

11 11 21 1590

G E O P H Y S I C A L A N D P R E L I M I N A R Y G E O L O G I C A L R E P O R T

P R I M E C L A I M G R O U P
S I M I L K A M E E N M I N I N G D I V I S I O N
N I C O L A M I N I N G D I V I S I O N

9 2 H - 1 6 W
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O N B E H A L F O F
P I P E R P E T R O L E U M S L T D .

b y

G . C . G U T R A T H , P . E n g .
A T L E D E X P L O R A T I O N M A N A G E M E N T L T D .
J u n e 1 9 7 9

<u>Name</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Record No.</u>	<u>Expiry Date</u>
Prime #1	8	323 (5)	May 20, 1979
Prime	16	47 (5)	May 20, 1979

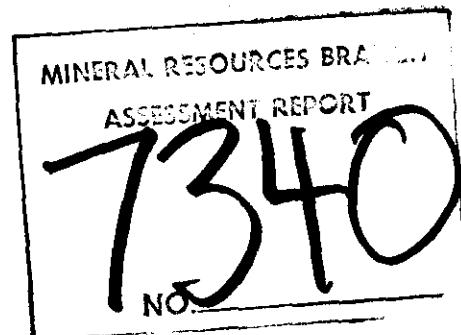


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INTRODUCTION

The work was carried out during two periods between August 24, 1978 and May 17, 1979. The geophysical work consisted of a magnetometer survey and preliminary outcrop geology. Outcrops were examined in conjunction with the magnetometer survey but additional outcrop mapping is required to complete the geology.

PERSONNEL

G. C. Gutrath, P. Eng., Geologist
D. Gutrath, Assistant

WORK COMPLETED

Grid Survey

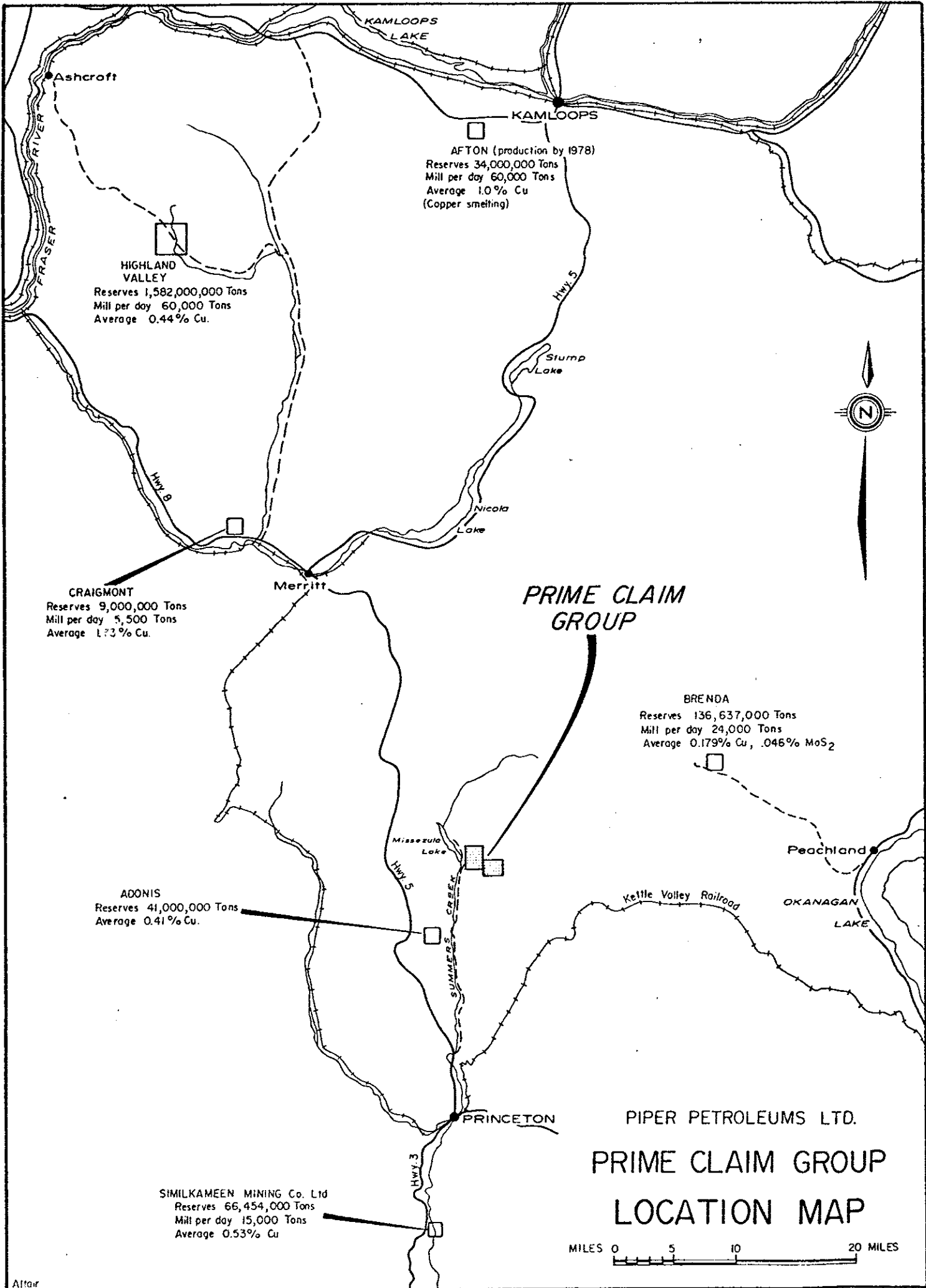
Existing grid lines were resurveyed and stations located at 20 m. intervals. The baseline is at N75°W and is 1200 m. long. There are 11 crosslines at 125 m. intervals totalling 13,650 m.

