

ON

THE BARN, NIVEN, SNO, PIKE, ICE & BEAR CLAIMS

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SUSTUT PEAK AREA

OMINECA MINING DIVISION

by

W. MEYER, P. Eng.

(Work done on behalf of DORITA SILVER MINES LTD. (N.P.L.)

Claims: Sno I - 24; Niven 1 - 48; Barn I - 48; Pike 1 - 22; Ice 1 - 3; Bear 1 - 16

Location: 22 miles west-northwest of Johanson Lake 4 miles west of Moose Valley 56° 43' 126° 47'

Owner: M. I

M. Bratlien; T. Cross

Dates:

July 30 - August 15, 1973

November 12, 1973

Department of			
Mines and Patrolaum Resources			
ASSESSMERT REPORT			
NO. 4710 МАР			

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SUMMARY

Dorita Silver Mines Ltd. (N.P.L.) in early 1973 optioned 142 full sized mineral claims in the Sustut Peak area of Northern B.C. The claims were optioned on the basis of their geological environment and proximity to a recently discovered significant copper deposit in that area.

A general exploration programme was undertaken whose object was to make a geological assessment of the claim area. Reconnaissance geological mapping, prospecting and three types of geochemical surveys were carried out.

A number of showings were found in the course of the general programme. Chalcocite mineralization associated with quartz and calcite stringers is found in many of the shear zones in the Takla Group rocks. Minor chalcopyrite mineralization is spatially related to scattered narrow porphyry dykes.

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- A Contraction

INTRODUCTION

The following report is based on field work carried out by the staff of W. Meyer & Associates Ltd. on behalf of Dorita Silver Mines Ltd. (N.P.L.) on the 142 optioned BARN, NIVEN, SNOW and PIKE claims. The claims are located on a tributary of Moosevale Creek in the Sustut Peak Area, 140 miles north northeast of Smithers, B.C.

A programme of mapping, prospecting, soil and silt sampling was carried out during the period July 30 – August 15, 1973. The object of the programme was to make a geological assessment of the optioned claims.

At the time of the programme, the majority of the area was snow free and the weather generally good.

A number of small showings were found during the course of the surveys. Although some were of high grade, none were of significant extent.

LOCATION and ACCESS

The Dorita Silver block of claims is located 22 miles west-northwest of Johanson Lake, 4 miles west of Moose Valley and 140 miles north of Smithers. The claims are centred around latitude 56° 43' N and longitude 126° 47' W.

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Considering the apparent remoteness of the area, access is relatively good. Airstrips at Moose Valley and/or Johanson Lake are serviced 3 times per week by scheduled flights from Smithers via T.P.A. (Otter) or Prince George and McKenzie via N.T.Air (Twin Otter). Both services connect with flights of the major carriers servicing the Northern Interior of the province. Two or more helicopters available on a casual basis were stationed at Johanson Lake throughout the summer.

The claims are reached by a 5 minute helicopter trip from the Moose Valley strip or a 15 minute flight from Johanson Lake.

PHYSIOGRAPHY

The claim group lies in an area of strong local relief with valleys just below 5,000 feet and the peaks just above 7,000 feet.

The tree line is just above 5,000 feet and above this level a large proportion of the area is made up of ridges, peaks and talus slopes.

Below the tree line the vegetation is made up of jackpine and spruce usually of moderate diameter.

Intense glaciation has been the dominant landform control producing cirques, aretes and U-shaped valleys. The valleys, however, have only a thin layer of moraine left in them due to their immature nature.

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North facing slopes were generally scarp slopes while the south facing slopes were generally dip slopes. Talus was ubiquitous at the base of all these slopes.

An even drainage pattern was present over the whole area with the majority of the streams in the claim group draining into the lake from whence the water flowed into Moosevale Creek.

HISTORY

The area has a colourful early history centred around the fur trade and the establishment of Fort Connelly on Bear Lake by the Hudson's Bay Company in 1826 and a gold rush sparked by the discovery of placer gold on McConnell Creek in 1899. The period around 1899 and two subsequent periods of activity did not result in any substantial finds of placer or lode gold.

Prospecting for base metals has been intermittant over the years with early emphasis on small high grade occurrences in the Takla Group rocks and later emphasis on the Omineca intrusions in the search for porphyry type occurrences. In 1971, Falconbridge Nickel Mines Ltd. discovered a large high grade copper occurrence in Takla Volcanics on the north-west side of Sustut River near Sustut Peak. Geological reserves published at the end of the 1972 season were 30 million tons grading 1.25% copper. During the 1973 season, exploration by Falconbridge continued at

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a high level, at one point employing 5 diamond drills and a large exploration crew headquartered at Moose Valley. S. 64

In 1973 Dorita Silver Mines Ltd. (N.P.L.) optioned a group of claims thought to be located in a similar geological environment approximately 4 miles northwest of the Falconbridge main showing.

