180-1431-48209

ASSESSMENT REPORT

ΩN

MAXI CLAIM GROUP

COWICHAN LAKE AREA

VICTORIA MINING DIVISION

92C/9E

[48°, 43'N, 124°D4'E]

OWNER/OPERATOR: SONAR ENERGY CORPORATION

BY

GRANT CROOKER, B. SC. WESTRIDGE ENTERPRISES LTD.

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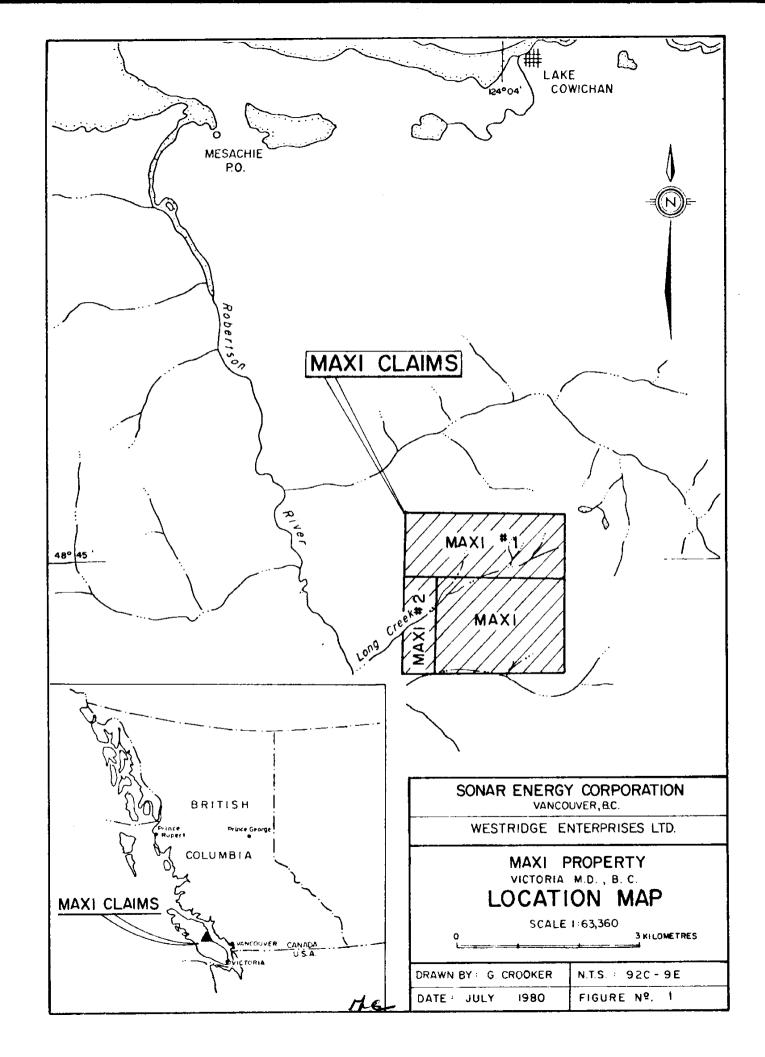
SUMMARY

The Maxi Claim Group consists of three mineral claims [Maxi, Maxi #1 and Maxi #2] totalling 25 units in the Victoria Mining Division, British Columbia. The property is located 8 kilometers south of the Lake Cowichan townsite.

Sonar Energy Corporation of Vancouver is the owner of the property.

Mineralization is related to meta-volcanic skarns containing magnetite, pyrrhotite and chalcopyrite. The skarn zones are found at a number of different locations on the property.

The major showings have had some trenching and diamond drilling carried out on them. Magnetometer and self potential geophysical surveys have also been carried out.



INTRODUCTION

General

During the month of June 1980, the writer was retained by Sonar Energy Corporation to conduct a field exploration survey of the Maxi Claim Group located in the Cowichan Lake area, Vancouver Island, B.C. The writer was assisted by Mr. L.D. Nicoll, B.Sc., M.Sc., geologist.

The program consisted of geological mapping, prospecting, geochemical soil and rock sampling and staking additional claims. The program follows the Phase One recommendation of the "Report on the Maxi Claim" by Stanley B. Reamsbottom, Ph.D., P.Eng., January 1980.

