GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

10,885

DIAMOND DRILL REPORT

ON THE

JACKPOT PROPERTY

SOUTHEASTERN BRITISH COLUMBIA

NELSON MINING DIVISION

NTS 82F 3E/6E

LATITUDE 49° 09' 22"

LONGITUDE 117° 09' 20"

by

W. D. BOND AND J. R. FOSTER

NEW JERSEY ZINC EXPLORATION CO. (CANADA) LTD.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

				<u>P</u>	age
INTRODUC	CTION				1
DESCRIPT	TION OF CLAIMS				1
PHYSIOGE	RAPHY				1
PROPERTY	' HISTORY				6
GEOLOGY	,				6
	Regional Setting				6
	Local Geology				6
DIAMOND	DRILLING				7
	Introduction				7
	Drill Hole JP 82-12A				8
	Drill Hole JP 82-13				10
	Drill Hole JP 82-14				10
	CONCLUSIONS				11
ASSESSM	ENT DETAILS				12
STATEME	NT OF COSTS				14
REFEREN	CES				17
APPENDI	X				
	DRILL LOGS				
	Code to Logs				
	JP82-12A	pages	1	to	7
	JP82-13	pages	1	to	11
	JP82-14	pages	1	to	11

I. INTRODUCTION

A diamond drill program was carried out on the Jackpot Property by New Jersey Zinc Exploration Co. (Canada) Ltd. The Jackpot Property is situated within the Salmo (lead-zinc) "Mine Belt" in the Nelson Mining Division of Southeastern British Columbia. (Figure 1).

The center of the claim group is located 6.4 km (4 miles south-southeast of Ymir immediately south of the junction of Porcupine and Active Creeks (Figure 2). Ymir is located on an all-weather paved highway, midway between the cities of Nelson and Trail. A bush road situated about 3 km south of Ymir leads eastward along Porcupine Creek about 8 km to the property. The Jackpot "switchback" road leads south off the Porcupine Creek road to the top of the property.

II. DESCRIPTION OF CLAIMS

Table I indicates the currently held claims on the Jackpot Property; there are 33 continguous claims including 6 crown granted and 27 recorded claims. These claims are owned by New Jersey Zinc Exploration Co. (Canada) Ltd. Their location is given in Figure 3.

III. PHYSIOGRAPHY

The Jackpot property straddles a high east-west striking ridge on the southside of Porcupine Creek (elevation approximately 2500 feet (762 m), and extends north to Jubilee Mountain and south to Hidden Creek (Figure 2).

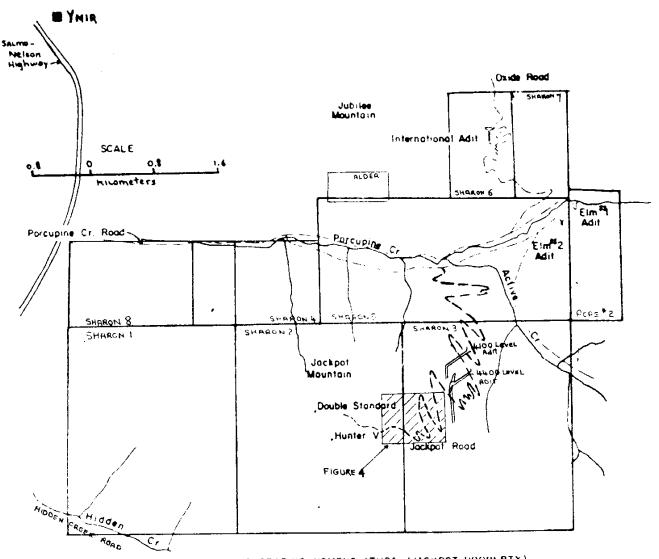


FIGURE 2: TOPOGRAPHIC NOMENCLATURE (JACKPOT PROPERTY)

TABLE 1: JACKPOT PROPERTY LAND HOLDINGS

JACKPOT:	GROUP	

CROWN GRANTED CLAIMS

NAME (No. of units) **	REC/LOT NUMBER	EXPIRE DATE
Hunter V Double Standard Mercia Fraction Eldorado Chihuahua Charmencita	Lot 2212 Lot 2213 Lot 2214 Lot 5198 Lot 5199 Lot 5201	Paid 1982. Paid 1982. Paid 1982. Paid 1982. Paid 1982. Paid 1982.
SECORDED CLAIMS		
Ink Spot Jackpot Ace Jackpot Ace Jackpot Ace Jackpot Elm #5 Praction Canadian Boy Canadian Girl Two Spot Spot Fraction Rush #1 Fraction Chief Jay Chief Fraction Jay Fraction Jamesonite Fraction	Record 1356 Record 1357 Record 1361 Record 1362 Record 3042 Record 1370 Record 1371 Record 1375 Record 1384 Record 1384 Record 1394 Record 1395 Record 1396 Record 1396 Record 1397 Record 1397 Record 1397	Expires June 9, 1989 Expires June 9, 1990 Expires June 21, 1989 Expires June 21, 1989 Expires June 6, 1989 Expires July 2, 1989 Expires July 3, 1990 Expires July 8, 1990 Expires Aug. 2, 1989 Expires Aug. 10, 1989 Expires Oct. 18, 1989
1981 STAKING		
Sharon 1 (20) Sharon 2 (20) Sharon 3 (20) Sharon 4 (6) Sharon 5 (18) Sharon 6 (6) Sharon 7 (2)	Record 2373 Record 2374 Record 2375 Record 2376 Record 2377 Record 2378 Record 2452	Expires July 14, 19824 Expires July 16, 19824 Expires Sopt. 6, 19824
1982 STAKING		

1982 STAKING

Jen # 2 (1)	Record 2686	Expires July 19, 1983
Mitch #3 (1)	Record 2685	Expires July 14, 1983
Pope 2 (3)	Record 2684	Expires July 13, 1983
Sharon 8 (12)	Record 2687	Expires Aug. 20, 1983
Alder (2)	Record 2735	Expires Oct. , 1983

TOTAL

6 crown granted claims 27 recorded claims (124 units) 132 units

^{*} Taxes due July 2nd, annually.

** Pertaining to modified grid claims.

** Notice to group # 2590 and supplemental notice filed; all claims except Sharon 1 and 8 are in the "Jacquot Group" proper.

Assessment work has been filed in August 1982 to keep these claims in good standing until 1984.

