

6004

GEOCHEMICAL - GEOPHYSICAL
REPORT

93F/6E

A, C

Granges Exploration A.B.
1060 1055 W. Hastings St.
Vancouver, B.C.

OMINECA MINING DIVISION

"A" and "C" CLAIM GROUP

Capoose Lake Area

Latitude 53° 19'

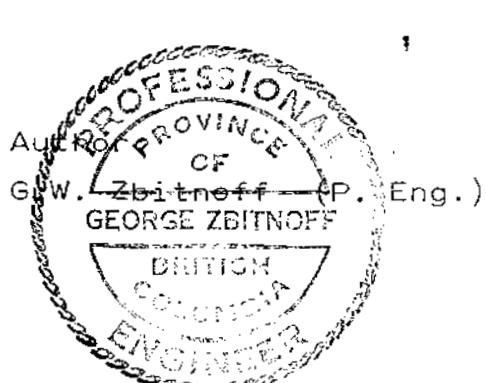
Longitude 125° 13'

N.T.S. 93-F-6

Date of Work: July 4 - July 21, 1976

Dated at Vancouver
September, 1976

MINERAL RESOURCES BRANCH
ASSESSMENT REPORT
NO. <u>6004</u>
MAP NO. _____



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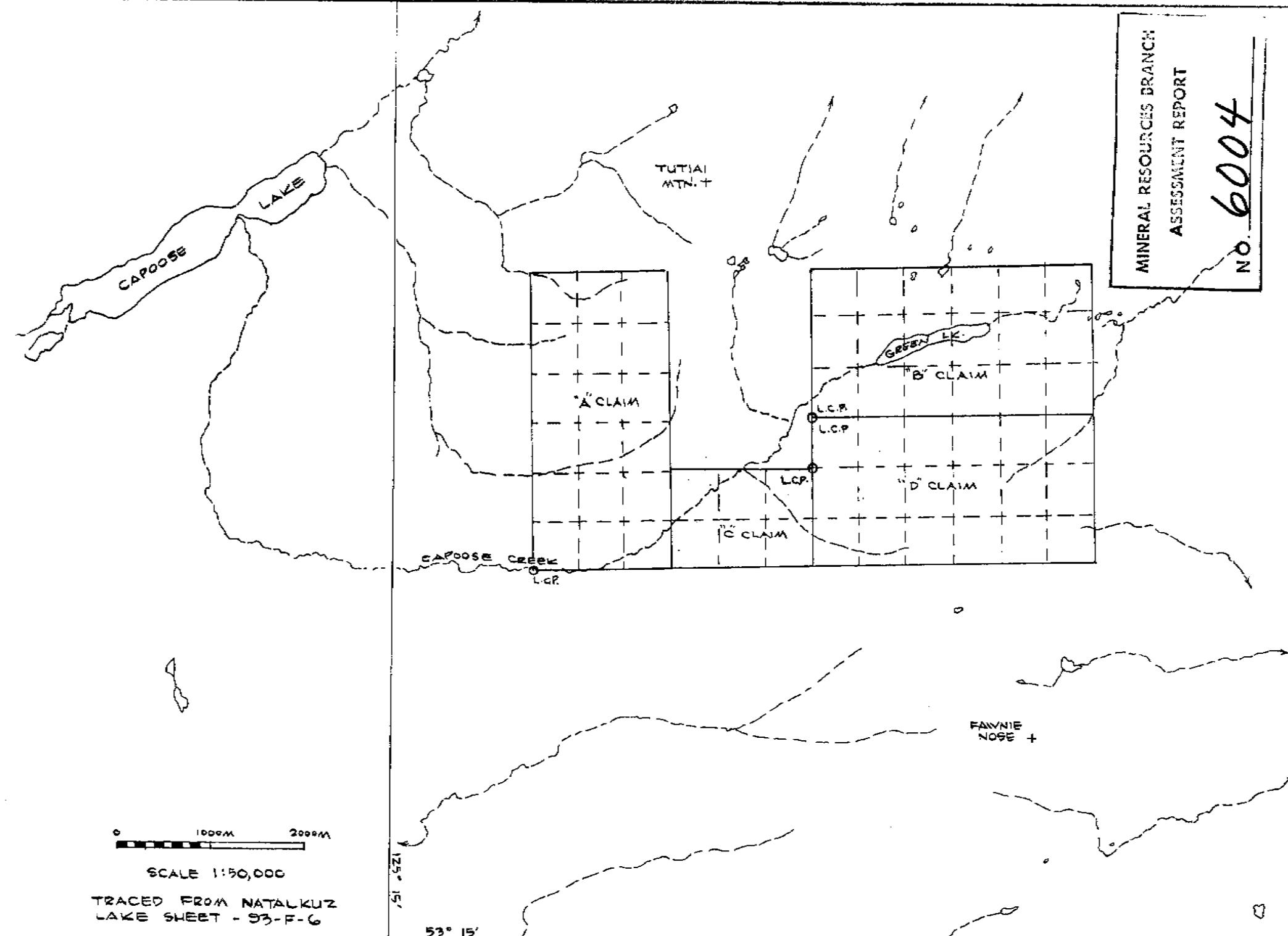
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(C claim)

MINERAL RESOURCES BRANCH
ASSESSMENT REPORT

No. 6004



INTRODUCTION

During the period of July 4th to July 21st, 1976, Granges Exploration Aktiebolag's exploration crew, which consisted of five personnel and headed by H.H. Shear (P. Eng.), conducted a grid establishing, geochemical soil sampling and magnetometer survey on the A and C claim groups in the Capoose Lake area.

The surveys were conducted on behalf of Granges Exploration Akteibolag and were undertaken to locate zones of interest for further detailed investigation.

PROPERTY

The survey area, as illustrated in figure 1, is located within mineral claim "A", tag 01381 and claim "C", tag 01384 of twenty-four contiguous units.

LOCATION AND ACCESS

The property is located 110 kilometers south southeast of Burns Lake, B.C. Accessibility is by helicopter from Burns Lake or fixed wing float or ski equipped aircraft to Capoose Lake, then by foot for four kilometers to the center of the claim group.

PHYSIOGRAPHY AND VEGETATION

The "A" and "C" claim group is situated in the Interior Plateau region of the Cordilleran folded mountain belt approximately two and one half miles S.S.E. of Capoose Lake. The survey area varies in elevation from 1340 to 1675 meters above sea level and is typified by gently sloping glacial terrain. The area is clear of snow during the summer months.

PHYSIOGRAPHY AND VEGETATION (cont'd)

The vegetation consists largely of lodge pole pine and black spruce. The lodge pole pine occurs homogeneously throughout the area and the black spruce is confined to stream channels and the bog peripheries. A transition zone occurs at approximately the 1525 meter above sea level where the vegetation is stunted lodge pole pine and balsom. The vegetation above this tree line is predominatly lichen and moss.

GENERAL GEOLOGY

The area is part of the large Nechako River area as mapped by H.W. Tipper. The ground geology of the property area is underlain by the Capoose batholith consisting of granite, granodiorite, quartz diorite and diorite of upper Jurassic and or Cretaceous age. The batholith is surrounded by a complex series of sedimentary and volcanic rocks ranging in ages from Tertiary to upper Triassic.

SURVEY SPECIFICATIONS

SURVEY GRID

The origin of the traverse grid is approximately midway between the No. 1 and No. 2 posts of the Ned claim and continued through the center of the "A" claim to the east boundary. At the East Boundary of Claim "A" the baseline projected 700 meters south to the north boundary of claim "C". The base line was established in an east-west direction from which south-north cross lines were turned at right angles at 100 meter intervals. Some 62.4 kilometers of base line and survey grid were established over the "A" and "C" claims.

GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY

Soil samples of the upper "B" horizon were obtained with augers at 100 meter intervals along the traverse lines. The samples were then placed in kraft soil envelopes and delivered to ACME Analytical Laboratories Limited, 6455 Laurel Street, Burnaby, B.C. The samples are dried and sieved to -80 mesh, digested by hot perchloric nitric acid and analysed by atomic absorption. This was carried out under the supervision of professional geochemists. Some 624 soil samples were obtained and analysed for parts per million copper and molybdenum and parts per ten million for silver.

MAGNETOMETER SURVEY

The magnetometer survey was conducted using a Scintrex MF-2 fluxgate magnetometer. This instrument measures the vertical components of the earth's magnetic field to an accuracy of ± 10 gammas. Corrections for diurnal variations were made by establishing a base station at which a second MF-2 Scintrex magnetometer was used to record the diurnal changes at fifteen minute intervals during the day. The corrections for the diurnal changes were made by tying into the established base station at various time intervals during the days operation. Readings were taken at 100 meter intervals along the lines.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

A geological survey was carried out over the established grid. The majority of "A" claim and all of "C" claim is overburden covered. In the N.E. corner of "A" claim much float and some outcrop was mapped. A fine grained biotite quartz diorite was mapped along with various phases of volcanics ranging from the basic andesites to the siliceous acidic rhyolites.

DISCUSSION OF THE RESULTS

The copper geochemical results reached a high of 310 P.P.M. on the "A" claim. The mean background of the "A" and "C" group is some 20 P.P.M. A large geochemical anomalous condition trending in an east-west direction as shown on the appended figure 2 exhibits a low area adjacent to the creek which traverses the "A" claim. Smaller geochemical copper anomalies may be attributed to low boggy areas where these copper ions can concentrate to give an anomaly and are highly erratic in their patterns.

The molybdenum map shows a high of 120 P.P.M. which coincides with a 104 P.P.M. copper located on the "A" claim. The anomalies show a north-south trend, but do not coincide directly with copper anomalies. This may be due to the greater mobility of the molybdenum ions. Several anomalous areas exist on the "C" claim with up to 28 P.P.M. along Capoose Creek.

The silver map showed a few erratic readings as high as 2.5 P.P.M. along the eastern boundary of the "C" claim.

Correlation of the geochemical maps show several interesting features:

- 1) The further downslope migration of the molybdenum which points out the higher mobility of the molybdenum;
- 2) The concentration of copper and molybdenum in low lying areas in turn produces copper and molybdenum geochemical anomalies.

The ground magnetometer data as plotted shows a sharp change from a low of -490 gammas to a high of 2775 gammas. The magnetic lows are generally associated with creeks or streams. An arcuate bedrock structure is also directly associated

with the low magnetic readings as noted in the mid portion of figure 3. This arcuate structure was first noted on the adjacent Ned claim and continues through the "A" claim. These low magnetic anomalies may outline fault structures which have been covered by glacial moraine. The molybdenum anomalies trending north to south tend to fall along the westerly flank of a high magnetic expression which also trend north-south.

CONSLUSION

During the first part of July a program of magnetometer, geochemical soil sampling and geological mapping was conducted over the "A" and "C" claim group, Capoose Lake area, B.C.

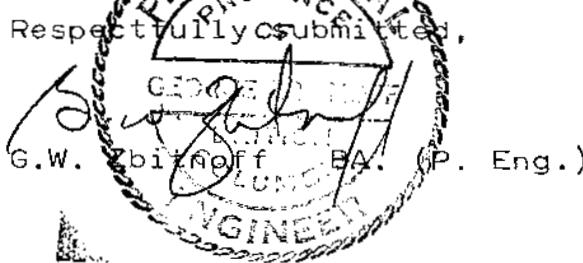
The survey located definite anomalous geochemical zones whose trend corresponds closely to the flank of a high intensity magnetic anomaly. The high magnetic trend appears to outline the perimeter of a quartz diorite intrusive which was located by geological mapping.

The continuation of the low magnetic responses from the Ned Claim, which persists throught the middle of the "A" claim and corresponds with the creeks.

RECOMMENDATION

The geochemical anomalies and interesting magnetic responses require further investigation to determine the source of the copper-molybdenum geochemical anomalies.

It is recommended that the anomalous areas be sampled at closer intervals to further clarify the picture.



APPENDIX

Instrument Specifications

MAGNETOMETER

A. Instrument

- (a) Type - Fluxgate
(b) Make - Scintrex MF-2

B. Specifications

- (a) Measurement - Vertical Magnetic Field
 - (b) Range - ± 100 K gammas in 5 ranges
 - (c) Sensitivity - Maximum 20 gammas per scale division
 - (d) Accuracy - ± 10 gammas

C. Survey Procedures

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

Name : Zbitnoff, George Wm.

Profession: Geologist

Professional

Associations: Member of the Association of Professional Engineers of the Province of Manitoba since 1969.
Member of the Association of Professional Engineers of the Province of British Columbia since 1973.

Experience: Pre graduation experience in geology with the Department of Mineral Resources.
Two and one half years, field geologist with Hudson Bay Exploration and Development, Central Canada.
Six years, field and Resident Geologist with Noranda Exploration Ltd., Central Canada.
Five and one half years geologist and Assistant Manager with Granges Exploration Aktiebolag, Canadian Division.
Active experience in all geologic provinces of Canada and parts of the United States and Mexico.




A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "George Zbitnoff". The signature is fluid and cursive, with "George" on top and "Zbitnoff" below it, though the two words are not fully separated by a space.

