EXPLORATION NTS: 94F, 7E, 7W, 2E WESTERN DISTRICT

### ASSESSMENT REPORT

GEOLOGICAL AND GEOCHEMICAL REPORT

## ON THE

### PELLY GROUP

AKIE RIVER AREA

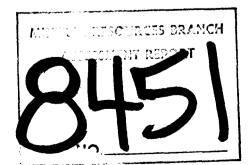
OMINECA MINING DIVISION

## BRITISH COLUMBIA

LATITUDE: 57<sup>0</sup>16'N LONGITUDE: 124<sup>0</sup>39'W

### PERIOD OF FIELD WORK

MAY 31 to AUGUST 10, 1980



K.R. PRIDE

OCTOBER 1980

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# EXPLORATION NTS: 94E, 7E, 7W, 2E

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## LIST OF CLAIMS - PELLY GROUP

Record No.	No. of Units	Recording Data
2309	20	Nov. 15, 1979
2310	18	Nov. 15, 1979
2311	9	Nov. 15, 1979
2312	9	Nov. 15, 1979
2313	18	Nov. 15, 1979
2314	20	Nov. 15, 1979
	2309 2310 2311 2312 2313	2309 20   2310 18   2311 9   2312 9   2313 18

COMINCO LTD.

EXPLORATION NTS: 94E, 7E, 7W, 2E WESTERN DISTRICT 31 October 1980

#### ASSESSMENT REPORT

# <u>GEOLOGICAL AND GEOCHEMICAL REPORT</u> <u>ON THE</u> <u>PELLY GROUP</u> <u>AKIE RIVER AREA</u> <u>OMINECA MINING DIVISION</u> BRITISH COLUMBIA

#### INTRODUCTION

The Pelly Group, totalling 94 units was staked to cover several lead-zinc anomalies on the tributaries of the Akie River in an area of Devonian "Black Clastics". The claims are underlain by the Devonian Gunsteel Formation, which hosts the potentially economic barite-lead-zinc deposit on the Cirque and Elf properties.

Cominco Ltd. performed preliminary silt, soil and rock sampling, geological mapping and prospecting during the period from May 31 to August 10, 1980. Total expenditures on the Pelly Group are estimated to be \$14,549.76.

Preliminary geological mapping on a scale of 1:10,000 was conducted over the central portion of the claim group and approximately 94 silt and soil samples and 12 rock samples were collected over the Devonian "Black Clastics" succession.

#### LOCATION AND ACCESS

The Pelly claim group is located south of the Akie River and 30 km west of Sikanni Chief Lake on the Fort Ware Map sheet, NTS-94F. The center of the claim group is located at latitude 57°16'N and longitude 124°39'W.

Field work on the Pelly Group was conducted using a Bell 206B, Jet Ranger helicopter, based at Sikanni Chief Lake, 30 km to the east. Logistical support was provided by float equipped aircraft from MacKenzie, 233 km to the south.

#### REGIONAL GEOLOGY

A northwest trending belt of Devonian "Black Clastics" has been outlined by recent regional mapping programs conducted by the Geological Survey of Canada. The belt is located within the Rocky Mountain thrust and fold belt of the Columbian Orogen and is centered approximately 40 km east of the Rocky Mountain Trench. The Devonian "Black Clastics" are continuous from the Ospika River, northwesterly to Braid Creek, a distance of 200 km. This belt is part of the northwest trending Kechika Trough which may represent a southern extension of the Selwyn Basin.

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The Devonian "Black Clastic" succession is divisible into a lower proximal to distal turbidite assemblage formally named the Besa River Formation, which is the basinal equivalent of the Devonian Dunedin Formation, platformal carbonates to the east, and an upper division of silver-blue-grey weathering siliceous argillite, chert and carbonaceous-pyritic-black shale informally named as the Gunsteel Formation.

The Gunsteel Formation hosts four barite-lead-zinc occurrences, namely: Driftpile Creek, Mount Alcock, Cirque, and Elf. These occurrences are comparable to the Tom and Jason barite-lead-zinc prospects of the Selwyn Basin at MacMillan Pass, in the Yukon.