Location

The Maxi Claim Group [Figure 1] is located at the headwaters of the Robertson River, 8 kilometers south of the town of Lake Cowichan, Vancouver Island, B. C. [Lat. 48°45'N. Long. 124°04'E].

Access to the claims is from the Port Renfrew-Lake Cowichan logging road. This is a good all-weather gravel road.

Access permits and comprehensive liability insurance was obtained to allow work and travel within the claim area. This is due to Pacific Logging having active logging operations in the Robertson River area.

Property and Claim Status

The Maxi Claim Group consists of three mineral claims [Maxi, Maxi #1, Maxi #2] totalling 25 units. Sonar Energy Corporation of Vancouver, B.C., is the owner of the claims.

<u>Claim</u>	Record No.	<u>Expi</u>	ry Date
Maxi	275[8]	August	27, 1980
Maxi #l	Tag 42326	June	19, 1980
Maxi #2	Tag 42327	June	19, 1980

<u> History</u>

Magnetite, pyrrhotite and chalcopyrite mineralization occurs in volcanic and meta-volcanic actinolitegarnet skarns near the contact of granitic and dioritic intrusives. These mineralized zones have been explored at different times in the past.

The Crown Showing was the first mineralized zone explored on the property. Extensive trenching was carried out on the showing by the American Smelting and Refining Co. in 1930. The exact location of this work is unknown, but it is believed to be close to the Hill-crest Showing.

The two main showings on the property are the Hillcrest and the Anomaly [Figure 2]. These showings have had sporadic exploration between 1956 and 1968 by W.E. Fraser; Noranda Mines Ltd.; Gunnex Ltd.; and Albeta Mines Ltd.

The Hillcrest Showing was trenched and sampled by W.E. Fraser in 1956. These samples returned assays as high as 3.8% copper. Seven X-ray diamond drill holes gave results between 0.2% copper and 23 feet of 2.6% copper [White 1966]. Diamond drilling by Albeta Mines during 1968 gave the following intersections:

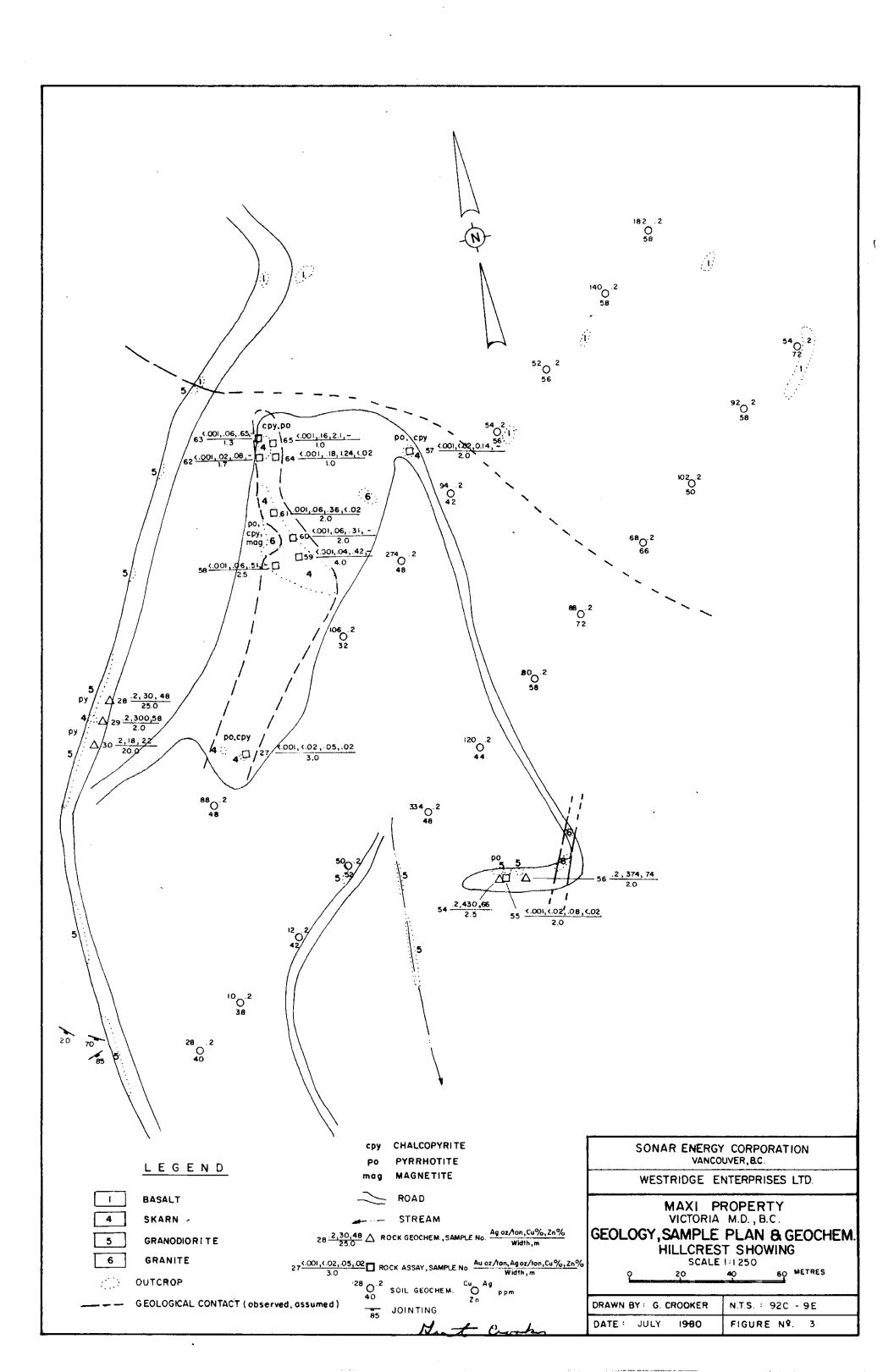
68-1	6 feet	αf	1.4%	Cu
68-1	8 feet	of	2.7%	Cu
68-2	9 feet	σf	0.8%	Cu

The Anomaly Showing has been trenched and 10 X-ray diamond drill holes totalling 500 feet were drilled. These returned assays of between 0.6% and 3.0% copper, with one drill hole returning 4.46% zinc over 3 feet [McKechnie 1962, 1963; White 1966].

In 1956 Noranda Mines Ltd. conducted magnetometer and self potential surveys in and around the Hillcrest and Anomaly Showings. The surveys defined geophysical anomalies which have not been tested to date.

The Arrow Showing [Figure 2] is a small showing located 300 meters north of the Hillcrest Showing. A logging road has exposed the mineralization which returned 1.58% over 6 feet [White 1966].

The Roaches Showing [Figure 2] is located in the south-east corner of the Maxi claim. A road cut has been made across the showing and skarn with copper mineralization exposed. The showing has been drilled but the results are not available.



Physiography

The claim area is in the southern part of the Vancouver Island Mountains at an elevation of 300 to 850 meters above sea level. Topography is moderate to steep with several major creeks draining into the Robertson River.

Most of the area has been logged a number of years ago and second growth fir and cedar cover the mountain slopes.

EXPLORATION PROCEDURE

The field program conducted on the Maxi Claim Group consisted of geological mapping, prospecting, geochemical soil and rock sampling and staking additional claims.

The geological mapping and prospecting was carried out over the area with all outcrops and sulphide-bearing zones being noted. The survey was carried out to build up the data base for the property as data collected by private companies is not available. The data was plotted on a base map [scale 1:5,000], with the showings mapped in more detail [scale 1:1,250].

Claim staking added 13 units to the property.

Geochemical soil sampling [38 samples] was carried out over the Hillcrest and Anomaly showings. This was done as an orientation survey, with samples taken at a depth of 10 centimeters in the orange-brown "B" horizon.

The samples were placed in brown kraft sample bags, dried and sent for geochemical analysis for copper, silver and zinc. The results were plotted at a scale of 1:1,250.

Twenty-six rock assay and twenty-two rock geochemical samples were taken in mineralized areas. The samples were analyzed for copper, silver, zinc and gold.

