

ON THE

BULL CLAIM GROUP

LOCATED

NORTH OF CACHE CREEK, B. C.

121° 29' WEST LONGITUDE 50° 57' NORTH LATITUDE

FOR

WILLIAM M. MALLINSON 608-850 West Hastings Street Vancouver, B. C.

BY

W.H. PIERRE, P. ENG.

RAF ENGINEERING CORPORATION LTD. 2502-1177 West Hastings St. Vancouver, B. C.

JULY 29, 1971

Department of Mines and Petroloum Resources ASSESSMENT REPORT MAD NO

RAF Engineering Vancouver BC Canada

TABLE OF CONTENTS

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SUMMARY	PAGE 1
INTRODUCTION	PAGE 1
LOCATION	PAGE 2
TOPOGRAPHY	PAGE 3
GEOLOGY	PAGE 3
METHOD OF SURVEY	PAGE 3
MAGNETOMETER	PAGE 4
ANALYSIS OF DATA	PAGE 5
INTERPRETATION	
MAGNETOMETER SURVEY GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY CORRELATION	PAGE 7
CONCLUSION	
RECOMMENDATIONS	PAGE 10
LIST OF CLAIMS	PAGE 12
SUMMARY OF COSTS	PAGE 13
CERTIFICATE	PAGE 14
LIST OF MAPS	
INDEX MAP	Following Page 2
BULL CLAIM GROUP	In Pocket
3 REGIONAL MAGNETOMETER MAP	_ In Pocket
4 REGIONAL GEOCHEMICAL MAP	In Pocket

Continued

LIST OF TABLES

TABLE 1 TABLE 2 TABLE 3

MAGNETOMETER OUTPUT DATA COPPER OUTPUT DATA ZINC OUTPUT DATA

DAE Engineering Vancouver D.C. Canada

SUMMARY

The primary objective in conducting a regional magnetometer and geochemical survey on the Bull Claim Group was to establish the following:

- 1. The existance of a NW-SE magnetic trend as previously deducted from government airborne magnetometer maps,
- 2. The usefulness of geochemistry as an exploration tool for this area,
- 3. Justification for expenditures on a detailed magnetometer and geochemical survey.

By means of a unique computer program developed by RAF Engineering Corporation Ltd. all of the above listed objectives were established in a very positive manner. A definite NW-SE magnetic trend was established which closely corresponds with the government airborne magnetometer maps and the findings of Geo-X Surveys Ltd. Further, results of the geochemical portion of the survey defined one major and two minor coincidental Cu-Zn anomolies. Thus there exists ample justification in conducting a detailed geochemical and magnetometer survey as outlined under STAGE 1 of the RECOMMENDATIONS.

INTRODUCTION

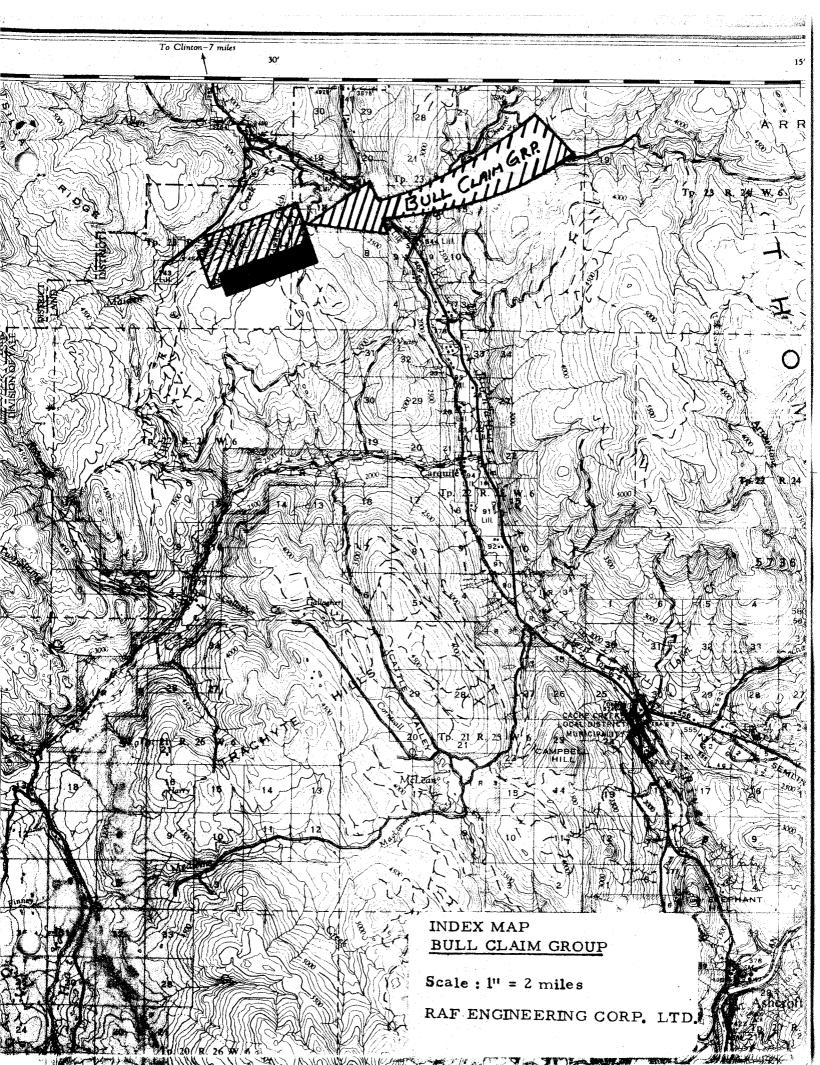
This report summarizes the results of a regional magnetometer and geochemical survey conducted on the Bull Claim Group held by Mr. William Mallinson. This survey was the initial exploration work for these claims as they were not acquired until July, 1970. To the writer knowledge this area has never been prospected due to the lack of evidence of previous claim staking. The survey began on June 17, 1971 and was completed on June 30, 1971.

2

It should be mentioned that this survey was conducted on the entire Bull Claim Group comprising of 58 mineral claims. Of this group Mr. William Mallinson holds 40 mineral claims as indicated on the Bull Claim Group Map. Reference should also be made to "Mineral Claims" (p 12) which gives a detailed description of the claims. All references made to the Bull Claim Group within this report pertain to only those held by Mr. William Mallinson. LOCATION

The Bull Claim Group is located approximately 11 miles northwest of Cache Creek, B. C. as the crow flies. More specifically it is located 50[°] 57' North latitude and 121[°] 29' West longitude.

Access is made by travelling north from Cache Creek along the Cariboo Highway (#97) a distance of 10 1/2 miles. This is approximately 1/2 mile beyond the Loon Lake turn-off. At this point one turns left leaving Highway #97 and heads in a southwesterly direction. The road immediately passes through a small ranch and after a distance of approximately 7 miles terminates at two small lakes. These lakes are located on Bull Claims held by Maru Uranium Mines Ltd., however adjoining these to the north are the Bull Claims held by Mr. William Mallinson which from herein will be referred to as the Bull Claim Group.



(Refer to Bull Claim Group Map). Due to the relatively recent logging operations covering portions of the claim group access to most areas may be reached using 4-wheel drive vehicles.

TOPOGRAPHY

The Bull Claim Group essentially lies on a plateau whose mean elevation is approximately 4,000 ft. A. S. L. The topography slopes rather steeply to the north and east with local relief being approximately 1,000 ft. All drainage is directed to the north and flows into Maiden Creek which discharges into the Bonaparte River to the West, Only intermittent drainage exists with the only year-round water source being Maiden Creek.

Outcrops are restricted to the extreme southern portion of the claim group and consist primarily of limestone.

GEOLOGY

All geological referneces should be directed to D. W. Pringle's report dated October 20, 1970 as further geological work has not been carried out since that time.

METHOD OF SURVEY

As previously mentioned this report is based on a regional magnetometer and geochemical survey. This survey was conducted

along all mineral claim location lines and principle drainage areas where the later intersected the location lines. Magnetometer readings and soil samples were gathered at stations spaced approximately 200 ft. apart. All stations were flagged with red ribbon with respective station numbers indicated.

All soil samples were gathered within the "B" horizon using a hander auger. Due to this region being relatively dry and the fact that all drainage systems serve for snow and rain run-off only, nearly all samples taken were dry. Spectrographic analyses were taken on four samples, each representing an area of high or low elevation and extremely dry or damp areas respectively. Based on the results of these spectrographic analyses all soil samples were analyzed for copper and zinc using the atomic absorbtion method. All determinations were conducted at Coast Eldridge Laboratories Ltd., Vancouver, B. C.

MAGNETOMETER

The magnetometer used was a vertical fluxgate type manufactured by Scintrex Ltd. General specifications are as follows:

Model:	MF-2
Range:	1,000 - 100,000 gammas
Accuracy:	0.05% of full scale
Temp. Coiff:	less than 1/2 gamma/F ⁰

ANALYSIS OF DATA

All data, both magnetometer and geochemical, was treated statistically by means of a unique program developed by RAF Engineering Corp. Ltd. It is felt that statistical evaluations are considerably more objective and meaningful than the normal subjective interpretations.

5

The program is developed such that it first calculates the basic statistics, i.e., mean, standard deviation, and range. It then plots a cumulative frequency table and histogram, which allows a visual inspection of the distribution type, i.e., skewed, log normal, bimodal, etc. Next standardized variables are calculated for each data station and plotted within a matrix that closely approximates its actual geographical position along the survey. Both the high matrix (positive) and the low matrix (negative) are plotted. These values, as they are calculated, are further treated with factors which tend to depress background values and emphasize statistical anomolous values. Every other page of the standardized variable output sheets within this report represents varying factors ranging from a minimum of 0.05 to a maximum of 5. Each standardized variable divided by the corresponding factor will yield the number of standard deviations from the mean for each station.

INTERPRETATION

MAGNETOMETER SURVEY (Refer Table 1)

Results of the magnetometer survey are quite encouraging in that they closely correspond with the findings of Geo-X Surveys Ltd. and the government airborne magnetometer maps. The histogram shows an obvious bimodal distribution consisting of two populations. One population (A) is considerably larger, with the majority of the readings less than the mean value of 1262.79 gammas. This could represent a large background population or possibly a large low population, however this can not easily be determined without detailed magnetometer survey over the entire claim group.

The standardized variable output sheets show four distinct anomolous zones and several minor zones. The strongest zones are found along locations lines on the Bull Nos. 1 mineral claims and along drainages on the Bull Nos. 40 and 37 mineral claims (Refer to Regional Magnetometer Map). Associated with these are several smaller zones located south of the larger ones. However the most interesting and, probably the most significant is the fact that a NW-SE trend exists. This can easily be ascertained upon a visual inspection of the standardized variable output sheets. When one compares both the high and low matrix for each factor there exists a definite trend from the lows in the northwest to highs in the southwest.

GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY (Refer. Table 2)

Copper

The histogram for copper indicates a population closely approximating a log normal distribution in that it is skewed to the left. Copper concentrations were extremely low - the largest being 106 ppm. This is not uncommon since similar or lower results have been gained from other properties within the same general area.

Results from the standardized variable sheets show six distinct anomolous zones. Of these two actually develop into a single larger zone when using a factor of 5. The remaining zones are quite small with the exception of one which could possibly be an extention of the single larger zone. Associated with these major zones are four minor zones. Three of these located in the western portion of the claim group are relatively large. The major zones are located along location lines on the Bull Nos. 21, 25, 27, 36 and 38 mineral claims and along a drainage passing through Bull Nos. 38 and 40 mineral claims. A predominant statistical trend exists from lows located in the east to highs in the west.

Zinc

The zinc histogram shows a multi-modal distribution consisting of at least two populations. As with the magnetometer data, the larger population (A) could very well represent background values with the other populations (B and C) representing anomolous type values. Eight major zones result from the standardized variable tabulations. Of these, two actually form a single large zone, located in the southwestern portion of the claim group. The remaining zones are relatively small with the exception of two located in the western portion of the claim group. Associated with these major zones are four minor zones all located in the northwestern section of the claim group. The major zones are located along location lines on the Bull Nos. 11, 21, 23, 27, 29, 33, 35, and 37 mineral claims and drainages passing through the Bull Nos. 14 and 37 mineral claims. The zinc appears to trend from lows in the north east to highs in the southwest.

CORRELATION

As indicated on the Regional Geochem Map there is one large central area where anomolous copper and zinc zones coincide or overlap. Also associated with strong zinc znomolies located in the western portion of the claim group are associated coincidental minor copper anomolies. This is quite significant in that these zones represent the most favorable locations for mineralization and repesent first order target areas for further investigations. It should also be noted that minor coincidental magnetic anomolies are also associated with the coincidental Cu-Zn anomoly located on the Bull No. 37 mineral claim.

The correlation between the statistical trends for copper and zinc are quite good in that they both trend in the same relative directions. However, stating that definite trends exist must be qualified. The survey conducted was regional <u>only</u> with 3,000 ft. widths between sample lines and assuming continuous trends over these unsampled distances is unlogical. All that can be stated is that based on the samples taken and their geographical position statistical trends do exsits with a good correlation.

CONCLUSION

The primary objective in conducting a regional magnetometer and geochemical survey on the Bull Claim Group were the following:

- 1. Does there exist a NW-SE magnetic trend as inferred by the government airborne magnetometer maps?
- 2. Would geochemistry prove to be a useful exploration tool for this area?
- 3. Based on the results of this survey would there be justification for further expenditures on a detailed geochemical and magnetometer survey?

As previously discussed the answers to the above questions are favorable. The results of this survey are extremely encouraging and there is ample justification for conducting a detailed geochemical and magnetometer survey. To some extent it is regretful that outcrops are not more predominent so that correlations between rock types and anomolous zones can be ascertained.

It must be emphasized that the anomolous zones developed are based solely on samples taken along location lines and drainages. Further exploration work would <u>best</u> be directed to a detailed geochemical and magnetometer survey rather than focusing all attnetion on the coincidental Cu-Zn anomolous zones as there exists the possibility of developing stronger and larger zones.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Because of the encouraging results gained from the regional magnetometer and geochemical survey the following recommendations, in particular STAGE 1, are strongly suggested.

All recommendations have been staged in a logical sequence with each stage being dependent upon results from the previous. In this manner costs may be maintained at a minimum and justification prior to initiating the succeeding stage may be made.

	STAGE 1	ES	ST. COST.
1.	Detailed geochemical and magnetometer survey 66 line miles @ \$200/mile	\$	13,200.00
2.	Line cutting (500' grid) 66 line miles @ \$120/mile		7,920.00
3.	Engineering and Administration		2,000.00
		\$	23,120.00
• •	STAGE 11		
1.	Percussion drilling to delineate anomolous zones developed from STAGE 1		
•	45 - 300 ft. holes 13,500 ft. @ \$3.00/ft.	\$	40, 500. 00
2.	Assaying 2,200 samples @ \$10/sample		22,000.00
3.	Drill-site preparation 22 ⁹ tays @ \$200/day		4, 500. 00
4.	Engineering and Administration		6,500.00
		\$	73, 500.00

STAGE 111

1.	Diamond drilling to further delineate zones established in STAGE 11.		
•	4, 500 ft. @ \$15/ft.	\$	67, 500. 00
2.	. Assaying 900 samples @ \$10/sample		9,000.00
3.	. Engineering and Administration		6,500.00
	TOTAL ESTIMATED COST	\$	179,620.00
	The estimated costs are approximate only and	shou	ild not be

considered to represent an exact cost. It should also be mentioned that drill footages are extremely difficult to estimate at this stage and should be considered an order of magnitude only.

11

No.

LIST OF CLAIMS

BULL CLAIM GROUP

	CLAIM	DATE STAKED	TAG NO.	DATE RECORDED	RECORDING NO
	Bull 1	June 25, 1970	76101 M	July 7, 1970	89936
	Bull 2	11	76102 M	H.	89937
	Bull 3	1	76103 M	II.	89939
	Bull 4	н.	76104 M	11	89940
•	Bull 5	F 1	76105 M	11	89941
	Bull 6	£1	76106 M	· 11	8994 2
	Bull 7	11	76107 M	11	8994 3
	Bull 10	June 28, 1970	76161 M	5 B	89946
	Bull 11	June 25, 1970	76111 M	н	89947
	Bull 12	13	76112 M	11	89948
	Bull 13	<u>t</u> t	76113 M	11	89949
•	Bull 14	11	76114 M	11	89950
	Bull 15	t#	76115 M	11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11.	89951
	Bull 16	en e	76116 M	n	89952
	Bull 17	11	76117 M		89953
	Bull 18	11	76118 M	11	89954
6	Bull 19	June 28, 1970	76119 M	17	89955
٢	Bull 20	11	76120 M	11	89956
	Bull 21	11	76121 M	H	89957
	Bull 22	: •	76122 M	n	89958
	Bull 23	14	76123 M	i 🕈	89959
	Bull 24	11	76124 M	11	89960
	Bull 25	11.	76125 M	τt	89961
	Bull 26	11	76126 M	H .	89962
	Bull 27) I	76127 M	18	89963
	Bull 28	3 *	76128 M	11	89964
	Bull 29	1.14	76129 M	11	89965
	Bull 30	11	76130 M	$\mathbf{H} = \{\mathbf{H}_{i}, \dots, \mathbf{H}_{i}\} \in \{\mathbf{H}_{i}, \dots, \mathbf{H}_{i}\}$	89966
	Bull 31	11	76131 M	\mathbf{n}	89967
	Bull 32	H	76132 M	18	89968
	Bull 33	11	76133 M	4. 11	89969
	Bull 34	11	76134 M	11	89970
	Bull 35	1. tt	76135 M	11	89971
	Bull 36	14.	76136 M	11	89972
	Bull 37	n an an <mark>n</mark> a an	76137 M	11	89973
	Bull 38	H. S. S.	76138 M	tt	89974
	Bull 39	H	76139 M	\mathbf{u}	89975
	Bull 40	. 18	76140 M	T1	89976
6	Bull 41	enter de la seconda de la s	76141 M	:11	89977
	Bull 42	11	76142 M	11	89978

SUMMARY OF COSTS

The following summarizes costs incurred by Mr. William M. Mallinson for the regional magnetometer and geochemical survey as discussed in this report.

1.	Regional Magnetometer and Geochemical Survey (RAF Eng. Corp. Ltd.)	\$ 2,700.00
2.	Topographical Map (Lockwood Survey Corp. Ltd.) 1'' = 1,000 ft.	310. 00
3.	Airborne Magnetometer Survey (Geo-X Surveys Ltd.)	345.00
4.	Magnetometer Rental (Scintrex Ltd.)	112.00
5.	Room and Board (8 man-days @ \$12.50/day)	100. 00
6.	Regional Magnetometer and Geochemical Survey Report (RAF Eng. Corp. Ltd.)	750.00
		\$ 4, 317. 00

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED

W. A. Parre

13

W.H. PIERRE, P. ENG. MINING ENGINEER

CERTIFICATE

I, WILLIAM H. PIERRE, of the city of Richmond, British Columbia,

do hereby certify that:

 I am a graduate of the Montana School of Mines, (B. Sc. in Mining Engineering, 1968).

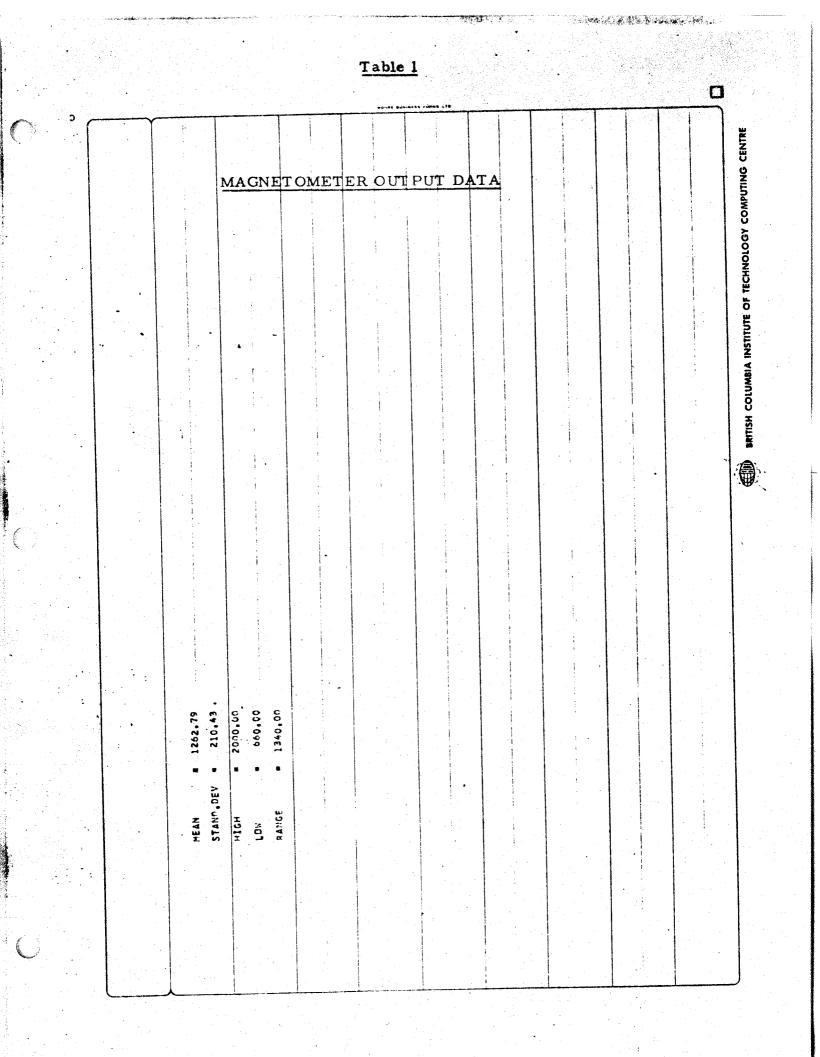
- 2. I am a Registered Professional Engineer of the Province of British Columbia.
- 3. I am an EIT, State of Montana Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors.

