

VLF-EM and MAGNETOMETER SURVEY
on the
O.B. CLAIM GROUP and CROWN GRANTS
GREENWOOD, BRITISH COLUMBIA
ON BEHALF OF
VISCOUNT RESOURCES LTD.

CLAIMS:	O.B. (15 Units)	Record No. 696
	Twin	Record No. 665
	Connection Fr.	Record No. 666
	Marjorie	Record No. 669
	Trilby	Record No. 667
	Clipper Fr.	Record No. 670
	Mountain View	Record No. 671

MINING DIVISION: Greenwood

LOCATION: 2 kilometers S.E. of Greenwood, B.C.
118° 38' W 49' 05" N
N.T.S. 82 E/2

SURVEY DATES: July 26 - August 7, 1980

August 25, 1980
Vancouver, B.C.

Ronald F. Sheldrake
APEX AIRBORNE SURVEYS LTD.

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APPENDIX I - Instrumentation

Figure 1 Grid and Claim Location Map

Plate I - Magnetometer Contour Map

Plate II - VLF-Fraser Filter Contour Map

Plate III - VLF-Quadrature Contour Map

Geologic Map 45-20A in Map Pocket

Certification: follows Appendix



GRID LOCATION MAP

O.B. CLAIM GROUP & CROWN GRANTS

GRAND FORKS MINING DIVISION
BRITISH COLUMBIA
FOR

VISCOUNT RESOURCES LTD.

NTS 82 E/2 APEX AIRBORNE SURVEYS LTD.

MINERAL RESOURCES BRANCH
ASSESSMENT REPORT

8745
NO.

1. SUMMARY

This prospect is situated in an ore productive area as evidenced by the numerous workings and abandoned mines around and throughout the property, however, these geophysical surveys did not identify any anomalous zones that could be considered as targets for mineralization.

2. INTRODUCTION

This report describes the results of ground VLF electro-magnetometer and magnetometer surveys undertaken over the O.B. Mineral Claims and Reverted Crown Grants owned by Viscount Resources Ltd, of Vancouver, British Columbia.

The grid is located two kilometers S.E. of Greenwood and rectangular with dimensions about three kilometers (E-W) and 1.5 kilometers (N-S). The traverses were compass positioned and were oriented true N-S at an interval of 200 meters. The station interval was 25 meters.

The survey area has been extensively prospected since the early 1900's as evidenced by the numerous surface workings. At least two of these have been productive, namely the Dynamo C.G. and E. Pluribus Unum C.G., which produced 72 tons and 104 tons respectively*(silver, gold, lead, zinc ore). Neither of these workings are on the Viscount Claims but are in close proximity. (See Figure 1).

*Report on Greenwood Skylark Camp Property by Gordon Gutrath, P.Eng., December, 1977.

The purpose of the geophysical surveys was to identify any areas where anomalous magnetic or conductive conditions exist that might be indicative of mineralization. Further, because of the abundant overburden cover, a broad pseudo-geological analysis of the prospect was made for the geophysical parameters.

3. DATA PRESENTATION

Plate 1 Scale: 1:5,000
Ground Magnetometer Survey showing contacts
and interpreted lineaments.
Contours of total magnetic field, uncorrected
for regional gradient, in units of gammas
(10^{-5} oersted). Contour interval 100 gammas.

Plate 2 Scale: 1:5,000
VLF-Fraser Filtered Contour Map. The data were
processed according to the standard technique
of D.C. Fraser and contoured.* This process
alters the data in the following manner.
1) It transforms e.m. crossovers to contourable
 anomalies;
2) It diminishes topographic effects; and
3) It enhances higher frequency anomalies.
The map is contoured at \pm 10, 20, 40, 80% per
50 meters.

*

Plate 3

Scale: 1:5,000

VLF-Quadrature Contour Map.

The data were plotted (unprocessed) and contoured (Quadrature data can have either a position or negative crossover, hence Fraser Filtering is not suitable).

