#### DU PONT OF CANADA EXPLORATION LIMITED

#### GEOLOGICAL AND GEOCHEMICAL REPORT

#### ON THE ELGAR CLAIM

#### SKEENA MINING DIVISION

LAT. 56°29'N, LONG. 130°23'W

NTS: 104-B-8W

OWNER OF CLAIM: Du Pont of Canada Exploration Limited

OPERATOR: Du Pont of Canada Exploration Limited

MINERAL RESOURCES BRANCH
ASCRUMENT REPORT

10.

Author: L. Eccle

Date Submitted: 1981 June 8

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#### I INTRODUCTION

#### (a) Location and Access

The ELGAR claim is located in northwestern British Columbia within the Skeena Mining Division, NTS 104-B-8W. The property is situated immediately south of Sulphurets Creek 7 km east of the Unuk River. The claim is centered by latitude 56°29'N, and longitude 130°30'W.

At present access into the property is exclusively via helicopter either from the Stewart-Cassiar Highway 45 km to the northeast or from the town of Stewart 65 km to the SSE. Stewart represents the major supply centre within the region.

#### (b) Physiography

The ELGAR property is situated within the Boundary Ranges of the Coast Mountains. This geographic province consists of a mountainous and glaciated terrain that exhibits relief in excess of 2000 m. Tree line varies from 1000-1200 metres above sea level. Below this point particularly within the lower valleys vegetation consists of a dense growth of spruce. Active glaciation is prevalent in the area particularly in terrain above 1500 metres.

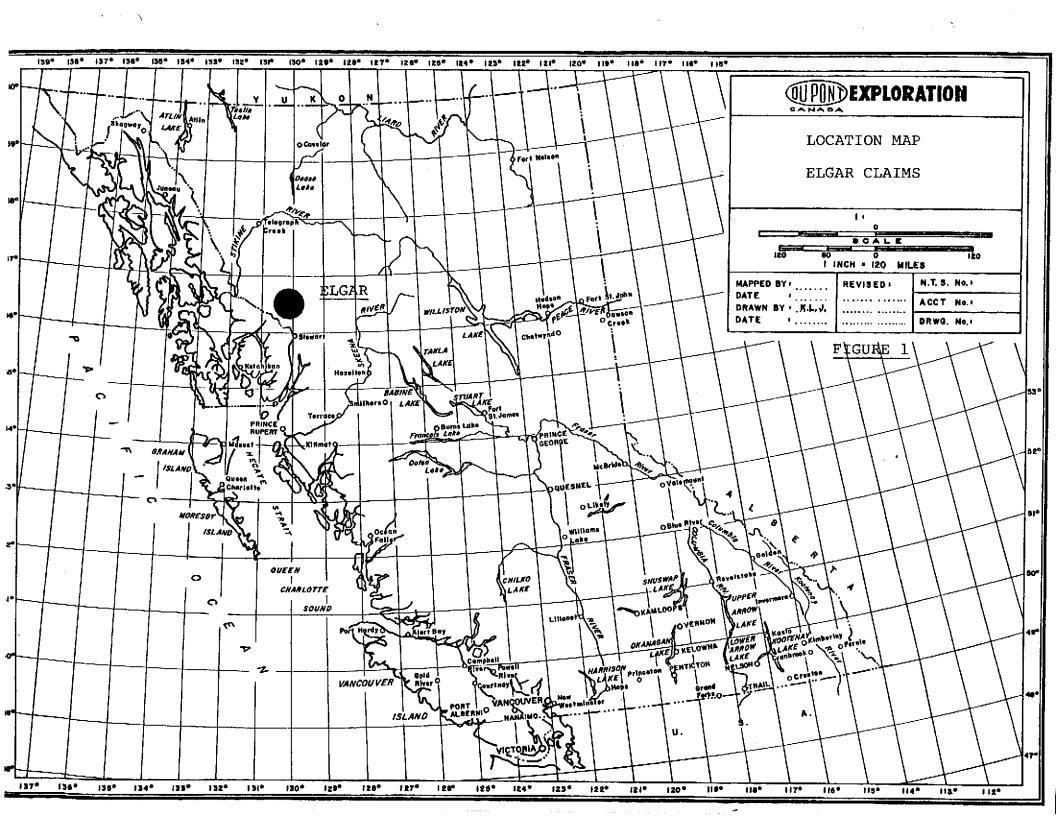
Elevation over the property varies from 420 metres above sea level at Sulphurets Creek to 1450 metres along the south boundary of the claim. The property occurs across steep, north facing slopes of an unnamed mountain. The southern third of the claim is situated above tree line.