4. I am a member of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, and the American Institute of Mining, Metallurgical, and Petroleum Engineers.

5. I have practiced my profession since 1968 with Kennecott Copper Corporation, Mobil Oil Corporation, and RAF Engineering Corporation Ltd.

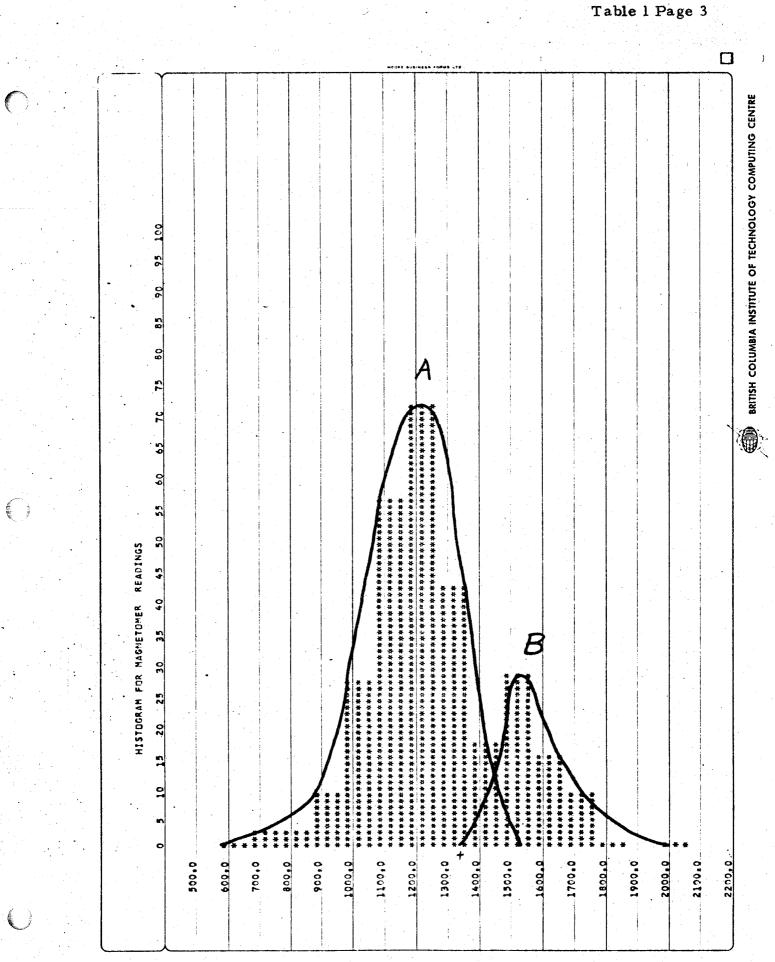
6. I personally supervised the work as described in this report.

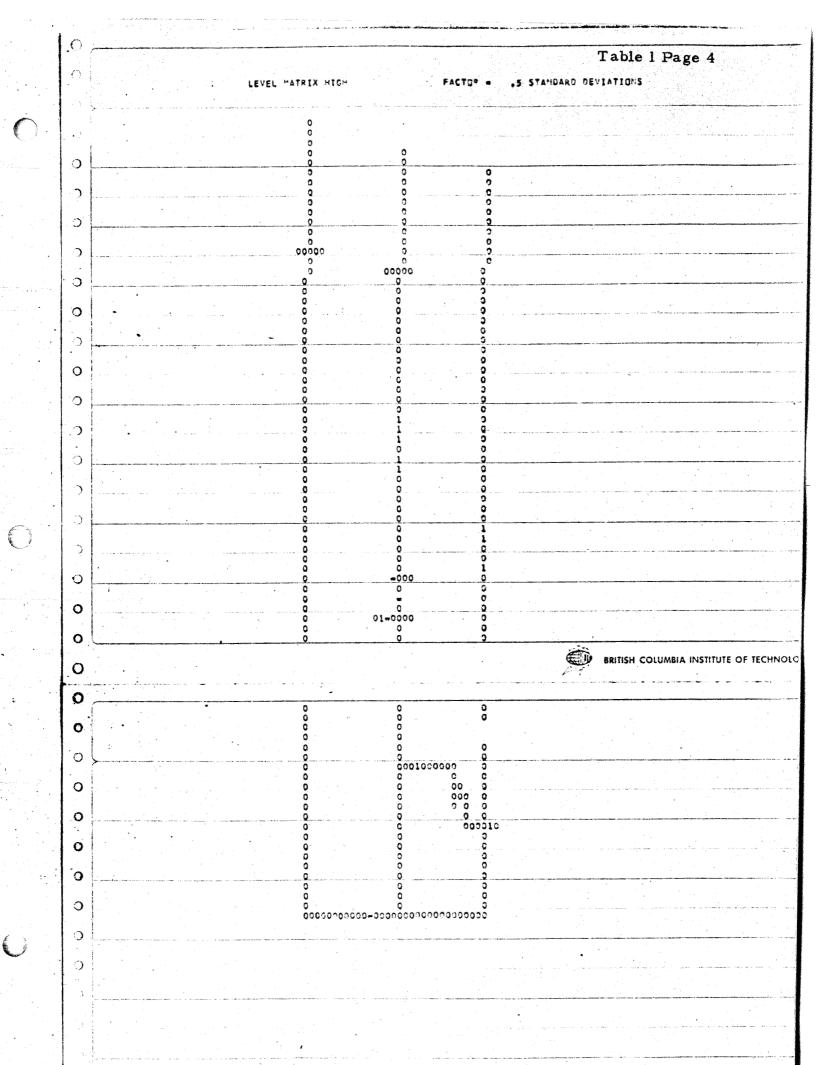
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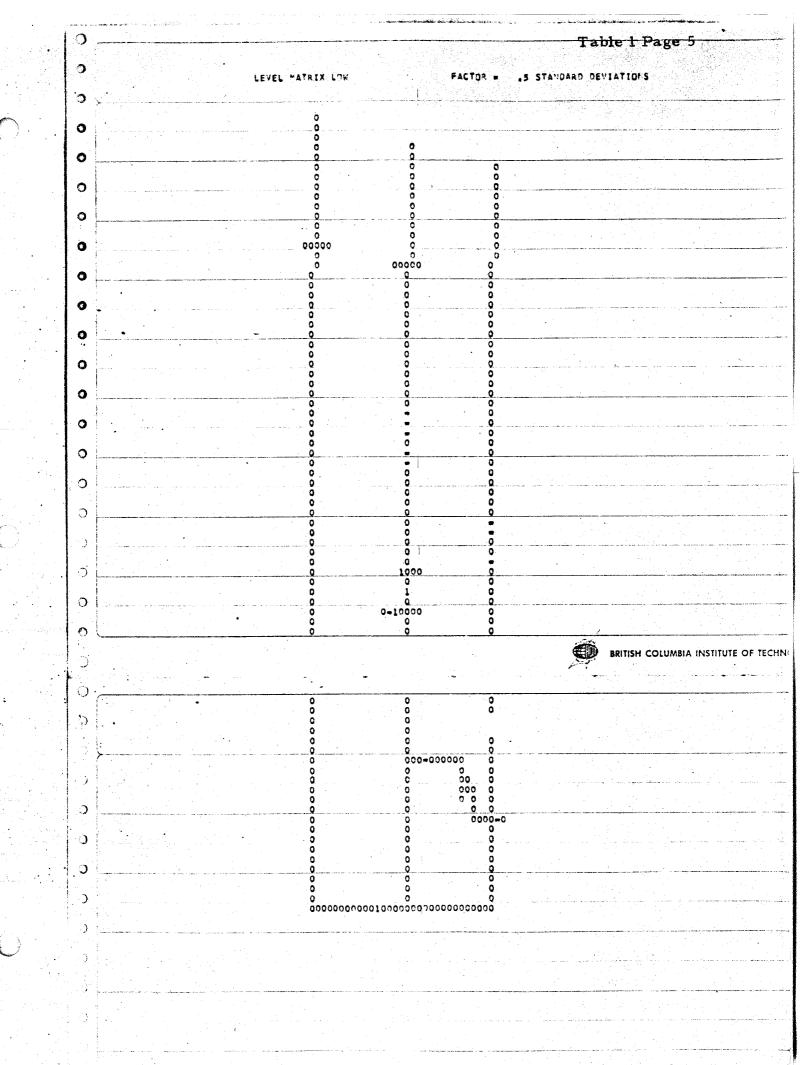