Outcrop Geology

The outcrops were examined in conjunction with the magnetometer survey. The outcrops were plotted on a map scale of 1:2500. Detailed outcrop geology of a trench area mapped in 1978 was transposed onto the grid.

Magnetometer Survey

The crosslines were surveyed using a Sharpe MF1 magnetometer. Readings were taken at 20 m. intervals on the crosslines.



Ashcroft

KAMLOOPS LAKE

KAMLOOPS

AFTON (production by 1978)
 Reserves 34,000,000 Tons
 Mill per day 60,000 Tons
 Average 1.0% Cu
 (Copper smelting)

HIGHLAND VALLEY
 Reserves 1,582,000,000 Tons
 Mill per day 60,000 Tons
 Average 0.44% Cu.

CRAIGMONT
 Reserves 9,000,000 Tons
 Mill per day 5,500 Tons
 Average 1.73% Cu.

Merritt

PRIME CLAIM GROUP

BRENDA
 Reserves 136,637,000 Tons
 Mill per day 24,000 Tons
 Average 0.179% Cu, .046% MoS₂

ADONIS
 Reserves 41,000,000 Tons
 Average 0.41% Cu.

Missicola Lake

Peachland

OKANAGAN LAKE

SIMILKAMEEN MINING Co. Ltd
 Reserves 66,454,000 Tons
 Mill per day 15,000 Tons
 Average 0.53% Cu

PRINCETON

PIPER PETROLEUMS LTD.

**PRIME CLAIM GROUP
 LOCATION MAP**



LOCATION AND ACCESS

The property is located in south-central British Columbia 22 airmiles north of the community of Princeton. The approximate co-ordinates of the property are 49° 45' north latitude and 128° 28' west longitude.

The property can be reached from Princeton by taking the Merritt Highway north for 8 miles and then turning north on the Missezula Lake gravel road for 18 miles. A number of gravel roads in fair condition gives good access to the majority of the property from the Missezula Lake road.

PHYSIOGRAPHY

The Prime Group covers the eastern slope of the Summers Creek Valley from Summers Creek at an elevation of 3200 feet to a rolling plateau area at an elevation of 4400 feet.

