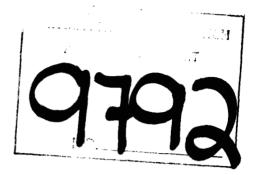
81-#1023 .~ 4742 ASSESSMENT REPORT

Geology, Percussion Drilling and Geochemical Analyses

SKUHUN GROUP OF MINERAL CLAIMS

November 1981

Paul Ruck



ASSESSMENT REPORT

GEOLOGY, PERCUSSION DRILLING AND GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSES ON THE <u>SKU 1 - 2245 (11), SKU 2 - 2246 (11), SKU 3 - 3072 (11)</u> and <u>GOOD NEWS 1 - 2374 (1) - Kamloops Mining Division</u>

SKU 4 - 757 (11) - Nicola Mining Division

Latitude: 50°18'N Longitude: 120° 57'W NTS Location: 921/6E, 7W

OWNER: PEARL RESOURCES LTD., 3300-1055 W. Georgia St. Vancouver, B.C. V6E 3R3

OPERATOR: SMD MINING CO. LTD., 330-1130 W. Pender Street, Vancouver, B.C. V6E 4A4

By

PAUL RUCK November 6, 1981

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INTRODUCTION

Location and Access

The Sku Claim Group is located at latitude 50°18'N; longitude 120°57'W, near the southern end of the Guichon Creek Batholith about 30.4 km northwest of Merritt, B.C. (Figure 1). The claims lie immediately south of Skuhun Creek and approximately 2500 m east of its confluence with Skuhost Creek.

Access to the property is via Skuhun Creek road from Highway 8 for 12.5 km. A four-wheel drive vehicle is recommended in wet weather conditions.

Property

The property was acquired from Pearl Resources Ltd. in May 1981. The claim group, known as the Sku Group, consists of 82 units (Figure 2). The claim names, record numbers, recording dates, and number of units are as follows:

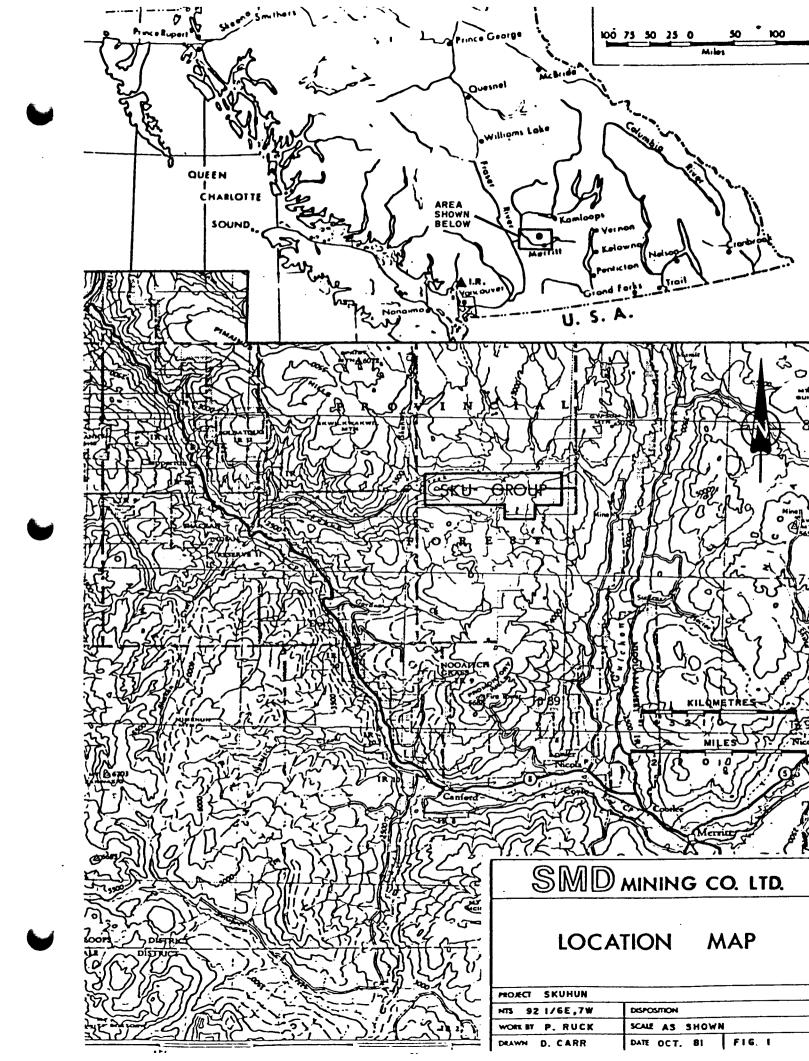
Name	Record No.	Date of Recording	No. of Units
Sku 1	2245	79/11/08	20
Sku 2	2246	70/11/08	20
Sku 3	3072	80/11/10	16
Sku 4	757	79/11/08	6
Good News 1	2374	80/01/28	20