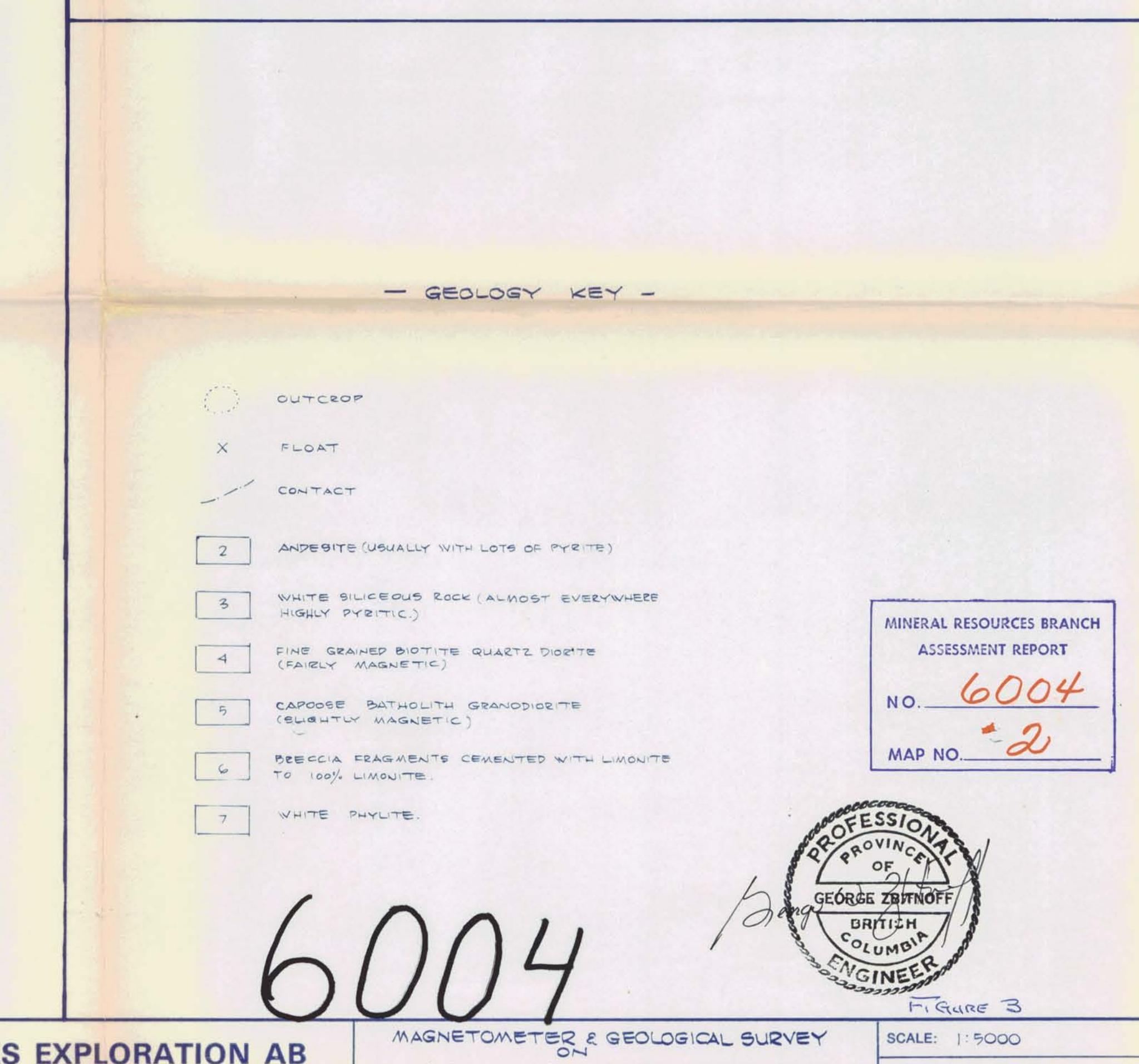
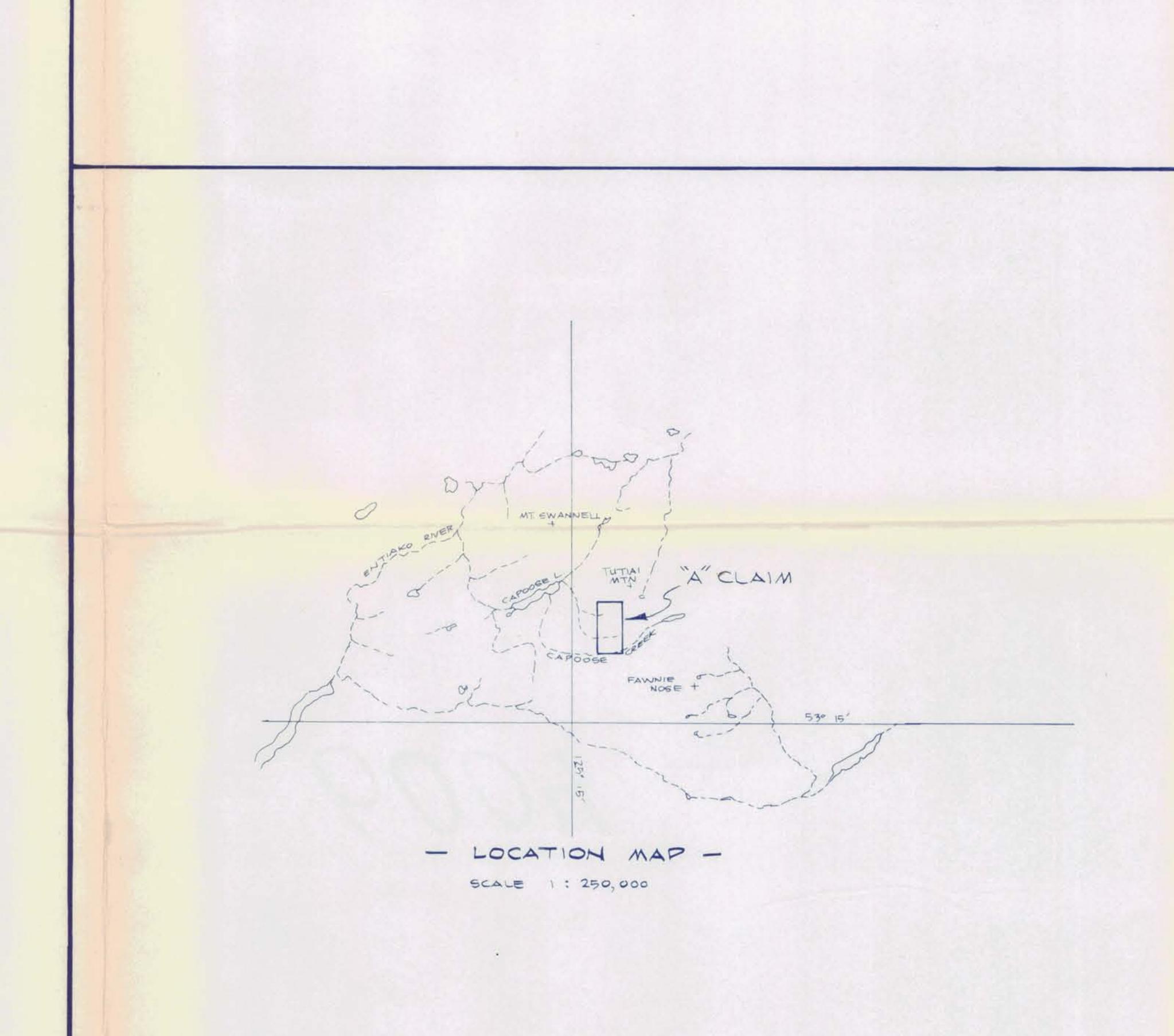