All samples were sent to Rossbacher Laboratory, Burnaby, B.C., for analysis. Laboratory techniques for geochemical analysis consists of preparing samples by drying at 75°C and seiving to minus 80 mesh. Copper, silver and zinc are analyzed by nitric, perchloric digestion. Concentrations of elements are determined by Atomic Absorption with a background correction for silver.

GEOLOGY AND MINERALIZATION

Regional Geology

The Maxi Claim Group is mainly underlain by the Lower Jurassic Bonanza Group Volcanics. This group is composed of lava, tuff and breccia of mainly basaltic and rhyolitic composition. Occasionally it contains intercalated beds and sequences of marine argillite and greywacke.

A stock of Jurassic Island Intrusive lies to the southwest of the Maxi Claim Group.

Claim Geology

The property is underlain by volcanic rocks of the Bonanza Group. These volcanics are mainly basalts, with minor tuffs. In several locations the volcanics have been locally metamorphosed to garnet-actinolite skarns by the intrusive. Other contact zones exhibit strong shearing, but skarn has not developed.

Outcrops of limestone and chert were also noted on the property.

Rock Types

- 1. Basalt, minor tuff This is generally a grey to black basalt. Minor tuff is also found with the basalt.
- 2. Chert Scattered outcrops of a grey or green chert were noted. The chert is generally massive and appears to be intercalated with the volcanics.
- 3. Limestone One small remnant of limestone was noted at the Roach Showing. This is a pinkish grey crystalline limestone.
- 4. Skarn Skarn has developed at the contact between the volcanics and intrusives. Generally the skarn is massive pyrrhotite with chalcopyrite.
- 5. Granodiorite The granodiorite is generally fine to medium grained with equigranular quartz and feldspar, and prominent hornblende crystal. It generally occurs as dikes or irregularly shaped bodies.
- 6. Granite The granite is light grey or green and highly siliceous. Some outcrops show feldspar phenocrysts.

 This unit occurs as dikes 15 to 20 meters in width.

<u>Mineralization</u>

The main mineralization on the property consists of magnetite, pyrrhotite and chalcopyrite in volcanics, meta volcanic, actinolite-garnet skarns, and limestone replacement skarns.