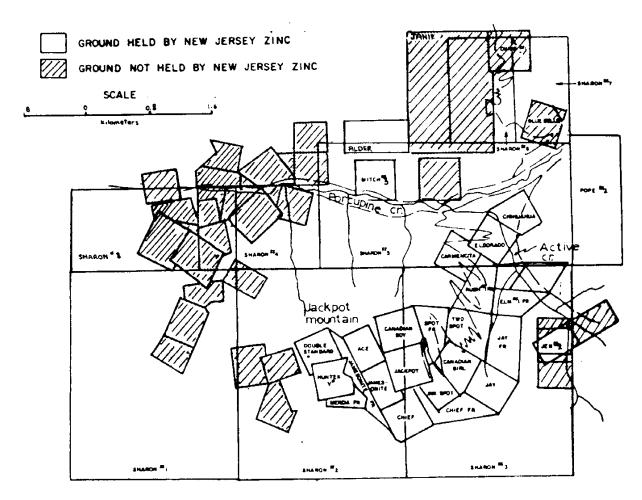


FIGURE 3 - JACKPOT PROPERTY CLAIM GROUP

The highest elevation occurs in the southeast part of the claim group at 6340 feet (1930 m).

IV. PROPERTY HISTORY

The history of the property dates back to about the turn of the century when early exploration endeavours focused on the silver potential in the center part of the property. Between 1902 and 1929, the Double Standard and Hunter V glory holes were excavated and mined for their silver and gold by various syndicates. From 1949 to present, the property has been owned by New Jersey Zinc Exploration Co. (Canada) Ltd. The work by New Jersey Zinc Exploration Co. (Canada) Ltd. has concentrated on the evaluation of several base metal (Pb-Zn) deposits as described by Fyles and Hewlett (1959, p121-124).

V. GEOLOGY

A) Regional Setting

Regional geology of the area has been documented by Drysdale (1917), Walker (1934), Little (1960, 1965) and Fyles and Hewlett (1959). The Jackpot Property is situated within the critical Lower Cambrian carbonate stratigraphy that hosts a major lead-zinc province extending from the Coeur d'Alene (Washington, U.S.A.) area to the Kootenay Area (B.C.).

B) Local Geology

The oldest rocks underlying the Jackpot property are comprised of pure and impure quartzites of the Quartzite Range Formation. These are succeeded by impure quartzites and metasediments (Reno Member), impure carbonate metasediments (Truman Member) and by limestone, marble and dolomite that

constitute the Reeves member; all of these are part of the Laib Formation. Siltstone and sandstone clastic metasediments that in part are penecontemporaneous and in part post date the above sequences form major constituents. All of this supracrustal sequence is intruded by mafic to felsic plutonic rocks of Mesozoic Age.

Several types of mineralization are present on the Jackpot property:

- i) silver-gold with attendant lead-zinc mineralization is associated with limestone on the central part of the property;
- ii) lead-zinc mineralization is associated with dolomite in the central and east parts of the property. Five main base metal zones have been outlined including the <u>Jamesonite</u>, <u>West</u>, <u>Main</u>, <u>Lerwick</u> and <u>East Zones</u> (Fyles and Hewlett, 1959).

VI. DIAMOND DRILLING

INTRODUCTION

The three drill holes described in this report were all drilled during the period July 28 to August 3, 1982:

Hole #	Start	<u>Finish</u>	Depth	
JP82-12A	July 28	July 30	165.2m	(542.0 feet)
JP82-13	July 31	August l	160m	(525.0 feet)
JP82-14	August 1	August 3	161.5m	(530.0 feet)
	тота	${f L}$	486.7m	(1597 feet)

The drilling produced a 4.73cm (1 7/8 inches) or NQ diameter core. The drill holes are located in Figure 4 and detailed logs are given in the appendix. In the logs the Reeves has been subdivided into laminated limestone (unit 4A), dolomite (4b) and coarse-grained marble (4c).

The core is stored in racks in a core shack located at the end of a small road that leads off the sixth switchback of the Jackpot Switchback road near the 4100 level adit (figure 2).

DRILL HOLE JP82-12A

Drill hole JP82-12A was collared 122.07m (400.5 feet) south-southeast (197.5° Azimuth) of the northeast corner of the Jamesonite Claim (Record #1362). (Figure 4). The hole was planned to test the northeast extension of the West Zone and was spotted 54.8m (180 feet) northeast of the previous drilling. The hole was drilled at an azimuth of 309° at a dip of - 83°. Dip tests (see sheet #1, drill log JP82-12A) indicates only minor flattening to -81° towards the bottom of the hole.

The hole intersected mostly limestone/
dolomite of the Reeves Member and metasediments of the
Reno and Truman members. The extension of the West Zone
was intersected between footages 70.0 (21.3m) and 87.0
feet (26.5m); the most sulphides (30 to 40% pyrite +
pyrrhotite + sphalerite) were encountered at footages 71.9

9 .

to 72.9 (21.9 - 22.2m). A second, previously unknown zone was found to occur between footages 285.0 - 317.2 (86.9 - 96.7m).

DRILL HOLE JP82-13

Drill hole JP82-13 was collared 271.0m (889.0 feet) southeast (125° azimuth) of the northwest corner of the Jackpot Claim (Record # 1357) (see Figure 4). The hole was planned to test the downdip extension of the Main Zone. The hole was drilled at an azimuth of 309° at a dip of - 50.5° . Dip tests (sheet #1, drill log JP82-13) indicates the hole underwent minor flattening to - 48° at the end of the hole.

The hole intersected gabbro and metasediments of the Reno member to footage 249.8 (76.1m) and thereafter was in carbonate rocks of the Reeves member. The south extension of the Main Zone was intersected between footages 400.0 - 473.7 (121.9 - 144.4m).

DRILL HOLE JP82-14

Drill hole JP82-14 was collared 275.8m (905 feet) southeast (114° azimuth) of the northwest corner of the Jackpot Claim (Record #1357) (see Figure 4). The hole was planned to test for the continuity of base metal mineralization between the Main and Lerwick Zones. The hole was drilled vertical (-90°) and dip tests confirmed this flattened only slightly to -88° at the bottom of the hole.

The hole drilled through metasediments of the Reno and Truman members and thereafter intersected Reeves carbonates. Minor granite and lamprophyre sills interrupt this stratigraphy. From 1 to 30% sulphides (pyrite + pyrrhotite + sphalerite) were intersected between footages 303.7 and 385.8 (92.5 - 117.6m) indicating the mineralization does extend between the Lerwick and Main Zones.

CONCLUSIONS

The drilling confirmed the presence further mineralization between the Lerwick, Main and West Zones and extended the down dip extension of the mineralization in the Main Zone.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS

PROPERTY: Jackpot Property (Jamesonite and Jackpot

Claims)

PROVINCE: British Columbia

MINING DIVISION: Nelson

LOCATION: Southeast of Ymir 82F/3E, 6E

OWNER/OPERATOR: New Jersey Zinc Explorations Co.