Contour interval 10%

4. DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The magnetic and electromagnetic features coincide in a general way with the geology mapped by D.A. McNaughton.*

The areas of strong magnetization, for example the south ends of L2400W and L2200W, are coincident with rocks mapped as **serpentines**. The areas of less magnetization that are mapped further north along those traverses coincide with intrusive rocks.

The relationship is less clear for the electromagnetic parameters. The VLF quadrature map was virtually unresponsive to geological features except indirectly; over magnetic rocks interference from powerlines was enhanced. However, the in-phase data convincingly coincides with the E-W trending parallel features indicated in the magnetic contours. (See Plate I and Plate II south ends L1000 W to L600 W).

*Map 45-20A included with this report.

(Two comments with regard to the VLF data are warranted here. The VLF data, because of the directional nature of the transmitted signal distorts the contour pattern so that it does not accurately represent the conductivity distribution of the underlying rocks. Secondly, the data are severely distorted by cultural features such as powerlines and fences. Unfortunately these were common within the survey area.)

The electromagnetic data did not indicate any anomalies that could be selected as target zones for mineralization. The majority of the anomalous quadrature responses correspond to fences or other cultural features, as do a good number of the in-phase (Fraser Filtered) anomalies.

The magnetic contour map suggest a linear feature extending from the south end of L0 to the north end of L800 W. The linear feature may indicate a fault or contact zone and from a geophysical point of view this area may be the best prospect for exploration.

5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The geophysical surveys did not identify any anomalous targets that were indicative of mineralization.

However, because of the numerous mineralized showings within and around the survey area, the property warrants further assessment.

It is recommended that a detailed geochemistry survey be undertaken on a rectangular block bounded by 500W and 900E, station 900N and the baseline in the south.

If a positive geochemistry response resulted from the survey it should then be "detailed" with induced polarization and a low frequency electromagnetic survey to identify a drill target.

Respectfully submitted,

Ronald F. Sheldrake

APPENDIX I

INSTRUMENTATION

Magnetometer:

Manufactured by Exploranium Corporation, Toronto, Canada.

Model No. G826, sensitivity 1 gamma.

Estimated noise level on present survey \pm 15 gammas.

VLF-electromagnetometer:

Manufactured by Geonics Ltd, Toronto, Canada.

Model: E.M.-16

Type of measurements made: 1) Percent (angle) of total field
rector

2) Phase shift

Stations used: one, Seattle 18.6 khz.

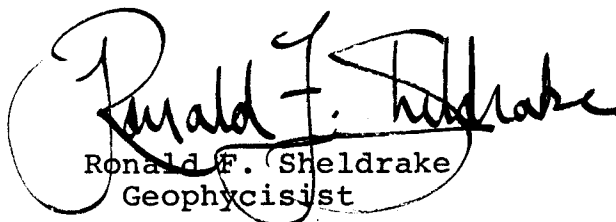
All readings taken facing north.

Estimated noise level on present survey \pm 3%.

CERTIFICATION

I, RONALD F. SHELDRAKE, of the City of Vancouver,
Province of British Columbia, hereby certify as follows:

1. I am President of APEX AIRBORNE SURVEYS LTD., a company incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia.
2. The Vancouver Office of Apex Airborne Surveys Ltd. is located at Suite 420-890 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia.
3. I received my B.Sc., in Geophysics from the University of British Columbia in May 1974.
4. I have practised my profession since that date.
5. I am not aware of any claim conflict and believe that the data presented herein are reliable.
6. I have no interest, direct or indirect, in Viscount Resources Ltd. or its affiliates, nor do I expect to receive any.
7. I consent to the use of this report in or in conjunction with a Prospectus or in a Statement of Material Facts.


Ronald F. Sheldrake
Geophysicist

September 5, 1980

MAGNETOMETER SURVEY

- 1) To identify small magnetic anomalies related to sulphide mineralization within skarn rocks; and
- 2) To map rock units and identify "porphyry" environments.