CLAIMS

The group consists of 142 claims whose claim lines run on a bearing of 288°. They form a block eight claims wide and varying from twenty-four claims long on the west side to eleven claims in length on the east side. The block is located in the Omineca Mining Division of Brittsh Columbia. The claims are:

Claim	Record No.	Date Recorded
Sno # 1 - 24	120725 - 748	March 6, 1973
Niven [#] I - 48	120867 - 914	March 6, 1973
Barn [#] I – 48	120797 - 844	March 6, 1973
Pike [#] ! - 22	120845 - 866	March 6, 1973

Close examination of the claim lines and exact location of all the witness posts reveals that the claim block in reality is disjointed and shorter in dimensions than is shown on the idealized sketch.(see Fig. 2).

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During the programme, a total of 19 claims were staked to cover showings on the north side and fractions between Dorita and Falconbridge ground on the south.

These claims are as follows:

Claim	Record No.	Date Recorded
lce #1 - 3	127675 - 127677	August 21, 1973
Bear #1 - 16	127678 - 127693	August 21, 1973

For assessment purposes it is recommended that work be applied to 80 claims (per agreement) as outlined on the claim sketch (Fig. 2) and listed in the table below:

Claim	Record No.
Bear I - 14	123878 - 223691
Niven 1 - 4	120867 - 120870
Niven 6	120872
Niven 25 - 40	120891 - 120906
Barn 1 - 12	120797 - 120808
Barn 25 – 32	120821 - 120828
Barn 34	120830
Barn 36	120832
Barn 38	120834
Barn 40	120836
Barn 42	120838
Barn 44	120840
Barn 46	120842

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All Contractions

Claim	Record No.
Sno 1 - 6	120725 ~ 120730
Sno 19	120743
Pike 3 - 10	120847 - 120854
lce 1 - 3	127675 - 127677

GEOLOGY

The Sustut area is underlain by sedimentary and volcanic rocks ranging in age from Paleozoic to Tertiary. The older formations are intruded by crystalline rocks of the Omineca Batholith (Jurassic Age) and narrow dykes and small stocks of feldspar porphyry and quartz feldspar porphyry, probably related to the Kastberg Intrusions (Tertiary Age) which are mapped in the south of the area.

The claim group is almost entirely underlain by Takla Group rocks. Near the north boundary, the Takla rocks are in fault contact with Asitka Group and in the south are intruded by narrow dykes of feldspar porphyry and quartz feldspar porphyry. The porphyry dykes have a close spatial relationship to several of the showings.

Within the Takla Group 6 subdivisions were identified as mappable units. These are listed below in terms of C.S. Lord's broad stratigraphic divisions (C.S. Lord – G S C Memoir 251 and Map No. 962A).

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Lower Takla (Lord's Map Unit 3a)

 Basic and intermediate lavas with phenocrysts of augite (referred to as augite porphyry). A fine to coarse agglomerate whose fragments of 1/2! to 6" size are often suspended in a coarse "hufficience.us@matrix.

Upper Takla - Older part (Lord's Map Unit 4)

 Reddish agglomerætæjetuffs, massive feldspar porphyry flows.

4. Purple agglomerates.

Upper Takla – Younger part (Lord's Map Unit 5a)

- 5. Limestone.
- Thick succession of shale, argillite, greywacke and conglomerate with minor fine tuffs and flows.

The overall structure is synclined resulting from block flauhting rather than folding to Faultsingark most of the contactal between the majorestratgraphic divisions, thus accounting for the discrepancy between the current mapping (showing the majority of the claims underlain by Upper Takla or Lord's Unit 5a) and G S C mapping (showing the area to be underlain by Lower Takla or Lord's Unit 3a). The best evidence for this is in good bed rock exposures in the extreme north ("ICE" claims) where a thick succession of sediments (Lord's Unit 5a) overlie purple agglomerates (Lord's Unit 4) and both are clearly in fault contact with rocks of the Asitka Group.

Some of the rocks show evidence of having undergone low grade metamorphism which in places may be due to regional effects and locally may be due to the intrusion of the porphyry dykes.

The general geology of the claim area is shown on Figure 3 drawn on a scale of $1" = 1,000^{\circ}$.

MINERALIZATION

Numerous small occurrences of mineralization were found on the claim group. Typically malachite, minor chalcocite and traces of bornite occur with quartz or calcite stringers along faults or small shear zones.

Malachite, chalcopyrite and traces bornite occur in quartz veins or small tenses and pods of calcite in the sheared rocks near porphyry dykes.