(Canada) Ltd.

CORE SIZE: NQ (4.73 cm or 1 7/8 inches)

NUMBER OF DRILL HOLES: 3

NUMBER OF FEET DRILLED: 486.7 m (1597 feet)

OPERATING DATES: July 28 to August 3rd, 1982 (Drill Crew)

July 28 to August 8th, 1982 (NJZ Crew)

CORE STORAGE: in a core shack near the entrance of the

4100 level adit (see Figure 2).

OPERATING MAN DAYS: Drill crew (includes double shift) : 22

NJZ : 24

TRAVEL MAN DAYS: 2.5 (DRILL CREW)

DRAFTING MAN DAYS: 1

OFFICE MAN DAYS: 5.5

TOTAL MAN DAYS: 55

TOTAL EXPENDITURE \$ 42,157.43

GEOLOGIST/Supervisor

W. D. Bond : 137 Alfred Avenue, City of North York,

Ontario

PERSONNEL

TEMPORARY STAFF

- J. R. FOSTER 3477 Glen Erin Drive, #54, Mississauga Ontario
- W. J. McGuinty 45 Southpark Drive, Ottawa, Ontario

DRILLING CREW

4 persons from Frontier Drilling Ltd. - 10 Moberly Road, Winfield, B.C. VOH - 2CO

STATEMENT OF COSTS

Drilling Costs

<u> </u>	iring coses			
		40 at 25.00/man/hour	=	28,266.90 1,000.00 455.00
	Drill nours (Star	nas, nace, i is neare as		433.00
	Travel Time:	35.00/hour 20 man hours at \$ 25.00/ hour	=	500.00
	Truck Rental: (d.	rilling crew) 24 man hours		
			=	96.00
	Tractor Rental:		=	595.00
			=	2,135.81
	Drilling Mud:	•	===	1,172.32
	Dip Tests:		==	360.00
	Core Boxes:	81 (20.0 feet/box) at		300.00
	core boxes.		=	558.90
		SUBTOTAL (1)	=\$	35,139.93
<u>Fie</u>	ld Costs (NJZ)			
	Accommodation:	2 persons at 24.50/night x		
		12 nights		588.00
		1 person (supervisor) ×3 night	s	73.50
	Meals:	2 persons at 23.00/day x 12		
		days	=	552.00
		l person (supervisor) x3 days		
		x 23	=	69.00
	Truck Rental:	12 days x 60.00/day		720 00
	a a.	(all inclusive)		720.00
	Core Storage: Equipment:	equipment (wood, metal rods) hammers, metal core box	=	250.00
	Equipment:	tags, sample bags etc.	=	200.00
	Assaying:	189 analysis at 8.00/analysis	=	1,512.00
		one, postage etc.	=	300.00
	Wages:	geologist 90.00/day x 12 days	;=	1,080.00
		core splitter assistant		•
		65.00 / day x 12	=	780.00
		supervisor 3 days at 130.00/		
		day	=	390.00
		SUBTOTAL (2)		6,514.50
				_,
OFF.	ICE COSTS			
		typing services 4 days at 50.	00/	,
		day		200.00
		report writing 1 1/2 days at		
		130.00/day		195.00
		drafting 1 day at 85.00/day		85.00
		miscellaneous (copying, equip	mer	1t) 25.00
		SUBTOTAL (3)		505.00
			_	

TOTAL COSTS

42,159.43

CERTIFICATE

I, William D. Bond, of the City of North York Province of Ontario, do hereby certify that:

- I am a geologist residing at 137 Alfred Avenue, City of North York, Ontario;
- 2. I am a graduate of the University of Waterloo (1970) Hons. B.Sc., Degree and the University of Manitoba (1973) M.Sc., Degree;
- 3. I am a Fellow of the Geological Association of Canada;
- 4. I have been practising my profession for thirteen (13) years;
- on private unpublished and published reports.

 The diamond drill data is new data acquired by New Jersey Exploration Co. (Canada) Ltd. during the period July 28 to August 3, 1982.

Dated at Mississauga, Ontario this Astraga of December, 1982.

William Bond, B.

M.Sc.

CERTIFICATE

I, James R. Foster, of the City of Missisauga Province of Ontario, do hereby certify that:

- I am a geologist residing at 3477 Glenn Erin Drive, Unit 54, City of Mississauga, Ontario;
- 2. I am a graduate of the University of Waterloo (1979) - Hons. B.Sc., Degree;
- 3. I am an Associate Member of the Geological Association of Canada;
- 4. I have been practising my profession for seven (7) years;
- 5. The statements made in this report are based on private unpublished and published reports. The drill data is new data acquired by New Jersey Zinc Exploration Co (Canada) Ltd. during the period July 28 to August 3, 1982.

Dated at Mississauga, Ontario this 15th day of December 1982.

James R. Foster, B.Sc.

FRE

REFERENCES

- Drysdale, C.W.
 - 1917: Ymir Mining Camp, British Columbia Geological Survey Canada Mem. 94; Accompanied by Map 175A (Ymir, Kootenay District), Scale 1:63, 360.
- Fyles, J.T. and Hewlett, C.G.
 1959: Stratigraphy and Structure of the Salmo
 Lead-Zinc Area, B.C. Department of Mines
 Bulletin No. 41, 162 p.
- Little, H.W. Nelson Map-area West Half, British Columbia 1960: G.S.C. Memoir 308 p.
 Accompanied by Map 1090 A (Nelson)
 Scale 1:253.440 (1 inch to 4 miles)
 - 1965: Salmo Map Area British Columbia; G.S.C. map 1145A, Scale 1:63, 360 (1 inch to 1 mile).
- Walker, J.F. Geology and Mineral Deposits of Salmo
 1934: Map-area, British Columbia, Geological
 Survey Canada Mem. No. 172, Accompanied
 by Map 299A (Salmo Sheet) Scale 1 inch to
 1 mile or 1:63, 360.