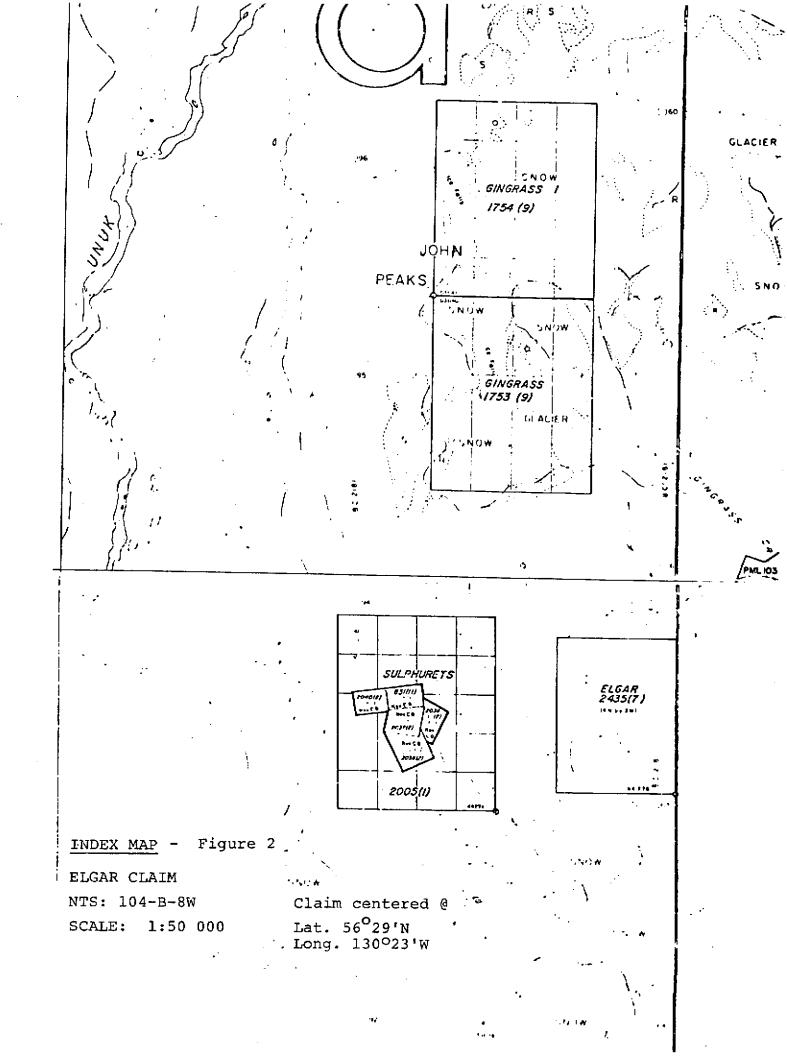
#### (c) Claim Status

The ELGAR property entails a total of 12 units. Pertinent data for the group is outlined below:

Record No: 2435 Tag No: 64776

Date Recorded: July 14, 1980





#### (d) History and Economic Assessment of Property

No previous assessment work has been filed for the area immediately covered by the ELGAR claim. Considerable exploration dating back to at least 1960 has been conducted at the headwaters of Mitchell and Sulphurets Creeks, located 6 km to the east and northeast of the ELGAR property. Work has been conducted in search of copper and molybdenum mineralization and most recently for precious metals.

Results obtained during the 1980 programme revealed the presence of weakly anomalous stream sediment samples, in terms of gold. In addition, two rock samples returned significant gold values. The nature and extent of these occurrences are presently unknown.