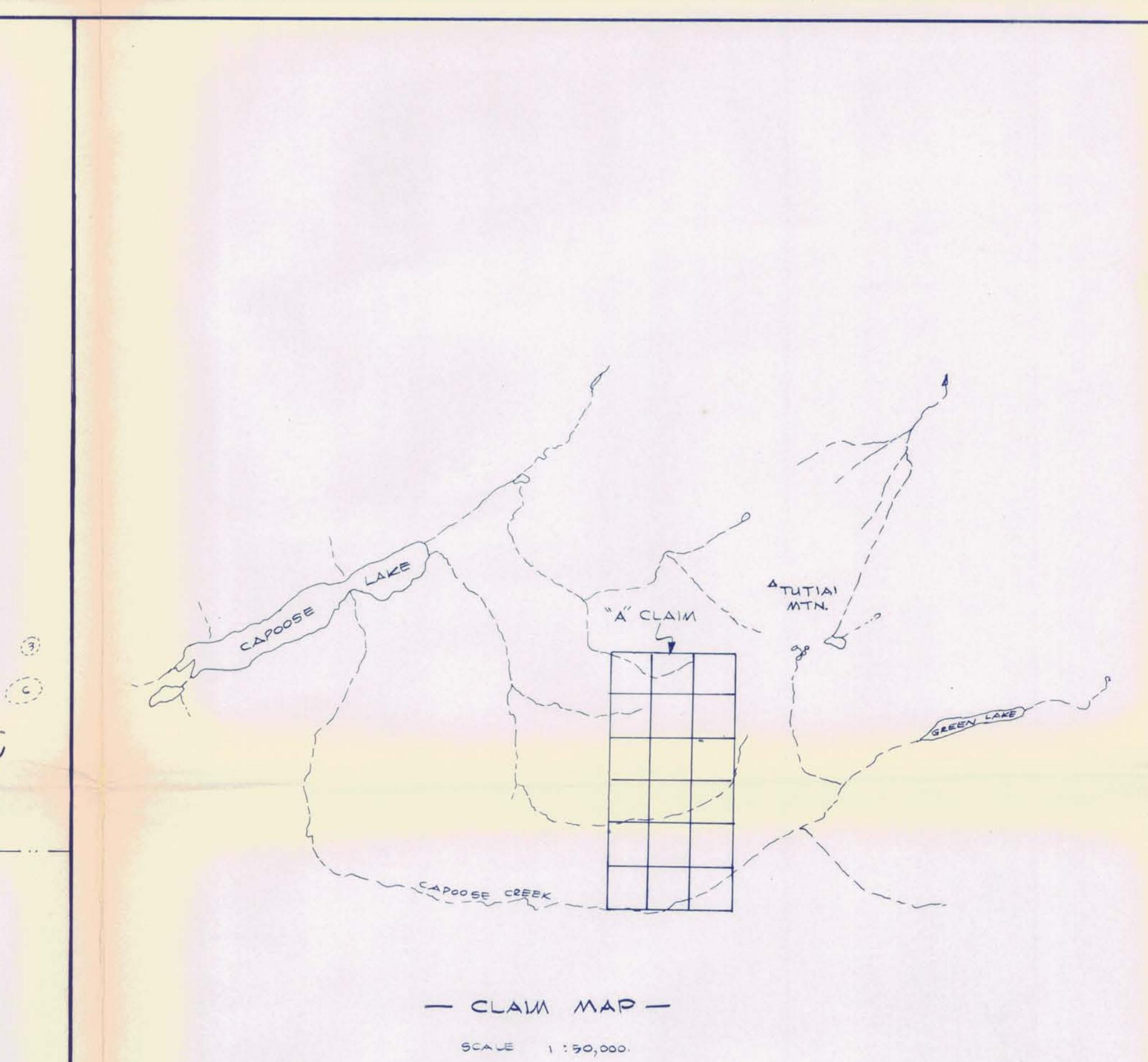
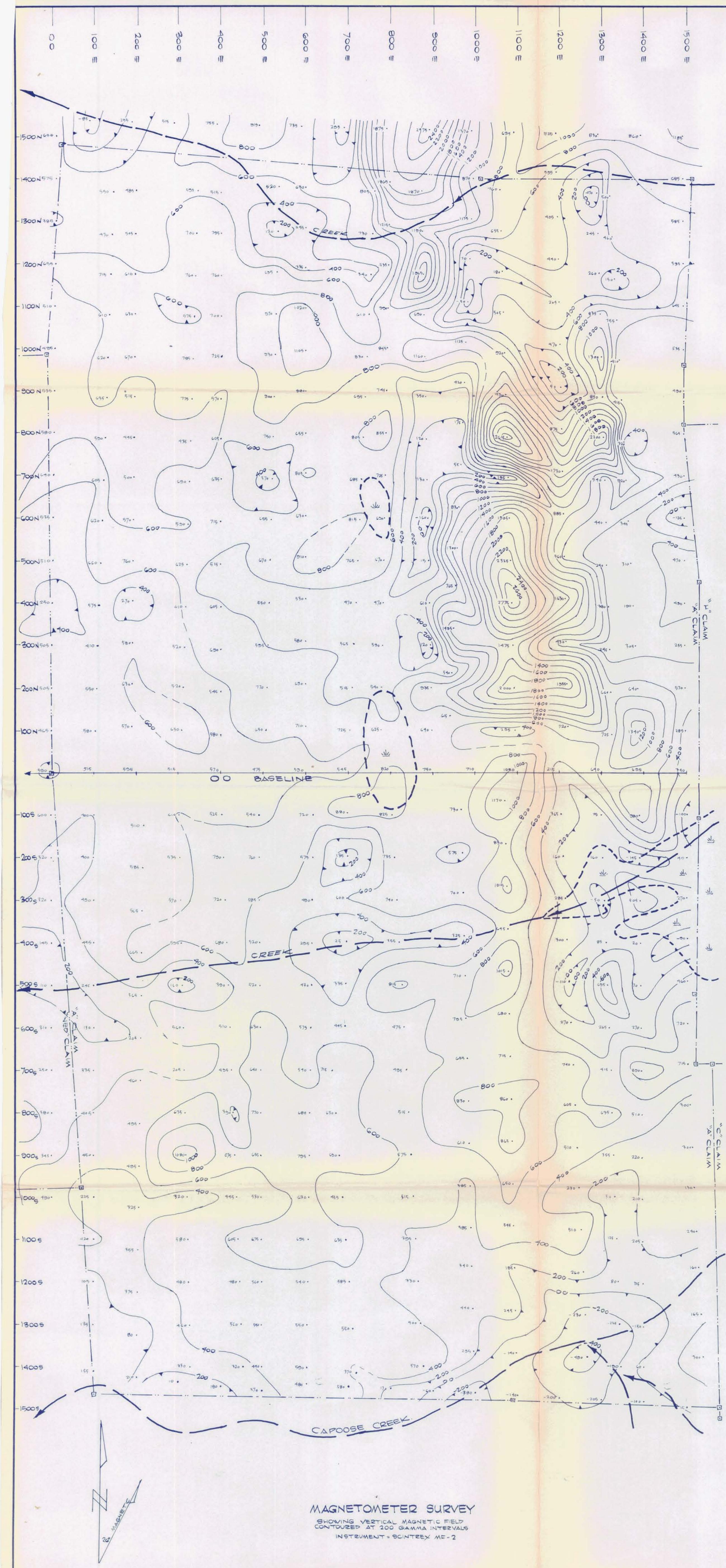
A AND C CLAIM GROUP