APPENDIX

Hole JP82-12A

Hole JP82-13

Hole JP82-14

CODE TO DRILL LOGS

C.A. = core axis

ft = feet

gal = galena

Pb = lead

po = pyrrhotite

py = pyrite

sph = sphalerite

NAME OF	PROPERTY		JACKPO	T			
HOLE NO.	JP82-12A	1	LENGTH _	542.0 ft			
LOCATION	049° AZ fo	or 188 f	t from D	DHJ12; West	t Zone		
LATITUDE			DEPARTU	۹E			
ELEVATION			AZIMUTH	309	DIP	<u>-83⁰</u>	
/ # A D T C D	πιτν ορ 1	ເດຍວີ.		ππv 30	1002		

Und	correc	ted	Cor		
FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH	FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH
0	-83 ^O	309 ^O	0	-83 ^O	309 ^O
200	-85 ⁰		200	-83 ⁰	
542	-80 ^O		542	-81 ^O	

HOLE NO. JP82-12A SHEET NO. 1

REMARKS Drilled from JP82-12

setup at same Azimuth but dip of 83°

LOGGED BY J.R. FOSTER

OOTAGE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE	Zn Ph Ag Au
ROM TO			
0 4.0	CASING		
0 8.8	CHERT (REEVES FM UNIT 4a) - pale mauve colour, similar to chert at top of JP82-12. - wollastonite bands are present, oriented at 85-90 to C.A.		
.8 21.4	LIMESTONE (REEVES FM UNIT 4a) - fine to medium grained with minor coarse grained marble sections. - very well banded on 1 - 10cm scale, with numerous lmm black carbonaceous laminae in medium grey fine grained limestone bands. - wollastonite bands are present, generally oriented at 85° - 90° to C.A. 14.0 - 15.0 ft - wollastonite section 17.0 ft - banding at 85° to C.A. 21.4 ft - lower contact set at disappearance of white limestone bands; contact at 70° to C.A.		

NAME OF PROPER . Y JACKPOT

SHEET NO 2 of 7

FOOTAGE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE	Zn Pb ^{ASSAYS} Au
FROM TO	SESSITI TION	NO. TOTAL	. 07 TON 02 TON
21.4 35.8	LIMESTONE/DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (REEVES FM UNIT 4a) - fine grained light to medium grey; limestone is found in greater quantity than dolomitic limestone, chert bands are rare. - unit is distinguished by numerous contorted and brecciated carbonaceous laminae and bands up to 1cm wide. - overall sulphide content is less than 1%. 31.0 - 31.3 ft - limestone/chert band with 10% sph and py in tension fractures; overall Zn content from 30.0 - 33.0 ft estimated less than 1%. 35.8 ft - lower contact set where carbonaceous laminae become rare; contact at 65°		
35.8 53.5	to C.A. DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (REEVES FM UNIT 4b) - fine grained, light to medium grey, vaguely banded. - carbonaceous patches present, but rare. - overall sulphide content less than 1%, only py recognized. 47.0 ft - banding at 40 to C.A. 53.5 ft - contact set at reappearance of abundant carbonaceous material.		
53.5 90.3	 DOLOMITE (REEVES FM UNIT 4b) fine grained light grey, some calcareous patches and bands present. carbonaceous laminae are generally contorted or brecciated, decrease in size and number downhole disappear after 83.0 ft. serpentine - rich bands appear from 63.0 to 78.0 ft. overall sulphide content is less than 1%, but is locally concentrated up to 30 - 40% over short core lengths; sulphides are generally found as massive and semi-massive bands rather than as disseminations. 		

HOLE NO JP82-12A SHEET NO. 3 of 7

FOOTAGE	DESCRIPTION.		SAMPLE		Zn Pb ASSAYS Au			7				
FROM TO	DESCRIPTION	NO SULPH FOOTAGE				NO SULPH FOOTAGE		T				
			IDES	FRO	M	to	TOTAL	1	*	G7 TON	GZ TON	
	- banding tends to be weak or non-existant over much of unit 68.0 ft - banding at 50 to C.A. 70.0 - 73.0 ft - sulphides increasing to 8 - 9% overall, best section is from 71.9 to 72.9 ft with 30 - 40% po, py and sph; overall Zn											
	estimated at 1 - 2%; sulphide bands oriented at 45° to C.A. 73.0 - 90.3 ft - sulphides decrease to less than 1% overall, some 5-6mm bands of massive py + po occur at 79.0 - 82.0 ft.											
	79.0 - 79.7 ft - several oxidized fractures present. 85.5 - 85.7 ft - oxidized fracture. 90.3 ft - contact obscured by broken core; does not appear to be fault zone, but normal intrusive contact.	t		-								
90.3 119.5	FELDSPAR PORPHYRY - similar to porphyry in JP82-12 - contains numerous inclusions and intrusions of diorite and trondhjemite. 107.1 - 107.4 ft											
119.5 139.8	DIORITE - medium grained, massive; CI = 25 - 30 - becomes fine grained, contains quartzite inclusions near lower contact 139.8 ft - lower contact at 85° to C.A.		· The									

JACKPC NAME OF PROPER . . _

JP82-12A

4 of 7 HOLE NO. ____ SHEET NO. ___ FOOTAGE SAMPLE ASSAYS Ag DESCRIPTION FOOTAGE FROM 40 UZ TON OZ TON TO 139.5 285.0 QUARTZITE - (RENO FM) - fine grained, dark grey to black. - quartzite is well bedded; beds are defined by black argillaceous partings; some dark green weakly calcareous beds are present beds are 1-2cm wide or less, but some more massive sections occur downhole. - sulphide content is 1 - 2% overall, appears to be almost entirely py as fracture coatings and mixed in with argillaceous partings; some po is also present. - bedding at 40° to C.A. 148.5 ft - possible nose of fold - bedding at 45° to C.A. 160.8 ft 161.0 169.6 - 170.3 ft - garnets present - black argillaceous partings at 35° 186.0 ft to C.A. - bedding at 55° to C.A.
- bedding at 45° to C.A.
- bedding at 85° to C.A. 200.0 ft 215.0 ft 225.0 ft - bedding becomes contorted and 230.0 - 285.0 ft brecciated locally; generally bedding is at 80 - 90 to C.A. - dirty wacke unit, weakly calcareous. 241.0 - 253.0 ft 268.5 - 285.0 ft - narrow trondhjemitic dykes intrude quartzite parallel to bedding planes; dykes are 0.1 - 0.5 ft wide; lower contact of quartzite marked by dyke. 285.0 ft - lower contact obscured by blocky core, may be fault

NAME OF PROPERTY JACK

HOLE NO JP82-12A SHEET NO. 5 of 7

FOOTAGE		SAMPLE		7n			ASSAYS Aq	Au
FROM TO	DESCRIPTION	NO. SULPH FOOTAGE		T .	OZ TON	OZ TON		
285.0 295.	DOLOMITE (REEVES FORMATION UNIT 4b) - fine to medium grained, white to light grey, weakly banded at 60° to C.A. - overall sulphide content is 1 - 2%, confined to massive and semi-massive bands and laminae 1 - 30mm wide; only po, py and sph present. 285.0 - 288.3 ft - overall 2% sulphides, Zn estimated less than 0.5%, best sulphide concentration is 10% from 287.5 - 288.3 ft. 288.3 - 292.0 ft - overall 1% sulphides, mostly sph, po and rare py; Zn estimated less than 0.5%. 292.0 - 295.0 ft - up to 1% sulphides, mostly disseminated sph, Zn less than 0.5%.							
295.0 364.								

