1120 9886 8

#### GRANADA EXPLORATION CORPORATION

Geological and Geochemical Survey of the Silver Reef Claim Toodoggone River Area, Omineca M.D., B.C.

Claims: Silver Reef - Record No. 2275(11)

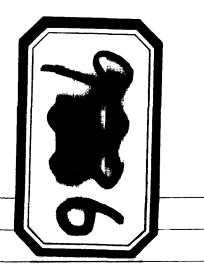
Location: NTS Sheets 94E/2, 3, 6 and 7 Latitude 57° 15'N Longitude 126° 15'W

Owner: Charles Kowall

Operator: Granada Exploration Corporation

Authors: S. Croft, B.D. Fairbank Nevin Sadlier-Brown Goodbrand Ltd.

Date: November 15, 1981



NEVIN | SADLIER - BROWN | GOODBRAND | LTD

#### GRANADA EXPLORATION CORPORATION

Geological and Geochemical Survey

of the

Silver Reef Claim Toodoggone River Area, Omineca M.D., B.C.

Claims: Silver Reef - Record No. 2275(11)

- Location: NTS Sheets 94E/2, 3, 6 and 7 Latitude 57° 15'N Longitude 126° 15'W
- Owner: Charles Kowall

Operator: Granada Exploration Corporation

- Authors: S. Croft, B.D. Fairbank Nevin Sadlier-Brown Goodbrand Ltd.
- Date: November 15, 1981



#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

#### SUMMARY

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Terms of Reference
- 1.2 Claims and Ownership
- 1.3 Location and Access
- 1.4 Phsyiography and Vegetation
- 1.5 History
- 1.6 Work Completed

#### 2.0 GEOLOGY

- 2.1 General Setting
- 2.2 Property Geology and Mineral Occurrences

#### 3.0 GEOCHEMISTRY

- 3.1 Survey Methods
- 3.2 Discussion of Results
  - 3.2.1 Copper
  - 3.2.2 Lead
  - 3.2.3 Zinc
  - 3.2.4 Silver
  - 3.2.5 Gold

REFERENCES

#### 4.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

13

. .

#### Page

1

4

8

12

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS (cont'd)

### LIST OF FIGURES

#### Page

#### Following Text

Following Text

Figure 1 - Location of the Toodoggone River Area
Figure 2 - Location of the Silver Reef Claim
Figure 3 - Property Geology
Figure 4 - Geochemical Plan (Copper)
Figure 5 - Geochemical Plan (Lead)
Figure 6 - Geochemical Plan (Zinc)
Figure 7 - Geochemical Plan (Silver)
Figure 8 - Geochemical Plan (Gold)

#### APPENDIX

Appendix A - Statement of Cost Incurred Appendix B - Certificate of Author Appendix C - Analytical Methods Appendix D - Soil Geochemical Results - Chemex Laboratories Ltd. Appendix E - Assay Results

#### SUMMARY

Exploration on the Silver Reef claim, in the Toodoggone River area of north-central B.C. consisted of geological mapping at a scale of 1:5 000 and soil sampling on 100m centers. Mapping has identified several zones of silicified, feldspathized volcanic rocks located largely in the southeastern part of the claim. Although considered to be a favourable environment for precious metal deposits, "vein" material from the silicified zones yielded generally low assays in silver, gold, copper, lead and zinc. Results of the soil geochemical survey are encouraging. Two areas with coincident anomalies in silver and gold (and to a lesser degree, lead and zinc) appear immediately northwest of the legal corner post and approximately l.lkm north of the legal corner post. Further exploration would entail a follow-up geochemical and mapping program in order to focus on these anomalous areas.

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Terms of Reference

This report is based on information obtained during the course of field work conducted on the Silver Reef claim during August and September of 1981. The work was performed by Nevin Sadlier-Brown Goodbrand Ltd. personnel on behalf of Granada Exploration Corporation, (formerly Skidagate Exploration Ltd.), operator of the claim. The mapping and sampling program was performed at the recommendation of earlier reports by C. Kowall and N. Carter.

#### 1.2 Claims and Ownership

Granada Exploration Corporation holds, by option agreement with Charles S. Kowall, the following mineral claim:

Name Record No. Silver Reef 2275

Figure 2 is a claim map compiled from B.C. Department of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources claim maps. According to a chain and compass survey undertaken during the course of current field work, the Silver Reef claim borders the SHA 1, SHA 2 and SHAS claims of International Shasta Resources Ltd. on the north, south, east and west as shown in Figure 3.

The mineral claim is recorded in the name of Charles Kowall, dated November 15, 1979 and is in good standing until November 15, 1981. - 2 -

#### 1.3 Location and Access

The Silver Reef claim is located in the Toodoggone River area of north-central British Columbia (Figure 1). The claim is situated at the headwaters of Jock Creek approximately 3km east of Black Lake (on NTS Sheet 94E) at latitude 57° 15'N and longitude 126° 15'W (Figure 2).

The Toodoggone River area is serviced by the Sturdee River airstrip, a gravel surface runway equipped with lights, 270km by aircraft north of Smithers. Hurcules aircraft use the strip on a regular basis to service the nearby Baker Mine. The Silver Reef claim is accessed by way of an 8km helicopter flight northwest from the Sturdee River airstrip.

#### 1.4 Physiography and Vegetation

The Silver Reef claim is situated on the steep southeast side of Jock Creek valley. Elevations range from 1350m in the valley bottom to approximately 2100m. Much of the claim is situated in an old burn area below treeline and is covered by shrubs and undergrowth. The southeastern portion of the claim is in alpine terrain consisting of grasses and sparse stands of scrub hemlock. Wildlife is abundant and includes moose, bear, cariboo and a variety of small game and birds of prey.

The climate of the area is characterized by cold winters and long moderate summers. The heavy winter snowfall may last until mid June. Weather during summer is variable although fair weather may extend well into September. - 3 -

#### 1.5 History

The Toodoggone River area has recently become an important precious metal district. Carter (1981) describes mineral exploration and development as follows:

"The area was first investigated for gold in the early 1930's and placer claims were worked on McClair Creek north of Toodoggone River. Sporadic base metal exploration took place in subsequent years culminating in intense activity for porphyrytype deposits in the late 1960's.

"The Chappelle (Baker Mine) gold-silver deposit was recognized in 1969 and the Lawyers property was discovered in 1971 (see Figure 2). Several other gold-silver showings have undergone investigation in recent years, including the SHA, McClair, Metsantan and Saunders properties.

"Baker Mine of DuPont of Canada Exploration recently commenced production at a daily milling rate of 90 tonnes per day and the Lawyers property, operated by S.E.R.E.M. Ltd., is currently undergoing development drilling. Some 4,000 claim units in the area are being actively explored by several companies."

The Silver Reef claim was staked to cover possible extensions of mineralized veins occurring on the adjacent SHA and SHAS properties, owned by International Shasta Resources Ltd. Geological, geochemical and magnetic surveys were conducted on the International Shasta property in the mid-1970's. Promising results for trench samples with gold grading to 0.79 oz/ton and silver at least 2.9 oz/ton are indicated for the area (Meyer and Folk, 1975). - 4 -

#### 1.6 Work Completed

During August and September of 1981, a 2-man party led by Stuart Croft conducted a geological mapping and soil sampling survey on the Silver Reef claim. Soil samples were taken at 100m intervals along traverse lines spaced 100m apart. 91 soil samples from the property were analyzed for copper, lead, zinc, silver and gold. Geological mapping at a scale of 1:5 000 was conducted on the southern and eastern portions of the claim using the sampling grid as control. Rock samples were collected from fresh exposures in geologically favourable areas and assayed for copper, lead, zinc, silver and gold.

#### 2.0 GEOLOGY

#### 2.1 General Setting

The Toodoggone area is typified by a complex volcanic terrane within the eastern margin of the Intermontane Belt. The oldest rocks consist of Permean limestone of the Asitka Group and andesite flows and pyroclastics of the late Triassic Takla Group. These are intruded by the Jurassic to Cretaceous Omineca intrusives which range in composition from granodiorite to quartz monzonite. Lower to middle Jurassic aged "Toodoggone" volcanics conformably overlie the Takla Group rocks along the west flank of a northwesterly trending belt of "basement" rocks at least 90km in length by 50km in width. The Toodoggone rocks, 500m or more in thickness, are an intercalated volcanic-sedimentary assemblage in which four major subdivisions have been identified. The entire sequence has been subjected to extensive normal block faulting from Jurassic to - 5 -

Tertiary time. A linear zone of volcanic centres coincident with these major fault structures appears to be intimately related to precious metal deposits in the area (Schroeter, 1981).

