ASSESSMENT REPORT

GEOLOGICAL AND DIAMOND DRILL PROGRAMS

JUNE, 1977

SKI 3 CLAIM, ATAN LAKE PROPERTY

Liard Mining Division, B.C.

Financed by
TOURNIGAN MINING EXPLORATIONS LTD.
Vancouver, B.C.

MINERAL RESOURCES BRANCH
ASSESSMENT REPORT

NO.

Report by:

W.G. Smitheringale, Ph.D., P. Eng.

October 5, 1977

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Pag	е
INTRODUCTION		1	
LOCATION AND	ACCESS	1	
DIAMOND DRIL	LING, SKI NO.3 CLAIM	1	
GEOLOGICAL P	ROGRAM	4	
GEOLOGY OF S	KI NO.3 CLAIM	4	
MINERALIZATI	ON ON SKI NO.3 CLAIM	5	
Descript	ion of Zinc Occurrences	6	
Interpre	tation of Zinc Mineralization	7	
Descript	ion of Barite Occurrences	8	
Interpre	tation of Barite Occurrences	9	
CONCLUSIONS	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	11	
PERSONNEL AN	D DATES WORKED	11	
EXPENSES		12	
CERTIFICATION	И	13	
	APPENDICES		
APPENDIX I	Diamond Drill Contract and Invoice	14	
APPENDIX II	Diamond Drill Logs and Drill Core Assays	19	
	LIST OF FIGURES		
Figure 1.	Atan Lake Property Location	2	
Figure 2.	Atan Lake Property Claims and Roads (Index Map.)	3	
Figure 3.	Atan Lake Property, Geology, North Zone	in	pocket
Figure 4.	Atan Lake Property, Geology, Barite Hill	in	pocket

INTRODUCTION

Between May 18 and June 27, 1977 Tournigan Mining Explorations Ltd. financed a program on the Atan Lake property comprising general geological investigation of the property as a whole and 1000' of diamond drilling and detailed geological mapping on the Ski #3 claim. Atan Lake property is owned solely by Tournigan Mining Explorations Ltd.

The program was supervised by W.G. Smitheringale & Associates Ltd., of Vancouver, B.C.

LOCATION AND ACCESS

The property is at Lat. 59°12'N - Long. 129°12'W, about 10 miles by bush road off the Stewart - Cassiar - Watson Lake highway. It is about 85 miles by road southwest of Watson Lake, Y.T. and 38 miles by road from Cassiar, B.C. property is also accessible by float plane to Atan Lake or Dease River.

DIAMOND DRILLING, SKI No.3 CLAIM

Wink International Exploration Drilling Ltd. Contractor:

105B - 12511 No.2 Road Richmond, B.C. V7E 2G3

Equipment and Core Size: One Hydra-Wink Drill

BQ Core (3.5cm dia.)

1000' Footage and Location:

5 holes, designated 77-1 through

Ski #3 claim (see Fig.3 for

exact locations)

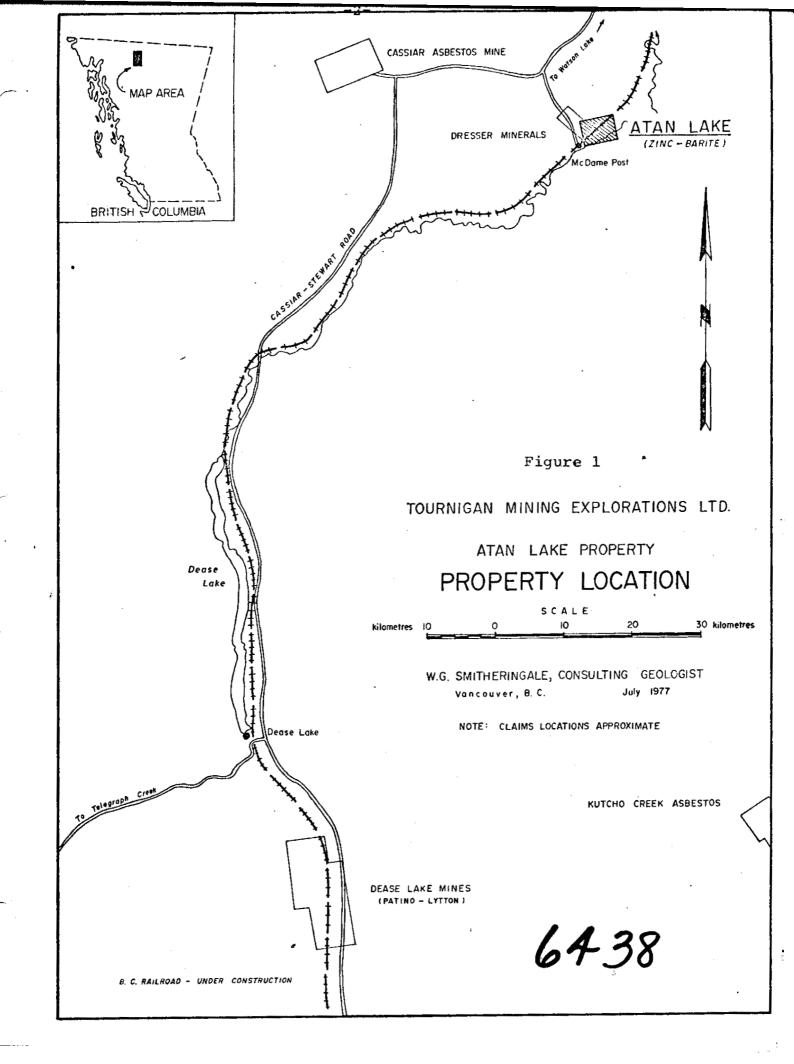
by W.G. Smitheringale, P. Eng. Core Logging:

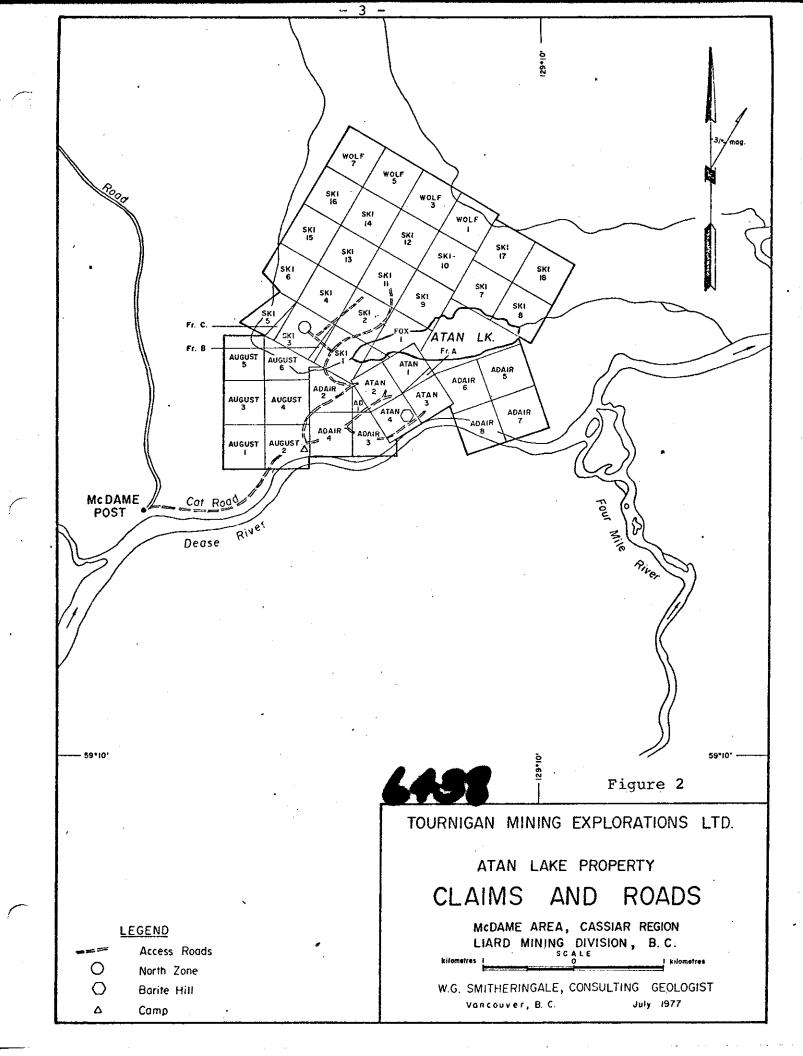
(see Appendix II for logs)

Tournigan Mining Explorations Ltd. Core Storage:

warehouse in old hanger at Watson

Lake airport.





Assays:

Chemex Labs Ltd. 212 Brooksbank Avenue North Vancouver, B.C. (see Appendix II for assay results)

Costs:

\$16,617.07 (see Appendix I for drilling contract and invoice)

GEOLOGICAL PROGRAM

The following work was done in connection with geological mapping on the Ski #3 claim.

A grid of reference stations was established on the North Zone by chain and compass survey and tied to the existing baseline.