NAME OF PROPER JACKPOI

HOLE NO. JP82-12A SHEET NO. 6 of 7

FOOTAGE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE ASSAYS Zn Pb Ag Au
FROM TG		NO. SULPH FOOTAGE IDES FROM TO TOTAL
398.1 483.3	 very well laminated and banded; bands are brown biotite-rich, green amphibole-rich or white quartz-rich; banding is at 50° to C.A. numerous narrow trondhjemite dykelets intrude skarn concordantly or slightly discordantly. amphibole-rich skarn becomes dominant downhole, possibly indicating volcanic provenance. 296.9 - 398.1 ft - trondhjemitic dyke found at lower contact; contact at 75° to C.A. 	

NAME OF PROPER JAC

HOLE NO JP82-12A SHEET NO 7 OF 7

F00	TAGE		SAMPLE	Zn Pb Ag Au
FROM	Ţΰ	DESCRIPTION	NO SULPH FOOTAGE IDES FROM TO TOTAL	Zn Pb Ag Au . oz ton cz ton
		- sulphide content generally is much less than 1% overall 405.7 - 406.0 ft - siliceous band at 55° to C.A., features mauve siliceous patches and wollastonite. 408.9 ft - massive sph band up to 0.5 cm wide oriented at 45° to C.A. 421.0 ft - vague banding at 55° to C.A. 447.0 ft - vague banding at 60° to C.A. 458.0 ft - banding at 45° to C.A. 472.0 ft - banding at 50° to C.A. 483.3 ft - lower contact at 45° to C.A.		
483.3	505.2	LIMESTONE (REEVES FM UNIT 4c) - medium to coarse grained massive marble; white and light grey, no carbonaceous material is present; sulphide content much less than 1%. - vague banding is locally present at 40° to C.A. - some fine grained limestone sections appear near lower contact; contact set at disappearance of marble sections. 505.2 ft - contact at 60° to C.A.	·	
505.2	542.0	DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (REEVES FM UNIT 4b) - fine grained, light to medium grey, some carbonaceous patches are present locally. - some medium and coarse grained sections and bands are present. - grain size increase downhole. - sulphide content is much less than 1%. 517.0 ft - banding at 70° to C.A. 530.0 ft - banding at 60° to C.A.		
242.00 542.00 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500		END OF HOLE	□ Trace.	

NAME	OF	PROPERTY	J.	ACKPOT					
HOLE	NO.	<u>лр82-13</u>		_ LENGTH .	525.	0_ft			
LOCAT	ION	AZ 1790	FOR 1	51 FT FROM	DDH J-7;	MAIN	ZONE	······································	
LATIT	JDE			DEPARTU	RE				
ELEVA	TION	·		DEPARTU AZIMUTH	309		DIP	-50.5°	
START	ED .	JULY 31, 1	982	FINISHED	AUGUST	1. 19	982		

Uncc	rrecte	ed	Corr		
FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH	FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH
0	-50.5°	3090	0	-50.5°	309 ^O
250	-55 ⁰		250	-49 ⁶	
525	-54 ⁰		525	-48 ^O	
[]					

HOLE NO. JP82-13 SHEET NO. 1

LOGGED BY J.R. FOSTER

F 0 0	FAGE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE	Zn Pb ^{A S} AĞ ^{A Y S} Au
FROM	то			
0	15.0	CASING		
15.0	88.5	GABBRO - medium grained, subtly feldspar porphyritic; mafic content 35 - 40% biotite and amphibole. - minor siliceous granitoid dykelets intrude gabbro 38.2 - 38.5 ft - granitoid dyke oriented at 45 to C.A. 42.0 - 43.0 ft - broken core, possible fracture 45.0 - 47.5 ft - broken core, possible fracture 84.1 - 84.3 ft - granitoid dyke at 90 to C.A. 88.5 ft - lower contact at 60 to C.A.	-	
88.5	96.2	MAFIC LAMPROPHYRE - porphyritic; biotite phenocrysts up to 3mm are in a very fine grained massive matrix. - lower contact obscured by blocky core.		
96.2	159.9	GABBRO - similar to above gabbro 134.6 - 135.3 ft - granitoid dyke at 50 [°] to C.A.		
			o n trace	

NAME OF PROPERTY_______JACKPOT HOLE NO _____JP82-13 ______ SHEET NO. ____ 2 of 11 ______

F00	TAGE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE	Zn	Pb	ASSAYS Aq	Au
FROM	TC:	UESCRIF HUR	NO SULPH FOOTAGE DES FROM TO TOTAL		4.	07 TON	OZ TON
		145.6 - 147.3 ft - altered gabbro, probable fault zone, biotite is totally altered to chlorite (?) feldspar are weakly carbonatized, matrix is oxidized. 150.0 - 151.2 ft - pegmatitic quartz and feldspar dyke on half of core, orientation is highly irregular. 159.9 ft - lower contact appears slightly chilled oriented at 65 to C.A.					
159.9	173.8	WACKE (RENO FM) - relatively siliceous dirty greywacke with quartzite laminae up to 0.5 cm wide. - laminae in wacke are highly contorted often brecciated, indicating very strong folding - wacke is fine grained medium to dark grey, usually biotite-rich in dark laminae. - sulphide content is much less than 1%. 173.6 - 173.8 ft - possible breccia zone, may be primary intraformational conglomerate with quartzitic clasts in biotite-rich matrix. 173.8 ft - contact oriented at 80° to C.A.					
173.8	184.6	DIORITE/GABBRO - chilled upper and lower contacts - intrusion is slightly less mafic than preceding gabbros. 184.6 ft - lower contact at 85° to C.A.					

NAME OF PROPERTY_______JACKPOT

JP82-13

3 OI 11

FOOTAGE SAMPLE ASSAYS Ag Au DESCRIPTION FOOTAGE FROM TO OZ TON OZ TON TRONDHJEMITE 184.6 189.7 - medium grained, contains numerous biotite-rich inclusions. 189.7 ft - lower contact at 90° to C.A. 189.7 203.6 QUARTZITE (RENO FM) - well recrystallized, very siliceous, minor biotite-rich laminae often well brecciated; in general laminae are too contorted or brecciated for reliable bedding angle determinations. - sulphide content much less than 1%, only po recognized. - lower contact at 40° to C.A. 203.6 ft 203.6 | 206.3 TRONDHJEMITE - similar to above trondhjemite, but with few inclusions - lower contact at 50° to C.A. 206.3 ft 206.3 | 243.8 QUARTZITE (RENO FM) - similar to unit at 189.7 - 203.6 ft, but considerably less contorted and brecciated. - bedding is at low angle to C.A.; beds are 1 cm to 10 cm wide (true thickness). - sulphide content is much less than 1% - wacke interbeds become common, bedding is at 20 to C.A. 213.0 - 227.0 ft 228.0 ft - bedding sub-parallel to C.A. - possible intraformational 236.6 ft conglomerate or breccia, clasts are pebble sized, bed oriented at 25 to C.A. - contact set at first appearance 243.8 ft of trondhjemite dykelets; contact is verv irregular.