Gold-silver prospects in the Toodoggone River area consist largely of the fissure-vein epithermal deposits associated with block faulting and tensional fracturing occurring late in the volcanic cycle. These deposits are typically associated with silicified zones, vein fillings, stockworks and brecciated fault zones bearing fine-grained argentite, electrum, native gold, native silver and extensive pyrite.

Known and suspected precious metal deposits in the Toodoggone River area include the Baker Mine, Lawyers property and the Saunders, Metsantan, McClair Creek and Fin prospects. Production at the Baker Mine, 10km northwest of the Silver Reef claim, is from a highly fractured and brecciated quartz system cutting Takla Group andesites. Reserves of approximately 90,000 tonnes grading 25.5 grams gold and 594 grams silver per tonne are produced at a rate of 90 tonnes per day. Exploration on the Lawyers property has identified significant argentite, electrum, native gold, and native silver mineralization within the Toodoggone volcanics. Production drilling and exploratory adits served to further delineate the deposit during the summer.

#### 2.2 Property Geology and Mineral Occurrences

Much of the Silver Reef property is underlain by Toodoggone volcanic rock, which host the majority of known gold-silver mineralization in the area. Although overburden obscures bedrock over much of the northern and western portions; extensive outcrop - 6 -

occurs on the southeast units of the claim. Here, in bluffs and in sub-alpine terrain, exposures of dark grey-green fragmental dacite are numerous. Small faults and shear zones trend northwesterly across the area resulting in several small, sharp gulleys up to 10m deep (Figure 3).

Locally, the volcanic rocks are "feldspathized" and silicified in quartz stockwork veins and brecciated zones. These "veins" are weathered to a distinctive pink-white colour on surface and are commonly discoloured by rusty limonite staining. The veins invariably contain from 30% to 70% orange-pink feldspar crystals, presumably coloured by fine-grained hematite, in a dark grey-green fine-grained matrix. Small vitreous quartz crystals commonly accompany extensive finely disseminated pyrite mineralization within the matrix. Brecciated zones within the veins contain elongate drusy cavities 2 to 10mm wide. Well formed quartz crystals up to 4mm across are commonly stained with manganese oxide. Typically, rock bordering the breccia zones is extensively silicified.

Visible sulphide mineralization in the veins consists mainly of pyrite. Limonite including jarosite and goethite is present near surface as a weathering product of the fine-grained pyrite and wad occurs as coatings on quartz crystals in cavities. Several samples of vein material from the Silver Reef property were assayed for base and precious metals. Samples contained insignificant amounts of copper, lead and zinc and only very low values in gold and silver. The highest assays were 0.010 oz/ton gold and 0.003 oz/ton silver. - 7 -

From the SHAS property, portions of the silicified quartz stockwork vein were traced east-southeastward onto the Silver Reef property in the vicinity of station 1+00N, 10+00W. The vein, here exposed in a steep bluff, strikes approximately 120° with an easterly dip ranging from 50° to 90°. The altered zones range in width from 1 to 3m and consist mainly of silicified stockwork bands within fresh, unaltered volcanics. Pink feldspar alteration envelopes major fractures in this area. Mineralization is minimal and vein samples (32128, 32130 and 32134) assayed negligible base metals with up to 0.03 oz/ton silver and 0.008 oz/ton gold.

In the region of coordinates 2+00N, 3+00W, two distinct silicified zones trend northwestward and dip steeply northeast. One band was traced in felsemeer for approximately 100m along strike and continuity downdip is suggested from surface exposures and from limited trenching. Pyrite mineralization in the veins is variable although some samples contain up to 15 percent.Jarosite appears to be the most common iron oxide. Four small hand trenches were blasted to expose fresh vein material for sampling. Assays (32120-32125) were generally low with nil copper, up to 0.04% Pb, 0.02% Zn, 0.02 oz/ton Ag and 0.010 oz/ton Au.

Approximately 200m south of this area lie a series of craggy, volcanic bluffs. An ochre weathered horizon within the bluffs contains substantial pyrite mineralization. Whether the horizon is related to faulting or is an altered rhyolite sill is uncertain, however, it does not appear to be related to other vein systems on the property. An assay (32126) from the pyritiferous horizon indicated negligible Cu, Pb and Zn content with 0.02 oz/ton Ag and 0.005 oz/ton Au. - 8 -

Further silicification was noted in volcanics on the eastern boundary of the Silver Reef claim near coordinates 11+00N, 0+00W. Silicification is limited and pink feldspar replacement is absent in surface samples. Vein material was assayed (32129, 32132) and contains only traces of base and precious metals. Soil samples from the immediate area indicate strong anomalies in Pb, Zn, Ag and Au, suggesting mineralized vein material may be present nearby (refer to Section 3.2).

An extensive area of exotic gossan occurs near the northeast corner of the claim. Nearby, ferricrete forms the matrix of a conglomeritic unit near the base of a small rusty creek which cuts the northeast corner of the Silver Reef claim. There is insufficient outcrop in the area to determine the source of these features or how they relate to mineralization of the silicified zones noted elsewhere on the property.

In several areas, siliceous breccia was noted in angular float ("SB" on Figure 3) suggesting siliceous vein material is present in near-surface subcrop.

#### 3.0 GEOCHEMISTRY

#### 3.1 Survey Methods

Soil samples were taken at 100m intervals along grid lines spaced 100m apart. Grid lines were controlled by chain and compass, and were marked by flagging and wooden laths. - 9 -

Samples of B horizon soil were collected with a spade, and placed in paper envelopes. The samples were dried and shipped to Chemex Labs Ltd., North Vancouver, where they were assayed for copper, lead, zinc, silver and gold. Analytical methods are described in Appendix C.

Results are plotted in plan on Figures 4-8. Because of the configuration of the sample grid, it is not considered justified to contour the geochemical data.

#### 3.2 Discussion of Results

#### 3.2.1 Copper

Soil copper values throughout the sample grid were generally low with an average background of approximately 30 parts per million (ppm). Values range from a low of 9 ppm through to a maximum of 160 ppm. Results indicate small copper anomalies along the southern border of the claim approximately 900m west of the legal corner post and in the northeast corner of the property (Figure 4).

#### 3.2.2 Lead

Lead values range from 2-640 ppm with an average background of approximately 15 ppm. Two single sample lead anomalies are located on the eastern boundary of the property approximately 1.1km and 1.4km north of the legal corner post (Figure 5). The southern anomaly is coincident with an outcrop of silicified volcanics and anomalous silver and zinc content in soil. A third anomaly occurs in the northeast corner of the property coincident - 10 -

with elevated copper and silver content. Soil anomalies in this area may be associated with a large area of exotic gossan and ferricrete conglomerate on the lower slopes of the Jock Creek valley.

#### 3.2.3 <u>Zinc</u>

Zinc content in soils averaged 80 ppm and reached a local high of 500 ppm. Anomalies are located on the eastern boundary approximately 1.1km north of the legal corner post, in the northeast corner of the property, and in an area approximately 300m northwest of the legal corner post (Figure 6). Small and generally low grade zinc anomalies on the eastern and northern boundaries of the property coincide with anomalous lead values.

#### 3.2.4 Silver

The threshold value for soil silver on the property is 1.0 ppm and is considered strongly anomalous above 3.0 ppm. Significant anomalies are indicated along the southern border of the claim approximately 500m west of the legal corner post and along the eastern boundary of the claim approximately 1.1km north of the legal corner post (Figure 7). In both these areas silver was detected up to 4.5 ppm. Four weaker silver anomalies were located with values up to approximately 3.0 ppm. These include a strip running roughly northwesterly across the northeastern edge of the property, the area around the legal corner post, an area approximately 500m north of the legal corner post and a large area surrounding the significant anomalies 500m west of the legal corner post. - 11 -

Few parallels can be drawn between soil results for silver with base metals with the exception of station 11+00N, 0+00W where anomalous values for lead, zinc and silver are located. The largest silver anomaly located 500m west of the legal corner post is coincident with a strong gold anomaly. Other silver anomalies on the southern half of the property are adjacent to small gold anomalies.

3.2.5 Gold

Soil gold content on the Silver Reef claim averages about 20 ppb ranging up to a maximum of 600 ppb. The threshold value for gold is taken to be 50 ppb and is considered strongly anomalous above 150 ppb. Significant anomalies are located approximately 500m west of the legal corner post and near the southwest corner of the SHA 1 claim (Figure 8). Another single sample anomaly is indicated approximately 1km north of the legal corner post along the eastern edge of the claim.