#### GEOLOGY

Preliminary mapping on the Pelly Group has outlined a northwest trending belt of "Black Clastics" which are structurally overlain by thrust panels of Road River Formation, graptolitic shales and Kechika Group calcareous phyllites and argillaceous limestones.

## Kechika Group (Unit 60K)

The Kechika Group ranges in age from Late Cambrian to Early Ordovician and occurs along the western flanks of the claim group. The rock units consist of at least 400 meters of cream to light grey-weathering, wavy banded calcareous mudstone, argillaceous limestone and calcareous phyllite. The rocks are typically soft and "soapy" indicating the presence of talc.

# Road River Formation (Unit OS<sub>RR</sub>)

The Road River Formation, ranging in age from Lower Ordovician to Upper Silurian occurs along the central portion of the claim group. Structurally, Unit  $OS_{PP}$  underlies the Kechika Group and is thrust overtop of the Gunsteel Formation. The unit consists of dark grey calcareous shale interbedded with limestone turbidites, black graptolitic shale and interbedded argillite and chert.

# <u>Silurian (Unit S<sub>SS</sub>)</u>

Road River Formation rocks are unconformably overlain by up to 250 metres of orange and brown weathering dolomitic siltstone of Silurian age. The prominent lithologies are interbedded platy, thin bedded and thick flaserbedded dolomitic siltstone. The succession is strongly bioturbated and contains spiral feeding tracks and poorly preserved graptolites (monograptus).

### <u>Middle Devonian (Unit MD, )</u>

Silurian siltstone is unconformably overlain by up to 75 meters of light grey bioclastic limestone of Middle Devonian age believed to be correlative with platformal carbonates of the Dunedin Formation. Unit MD\_ is medium grey weathering, thick bedded to massive and contains crinoid and coral debris beds.

# Besa River Formation (Unit UD<sub>BR</sub>)

The Besa River Formation unconformably overlies both the Middle Devonian

- 2 -

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### TABLE 1

### TABLE OF GEOLOGICAL FORMATIONS

#### DESCRIPTION Gunsteel Formation Upper Devonian Silvery-grey weathering, black siliceous "BLACK CLASTICS" UD<sub>GS</sub> shale, chert and argillite Besa River Formation UD<sub>BR</sub> Tan brown weathering, brownish-black silty shale with interbeds of siltstone and conglomerate unconformity Middle Devonian MD, Light grey weathering, massive grey fossiliferous limestone. $S_{SS}$ Silurian Light orange to buff weathering, massive dark grey dolomitic siltstone. unconformity Ordovician-Silurian Road River Formation os<sub>rr</sub> Black to grey weathering, black graphitic graptolitic variably calcareous shale, chert and argillite Kechika Group Cambro-Ordovician €0<sub>K</sub> Buff to cream weathering, argillaceous wavy banded, silty and nodular limestone to calcareous grey shale.

AGE

## - 3 -

limestone and the Silurian siltstone units and forms the base of the Devonian "Black Clastics" succession. The unit consists of a very thin accumulation of recessive, brownish black weathering silty shale with thin beds of tan siltstone. Cross-bedding, and graded bedding appear to indicate rapid deposition in a marine environment and probably represents a distal submarine turbidite fan.

Gunsteel Formation (Unit UD<sub>GS</sub>)

Although stratigraphic relationships are not well defined, it appears that Gunsteel rocks unconformably overly the Besa River Formation. The unit is light grey weathering to silver-grey weathering, siliceous black shale, medium bedded siliceous argillite and chert.

#### GEOCHEMISTRY

During the period May 31 to August 10, 1980, approximately 94 silt and soil and 12 rock samples were collected on the Pelly Group as a preliminary survey for potential stratiform barite-lead-zinc mineralization.

Soil samples were collected from the "B" horizon using picks or mattocks. All samples were packaged in kraft sample bags and sent to the Cominco Laboratory at 1486 East Pender Street, Vancouver, B.C. The silt and soil samples were dried and sieved to -80 mesh, digested in perchloric acid and analysed by atomic absorption for lead and zinc. Soil and silt samples which required barium analyses were treated by X-ray fluorescence. Rock samples were crushed and pulped to -200 mesh and analysed by atomic absorption. All sample pulps from the Pelly Group are presently stored at the Cominco Laboratory in Vancouver.

