## ASSESSMENT REPORT

TYPE: GEOPHYSICAL, GEOCHEMICAL

CLAIM: AM-1

MINING DIVISION: KAMLOOPS

NTS LOCATION: 92P/1E

LATITUDE: 51° 10'

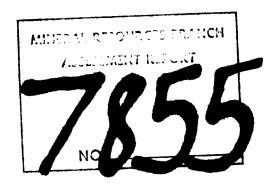
LONGITUDE: 120° 06'

OWNER: CRAIGMONT MINES LIMITED

OPERATOR: " "

AUTHOR: N.B. Vollo, P.Eng.

DATE: FEBRUARY 21st, 1980



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

SUMMARY	1
GE NE RA L	1
CLAIMS AND PROPERTY HISTORY	1
GEOLOGY	1
VLF - EM SURVEY	1
MAGNETIC SURVEY	1
GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY	2
CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATION	NS 2
STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES	3
QUALIFICATIONS OF OPERATORS	4
LOCATION MAP	5
MAPS IN POCKET	
EM-16 Survey, NAA 92P/I Magnetic Survey, " Geochemical Plan, Cu-Zn " " , Pb-Ag " EM-16 Survey, NPG, "	1 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5

### SUMMARY

Approximately 20 km of grid was chained, VLF-EM and magnetic surveys completed, and 340 soil samples collected on the AM-1 claim, on Armour Mountain, at Barriere, B.C. A distinct Zn soil anomaly, with associated Cu and Pb highs, was defined, correlating roughly with a known sulfide zone and VLF-EM conductors. The anomaly should be tested by at least one drill hole.

#### GENERAL

The AM-1 claim is located on Armour Mountain, immediately south of the town of Barriere. Elevation ranges from 400 to 800 m with the showings at about 650 m. The mountain has been largely logged off and is now mostly grassland.

## CLAIMS AND PROPERTY HISTORY

The property consists of one 18 unit mineral claim, AM-1, record number 1738(3), in the Kamloops M.D. and held by Craigmont Mines Limited.

A small sulfide showing has been previously staked and several old pits and trenches probably date back to the early 1900's. Diamond drilling of the showing was attempted by J.A. Fennell in the late 1960's with inconclusive results. GEOLOGY

The claim is underlain by sheared acid volcanics, mostly fragmentals, interbedded with basic volcanics and cherty tuffites. The sequence probably correlates with the Eagle Bay formation to the southeast. Strikes are northwesterly and dips northeasterly. Photo lineations suggest the presence of northerly striking faults.

A small outcrop of massive sulfides, mostly pyrite, with minor copper and zinc, is located at Grid 10,000N, 10,000E. VLF-EM SURVEY

Readings were taken at 25 m intervals along lines 100 m apart using a Ronka EM-16 receiver. NPG, Jim Creek, Wash., was used as transmittor for the east-west lines; NAA, Cutler, Me., for the north-south lines. Readings in per cent slope were reduced (Fraser, D.C., Geophysics, 1969) and are shown contoured on the accompanying maps (in pocket).

Numerous weak conductive zones parallel the known strike of the country rocks. Correlation between the two survey directions is reasonably good. Moderate conductors were obtained over the sulfide zone and indicate some continuity along strike.

### MAGNETIC SURVEY

Readings were taken at 25 m intervals along lines

100 m apart, using a Geometrics G-836 Total Field digital magnetometer. Readings are shown on the accompanying map (in pocket) and are field readings minus 56000 gammas, corrected for diurnal variation by looping.

Magnetic relief is extremely low, less than 200 gammas, and no contourable trend is evident. GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY

340 samples were collected at 50 m intervals along lines 100 m apart. They were taken, using pulaskis, from the "B" or "C" horizon. The soil profile is poorly developed and definite horizons could not always be distinguished. They were placed in Kraft paper envelopes and taken to Kamloops Research & Assay Laboratories, where they were dried, screened, and the -80 mesh fraction analyzed fro Cu, Zn, Pb and Ag, using aqua regia extraction and the Atomic Absorption method.

Background by inspection for Cu, Zn, Pb and Ag is about 25, 75, 20 and 0.3 ppm respectively. Results are shown on the accompanying maps (in pocket), contoured logarithmically where applicable.

A fairly prominent Zn anomaly, with highs to 4000 ppm, is present, with associated smaller Cu and Pb highs. Field relations suggest the anomaly has been transported southerly about 200 m in the direction of ice flow.

## Conclusions and Recommendations

profession for 30 years.

The correlation between geochemical highs, VLF conductors and a known sulfide zone is sufficiently good to warrant drilling. A minimum of one hole, 100 m long, should be drilled southwesterly from a point about 10,150N, 9,850E.