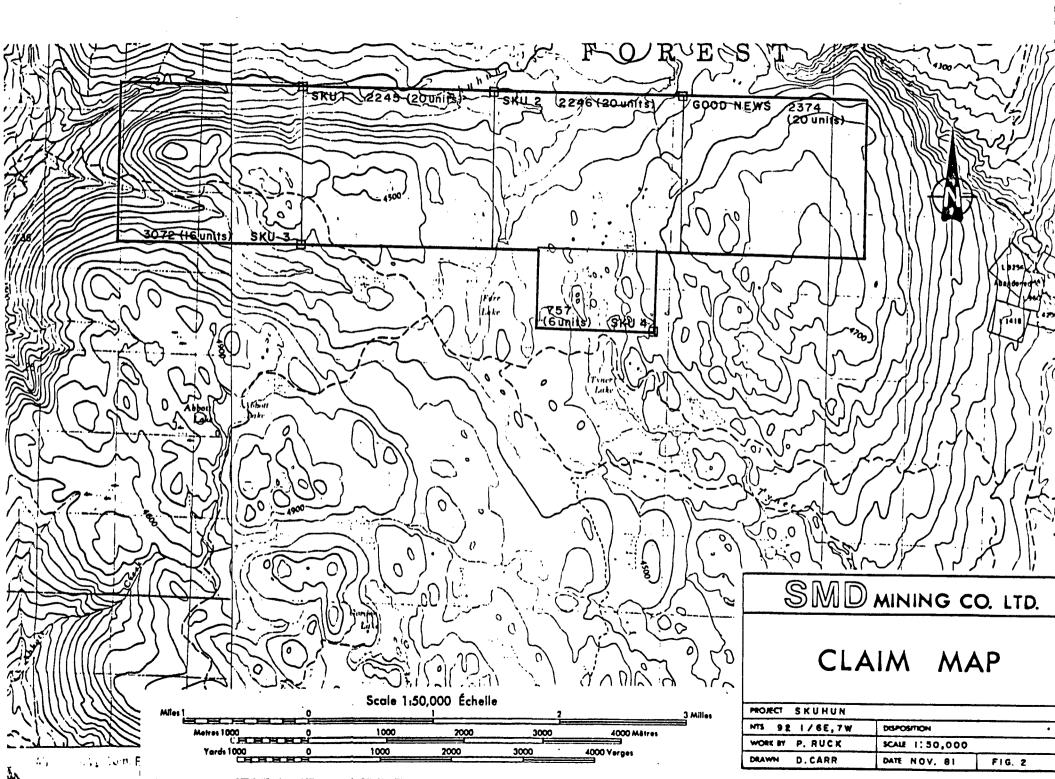
The Sku 1-3 and Good News 1 claims are located in the Kamloops Mining Division and the Sku 4 claim is located in the Nicola Mining Division.

Previous Work

The claim area and adjoining ground has been explored by Pearl Resources Ltd. (1979-80), Cities Service Minerals Corp. (1975-76), Canex Placer (1969-70) and Cominco (1969-81). The Ministry of Mines and Petroleum Resources mapped the area between 1969 and 1974.

- 1 -





Pearl Resources Ltd. drilled seven percussion holes to test depths to bedrock and to obtain geological information and rock samples. The location of these holes is shown in Drawing SK1-1 (in map pocket). The highest values were 419 ppm copper and 5 ppm molybdenum.

Cities Service Minerals Corporation drilled three rotary drill holes north of Skuhun Creek (northwest of the Sku 1 claim) (Drawing SK1-1). No sulphide mineralization or hydrothermal alteration were reported.

Canex Placer and Cominco conducted magnetic, induced polarizationresistivity and geochemical surveys over parts of the Sku claim area and adjoining ground. Canex subsequently drilled eight percussion holes in the eastern section of Sku 2 (Drawing SK1-1).

Geology

The Sku claims are located along the southern margin of the central core of the Guichon Batholith immediately east of the intersection of the Lornex and Skuhun Creek Faults. The claims overlie the Bethsaida quartz monzonite-Bethlehem granodiorite and the Bethlehem granodiorite-Chataway granodiorite contacts (Drawing SK1-1). The claims cover a zone of fractured rock located along the east-west trending Skuhun Creek Fault which is believed to occur within the northern claim boundary. Minor amounts of malachite and chalcopyrite were noted in outcrops on the Sku 1 claim, near percussion drill holes 80-1 and 80-2.

The copper-molybdenum deposits in the Highland Valley occur where major faults are intersected by other faults or structural features and where intense fracture zones and northerly-trending dyke swarms are associated with the Bethsaida-Bethlehem phase contact.

The Sku claim group covers an area geologically and structurally similar to the Highland Valley. The Skuhun Creek Fault is one of the major faults transecting the inner core of the Guichon Batholith. Two northerly-striking dyke swarms outcrop just north of the Sku claim area (Drawing SK1-1), and are projected to intersect the Skuhun fault within the claim.

- 2 -

The interpretation of magnetic surveys and airphotos suggests the presence of several north-south trending cross-faults which intersect the Skuhun Creek Fault and other lineaments. The areas of intersection would be expected to have the highest fracture density and the greatest potential for mineralization.

Much of the bedrock within the Sku claims is thickly covered by glacial debris. This condition predicates drilling as a means of evaluation.

Work Proposed

A geological survey and a percussion drilling program was proposed to test zones of predicted high fracture density at major structural lineament intersections.

WORK COMPLETED

Geology

The geological survey was undertaken to measure the density and orientation of fractures to identify areas of high fracture density related to intersecting structural features.

Fracture densities were measured in the outcrops on the claims and within a 500-1000 m wide zone around the claim boundaries. (Drawing SK1-2 in map pocket). This was done by measuring 10 m intervals on outcrops and counting the number of fractures within the interval that fell into each of the 18 ten degree (0°-180°) divisions.

Contouring the data failed to show any discernable patterns of fracture density relative to prominent or interpreted structural features. This was partly due to the scarcity of outcrop in many of the claim areas.

The map area was subsequently divided into five domains and the fracture orientations in each domain were plotted on rose diagrams. The results show the prominent fracture strike(s) in each domain (Drawing SK1-2). This data can be used to determine the optimum drill hole orientation.

- 3 -

Although most of the prominent fracture orientations and trends of the interpreted structural lineaments in each of the domains are generally parallel, some of the principal fracture directions seem to be unrelated to any of the interpreted structural features. These fractures could be associated with unrecognized structures.

The rose diagrams do not indicate the attitude of the fractures in the map area.

Road Construction

Approximately 4 km of roads were constructed to supplement the existing extensive road network to provide access to the drill sites. (Drawing SK1-1, in map pocket).

Percussion Drilling

The zones of predicted high fracture density at projected lineament intersections in areas of anticipated shallow overburden were percussion drilled. Nine vertical holes were drilled for an aggregate length of 713.3 metres.

Sample Preparation

The drill cuttings from each hole were collected in 3.05 m (10 ft) intervals and plit 1:8 to obtain approximately 2 kg for geochemical analysis. About 50 g were taken from each sample and washed. The plus 3 mm fraction was stored in a vial for future use. A portion of the remaining washed sample was divided into plus 3 mm and minus 3 mm fractions and glued to mylar strips for petrological study. A description of the cuttings examined by B. Kite and the author is included in Appendix "A".