Thresholds for lead, zinc and barium in soil, silt and rock samples were calculated by cumulative frequency plots to distinguish the response of mineralization from the response of background values and can be seen in Table 2. The resulting calculated thresholds outline the anomalous levels of the Gunsteel Formation. The barium response appears to be the best indicator of the Gunsteel Formation.

The results of the sampling may be noted on the accompanying 1:10,000 scale map - Plate 3.

#### TABLE 2

# TABLE OF CALCULATED THRESHOLDS (ppm)

Sample Type	Possibly Anomalous			<u> </u>	<u>Inomalou</u>	15
	<u>Pb</u>	Zn	Ba	Pb	Zn	Ba
Soil	40	1000	3000	50	1500	5000
Silt	40	1000	3000	50	1500	5000
Rock	60	1000	2500	100	2000	3000

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#### CONCLUSIONS

Preliminary mapping on the Pelly Group has outlined the Gunsteel Formation which is host for the stratiform barite-lead-zinc occurrences at Driftpile Creek, Mount Alcock, Cirque and Elf properties.

Widely spaced soil and stream silt samples have outlined a number of barium anomalies which are situated over the Gunsteel Formation.

Detailed geological mapping, close spaced grid soil sampling and prospecting will be required to fully assess the barite-lead-zinc potential of the Gunsteel Formation of the Pelly Group.

Report by:

K.R. Pride Geologist

Endorsed by:

nawer

A.B. Mawer Senior Geologist

Approved for Release by:

G. Harden, Manager Exploration Western District

KRP:vmk

#### REFERENCES

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## APPENDIX "A"

### STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES

## PELLY CLAIM GROUP

### MAY 31 - AUGUST 10, 1980

## SALARIES AND WAGES

K.R. Pride A.L. MacGregor	Aug. 2-10 May 31, Jun	ne 2,3, Aug. 10			\$173.36 \$130.24		\$	346.72 520.96
V. Kuran A. Mueller-Wilm	June 3,4, A June 3,4, A				\$105.60 \$105.60			422.40 422.40
I. Kokan S. Melville F. Jay D. Faubert	July 1 May 31, Jun July 1 July 1	ae 1-3	4 da 1 da	ys @ y @	\$ 74.80 \$ 74.80 \$ 80.96 \$ 68.64	= =		74.80 299.20 80.96 68.64
ASSAYS AND GEOCHE	MICAL ANALYS	IS						4 1
Cominco Lab, Vanco		94 soil samples @ 12 rock samples @				=		573.40 94.80
FIELD EQUIPMENT A	ND SUPPLIES					=	1	,000.00
CAMP MAINTENANCE		19 man days x \$25	/man	day		=		475.00

#### TRANSPORTATION

Fuel	264 gal. x \$2.50/gal. =	660.00
Rotary Wing	Northern Mountain Helicopter 12 hrs. x \$305/hr.=	3,660.00
Fixed Wing	400 miles x \$1.95/mile =	780.00
Miscellaneous	=	1,100.00
	Total Direct Field Costs =	10,579.28

### REPORT WRITING, RESEARCH, DRAFTING

K.R. Pride	7 days @	\$173.36		Ŧ	1,213.52
V. Kuran	6 days @	\$105.60		=	633.60
D. Kuran	8 days @	\$117.92		=	943.36
Pencil Manuscript	, Pacific	Survey,	Vancouver, B.C.	=	1,180.00
					3,970.48

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= \$14,549.76

#### APPENDIX "B"

# IN THE MATTER OF A GEOLOGICAL AND GEOCHEMICAL PROGRAM PERFORMED ON THE PELLY CLAIM GROUP

### AIKIE RIVER AREA

#### OMINECA MINING DIVISION

BRITISH COLUMBIA

#### AFFIDAVIT

I, K.R. PRIDE OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF BURNABY, IN THE PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA, HEREBY DECLARE:-

- THAT I am employed as a geologist by Cominco Ltd., and, as such, have a personal knowledge of the facts to which I hereinafter depose;
- (2) THAT annexed hereto and marked as APPENDIX "A" to this report is a true copy of expenditures incurred in connection with a geological and geochemical program on the Pelly Claim Group;
- (3) THAT the said expenditures were incurred between the 31st day of May and the 10th day of August, 1980 for the purpose of performing geological and geochemical exploration on the Pelly Claim Group.