Anomalies are isolated and small yet of sufficient magnitude to be considered worthy of further investigation. Silver and gold anomalies coincide quite well although silver anomalies tend to be more dispersed. Anomalous copper, lead and zinc values do not appear to accurately coincide with areas of anomalous gold values and, as such, do not appear from the limited data to be accurate geochemical tracer elements for gold on the Silver Reef property. - 12 -

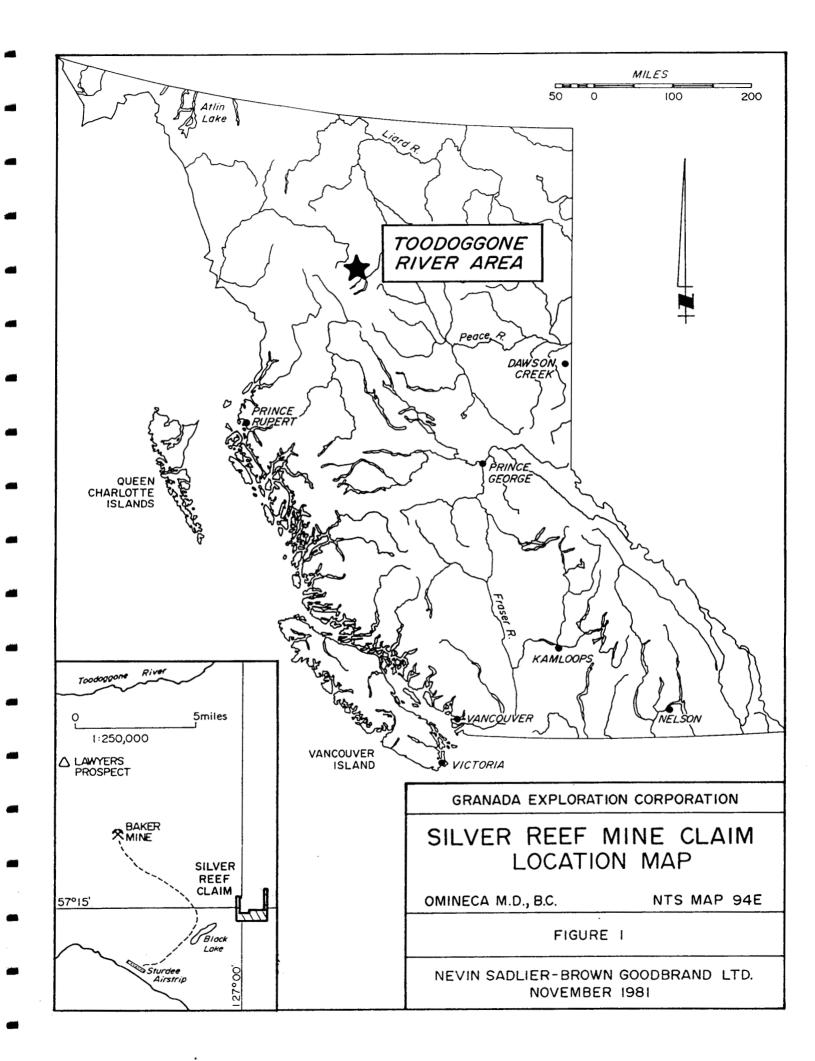
#### 4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

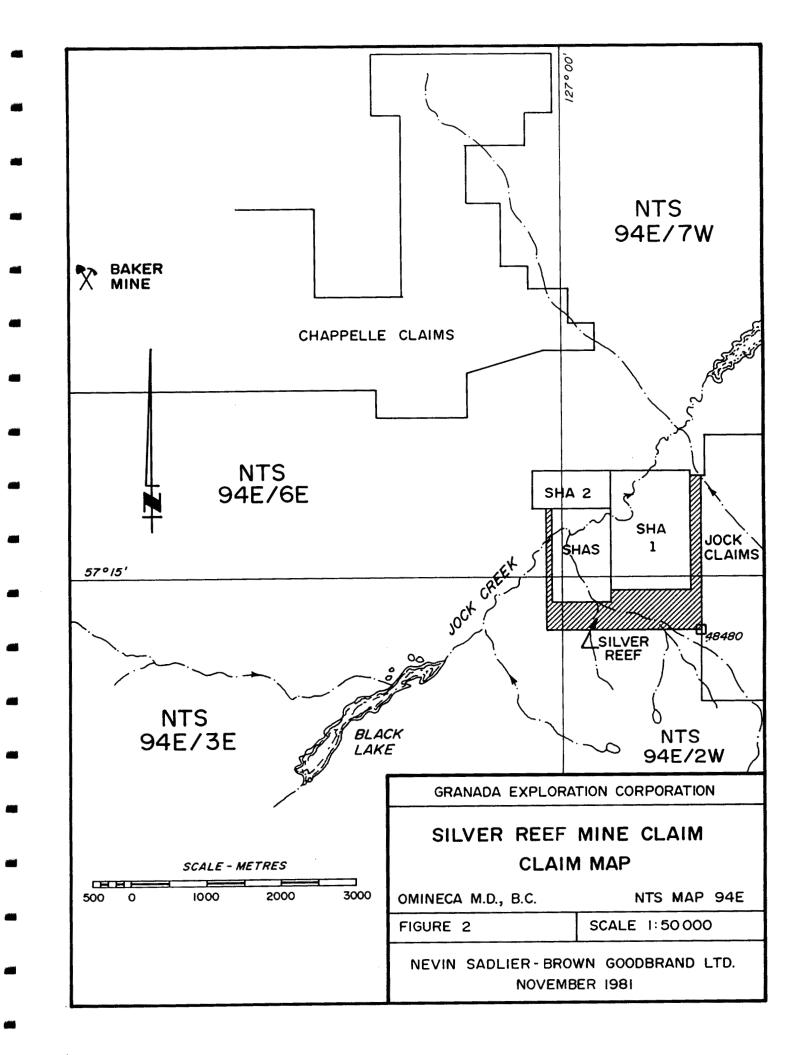
The geological and geochemical surveys conducted on the Silver Reef claim during August and September, 1981 indicate somewhat equivocal results. Mapping has confirmed that the quartz-stockwork vein system discovered on the SHAS property does extend, at least in part, onto the Silver Reef claim. Although assay values for rock samples did not detect any ore grade veins, results of the soil geochemical survey indicate significant anomalies in copper, lead, zinc, silver and gold. Two areas with multi-element anomalies are indicated; one approximately 1.1km north of the legal corner post and another approximately 350m northwest of the legal corner post. Because of the configuration of the sampling grid dictated by the shape of the property, the anomalies are not closed or well defined.

Although the geological environment on the property and in the general area along with the results of the present soil survey indicate good potential for the occurrence of gold veins, the configuration of the Silver Reef claim itself presents a difficult exploration target. Limited follow-up float prospecting, chip sampling and soil sampling in the areas of soil anomalies is recommended in order to determine an appropriate course of action in the further development of the property. - 13 -

#### REFERENCES

- Carter, N.C., 1981; Report on the Silver Reef Claim; unpublished file report to Granada Exploration Corporation.
- Kowall, C., 1980; A Prospecting Report covering the Silver Reef Claim; B.C. Department of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources Assessment Report (unreleased to date).
- Meyer, W. and Folk, P., 1975; Geological and Geochemical Survey on the SHA Claims; B.C. Department of Mines and Petroleum Resources Assessment Report No. 5559.
- Schroeter, T.G., 1981; Toodoggone River: Geological Fieldwork, 1980; British Columbia Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources, Paper 1981-1, pp. 124-131.





### Appendix A - Statement of Costs Incurred

#### Fees Paid

**1** 

**1** 

**1** 

**.** 

~

-

1

-

S. Croft, geologist; August 29-September 15, 1981 (18 days @ \$258/day)		\$ 4,644.00
R. Bruce, assistant; August 29-September 10, 1981 (13 days @ \$165/day)		2,145.00
Total Wages		\$ 6,789.00
Expenses		
Transportation Airfare and taxi (Smithers-Vancouver x2) Camp de-mobilization Helicopter support (2.7 hours)	\$ 242.00 150.00 1,401.00	
Sub Total	\$ 1,793.00	\$ 1,793.00
Food and Accommodation Camp Support (August 29-September 15, 1981) Tyee Hotel, Smithers, B.C. (1 day) Meals	547.00 68.00 31.00	
Sub Total	\$ 646.00	646.00
Geochemical Analysis Chemex Laboratories Ltd. (91 soil samples for Cu, Pb, Zn, Ag, Au; @ \$0.86/sample)		852.00
Expendable Supplies Explosives		159.00
Administration and Report Preparation Drafting, printing Typing, copying	\$ 593.00 116.00	
Sub Total	\$ 709.00	709.00
TOTAL		\$10,948.00

#### Appendix B

CERTIFICATE AND STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

- I, Stuart A.S. Croft hereby certify that:
- My residence address is 1340 Inglewood Avenue, West Vancouver, B.C. V7T 1Y9
- I am a consulting geologist with the firm of Nevin Sadlier-Brown Goodbrand Ltd., 401-134 Abbott Street, Vancouver, B.C. V6B 2K4
- I was educated at the University of British Columbia in geological engineering and have been practicing my profession since June, 1981
- I have examined the Silver Reef claim and supervised the exploration program conducted August and September, 1981.