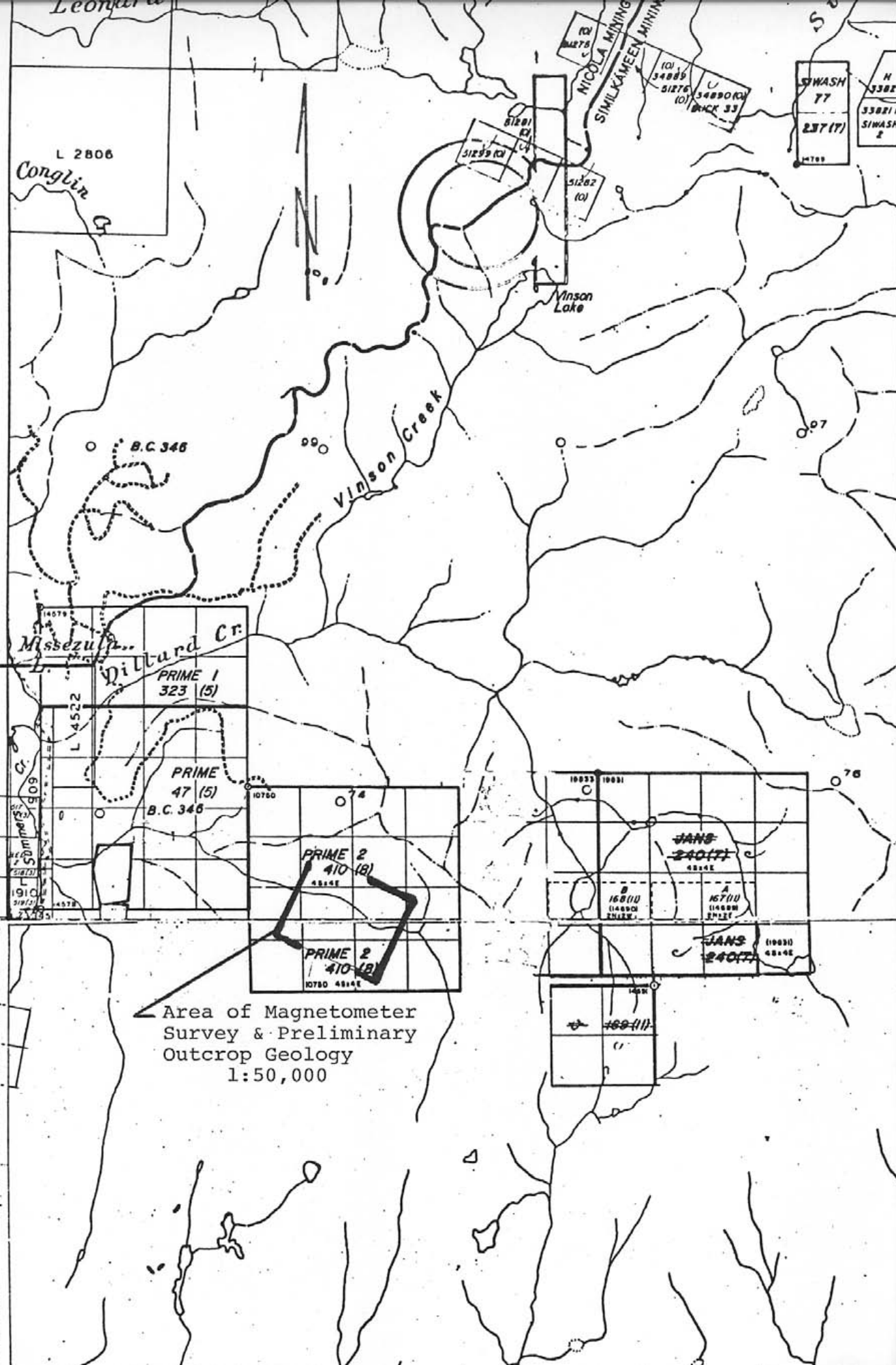
The claims are covered by a thick stand of fir and jackpine.

There is ample water on the property for drill requirements.

CLAIMS

<u>Name</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Record No.</u>	<u>Expiry Date</u>
PRIME #1	8	323 (5)	May 20, 1979
PRIME	16	47 (5)	May 20, 1979

The Prime claim is located in the Similkameen Mining Division and Prime #1 claim is located in the Nicola Mining Division.



Area of Magnetometer
Survey & Preliminary
Outcrop Geology
1:50,000

M 92H/9W

92H/9W (M 92H/9W)

GEOLOGY

General

The Princeton-Missezula Lake area is underlain by Nicola Group sediments, andesitic flows, and related volcanics of Triassic age.

