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Report of the Induced Polarization And Resistivity Survey, Allendale Lake Area Lease Nos. 27521-30, 28552-55, 15423-35 28407-08, 28413-18 and 28441-44; Osoyoos Mining Division, Lat.49°00'N, Long.119°20'W British Columbia

by

Laurie E. Reed, P. Eng., Chief Geophysicist, Selco Mining Corporation Limited (Exploration Division)

for

Lessees: R.G. Ewers, R.W. McLean and R. Beaupre, And Assignee of Claims: Selco Exploration Co. Ltd.,

Dates of Work: October 27 to November 5, 1971

Department of Mines and Petroleum Resources ASSESSMENT REPORT NO. 3481 MAP

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#1	Location Map, Allendal Lake	1" = 2 miles
J. AL. 777	Chargeability pole-dipole, n=1, a=400 ft.	l" = 400 ft.
3 AL.775	Resistivity pole-dipole, n=1, a=400 ft.	l" = 400 ft.
4 AL.776	Chargeability pole-dipole, n=1, a=800 ft.	1" = 400 ft.
5 AL. 774	Resistivity pole-dipole, n=1, a=800 ft. (map includes claim location map	l" = 400 ft. l" = 2640 ft.)
(AL.783	Chargeability and Resistivity Detail pole-dipole, n=1, a=100 ft. and a=200 ft.	l" = 400 ft.

SEIGEL ASSOCIATES LIMITED

GEOPHYSICAL CONSULTANTS & CONTRACTORS • A DIVISION OF SCINTREX LIMITED

EXEC.

November 16, 1971 Invoice No. BC 11106

Color Franking Company Limited	
Selco Exploration Company Limited	AD AD
Sixth Floor, 55 Yonge Street	EOP
Toronto 1, Ontario	ANSWER
Attention: Mr. L. E. Reed	REC'D NOV 191971
Chief Geophysicist	
	FOR INFO. JSA
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FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES RENDERED:	LERIA
To execute an induced polarization survey on your beha	lf. Okanagan
Falls area. British Columbia as per our contract dated	October 22, 1971.
lallo aloa, prioton octampia ap por our concrace adeca	
Induced Polarization Services:	
3 days mobilization and demobilization @ \$260.00/day	\$780.00
8 $1/2$ days production @ \$340 00/day	2 890 00
<u> </u>	2,000.00
11 $1/2$ days possible for period	
l cook as required - 12 days @ \$27.50/day	330.00
•)
Field Expenses at Cost: Additions &	lah
Food and Lodging \$532.41 Extensions cliester	2 40
Truck Expenses 279.30 hoppoved for	M
Telephone & Postage 45.00	1 1 2
Travel & Field Expenses 16.98	NO
Shipping 10.35 stch No	
\$884.04	
Plus 10 percent 88.40	
\$972.44	972.44
Total:	\$4,972.44
Less: Deposit	2,400.00
Barrie Harris La	
Balance Due:	\$2,572.44

Terms: D

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Due when rendered. Any amounts outstanding after 30 days will bear interest at the rate of 1 percent per month.

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750 - 890 WEST PENDER STREET

E. & O. E. VANCOUVER 1, BRITISH COLUMBIA

TELEPHONE 682-7701 AREA CODE (604)

INTRODUCTION

During the period October 27 to November 5, 1971 an induced polarization and resistivity survey was carried out over the Allendale Lake area. This area lies some 10 miles east-northeast of Okanagan Falls, B.C. The property is located in the Osoyoos Mining Division of British Columbia.

The survey area is underlain by several zones of a syenite intrusive. The purpose of the survey was to investigate several zones of sulphide mineralization within the intrusive. The mineralization is seen around grid line zero near the baseline.

The field work was carried out by Seigel Associates Ltd. under the direction of Chris Zogg, a geophysical operator on the staff of Seigel Associates Ltd. A crew of four men assisted the geophysical operator throughout this survey. Overall supervision and planning of the work was by Selco Exploration Co. Ltd.

Scintrex Mk VII time domain induced polarization equipment was employed on this property. The transmitting unit had a rating of 2.5 kilowatts using equal on and off times of 2.0 seconds. The receiving unit was remotely triggered by the rising and falling primary voltages set up in the ground by the transmitter. The integration of the transient polarization voltages takes place over 0.65 seconds after a 0.45 second delay time, following the termination of the current-on pulse.