Stuart A.S. Croft

#### Appendix B

CERTIFICATE AND STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, Brian D. Fairbank, hereby certify that:

- My residence address is 342 West 15th Street, North Vancouver, B.C. V7M 1S5
- I am a consulting geologist and partner with the firm of Nevin Sadlier-Brown Goodbrand Ltd., 401-134 Abbott Street, Vancouver, B.C. V6B 2K4
- 3. I hold a B.A.Sc. in Geological Engineering from the University of British Columbia. I have been practicing my profession since 1973, and I am a member of the Association of Professional Engineers (Geological) of the Province of British Columbia
- 4. I am a Fellow of the Geological Association of Canada and a member of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy
- 5. I have reviewed the data on the Silver Reef claim and have overseen the preparation of this report personally.

autoante

B. D. Fairbank, P.Eng.

#### Appendix C - Geochemical Laboratory Methodology

#### Sample Preparation

1. Soil samples are dried at 60°C and sieved to -80 mesh.

2. Rock samples are pulverized to -100 mesh.

#### Geochemical Analysis for Ag\*, Cu, Pb, Zn

0.5 gram samples are digested hot dilute aqua regia in a boiling water bath and diluted to 10 ml with dimineralized water. All of the above elements are determined in the acid solution by Atomic Absorption.

\* demotes background detection.

#### Geochemical Analysis for Au

10.0 gram samples that have been ignited overnite at 600°C are digested with hot dilute aqua regia, and the clear solution obtained is extracted with Methyl Isobutyl Ketone.

Au is determined in the MIBK extract by Atomic Absorption using background correction (Detection Limit - 5 ppb direct AA and 1 ppb graphite AA.)

100

ALC: NO

APPENDIX D

Soil Geochemical Results



212 BROOKSBANK AVE. NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C. CANADA V7J 2C1

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS

GEOCHEMISTS

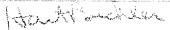
REGISTERED ASSAYERS

TELEPHONE: (604)984-0221 TELEX: 043-52597

### CERTIFICATE OF AVALYSIS

10	: Nevin Sadlier-Brown Sponbrand Lth	CEPT4 4	: 28114714-001-	- <u>i</u>
	401 - 154 Abbott St.,	INVOICE #	: 18114714	
1	Vancouver, S.C.	n a t e	: 30-CCT-31	
	V68 2K4	P.C. #	: 월급전문	
		094		

ATTN: S. CRO	=Ţ						
Sample	gera	Cu	26	Zn	A g	AU-AA	
description	code:	ppm	nigo	ວບກ	pom	<u>ac</u> b	
0+00 N 0+00 W	201	49	20	100	3.1	30	
0 N 01 W	201	23	11	8 O	0.1	1 C	
) ∿ C2 w	201	25	10	÷0	0.5	<10	
0 M 03 M	201	2.0	17	8 B	Q 🖌 4	1 C	
0 N 04 W	203	24	25	35	1.1	< 1 C	
0 N 05 W	201	22	24	10C	4.2	600	
0 N US W	201	53	3	110	0•4	10	
0 N 07 W	201	63	5	72	0.2	<10	
0 N 08 W	201	67	• <del>•</del>	3 0	C • 4	<1C	
W EQ V Q	201	116	5	25	0.2	<b>&lt;1</b> 0·	
0 N 10 W	201	136	3	106	0.3	10	
0 N 11 W	203	34	4	8.2	0.1	<10	
0 N 12 N	201	26	3	70	0.4	<10	
0 N 13 W	201	72	3	9.8	0.2	<10	
2 N 14 W	203	34	3	90	C.1	<10	
0 N 15 W	203	51	2	6.6	C•1	<10	
0 N 16 W	201	40	4	110	C • 1	<10	
0 N 17 W	201	33	3	72	0.2	<10	
0 N 18 W	203	58	4	34	1.0	1 0	
0 N 19 W	201	15	2	39	0.1	<10	
W CS N C	201	10	5	50	0.2	1 0	
. 1 N OJ W	201	18	3.5	128	2 • 3	<10	
1 N 01 W	201	15	5	104	0.2	10	
1 N C2 W	201	26	10	133	0 <b>.</b> 8	2.0	
1 4 03 w	201	13	2	63	6.6	<10	
1 N 04 X	203	54	8	59	1 • 4	330	
1 N 05 W	203	19	12	o S	1.2	2.0	
1 N 06 🖗	201	33	35	÷ Ç	1.7	1.0	
n 1 N 07 W	201	44	2.0	65	0.2	10	
1 k 03 d	201	32	17	3.3	0.3	20	
1 N 09 M	203	47	3	÷ 2	2.C	<10	
1 V 10 R	203	37	23	102	1.1	<10	
2 N 00 V	201	9	4	<del>ر</del> ب	0.1	<10	
2 N 01 W	201	13	7	3.0	<b>3</b> - 1	<10	
2 N 02 W	203	17	11	7.0	0.5	<10	
2 N 03 W	203	13	7	125	0.3	2 C	
2 N 04 W	203	15	2.5	58	3.5	<10	
2 N 05 W	203	12	2	4.9	0.5	10	
2 N 06 W	203	20	-18	- 54	0.1	10	
2 N 07 W	203	39	4	75	0.1	<10	







212 BROOKSBANK AVE. NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C. CANADA V7J 2C1

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS

GEOCHEMISTS

REGISTERED ASSAYERS

### TELEPHONE: (604)984-0221 TELEX. 043-52597

		ĩ	Т	I	F	Ţ	C	2	Т	*	C	Ξ	1	١.	Å	1	v	-	I	٦.
$\sim$	••	<u>`</u> ۰	1	1		4	5	~			·'			•		۰.		. ,	r	ا هر

с:	Nevin Sadlier-Brown Goodbrand Ltd.,	CERT. #	: 48114714-002-4
	401 - 134 Apbott St.,	INVOICE #	: 18114714
	Vancouver, 3.0.	DATE	: 30-3CT-81
	V 63 - 2K 4	P.C. +	: NONE
		094	

#### ATTN: S. CROFT РO Zn 2J-22 Cu Αg Sample Ргер naq сom 000 m.Q.Q mac <u>description</u> code e 2 <1.0 0.5 50 З 203 2 N 08 W 9 92 .).4 250 -----33 2 201 1 09 N. 10 102 1.0 26 37 2 203 N 10 1 20 ------37 3 73 3.1 3 M 00 201 Ŷ, 3.6 0.2 10 -----З 14 3 V 21 201 $\left\| \cdot \right\|$ 2.3 75 <10 02 25 -----3 N 201 ó W 2.0 13 122 C.3 \_\_\_\_ 203 14 3 1 03 W 0.5 2.0 17 10 63 3 N 04 203 N 29 71 3 201 6 1.0 10 -----M 05 N 2 34 0.5 10 76 3 N θó 1 201 - -3 80 0.3 <10 - -Ν 07 201 63 3 W 75 79 0.9 <10 3 08 203 4. -----N M3 3 73 0.3 10 \_ \_ N 09 201 57 إمرا 130 3 N 10 N 201 39 4 56 0.4 -----115 1.5 94 201 34 9 <10 N Э ٨ 70 0.5 10 15 ---05 N Э W201 1.8 10 0é 203 2.5 0.2 -----0 15 36 Â, inj 112 11 1.1 <10 27 201 16 $\Delta_4$ 0 79 10 14 Ξ 59 0.3 -----03 11 0 201 N. 6 S 20 \_\_\_\_ 18 8 0.5 09 N Û 14 201 N 78 10 0 203 13 10 0.1 170 - -N 40 360 500 4.5 11 1 Э 201 1ć ------10 32 10 - -12 201 54 40 3.7 N 0 ٨ 17 24 39 20 13 C 201 0.1 \_ \_ $\lambda$ W 138 5 C - -137 640 С.Э 14 М Ĵ W 203 72 <10 23 0.2 15 J Μ 201 22 --iN, 201 33 42 54 0.1 10 - -15 ÷ d ٩Ņ 5.0 10 10 0.1 17 0 201 14 -----ίγ. 105 10 13 203 13? 3.5 0.3 - -0 w. 68 53 40 17 201 93 2.6 ----2 С 50 33 9 27 0.510 04 201 -- -- $\lambda_{i}$ L 32 7 72 3.0 40 - -203 05 N 1 $\mathbf{Y}_{t}$ 55 1.0 25 10 07 1 201 10 ---- $h_{i}$ $\mathbf{a}$ 87 5.0 3.0 203 19 Э 0.1 -- --Ň 1 $\mathbf{i}_{\mathbf{N}}$ 75 50 ЭĢ 16 1) 0.4 ---- $\mathbb{N}$ 1 ţr, 201 165 40 40 1.2 10 1 201 16 14 $\mathbf{7}$ 20 74 12 11 0.3 11 201 M 1 W 2.0 10 34 0.2 201 16 ----12 N 1 4 71 0.7 10 15 12 13 4 1 201 ------ 4

15

11



14

201

1 38

Certified by ...............