Signed: L. R. Pule

K.R. Pride Geologist

#### APPENDIX "C"

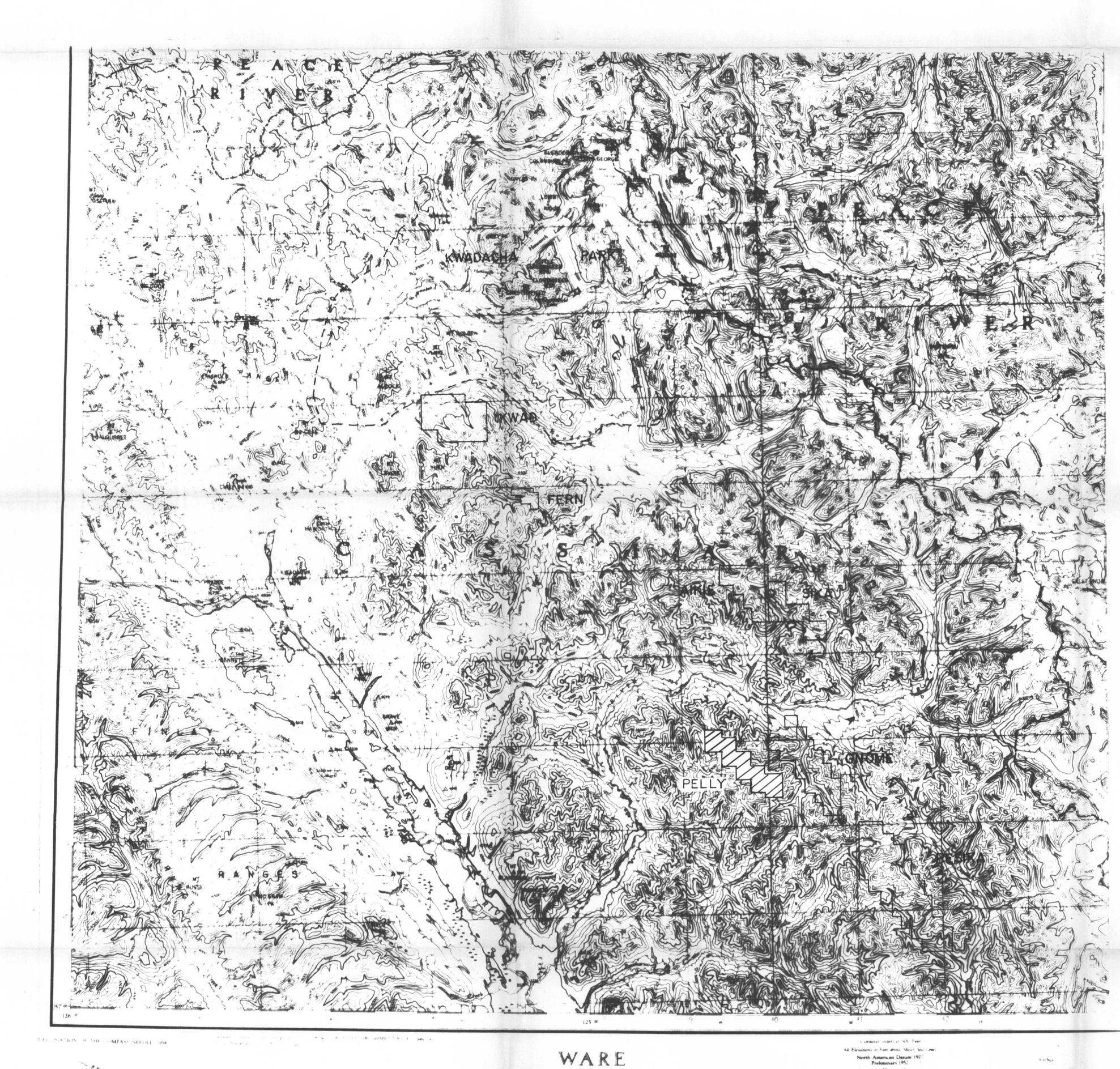
#### STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, K.R. PRIDE, GEOLOGIST WITH BUSINESS ADDRESS AT 700-409 GRANVILLE STREET VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA AND RESIDENTIAL ADDRESS AT 3770 FIR STREET, BURNABY, BRITISH COLUMBIA, HEREBY CERTIFY THAT:-