A contour map of the North Zone was constructed based on elevations obtained with chain and compass.

Locations of previous diamond drill holes, holes drilled during the June 1977 program and important trenches were surveyed by chain and compass.

Some outcrops were sampled.

Geological mapping.

GEOLOGY OF SKI No.3 CLAIM

Rock exposures on Ski No.3 claim are limited to a prominent hill known as the North Zone (Fig.3). The 1977 drilling and geological program was concentrated on this zone. Bedrock underlying the North Zone consists of dolostone of various kinds that in places has been replaced by chert.

The basic type of dolostone is medium to dark grey, mottled to uniformly coloured, fine grained, massive to distinctly bedded, and in places stylolitic and/or graphitic. This type has been modified to varying degrees by solution and attendant collapse brecciation, the formation of vugs and the development of white, medium-to coarse-grained

dolomite healing fractures, lining vugs and replacing finegrained dolostone adjacent to bedding laminae and stylolites.

In the western part of the North Zone most, although not all, dolostone beds have been replaced by chert to produce a dark grey to black, massive to vuggy rock. This replacement chert is easily distinguished from light grey primary chert that occurs sparingly as thin beds and lenses in some dolostone beds. In the central and eastern portions of the North Zone dolostone is dominant, however, some beds or portions of beds have been replaced by chert. In general the replacement chert bodies are strataform, however, locally the boundaries of chert bodies cut across stratification in the dolostones.

Strata in the North Zone generally strike 320° to 340° and dip 45° to 55° southwestward. Local variations suggest small scale folding and/or penecontemporaneous deformation.

Several northeasterly trending, steeply dipping faults are exposed in trenches, but these do not appear to be important structural features.

The dominant joint set, which locally assumes the appearance of a fracture zone, strikes 060° to 080° and dips 70° to 90° NW. Other joint sets are 005° to $025^{\circ}/75^{\circ}$ to 90° E and $145^{\circ}/35^{\circ}$ SW.

MINERALIZATION ON SKI No.3 CLAIM

Mineralization of economic significance in the North Zone consists of disseminated to 'globular' sphalerite that occurs mainly but not exclusively in beds replaced by chert, and of massive barite that occurs as cavity fillings in fractures and as replacement bodies in dolostone beds. Small amounts of barite are associated with sphalerite in places and some barite bodies contain occasional grains of sphalerite, but

from an economic viewpoint they should be considered as two distinct forms of mineralization.

Galena in minor amounts occurs with sphalerite in places and occasional grains of chalcopyrite and tetrahedrite occur along the margins of some barite bodies. Pyrite is a common although minor constituent of the host rocks in the North Zone.

Small quantities of oxides and/or carbonates of zinc are present in a number of places in outcrop and drill core. These were recognized by a positive reaction to the N,N-diethylaniline-potassium ferricyanide spot test.

Description of Zinc Occurrences

Drilling in 1973 encountered the following intersections containing sphalerite:

D.D.H. No.	Footage	Core Length	% Zinc	Associated Minerals
73-1 (includes	165.0' - 176.3' 1.7' of 17.0% Zn)		3.07	Pyrite and white dolomite in dark grey chert
73-2	107.0' - 113.0'	6.0'	0.10	Pyrite, galena
73-3	196.0' - 198.5'	2.5'	3.40	Barite
73-4	12.0' - 21.0'	9.0'	0.30	Pyrite, barite, tetrahedrite

The object of the 1977 drilling program was to explore the 3.4m intersection of 3.07% Zn in DDH 73-1. Three holes, 77-1, 77-2, and 77-3 probed the volume around DDH 73-1 in a triangular pattern, each hole being about 7m from DDH 73-1. These drill holes encountered the mineralized zone but they did not intersect significant widths of high grade mineralization. The results are summarized below.

D.D.H. No.	Interval (Metres)	Core Length	% Zinc	Comments
77-1 (incl	56.1 - 57.9 udes 0.3m of 7.6	1.8m 58% Zn)	1.32	Sphalerite in chert brecciated and healed with white dolomite
77-2	9.1 - 14.0	4. 9m	0.25	Light grey, fine- grained, banded dolostone. Pos. Zn spot test. No sulphides
	43.6 - 43.9	0.3m	0.16	Sphalerite in chert.
77-3	55.8 - 56.1	0.3m	0.54	Sphalerite in dolostone

The best intervals of mineralization occur in or immediately adjacent to chert. The sphalerite is reddish brown and occurs as blebs or fine-grained disseminations.

Interpretation of Zinc Mineralization

The drill hole data indicate that sphalerite does not occur as veins or fracture fillings. The absence of intrusive rocks in the area and of contact metasomatic minerals and textures indicates that the mineralization is not directly related to igneous activity.

The nature of the host rocks and the fact that the showing is one of several Zn-Pb showings occurring in the same stratigraphic unit in the McDame-Mt. Haskin region indicates to the writer that the zinc mineralization is of the 'Mississippi Valley' type. In fact, the Atan Lake showing is similar in many respect, particularly in its association with secondary chert, to the zinc deposits in the Tri-state district in the U.S.A. The shape of this type of deposit is characteristically irregular. The most effective exploration techniques are geological mapping and grid drilling.

Description of Barite Occurrences

Two barite occurrences in the North Zone appear to contain sufficient material to support a small open pit operation. These are designated 1 and 2 on Fig.3. Another occurrence, designated 3, might possibly contain mineable widths of barite. The barite in these bodies is high quality and is reported to be suitable for some pharmaceutical uses.

Occurrence 1:

This occurrence is exposed in a bulldozer trench excavated in 1969. The walls of the trench are now slumped and the precise shape of the surface exposure is masked. (The exposure comprises essentially 100 per cent white, very coarse-grained barite). The barite body is 12m long and, judging from the present exposure and from photographs of the fresh excavation, it appears to be about 1m wide and to be exposed for a depth of about 1.5m. The body appears to be tabular in shape and to dip steeply northward.

Occurrence 2:

This occurrence appears to be a tabular body lying parallel to bedding. Bedding in this area dips 45° southwestward.

The body was intersected in diamond drill holes 73-4 and 77-5. In DDH 73-4, the true thickness of the body 10m beneath the surface is approximately 1m. In DDH 77-5 the true thickness of the body 5m beneath the surface is approximately 3m. The two intersections are about 20m apart along strike of the body. Bedrock is not exposed where the body projects to surface, but 5m to 10m in a 'down-ice' (northeast) direction from the surface

projection of the DDH 77-5 intersection much barite rubble on top of bedrock was exposed by stripping.

The intersection in DDH 77-5 consists almost 100 per cent of white, very coarse-grained barite. It is identical in appearance to the barite in occurrence 1. The intersection in DDH 73-4 was logged as "mainly barite".

Occurrence 3:

In DDH 73-3, 0.6m of "massive, white, coarse-grained" barite was intersected 12m vertically beneath the surface. Bedrock is not exposed where this intersection projects up the dip of bedding to surface, but 34m northwest almost exactly along strike from the surface projection there is an outcrop of dolomite containing numerous pods of very coarse-grained white barite. It is probable that a zone containing barite lies parallel to bedding in the vicinity of Occurrence 3.

Barite Hill:

Barite Hill lies 1.3km. southweast of the North Zone on Atan No. 4 claim. It is underlain by limestone, dolostone and chert formed by replacement of dolostone.

Discontinuous outcrops of white, very coarse-grained barite occur in a 30m long zone trending 020° across the top of Barite Hill (Fig.4) Several other more widely spaced outcrops of similar barite along this trend extend the zone to about 55m. The host rock is dolostone.

Inperpretation of Barite Occurrences

For the purpose of estimating the <u>possible</u> tonnage that may be readily accessible in Occurrence 1, it is assumed that the body is 12m long, lm wide and extends to a depth of 15m. The calculation is limited to 15m because this is

the depth to which an open pit with a favourable ore to waste ratio could be excavated in two benches using small, inexpensive equipment. Assuming the barite has S.G. = 4.3, the possible reserves in the North Zone Occurrence 1 are approximately 770 tonnes.

For purposes of estimating the <u>possible</u> tonnage present in Occurrence 2, it is assumed that the body is 30m long (i.e. that it extends along strike 5m northwest of DDH 73-4 and 5m southeast of DDH 77-5), that it extends down-dip to a depth of 15m beneath the surface (a convenient depth to which to mine), that its average thickness is 2m and that its S.G. is 4.3. On this basis 3,870 tonnes are possibly present in the North Zone Occurrence 2.

No data are available to indicate the size of barite bodies that may be present in the North Zone Occurrence 3. However, considering the size of the zone it could contain a body of 1,500 tonnes.

The apparent minimum dimensions of the zone on Barite Hill, assuming continuity between the close-spaced outcrops, is 1.5m thick and 30m long. Assuming it extends to a depth of 15m and that the S.G. of the body averages 4.3, there is possibly about 2,900 tonnes present. If the body is 55m long there could be an additional 2,420 tonnes present.