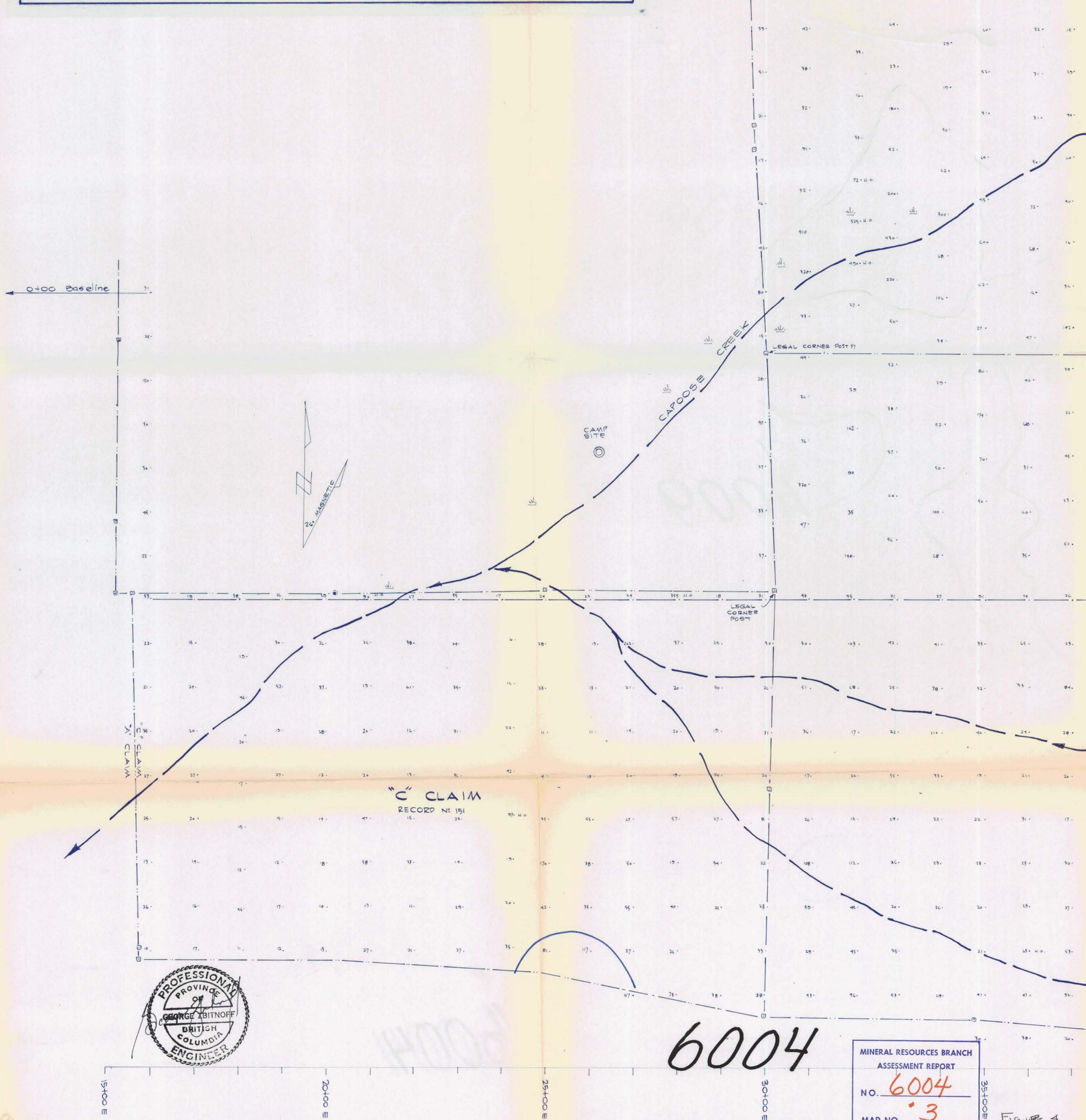
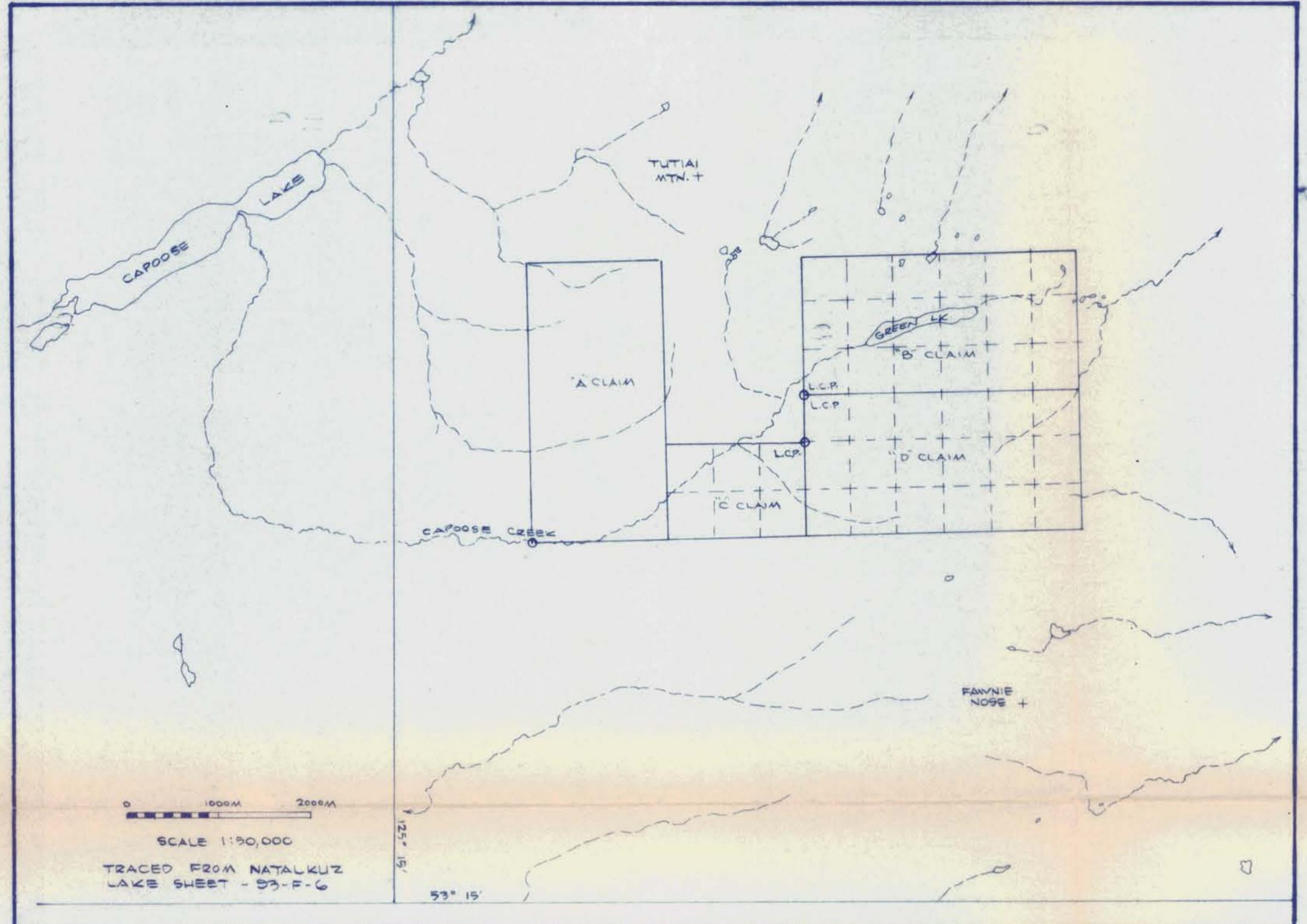
COST BREAKDOWN