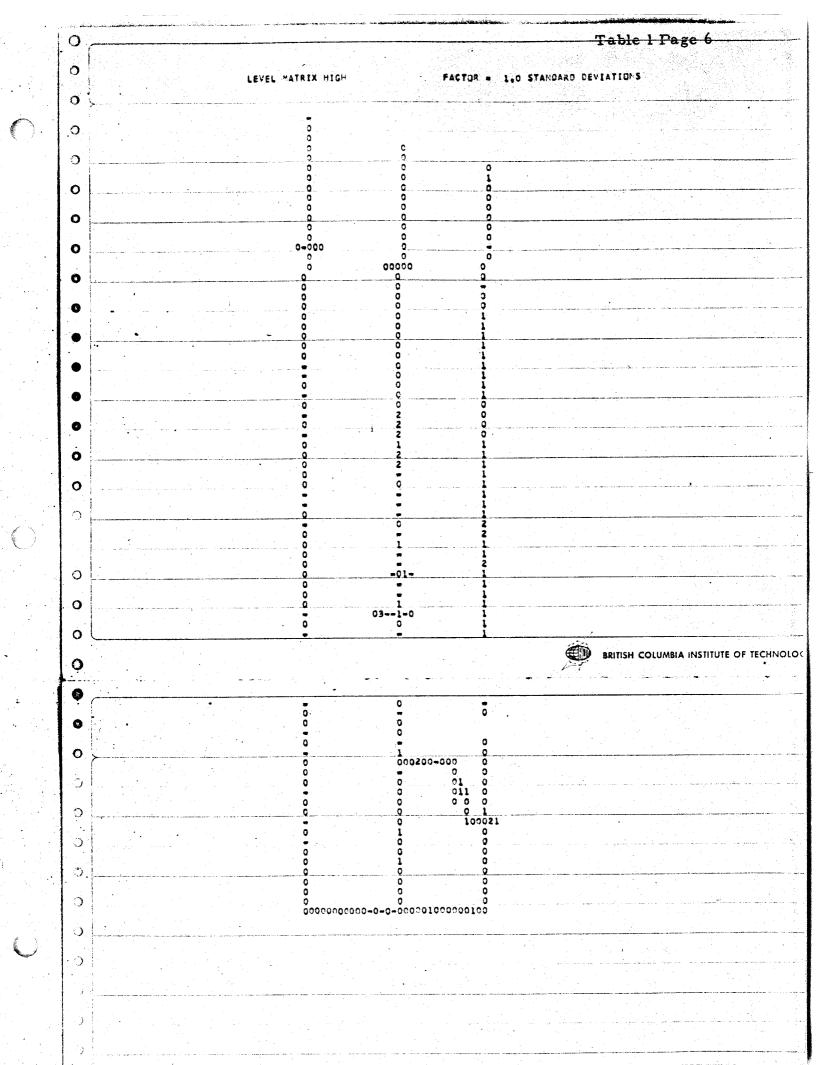
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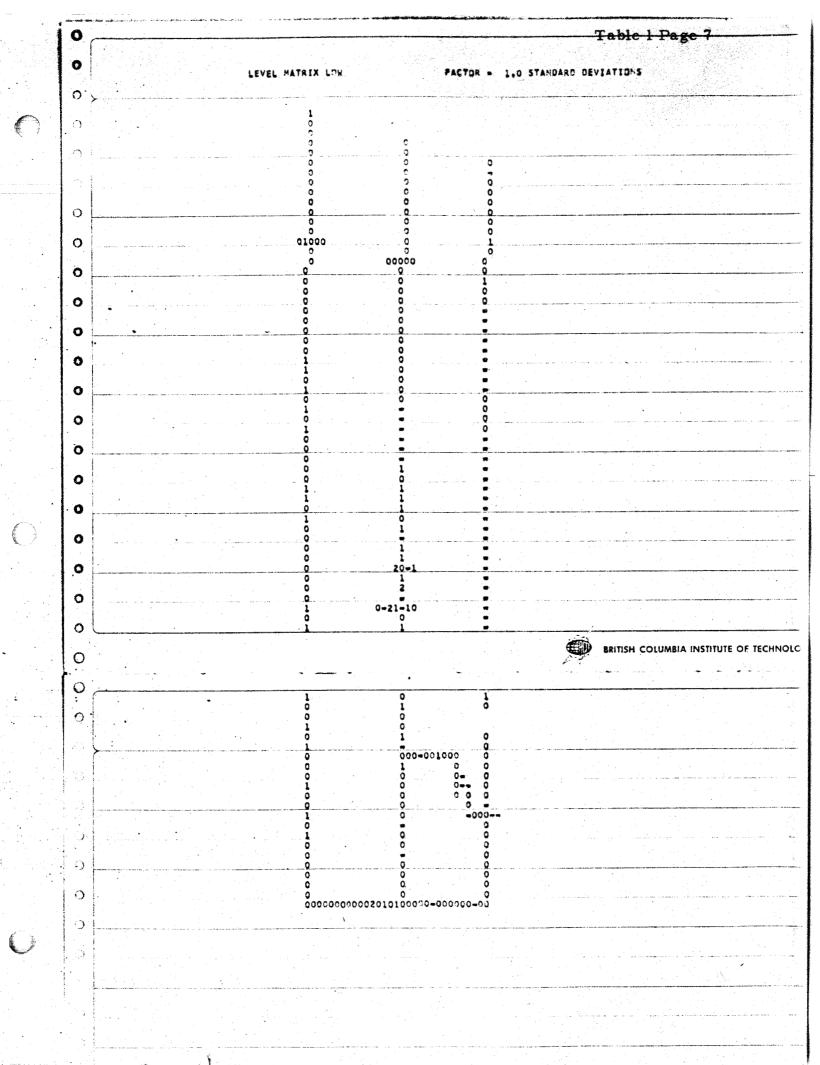