In summary, the possible reserves of barite to a depth of 15m are as follows:

North Zone	(A)	(B)
Occurrence 1	770	
Occurrence 2	3,870	
Occurrence 3		1,500
Barite Hill		
Main Zone	2,900	
Extension of m	pain zone	2,420
	7,540	3,920

- (A) Based on drill hole data or surface exposures and geology.
- (B) Based mainly on geological speculation.

CONCLUSIONS

- 1. The sphalerite occurrences in the North Zone are stratabound and are spatially related to chert bodies formed by replacement of dolostone. The Zone of replacement chert that is exposed intermittently for 1,500m southeast of the North Zone warrants exploration for zinc deposits by detailed geochemical soil sampling, geological mapping and grid drilling.
- 2. The main barite occurrences in the North Zone and on Barite Hill warrant exploration by drilling and stripping. In the writer's opinion there is a reasonably good possibility, by mineral exploration standards, that these occurrences contain 7,540 tonnes to 11,460 tonnes of high quality barite within 15m of surface.
- 3. The barite occurrences appear to be spatially related to the chert bodies. The areas of shallow overburden within the 1,500m long zone of replacement chert southeast of the North Zone warrant exploration for barite.

PERSONNEL AND DATES WORKED

W.G. Smitheringale, Ph.D., P. Eng., Geological Consultant:

Drill Supervision and Geological Mapping,

May 23, to June 27, 35 days.

Report Preparation 7.8 days

Marion Smith, Draftswoman: - July 27 - August 3, 4.8 days

EXPENSES

Diamond drilling	\$ 16,617.07
Field supervision, W.G. Smitheringale 35 days at \$150/day	5,250.00
Report preparation, W.G. Smitheringale 7.8 days at \$100/day	780.00
Drafting, Altair Drafting Services	
36 hrs. at \$12/hr	432.00
Supplies and reproductions	38.35
Food and accommodation	744.47
Truck rental and gas (4x4 half ton)	. 632.80
Air travel, Vancouver to Watson Lake including hotel	1,501.34
Air support	
Helicopter	544.00
Fixed-wing	142.80
Field expenses	242.86
Assaying	236.50

Respectfully submitted

\$ 27,162.19



W.G. Smitheringale, P.Eng. October 5, 1977

CERTIFICATION

I, William G. Smitheringale, do hereby certify that:

- 1. I am a practicing Professional Geological Engineer, resident in North Vancouver, B.C.
- 2. I am a graduate of the University of British Columbia with a degree in Geological Engineering (B.Ap.Sc., 1955) and of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology with the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in Geology (Ph.D., 1962).
- 3. I have practiced my profession continously for fifteen years as geologist with the Geological Survey of Canada, as Assistant and Associate Professor, Department of Geology, Memorial University of Newfoundland, and since 1974 as a Consulting Geologist.
- 4. I am a member in good standing of the Association of Professional Engineers of the Province of British . Columbia and of the Association of Professional Engineers of Newfoundland.
- 5. This report is based mainly on geological mapping by the author and on a diamond drill program supervised by the author.
- 6. I have no financial interest in the Atan Lake property or in Tournigan Mining Explorations Ltd.



W.G. Smitheringale, P.Eng.

704-535 Thurlow St, Vancouver, B.C.

APPENDIX I

DIAMOND DRILL CONTRACT
AND INVOICE



Wink International Exploration Drilling Ltd.

EXPLORATION DRILLING . CONSULTING . HYDRA-WINK SALES

TELEPHONE: (604) 271-7117

105B - 12511 Ng. 2 ROAD RICHMOND, B.C., CANADA V7E 2G3

THIS AGREEMENT MADE THIS 28TH DAY OF MARCH, 1977

TOURNIGAN MINING EXPLORATION LTD., 535 THURLOW, VANCOUVER. B. C.

Hereinafter referred to as the "COMPANY"

WINK INTERNATIONAL EXPLORATION DRILLING LTD., AND:

105B, 12511 NO. 2 ROAD, RICHMOND, B. C., V7E 2G3

Hereinafter referred to as the "CONTRACTOR"

WHEREAS the COMPANY has requested the CONTRACTOR to perform certain surface dismond drilling and related services on their property located in the vicinity of CASSIAR, B. C.

AND WHEREAS the CONTRACTOR has agreed to perform the said diamond drilling and related services requested upon the terms, conditions and provisions hereinafter contained.

NOW THEREFORE THIS ACREEMENT WITNESSETH that in consideration of the payment of the amounts hereinafter stipulated and of the mutual covenants hereinafter contained, the parties hereto agree as specified herein.

THE CONTRACTOR COVENANTS AND AGREES

- To provide all of the required equipment including but not limited to: One Hydra-Wink drill and equipment including diamond set items to drill to a depth of 400 feet from surface or that of the capacity of the Hydra-Wink drill, to recover BQ size core.
- That all its labour, diamond wear and loss, and all other operating expenses, except as hereinafter provided, shall be at its own cost and expense and for its own account.
- To provide a drilling crew consisting of one operator and one helper to work a daily 3. drilling shift of twelve hours seven days each week.

- A. That it will be responsible for mobilizing its men, supplies, drill and equipment between VANCOUVER and the property at no cost to the COMPANY. Moving in and setting up the drill on hole No. 1, tearing down and moving out at the completion of the contract will also be the COMPACTOR'S responsibility at no cost to the COMPANY. The COMPANY will be responsible for clearing all sites necessary for drill set up.
- 5. To provide a truck to service the drilling operations.
- 6. To provide camp accommodations for the drill crew, including board.
- 7. To perform and execute all work and services required pursuant to this agreement in a proper, careful and workmanlike manner and that it will be responsible for and will pay promptly all dues and assessments under any Workmen's Compensation Act or similar acts whether Provincial or Federal in respect of its employees and will indemnify and save harmless the COMPANY against and from all claims whatsoever arising by reason of any injury or injuries sustained by any employee or workman of the CONTRACTOR while engaged in the employment of the CONTRACTOR.
- 8. That it will carry, and will show proof prior to commencement of work, Third Party Liability Insurance, covering legal liability for bodily injury to or death of any person or for damage to property in the amount of \$500,000.00.
- 9. To recover as high a percentage of core as the drilling conditions allow.
- 10. Any information regarding drill results will not be revealed by the CONTRACTOR or its employees. Persons other than the COMPANY'S representatives will not be permitted access to the core.
- 1. That, during the course of the work, the CONTRACTOR shall at all times keep the COMPANY'S premises and drill sites free from waste or rubbish and on completion of work will remove all materials and leave the sites in a clean condition.

THE COMPANY COVENANTS AND AGREES

- 1. That if cavities or loose ground or other conditions be encountered such that further drilling becomes impractical, the hole may be abandoned by mutual consent and the CONTRACTOR be paid for all foetage completed.
- 2. That the cost of all drilling items left or lost in the hole shall be for the COMPANY'S account at cost except when the items are lost due to the negligence or willful acts or omissions of the CONTRACTOR.
- 3. That the cost of core boxes and shipping costs of same shall be forthe COMPANY'S account at no cost to the CONTRACTOR.
- 4. That it will provide access roads to all drill sites and prepare sites suitable for drill set up.
- 5. That the additional cost to rent or supply extra pumping units and supplies and extra labour and maintence for water supply greater than 3,000 feet in distance and 300 feet in lift, be charged to the COMPANY at the CONTRACTOR'S cost.

- 6. To pay the CONTRACTOR for footage drilled or other services performed as follows:
 - (a) For penetration of overburden at the rate of \$15.00 per lineal foot penetrated.
 - (b) For diamond drilling to a depth in each hole recovering BQ size core at the rate of \$15.00 per lineal foot drilled.
- 7. To pay the CONTRACTOR an advance of \$5,000.00 within the two week period immediately preceding commencement of work. This advance payment will be applied against the CONTRACTOR'S final invoice.

MUTUAL COVENANTS AND AGREEMENTS

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IT IS FURTHER MUTUALLY UNDERSTOOD AND AGREED BETWEEN THE PARTIES HERETO:

1. The work is to consist of no more than four holes from a minimum of 200 feet to a maximum of 400 feet deep for a total of 1,000 minimum feet of drilling. This total may be extended by mutual consent.

No drill holes shall be drilled at angles flatter than 45 degrees to the horizontal. The measurement of all holes shall be from the top of the casing.

- 2. The work shall commence on or about the 1st day of May, 1977 and will be carried out on a one shift per day basis, operating seven days per week.
- 5. The content of this agreement shall remain confidential.
- . The CONTRACTOR shall invoice the COMPANY at semi-monthly intervals for services provided and such invoices shall become due and payable within 15 days of receipt.

TOURNIZAN MINING EXPLORATION ITD.

Mullew

WINK INTERNATIONAL EXPLORATION DRILLING ITD.



Wink International Exploration Drilling Ltd.

EXPLORATION DRILLING . CONSULTING . HYDRA-WINK SALES

TELEPHONE: (604) 271-7117

105B - 12511 No. 2 ROAD RICHMOND, B.C., CANADA V7E 2G3

June 27, 1977.