VLF SURVEY

- 1) To map the resistivity character of the area;
- 2) To identify resistive dikes and dike swarms;
- 3) To identify skarn areas;
- 4) To identify porphyry zones, and
- 5) To identify faults and structures.

We guarantee for the above work, or any portion of it you wish to undertake, including all expenses and reporting, in an amount:

1) Establish Grid:

48 km 200-meter line separation	
25 meter station interval	\$2,875.00

2) Magnetometer and VLF-Electromagnetometer Survey:

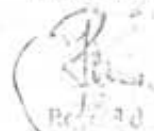
48 km	\$3,765.00
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3) Detail readings, if required, at completion of survey:

\$450/per crew day (2-men)	
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pd 3000
Ch# 131
July 18/80

Sincerely,
APEX AIRBORNE SURVEYS LTD.,



R. E. Sheldrake

Paid \$3,340.00 - Oct. 10/80

TOTAL PAID - \$6,340.00

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TERTIARY

MIOCENE (?)

- Porphyritic andalusite
- Diabase, nepheline porphyrite

MIDWAY GROUP

- Angite trachyte

OLIGOCENE

- KITTLE RIVER FORMATION: conglomerate, sandstone, shale

CRETACEOUS OR EARLIER

- Granodiorite

MESOZOIC

- Diabase, gabbro, pyroxenite
- Granite

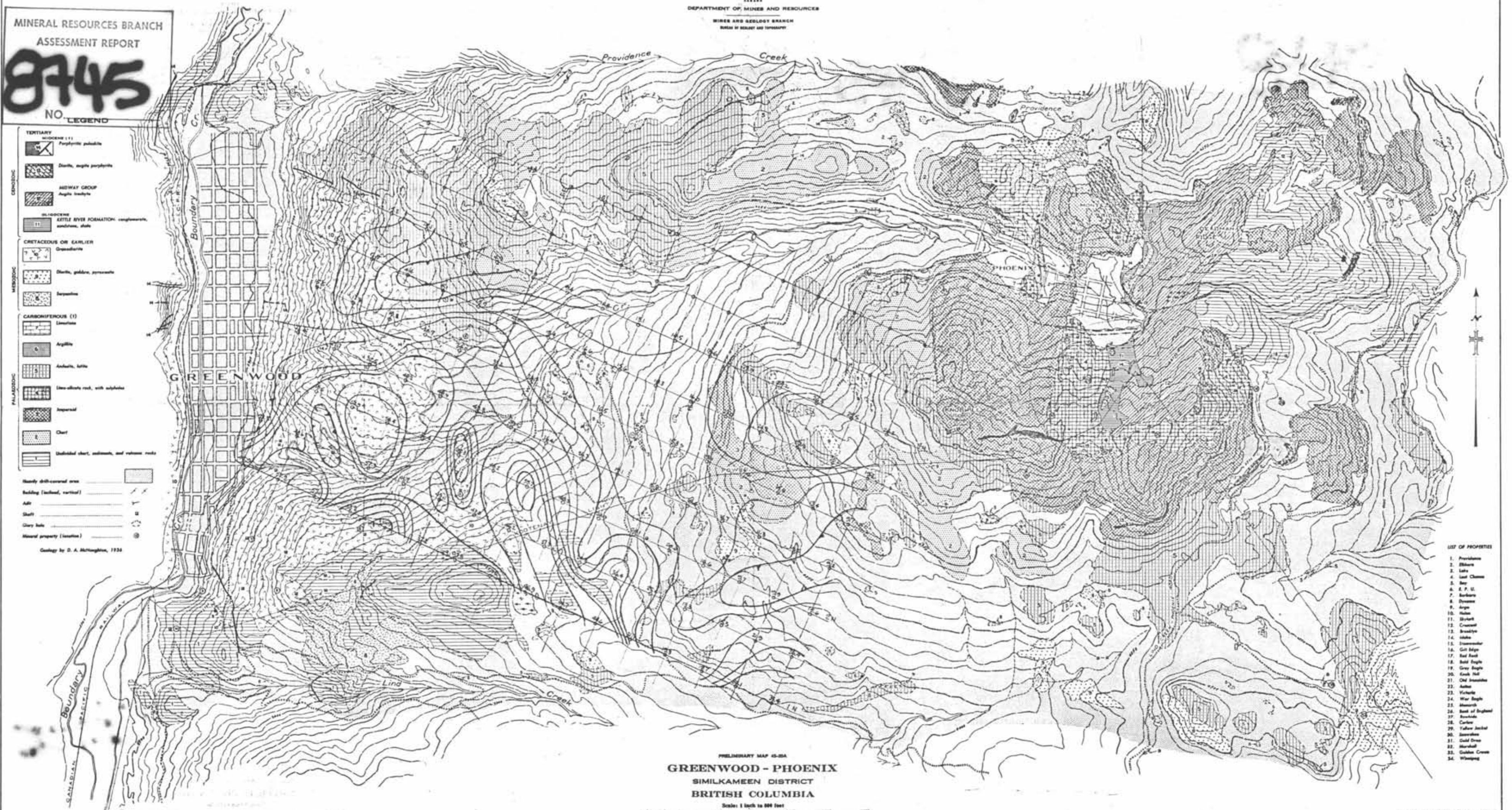
CARBONIFEROUS (?)