NGPIDGES - TORONTO - 366-116

NAME OF PROPER . JACKPO HOLE NO. JP82-13 SHEET NO. 4 OF 11

FOC	TAGE		SAMPLE						Zn	Pb	A Ş	ASSAYS Au			
FROM	то	DESCRIPTION	NO.	~ SULF			FO	OTAGE		211	T			<u></u>	
				IDES		FROM	Ι	T 0	TOTAL	<u> </u>	`.	0.	7 TON	GZ TON	
243.8	249.8	HYBRID TRONDHJEMITE/WACKE MIXED UNIT - numerous trondhjemite dykes with biotite-rich wacke inclusions. - lower contact is essentially gradational from mafic-poor trondhjemite to silicified mafic-free skarn; actual contact is extremely irregular, oriented at 20 to C.A.													
249.8	259.0	DOLOMITE (REEVES FM UNIT 4b) - white, fine grained, massive - upper 0.5 ft of dolomite is a well silicified skarn - overall sulphide content is 1 - 2%; most sulphides are concentrated at 249.8 - 251.2 ft. 249.8 - 251.2 ft - overall sulphide content is 4 - 5%; Zn estimated to be 1 - 2%; sph, py and rare galena are present. 251.2 - 259.0 ft - overall sulphide content drops to 1% or less, mostly finely disseminated sph and py. 259.0 ft - lower contact oriented at 70° to C.A.; may be fracture zone or fault.				•									1
259.0	266.0	ANDESITIC DYKE - very fine grained, no phenocrysts; dark purple-brown colour; talc is developed on fracture surfaces. - overall sulphide content is 1 - 2%, mostly py with lesser po confined to fracture surfaces. 266.0 ft - lower contact at 40° to C.A.		, w nu											

NAME OF PROPER . / JACKPO

HOLE NO. _______ SHEET NO. _____ 5 of 11

FOC	TAGE	DESCRIPTION	Ī	SAMPLE		Zn	Pb	ASAAYS	Au		
FROM	то		NO. *	SULPH IDES	FROM	FOOTAGE	TOTAL	~.	~,	OZ TON	OZ TON
266.0	275.0	TRONDHJEMITE - similar to hybrid unit at 243.8 - 249.8 ft, but with less wacke inclusions. 275.0 ft - contact appears gradational with silicified calcareous skarn, arbitrarily set at last wacke inclusion; oriented at 50 to C.A.									
275.0	358.3	LIMESTONF (REEVES FM UNIT 4c) - fine to medium grained, white; well laminated on 1-5mm scale, laminations disappear downhole in medium grained limestone. - sulphides are extremely rare. 275.0 - 280.0 ft - calcareous skarn with several well laminated siliceous calc-silicate skarn sections. 280.0 - 295.6 ft - well laminated limestone laminae at 55 to C.A. 295.6 - 304.6 ft - massive medium grained limestone 296.3 - 296.5 ft - wollastonite-rich band 303.6 - 303.9 ft - wollastonite-rich band at 80 to C.A. 304.6 - 316.9 ft - laminated limestone, laminae at 70 to C.A. 316.9 - 332.0 ft - coarse grained massive marble, no sulphides 354.0 - 358.3 ft - coarse grained massive marble 158.3 ft - lower contact at 60 to C.A.	į								
358.3	366.2	DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE/LIMESTONE (REEVES FM UNIT 4b) - fine to medium grained, less dolomitic toward lower contact; medium to dark grey - sulphide content 2%, increases to 6% po + py at lower contact.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							

FORM 2

NAME OF PROPER . / JACKPOT SHEET NO. 6 of 11

			HOLE NOPBZ=13	SHEET NO.
FOO	TAGE	DESCRIPTION		
FROM	TO			
		358.3 - 363.2 ft - 2% sulphides, mostly po, py rare sph - 6% sulphides, only po and py recognized.		
366.2	385.3	LIMESTONE/DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (REEVES FM UNIT 4b) - medium grained, light grey; overall sulphide content drops to less than 1%; only sph, py and po recognized. 373.0 - 376.0 ft - sph content increases to 2% Zn estimated at 1%, massive sph seam 1 cm wide at 373.2 ft. 382.0 - 385.3 ft - sulphide content is 1-2%, Zn estimated less than 1%, sulphide bands are at 80° to C.A.		
385.3	432.5	DOLOMITE (REEVES FM UNIT 4b) - medium grained, white to light. grey, massive - occasional calcareous patches are present - sulphides are irregularly distributed into bands of massive or semi-massive mineralization; bands are up to 3cm wide with 20 - 100% sulphides - sulphides are mostly py, po, sph and rare galena; both blue-black and honey coloured sph are present 385.3 - 388.0 ft - 3% py, po, sph; less than 1% Zn; sulphide bands are at 85° to C.A.; sky blue talc appears on some fracture faces - 1% po, sph, py; less than 1% Zn; sulphide bands at 70-85° to C.A.; extremely rare galena present.		

NAME OF PROPERTY JACKP

HOLE NO. JP82-13 SHEET NO. 7 of 11

FOOT	AGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE	Zn Pb Ag Au
FROM	то		DESCRIPTION	NO SULPH FOOTAGE 10ES FROM TO TOTAL	, o, oz ton oz ton
Andrew Management of the Control of		391.0 - 394.0 ft	- less than 1% po, py, sph; Zn is much less than 1%.		
		394.0 - 397.0 ft	- 2% po, sph, py; Zn increases but still less than 1%.		
		397.0 - 400.0 ft	- 1% po, sph, py; Zn content decreases to much less than 1%.		
		400.0 - 403.5 ft	- 10% py and sph; dolomite is replaced by calcite in sulphide rich sections, Zn content is up to 1% overall.		
		403.5 - 408.3 ft	- very calcareous; sulphides are py and sph, no po present; 30% sulphides overall arranged in semi-massive bands; estimated 7-8% Zn; bands are oriented at 80° to C.A.		
		408.3 - 411.8 ft	- 6% py and sph overall; host rock is dolomitic but more calcareous in close proximity to sulphides; Zn content is 1 - 2%.	-	
		411.8 - 419.5 ft	- sulphides drop to less than 1%; mostly sph and minor py in narrow seams at 80° to C.A.		
		419.5 - 421.9 ft	- 3% py and sph, Zn up to 1%, sulphide banding at 85 to C.A.		
		421.9 - 425.2 ft	- 35% sph and py in semi-massive to massive mineralized bands at 90° to C.A.; Zn content is 8 - 10%.		
		425.2 - 432.5 ft	- oxidized fault zone, rods dropped 5 ft; Zn content estimated 8 - 10% in recovered core.		