INVOICE

Tournigan Mining Exploration Ltd., 535 Thurlow, VANCOUVER, B. C.

CASSIAR, B. C. Drilling Operations - May 18 - June 23, 1977

1,000 ft. @ \$15.00

Labour

15,000.00

- Cementing Operations		Hour	<u>'s</u>		
		Runner	<u>Helper</u>		
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	9(1/2 of			up Cement, Grub, Bits	3
		462	42		
			88½ Hours	@ \$10.00 885.00	

1/3 of Our Grub Charges (\$494.67) 4 Trips to Cassiar for Cement (63 miles return) Cement as per attached invoice copies 40 only BQ Core Boxes @ 5.00 June 12 - 16 ft. BW Casing - 1 only BW Casing Shoe

164.89 50.40 106.96 200.00 111.75 98.07 .617.07

APPENDIX II

DIAMOND DRILL LOGS AND DRILL

CORE ASSAYS, 1977 ATAN LAKE PROJECT

Atan Lake, 1977 Project: Elev. collar: 17.3m Hole: DDH₀77-1 3530 Started: June 2nd. Bearing: Finished: June 6 Inclination: -47° Logged by: W.G. Smitheringale Depth: 72.5m

Recovery: 22' - 31': 75%, much in small pieces;

31' - 55': 80% but well broken; 55' - 72': 100%; 72' - 94': 80%; 94'-116': 80%; 116' -139': 90%; 139'-165': 100%; 165'-187': 95%; 187' -189': 50%*; 189'-238': 95%.

* This interval of only 50% recovery immediately proceeds the interval of good mineralization.

Feet

0-22 Overburden

Massive, coarse-grained, secondary white dolomite; 5% vugs; no mineralization.

Dolomite. Medium grey, very fine-grained, crystaline; some mottled light-dark grey with stylolites; less than 5% secondary white dolomite in patches and fractures.

Dolomite. Faintly mottled light-dark grey, fine-grained, crystaline. In places light grey dolomite has interstitial black 'chert'. Occasional stylolite. 5% secondary white dolomite in pods, fractures and between light and dark patches.

44' and 49' bedding core= 60°

Dolomite. Irregularly mottled to irregularly colour banded (bedding); light-medium grey, fine-grained, crystaline. Mostly no brecciation and very minor secondary white dolomite; occasional vugs.

63.5'-66': Breccia; 80% composed of secondary white dolomite healing breccia.

65': bedding core= 75°

Dolomite. Medium grey with irregular bedding defined by dark grey laminae with white lenses of secondary white dolomite. No brecciation; 20% secondary white dolomite as pods and lenses subparallel bedding; occasional vugs.

67.5'-68.5': fracture fillings give positive Zn spot test.

<u>Feet</u>

72-75

Coarse grained, secondary white dolomite
comprises 90% of core. Ghost breccia fragments
almost completely replaced by secondary white
dolomite. A speckof PbS at 75'.

75-88

Dolomite. Mostly irregular and wavey but distinctly banded (bedding); light grey, fine-grained, crystaline dolomite containing bands of dark grey, very fine-grained (argillaceous?) dolomite and white secondary dolomite. Some stylolitic partings with bitumen (hard, graphitic). Several 10cm wide zones of breccia cemented by secondary white dolomite. Secondary white dolomite 15% as lenses parallel bedding. 80'-83': 90% secondary white dolomite containing very minor pyrite and one spec of PbS.

87.5': fault breccia 88': bedding core= 60°.

Dolomite. Medium grey, very fine-grained, uniform textured. Small ovoids and spindles of white dolomite (not 'secondary white') 2mm diameter in dark grey aphanitic matrix, probably argillaceous (soft, incipient schistosity). Minor disseminated pyrite, although 1-2% in places.

97.5'-99': light grey, cherty dolomite.

106.5'-109': light-dark grey, cherty dolomite;
breccia healed with secondary white
dolomite.

Ovoids are probably onlites and pisolites. Some spindles suggest skeletal material. Aphanitic black matrix probably micritic or argillaceous.

118'-119': Cherty

120': 3" identical to 62'-91', hole 77-4
123': Highly fragmented and muddy core -

possible fault or indurated cataclastite.

Brecciation confined to scattered small patches except from 106' to 111' which has 70% brecciated with coarse-grained secondary white dolomite forming 50% of rock.

111'-120': 10% secondary white dolomite in fractures and small patches.

120'-126': 50% secondary white dolomite as massive patches.

Mineralization: generally minor disseminated pyrite, although locally 1%-5%; 122': 5cm 20% pyrite; 124.5': 5cm 20% pyrite: 125'-126':20% pyrite.

Feet

126-135

Cherty dolomite. Dark grey, very fine-grained, partly crystaline; small dolomite crystals in black chert matrix; faintly colour banded, otherwise featureless -.

Mostly brecciated with secondary white dolomite cement forming 10% to 20% of core. Occasional vug.

As from 88-126. 135-138

Cherty dolomite. Same as 126-135. Some bituminous, 138-148 styolitic partings (gone to graphite).

incipient brecciation with secondary 135'-156': white dolomite filling fractures forming 10% of rock, except local patches well brecciated with 50% secondary white dolomite. Occasional vug.

148-204

Very cherty dolomite (In many places it is a chert) Dark grey partly crystaline, very fine-grained; small white dolomite crystals in dark grey matrix of chert; irregular graphitic partings common some stylolites; indistinct bedding due to partings and disturbed colour banding.

171': Bedding core= 45' Assay: 169'-171' #61801 184'-185' #61802

171'-187' Apple green precipitate to Zn N.B. test why?.

core= 10° to 50° - looks Bedding core= 10 to 50 - looks more like primary structures or slumping 190'-200': than folding.

Brecciation: 156'-191': 25% overall, some 5' sections over 50%; secondary white dolomite cement.

> 191'-204': common; medium to dark grey fragments in light grey, fine-grained matrix, the whole largely replaced by chert.

Secondary white dolomite: 156'- 191': 30% of core, mostly as breccia cement, some as small lenses, patches and stringers. 191-204': 10% as small pods and lenses and filling small fractures; some white dolomite has been replaced by quartz.

156'-191': occasional Vuqs: 191'-204': none

Mineralization: 156'-204' occasional grain or small patch of pyrite, except 169'to 171': 0.1% to 0.5% disseminated ZnS. 184' to 185': 0.1 to o.5% disseminated ZnS and positive Zn spot test. 185'-189': scattered specs ZnS. 189'-190': 5% to 10% disseminated

red sphalerite (Assay #61800); N.B. Same core core lost in this interval.

191': 3cm of 3% ZnS 193': Speak of ZnS

N.B. The mineralization in the interval 169'to 193' occurs in what appears to be a mosaic to rubble breccia that is partly to completely replaced by chert.

Dolomite. Mostly slightly cherty although very cherty in places, light-medium grey. Fine-grained white dolomite crystals with dark grey interstitial material (approaches salt & pepper texture) contains broken and irregular beds and fragments of darker grey fine-grained dolomite.

Color banding in places. Graphitic, stylolitic partings common.

Brecciation incipient in a few places; secondary white dolomite comprising 10% of rock fills breccia fractures. Very minor pyrite as scattered grains and dusting in graphitic partings.

205': bedding core= 30

214': one grain ZnS 218': bed core= 30°

Dolomite. Light grey, fine-grained (white dolomite 225-235 crystals with dark interstitial material); faintly banding due to thin discontinuous dark grey laminae and thin irregular lenses of secondary white dolomite. Some graphitic, stylolitic partings. Bands with S & P' texture Well banded in places. Cherty in places. common. 15% - 20% secondary white dolomite No brecciation. as irregular lenses 1mm to 1cm thick subparallel bedding; some of these lenses contain quartz. Minor pyrite same as 204' to 225'. small bled of PbS and ZnS. 233':

235-238 <u>Dolomite.</u> Medium grey, fine-grained, minor faint banding; faintly oolitic.

End of hole at 238' (72.5m)

ASSAY RESULTS, DDH 77-1, ATAN LAKE PROJECT

ASSAY RE	SULTS, DDH 77-1,	, ATAN LAKE PRO	JECT
Interval	Sample	Sample Length	
(feet)	No.	(metres)	Zn%
164 - 169	61803	1.5	0.01
169 - 171	61801	0.6	0.06
171 - 178	61804	2.1	0.01
178 - 184	61805	1.8	0.01
184 - 185	61802	0.3	0.18
185 - 189	61806	1.2	0.01
189 - 190	61800	0.3	7.68
190 - 195	61807	1.5	0.02

Atan Lake, 1977 77-2 -56 190' Project:

DDH. No. Inclination: Depth: Bearing: 018 Started: June 8, 1977
Finished: June 12, 1977
Logged by: W.G. Smitheringale
Elev. collar relative to

25

local datum: 17.3m.