#### (e) Summary of Work

Subsequent to staking the ELGAR property two traverses, entailing stream sediment sampling, geological mapping and prospecting, was conducted along two principal northwesterly draining streams. Both the mapping and the stream sediment sample locations were drawn on a scale of 1:10 000 (Dwg. No. AR 80-197 & AR 80-198). A total of 13 stream sediment and 3 rock samples were obtained across the property.

#### II GEOLOGY

#### (a) Regional Geology

The Boundary Ranges of the Coast Mountains occur along the contact of the Intermontane and Coast Crystalline geologic provinces. The latter, the bulk of which occurs across the border in the Alaskan panhandle consists of Tertiary and Cretaceous quartz monzonite and quartz diorite. The Intermontane belt within the Unuk River area consists of Carboniferous and Permian schists; Upper Triassic andesite, basalt and clastic sediments and Jurassic clastic sediments and minor volcanics.

Intruding the Intermontane belt within this region are a number of intrusives that include Triassic diorite and monzonite, Jurassic quartz diorite and Cretaceous and Tertiary quartz monzonite.

Pliocene - recent aerial volcanism extruded rhyolites, basalts and tuffs within the Edziza Peak, Level Mountain and to a lesser degree Iskut River areas.

#### (b) Property Geology

The ELGAR claim, as indicated on G.S.C. map 1418A (1974), is underlain by Middle Jurassic Hazelton Group tuffs and clastic sediments.

Mapping conducted along the two streams revealed the presence of argillite within the southern portion of the claim. Andesite occurs in outcrop within the western stream at an elevation of approximately 890 metres. Occurring sporadically along the stream bed are a series of gossans which appear to be related to shear zones.

Although an east-west strike appears to be prevalent, the limited nature of the mapping precludes any structural interpretation of the property.

#### (c) Mineralization

Hosted by andesite and/or argillite are several scattered mineralized quartz veins. These veins which are up to one metre in width contain pyritegalena-chalcopyrite-sphalerite and/or arsenopyrite. The orientation of these veins has not been determined.

Of the three rock samples that were obtained two revealed anomalous values in gold and to a lesser degree Ag, and/or Pb, Zn and Cu. The results obtained are shown below:

#### Assays:

Samp.#	Au(o/t)	Ag(o/t)	Pb(%)	Zn(%)	<u>Cu(%)</u>
6285	0.091	0.40	0.38	0.40	0.048

#### Geochemistry:

Samp.#	Au (ppb)	Pb(ppm)	Zn(ppm)	Cu (ppm)
6284	3050	36	560	240
6291	25	23	220	146

#### (d) Conclusions

The ELGAR claim is underlain by a sequence of andesitic volcanics and argillites that host scattered pyrite-galena-chalcopyrite-sphalerite-(arsenopyrite) bearing quartz veins. Associated with these veins are anomalous gold-silver values. The nature, concentration and extent of this mineralization is at present unknown.

#### III GEOCHEMISTRY

#### (a) Procedure

A total of 13 stream sediment and 3 rock samples were obtained from the ELGAR claim.

The stream sediment samples were collected from two tributaries of Sulphurets Creek. Samples were obtained along 150-200 metre intervals. Each sample was placed in numbered wet-strength sample envelopes and the various locations were flagged indicating their respective numbers.

The three rock samples that were obtained were deposited in plastic bags. At the laboratory the samples were crushed, split, pulverized and sieved to -100 mesh. One sample was assayed for Au (oz/ton), Ag (oz/ton), Cu (%), Pb (%) and Zn (%). The other two samples were geochemically analyzed for Au (ppb), Cu (ppm), Pb (ppm) and Zn (ppm).

The stream sediment and rock samples were shipped to Min-En Laboratories in North Vancouver for preparation and analysis. The stream sediment samples were sieved to -80 mesh and analyzed for Au (ppb), Pb (ppm), Zn (ppm) and Cu (ppm), according to the procedure outlined in Appendix A. Three samples, #6282, #6290 and #6296 were prepared to a -40 mesh fraction and analyzed.

#### (b) Results

Drawing AR 80-198 denotes the various sample locations and their respective results. Stream sediment samples were obtained from two northwest draining tributaries of Sulphurets Creek. This was undertaken in order to define the source of anomalous gold concentrations obtained during a regional survey.