This group is within a downfaulted block bounded by major north to northwest striking faults and bordered by Coast Range intrusive rocks of Jurassic age. This fault block has been cut by numerous smaller faults and by a wide range of dikes.

Property

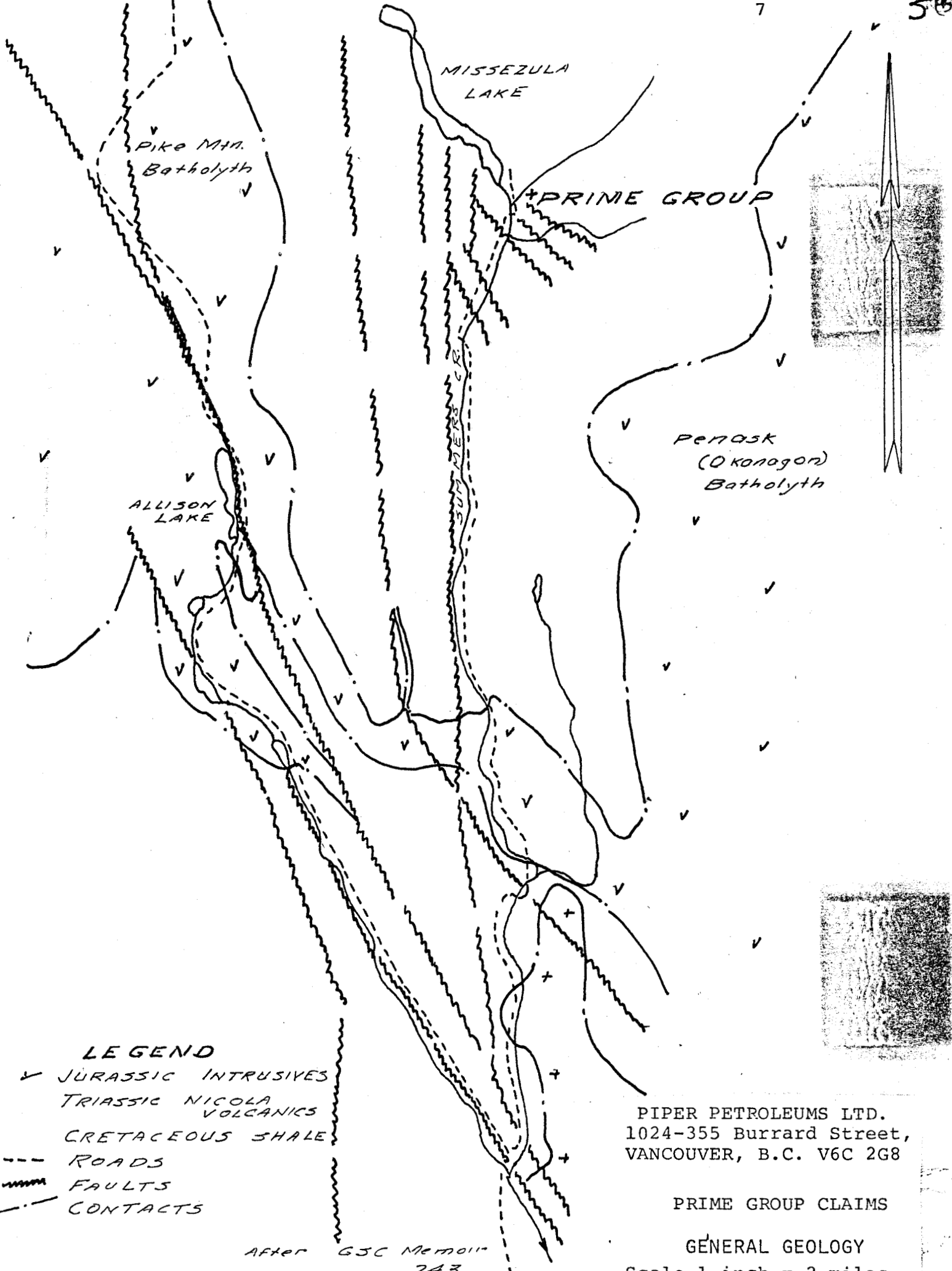
The Prime and Prime #1 are underlain by Nicola Group andesitic flows, tuffs, agglomerates and limestone.