Analyses

The drill cuttings were analyzed geochemically for copper and molybdenum by Acme Analytical Laboratories Ltd. of Vancouver. The results of the analyses are included in Appendix "B".

Discussion

The percussion drilling program did not identify any areas of significant copper-molybdenum mineralization. Percussion holes 81-4 and 81-8 were abandoned in overburden, leaving these areas unexplored.

All holes averaged in the range of 14 to 178 ppm copper and 1.1 to 1.8 ppm molybdenum (Table 1). Percussion holes 81-1 and 7 contained the highest copper content, averaging 178 and 125 ppm copper respectively.

The percussion drilling program was designed to test areas of high fracture density at projected lineament intersections. Although there is no direct evidence that the areas drilled were strongly fractured, the presence of rusty pyrite and magnetite throughout most of the holes indicates that the rocks have been fractured. Minor to moderate argillic and propylitic alteration was noted in all holes, and was most intense in hole 81-1.

Holes 81-1, 2 and 8, as well as testing lineaments, were also drilled in an area where a southeast trending lobe of the regional magnetic low, reflecting the Bethsaida phase, projects onto the claims. This feature, though of lower intensity, is similar to the magnetic response at the intersection of the Lornex and Skuhun Creek faults. It may reflect a major structural lineament with potential to host mineralization. The slightly higher copper content in hole 81-1 offers some tenuous support for this possibility.

TABLE 1

SUMMARY OF PERCUSSION DRILLING

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PDH No.	Collar Elevation	Overburden Thickness(m)	Depth(m)	Lithology	Average Cu(ppm)	Assay Mo(ppm)
81-1	1387	3.7	100.6	Granodiorite Quartz Monzonite	178	1.8
81-2	1387	8.8	51.8	Tonalite Quartz Monzonite	14	1.1
81-3	1372	11.6	100.6	Granodiorite Quartz Diorite	29	1.2
81-4	1257	39.6+	39.6	Abandoned in Overburden		
81-5	1257	5.2	100.6	Granodiorite	41	1.6
81-6	1280.	5.2	100.6	Quartz Diorite Granodiorite	45	1.3
81-7	1250	20.4	100.6	Quartz Diorite Granodiorite	125	1.1
81-8	1334	42.7+	42.7	Abandoned in Overburden		
81-9	1303	7.0	76.2	Granodiorite	- 34	1.1

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RECOMMENDATIONS

A diamond drilling program consisting of 5 holes is recommended for Sku 1 and 3 claims in the area where the Bethsaida phase lies along the Skuhun Creek fault. This drilling would explore the Skuhun Creek fault, attendant structural lineament intersections and the Bethsaida phase in areas associated with ground magnetic lows that could be indicative of high sulphide concentration or strong alteration.

Two additional holes are required to replace percussion holes 81-4 and 81-8 which were abandoned.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

FIELD WORK (September 13-27, 1981)

Wages:	
2 Geological Assistants x 15 man days @ \$74.67/man day	\$ 2,240.10 .
Accommodation:	
14 days @ \$30.74/day	430.76
Living allowance:	
2 men x 13 man days @ \$21.00/man day	546.00
Travel allowance:	
2 men x 2 man days @ \$19.00/man day	76.00
Vehicle rental (includes gas and maintenance):	
15 days @ \$50.00/day	750.00
	\$ 4,042.86

OFFICE WORK

Drafting and compilation (September 28-October 4, 1981)

Wages:

2 Geological Assistants x 7 man days @ \$53.00/man day	\$ 742.00
1 Geologist x 7 man days @ \$77.00/man day	539.00
1 Senior Geologist x 1 man day @ \$100.00/man day	100.00
1 Draftsman x 3 man days @ \$70.00/man day	210.00
	\$ 1,591.00

PERCUSSION DRILLING

FIELD WORK

Contractor Costs:

Percussion Drilling, 713.3 metres @ \$23.92/metre October 19-24, 1981

\$ 17,064.00

Percussion Drilling (Cont'd)

Company Costs: (October 18-27, 1981)	
Wages:	
2 Geological Assistants x 10 man days @ \$74/67/man day	\$ 1,493.40
Accommodation:	
8 days @ \$48.00/day	384.00
Living Allowance:	
2 men x 9 days @ \$21.00/day	378.00
Travel Allowance:	
2 men x 1 day @ \$19.00/day	39.00
Vehicle Rental (includes gas and maintenance)	
10 days @ \$50.00/day	500.00
Vials for sample cuttings	24.01
	\$ 2,817.40

OFFICE WORK

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Drafting and compilation (October 28-November 6, 1981)

Wages:

2 Geological Assistants x 10 man days @ \$53.00/man day	\$ 1,060.00
l Geologist x 2 man days @ \$77.00/man day	154.00
1 Senior Geologist x 1 man day @ \$100.00/man day	100.00
1 Technician x 2 mandays @ \$53.00/man day	106.00
l Draftsman x 1 man day @ \$70.00/man day	70.00
	\$ 1,490.00
Geochemical Analysis:	
184 samples @ \$6.00/sample	\$ 1,104.00
TOTAL	\$ 22,475.40
Note: Of the \$28,109.26, the amount GRAND TOTAL recorded on November 6, 1981 was: \$27,520.00	\$28,109.26

PHYSICAL WORK

2

10.00

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Road Construction (October 5-18, 1981)	
Bulldozer, operator and assistant: 79 hours @ \$96.00/hr	\$ 7,584.00
3 Slash Cutters x 13 man days @ \$70.00/man day	2,730.00
Meals and Accommodation: 2 men x 13 days @ \$81.00/day	1,053.00
Vehicle Rental (includes gas and maintenance):	
13 days @ \$50.00/day	650.00
Chain Saw Rental:	160.00
Chain Saw maintenance and fuel:	83.00
TOTAL	\$ 12,260.00

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Note: Of the \$12,260.00, the amount recorded on November 6, 1981 was: \$12,200.00 BIBLIOGRAPHY

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- : Geological, Geophysical, Rotary Drilling Report on the Burns Claims - Cities Service Minerals Corp.