Within the eastern tributary results indicated only slightly elevated Au and Zn concentrations however these are not considered anomalous. Samples obtained from the western stream revealed anomalous Au, Zn and to a lesser degree Cu results. Au ranges from 35 ppb at the downstream point (#6290) to 85 ppb (#6288) further upstream. Above #6288 Au varies from 20-35 ppb. Both Cu and Zn also exhibit corresponding increases upstream however in both instances the peak occurs 600 metres above the anomalous gold sample (#6288). Copper ranges from 136-510 ppm and zinc varies from 460-1970 ppm. Lead exhibited background values.

In conclusion the stream sediment geochemistry appears to reflect the mineralized quartz veins as observed by samples #6285 and #6284.

#### IV COST STATEMENT

#### (a) Wages

Rate/ _day_	Spec. dates	No. <u>days</u>	Cost
1 jr. geol. \$ 50.82 1 field asst. 46.58 1 tech.asst. 39.18 1 geologist 146.92	Jul.24/80 Jul.24/80 November/80 Mar.19,30,31/	1 1 1	\$ 50.82 46.58 39.18
	1981	2	\$ 293.84

#### (b) Room and Board

The per diem rate of \$50.41 applies to 2 person days during July 24/80:

#### \$ 100.82

#### (c) Transportation

Costs to and from the project area during July, pertinent to the ELGAR claim, are split amongst claims that had work conducted upon.

#### A. To/From Project Area - Scheduled Carriers

Date	From-To	<u>Via</u>	No.persons	
Jul.13 Jul.14 Jul.15-	Vanc./Stewart Vanc./Stewart Whitehorse/	CP/TPA CP/TPA		\$ 300.20 450.30
16	Vanc./Stewart	CP/TPA	1 @ \$301.00	301.00
Jul.16 Jul.21-	Vanc./Stewart Whitehorse/	CP/TPA	1 @ \$150.10	150.10
22	Vanc./Stewart	CP/TPA	1 @ \$301.00	301.00
				\$1,502.60
ELGAR po	ortion (2/34 per	son days	)	\$ 88.39

### Transportation (continued)

Helicopter - (Stewart-Camp-Stewart)

### Terr-Air Rotary Limited

TOTE WILL WOOM! BIMECOM		
July 16/80 - Inv.#907 (5.5 hrs @ \$366/hr) July 28/80 - Inv.#917 (8.3 hrs @ \$366/hr)		,013.00 ,037.80
	\$5	,050.80
Charter split with another area:	\$2	,525.40
ELGAR portion:	\$	148.55
B. To/From Claims		
Terr-Air charter ticket #913 (1.03 hours @ \$366/hr):	\$	376.98
Total transportation expenses:	\$	613.92
Analytical Services		
Min-En Laboratories Invoice #6938		
13 stream sed prep. (@ \$0.60 each) 13 stream sed Pb (@ \$1.75 each)	\$	7.80 22.75

	stream sed prep. (@ \$0.60 each)	\$ 7.80
	stream sed Pb (@ \$1.75 each)	22.75
13	stream sed Cu (@ \$0.75 each)	9.75
13	stream sed Au (@ \$4.25 each)	55.25
13	stream sed Zn (@ \$0.75 each)	9.75
2	rock (geochem) - prep. (@ \$2.00 each)	4.00
2	rock (geochem) - Cu,Pb,Zn (@ \$3.25 each)	6.50
2	rock (geochem) - Au (@ \$4.25 each)	8.50
1	rock (assay) - prep. (@ \$2.50 each)	2.50
1	rock (assay) - Cu,Pb (@ \$11.00 each)	11.00
	rock (assay) - Zn (@ \$6.00 each)	6.00
1	rock (assay) - Ag (@ \$6.50 each)	6.50
1	rock (assay) - Au (fire), (@ \$7.50 each)	7.50
		\$ 157.80

## (e) Report Preparation

(d)

	Rate/ _day_	Spec. dates	No. days	
Drafting	\$127.00	Mar.24,25/81	2	\$ 254.00
Typing	64.80	Apr.1/81	1	64.80
				\$ 318.80