- Limestone
- Argillite
- Andalusite, talc
- Thin silty rock, with sulphide
- Impure
- Chert
- Unfossiliferous chert, sandstone, and volcanic rocks

STEADY DIFFERENTIAL AREA

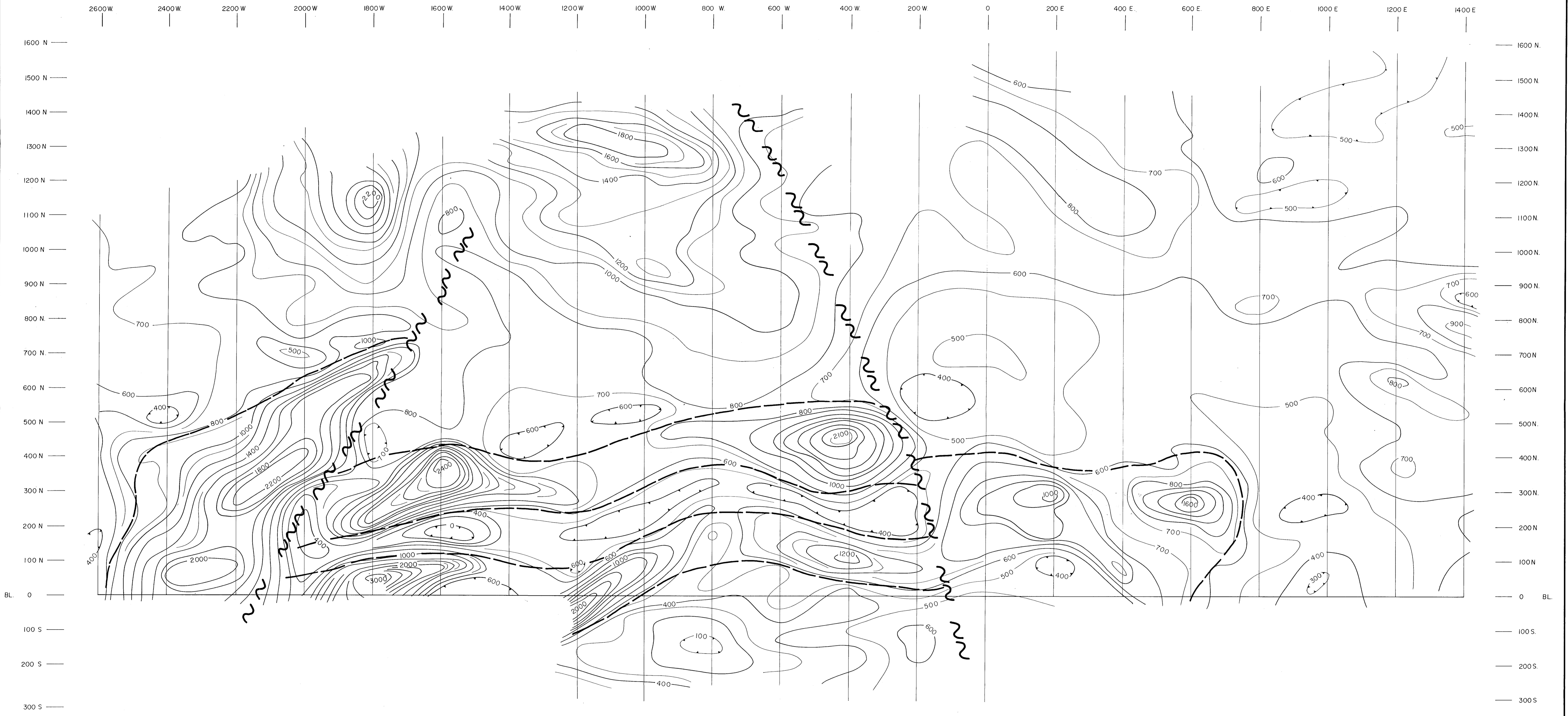
- Bedding (horizontal, vertical)
- Adit
- Shaft
- Clay hole
- Mineral property (location)