These rocks are located within an embayment of the Okanagan granodiorite batholith that lies to the east of the property. Dikes, sills and small stocks of varying composition cut the Nicola Group rocks in the property area.

The rocks have been moderately to highly altered and fractured as a result of the extensive northwest and northeast striking shear zones that are widely distributed throughout the claim group. The claims are bordered on the west by the major north trending Summers Creek fault.

Numerous copper-pyrite occurrences have been located on the property related primarily to areas of fractured andesite and diorite rock types.

The claim area is largely covered by this glacial overburden resulting in bulldozer trenching being an effective way to expose bedrock.



LEGEND

- V JURASSIC INTRUSIVES
- TRIASSIC NICOLA VOLCANICS
- CRETACEOUS SHALE
- ROADS
- ~~~~~ FAULTS
- - - CONTACTS

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 VANCOUVER, B.C. V6C 2G8

PRIME GROUP CLAIMS

GENERAL GEOLOGY

Scale 1 inch = 2 miles

After GSC Memoir 243

Grid Area

Andesite is the predominant rock type in the trench area centered on the base line between LO and LIE. The dark grey-green andesite is in contact with a light grey dacite and the north side of the trench area near station, 160 miles N on LIE. The dacite is only slightly fractured and altered as compared with the andesite that is normally highly fractured, epidotized and carries from 1% to 10% pyrite.

The volcanics have been intruded by a hornblende diorite intrusive. The typical intrusive diorite has a medium grained, holocrystalline ground mass with random oriented hornblende phenocrysts. However, it is often much finer grained and altered with the appearance of dioritized andesite.

A fresh unaltered feldspar porphyry dike cuts both the andesite and the diorite.

There is very little outcrop in the balance of the area that has not been trenched. The majority of the outcrop on L3E to 6E have been identified as fine grained diorite that may be in large part dioritized andesite. Epidote stringers were noted on L6E-320MN and L4E-560MS.

Chalcopyrite and secondary malochite is related to chlorite and epidote alteration in the altered andesite and diorite. The chalcopyrite content varies from trace to 1% and is associated with 1% to 10% pyrite, and from 5% to 15% magnetite.

MAGNETIC SURVEY

Instrumentation

The Sharpe MF1 magnetometer measures the vertical force variations of the earth's natural magnetic field and displays them in gammas on a meter having 5 ranges for a total of $\pm 100,000$ gammas.