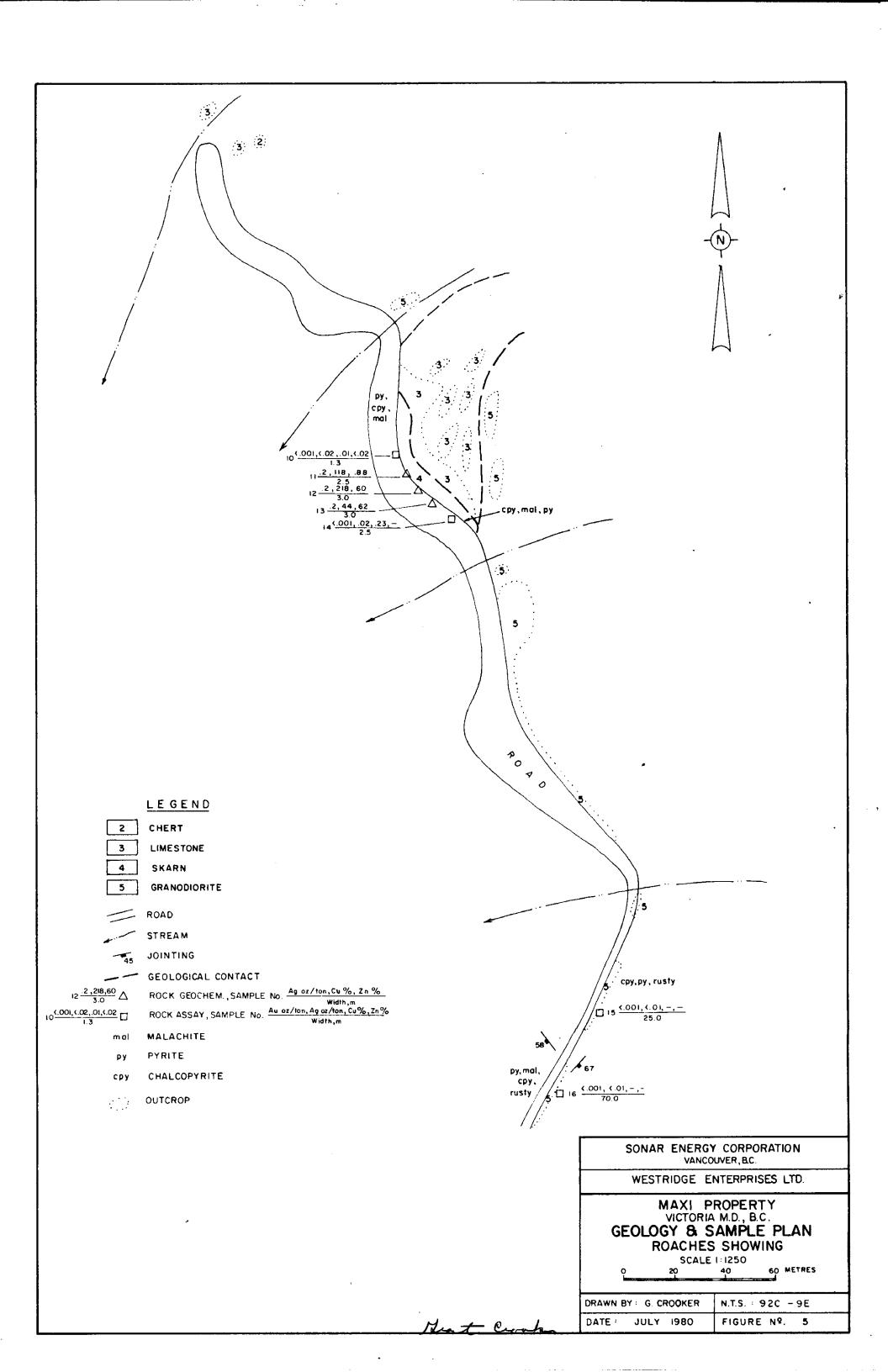
Minor pyrite and chalcopyrite was also observed in some of the granodiorite intrusives.

Hillcrest Showing

Mineralization at the Hillcrest Showing [Figures 2 & 3] consists of magnetite, pyrrhotite and chalcopyrite occurring irregularly along the contact of a basalt flow and a fine grained granodiorite. The area has been extensively trenched and skarn outcrops at a number of locations over an area 150 meters long and up to 30 meters wide. The zone appears to trend in a north-easterly direction, and granite dikes appear to cut the mineralization at several locations.

Assays from the Hillcrest Showing gave results as follows:

Sample <u>No.</u>	Cu %	Zn %	Au <u>oz</u>	Ag <u>oz</u>	Width [m]
27	0.05	0.02	40.001	40.02	3.0
55	0.08	<0.02	40.001	4 0.02	2.0
57	0.14		40.001	4 0.02	2.0
58	0.51	-	40.001	0.06	2.5
59	0.42	_	40.001	0.04	4.0
60	0.31		40.001	40.02	2.0
61	0.36	40.02	40.001	0.06	2.0
62	0.08	4 0.02	40.001	0.02	1.7
63	0.65	-	40.001	0.06	1.3
64	1.24	4 0.02	40.001	0.18	1.0
65	2.18	-	40.001	0.16	1.0



Rock geochemical sampling of other skarn zones as well as rusty zones within the granodiorite returned low values.

Anomaly Showing

Mineralization at the Anomaly Showing [Figures 2 and 4] consists of pyrrhotite and chalcopyrite in a sheared zone within the basalts. The area has been trenched and exposes mineralization at several locations. The westerly zone appears to be 30 meters long and 2 to 4 meters wide. The dimensions of the easterly zone are unknown. The mineralized zones appear to trend along a 100 - 110° strike.