e.apm

NAME OF PROPERT , JACK	POI		
HOLE NO JP82-13	SHEET NO	8 of .11	

432.5 451.5 LIMISTONE (Ranvies PM UNIT 4b) 432.5 451.5 LIMISTONE (Ranvies PM UNIT 4b) - white, nedium grained, occasional barren white doloritic sections. - sulphides content variable, arranged in bands and local concentrations of semi-massive to massive py and sph; both blue-black and honey sph are present. 432.5 - 435.2 ft. - 5° sph and py, 2n is 1° overall, sulphides are in bands are of disseminations, bands are at 75° to C.A. 435.2 - 438.1 ft. - 5° spy and sph, first appearance of galena as disserduations and in fractures; 2n decreases to less than 18, 7b is less than 18. - 10° py and sph, rare galena; sph is present mostly as discrete disseminated grains rather than in seams or bands; 2n is - 30 overall, pb less than 18. 440.3 - 442.9 ft. - 440.3 ft. - 10° sph and sph, rare galena; sph is present mostly as in sare as a substitute of the control of	FOOTAGE		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE					Zn	Pb	assays Ag	Au	
- white, medium grained, occasional barren white dolomitic sections. - sulphides content variable, arranged in bands and local concentrations of semi-massive to massive py and sph; both blue-black and honey sph are present. 432.5 - 435.2 ft - 5% sph and py; Zn is 1% overall, sulphides are in bands and disseminations, bands are at 75 to C.A. 435.2 - 438.1 ft - 5% py and sph, first appearance of galena as disseminations and in fractures; Zn decreases to less than 1%, Pb is less than 1%, Pb is less than 1% is present mostly as discrete disseminated grains rather than in seams or bands; Zn is 2 - 3% overall, Pb less than 1%. 440.3 - 442.9 ft - up to 1% py and sph in massive dolomite section. 442.9 - 444.5 ft - 10% sph + py overall, galena is rare to absent, Zn is 3-4%; sph appears as both blue-black and honey coloured varities, but latter is becoming rage; sulphide banding is at 65° to C.A.	FRÒM	то	223 1,01		1	FROM						1	
	432.5	451.5	- white, medium grained, occasional barren white dolomitic sections. - sulphides content variable, arranged in bands and local concentrations of semi-massive to massive py and sph; both blue-black and honey sph are present. 432.5 - 435.2 ft - 5% sph and py; Zn is 1% overall, sulphides are in bands and disseminations, bands are at 75° to C.A. 435.2 - 438.1 ft - 5% py and sph, first appearance of galena as disseminations and in fractures; Zn decreases to less than 1%, Pb is less than 1%. 438.1 - 440.3 ft - 10% py and sph, rare galena; sph is present mostly as discrete disseminated grains rather than in seams or bands; Zn is 2 - 3% overall, Pb less than 1%. 440.3 - 442.9 ft - up to 1% py and sph in massive dolomite section. 442.9 - 444.5 ft - 10% sph + py overall, galena is rare to absent, Zn is 3-4%; sph appears as both blue-black and honey coloured varities, but latter is becoming rage; sulphide banding is at 65										

NGRIDGES - TORONTO - 366-1168

FORM 2

NAME OF PROPER . JACKPOT

HOLE NO. JP82-13 SHEET NO. 9 of 11

				HOLEI	NO.			UPC.		5	HEE	T NO.	9 ()1 11
F00	TAGE	DESCRIPTION				SAM	IPLE			Zn]	Pb	assays Ag	Au
FROM	70		NO.	SULP IDES	·	FROM	F	OOT A G	TOTAL	—		~.	OZ TON	OZ TON
		444.5 - 448.2 ft - 5% sulphides mostly sph with rarer py and po no galena noted; sulphides are in bands and disseminations bands are at 80° to C.A. In is 2.3%.									_			•
	Approximate the second	448.2 - 451.5 ft - 5% sulphides mostly po and sph 7n is 1 - 2% sulphide bands are at 80° to C.A.												
		451.5 ft - contact placed at bottom of calcareous sulphide band oriented at 80 to C.A.												
451.5	467.3	 DOLOMITE (REEVES FM UNIT 4b) fine to medium grained vaguely colour banded due to local weak concentrations of disseminated sulphides and other dark impurities. overall sulphide content is less than 1% mostly po with lesser sph and py sulphides are weakly concentrated in bands as disseminated grains or as massive fracture fillings less than 1 cm wide. both blue-black and honey coloured sphalerite are present. 467.3 ft - vague contact at 75 to C.A. 				·								
467.3	480.3	DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (REEVES FM UNIT 4b) - similar to above dolomitic but more calcareous - white fine to medium grained vaguely banded - sulphide content increases locally to 3.4% 467.3 - 470.3 ft - 3-4% po, sph and py; Zn is up to 1% only blue-black. Sph is present weak banding at 80 to C.A.												
				, ™ towa										

THE SOLUTION OF SUCCESSION AND

NAME OF PROPERTY JACKPOT

HOLE NO JP82-13 SHEET NO 10 of 11

	- A - C - P			1	IVEE N	0			SH	EET NO).	OI II
FOO	TAGE		DESCRIPTION			SAMPI			Zn	Pb	ASSAYS Aq	Au
FROM	TO			ИО	: SULPH	FROM	FOOTAGE TO	TOTAL	-	~.	OZ TON	OZ TON
		470.3 - 473.7 ft	- 3 - 4% po, sph and py; 7n is up to 1% sulphides are concentrated into diffuse									
		473.7 - 480.3 ft	 bands oriented at 80° to C.A. sulphide content drops to less than 1%. 									
to any make any distriction of the control of the c		479.7 - 480.3 ft	- coarse marble band marks lower contact at 70° to C.A.									
480.3	502.7	concentrated up to 30% or content is 1 - 3%.	sive to very weakly banded gularly distributed locally is ver short core lengths, overall sulphide									
		480.3 - 487.1 ft 487.1 - 489.7 ft	 less than 1% sulphides 3% sph and po and lesser py, Zn up to 1% sulphide banding at 80 to C.A. 			•						
		489.7 - 490.9 ft 490.9 - 493.2 ft	 much less than 1% sulphides 2% sulphides less than 1% Zn banding at 50 to C.A. 									
		493.2 - 495.7 ft 495.7 - 498.1 ft	 barren dolomite 6% sulphides mostly po, py and minor sph Zn less than 1% 									
		498.1 - 500.5 ft	sulphide banding at 60° to C.A. - 4% sulphides mostly po, sph with minor py, Zn up to 1% prominent 1 - 2 cm wide sulphide band at 170° to C.A. normal banding at 60° to C.A. - vague contact at 60° to C.A.									
İ		502.7 ft	- vague contact at 60° to C.A.									
					. 48 - 144 g							