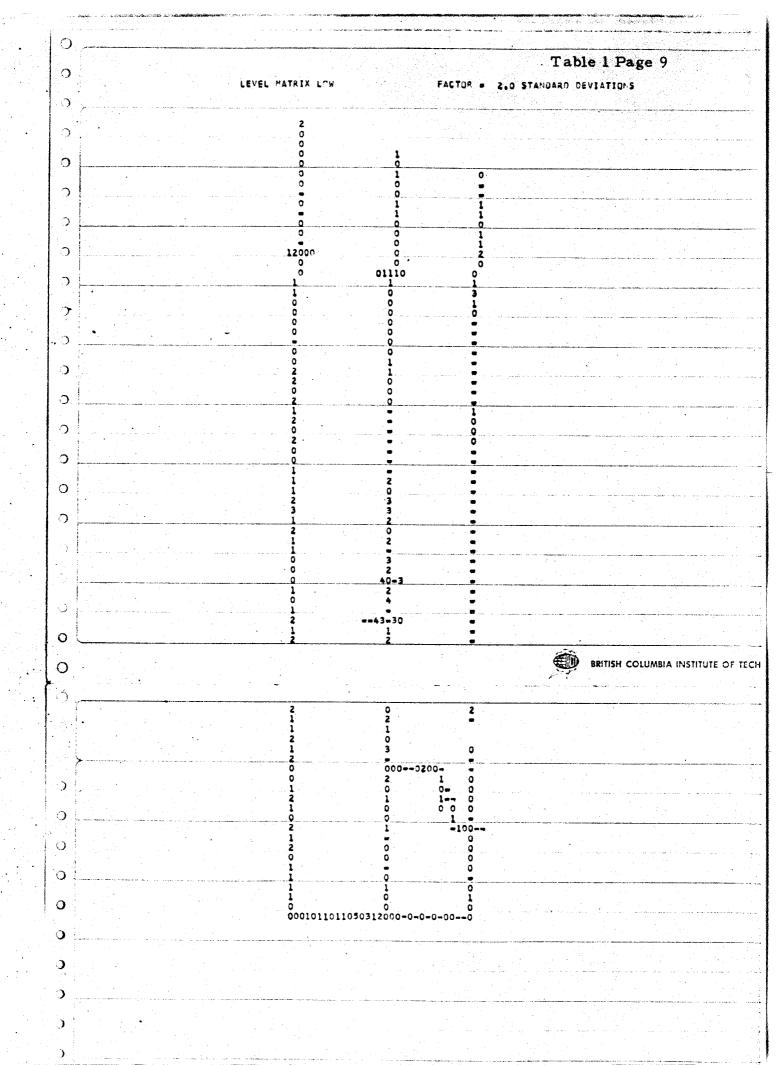


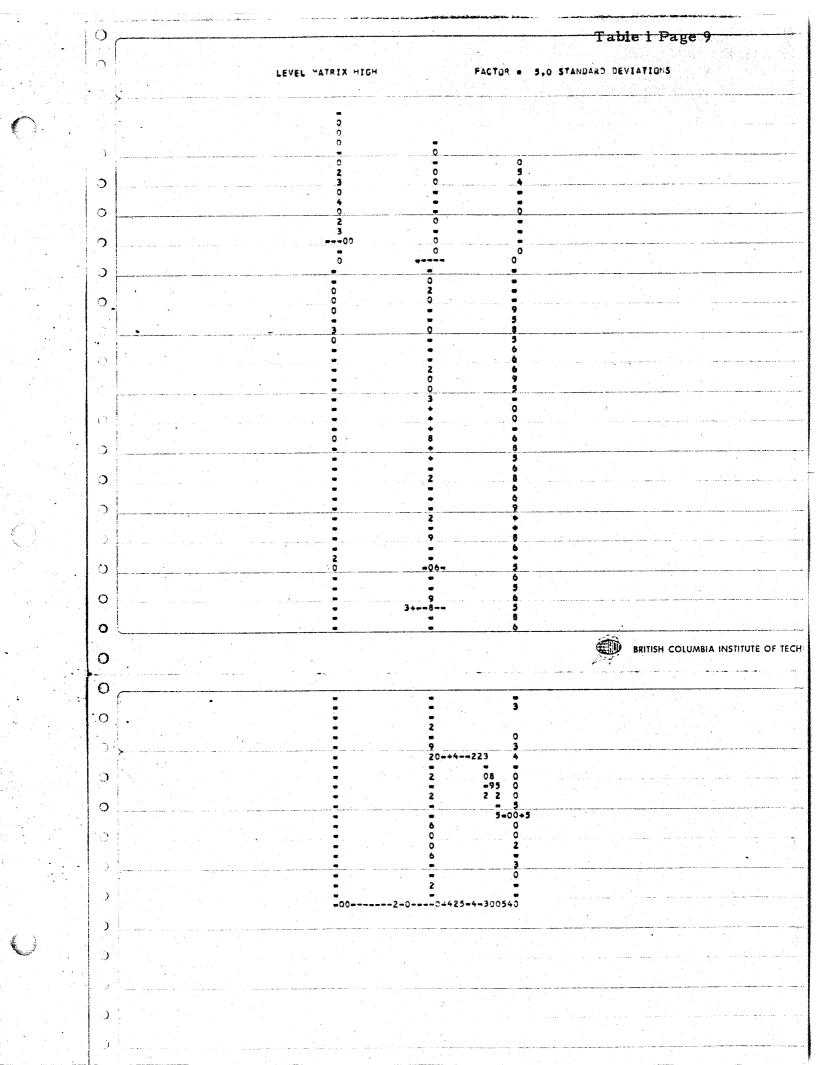


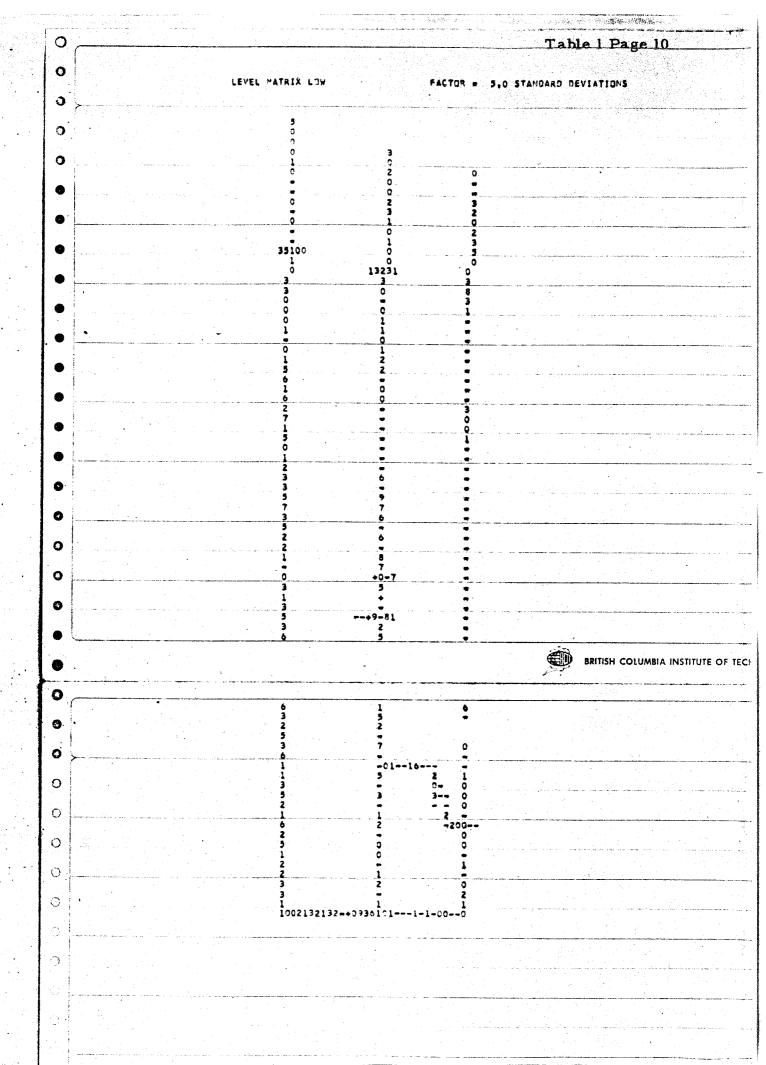




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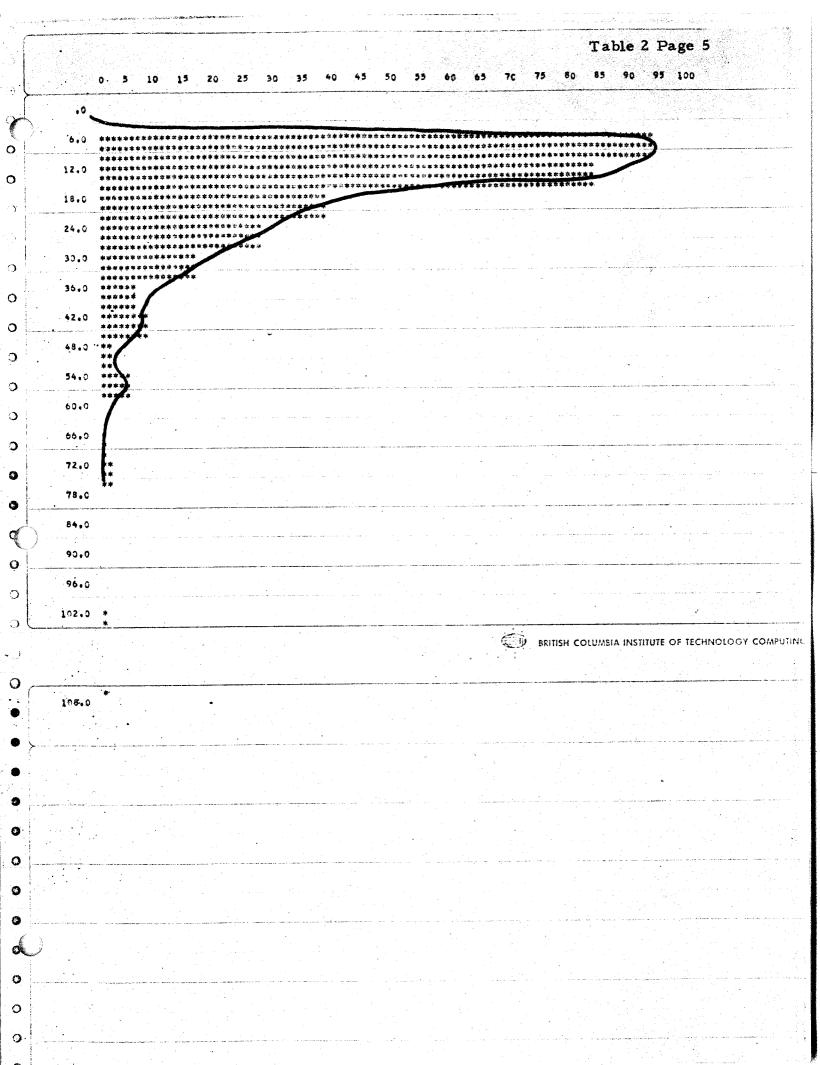
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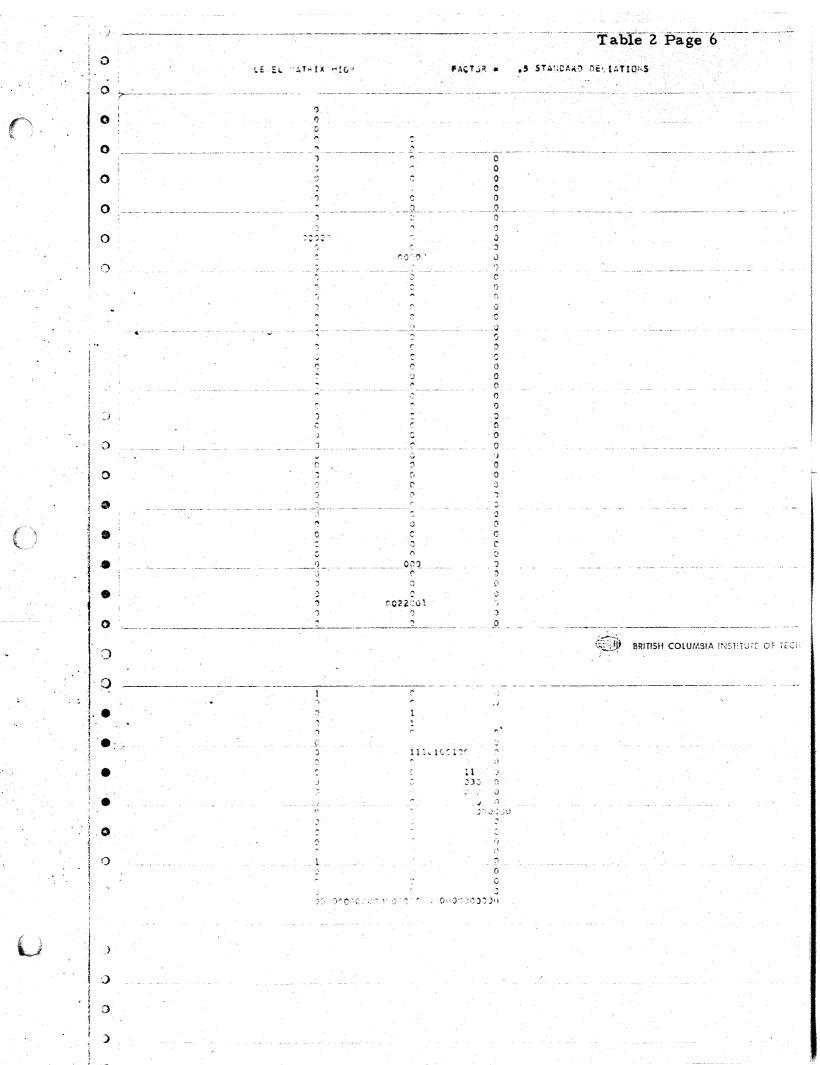
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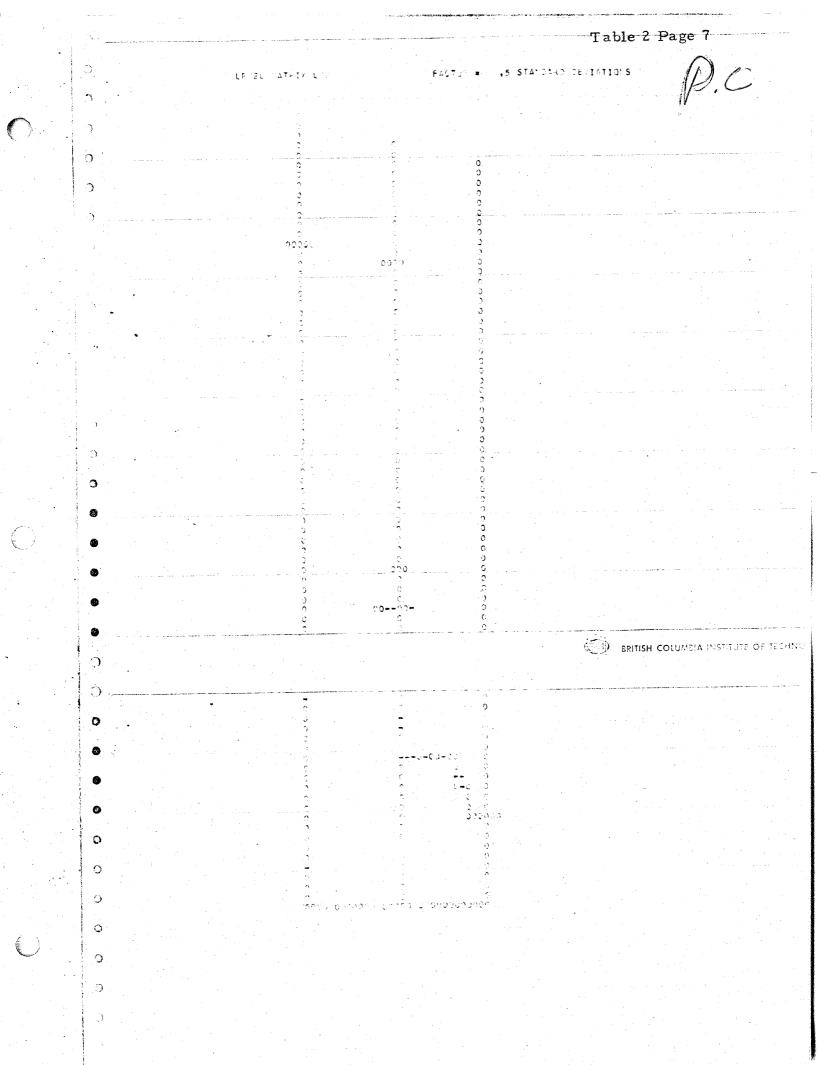
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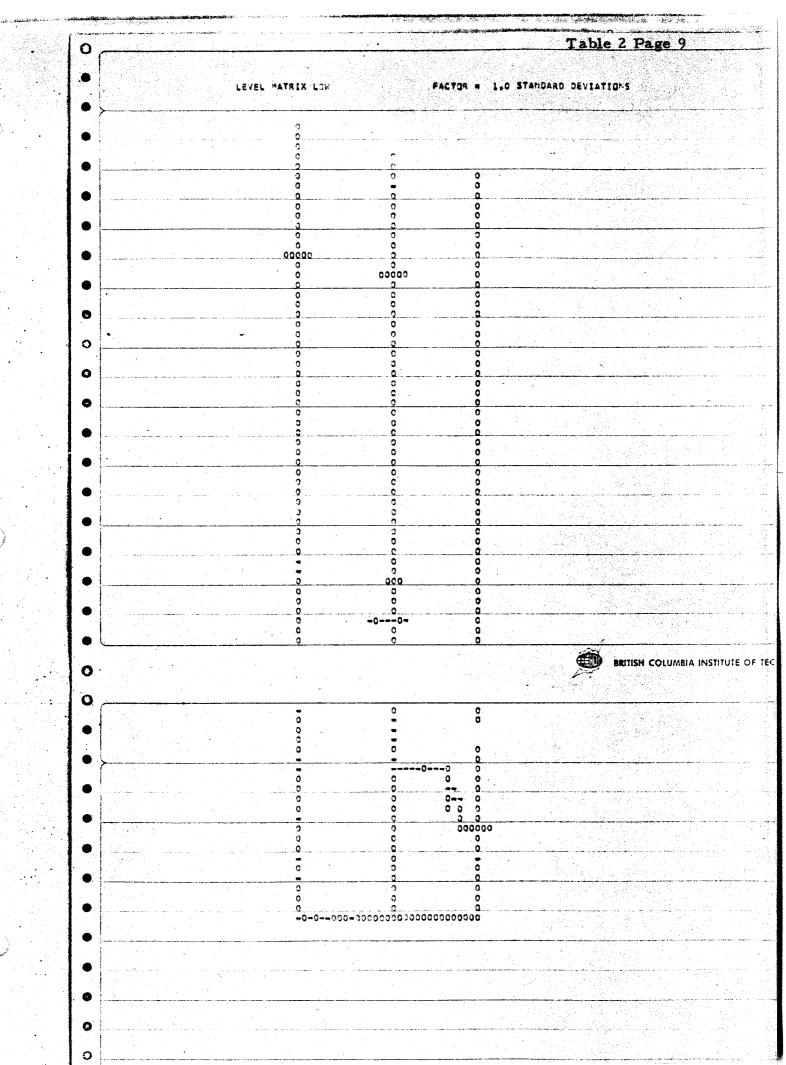
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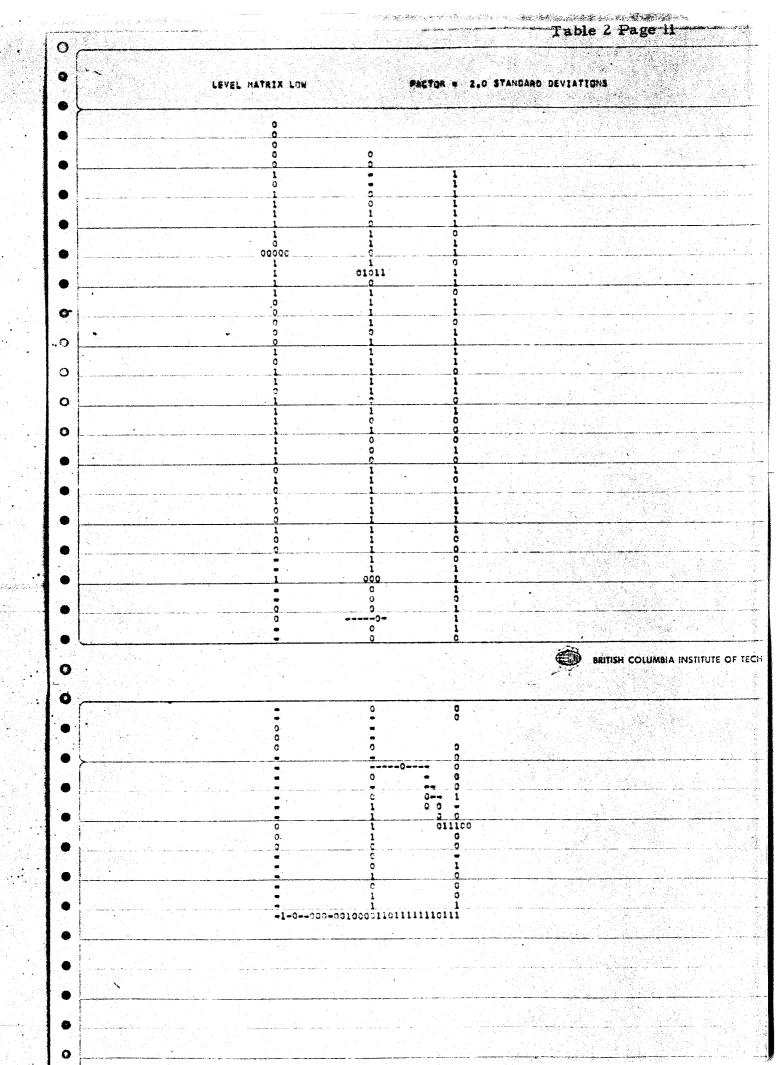