The locations of showings are shown on Figure 3 and are briefly described below:

Showing

Location

Remarks

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Ice Claims

Malaöhite & chalcocite in fault in purple tuff

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Showing	Location	Remarks
2.	4,000 feet east of Showing	chalcocite and
		bornite in
		cherty limestone
3.	2,500 feet southwest of Showing	float – purple tuff
4.	ridge near east end of lake	malachite in a
		small shear zone
5.	l_2^1 miles south of lake	malachite, chalcocite
		in sheared tuff.
		Chalcopyrite in
		cherty limestone
6.	1-3/4 miles southwest	chalcopyrite, tr.
	of group	molybdenite in quartz
		vein near porphyry dyke.
7.	$1\frac{1}{2}$ miles south west of lake	malachite in sheared
		augite porphyry.
8.	$3\frac{1}{2}$ miles west of lake	malachite, chalcopyrite
		near porphyry dyke

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Although well mineralized locally over narrow widths (1/4" to 2"), none of the showings appear to have any significant extent.

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GEOCHEMISTRY

The geochemical survey carried out on the property consisted of a reconnaissance silt survey over the whole claim block, a break of slope soil survey around the base of all the ridges and soil sampling on a small grid in the valley bottoms.

Approximately 526 samples of the 3 types were collected. The samples were collected in Kraft paper envelopes and dried in the tent before shipment to Acme Analytical Laboratories, Burnaby, B.C. Some shipping problems were encountered due to numerous strikes during the summer. The samples were further dried and screened to 80 mesh. A weighed portion was then digested in concentrated nitric acid and perchloric acid and analysed by atomic absorption. All samples were analysed for copper. The results are plotted on Figure 4 accompanying this report.

RESULTS

The anomalous results of the geochemical analysis shown on Fig. 4 correlate for the most part with known showings. In a general way, values are higher in areas underlain by rocks of the Lower Takla Group where it was initially anticipated, on the basis of the Falconbridge showing, that the best chances for significant mineralization lay.

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The principal unexplained anomalous values occur near the height of land in the west part of the group. There is a reasonable amount of bedrock exposure in this area and careful prospecting failed to find mineralization. The erratic high values (peak value of 690 ppm Cu) are probably related to typical fault controlled mineralization in the fault mapped in this area.

CONCLUSION

None of the mineralization encountered appears to have any significant extent.

Respectfully submitted

W. Meyer, P. Eng.

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APPENDIX 1

PERSONNEL & DATES

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Name	Position	Dates of Work	Days
W. Meyer	Geologist	Aug.10-15;Oct.18-21/73	9
A. Floyd	Geologist	July 30-Aug.11;Aug.20-28/73	20 ¹ / ₂
R. Fassler	Sampler	July 30 - Aug. 15/73	17
D. Bacon	Sampler	July 30 - Aug. 15/73	17
G. Sander	Sampler	July 30 - Aug. 15/73	17
P. Dunsford	Technician	Oct. 17-18; Nov. 7/73	3
W. Raymond	Draftsman	October 22/73	I
M. Maybury	Draftsman	October 22/73	1/2

APPENDIX 2

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AFFIDAVIT RE COST OF SURVEY

I, W. Meyer, do solemnly declare that the geological and geochemical survey done on the Dorita Silver Mines Ltd. (N.P.L.) "BARN", "NIVEN", "SNO", "PIKE", "ICE" and "BEAR" claims was done during July and August of 1973 and is described in this report. The data was obtained by W. Meyer & Associates Ltd. for Dorita Silver Mines Ltd. (N.P.L.) at a total property related cost of at least \$11,600.00. I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing it to be true, and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath and by virtue of the "Canada Evidence Act".

DECLARED before me at the City of

Vancouver, in the Province of

British Columbia, this _____

day of _____, A.D. 1973

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Juli Junan Sub-mining Recorder

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APPENDIX 3

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CERTIFICATE

I, William Meyer, do hereby certify that:

- I am a geologist with residence at 911 Jarvis Street, Coquitlam, B.C.
- 2. I am a graduate of the University of British Columbia (B.Sc., 1962).
- 3. I am a registered member of the Association of Professional Engineers of the Province of British Columbia.
- I have worked as an exploration geologist for eleven years for the following companies: Phelps Dodge Corporation of Canada Ltd., Gibraltar Mines Ltd., Associated Geological Services Ltd., Western Geological Services Ltd., (senior partner). I am presently a senior partner in W. Meyer & Associates Ltd.
- 5. The programme described in this Report was carried out by a W. Meyer & Associates Ltd. crew under my supervision.
- I have no interest, direct or indirect, nor do I anticipate receiving any, in the properties or securities of Dorita Silver Mines Ltd. (N.P.L.).

Ut Meyn

November 12, 1973

William Meyer,





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