Geology by D. A. McLaughlin, 1934



PRELIMINARY MAP 45-50A
GREENWOOD - PHOENIX
SIMILKAMEEN DISTRICT
BRITISH COLUMBIA
Scale: 1 inch to 500 feet

- LIST OF PROPERTIES
- Providence
 - Bliss
 - Lake
 - Lost Chance
 - Bay
 - S. P. U.
 - Barbara
 - Thomas
 - Argo
 - Helen
 - Wright
 - Crosscut
 - Brookline
 - Edith
 - Disseminator
 - Gilt Edge
 - Red Rock
 - Red Eagle
 - Crow Eagle
 - Jack Hill
 - Old Invention
 - John
 - Victoria
 - Wear Eagle
 - Alvord
 - Bank of England
 - Beulah
 - Carlow
 - Valley Junction
 - Imperial
 - Gold Dred
 - Marshall
 - Golden Crown
 - Whisper

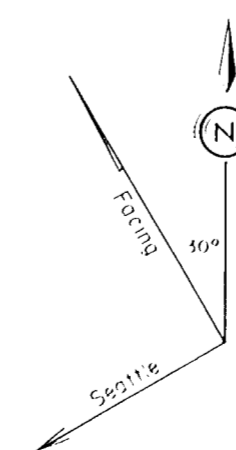


NOTES:

INSTRUMENT :- GEOMETRICS G-826
 UNITS OF MEASUREMENT :- GAMMAS (10⁻⁵ OERSTED)
 CONTOUR INTERVAL :- 100 GAMMAS.