APPENDIX A

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DRILL LOGS FOR P.D. HOLES 81-1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7 AND 9

PERCUSSION DRILL LOGS - SKUHUN

Percussion Hole 81-1

- 0 3.7 m Overburden
- 3.7 9.1 m Plagioclase (55%) Kspar (25%) Quartz (20%) Biotite (7%) - Hornblende (7%). Minor carbonate chlorite-muscovite-sericite alteration GRANODIORITE.
- 9.1 12.2 m As above, but hornblende greater than biotite. Minor chlorite-epidote-carbonate-muscovite alteration. GRANODIORITE
- 12.2 15.2 m Plagioclase (55%) Kspar (30%) Quartz (15%) Biotite (5%) - Hornblende (5%) Minor epidote chlorite - carbonate alteration. Trace muscovitesericite. QUARTZ MONZONITE
- 15.2 18.3 m Plagioclase (55%) Kspar (20%) Quartz (25%) Biotite (5%) - Hornblende (10%). Minor chloriteepidote-carbonate-muscovite alteration. Some Fe-oxide staining. GRANODIORITE
- 18.3 21.3 m Plagioclase (55%) Kspar (35%) Quartz (10%)
 Biotite (5%) Hornblende (5%). Minor epidotechlorite alteration. Some sericite-carbonate
 alteration. QUARTZ MONZONITE
- 21.3 24.4 m Plagioclase (60%) Kspar (20%) Quartz (20%) Biotite (10%) - Hornblende (5%). Minor chloriteepidote alteration. Some muscovite-sericite-carbonate alteration. GRANODIORITE
- 24.4 27.4 m Plagioclase (55%) Kspar (30%) Quartz (15%) Biotite (10%) - Hornblende (5%). Minor chlorite epidote alteration. Some muscovite-sericitecarbonate alteration. QUARTZ MONZONITE
- 27.4 30.5 m Plagioclase (60%) Kspar (15%) Quartz (25%) Biotite (10%) - Hornblende (5%). Minor chloriteepidote-carbonate alteration. Trace muscovitesericite alteration. GRANODIORITE
- 30.5 33.5 m As above, but hornblende greater than biotite. Moderate chlorite-epidote alteration. Minor sericitecarbonate alteration. GRANODIORITE
- 33.5 36.6 m As above, but less chlorite-epidote and more muscovite-sericite alteration. GRANODIORITE.
- 36.6 39.6 m As above, but trace pyrite. GRANODIORITE
- 39.6 42.7 m As above, but minor chlorite-epidote-sericite-

Percussion Hole	81-1 - 2 -
(39.6-42.7 m)	carbonate alteration. GRANODIORITE
42.7 - 45.7 m	As above. GRANODIORITE
45.7 - 48.8 m	As above. GRANODIORITE
48.8 - 51.8 m	As above, but moderate sericite and minor chlorite-epidote-carbonate alteration. GRANODIORITE.
51.8 - 54.9 m	As above, but trace malachite and pyrite GRANODIORITE
54.9 - 57.9 m	As above, but trace malachite. GRANODIORITE
57.9 - 61.0 m	As above, but minor sericite alteration. GRANODIORITE
61.0 - 64.0 m	As above, but only trace sericite alteration. GRANODIORITE
64.0 - 67.1 m	Plagioclase (55%) - Kspar (35%) - Quartz (10%) Biotite (10%) - Hornblende (7%). Moderate chlorite-epidote alteration. Minor sericite- carbonate alteration. QUARTZ MONZONITE
67.1 - 70.1 m	As above. QUARTZ MONZONITE
70.1 - 73.2 m	As above. QUARTZ MONZONITE
73.2 - 76.2 m	Plagioclase (55%) - Kspar (20%) - Quartz (25%) Biotite (7%) - Hornblende (5%). Moderate chlorite-epidote-carbonate alteration. Minor sericite alteration. GRANODIORITE
76.2 - 79.3 m	As above, except minor chlorite-epidote-carbonate sericite alteration. GRANODIORITE
79.3 - 82.3 m	As above. GRANODIORITE
82.3 - 85.4 m	Plagioclase (55%) - Kspar (30%) - Quartz (15%) Biotite (10%) - Hornblende (7%). Minor epidote chlorite-carbonate alteration. Minor Fe-oxide stain. QUARTZ MONZONITE
85.4 - 88.4 m	As above, QUARTZ MONZONITE
88.4 - 91.5 m	As above, but increased chlorite-epidote-carbonate alteration. QUARTZ MONZONITE
91.5 - 94.5 m	As above, but with decreased carbonate alteration. QUARTZ MONZONITE
94.5 - 97.6 m	As above, but also includes trace malachite. QUARTZ MONZONITE

97.6 - 100.6 m As above, but includes minor muscovite - sericite alteration. No malachite. QUARTZ MONZONITE.

Summary: Granodiorite becoming quartz monzonitic at depth. Approximately 10-15% mafics, mainly biotite and hornblende in equal amounts. Weak to moderate epidote alteration after plagioclase. Variable kaolinization of plagioclase throughout. Mafics variably chloritized. Trace to minor amounts of magnetite and hematite throughout. Trace malachite staining at 51.8 - 57.9 and 94.5 - 97.6 m intervals.

0 - 8.8 m Overburden

8.8 - 12.2 m Plagioclase (70%) - Kspar (5%) - Quartz (20-25%) Biotite (5%) - Hornblende (10%). Trace chloritecarbonate alteration. Some limonitic stained fragments. TONALITE

12.2 - 15.2 m As above. TONALITE

15.2 - 18.3 m Plagioclase (50-55%) - Kspar (15-20%) - Quartz (25%) Biotite (5%) - Hornblende (10%). Minor chloritesericite-carbonate alteration. Trace pyrite. GRANODIORITE

18.3 - 21.3 m As above, but only trace chlorite-sericite alteration. Rust staining. GRANODIORITE

21.3 - 24.4 m As above, but with moderate epidote-chlorite sericite-carbonate alteration. Trace pyrite GRANODIORITE.