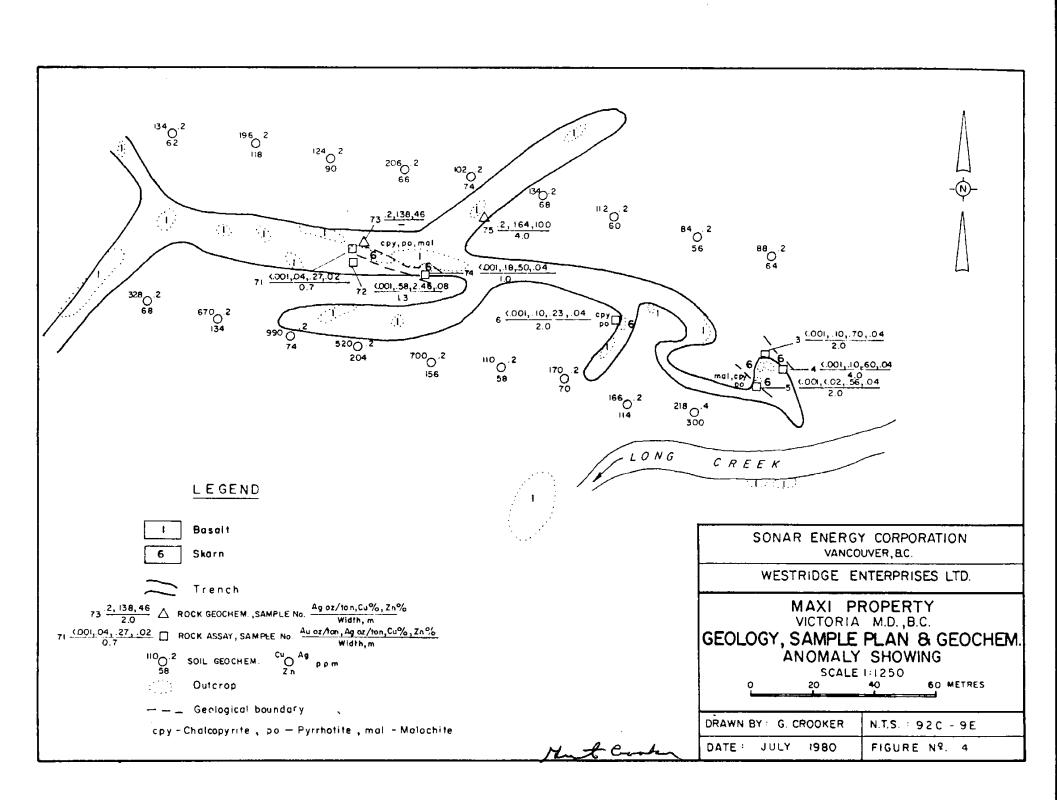
Assays from the Anomaly Showing gave results as follows:

Sample <u>No.</u>	Cu %	Zn <u>%</u>	Au <u>oz</u>	Ag <u>oz</u>	Width [m]
3	0.70	0.04	40.001	0.10	2.0
4	0.60	0.04	40.001	0.10	4.0
5	0.56	0.04	40.001	40. 02	2.0
6	0.23	0.04	40.001	0.10	2.0
71	0.27	0.02	40.001	0.04	0.7
72	2.46	0.08	40.001	0.58	1.3
74	0.50	0.04	40.001	0.18	1.0

Several rock geochemical samples from the showing returned low values.

Roaches Showing

Mineralization at the Roaches Showing [Figures 2 and 5] consists of pyrite and chalcopyrite with epidote and garnet along the contact of limestone and an intrusive. The skarn has been trenched and is approximately 50 meters long and up to 10 meters wide.



Minor disseminated pyrite and chalcopyrite was observed in the granodiorite to the west of the skarn zone.

Assays from the Roaches Showing gave the following results:

Sample	Çu	Zn	Au	Ag	Width
<u>No.</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>%</u>	oΖ	<u>oz</u>	[m]
10 [skarn]	0.01	4 0.02	40.001	4 0.02	1.3
14 [skarn]	0.23	-	40.001	0.02	2.5
15 [intrusive]	0.01	-	<0.001	-	25.0
16 [intrusive]	0.01	-	<0.001	-	70.0

Rock geochemical sampling of the skarn zone did not return significant values.