- THAT I am a graduate in Geological Sciences with a B.Sc. (Hons.) in 1973 from the University of British Columbia.
- (2) THAT from 1973 to the present I have been employed by Cominco Ltd. as a geologist and have been actively engaged in mineral exploration in British Columbia, Yukon, Northwest Territories, Mexico and Saudi Arabia.
- (3) THAT I personally participated in the field work on the Pelly Claim Group and have interpreted all the data resulting from this work.

Signed: KR Pmle

K.R. Pride Geologist



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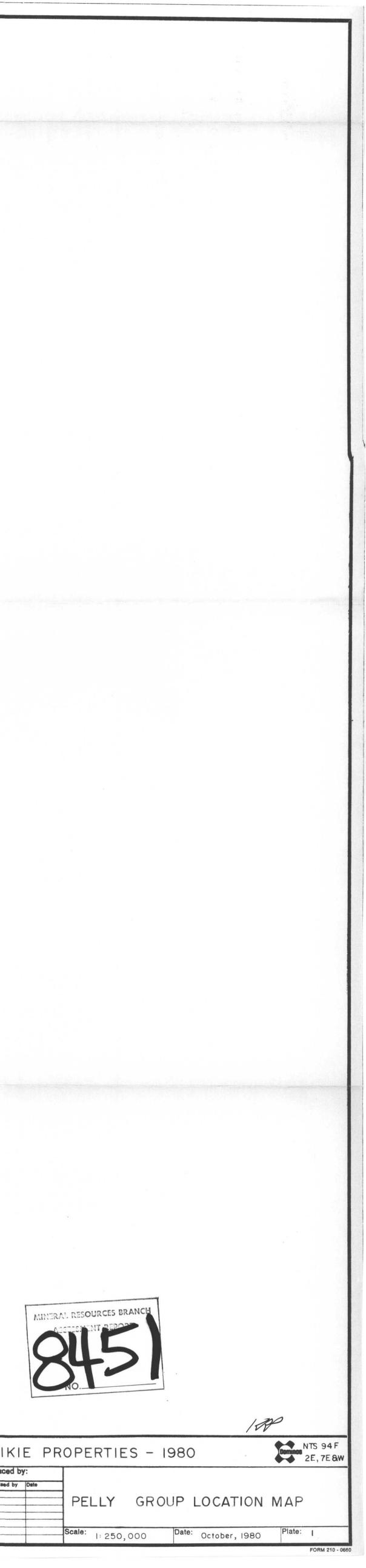
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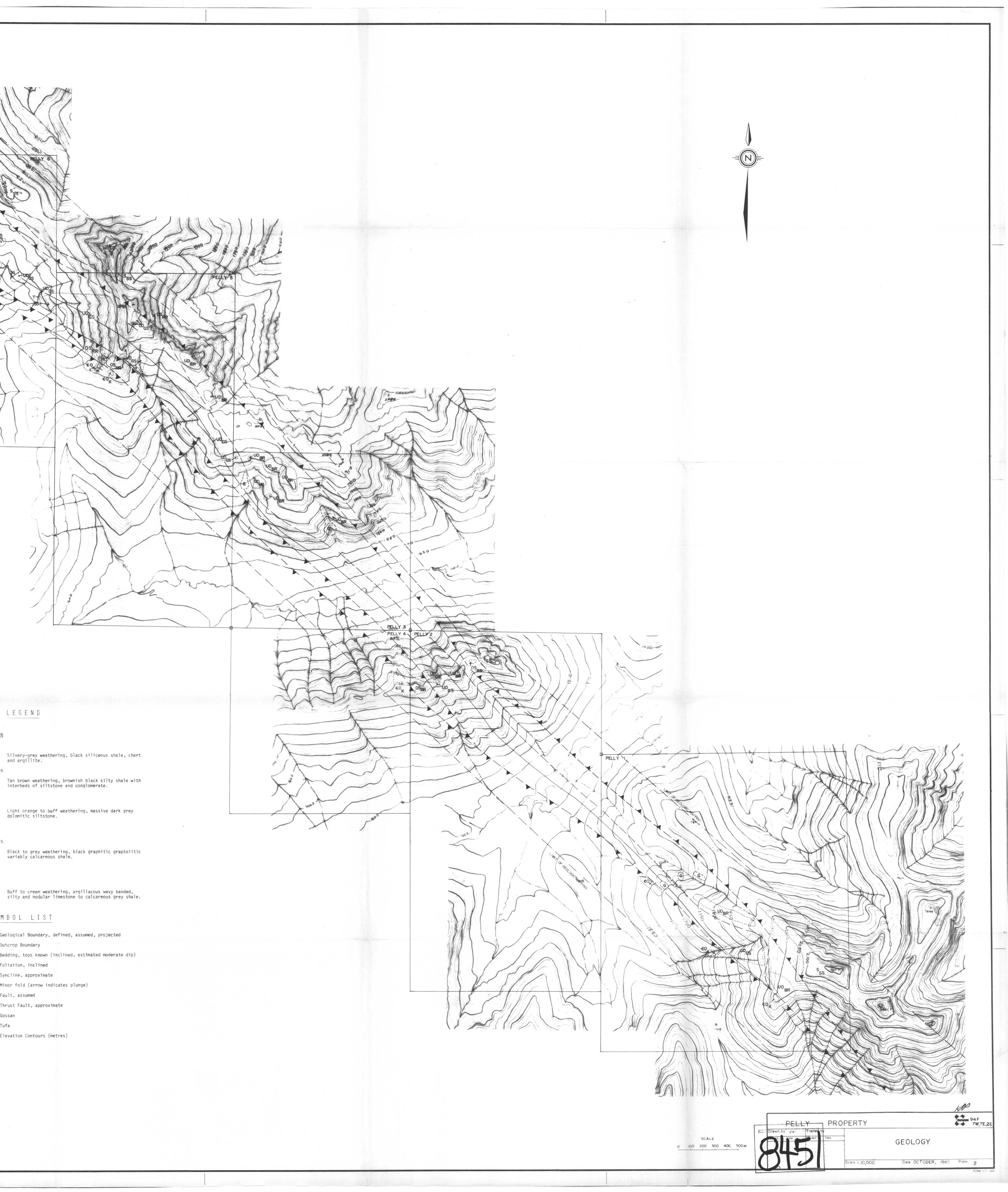
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MIDDLE DE	VONIAN - UPPER DEVONIAN
	GUNSTEEL FORMATION
	UD <sub>GS</sub> - Silvery-grey weathering, black siliceous shale, chert and argillite.
	BESA RIVER FORMATION
	$UD_{BR}$ - Tan brown weathering, brownish black silty shale with interbeds of siltstone and conglomerate.
SILURIAN	
	S <sub>SS</sub> - Light orange to buff weathering, massive dark grey dolomitic siltstone.
ORDOVICIAN	- SILURIAN
	ROAD RIVER FORMATION
	OS <sub>RR</sub> - Black to grey weathering, black graphitic graptolitic variably calcareous shale.
CAMBRO - O	RDOVICIAN
	KECHIKA GROUP
	$EO_{K}$ - Buff to cream weathering, argillacous wavy banded, silty and nodular limestone to calcareous grey shale.
	SYMBOL LIST
	Geological Boundary, defined, assumed, projected
	Outcrop Boundary
	Bedding, tops known (inclined, estimated moderate dip)
	Foliation, inclined