5.2

10

72



212 BROOKSBANK AVE. NORTH VANCOUVER. B.C. CANADA V7J 2C1

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS

REGISTERED ASSAYERS

TELEPHONE: (604)984-0221 TELEX: 043-52597

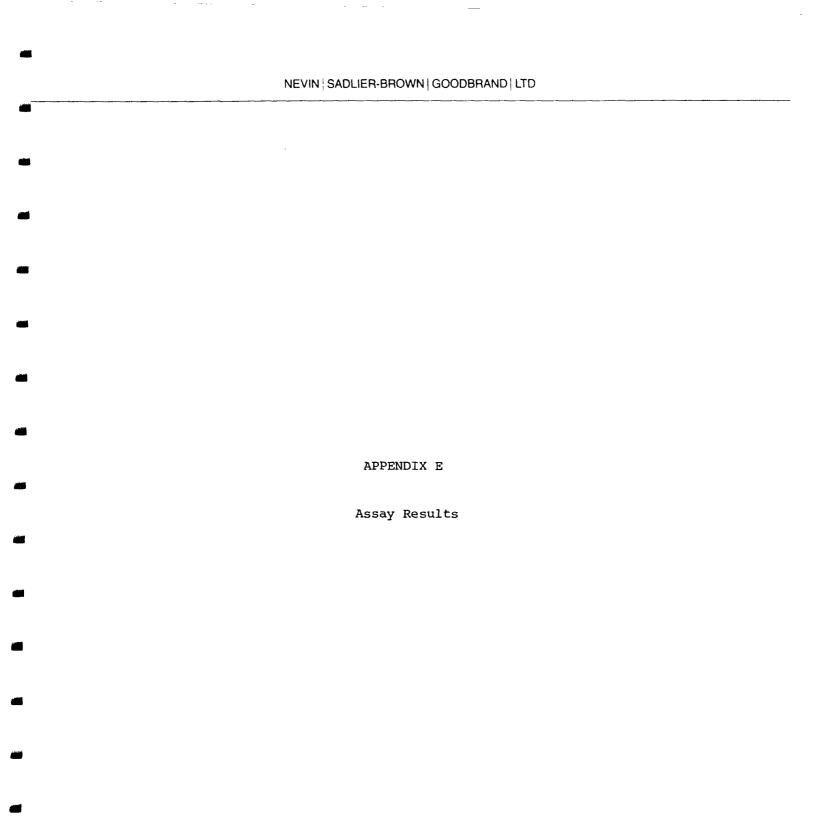
CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

: CT	Nevin Sadlier-Brown	Goodbrand Ltd.,	CERT. #	:	A2114714-003-A
	401 - 134 Abbott St.	,	INVUICE #	:	18114714
	Vancouver, B.C.		DATE	:	30-0CT-81
	V56 2K4		P.C. #	:	NGNE
			094		

ATTN: S. CRO	)FT						
Sample	Prep	Cu	Рb	Zn	Ag	A U-AA	· ·
description	code	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	daa	
15 N 1 W	201	14	31	70	0.6	100	
16 N 1 W	201	12	11	42	0.5	<10	
17 N 1 W	201	15	24	65	0•3	20	
18 N I W	201	29	31	85	0.1	10	
<u>19 N 1 W</u>	201	22	161	49	0.1	2.0	
20 N O W	201	50	86	110	0.5	70	
20 N 1 W	201	65	75	70	1.4	20	
20 N 2 W	201	66	73	96	1.2	10	
20 N 3 W	201	20	28	71	0.3	40	
20 N 4 W	201	45	87	8 8	0.5	20	
20 N 5 W	201	160	24	410	0.1	<10	

Certified by .....

MEMBER





 212
 BROOKSBANK
 AVE.

 NORTH
 VANCOUVER,
 B.C.

 CANADA
 V7J
 2C1

 TELEPHONE:
 (604)984-0221
 TELEX:

· ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS

GEOCHEMISTS

REGISTERED ASSAYERS

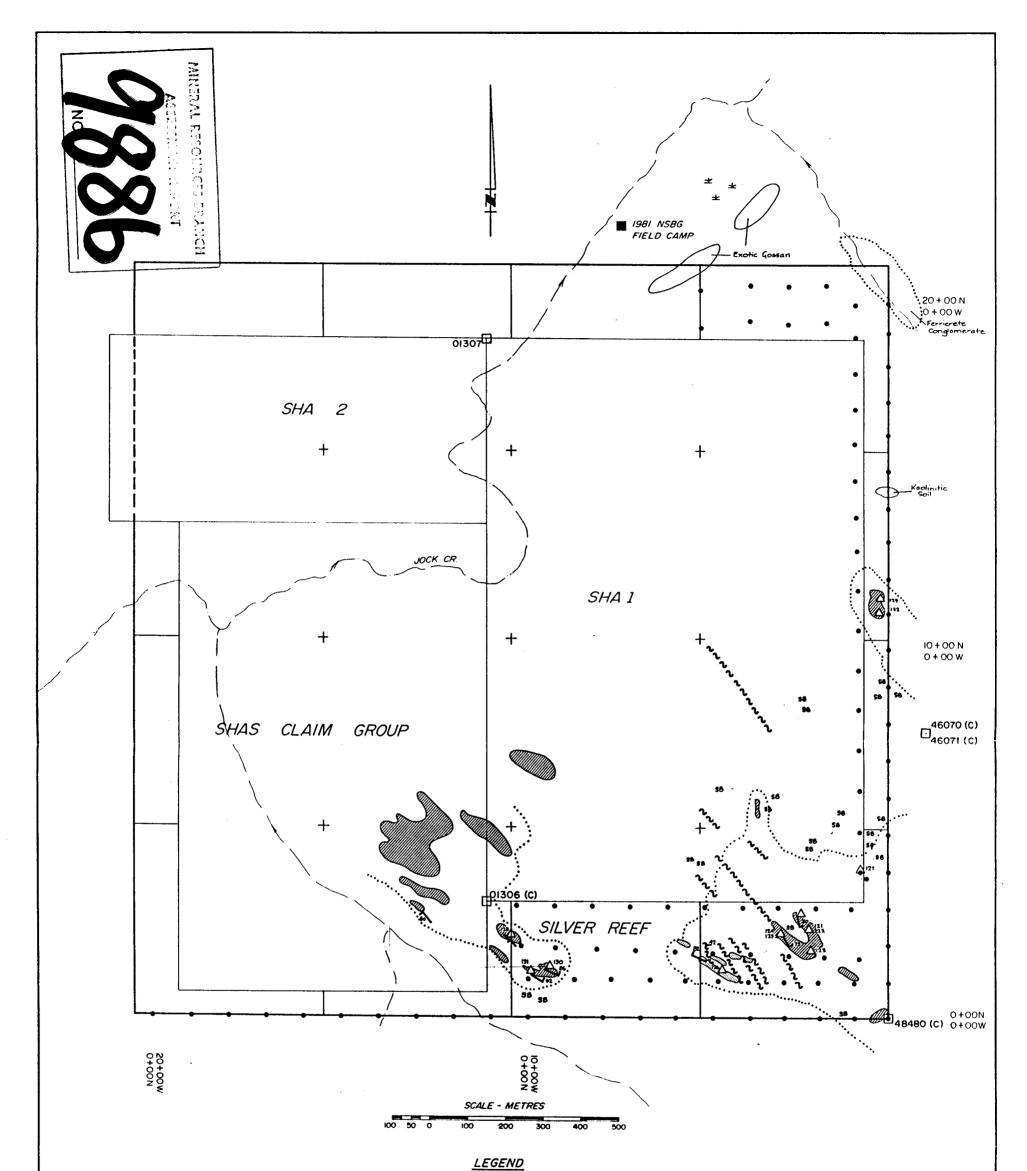
# CERTIFICATE OF ASSAY

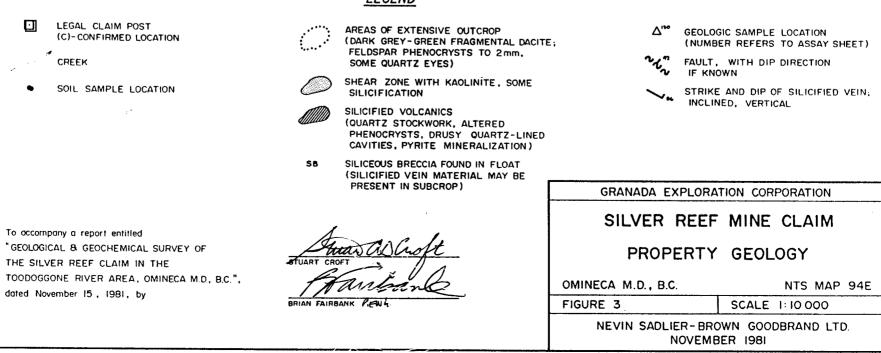
TO : Nevin	Sadlier-Brown Goodbrand Ltd.,	CERT
401 -	134 Abbott St	INVO
Vanco	uver, B.C.	DATE
V63 2	Κ4	P•C•
		094