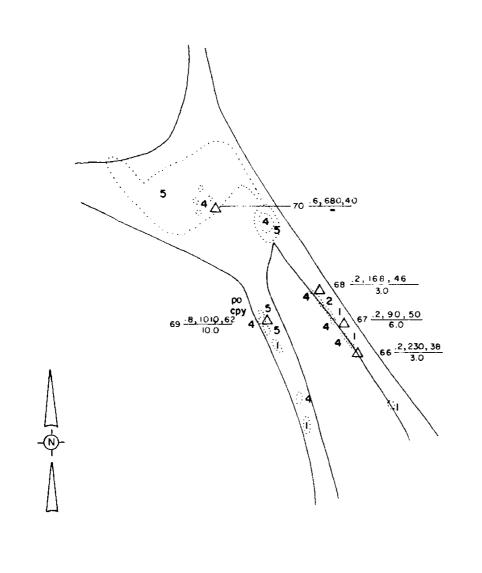
Arrow Showing

Scattered amounts of skarn mineralization were found at the Arrow Showing [Figures 2 and 6], the area in along the contact of the basalt and granodiorite. The skarn appears to be poorly developed in small discontinuous zones.

A number of rock geochemical samples were taken, but the highest value returned was only 1,010 ppm copper.

Several other small skarn zones generally only 1 to 2 meters wide were also sampled [Figure 2]. The highest value returned from these zones was 0.19% copper.

Minor amounts of pyrite and chalcopyrite was observed in some intrusive rocks, but none of the samples taken returned significant values.



LEGEND

Basalt

Chert

Skarn

Granodiorite

68 2,168,46 A ROCK GEOCHEM, SAMPLE No. Ag oz/ton,Cu%,Zn% Width, m

Road

Outcrop

Chalcopyrite

Pyrihotite

SONAR ENERGY CORPORATION VANCOUVER, B.C.

WESTRIDGE ENTERPRISES LTD.

MAXI PROPERTY VICTORIA M.D., B.C. GEOLOGY & SAMPLE PLAN

ARROW SHOWING

SCALE 1:1250

60 METRES

DRAWN BY : G. CROOKER N.T.S. : 92C - 9E DATE: JULY FIGURE Nº. 6 1980

GEOCHEMICAL SAMPLING

Soil Geochemistry

A small number of soil geochemical samples were taken in the vicinity of the Hillcrest [Figure 3] and Anomaly [Figure 4] Showings. The samples were taken as an orientation survey.

Hillcrest Showing

Values of up to 334 ppm copper were obtained. These values appear to outline the known mineralized zone.

Silver and zinc did not return any anomalous values.

Anomaly Showing

Values of up to 990 ppm copper were obtained. The high values occur immediately downslope from the main showing.

Zinc gave several values over 200 ppm, while silver gave no anomalous values.

Rock Geochemistry

A number of rock geochemical samples were taken and analyzed for copper, zinc, gold and silver. Results are plotted on Figures 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6. No significant values were obtained.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Hillcrest and Anomaly Showings appear to contain significant copper mineralization related to skarns. The showings are in meta-volcanics near the contact of intrusives, or related to shear zones within the volcanics. Assays of up to 2.46% copper over 1.3 meters were obtained. The Hillcrest Showing appears to have a strike length of at least 150 meters.

The Roaches and Arrow Showings indicate very low copper values and do not appear to contain significant mineralization.

Analysis for gold, silver, and zinc gave very low results, thus copper mineralization remains the target of further exploration.

Rock geochemical sampling within the intrusive did not show significant values. This would appear to rule out porphyry type mineralization.

The main thrust of further exploration should be to locate additional mineralization near the Hillcrest and Anomaly Showings, and to locate additional mineralization along contact zones between the volcanics and intrusives.

Phase I of the recommendations by Stanley B. Reams-bottom, Report on the Maxi Claim should be continued. The recommendations are:

1] Mapping and prospecting should continue over all areas of the claim group.

- 2] A magnetometer survey should be carried out over the property to define contacts between granitic and volcanic rocks, as well as to locate magnetic mineral zones.
- 3] An EM survey be carried out over any strong magnetic zones to test for conductivity.
- 4] Geochemical soil surveys be carried out adjacent to the Hillcrest and Anomaly Showings to attempt to locate additional mineralization. Strong geophysical anomalies should also be checked with geochemical soil surveys.
- 5] Trenching and sampling be carried out over strong coincident geochemical and geophysical anomalies.