LEGEND

- MAGNETIC DEPRESSION
- FAULT ZONE
- INTERPRETED CONTACT

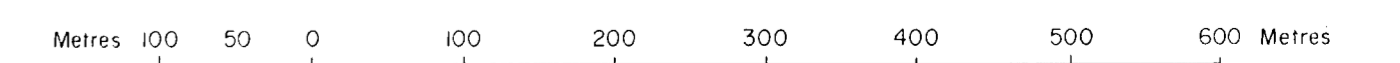


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PLATE I

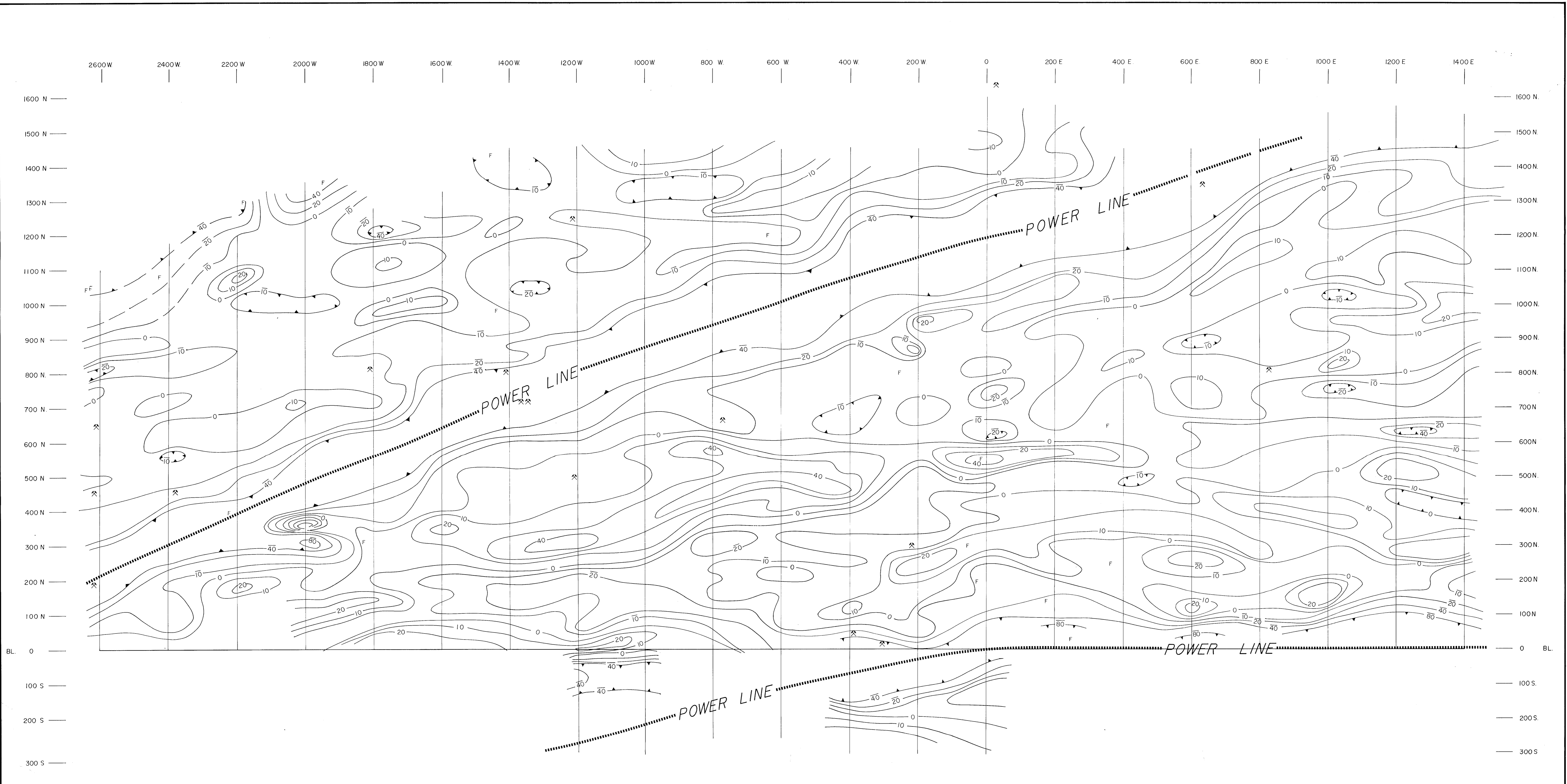
GROUND MAGNETOMETER SURVEY
 TOTAL FIELD CONTOUR MAP
 O.B. CLAIM GROUP & CROWN GRANTS
 GRAND FORKS MINING DIVISION
 BRITISH COLUMBIA
 FOR
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NTS 82 E/2 49°05' N 118°38' W