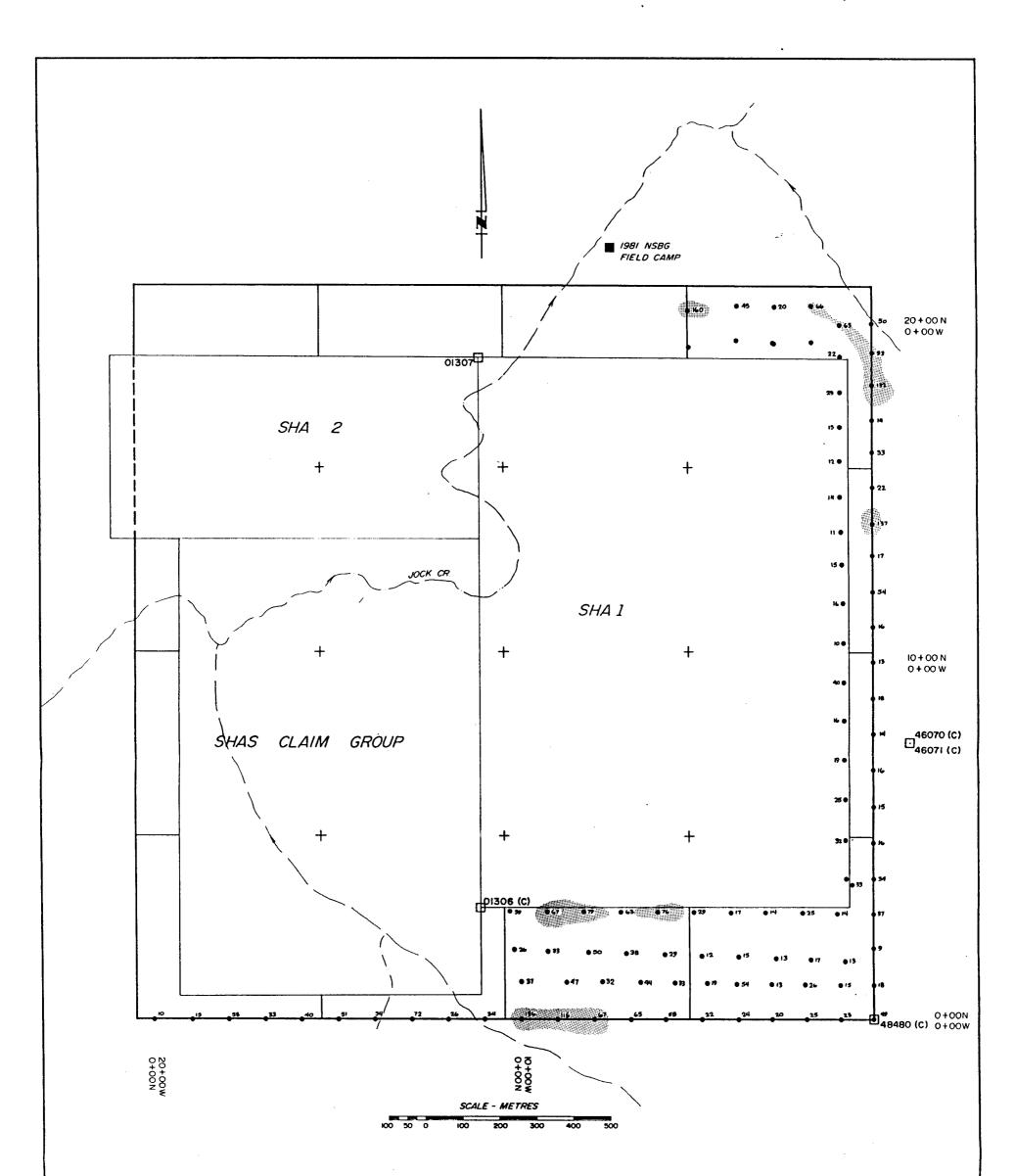
RT. #		:	A8114713-001-A
VOICE	#	:	18114713
TE		:	04-NOV-81
C. #		:	NONE

		)CT						
	ATTN: S. CRC Sample	Prep	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag FA	AU FA	
	description	code	%	 %	2	oz/T	oz/t	
<b></b>	32120	207	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	0.01	<0.003	
	32121	207	<0.01	0.04	C.02	0.02	0.010	
	32122	207	<0.01	<0.01	0.01	0.01	0.003	
	32123	207	<0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.005	
	3212.4	207	<0.01	<0.01	0.01	0.01	0.003	
	32125	207	<0.01	<0.01	0.01	0.01	<0.003	
- Maria	32126	207	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	0.02	0.005	
_	32127	207	<0.01	<0.01	0.01	0.01	<0.003	
	32128	207	<0.01	<0.01	0.01	0.02	<0.003	
	32129	207	<0.01	<0.01	0.01	0.02	<0.003	
	32130	207	0.02	<0.01	0.01	0.03	0.008	*
	32131	207	<0.01	<0.01	0.01	0.01	<0.003	
	32132	207	<0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	<0.003	**
iiii ا								
					*****			
-								
<b>a</b>								
	*****						an a	
-						$\frown$		
						10 -		
					10	XXX		
					1. 7	AI.	- +n	
			••			to the	www.	
						<b>_</b> ·		~ • • •

Registered Assayer, Province of British Columbia

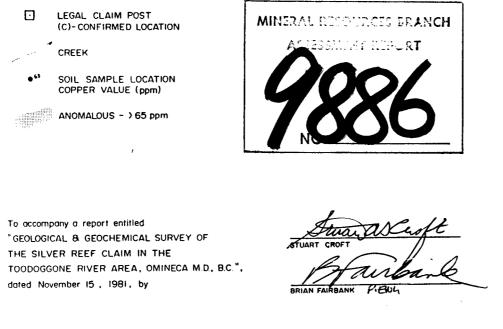






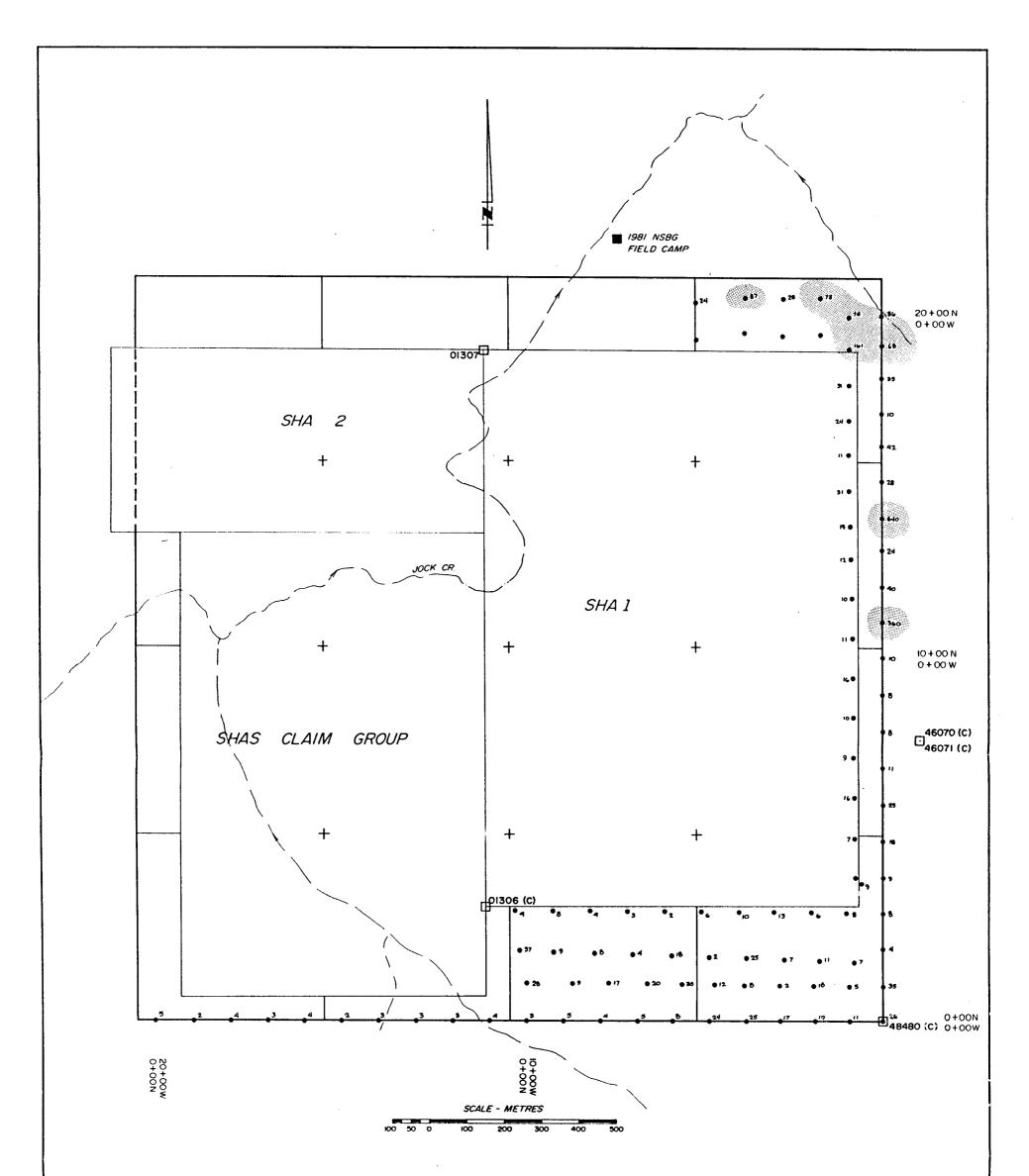
.