<u>Personnel</u>	<u>Date of Work</u>	<u>Total</u>
Herb H. Shear	July 4 to July 21	\$ 1,330.56
Gordon Webb	July 4 to July 21	1,041.66
Al Hunter	July 4 to July 21	547.02
D.F. Pasco	July 4 to July 21	990.00
Grant Collins	July 4 to July 21	630.00
Meals and Accomodations.....		283.19
Camp Materials.....		154.17
Transportation.....		559.06
Communications.....		32.42
Geochemical Assay Costs.....		1,404.25
Map and Report Interpretation and Preparation.....		661.55
		<u><u>\$ 7,633.58</u></u>

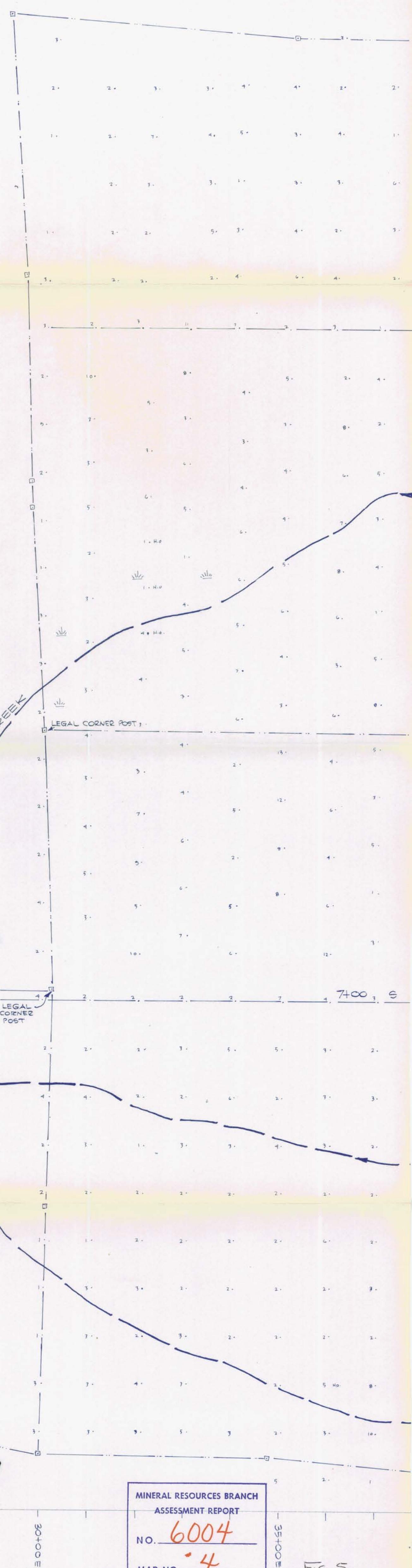
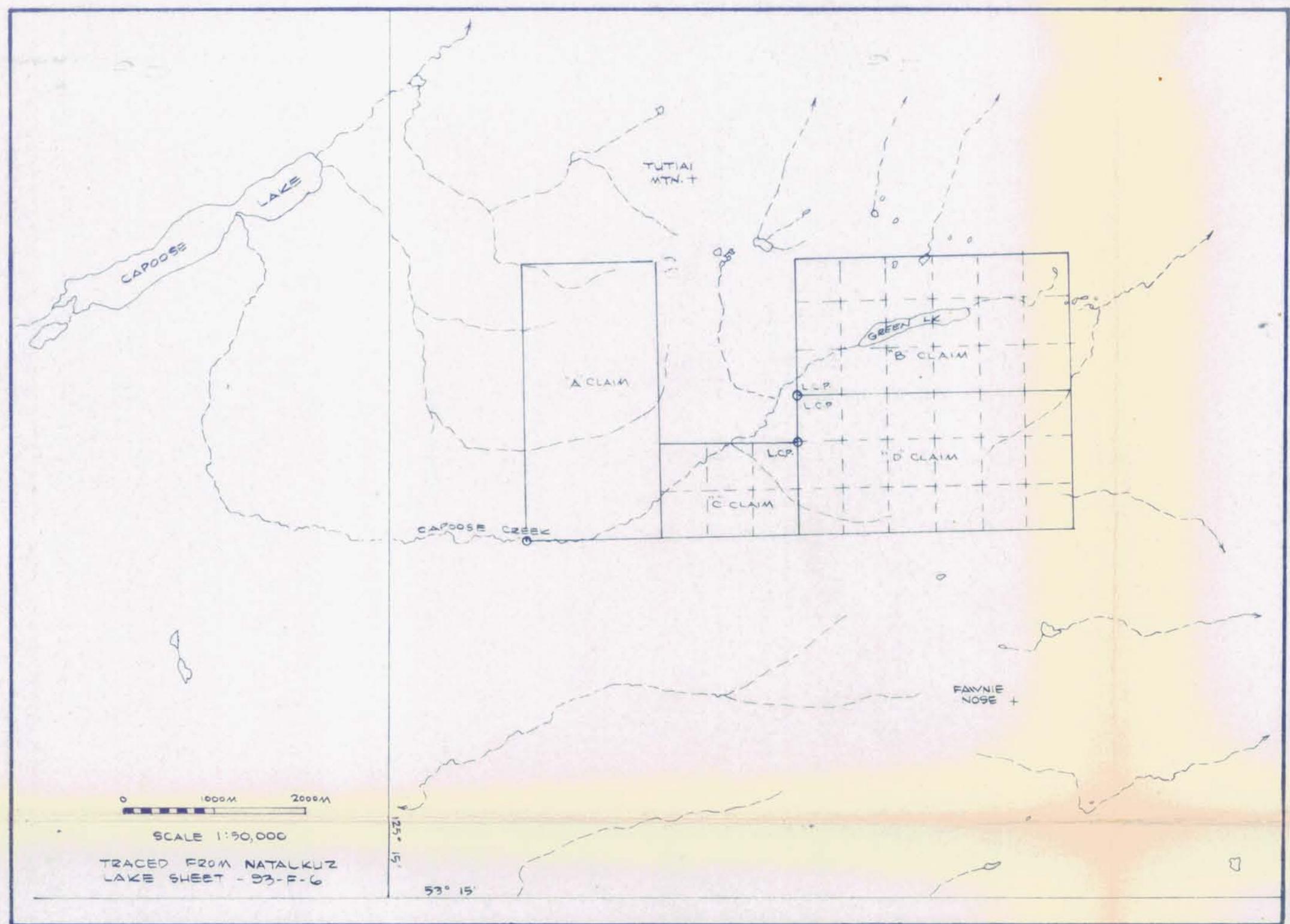
George W. Burtell