Dep ft	th m	Recv'y	Brecc'n & Cement	Secondary White Dolomite	Vugs	Mineral'n	Lithology and General Description
-0 -2 -3							<u>0-4: Overburden</u>
-4 -6 -8 -10 -12 -14 -16		15% 25 frag's 50%,/rag's	None	<10% as lenses sub // banding.	Occasional " " "	Very minor disseminated pyrite "	4-30' Dolomite - 'S&P'*common. Lt. med. gy., f-gr., mottled to indistinctly banded due to patches and bands of lt. gy.'S&P' textured dol. and med. gy. finer gr. dolomite. Stylolytic in places - graphitic styc surfaces. coarse white calcite as well as dol. occurs in pods. Orange calcite (?) occurs in
-18 -20 -22 -24 -26 -28	3.2	60%; frgs. 90%, blocky		N.B. some of these lenses have cores of calcite		" Pos reaction to Zn test i several plac Orange Calc common	thin fractures and intergrown with white dolomite in pods in places. At 12' bending core = 57' At 28' At 27' At 28' At 28

Atan Lake, 1977

Project: Atan L DDH. No. 77-2 Inclination: -56 Depth: 190'

1977 1977 W.G. Smitheringale Started: Finished:

Logged by:

Dep			Brecc'n &	Secondary White		Min	Lithology and
ft	m	Recv'y	Cement	Dolomite	Vugs	Mineral'n	General Description
-30			None	Some of these lenses have	Scattered		30-46 Dolomite As 4-30 except no 'S&P' and in places banding
-32			Ħ	cores of calcite		-prepa bps@3!	is very distinct, altho irregular and contorted.
-34	10.8	95%	11	II .	# #		
-36 -38	11 Q	15%	12 11 22		Up to 2 cm		31: banding core =50°.
-40	ш. Э	ground 40%	and a " pi a da Sana an	∼10% but can't tell	across,		Assa y 39' - 46'
-42			n n		lined with white dol.	Pos. Zn test	elust water at 42'
-44		40%	Some		~2% of rock	in places. Orange 'calc'	Specs of PbS 3 44 Spec taken for thin section.
-46	-14				1		46-56:Dolomite-ltdk. gy. mot- tled; secondary wh. dol abundant
	14.9	10%	Some present with wh. dol.	1	can't tell	None	orange 'calcite' common in stringers
-50			cement. Can't tell how much.	common			Assay 49-56
-52		8%				Pos. In test, orange	56-62: Dol. Appears to be mainly
-54						'calcite'	med. gy. f.gr. featureless Assay 56-62
	17.1					Wk. Zn test	Assay 30-02
-58		8%		present		in two place	

Project: Atan Lake, 1977 DDH. No. 77-2 Inclination: -56 Depth:

Bearing:

Started: Finished:

1977 1977

Logged by: W.G. Smitheringale 190' 018

Depth		Brecc'n &	Secondary White			Lithology and
ft m	n Recv'y	·	Dolomite	Vugs	Mineral'n	General Description
-60 -62 -18.	8%		some present		carcite'	
-64 -66	90%	Wk to strong	30% as bx.	Occasional	None other	f-gr. mottled toindistinctly banded. Occasional graphitic stylolite. Bx'd.
-68 -70 -72	80%	throughout White dol. cement	cement "		than minor pyrite	73-75.5. meddk. gy, very f.g., featureless, incipient bx'n.
-74 -76 -78 -80	> 95%	incipient to weak; white dol. cement	<pre>\$ filling fractures except for several 6" intervals of 50%</pre>	None "		gr. to aphanitic; xtles and pellets of dol.in an aphanitic matrix forms most of the rock. Generally no color banding or stylolites. In places the rock feels greasy suggesting clay in matrix.
-82 -84 -86 -88 -90 -92 -94			OI 30%			78: Schistosity (incip.cleav) core = 40° Contains wh. ovoids of dol. in places. 76-80' lt. gy. 76-109' 'ovoids' common

Project: Atan Lake, 1977
DDH. No. 77-2
Inclination: -56
Depth: 190'
Bearing: 018

1977 1977 Started: Finished: Logged by: W.G. Smitheringale

Project:

Atan Lake, 1977 77-2 -56 190' 018 DDH. No. Inclination: Depth: Bearing:

Started: 1977
Finished: 1977
Logged by: W.G. Smitheringale

				Secondary			
Dep ft	tn m	Recv'y	Brecc'n & Cement	White Dolomite	Vugs	Mineral'n	Lithology and General Description
-136 -138	4 2.1	70%	Coarse white dol cement	Several bx'd. sections with	Occasional "	Massive	138: Minor diss.Red ZnS Assay 138-140.
-140 -142 -144		60%	u i ez	50%; otherwise 5%	и 	Pos. Zn test in places	138-190: Chert formed by replacement of dol: lt,med,dk. gy. 138-160: mottled; bx'd.
-146 -148		60%	Well developed		n n	6" 2% ZnS +Zn test	Assay 143-144: red, dissem. ZnS.
-150				25%	n 1. 2 (1. n - 2. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	None other	
-152 -154 -156		50%	White dol.	25%	n	than pyrite " "	
-158 -160 -162		95%	Weakly developed	15% comenting	None		160-167: strongly stylolitic
-164 -166	: 1						164: stylolites and banding core = 70°.
-168 -170 -172			None "	5% in occasion a lfrac t and lens	n n		167-185: some indistinctly banded, some mottled; scattered
-174 -178						n	stylolites; some bx; a few spots approaching S&P texture.

Project: Atan Lake, 1977
DDH. No. 77-2
Inclination: -56
Depth: 190'
Bearing: 018

Started: 1977

Finished: 1977
Logged by: W.G. Smitheringale

Depth ft m	ı Recv'y	Brecc'n & Cement	Secondary White Dolomite	Vugs	Mineral'n	Lithology and General Description
-180 -182	*	None "	5% in occasional fract. and lens	Occasional	None other than pyrite	
-184 -186 -188	95%	u u	20% in lenses and pods	u u	n n	185-190: Chert replaced med. & lt. gy, fine-grained dolomite; indistinct banding; stylolitic;
-190 -192 -194	11		1	U		'S&P' in places; secondary white dolomite in lenses //
-196 -198			END HOLE 190			banding. 190' = 57.9 m.
-200						

ASSAY RESULTS DDH 77-2, ATAN LAKE PROJECT.

Interval (feet)	Sample No.	Sample Length (metres)	Zn%	Pb%	Cu8
25 - 30	61808	1.5	0.07	0.05	N/A
30 - 35.5	61809	1.7	0.13	0.21	N/A
39 - 46	61810	2.1	0.35	0.09	N/A
49 - 56	61811	2.1	0.02	0.10	N/A
56 - 62	61812	1.8	0.01	0.02	N/A
138 - 140	61813	0.6	0.08	N/A	N/A
140 - 143	61814	0.9	0.01	N/A	N/A
143 - 144	61815	0.3	0.16	N/A	N/A
144 - 149	61816	1.5	0.02	N/A	N/A

TOURNIGAN M. WG EXPLOPATION LTD.

Project: Atan Lake, 1977
DDH. No. 77-3
Inclination: -55
Depth: 192'
Bearing: 003

Started: 1977
Finished: 1977
Logged by: W.G. Smitheringale ω Elev. collar relative to

local datum: 17.3m.

Dep	th		Brecc'n &	Secondary White			Lithology and
ft	m	Recv'y	Cement	Dolomite	Vugs	Mineral'n	General Description
- 0 - 2							0-5: Overburden
- 4_	1.5						
- 6	1.3			1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1		Spot pos. Zn test	<u>5-31: Dol</u> .
-10		40%	None	50% in small fractures and pods	Occasional		Lt dk.gy; f-gr; distinctly mottled to irregularly banded; stylolites common; occasional spot approaching 'S&P' (salt and
-12 -14	-4	50%	n n		" "	Spot pad ve Zn test	pepper texture)
-16		70%	11		11		
-18-	5.5	50%	11	90% between and	•	D 7- (c. C. c)	
-20				replacing p rob. ghost bx frags.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Pos Zn (& Cu?) test in spots	Assay 18-21.5
-22-	6.5	50%					
-24	2.5			generally 5%;			
-26				locally > 50%; as lenses // band-			
-28		75%		ing and as pods.			
-30						Weak pos(?) Zn in spots	31: banding core = 70°

Project: Atan Lake, 1977

DDH. No. DDH. No. 77-3 Inclination: -55 192' 003 Depth: Bearing:

Started: 1977
Finished: 1977
Logged by: W.G. Smitheringale

Dep ft	th m	Recv'y	Brecc'n & Cement	Secondary White Dolomite	***		Lithology and
10	- 111	Recv y		DOTOWICE	Vugs	Mineral'n	General Description
-32			None				Dol. med-dk gy; faintly mottled
-34		90%	Moderate	\			31-51: Cherty Dolomite. Partial to complete replacement by chert
-36				90%		Weak pos. Zn	
-38				100			
-40		80%		10%			31-37: Lt. & med.gy indistinctly banded and mottled.
-42			Incipient to weak	95%		Weak pos. Zn	
-44						in many place	s Assay 40-43
-46		60%		10% in fracs, lenses & pods			37-51: Med. gy, featureless f.g.
-48				Tombob & Poub			
-50		80%	V.		occasional		
-52						Spot کوم' ve Zn test	<u>51-55: Dolomite</u> . med.gy, r-gr.
-54			Mostly not bx'd				featureless patches of orange calcite. (?)
- 56		958	but several in			Minor barite	55-61 Deligible Banding core = 70° Lt. Med. gy, f.g. irreg.
-58	17.		developed bx				banded 'orange calcite' assoc'd
-60			with white dol	95%		Several spots	with coarse wh. dol. & barite.
-62	18.	90%	cement,	minor			

Project: Atan Lake, 1977

DDH. No. 77-3 Inclination: 55 Depth: 192' Bearing: 003 Started: 1977
Finished: 1977
Logged by: W.G. Smitheringale

Secondary Depth Brecc'n & White Lithology and ft Dolomite Recv'y Cement Vugs Mineral'n General Description -64 61-73: Dolomite: cherty, med. gy Minor featureless to faintly banded 90% 1.00% and mottled. Tan and orange -66 carbonate assoc'd with coarse-gr. white dolomite minor -68 -70 95% -7285% minor 73-86: Dolomite: similar to nane -74 61-73, only locally cherty. Tan Several 1'-2' and orange carbonate assoc'd Mostly well -76OLLASional bx'd with sections 95%; with white dolomite. white dol. -78elsewhere 20%-90% cement. -8050%. Av. 80% -82 -84 86-133: Dolomite; non-cherty to -86 variably replaced by chert. Mostly med. gy., f-gr., feature-less or with faint irregular -88 minor 95% -90 banding and mottling with only 25% barite slight colour contrast. Stylo-75% -92 lites are common in banded parts -94

TOURNIGAN MIN_ G EXPLORATION LTD.

Atan Lake, 1977 77-3 -55 Project:

DDH. No. Inclination: Depth: Bearing: 192' 003

Started: 1977 1977 Finished:

Logged by: W.G. Smitheringale

	1.1.			Secondary			
Dep ft	tn m	Recv'v	Brecc'n & Cement	White Dolomite	Vuqs	Mineral'n	Lithology and General Description
	- 111	Kecv y	Cement	DOTOMITE	vugs	Mineral n	General Description
-96			3 + 1 2 + 2 + 3 1	1			86-133; (Cont'd) Some sections mottled with patches approaching
-98		k					'S&P' texture. Some 6" intverals of sed. bx.
-100		95%	Mostly mod. to	Mostly 20-80%	Essentially	Minor barite	or sea. bx.
-102			strongly bx'd	except in non-	None		6" sed. bx.
-104			altho 1'-4'	bx'd intervals.		with white	
-106			intervals non bx'd:	DX G INCCIVATS.		dolomite.	
				Mainly cementing	2 or 3 in		
-108				riarinty comencinating		< 5% of	109: Sed. bx. 6".
-110				bx. frags but	this	_1	109. Bed. Dx. 0
110				5% as lenses	en j	rock in	
-112			White dol.		entire	blebs	90-113: Some nearly oval struc-
-114			cement.	and oval blebs	interval		tures that would become 'ovoids'
-116						2mm to	
				1-3m 💋 which			if rock were sheared.
-118			In places	are lo cal ly		4 cm.	114: 2" sed. bx.
-120			normal stress				
100				developed.		Minor	
-122			bx' merges			pyrite	124-133: generally featureless
-124			with and			PATTE	medium-dk.gy. but with sect'ns
-126							of sed. bx. containing frags of aphanitic lt. gy. rk.with clay
-170			overlaps sed.				matrix and high py. that was
		V	bx.				

TOURNIGAN ML NG EXPLORATION LTD.

Project: DDH. No.

Atan Lake, 1977 77-3 -55 192' 003 Inclination: Depth: Bearing:

Started: Finished: 1977 1977

Logged by: W.G. Smitheringale

-130 -132 -134 -136 -138 -140 to 80' 133-173: Chert and very cherty dolomite; formed by replacement same textures as 86-133. 135-168: Sed. bx and soft-rock deformation. 140-141: very fagr. uniformly		 				
-130 95% 133-173: Chert and very cherty dolomite; formed by replacement same textures as 86-133. 135-168: Sed. bx and soft-rock deformation. 140-141: very f.gr. uniformly banded and intensely stylolitic like 160-167 in 77-2. 150-152 -154 -156 -154 -156 -156 -2" band lt. gy. primary chert.		Recv'y	White	Vugs	Mineral'n	
dolomite; formed by replacement Same textures as 86-133. 135-168: Sed. bx and 'soft-rock' deformation. 140-141: very f.gr. uniformly banded and intensely stylolitic like 160-167 in 77-2. 144 146 148 150 151 152 152 154 154 156 1		95%				was encountered in 72-2 at 76' to 80'
deformation. -138 -140 -142 -142 -144 -146 -148 -150 -152 -154 -156						dolomite; formed by replacement.
banded and intensely stylolitic like 160-167 in 77-2. -144 +146 -148 -150 -152 -154 -156						135-168: Sed. bx and soft-rock deformation.
-144 -146 -148 -150 -152 -152 -154 -154						banded and intensely stylolitic
-148 -150 -152 -154 -154 -156	-144					
-152154154156	-148					
을 위구154 [하다] 그는 그를 하다는 하는 그를 마음하여 하라고 화면하는 그를 가는 다음이 다른 하는 다음이 다른 사람이 되었다. 그는 그는 그는 그는 그는 그를 다른 것을 하는 것이다. 그는 1542 [152] 그는 그는 그를 하는 것이 하는 것이 하는 것이 하는 것이 되었다. 그를 하는 것이 나를 하는 것이 되었다. 그는 것이 하는 것이 되었다. 그는 것이 되었다. 그를 하는 것						
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TOURNIGAN MINING EXPLORATION LTD.

Project: Atan Lake, 1977 DDH. No. 77-3

Inclination: -55° Depth: 192' Bearing: 003 Started: Finished:

1977 1977

Logged by: W.G. Smitheringale

Secondary Brecc'n & Lithology and Depth White General Description Cement Dolomite Vugs Mineral'n ft Recv'y -158 47.95 Massive barite 48.31 -160 -162 -16495% Occasional none Mostly not <5% in fract's</pre> -166 bx'd. -168except 70% at -170 170 - 171 30% ba. -172Several short 173-192: Dolomite; locally chert -174intervals It. & dk. gy. mottled to banded. -176OF nune some stylolites, 'S&P' textures -17815% as lenses common. weak bx'n. -180and pods with \bullet Banding core = 65°. -182// banding. Coarse reddish brown ZnS in vein PbS & ZnS bf coarse white dolomite. -184Assay 183-184 **≪**ZnS 184: banding Λ core = 65°.

G EXPLORATION LTD. TOURNIGAN MI.

Atan Lake, 1977 77-3 -55 192' 003

Project: DDH. No. Inclination:

Depth: Bearing:

Started: 1977
Finished: 1977
Logged by: W.G. Smitheringale

Deptl ft	a m	Recv'y	Brecc'n & Cement	Secondary White Dolomite	Vugs	Mineral'n	Lithology and General Description
-186 -188 -190		95%				none	
-192				END HOLE 192'			6" barite with a single 2 mm Ø bleb of ZnS. 192' - 58.5 m.

ASSAY RESULTS DDH 77-3, ATAN LAKE PROJECT.

Interval (feet)	Sample No.	Sample Length (metres)	Zn%	Cu%
18 - 21.5	61817	1.1	0.06	0.02
40 - 43	61818	0.9	0.02	N/A
178 - 183	61819	1.5	0.01	N/A
183 - 184	61820	0.3	0.54	N/A
184 - 189	61821	1.5	0.01	•N/A

TOURNIGAN MINING EXPLORATIONS LTD.

Date Started: June 17,1977 Project: Atan Lake, 1977 DDH 77-4 June 18,1977 Date Finished: Hole: Logged by: W.G. Smitheringale 21.7m Elev. Collar:

Inclination: -85 36.9m Length: Bearing: 045

Collared in bedrock.

0! - 5!: 50%; 13' - 17': 75%; 17' - 26': Recovery:

26' - 112': 80 to 95%; (probably average nearly

95%) 112' - 117': 40%; 117' - 121': 50%.

N.B. Target zone is 112' - 117' interval which

has only 50% recovery.

Feet

Cherty Dolomite. Medium grey, fine-grained 0 - 4dolomite crystals in black cherty matrix. Resembles Pepper and Salt ('P&S') texture. No

breccia. Minor white dolomite.