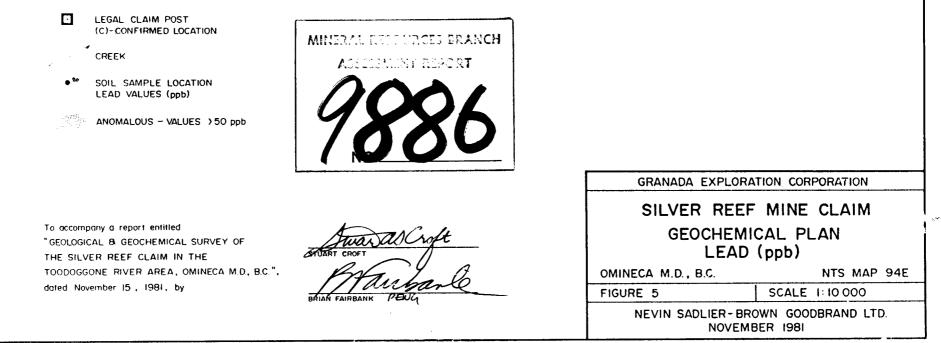
.

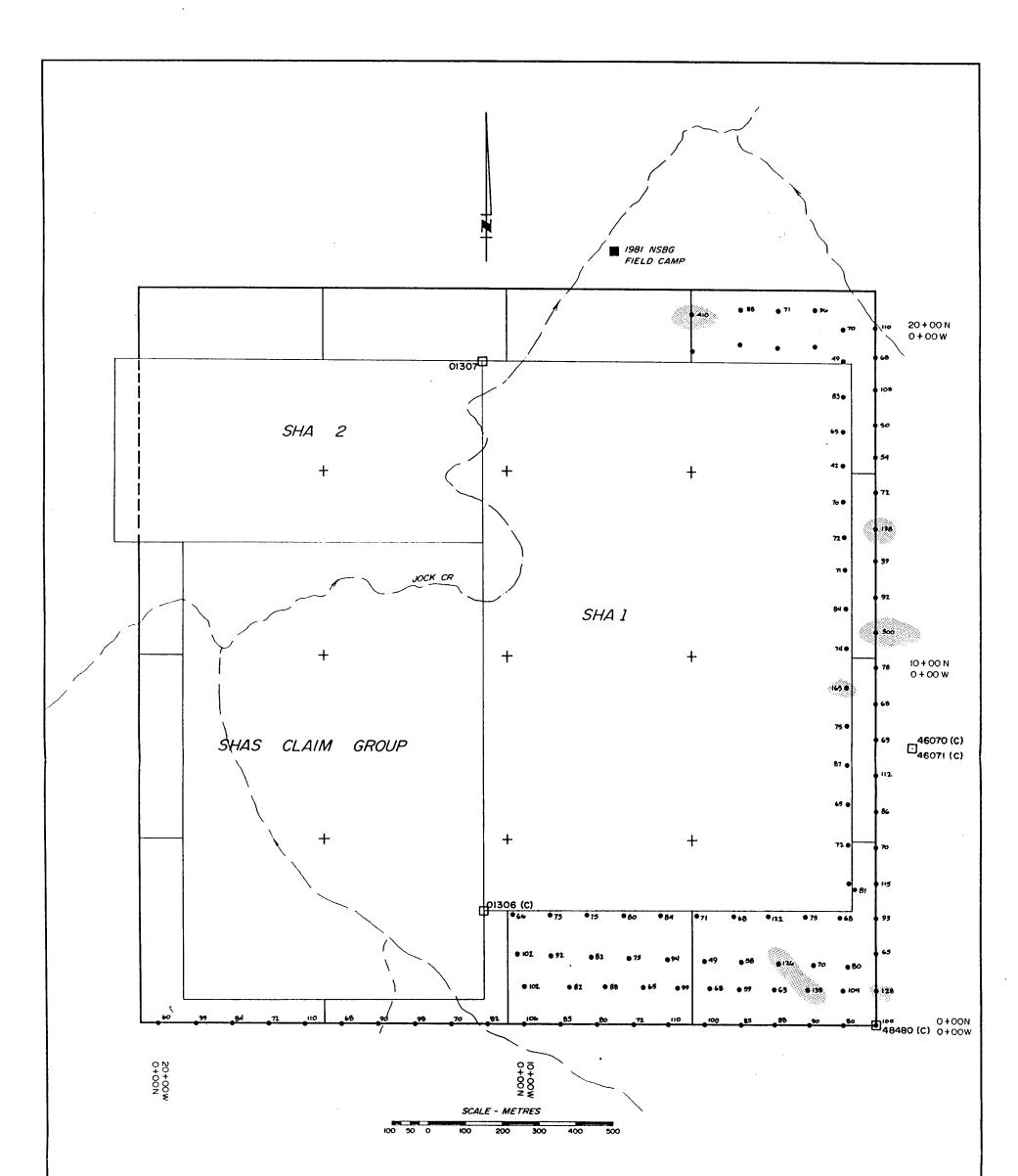


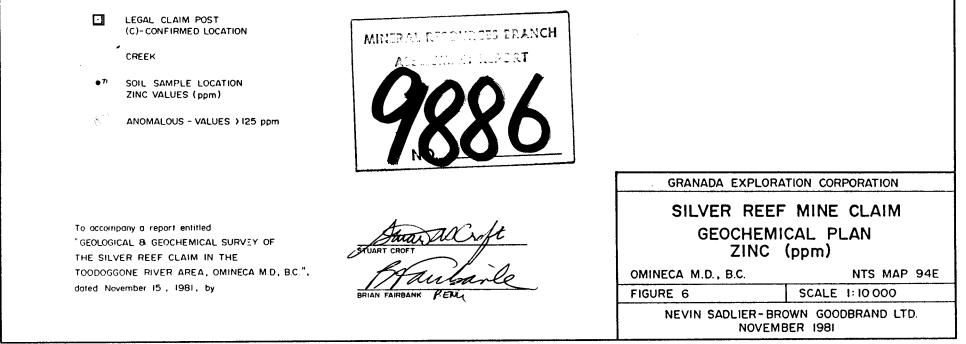
GRANADA EXPLORA	TION CORPORATION
SILVER REEF GEOCHEMIC COPPER	CAL PLAN
OMINECA M.D., B.C.	NTS MAP 94E
FIGURE 4	SCALE 1: 10 000
NEVIN SADLIER-BRO NOVEMB	OWN GOODBRAND LTD. BER 1981