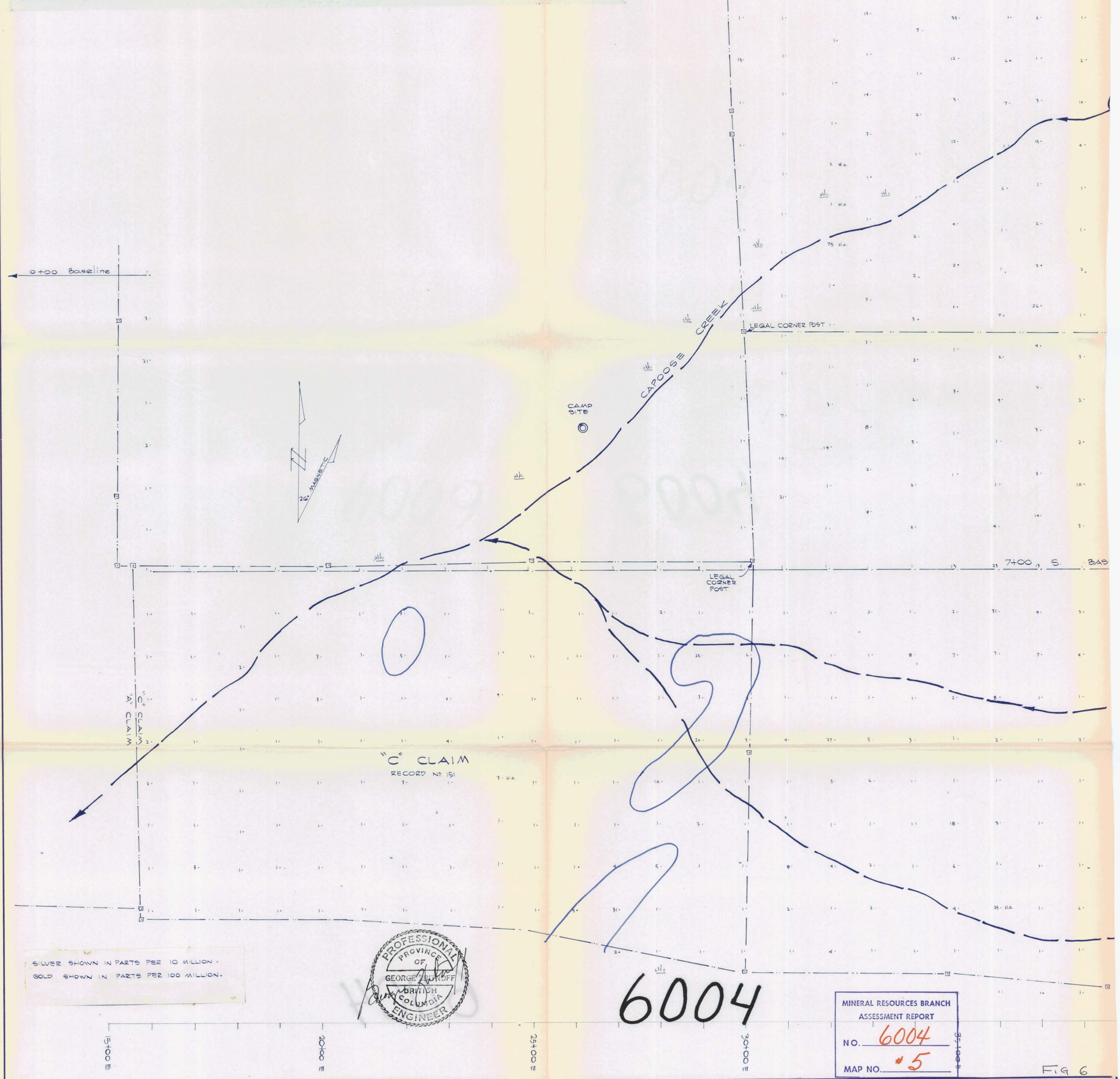
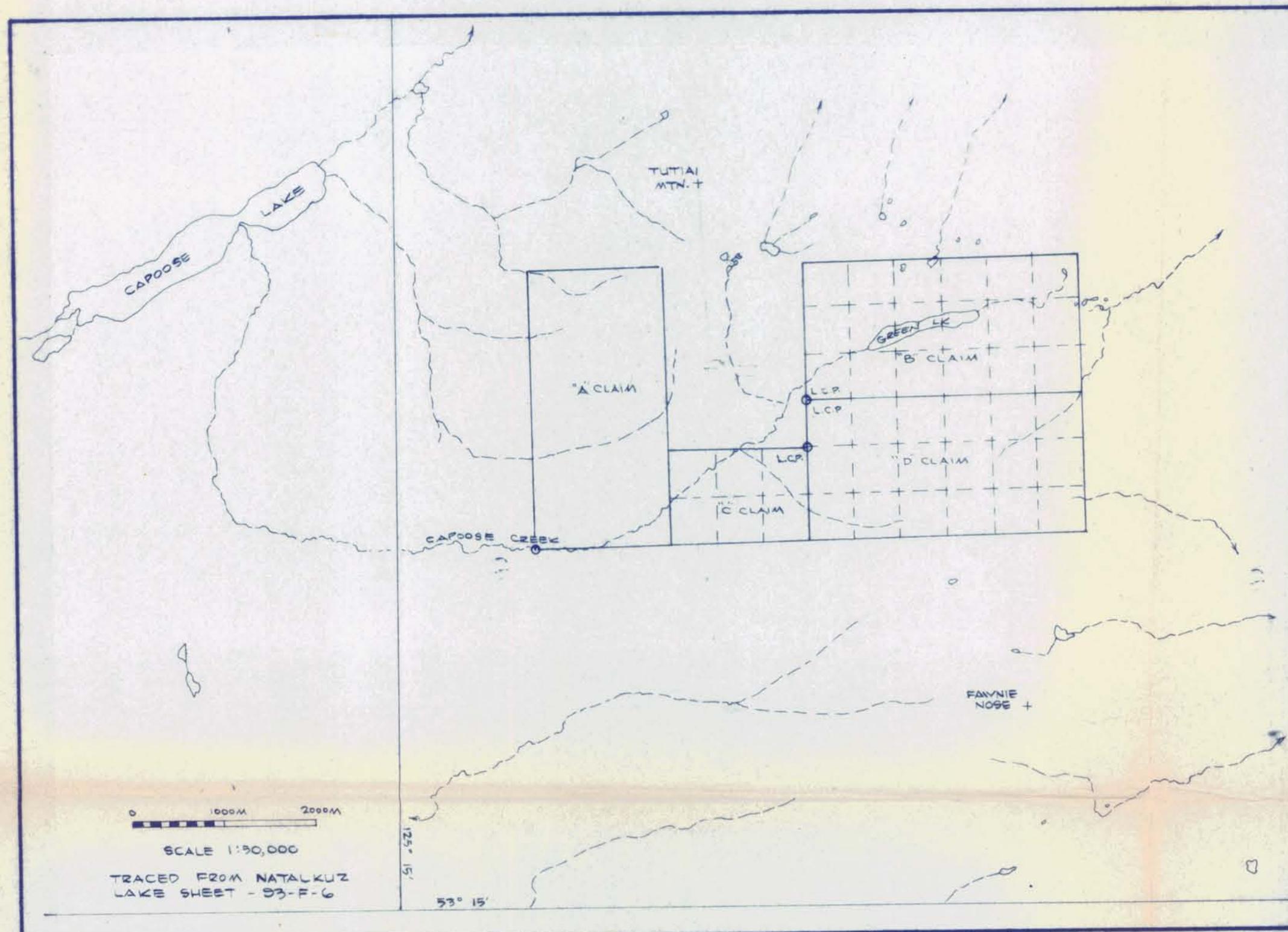




100M 50M 0 100M 200M 300M	DRAWN BY: M.P.	GRÄNGES EXPLORATION AB CANADIAN DIVISION VANCOUVER OFFICE	SOIL GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY FOR COPPER ON CLAIM "C" (151) CAPOOSE JOINT VENTURE CAPOOSE LAKE AREA, B.C.	SCALE: 1:5000 PROJECT NO.: 70113 N.T.S. NO.: 93 F - 6
LOCATED CLAIM POST CLAIM BOUNDARY LINE OUTLINE OF ANOMALOUS AREA Cu IN P.R.M. 100M SAMPLE LOCATION	DATE: SEPT 1976			



100M 200M 300M	DRAWN BY: M.P.	GRANGES EXPLORATION AB CANADIAN DIVISION VANCOUVER OFFICE	SOIL GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY FOR MOLYBDENUM ON CLAIM "C" (151)	SCALE: 1:5000
LOCATED CLAIM POST	DATE: SEPT 1976	VANCOUVER OFFICE	MAP NO. 6004	PROJECT No. 7013
CLAIM BOUNDARY LINE	Mo IN PPM	6004	FIG 5	N.T.S. No.: 53 F-6
OUTLINE OF ANOMALOUS AREA	SAMPLE LOCATION			