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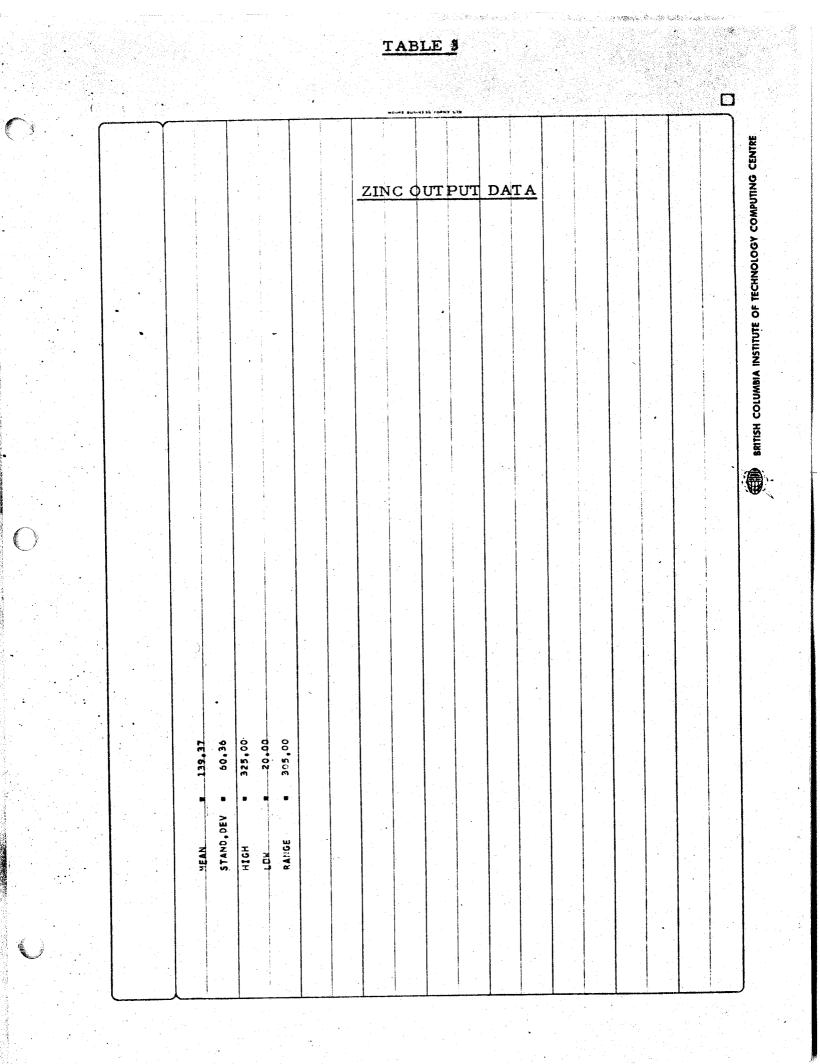