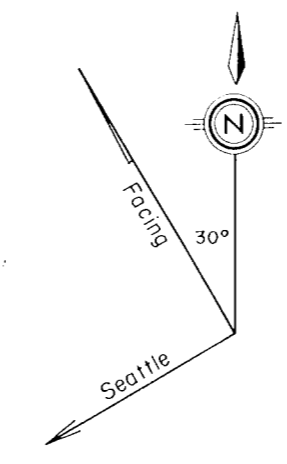
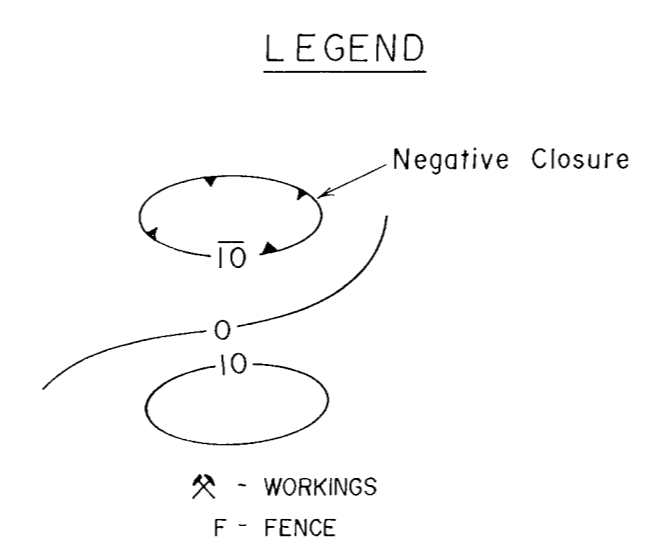


SCALE 1: 5,000

To accompany a report by Ronald F. Sheldrake, dated August 25, 1980



NOTES:
 INSTRUMENT : EM.-16
 UNITS OF MEASUREMENT : % / 50 METERS
 TRANSMITTER : SEATTLE 18.6 KHRTZ.
 READINGS COLLECTED : FACING NORTH
 CONTOUR INTERVAL : ± 10, 20, 40, 80 %