Depending upon the results of the continued Phase I program, a decision can be made to initiate the Phase II program to drill test significant zones.

Respectfully submitted,

Heat Cooker

Grant Crooker, B.Sc.,

Geologist

July 15, 1980

REFERENCES

McKechnie - B.C. Minister of Mines and Petroleum Resources Reports, 1962, 1963

Muller, J.E. - Geology of Vancouver Island, 1977

Reamsbottom, Stanley B. - Report on the Maxi Claim, January 1980

White, L. - Report on the Fraser Property, Lake Cowichan, B.C., for Copper Ridge Mines Ltd., Vancouver, B.C., 1966

CERTIFICATE OF QUALIFICATIONS

1, Grant F. Crooker, B.Sc., Geology, of Box
234, Keremeos, British Columbia, state as follows:

- l] That I graduated from the University of British Columbia in 1972 with a Bachelor of Science degree in Geology.
- 2] That I have prospected and actively pursued geology prior to my graduation and have practiced my profession since 1972.
- 3] That I am a member of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy.
- 4] That I am employed by Westridge Enterprises Ltd., 2000 Arbury Avenue, Coquitlam, B.C.
- 5] That I have no direct or indirect interest in the property, or the securities of Sonar Energy Corporation, nor do I intend to receive any such interest.

DATED at Vancouver, British Columbia this 15th day of July, 1980.

Grant Crooker, B.Sc., Geologist

Hat Cooker

COST STATEMENT

1.	Salaries: Geologist - 27 days @ \$200/day	\$ 5,400.00
	Prospector - 16 days @ \$150/day June 5-20, 1980	2,400.00
2.	Travelling Expenses, Accommodations and Meals	1,120.28
З.	Transportation: 4x4 Truck Rental & Fuel	658.20
4.	Supplies, Equipment Rental, Freight	55.00
5.	Geochemical Analysis, and Assaying	612.40
6.	Engineering report, maps, drafting, secretarial, reproduction, stationery, research	1,500.00
		\$11,745.88

Rossbacher Laboratory

GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSTS & ASSAYERS

2225 S. SPRINGER AVE., BURNABY, B. C.

CANADA

TELEPHONE: 299-6910 AREA CODE: 604

CERTIFICATE OF ASSAY

CERTIFICATE NO. 80210

INVOICE NO. 0180

DATE RECEIVED

DATE ANALYSED June, 1980

TO: WESTRIDGE ENTERPRISES LTD.

2000 Arbury Ave. Coquitlam, B.C.

ATTN:

	*	9/2	oz/T	oz/T		
SAMPLE NO.:	Cu	Zn	Ag	Au		
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28459	0.42		0.04	<0.001		
28461	0.36	< 0.02	0.06	< 0.001		
28462	0.08	40.02	0.02	< 0.001		
28463	0.65		0.06	<0.001		
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28465	2.18		0.16	< 0.001		
28471	0.27	0.02	0-0h	< 0.001		
28472	2.46	0.08	0.58	< 0.001		
28474	0.50	0.04	0.18	< 0.001		
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Certified by Alelan Jam

Rossbacher Laboratory

GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSTS & ASSAYERS

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

WESTRIDGE ENTERPRISES LTD. 2000 ARBURY AVE. COQUITIAM. B.C.

2225 S. SPRINGER AVE., BURNABY, B. C. CANADA TELEPHONE: 299-6910

CERTIFICATE NO. 80210-1

INVOICE NO.

0180 DATE ANALYSED JUNE 28/80

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Rossbacher Laboratory

GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSTS & ASSAYERS

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

WESTRIDGE ENTTERPRISES LTD.

2000 Arbury Ave. Coquitlam, B.C.

TO:

2225 S. SPRINGER AVE., BURNABY, B. C. CANADA

CANADA
TELEPHONE: 299-6910
CERTIFICATE NO. 80210-2

INVOICE NO. 0180

DATE ANALYSED JUNE 28/80

PROJECT

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