100M	50M	0	100M	200M	300M
LOCATED CLAIM POST			CLAIM BOUNDARY LINE		

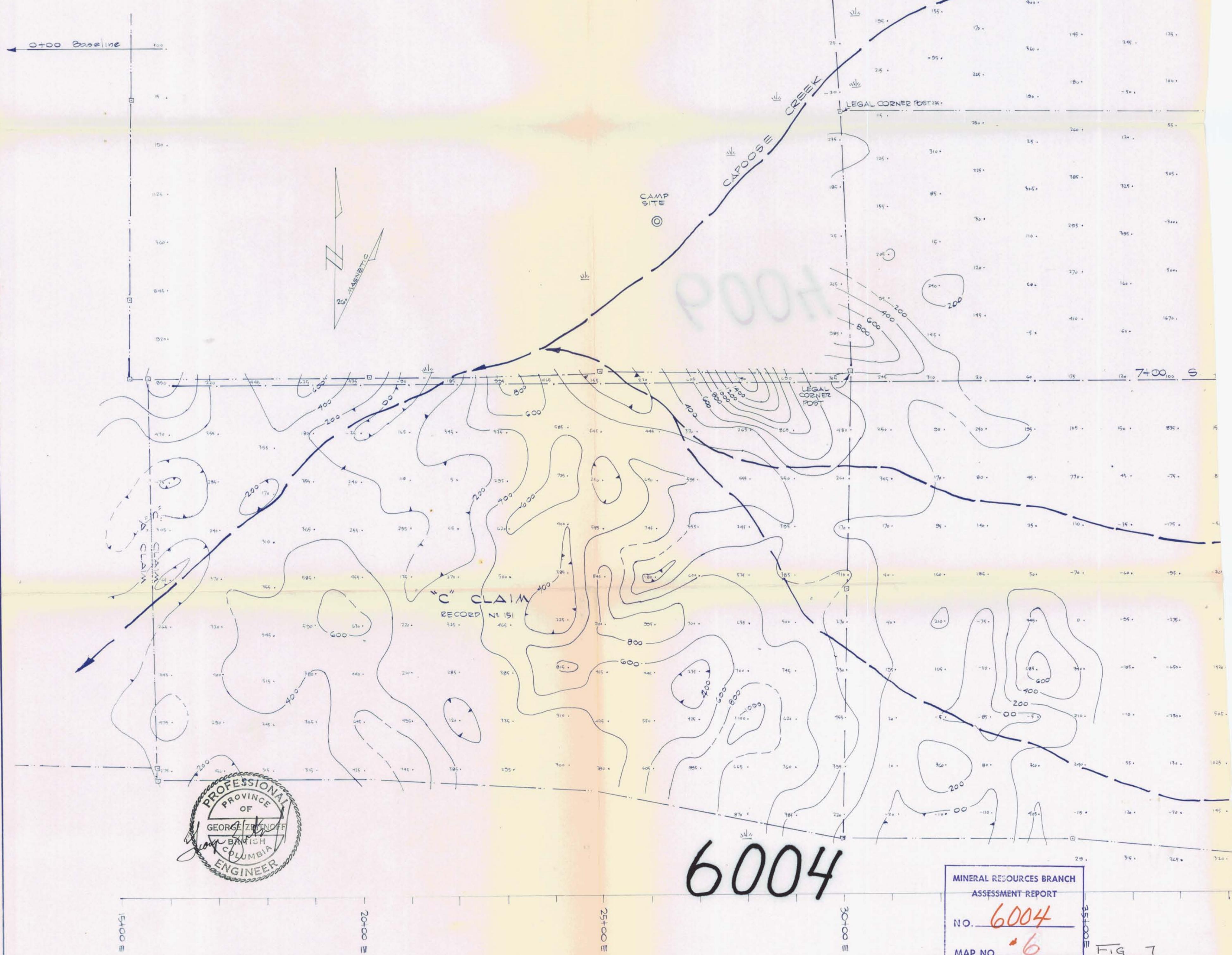
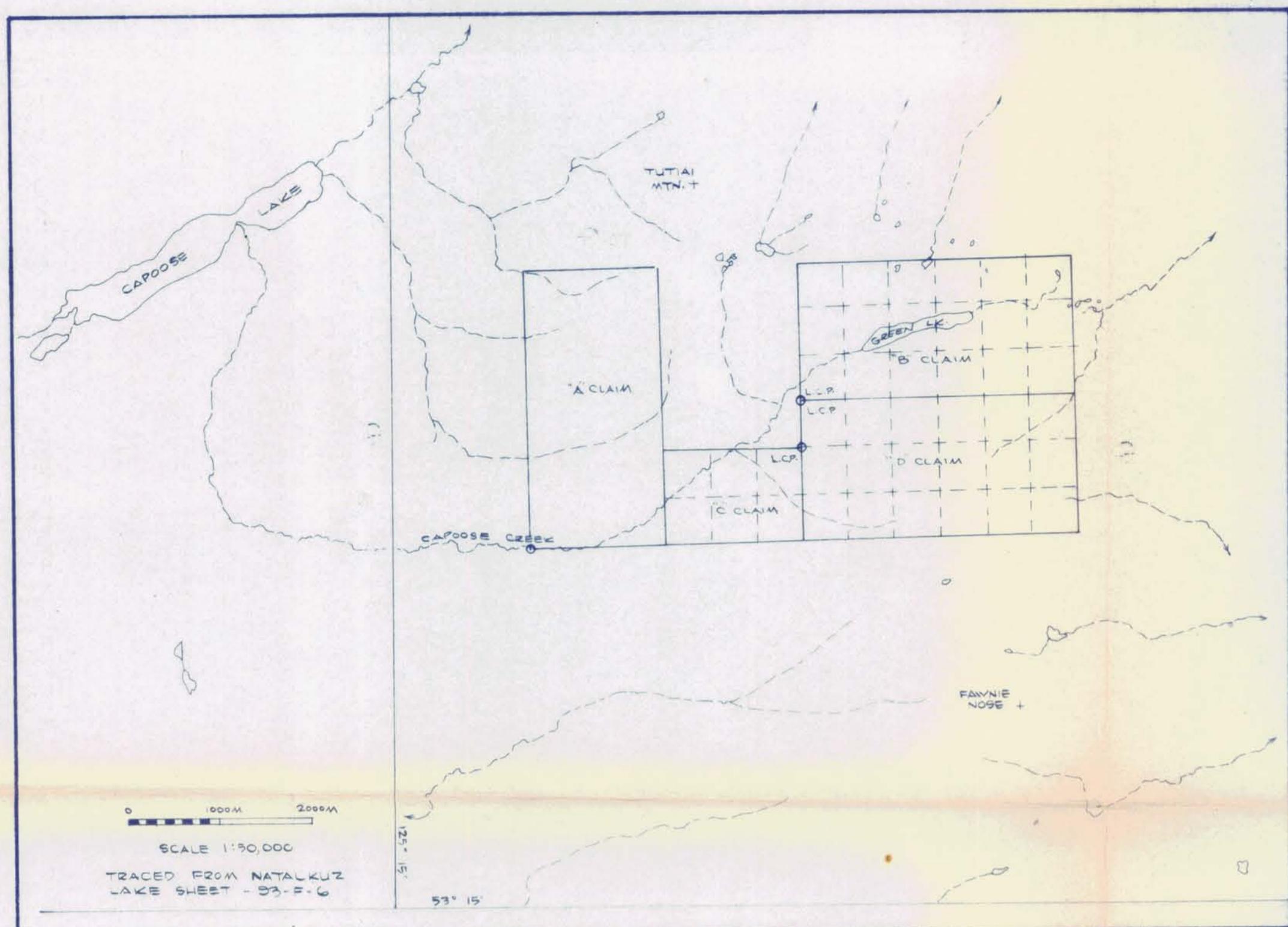
OUTLINE OF ANOMALOUS AREA

DRAWN BY: M.P.
DATE: SEPT 1976
Ag in pp 100M.
pp 10 M. → 2 1/10 SAMPLE LOCATION

GRÄNGES EXPLORATION AB
CANADIAN DIVISION
VANCOUVER OFFICE

SOIL GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY FOR
GOLD & SILVER ON
CLAIM "C" (151)
CAPOOSE JOINT VENTURE
CAPOOSE LAKE AREA, B.C.

SCALE: 1:5000
PROJECT No.: 70113
N.T.S. No.: 53 F-6



100M 50M 0 100M 200M 300M
LOCATED CLAIM POST
CLAIM BOUNDARY LINE
SHOWING VERTICAL MAGNETIC FIELD
CONToured AT INTERVALS OF 200 GAMMAS

DRAWN BY: M.P.
DATE: SEPT 1976
INST: SCINTEX MF-2

GRANGES EXPLORATION AB
CANADIAN DIVISION
VANCOUVER OFFICE

MAGNETOMETER SURVEY ON
CLAIM "C" (151)
CAPOOSE JOINT VENTURE
CAPOOSE LAKE AREA, B.C.

SCALE: 1:5000
PROJECT No.: 70113
N.T.S. No.: 93 F-6