- 24.4 27.4 m Plagioclase (75-80%) Kspar (5%) Quartz (15-20%) Biotite (5%) - Hornblende (5%). Minor epidotechlorite-carbonate and trace muscovite-sericite alteration. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 27.4 30.5 m As above, but with moderate chlorite-sericite and trace epidote alteration. Trace malachite. Some rusty staining. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 30.5 33.5 m As above. Trace malachite. QUARTZ DIORITE

33.5 - 36.6 m Plagioclase (50-55%) - Kspar (20%) - Quartz (20-25%) Biotite (5%) - Hornblende (10%). Moderate chlorite and minor epidote-carbonate-sericite alteration. Some rust staining. GRANODIORITE.

- 36.6 39.6 m Plagioclase (50%) Kspar (30-35%) Quartz (10-15%) Biotite (3%) - Hornblende (3%). Minor chloritecarbonate and trace epidote-sericite alteration. Trace pyrite. QUARTZ MONZONITE
- 39.6 42.7 m As above, but with increased chlorite-carbonate (calcite) alteration. QUARTZ MONZONITE
- 42.7 45.7 m As above. QUARTZ MONZONITE
- 45.7 48.8 m As above. QUARTZ MONZONITE
- 48.8 51.8 m As above, but with minor chlorite-carbonate-epidote and trace sericite alteration. QUARTZ MONZONITE

Summary:

Tonalite changing to granodiorite, quartz diorite and ultimately quartz monzonite with depth. 10-15% mafics, principally biotite and hornblende, the latter being more abundant. Mafics are weakly to moderately chloritized. Weak to moderate epidotization of plagioclase. Sericitization variably weak to moderate. Carbonate (calcite) and magnetite throughout. Trace malachite staining of individual grains noted 27.4 - 33.5 m interval.

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0 - 11.6 m	Overburden
11.6 - 15.2 m	Plagioclase (60-65%) - Kspar (15%) - Quartz (20-25%) Biotite (5%) - Hornblende (7%). Moderate chlorite- carbonate and minor epidote-sericite alteration. GRANODIORITE
15.2 - 18.3 m	As above. GRANODIORITE
18.3 - 21.3 m	As above, but with increased epidote. GRANODIORITE
21.3 - 24.4 m 24.4 - 27.4 m	As above but decreased epidote and trace sericite alteration. GRANODIORITE As above. GRANODIORITE
27.4 - 30.5 m 30.5 - 33.5 m	As above, except increased carbonatization. GRANODIORITE
	As above, but trace pyrite. GRANODIORITE
33.5 - 36.6 m	As above, but with moderate chlorite-carbonate and minor epidote-sericite alteration. GRANODIORITE
36.6 - 39.6 m	As above, but increased sericite and decreased carbonate. GRANODIORITE
39.6 - 42.7 m	As above, but with moderate chlorite-carbonate alteration and trace epidote. GRANODIORITE
42.7 - 45.7 m	Plagioclase (65%) - Kspar (20%) - Quartz (15%) Biotite (7%) - Hornblende (5%). Moderate chlorite- carbonate, minor sericite and trace epidote altera- tion. Trace pyrite. QUARTZ MONZONITE
45.7 - 48.8 m	As above, but with increased sericite. No pyrite. QUARTZ MONZONITE
48.8 - 51.8 m	Plagioclase (75-80%) - Kspar (5%) - Quartz (15-20%) Biotite (10%) - Hornblende (5%). Moderate chlorite- carbonate-sericite and trace epidote alteration. Biotite increasingly altered to chlorite. Some rusty staining. QUARTZ DIORITE
51.8 - 54.9 m	As above, but no rust staining. QUARTZ DIORITE
54.9 - 57.9 m	As above, but with moderate epidotization and decreased sericite alteration. QUARTZ DIORITE
57.9 - 61.0 m	As above. QUARTZ DIORITE
61.0 - 64.0 m	Plagioclase (50-55%) - Kspar (30-35%) - Quartz (15-20%) Biotite (5%) - Hornblende (5%). Moderate chlorite- carbonate and minor epidote-sericite alteration. QUARTZ MONZONITE

- 64.0 67.1 m Plagioclase (75-80%) Kspar (5%) Quartz (15-20%) Biotite (7%) - Hornblende (5%). Moderate chlorite -carbonate and minor epidote-sericite alteration. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 67.1 70.1 m As above, but trace epidote. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 70.1 73.2 m As above, except chlorite decreased and only trace Kspar. QUARTZ DIORITE.
- 73.2 76.2 m As above. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 76.2 79.3 m As above. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 79.3 82.3 m As above, but with moderate chlorite-carbonate, minor sericite and trace epidote alteration. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 82.3 85.4 m As above. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 85.4 88.4 m As above, but with trace pyrite. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 88.4 91.5 m As above, no pyrite. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 91.5 94.5 m As above except carbonate increased (5%). Trace pyrite. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 94.5 97.5 m As above, no pyrite. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 97.5 100.6 m As above. QUARTZ DIORITE
- Summary: Granodiorite becoming quartz diorite at depth. Mafics 5-15%, mainly biotite and hornblende with the former more abundant. Quartz monzonite phase (possibly a dike) between 61-64.0 m. Mafics variably chloritized, weak to moderate. Epidotization decreasing with depth. Carbonatization moderate, becoming strong (5-10%) with depth. Sericitization weak - minor throughout. Trace magnetite throughout.

0 - 5.2 m Overburden

5.2 - 9.1 m Plagioclase (65%) - Kspar (10%) - Quartz (25%) Biotite (5%) - Hornblende (5%). Minor carbonate and trace chlorite-epidote-sericite alteration. GRANODIORITE

- 9.1 12.2 m As above, but with increased chlorite and epidote alteration. GRANODIORITE
- 12.2 15.2 m As above. GRANODIORITE

15.2 - 18.3 m As above, but with minor chlorite-carbonate and trace epidote-sericite alteration. GRANODIORITE

- 18.3 21.3 m As above. GRANODIORITE
- 21.3 24.4 m As above, but decreased chlorite-carbonate alteration. Trace muscovite. GRANODIORITE
- 24.4 27.4 m As above but with trace muscovite and phlogopite. GRANODIORITE
- 27.4 30.5 m As above, but minor chlorite-carbonate alteration. GRANODIORITE
- 30.5 33.5 m As above, but no muscovite or phlogopite. GRANODIORITE
- 33.5 36.6 m As above, with trace phlogopite. GRANODIORITE
- 36.6 39.6 m As above, but with minor phlogopite and only trace hornblende. GRANODIORITE
- 39.6 42.7 m As above, GRANODIORITE
- 42.7 45.7 m As above, GRANODIORITE
- 45.7 48.8 m As above, but with trace malachite. GRANODIORITE