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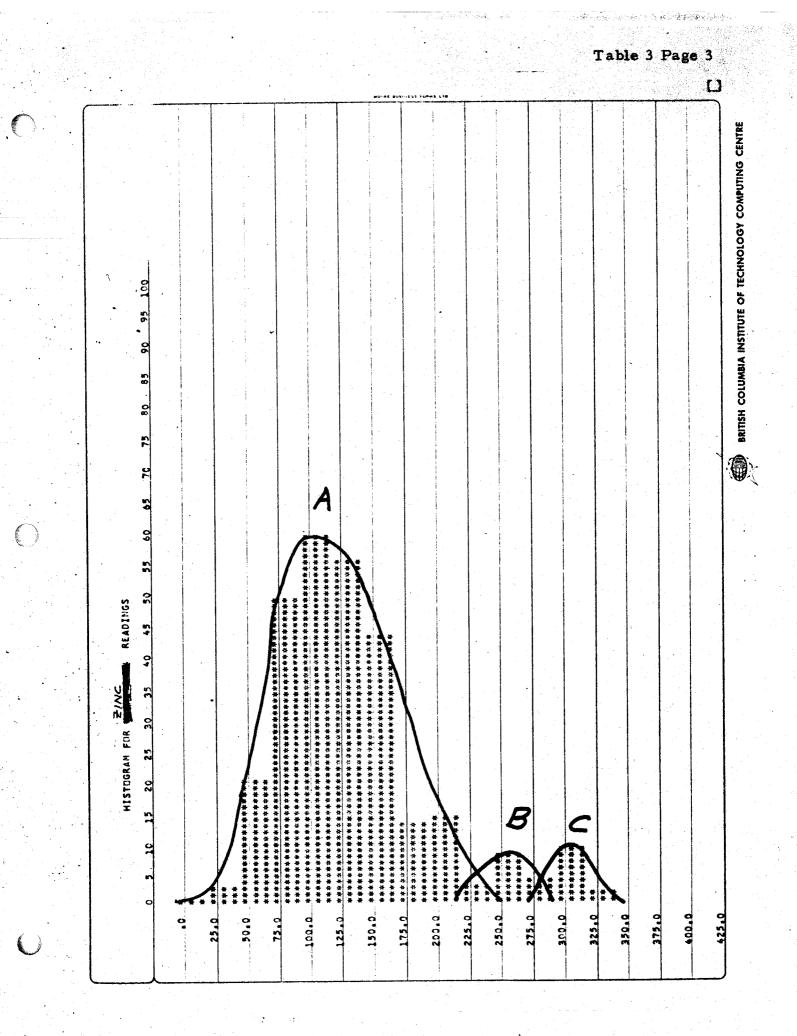
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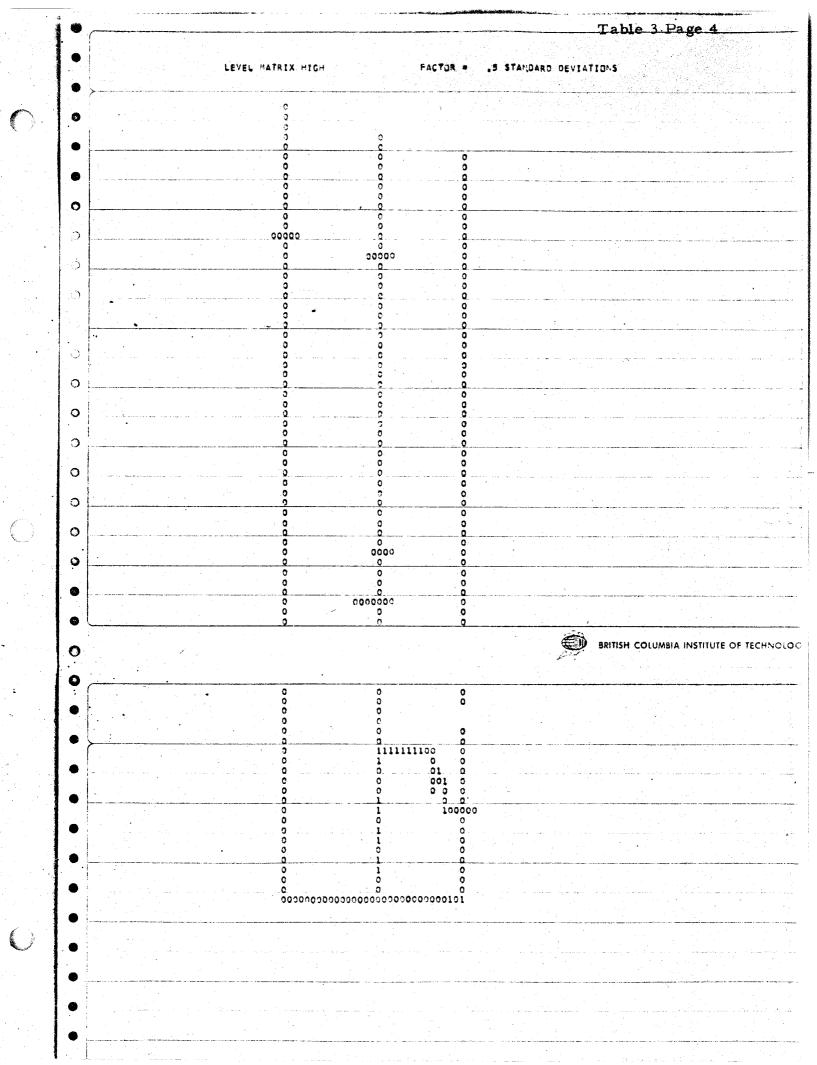
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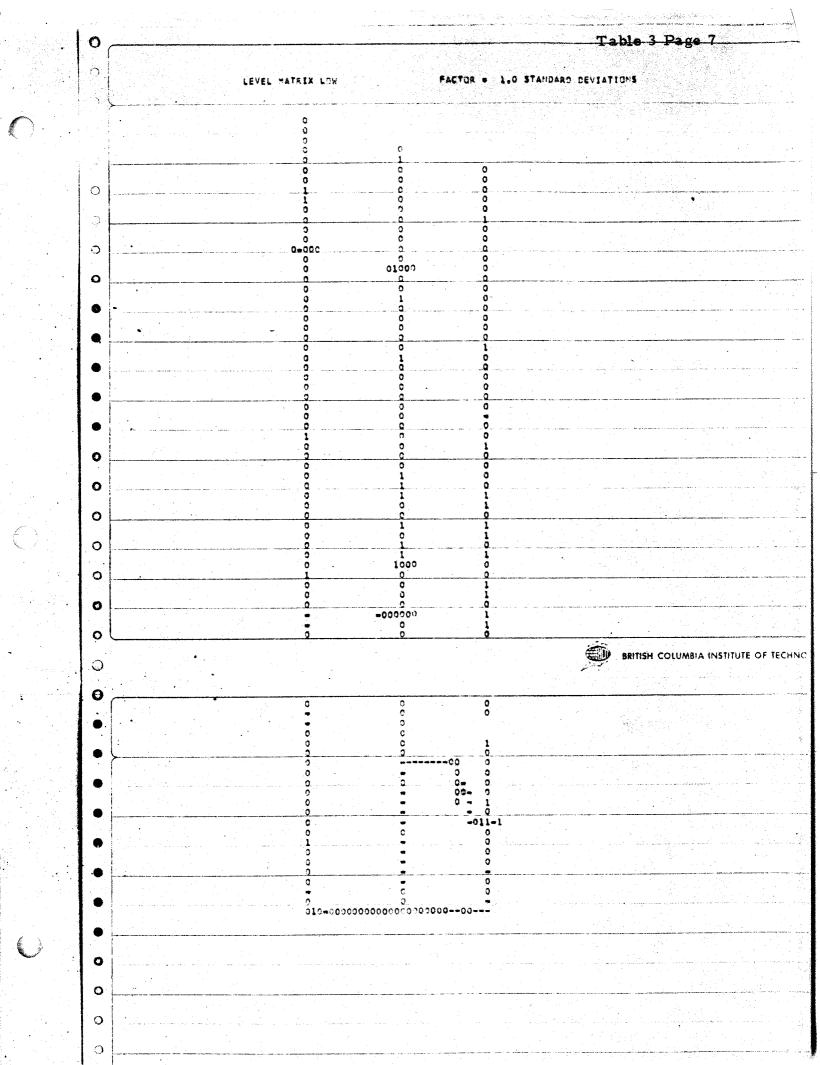