Dolomite. Mostly light grey with medium grey 4-55 lenses and laminae. Fine-grained; distinctly but irregularly banded to mottled; stylolites

and 'P&S' texture common.

dominantly light grey. 4'--19':

50% light grey, 50% finer grained, 19'-30': medium grey as irregular bands and whisps and patches that define bedding.

dominantly light grey. 30'-33': similar texture to 4'-19' and 19'-30' 33'-45': but intermediate in colour; medium grey with slightly darker grey and finer grained patches and bands. Mottling and banding not as distinct due to

less colour contrast.

dominantly light grey with well defined dark grey whisps and bands more like 4'-19'.

at 14': 60°; at 25': 50° to 70°; at 45': 50° Banding (bedding) core:

Brecciation: Minor - over several 6" intervals. Medium-to coarse-grained secondary white dolomite: 4'-19': 10% to 20%, locally 50%, as irregular lenses and patches // banding.

The state of the s

Has yellow to orange carbonate associated with it in many places, but especially abundant from 12' to 19'. (This looks like an ankeritic alteration of the white dolomite).

19' - 55': generally about 5% although locally 20% over 4" intervals; as lenses and patches // banding.

Vugs: Scattered small vugs, mostly associated in secondary white dolomite.

Mineralization: 0'-17': positive Zinc drop test

in many spots.

17'-55': positive Zinc drop test in 4 scattered spots.

Assay: 0'-17': Barite occurs as small patches associated with secondary white dolomite in a number of places but nowhere does it average 10% over a l'interval.

- Very Cherty Dolomite. Light grey, fine-grained dolomite crystals in black aphanitic chert matrix. Indistinct banding. 'S&P' texture. Brecciated in places with white dolomite cement. White dolomite also occurs in patches. Average 10% white dolomite.
- 61.5-63.5

 90% Medium-coarse-grained white dolomite. Possible blebs of dull brown ZnS at 61.5'. Positive Zinc drop test in many spots.
 Assay: 61.5'-62': to determine if unknown dull brown mineral in ZnS.
 Assay 62'-63.5'.
- Dolomite. Variably cherty, light-medium and dark grey, fine-grained. Irregularly but distinctly mottled and banded. Moderately brecciated in places. Much white secondary dolomite as fracture fillings but mostly in blebs and lenses. Orange carbonate (ankerite?) commonly associated with white dolomite.

82-91

Dolomite. Pale greenish grey, very fine-grained. Very fine-grained intergrowth of turbid creamy dolomite grains and clear medium grey dolomite. Contains both dark coloured ovoids (clear grey dolomite) and white dolomite ovoids. Similar to rock in DDH 77-2, 76'-80'.

82'-89': No brecciation. No secondary white dolomite.

89'-91': Strongly brecciated with 50% white dolomite cement.

Mineralization. 82'-91': 1% finely disseminated pyrite, also several 5cm pods of very fine grained pyrite.

89'-91': patches of barite in

white dolomite.

Oherty Dolomite. Mostly very cherty, although variable. Alternating (1) medium-dark grey with faint colour contrast defining mottling and (2) light, medium, and dark grey with distinct mottling and banding; all fine-grained. Brecciation strong in places with 1' and 2' intervals of 50% white dolomite cement. Secondary white dolomite also occurs as pods and lenses // banding.

Mineralization. Single bleb of medium-grained red ZnS occurs at 97' in white dolomite with associated orange carbonate.

At 93': Angle between bedding and core = 68°.

Dolomite. Light grey, very fine-grained. Various types of round structures (0.5mm to 3mm; clear dolomite to turbid white) in a very fine-grained to aphanitic matrix. In one spot matrix feels clayey. Somewhat similar to 82'-91'. Parts well brecciated with white dolomite cement.

107.5'-109': 70% coarse white dolomite with 30% barite in patches 3cm across. Minor finely disseminated pyrite.

109-112 Chert. Light grey, aphanitic - primary?
Well brecciated. 50% of interval consists of coarse white secondary dol. containing patches of barite.

- 112-114 (?) Chert. Brecciated with 80% dolomite cement.

 Chert same as 109'-112'. Dolomite cement is riddled with tiny irregular stringers and pods of fine-grained pyrite. It also contains a pale creamy yellow mineral, an alteration of dolomite or ZnS?. Assay 112'-114'.

 N.B. Recovery 112'-117' is only 40%. Only 6" of core sampled and this is assumed to represent 2'.
- 114-116 Fragments of badly ground chert.
- Dolomite. Cataclastite?

 Dark grey, consisting of fragments (?) of dark grey dolomite, chert and white dolomite. Has a peculiar fault breccia-like structure, but there are no slickenslides. Possibly a lithified near-surface fault or slump breccia.

 (See log 77-1: 101'-106'). Minor disseminated pyrite. Weak positive Zn test. Assay 116'-121.

End of hole 121' (36.9m)

ASSAY RESULTS, DDH 77-4, ATAN LAKE PROJECT

Interval (feet)	Sample No.	Sample Length (Metres)	Zn%
0 - 10	61822	3.0	0.06
10 - 17	61823	2.1	0.02
27 - 28	61825	0.3	0.02
38.5-43.5	61827	1.5	0.01
43.5-44.5	61828	0.3	0.02
44.5-49.5	61829	1.5	0.02
61.5-62	61830	0.15	0.01
62 - 63.5	61831	0.5	0.01
112- 114	61832	0.6	0.08
116- 121	61833	1.5	0.03

TOURNIGAN MINING EXPLORATIONS LTD.

Project: Hole: Elev. Collar: Azimuth: Inclination: Bearing:	048 Logged by: W.G. Smitheringale
Recovery:	11' - 17': 15%; 17' - 21': 70%; 21' - 26.5': 75%; 26.5'-35': 90%; 35' - 58': 90%; 58' - 71': 80%; 71' - 83': 95%; 83' - 86': 65%; 86' -116': 95%; 116'-119': 65%; 119'-121': 15%; 121'-130': 50%; 130'-144': 95%.
<u>Feet</u>	
0-11	Overburden
11-12	Dolomite. Light grey with dark grey patches and lenses producing distinct mottling. Stylolitic. Vugs lined with white dolomite and containing barite. Positive Zn drop test in one spot.
12-15	Dolomite. Core badly ground. Looks like 25'-40'. Minor azurite and malachite. Also barite chunks. Small grains unknown brown mineral - assay.
15-25 (3m)	Barite. 100% - Contains very minor scattered specks of pyrite and fractures coated with clay and Fe oxide. Otherwise it looks quite pure.
25-40	Dolomite. Light and dark grey, distinctly mottled and banded. Fine-grained bordering on medium-grained in places. Occasional stylolites. Dominant feature is 'S&P'* texture. Minor local brecciation with white dolomite cement. White secondary dolomite 5 to 10% as breccia cement and in lenses and patches. Orange alteration or intergrowth (ankerite?) is common. Several 2cm wide veins of barite in fractures and some pods of white dolomite contain barite. Very minor disseminated pyrite. Brown unknown with high luster on some stylolitic surfaces - probably Fe oxide. Assay 31'-34'. Angle between bedding and core varies from 60'-90'. Av. 75'. 32': Angle between bedding and core =75'.

^{* &#}x27;S&P' texture: 'salt and pepper' texture

- Dolomite. Medium grey with indistinct mottling (only faint colour contrast); fine-grained; occasional stylotites. Minor local breccia with white dolomite cement.
- Dolomite. Similar to 25'-40', only not as distinct colour contrast, finer grained and 'S&P' not as distinct. Small patches of barite with white dolomite. One bleb of red to pale brown ZnS in white dolomite & barite lens at 44'. Positive Zn test in several spots. Undoubtedly very minor Zn in this interval, but not enough to sample.
- Secondary White Dolomite. Medium-to corase-grained white dolomite containing 5% intergrown barite. Positive Zn and/or Cu drop test throughout. Assay 48'-66'.
- Dolomite. Medium-dark grey mottled and irregularly banded. Fine-grained. Incipient breccia with fractures filled with white dolomite. Some white dolomite in pods. Minor barite in white dolomite pods. Occasional stylolite. Approaches 'S&P' in spots.
- 69-72.5 Secondary White Dolomite. Same as 48'-66'.

 Assay 69'-71' for Zn and Cu (Check on Cu drop test).
- Dolomite. Light, medium and dark grey mottled to irregularly banded. Fine-grained. Some sections mainly medium-grey, indistinctly mottled and quite fine-grained, other sections mainly light grey, distinctly mottled and banded and fine-to medium-grained and with some 'S&P' texture. Occasional stylolite. Minor brecciation with white dolomite cement. White dolomite with minor barite occurs in pods and lenses. Average 10% white dolomite. 76': Angle between bedding and core= 67.
- 78-81 Medium-to coarse-grained secondary white dolomite.
- 81-95 <u>Dolomite</u>. Same as 72.5'-78'.
- Dolomite. Light and dark grey, very distinctly but irregularly banded. Fine-grained. Areas of light grey and secondary white dolomite have been largely replaced by quartz, which enhances the colour contrast and banded structure. Angle between bedding and core= 65°. Vugs lined with quartz.