48.8 - 51.8 m As above, but with increased chlorite-carbonate alteration and hornblende (5%). No malachite. Some rusty staining. GRANODIORITE

51.8 - 54.9 m As above, but with increased sericite alteration. GRANODIORITE

54.9 - 57.9 m Plagioclase (50-55%) - Kspar (30-35%) - Quartz (15-20%) Biotite (5%) - Hornblende (5%). Minor chloritecarbonate-sericite and trace epidote alteration. QUARTZ MONZONITE

- 57.9 61.0 m As above, but increased sericite alteration. QUARTZ MONZONITE
- 61.0 64.0 m As above, but biotite (10%) greater than amphibole (5%). QUARTZ MONZONITE
- 64.0 67.1 m As above. QUARTZ MONZONITE
- 67.1 70.1 m As above. QUARTZ MONZONITE
- 70.1 73.2 m As above, but with decreased sericite (trace) QUARTZ MONZONITE
- 73.2 76.2 m As above, but with minor chlorite-carbonate-epidote alteration. QUARTZ MONZONITE
- 76.2 79.3 m As above, but with minor phlogopite. QUARTZ MONZONITE
- 79.3 82.3 m Plagioclase (55-60%) Kspar (15-20%) Quartz (25%) Biotite (7%) - Hornblende (3%). Minor chloritecarbonate-epidote and trace sericite alteration. Minor phlogopite. GRANODIORITE
- 82.3 85.4 m As above, but with decreased epidote (trace) alteration. GRANODIORITE
- 85.4 88.4 m As above. GRANODIORITE
- 88.4 91.5 m As above, but only trace phlogopite present. GRANODIORITE
- 91.5 94.5 m As above. GRANODIORITE
- 94.5 97.6 m As above. GRANODIORITE
- 97.6 100.6 m As above, but no phlogopite. GRANODIORITE
- Summary: Granodiorite changing to quartz monzonite back to granodiorite with increasing depth. Mafics 10-15% with biotite more abundant than hornblende. Weak to minor epidotization and variable kaolinization of plagioclase throughout. Sericitization weak overall. Minor phlogopite present in middle intervals where amphibole is absent or present in only trace amounts. Magnetite and carbonate present throughout in minor amounts.

0 - 5.2 m Overburd	len
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- 5.2 9.1 m Plagioclase (80-85%) Kspar (trace) Quartz (15-20%) Biotite (10%) - Hornblende (5%). Minor sericite and trace chlorite-epidote-carbonate alteration. Minor phlogopite. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 9.1 12.2 m As above, but hornblende (trace) decreased. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 12.2 15.2 m As above. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 15.2 18.3 m As above, but Kspar (5%) increased. Trace malachite. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 18.3 21.3 m As above, but no malachite, only trace phlogopite. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 21.3 24.4 m As above, but hornblende (2-3%) increased. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 24.4 27.4 m As above. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 27.4 30.5 m As above, but with minor chlorite-carbonate and trace epidote-sericite alteration. Trace hornblende. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 30.5 33.5 m As above, but Kspar decreased and trace phlogopite. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 33.5 36.6 m As above, but with increased carbonate alteration. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 36.6 39.6 m As above, but with minor chlorite-carbonate-epidote and trace sericite alteration. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 39.6 42.7 m As above. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 42.7 45.7 m Plagioclase (70-75%) Kspar (5%) Quartz (20-25%) Biotite (10%) - Hornblende (2-3%). Minor chloritecarbonate-epidote-sericite alteration. TONALITE
- 45.7 48.8 m As above. TONALITE
- 48.8 51.8 m As above, but with minor phlogopite and muscovite. TONALITE
- 51.8 54.9 m As above. TONALITE
- 54.9 57.9 m As above. TONALITE

- 2 -

57.9 - 61.0 m Plagioclase (65%) - Kspar (10%) - Quartz (25%) Biotite (10%) - Hornblende (2-3%). Minor chlorite-carbonate-sericite-epidote alteration. Trace muscovite and phlogopite. GRANODIORITE

- 61.0 64.0 m As above, biotite and hornblende altered to chlorite. GRANODIORITE
- 64.0 67.1 m As above. GRANODIORITE
- 67.1 70.1 m As above. GRANODIORITE
- 70.1 73.2 m As above. GRANODIORITE
- 73.2 76.2 m As above, but only trace hornblende, and decreased epidotization (trace). GRANODIORITE
- 76.2 79.3 m As above. GRANODIORITE
- 79.3 82.3 m As above. GRANODIORITE
- 82.3 85.4 m As above. GRANODIORITE
- 85.4 88.4 m As above, but Kspar increased. GRANODIORITE
- 88.4 91.5 m As above, but increased epidotization and trace malachite. GRANODIORITE
- 91.5 94.5 m As above, but with increased sericite. No malachite GRANODIORITE
- 94.5 97.6 m As above. GRANODIORITE

97.6 - 100.6 m As above. GRANODIORITE

Summary: Quartz diorite changing to tonalite (42.7 - 57.9 m interval), becoming granodioritic at depth. Mafics 10-15% with biotite more abundant than hornblende. Hornblende present in trace amounts at depth. Overall minor alteration except for local chloritization of biotite and variable epidotization and kaolinization of plagioclase. Minor carbonate and trace magnetite throughout. Trace malachite staining noted at intervals between 15.2 and 18.4 m and 88.4 and 91.5 m.