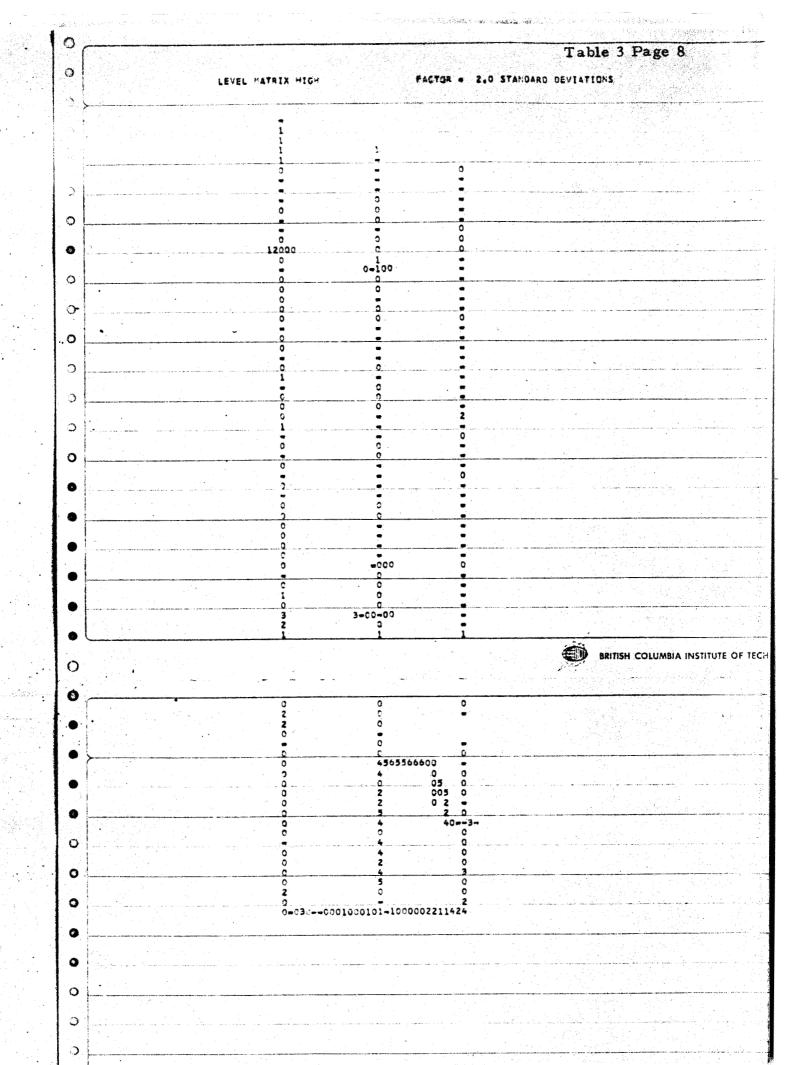
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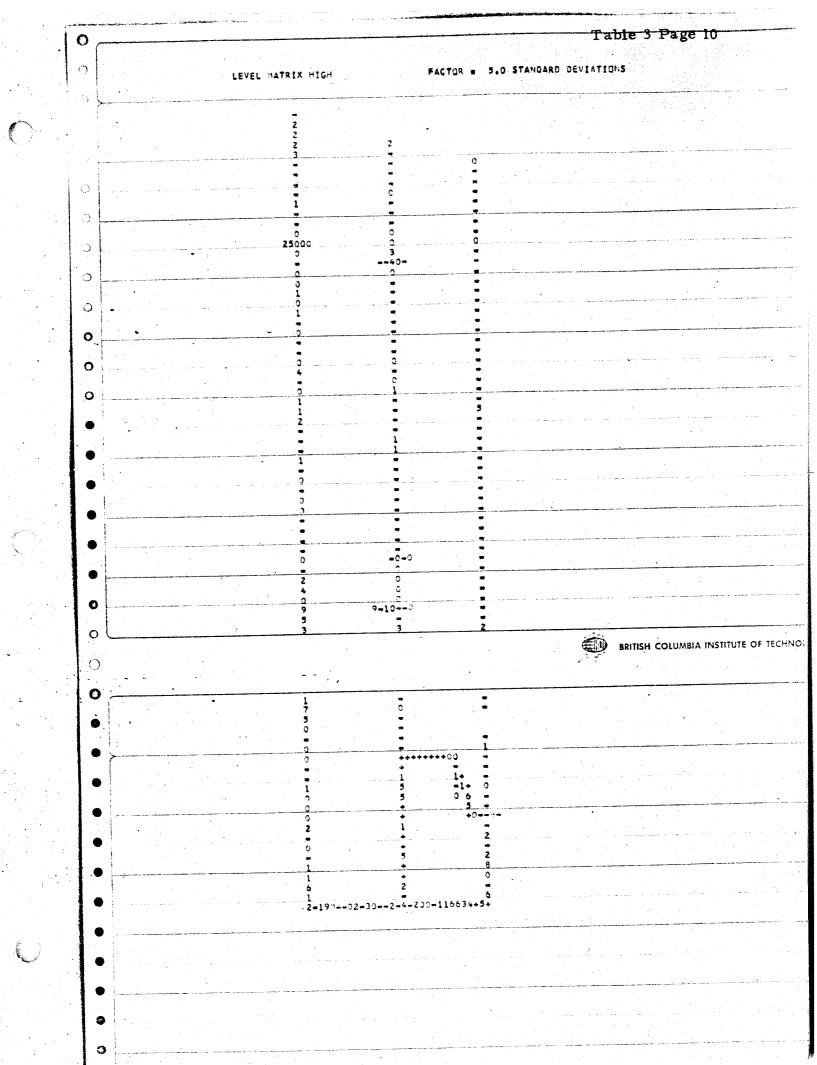
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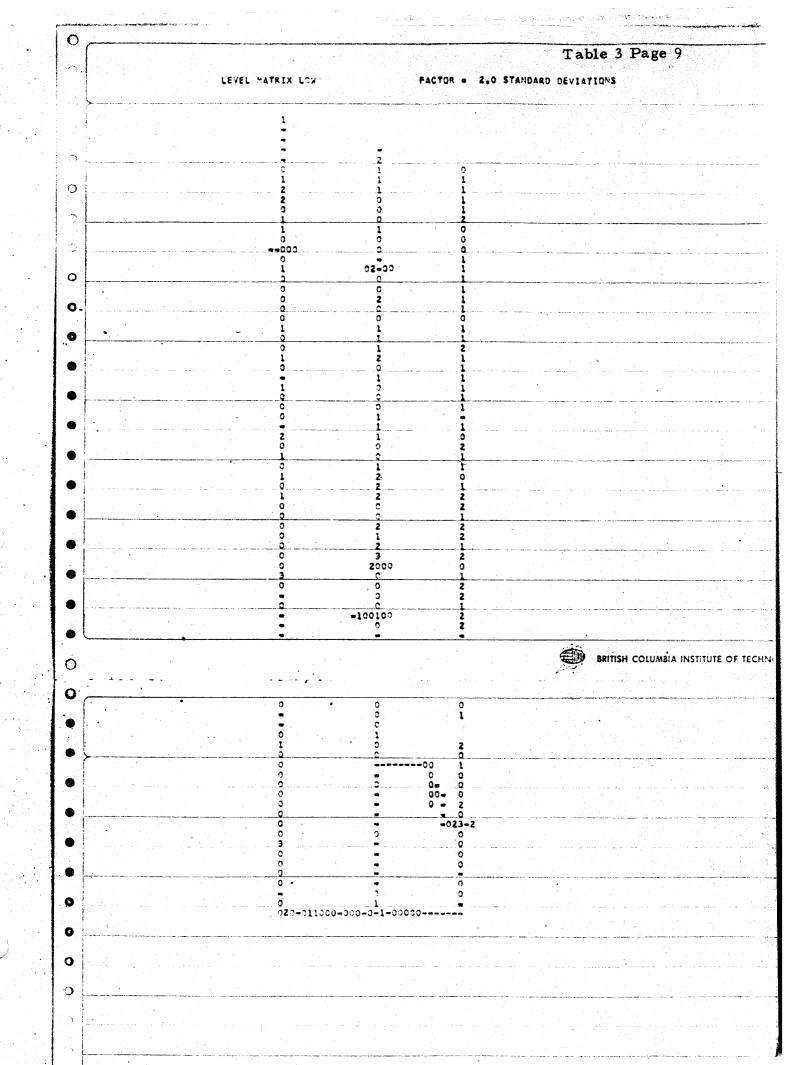
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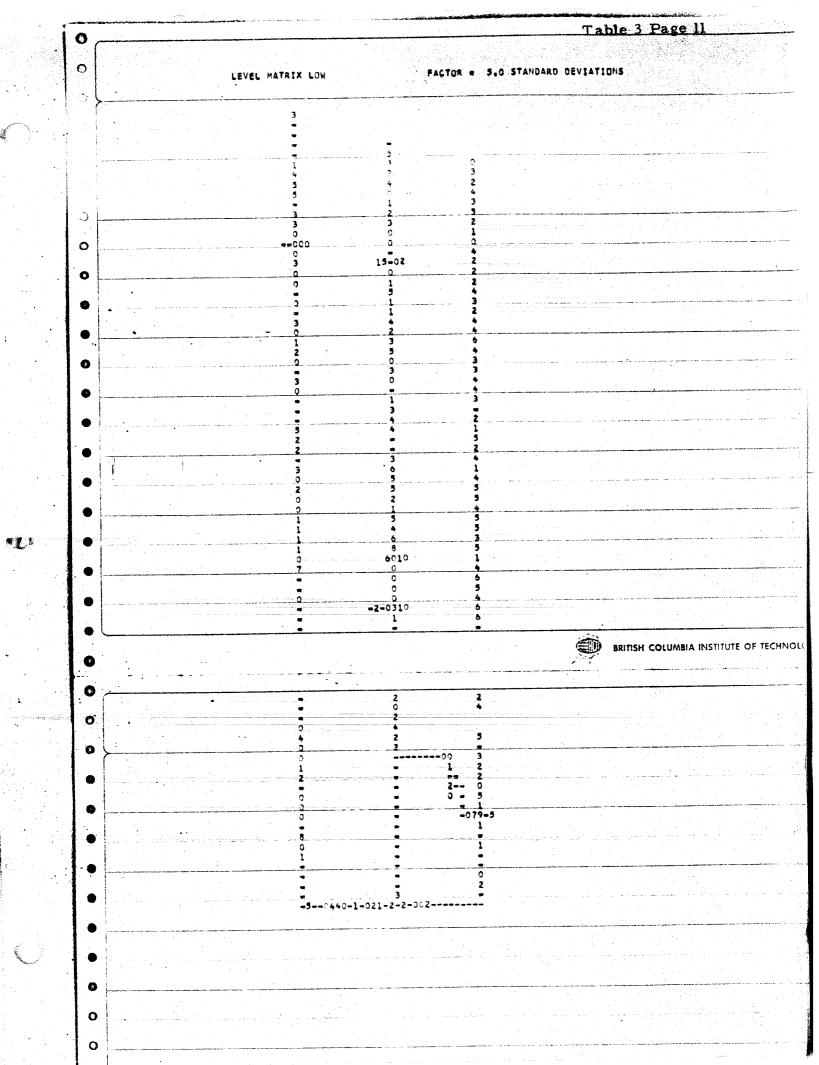
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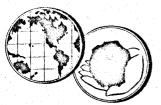












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Mineral Exploration Services

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Árpád Füstös B.S.F. / For Eng., B.Sc. Geologist

> William Pierre B.Sc. Mining Engineer

October 26, 1971

Mr. R. H. McCrimmon Chief Gold Commissioner Dept. of Mines & Petroleum Resources Parliament Buildings Victoria, B. C.

Dear Mr. McCrimmon:

RE; File No. 166 - Kamloops

Please accept my apologies in overlooking question No. 2 regarding the magnetometer data. All readings are in gammas and have been corrected for diurnal variations.

Yours very truly,

William H. Perre 12066

William H. Pierre, P. Eng.

WHP/mab

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Mr. R.H. McCrimmon		C.I.	
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Dear Mr. McCrimmon:

RE: File No. 166 - Kamloops

The following will hopefully answer all questions requested in your above referred letter dated October 7, 1971. Please pardon my delay in responding to your request, however I have been out of town during the past ten days.

- All diurnal variations for the magnetometer were treated in the usual fashion by balancing the daily variations equally with all readings for each day.
- 2) The Regional Magnetometer Map referred to is the Aeromagnetic Series, Map 5219G, sheet 921/14.
- All values shown on the Regional Geochemical Map are actual determinations for copper and zinc in parts per million (ppm).
- Please refer to the enclosed letter from Mr. B. B. Singh, Manager, Chemical Dept., of Warnock Hersey International Ltd. for the atomic absorption method used on the soil samples.

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5) The footages for both the magnetometer and geochemical survey as indicated on the Certificate of Work Affidavits for Maru Uranium Mines Ltd. and Mr. William M. Mallinson are in error. I am grateful for your department in noticing this discrepancy as it was obviously unintentional. The correct footages should read 18,400 ft. and 41,500 ft. for Maru Uranium Mines Ltd. and Mr. William M. Mallinson respectively. Since separate geochemical and magnetometer surveys were conducted, our rates of \$135/line mile apply to each.

The following calculations represent the adjusted costs for both Maru Uranium Mines Ltd. and Mr. William M. Mallinson,

MARU URANIUM MINES LTD.

 $\frac{(18,400 \text{ ft.}) (\$135/\text{line mile}) (2)}{(5,280 \text{ ft. /mi.})} = \940.00 Adjusted cost: \$1215.00 $\frac{940.90}{\$274.10}$

Allowable costs for Assessment Work:

\$1962.00274.00 adj. \$1688.00

Balance of monies required to maintain claims in good standing:

18 claims @\$100/claim \$1800.00 <u>1688.00</u> \$ 112.00

MR. WILLIAM M. MALLINSON

 $\frac{(41,500 \text{ ft.}) (\$135/\text{line mile}) (2)}{(5,280 \text{ ft.}/\text{mi.})} = \$2,122.15$ Adjusted cost: \$2,700.00 $\frac{2,122.15}{\$577.85}$

Page 3

Allowable costs for Assessment Work:

\$4,	317.	00
	577.	00
\$3,	740.	00

Balance of monies required to maintain claims in good standing:

40 claims @ \$100/claim

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Again, I appreciate your department's noting the above footage discrepancies. I have personally discussed the situation with both parties and assume full responsibility. I trust that you will find these corrections acceptable and upon your acknowledgement a cheque will be forwarded so that all claims may remain in good standing.

Yours very truly,

w.H. Perre

W.H. Pierre, P. Eng.

WHP/mab cc Maru Uranium Mines Ltd. Mr. William M. Mallinson WARNOCK HERBEY INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS

Routine Digestion Procedure for Soils

A one gram fraction of -80 mesh soil sample is digested in a mixture of nitric/perchloric acid. Approximately 95 % of the metal contained in the sample is brought into solution by digesting the sample at approximately 200° C for about three hours. Efficiency of the digestion is indicated by colour of the insoluble materials in the acid solutions.

Blimp nowager, clemical Dept

2 12 h# AAM . 6825 ON TROGAR THEINSCESSA Mines and Petroleum Resources Department of TREND G11 14 V N N 1200 290 1300 SLIII 062121 012/01 12/164 22/245 22/245 25/146 25/146 4/110 4/110 4/110 atter .

