

(GCA # 3)

40 N -

INOUSTRIAL RD.,

1500 PEMBERTON AVE.,

BOX 487,

BONDAR-CLEGG & COMPANY LTD.

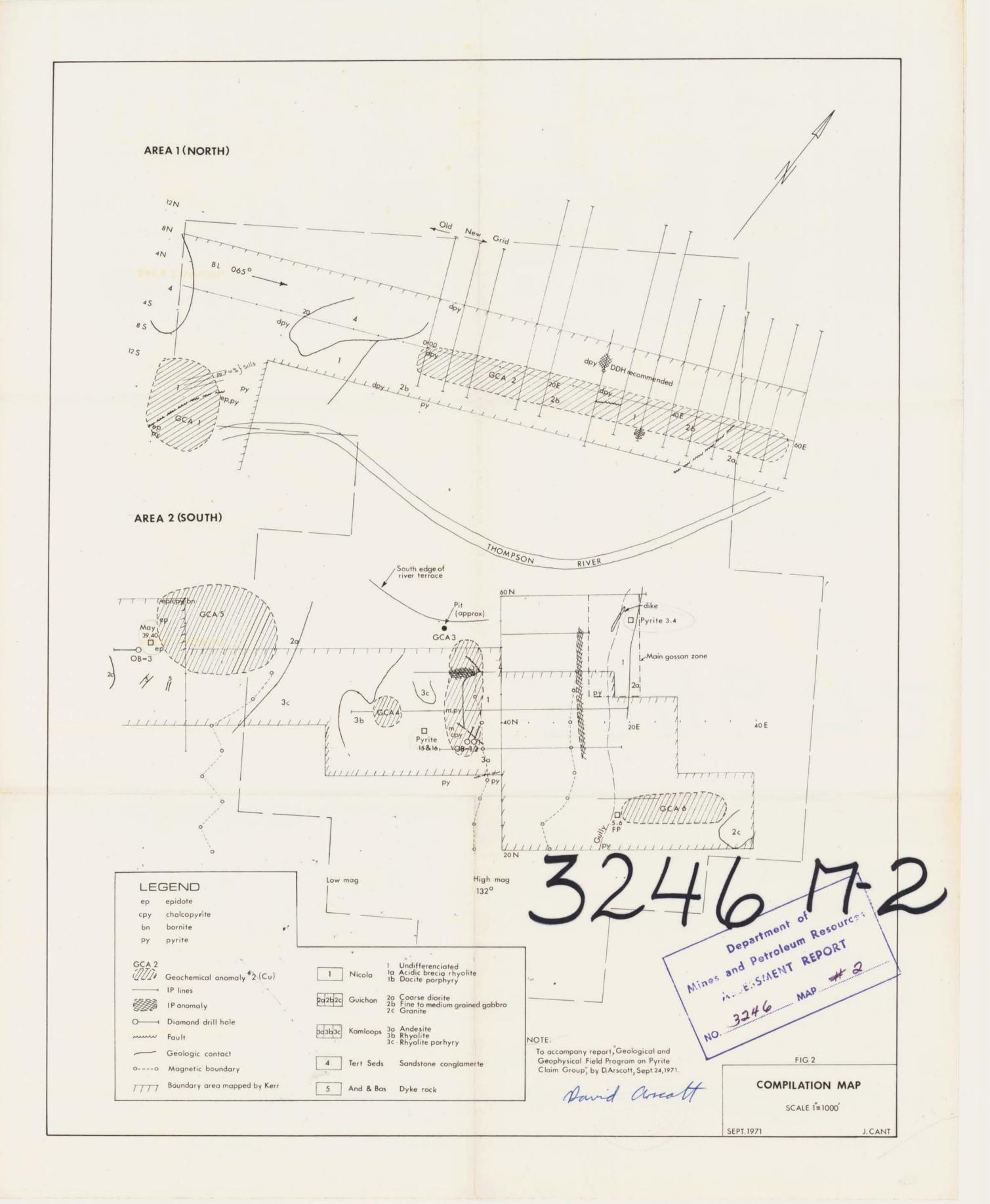
768A BELFAST ROAD (M.R. 1), OTTAWA, ONTARIO K1G 0Z5 PHONE: 237-3110 TELEX: 013-3548

SEMI-QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS

No: 322-1

Sample No. PY-2 Method: XRF						From: B.CC , ~ Vancouver Date: June 17 19 ⁷¹					
											No. of Elements: 32
AJOR ELEMENTS (%)	<,003	.003-,01	.0103	.03-0.1	0,1-0,3	0,3-1,0	1,0-3,0	3.0-10.0	> 10.0	REMARKS	
SiO ₂									×		
A12O3									×		
otal Fe (Fe ₂ O ₃)									х		
MgO							x		,		
CaO							х				
Na ₂ O						х					
к ₂ 0						х					
TiO ₂							x				
RACE ELEMENTS (%)											
V				×							
Cr		х									
Mn				İ	х						
Со		x									
Ni		×									
Cu		x									
Zn		x									
As			×								
Sr			×								
Y		x									
Zr		×			•				**		
Nb	x										
Мо	×										
Ag	X										
Sn	×										
Sb	×										
Ва				×							
La			×					<u>.</u>			
Ce			х								
w	X										
Pb	••	×									
Bi	х										
Th	x										
U x	х										

Roger of Goodman



HYPOTHETICAL CROSS SECTION --- 50N-14E 50N-22E-0 8 --- 52 N-14E 52N-22E---- 54N-14E 54N-22E ---3 MI Pyrite 15.16 --- 56 N-14E 56 N-22E-(Ī) Py-6 --- 58N-14E 58N-22E _! CP powder magazine Cit NOTE: To accompany report, "Geological and Geophysical Field Program on Pyrite Claim Group," by D. Arscott, Sept. 24, 1971 Department of Excavation H+H+H+H+H+H+H Mines and Petroleum Resources ASSESSMENT REPORT NO. 3246 MAP # 3 LEGEND Strongly kaolinized and sericitizedrock, probably altered 1 Outcrop Andesite porphyry, medium green, fine grained, non magnetic, less mafic than 3, abundant disseminated Geologic contact 2 Fractures: inclined, vertical 3 Andesite porphyry, dark grey, fine grained, strongly magnetic FIG 3 Foliation: inclined, vertical THOR EXPLORATIONS LTD Dyke: quartz,feldspar, hornblend porphry (may be younger 4 Magnetic susceptibility: strong, moderate, weak MIM2M3 Pyrite abundance strong, moderate, weak PYRITE CLAIMS Guichon Creek Batholith: hybrid phase, medium grained granodiorite, moderately magnetic 5 Hand specimen location Kaolinization Savid GEOLOGY OF MAIN GOSSAN ZONE ASHCROFT B.C. 100ft. SCALE June 1971 Geology by - J. Cant