The unit is light in weight, is fully portable, has excellent temperature stability, has negligible drift or orientation error and is of rugged construction.

Method

The survey was executed using a Sharpe MF1 magnetometer which is hand held and levelled using a bubble-level on the face of the instrument.

Readings were taken at a constant height above ground facing one direction using the most sensitive scale possible.

The new lines to the northwest of the old grid were tied into this grid by means of an extended baseline as noted on the contour map. The line extensions at the southwest corner of the grid were tied into the end station readings with sufficient overlap.

A nearby base-station was read at the beginning and end of each day for the day-to-day correlation and to monitor any possible magnetic storms.

Results

There are three magnetic features that are apparent:

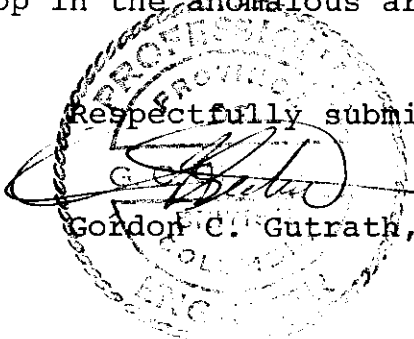
1. On the north side of the baseline there is an east-west series of linear highs from 2,000 to 3,200 gammas. From the present geological information there is no explanation for the anomalies and there appears to be no direct correlation with the copper mineralization in the trench area between line 0 and 1E.
2. There is a magnetic low along 4E-south. This feature may be related to a northerly trending fault-shear zone but this has not been confirmed by the geological mapping.
3. On L4W from 560 south to the end of the line there is an anomalous area from 2,000 to 2,820 gammas. This anomaly does not extend to the east and there are no grid lines to the west so dimensions of the anomaly are unknown. The cause of the anomaly is unknown.

COMMENTS & RECOMMENDATIONS

The magnetic anomalies located by the survey require more detailed investigation to determine if they are associated with copper mineralization.

It is recommended that the outcrop geology be mapped in greater detail and if necessary bulldozer trench be done to expose outcrop in the anomalous areas.

Respectfully submitted

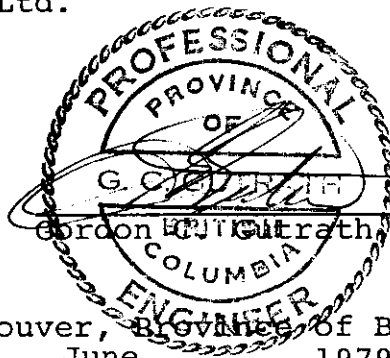
A circular professional seal for a Professional Engineer in Ontario, Canada. The seal contains the text "PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER" at the top, "ONTARIO" at the bottom, and "REGISTERED" on the sides. In the center, there is a signature and the name "Gordon C. Gutrath".
Gordon C. Gutrath, P.Eng.

- 7 -

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

I, GORDON C. GUTRATH, of 3880 Selkirk Street in the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, DO HEREBY CERTIFY:

1. That I am a consulting geologist with a business address of 1640-1066 West Hastings Street, Vancouver, B.C. V6E 3X2.