0 - 20.4 m Overburden

- 20.4 24.4 m Plagioclase (80-85%) Kspar (3-5%) Quartz (15-20%) Biotite (5%) - Hornblende (2%). Minor carbonate and trace chlorite-epidote-sericite alteration. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 24.4 27.4 m As above, but with minor chlorite-carbonate alteration and trace hornblende. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 27.4 30.5 m As above. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 30.5 33.5 m As above, but with increased sericite alteration. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 33.5 36.6 m As above. QUARTZ DIORITE
- 36.6 39.6 m Plagioclase (60-65%) Kspar (15%) Quartz (20-25%) Biotite (10%) - Hornblende (trace). Minor chloritecarbonate-epidote-sericite alteration. GRANODIORITE
- 39.6 42.7 m As above. GRANODIORITE
- 42.7 45.7 m As above. GRANODIORITE
- 45.7 47.9 m As above. GRANODIORITE
- 47.9 51.8 m As above. GRANODIORITE
- 51.8 54.9 m As above, but Kspar decreased to 7%, biotite increased to 15% and only trace epidote alteration. GRANODIORITE
- 54.9 57.9 m Plagioclase (70-75%) Kspar (3-5%) Quartz (20-25%) Biotite (15%) - Hornblende (2-3%). Minor chloritecarbonate-sericite and trace epidote alteration. TONALITE
- 57.9 61.0 m As above, but hornblende only trace. TONALITE
- 61.0 64.0 m As above, but Kspar only trace and biotite increased to 25-30%. TONALITE

64.0 - 67.1 m Plagioclase (65-70%) - Kspar (10%) - Quartz (20-25%) Biotite (10%) - Hornblende (trace). Minor chloritecarbonate sericite and trace epidote alteration. GRANODIORITE

- 67.1 70.1 m As above. GRANODIORITE
- 70.1 73.2 m As above, but with increased hornblende and decreased biotite. GRANODIORITE
- 73.2 76.2 m As above, but with increased sericitization.

Percussion Hole 81-7 - 2 -

76.2 - 79.3 m As above. GRANODIORITE

79.3 - 82.3 m As above, but with decreased sericite (trace) and carbonate (trace). Trace pyrite. GRANODIORITE

82.3 - 85.4 m As above, but with trace amphibole. No pyrite. GRANODIORITE

85.4 - 88.4 m As above, but with trace pyrite. GRANODIORITE

88.4 - 91.5 m As above, but no pyrite. GRANODIORITE

91.5 - 94.5 m As above but no pyrite. GRANODIORITE

94.5 - 97.6 m As above, but with minor chlorite-carbonate-epidotesericite alteration and trace pyrite. GRANODIORITE

97.6 - 100.6 m As above. GRANODIORITE

Summary: Quartz diorite changing to granodiorite with depth with a possible tonalitic dike between 54.9 and 64.0 m. Mafics 10-12% with biotite predominant. Generally weak to minor alteration overall, except for local chloritization of biotite. Variable epidotization and kaolinization of plagioclase throughout. Minor carbonate and trace magnetite throughout. Trace pyrite at several intervals.

0 - 7.0 mOverburden 7.0 - 12.2 mPlagioclase (60%) - Kspar (7-10%) - Quartz (30%) Biotite (5%) - Hornblende (5%). Minor chloritecarbonate-epidote alteration. Trace muscovite. GRANODIORITE 12.2 - 15.2 m As above, but with trace epidotization. GRANODIORITE 15.2 - 18.3 m As above, but increased biotite (15%). GRANODIORITE 18.3 - 21.3 m As above but increased chloritization of mafics, minor phlogopite. GRANODIORITE 21.3 - 24.4 m As above. GRANODIORITE 24.4 - 27.4 mAs above, but with increased epidotization and decreased hornblende (1%). GRANODIORITE As above, but only trace epidote. GRANODIORITE 27.4 - 30.5 m30.5 - 33.5 mAs above. GRANODIORITE 33.5 - 36.6 m As above. GRANODIORITE 36.6 - 39.6 m As above. GRANODIORITE 39.6 - 42.7 m As above. GRANODIORITE 42.7 - 45.7 m As above, but hornblende increased (5%). GRANODIORITE 45.7 - 48.8 m As above, but only trace hornblende. Trace pyrite. GRANODIORITE As above, but no pyrite. GRANODIORITE 48.8 - 51.8 m 51.8 - 54.9 mAs above. GRANODIORITE 54.9 - 57.9 m As above. GRANODIORITE 57.9 - 61.0 m As above. GRANODIORITE 61.0 - 64.0 mAs above, but with minor sericite alteration. GRANODIORITE 64.0 - 67.1 m As above, but with some phlogopite. GRANODIORITE 67.1 - 70.1 m As above. GRANODIORITE 70.1 - 73.2 m As above. GRANODIORITE

73.2 - 76.2 m As above. GRANODIORITE

Summary: Granodiorite throughout. Mafics 10-15%, biotite more abundant than hornblende, with progressive disappearance of latter with depth. Overall weak to minor alteration, except for local chloritization of biotite.

- 2 -

Comments:

It should be noted that the estimated percentages of light coloured minerals are very subjective because no staining of the Kspar was done prior to examining the cuttings.

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I am a B.Sc (Honours) Geology graduate of Lakehead University, Thunder Bay, Ontario (1981).

I am a member of the C.I.M. My work experience consists of three summers of exploration geology in Quebec, Ontario prior to graduation, and seven months in British Columbia with SMD Mining Co. Ltd.

Blair Kite

APPENDIX B

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GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSES OF DRILL CUTTINGS OF PERCUSSION HOLES 81-1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7 AND 9

ACME ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD.

Assaying & Trace Analysis

852 E. Hastings St., Vancouver, B. C. V6A 1R6

phone:253 - 3158

|--|

To: Saskatchewan Mining Development Corp. #330 - 1130 W. Pender St., Vancouver, B.C. V6E 4A4 c.c. Mr. Steven Earle, Saskatoon

File No. 81-1758

Disposition_____

Type of Samples _ P. Cutting

GEOCHEMICAL ASSAY CERTIFICATE

Project : Skuhun 4944 Req.No.: 0566

SAMPLE No.	Mo	Cu		
2DH_112=30	1 1	72		1
30- 40	1	106		2
40- 50	2	255_		3
5060	12	186		4
	1 3	215		- 5
60=70	<u> </u>			6
7080		136		- 7
80-90		230		8
90-100		192	┉┈┈╞╾╍╸╼┽╶╾╸┑┽╶╾╸┤╴╴╴╸┨╴╴┈┓┥╌╴╴┽╴╴	9
100-110	- <u> </u> _	166		10
	_	168		
120-130	1	98		11
130-140	3	148		12
140-150	2	125		13
150-160	3			14
160-170	3			15
170-180	L_ 1	520		16
180-190	1	142		17
190-200	<u>1</u>	84		18
200-210	1	82		19
210-220	1 1	330		20
220-230	1	168		21
_230-240	1	128		22
240-250	1 1	225		23
250-260	2	146		24
260-270		205		25
		110		26
270-280		102		27
280-290				28
290-300		98		29
	1			30
	1	_164		
320330	11	166		31
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ACME ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD.