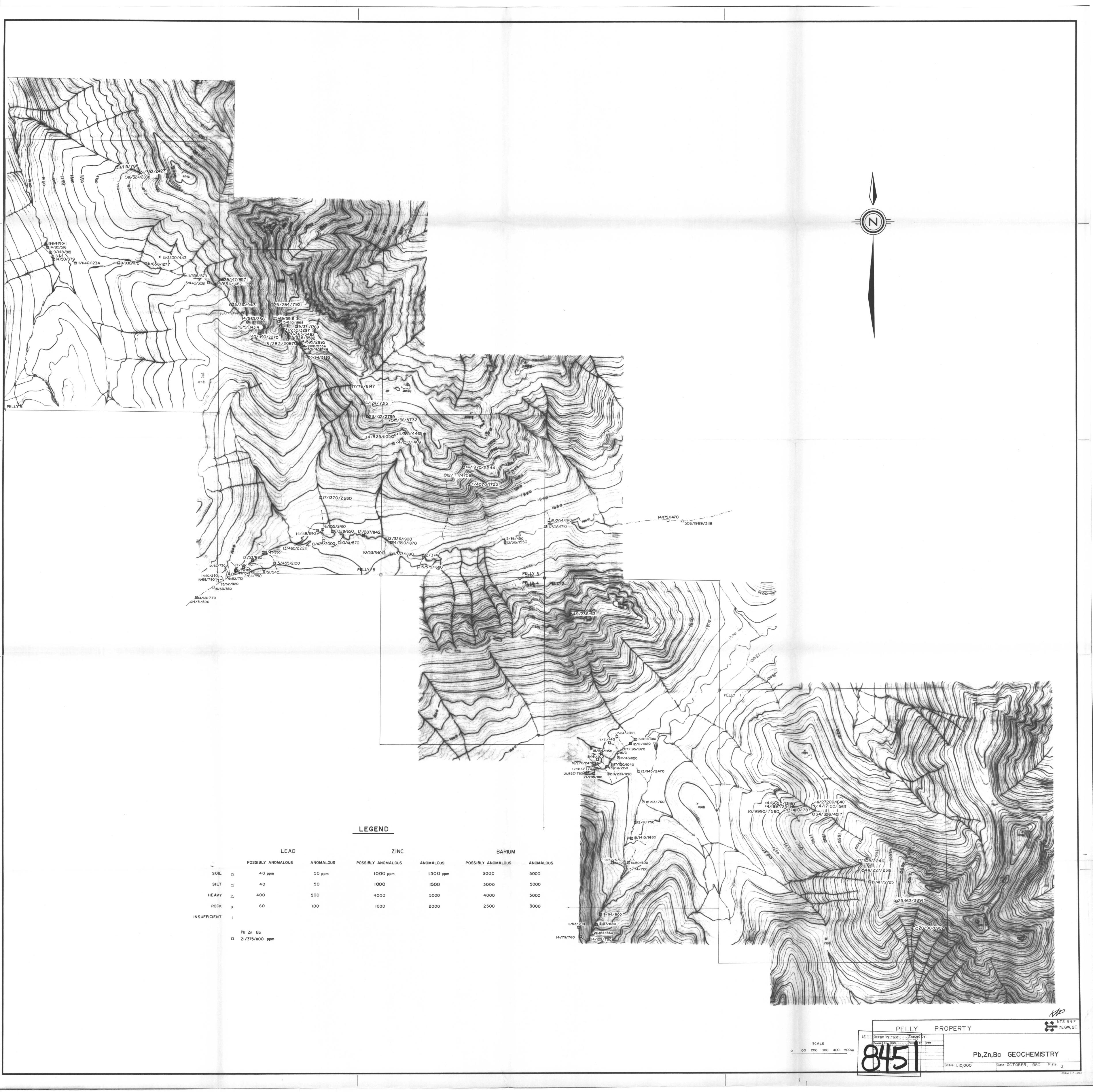
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Foliation, inclined

Syncline, approximate ↔ )→ Minor fold (arrow indicates plunge) هم Fault, assumed

- Thrust Fault, approximate



		LEAD	
		POSSIBLY ANOMALOUS	ANOMA
SOIL	0	40 ppm	50 pp
SILT		40	50
HEAVY	$\bigtriangleup$	400	500
ROCK	х	60	100
INSUFFICIENT	i		