2. That I am a graduate of the University of British Columbia where I obtained my B.Sc. in geological science in 1960.
3. That I am a Registered Professional Engineer in the Geological Section of the Association of Professional Engineers in the Province of British Columbia.
4. That I have practiced my profession as a geologist for the past sixteen years, and
5. That I am a director and shareholder of Piper Petroleums Ltd.



Gordon C. Gutrath, B.Sc., P.Eng.

DATED at the City of Vancouver, Province of British Columbia this 30 day of June, 1979.

CANADA
PROVINCE OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA

IN THE MATTER OF
COST INCURRED IN CARRYING OUT
MAGNETOMETER SURVEY AND
PRELIMINARY GEOLOGICAL MAPPING
ON THE PRIME CLAIM GROUP.

TO WIT:

I, GORDON C. GUTRATH of 3880 Selkirk Street, in the

City of Vancouver,
do solemnly declare

in the Province of British Columbia

that GORDON C. GUTRATH, P.ENG., carried out magnetometer
survey and preliminary geological mapping on the Prime
Claim Group at a cost of \$2,700.00.

AS

AND I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing it to be true and knowing that it is of
the same force and effect as if made under oath, and by virtue of the CANADA EVIDENCE ACT.

DECLARED before me

at *Vancouver*
in the Province of British Columbia,

this *25th* day of *July*

A. D. 19 *79*

[Signature]

[Signature]

~~A Notary Public in and for the Province of British Columbia~~
A Commissioner for taking Affidavits for British Columbia.



LEGEND

- 1 Feldspar Porphyry Diorite
 - 2 Diorite, hornblende diorite porphyry
 - 3 Andesite
 - 4 Dacite
-
- Bedding attitude
 - Shear attitude
 - Fault-shear attitude
 - Geological contact
 - Pyrite
 - Chalcopyrite
 - Malachite
 - Drill hole
 - Survey station
 - Specimen location
 - Outline of outcrop
 - Trench No.

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VANCOUVER, B.C.

MINERAL RESOURCES BRANCH

PRIME CLAIM GROUP
SIMILKAMEEN MINING DIVISION

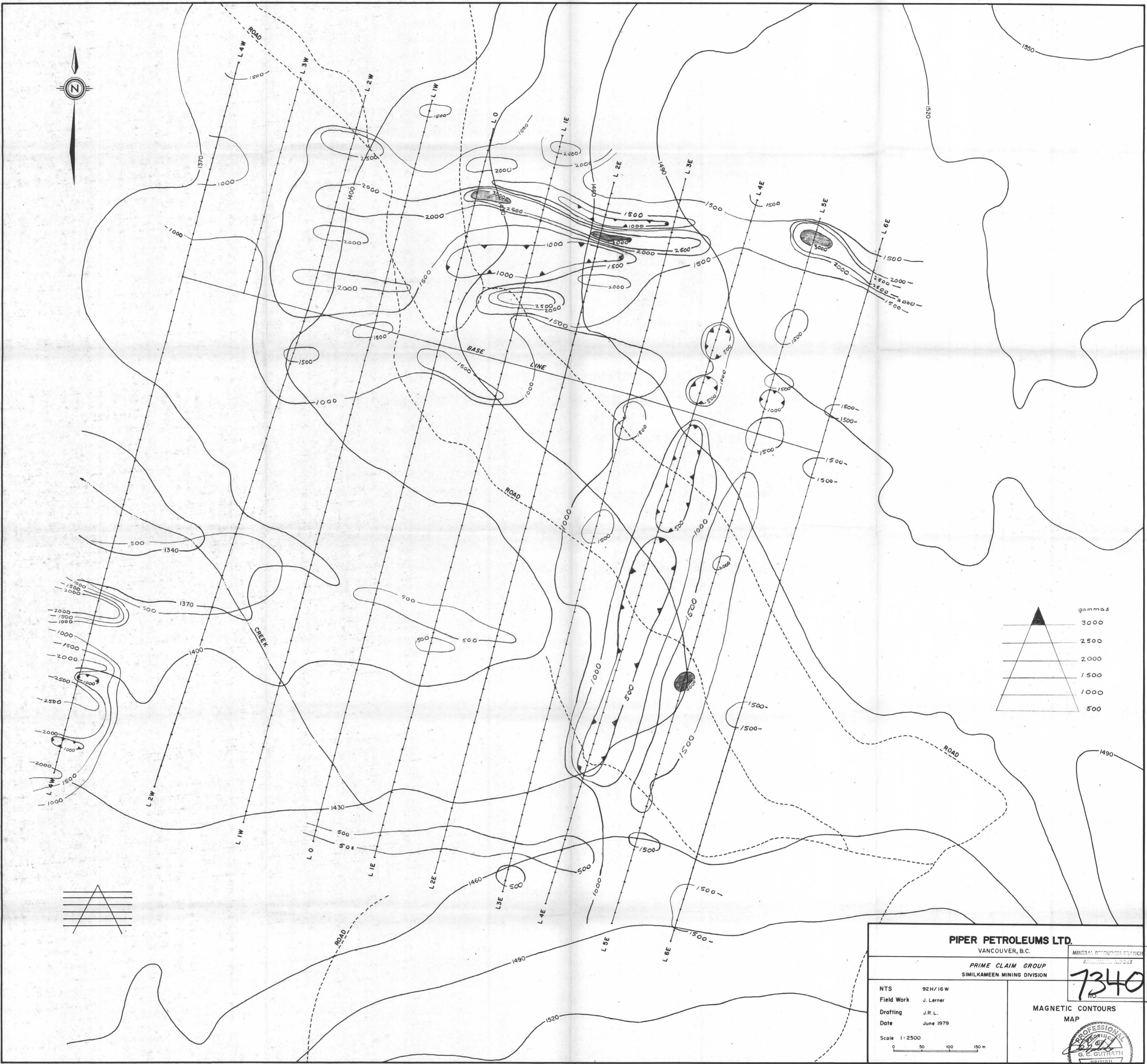
ASSESSMENT REPORT
7340
NO.

NTS 92H/16W
Field Work J. Lerner
Drafting J.R.L.
Date June 1979

PRELIMINARY GEOLOGY
MAP

Scale 1:2500
0 50 100 150 m





PIPER PETROLEUMS LTD.		MINERAL RESOURCES BRANCH ANNUAL REPORT 7340 NO.
VANCOUVER, B.C.		
PRIME CLAIM GROUP		
SIMILKAMEEN MINING DIVISION		
NTS	92 H/16 W	MAGNETIC CONTOURS MAP
Field Work	J. Lerner	
Drafting	J.R.L.	
Date	June 1979	
Scale	1:2500	
0 50 100 150 m		



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VANCOUVER, B.C.

PRIME CLAIM GROUP
SIMILKAMEEN MINING DIVISION

7340
NO.

NTS 92H/16W
Field Work J. Lerner
Drafting J.R.L.
Date June 1979

MAGNETIC VALUES
MAP

Scale 1:2500
0 50 100 150 m