- Dolomite. Light, medium and dark grey, distinctly mottled, fine-grained. Local 'S&P' texture. 20% secondary white dolomite in pods and lenses. Vuggy with white dolomite and quartz in vugs.
- 99.5-102 Secondary White Dolomite.
- Dolomite. Like 72.5'-78'. Brecciated in places with white dolomite cement. Secondary white dolomite averages 20%, partly as breccia cement and partly in pods and lenses.
- Mostly Secondary White Dolomite. Medium-to coarse-grained. 5% intergrown barite. 1' massive barite 109'-110'. 112'-113': Brecciated dolomite like 72.5'-78'.
- 118-130 Dolomite. Only fragments of core recovered.

 These are dolomite similar to 72.5'-78' that has been brecciated and cemented with white dolomite. In places throughout this interval the rock has undergone incipient faulting since some of the rock is a semi-fault breccia.
- 130-133
 80% Secondary White Dolomite. Cements and replaces brecciated dolomite like 72.5'-78'. Contains patches of barite.
- Dolomite. Like 72.5'-78'. Strongly brecciated from 135' to 137' with white dolomite cement.
- Dolomite. Medium grey and fine-grained. Uniform textured intergrowth of tiny creamy white and clear grey dolomite grains with numerous very tiny cream coloured crystals of unidentified mineral disseminated throughout. Approximately 2% finely disseminated pyrite. Take specimen for thin section to identify cream crystals. Contains ovoids of white dolomite in places.
- 140.5-144 Chert. Light grey, aphanitic; Appears to be primary. 143' and 142.5': 4" bands of dolomite like 137'-140.5', only with numerous white dolomite 'ovoids' up to 2mm.
- Dolomite. Very fine-grained, uniform textured dolomite similar to interval from 137' to 140.5' and mottled and banded dolomite similar to interval from 72.5' to 78' in 2'to 5' thick units. The uniform textured units contain 'ovoids' in many places.

144-168 (cont'd)

Brecciation with secondary white dolomite cement is common; some 1' intervals are composed 50% of secondary white dolomite.

Incipient fault or crush breccia in 150': 'ovoid' type

4" primary chert 155':

Quite cherty similar to 77.5'-78' 156'-161': Apart from 'ovoid' type, rock looks 159'-168': like a sedimentary breccia, it even contains fragments of 'ovoid' type.

165'-169': Variably cherty

168-188

Dolomite. Medium grey, faintly mottled with very little colour contrast. Fine-grained. Occasional graphitic stylolite. Incipient "S&P" in spots. Mostly non-brecciated and little secondary white dolomite.

Strongly brecciated, 60% white dolomite 176'-178':

cement

Strongly brecciated, 60% white dolomite 181'-182':

cement

Faint banding, angle between banding 185':

and core= 65°.

188-192

Dolomite. Like 137'-140.5'. 'Ovoids' of cloudy dolomite in places.

192-197

Dolomite. Somewhat cherty. Like 72.5'-78' in colour, texture and structures. Weakly brecciated with white dolomite cement. Secondary white dolomite 10% as breccia cement.

197-230

Chert and Very Cherty Dolomite. Formed by replacement of dolomite with colour, texture and structures like 72.5'-78'.

Breccia in minor fault. Fault wall 198'-201': core=15°. Slickensides pitch // core axis.

Darkish grey in aspect, well banded to 201'-204': laminated. Laminae form graphitic

partings. Laminae, core= 75°.

Overall medium grey in aspect. Distinct 204'-230': to indistinct mottling - little banding. Brecciated in places over 6"-1' intervals, av. 25% section brecciated. Secondary white dolomite 5% except in brecciated intervals where it forms up to 50% of rocks.

230-246

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Dolomite. Light, medium and dark grey, faintly to distinctly mottled and irregularly banded. Overall aspect is light to medium grey, much like 72.5'-78'. Fine-grained. Occasional graphitic stylolite. Very local 'S&P' texture. Not brecciated. Secondary white dolomite 1%, except for 6" of 80% at 238'.

230-246 (cont'd) N.B. Amount of brecciation and secondary white dolomite is distinctly less than in and above cherty section from 197' to 230'.

235'-236': 'Ovoids' of white dolomite pisolites?

233': Bedding core= 75°.

238': 6" of 60% coarse-grained secondary

white dolomite with patches of barite,

minor pyrite.

246-260

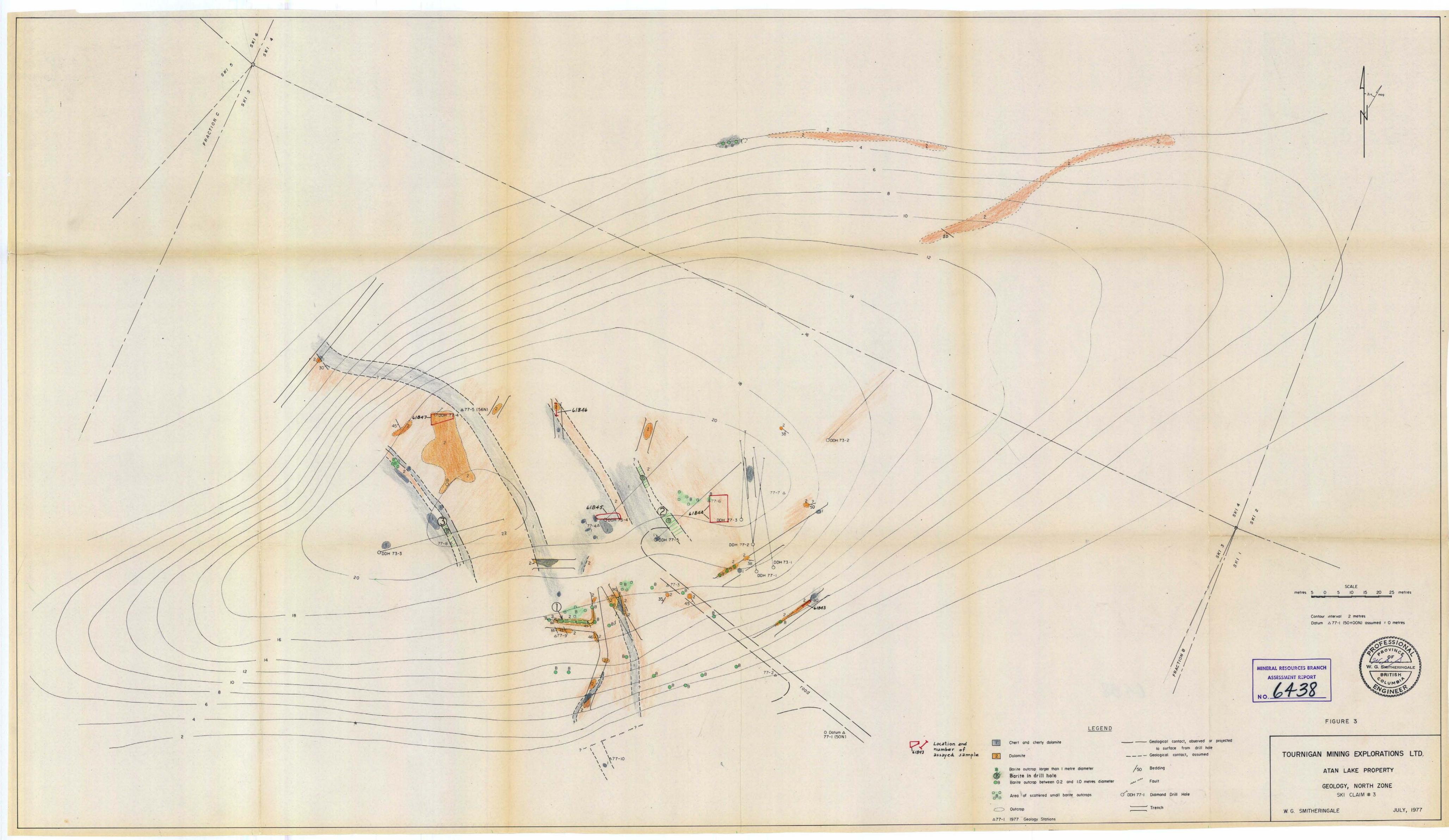
Dolomite. Medium and light grey (overall aspect light grey) distinctly banded (bands are irregular to relatively uniform). One 2' interval of massive featureless light grey dolomite. Finegrained. Stylolites common and abundant in spots; stylolites have graphitic surfaces. Not brecciated. Secondary white dolomite generally 5%; occurs as pods and lenses // banding.

258': Angle between bedding and core= 75°.

260' End of hole.

ASSAY RESULTS DDH 77-5, ATAN LAKE PROJECT

Interval Sample (feet) No.	Sample Length (metres)	Zn%	Cu%
12-15 61834	0.9	0.01	N/A
31-34 61835	0.9	0.01	N/A
48-53 61836	1.52	0.01	N/A
53-58 61837	1.52	0.01	N/A
58-66 61838	2.4	0.01	Ŋ/A
69-71 61839	0.6	0.02	<0.01



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