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PLATE 2

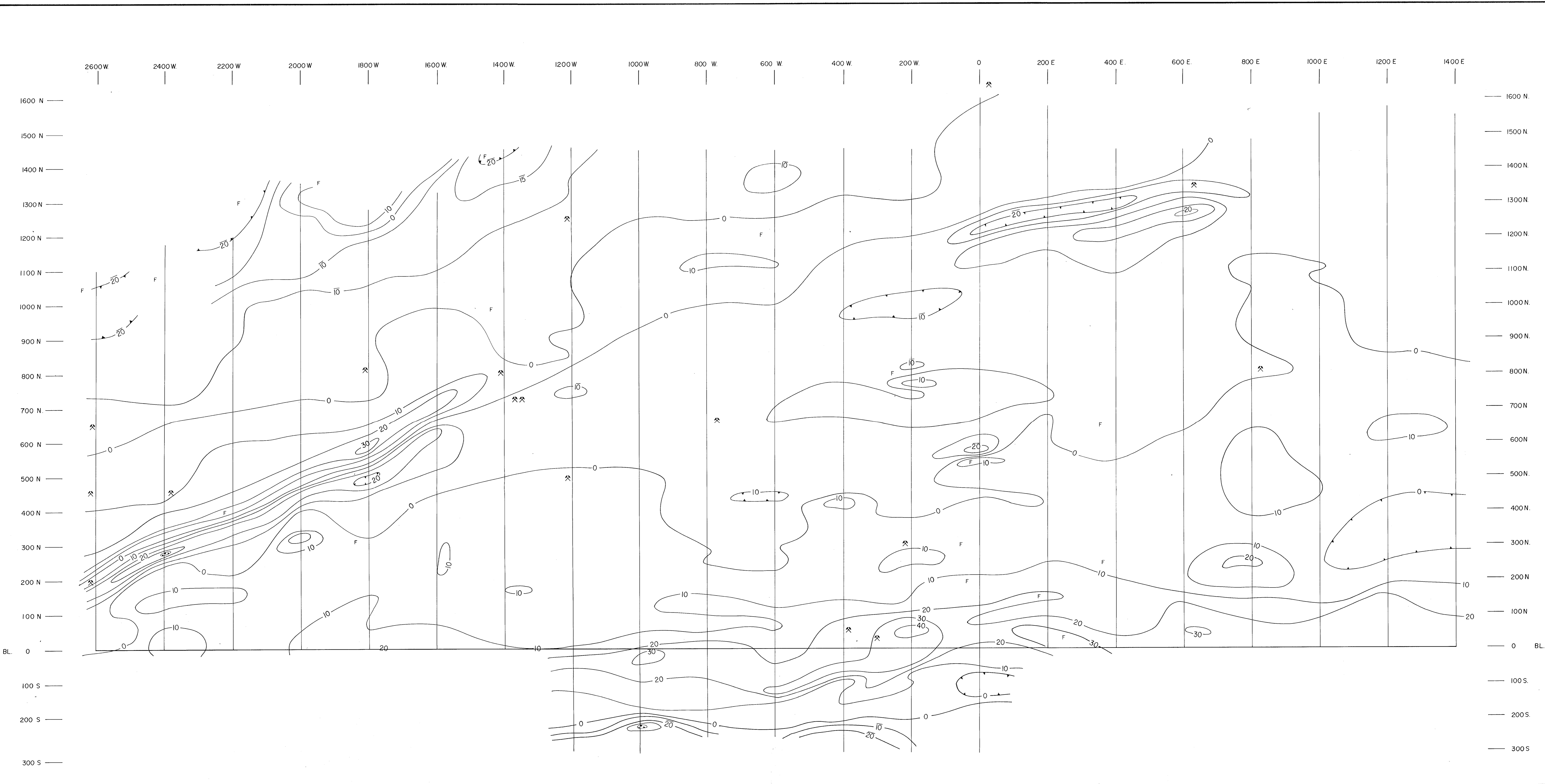
VLF - FRASER FILTER CONTOUR MAP

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NTS 82 E / 2 49°05' N 118°38' W

Metres 100 50 0 100 200 300 400 500 600 Metres
 SCALE 1 : 5,000

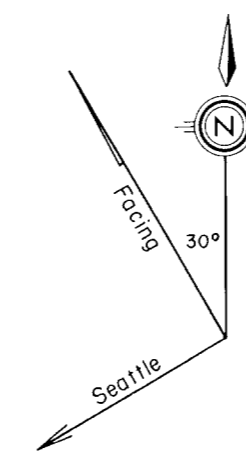
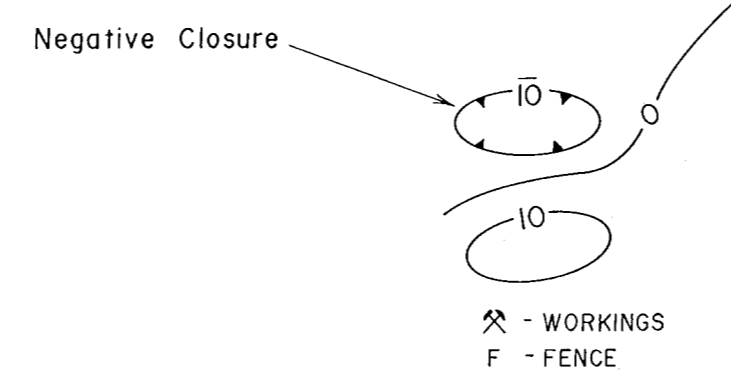
To accompany a report by Ronald F. Sheldrake, dated August 25, 1980



NOTES:

INSTRUMENT :- E-M-16
 UNITS OF MEASUREMENT :- PHASE CHANGE-%
 TRANSMITTER :- SEATTLE 18.6 KHZ.
 READINGS COLLECTED :- FACING NORTH
 CONTOUR INTERVAL :- 10 PERCENT

LEGEND



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PLATE 3

VLF QUADRATURE CONTOUR MAP

O.B. CLAIM GROUP & CROWN GRANTS
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 BRITISH COLUMBIA

FOR
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NTS 82 E/2 49°05' N 118°38' W



SCALE 1: 5,000

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