I, Nels B. Vollo, received a Basin Geology from McGill University in 1959 and have practised my

# STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES

# Personnel

	Fe	llo, P.Eng., March 12th/79 to b. 21st/80, supervision and port, 4 days at \$165	\$	660	
	Surveys 17 days Plo	nger, supervision, chaining, VLF, March 12th/79 to April 27/79, at \$110tting and Draughting, April 5/79 Feb. 21/80, 9 days at \$110		1870 990	
	soi	ine, chaining, magnetic survey, 1 sampling, plotting, March 12th, to April 27/79, 20 days at \$70		1400	
		subtotal	\$	4920	
Topographi	ic Map -	Pacific Survey Corporation 1409 West Pender St. VANCOUVER, B.C.	\$	1015	
Geochemical Analysis  340 Samples for Cu Zn Ag Pb					
		O/ sample, Kamloops Research Laboratories Ltd	\$	612	
Vehicle Ex		les at \$0.20/mile	\$	478	
Misc.	Prints,	flagging, communications,	\$	199 ——	
	TOTAL -		\$	7 <u>1</u> 24 <b>2</b>	

## QUALIFICATIONS OF OPERATORS

LEO LORANGER - is 50 years of age and has worked as fieldman and instrument operator since 1960, for Craigmont Mines since 1972. He has been carefully instructed in the operation of the Ronka EM-16 unit by the undersigned, who knows his work to be carefully and reliably done.

BRENT JARDINE - is 20 years of age, completed Grade XII at Kamloops, B.C. and has worked for Craigmont Mines Limited as instrument operator since 1978. He has been carefully instructed in the operation of the Geometrics G-836 Magnetometer by the undersigned, who knows his work to be carefully

1980

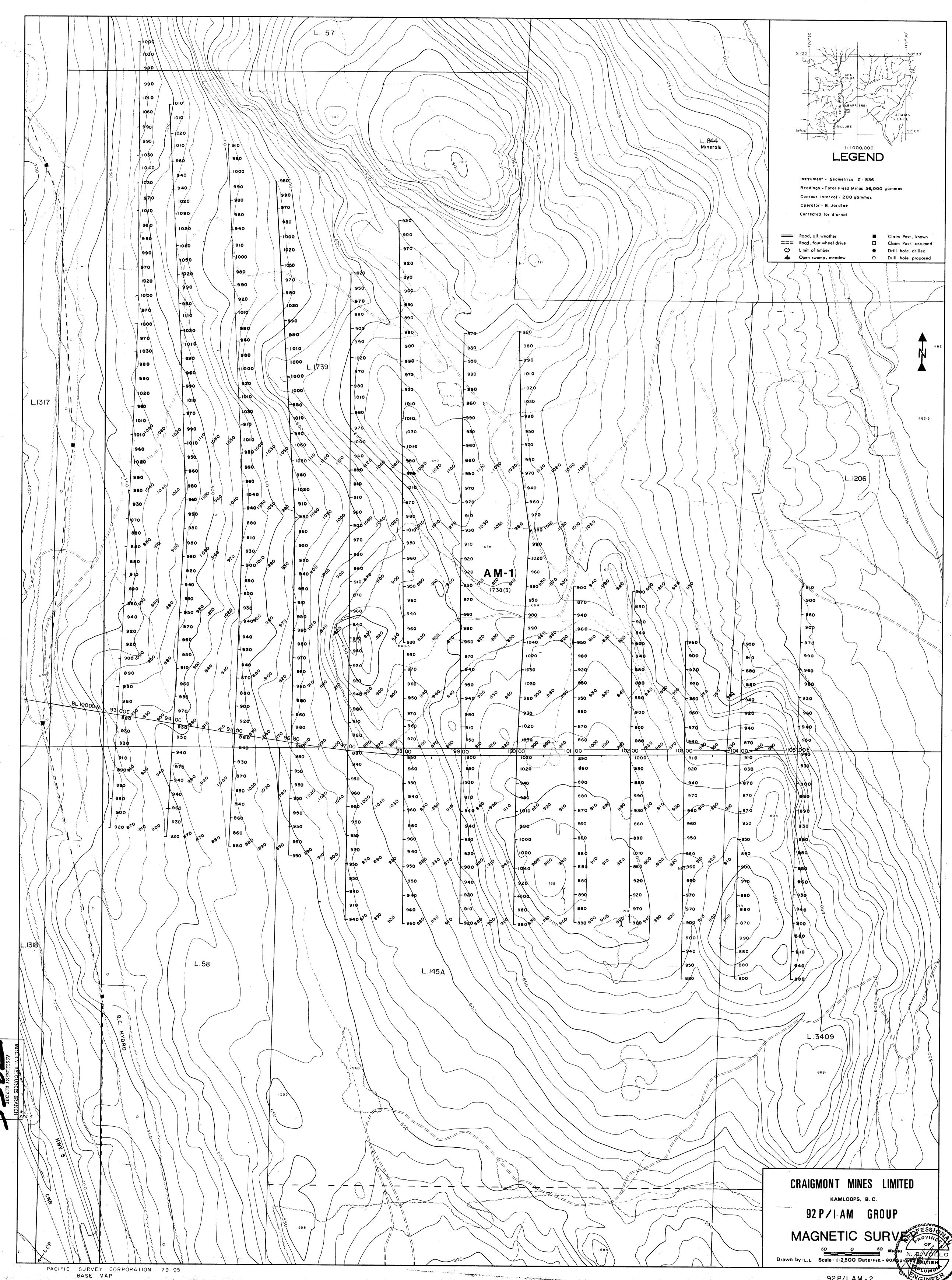
and reliably done.

51°15'

## LOCATION MAP

51°15' BORTHWICK BARRIERE 1200 FOREST MT FRASER SKONETTH

20000



92P/I AM - 2