Assaying & Trace Analysis

To: Saskatchewan Mining Development Corp., 852 E. Hastings St., Vancouver, B. C. V6A 1R6

phone:253 - 3158

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#330 - 1130 W. Pender St., Vancouver, B.C. V6E 4A4 c.c. Mr. Earle, Saskatoon

81-1701 File No.

Type of Samples Percussion

cuttings

GEOCHEMICAL ASSAY CERTIFICATE Disposition__

Project : Skuhun 4944 Req.No.: 0602

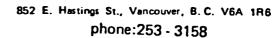
SAMPLE No.	Мо	Cu		
PDH-2 29- 40	+ 1	28		
40- 50	- 1	38		2
5060		16		3
60-70	1	12		
70- 80	<u> </u>	<u>- 1</u>		
	<u> </u>	8		6
8090	<u>_</u>	8		
90-100		6		
100-110				
110-120		5	<u> </u>	
120-130		107	<u> </u> <u>-</u> 	
130-140			├────│ ───┼──┼──┼──	
140-150		8		
150-160	2_	_22_	<u> </u>	
160-170	1_ _‡	12		
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	<u></u>			
PDH-3 38- 50	3			17
50-60	2	27		18
60-70	1	20		19
		11		20
80- 90		10		21
90-100	1	10_		22
100-110	! 1	_50_		23
110-120	1	25		24
120-130	1 1	25		25
130-140	1 1	25		26
140-150	1 1	32		27
150-160	1 1	40		28
160-170	1	20	· · · ·	29
170-180	1	8		30
180-190	1 1	22		31
190-200	2	36		32
	1			33
200-210	L	18		34
210-220	L	29		35
220-230		29	<u> </u>	36
230-140			┼───┼╴───┼╴───┼──	
240-250		19		38
250-260		37		
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				DEAN TOYE, B.Sc.

CHIEF CHEMIST CERTIFIED D.C. ASSAYER

ACME ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD. Assaying & Trace Analysis

To:Saskatchewan Mining Development Corp.

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File No. ____81-1701____

Type of Samples Percussion

GEOCHEMICAL ASSAY CERTIFICATE

Disposition____CUTTINGS__

SAMPLE No.	Мо	Cu								
PDH-3 270-280	1 1	21				1				
280-290	1	34								
290-300	1					23				
300-310	2	46			└───	4				
310-320	1	38	r		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5				
320-330	2	40				6				
					· ·					
						8				
PDH-5_17-30	1 2	_ 43 _				9				
30-40	1	_60				10				
40-50	2	45				10				
50- 60	2	33			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12				
6070	1	38				13				
7080	·	24				14				
8090		19				14				
90-100	1	19				15				
100-110	2	25				10				
110-120	+	25				11/				
120-130	3	50				10				
130-140	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	22			·	20				
140-150		27				21				
150-160	1	43				22				
160-170	2	30				22				
170-180	1	27				24				
180-190	2	35				24				
190-200	2	56				25				
200-210	1 1	47				27				
210-220		40				27				
220-230	1	52		+		20				
230-240	1 1	38				30				
240-250	4	37								
250-260	1	34		+		31				
260-270		70			·	32				
270-280	2	50				33				
280-290		60		+		34				
		53		+		35				
	2	50				36				
	2	60				37				
		60		┼━━━━┼		38				
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ACME ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD.

Assaying & Trace Analysis

852 E. Hastings St., Vancouver, B. C. V6A 1R6 phone:253 - 3158

File No. 81-1701

Type of Samples Percussion

GEOCHEMICAL ASSAY CERTIFICATE

Disposition _____ Cuttings

SAMPLE No. Мо Cu PDH-6_17-30 30- 40 40-_ 50 <u>50- 60</u> 60- 70 _70-_80 80- 90 ___90-100 100 - 110_ 120-130 130 - 140____140-150 30. 150-160 160-170 _170-180 180-190 .30 190-200 200-210 210-220 _220-230 230-240 240-250 31_ 250-260 _23 260-270 270-280 _280-290 290-300 300-310 ... 310-320 320-330 PDH-7_67-_80 80-_90 90-100 100-110 .60 110-120 .38 120-130 DATE SAMPLES RECEIVED_Oct. 26, 1981__ All reports are the confidencial property of clients

results are in PPM.

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DETERMINATION:.....

DATE REPORTS MAILED___NOV:__9, 1981___

ASSAYER

DEAN TOYE, B.Sc. CHIEF CHEMIST CERTIFIED B.C. ASSAVER



To: Saskatchewan Mining Development Corp.

ACME ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD.

Assaying & Trace Analysis

To:Saskatchewan Mining Development Corp.



81-1701 File No.

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Disposition

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	240-250	1	30	† ——	- }		1				1	<u> </u>	
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APPENDIX C

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STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, Paul Ruck, of the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, hereby certify the following:

I am a geologist currently employed with SMD Mining Co. Ltd. at 330-1130 West Pender St, Vancouver, B.C.

I am a graduate of the University of Ottawa with a B.Sc Geology (1978). I subsequently obtained the degree of M.Sc. Applied (Mineral Exploration) from McGill University in 1981.

I have worked as an exploration geologist while attending postgraduate school at McGill University.

I am a member of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and the Geological Association of Canada.

I hold no interest in the properties or securities of SMD Mining Co. Ltd., nor do I expect to receive any interest directly or indirectly.

This report is based on work completed between September 13, 1981 and November 6, 1981, and upon the reports of the British Columbia Ministry of Mines.

Paul Ruck November 26, 1981