Three electrode arrays (or pole-dipole, n = 1 arrays) with "a" spacings of 400 feet and 800 feet were used. Readings were on a 400 foot interval. Three electrode arrays with "a" spacings of 100 feet and 200 feet were used for detail over the central portion of the grid. These readings were on a 200 foot interval. Electrode orientations and plotting points are indicated on the drawings. The basic grid consists of ten lines from Line 8 North to Line 32 South, which with one exception are 400 feet apart. The baseline is oriented 23° east of north. The lines generally extend from 28 West to 28 East, however alternate lines are shorter. As well some lines were shorter due to rugged topography.

In all 6.9 line miles each of pole-dipole, n = 1, a = 400 feet and a = 800 feet surveying were carried out. As well 1.6 line miles each of pole-dipole n = 1, a = 100 feet and 200 feet detail surveying were carried out. Detail coverage was on lines 0, 4 South, 8 South and 12 South.

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DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The plan contours of the pole-dipole n = 1, 2 = 400 feet results (Drg. AL.777) show a number of high zones having values from 10.0 to 13.0 milliseconds out of a background of 3.0 to 4.0 milliseconds. When observed in consideration of the resistivity response (drg. AL.775) the chargeability zones to the east and west are seen to lie along the margins of resistive highs. It is apparent in the resistivities that zoning of the intrusive is being observed. The behaviour of the chargeabilities suggests that an increase of metallic mineralization occurs along the margin of these zones.

The chargeability highs seen north-central on the grid are in a rather different setting. Although possibly relating to the limited resistive high noted there, the chargeability highs would seem to identify zones of higher metallics within the central intrusive phase. These highs in part are identified by the mineralization noted on the surface.

The detail on line zero (drg. AL.783) has revealed a fairly shallow near-surface and strong source just of the baseline. A concentration of metallic mineralization is indicated. This response while closed off to the south is indicated to extent north on the a = 400 feet map and is open to the north.

The a = 800 feet chargeability map (drg. AL.776) generally supports the a = 400 feet map, however some changes in behaviour of the sources in depth are noted. The shallow response noted in the detail apparently disappears or is too narrow to be detected. The stronger response at 8 West on line 8 North continues. Possibly the electrodes have been placed near a near-surface, fairly chargeable body of sufficient size to be observed on the larger electrode

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spacing. This response remains open to the north. The resistivity contact related responses (drgs. AL.776 and AL.774) remain although these are somewhat subdued and changed in distribution. Apparently the implied contact mineralization continues to depth.

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CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS

Two kinds of metallic mineralization settings have been identified in this survey. One would appear to be fairly concentrated small zones within the central phase of the intrusive. The other would appear to be weaker mineralization of broader distribution related to contacts between phases of the intrusive.

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An investigation of the geology around these anomalies should be carried out in order to identify the source of the chargeability highs. As well the geochemical sampling programme should be extended from the anomalies toward the north in the direction of their apparent trend in order to determine the economic potential of the geophysical responses.

The present survey has not been carried far enough to give sufficient definition to the anomalies. It is recommended that given sufficient encouragement from geology and geochemistry the induced polarization survey be extended north and west in order to fully define the extent and nature of these responses.

Considerations relating to drilling should await the results of these further investigations.



Jane heed

L.E. Reed

January 7, 1972.

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, Laurie E. Reed, of R.R. 3, Milton, Ontario state that:

- (1) I am a graduate of Engineering Physics from the University of Waterloo (1964);
- (2) I am a member of the Association of Professional Engineers of the Province of Ontario;
- (3) I am a member of the Association of Professional Engineers of the Province of Manitoba;
- (4) I am an active member of the Society of Exploration Geophysicists;
- (5) I am an active member of the European Society of Exploration Geophysicists;
- (6) I am a member of the Canadian Society of Exploration Geophysicists;
- (7) I am Chief Geophysicist of Selco Mining Corporation Limited(Exploration Division);
- (8) I have practised my profession as a mining exploration geophysicist since 1964.



Jane Keel

L.E. Reed, P. Eng., Chief Geophysicist, Selco Mining Corporation Ltd., Exploration Division.

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