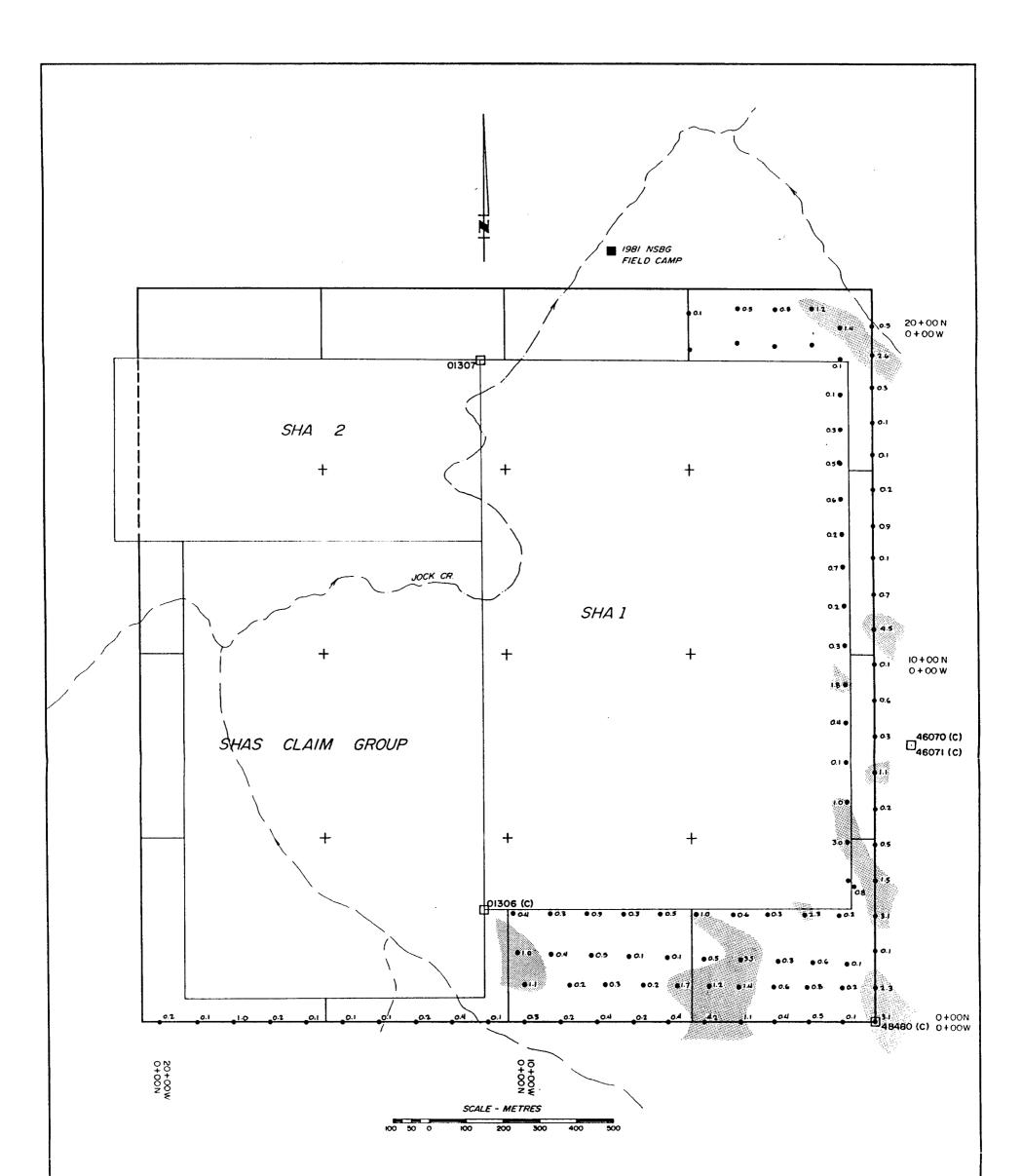
•



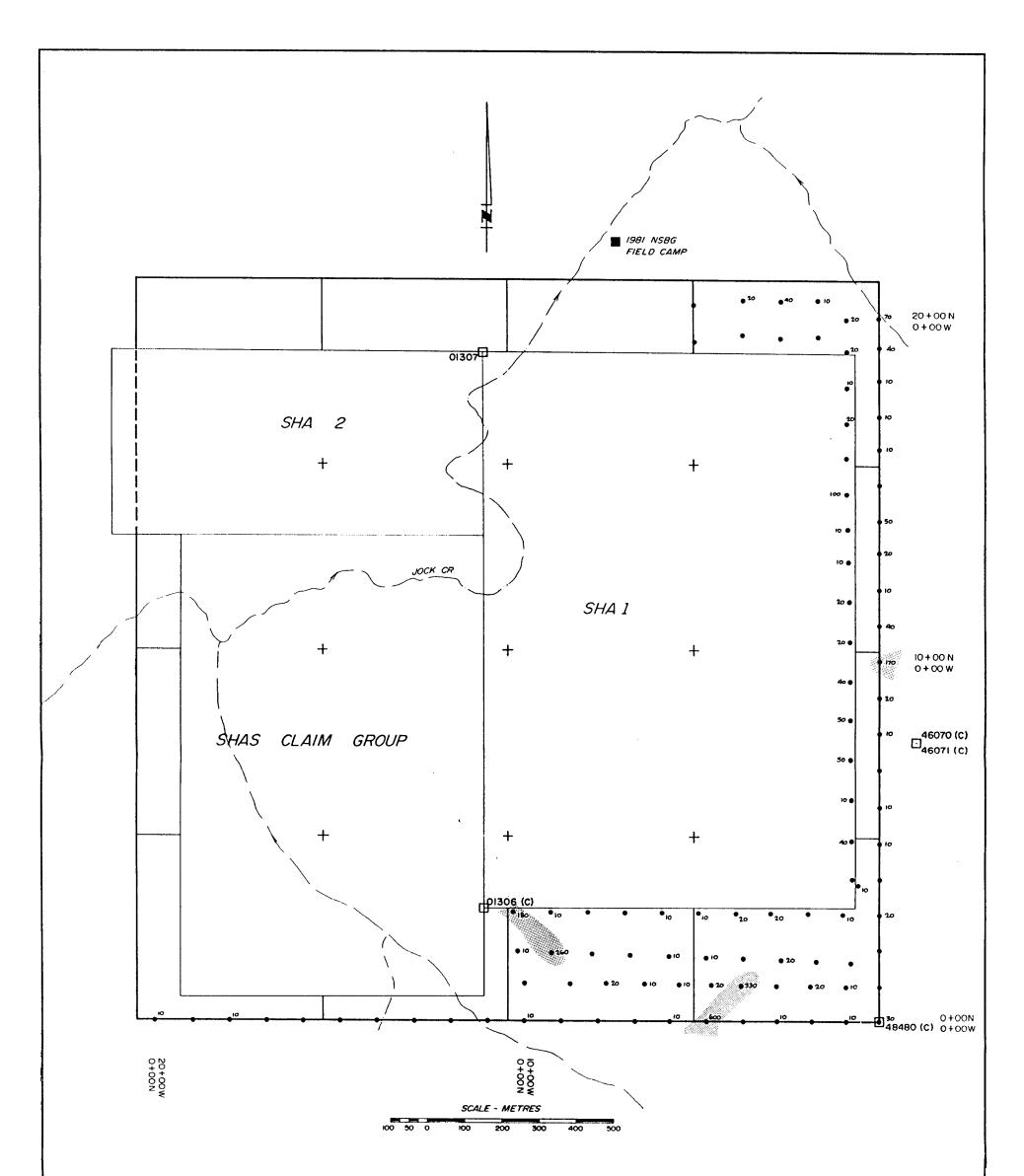








LEGAL CLAIM POST (C)-CONFIRMED LOCATION  $\overline{\mathbf{O}}$ MINERAL TO COLOSS ERANCH CREEK C. Sec. ST SOIL SAMPLE LOCATION SILVER VALUES (ppm)  $\bullet^{LL}$ ANOMALOUS - VALUES > 1.0 ppm GRANADA EXPLORATION CORPORATION SILVER REEF MINE CLAIM To accompany a report entitled GEOCHEMICAL PLAN " GEOLOGICAL & GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY OF SILVER (ppm) THE SILVER REEF CLAIM IN THE TOODOGGONE RIVER AREA, OMINECA M.D., B.C.", OMINECA M.D., B.C. NTS MAP 94E dated November 15, 1981, by FIGURE 7 SCALE 1:10 000 PEN NEVIN SADLIER-BROWN GOODBRAND LTD. NOVEMBER 1981



.

.

8-

*v*.

To accompany a report entitled "GEOLOGICAL & GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY OF THE SILVER REEF CLAIM IN THE TOODOGGONE RIVER AREA, OMINECA M.D., B.C.", dated November 15, 1981, by	Stuart Choft STUART CROFT	GEOCH	EEF MINE CLAIM EMICAL PLAN LD (ppb) NTS MAP 946
			LORATION CORPORATION
STRONGLY ANOMALOUS - VALUES > 150 ppb	7XX6		
•260 SOIL SAMPLE LOCATION GOLD VALUES (ppb)	0001		
LEGAL CLAIM POST (C)-CONFIRMED LOCATION CREEK	MINERAL RECOVERIES ERANCH		