### (f) Miscellaneous

Cooks wages @ \$86.40/day (July 16-28)	\$1,123.20
ELGAR portion of expenses (2/34 person days):	\$ <u>66.07</u>
Room and board - pilot and cook	
Per diem rate of \$50.41 ELGAR portion of expenses:	\$1,210.66 71.22
Total miscellaneous expenses	\$ <u>137.29</u>
GRAND TOTAL	\$1,759.05

#### V. QUALIFICATIONS

- I, Louise K. Eccles, do hereby certify that:
- I am a geologist residing at 782 West 22nd Avenue, Vancouver, British Columbia and was employed by Du Pont of Canada Exploration Limited at the time of the programme.
- 2. I am a graduate of the University of British Columbia with a B.Sc. (Honours) degree in geology.
- 3. I have practised my profession in geology continuously for the past four years in British Columbia, Ontario, the Yukon and Northwest Territories.
- 4. Between 1980 July 13 August 31, I directed/ supervised a field programme on the ELGAR property on behalf of Du Pont of Canada Exploration Limited.

Louise K. Eccles

1000-038 3NOU

#### APPENDIX A

# MIN-EN Laboratories Ltd.

Specialists in Mineral Environments
Corner 15th Street and Sewicke
705 WEST 15th STREET
NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C.
CANADA

# ANALYTICAL PROCEDURE REPORTS FOR ASSESSMENT WORK

### PROCEDURE FOR GOLD GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS.

Geochemical samples for Gold processed by Min-En Laboratories Ltd., at 705 W. 15th St., North Vancouver Laboratory employing the following procedures.

After drying the samples at 95°C soil and stream sediment samples are screened by 80 mesh sieve to obtain the minus 80 mesh fraction for analysis. The rock samples are crushed and pulverized by ceramic plated pulverizer.

A suitable sample weight 5.0 or 10.0 grams are pretreated with  ${\rm HNO_3}$  and  ${\rm HClO_4}$  mixture.

After pretreatments the samples are digested with Aqua Regia solution, and after digestion the samples are taken up with 25% HCl to suitable volume.

At this stage of the procedure copper, silver and zinc can be analysed from suitable aliquote by Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometric procedure.

Further oxidation and treatment of at least 75% of the original sample solutions are made suitable for extraction of gold with Methyl Iso-Butyl Ketone.

With a set of suitable standard solution gold is analysed by Atomic Absorption instruments. The obtained detection limit is 5 ppb.

# MIN-EN Laboratories Ltd.

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CANADA

### ANALYTICAL PROCEDURE REPORTS FOR ASSESSMENT WORK

# PROCEDURES FOR Mo, Cu, Cd, Pb, Mn, Ni, Ag, Zn, As, F

Samples are processed by Min-En Laboratories Ltd., at 705 W. 15th St., North Vancouver Laboratory employing the following procedures.

After drying the samples at 95°C soil and stream . sediment samples are screened by 80 mesh sieve to obtain the minus 80 mesh fraction for analysis. The rock samples are crushed by a jaw crusher and pulverized by ceramic plated pulverizer.

1.0 gram of the samples are digested for 6 hours with  ${\rm HNO_3}$  and  ${\rm HClO_4}$  mixture.

After cooling samples are diluted to standard volume. The solutions are analyzed by Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometers.

Copper, Lead, Zinc, Silver, Cadmium, Cobalt, Nickel and Manganese are analysed using the CH  $_2$ H $_2$ -Air flame combination but the Molybdenum determination is carried out by  $C_2$ H $_2$ - $N_2$ O gas mixture directly or indirectly (depending on the sensitivity and detection limit required) on these sample solutions.

For Arsenic analysis a suitable aliquote is taken from the above 1 gram sample solution and the test is carried out by Gutzit method using Ag CS N (C2H5)2 as a reagent. The detection limit obtained is 1. ppm.

Fluorine analysis is carried out on a 200 milligram sample. After fusion and suitable dilutions the fluoride ion concentration in rocks or soil samples are measured quantitatively by using fluorine specific ion electrode. Detection limit of this test is 10 ppm F.