IGRIDGES - TORON19 - 366-116

JACKPOT

NAME OF	PROPER: Y		v stated a more regional of the State of the
HOLE NO.	JP82-13	SHEET NO. 11 of	11

FOO	TAGE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE	Zn Ph ASSAYS Ag Au
FPOM	10	DESCRIPTION	NO SULPH FOOTAGE IDES FROM TO TOTAL	. ~ OZ TON OZ TON
502.7	525.0	DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (REEVES FM UNIT 4b) - white medium grained massive slightly more calcareous than preceding dolomite. - sulphides irregularly distributed overall content is up to 1% sph, po and py with very rare galena. 502.7 - 505.5 ft - less than 1% sulphides mostly sph with minor py and po. 505.5 - 507.5 ft - 2-3% py, sph and po; Zn content is 0.5 - 1%. 507.5 - 509.8 ft - much less than 1% sulphides. 509.8 - 513.8 ft - 2% sulphides mostly sph with lesser py, po and rare galena, weak sulphide banding at 30 to C.A. 513.8 - 524.5 ft - sulphides decrease to much less than 1%. 524.5 - 524.8 ft - fracture zone with limy mud. 524.8 - 525.0 ft END OF HOLE	TOES PROM TO TOTAL	
			. Williams	

AS ... OTELEROL ... PROGRESM

NAME O	F PROPERTY	JACKPOT				
HOLE N	o. <u>JP32-14</u>	LENGTH	530.0 f	t		
OCATIO	007 ^O 7/2 f	for 104 ft from DDH.	17			
ATITUD) E	DEPARTURE				
ELEVATI	ON	AZIMUTH	_	DIP	900	
STARTE	August 1,	1982 FINISHED	August 3,	1982		

CHCOL	recue	ط :	COLLE	ected	
FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH	FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH
0	-90°		0	-90 ^O	
250	-89 ^O		250	-89 ^O	
530	-88 ^O		530	-38 ^O	

HOLE NO. _____ SHEET NO. _____

LOGGED BY J.R. FOSTER

- 0 0	TAGE	DESCRIPTION		•	SAMPLE	Zn	Pb	A SAS A	Y Āu
FROM	то	D E 3 C K I F I I O N	NO. SUL	LPH.	FOOTAGE FROM TO TOTAL		યુ	1	N OZ/TON
0	10.0	CASING							
10.0	42.0	CALC-SILICATE SKARN (RENO FM) - strongly metamorphosed sediments, probably dirty quartzarenites and wackes with numerous limy interbeds. - bedding is on 1 - 10mm scale, strongly contorted and dragfolded such that bedding angles to C.A. are extremely variable. - core is very blocky. 10.0 - 26.5 ft - very blocky core. 27.0 - 30.5 ft - minor quartz vein 1 cm wide parallel to bedding; po is concentrated in skarn host adjacent to vein; bedding varies from 40 to 25 to C.A. 30.5 - 42.0 ft - very blocky core							
12.0	63.5	QUARTZITE (RENO FM) - fine grained medium green with some brownish biotite rich brecciated bands.		·***					

NAME OF PROPER:

FOOTAGE SAMPLE ASSAYS Au DESCRIPTION ". SULPH FOOTAGE FROM 07 TON OZ TON - quartzite is weakly mineralized with 1 - 2% py. - locally unit is massive to well laminated may actually be felsic tuff. - numerous narrow trondhjemitic dykes intrude quartzite, generally parallel to bedding/foliation planes. 45.5 - 50.0 ft - quartzite appears to be weakly altered to quartz - epidote muscovite - calcite assemblage; 1-2% py is present 50.0 - 63.5 ft - number of trondhjemitic dykes is increasing downhole, dykes are altered to pale green colour. 63.5 ft - irregular intrusive contact at 30° to C.A. 63.5 76.0 PEGMATITE - coarse grained to pegmatitic, white to pale green. - pale green muscovite appears as single laminae and in bluegreen aggregates. - black massive mineral (tourmaline?) up to 1 cm is disseminated sparsely in permatite. - lower contact is apparently gradational. 76.0 91.0 TRONDHJEMITE - medium to coarse grained, locally pegmatitic - white to light grey, massive with numerous brown biotite-rich inclusions; some calcareous quartzite inclusions present. - lower contact obscured by broken core.

HOLE NO. JP82-14 SHEET NO. 3 OF 11

FOO	TAGE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE	Zn Pb ASSAYS Au
FROM	TO	DESCRIPTION	NO SULPH FOOTAGE	, or ton or ton
91.0	122.7	CALC-SILICATE SKARN/METASEDIMENT (TRUMAN FM) - siliceous, well laminated on 1 - 10mm scale - garnetiferous bands appear from 91.0 to 97.0 ft - most bands are biotite-rich, dark brown 92.0 ft - banding at 40 to C.A. 99.0 - 102.0 ft - trondhjemite dykes parallel to banding at 70 to C.A. 102.0 - 122.0 ft - quartz rich bands become prominent; banding at 20 to C.A. 102.0 - 122.0 ft - quartz rich bands become prominent; banding at 20 to C.A. 115.5 ft - garnetiferous bands oriented at 65 to C.A. 122.5 - 122.7 ft - contact zone marked by breccia zone of angular quartzite clasts in white calcite matrix; zone oriented at 45 to C.A.		
122.7	130.0	QUARTZITE (RENO FM) - very siliceous, dark grey, well laminated on lmm scale at 55 to C.A. 130.0 ft - lower contact at 60° to C.A.		
130.0	132.6	TRONDHJEMITE - medium grained, numerous biotite-rich inclusions 132.6 ft - lower contact at 65 to C.A.		
132.6	180.7	LIMESTONE/CALCAREOUS SKARN (TRUMAN FM) - medium grained, light grey, some narrow dark grey argillaceous(?) partings present; unit is well banded. - overall sulphide content is much less than 1%. 132.6 - 137.6 ft - pale green diopside-rich skarn, garnets present; epidote filled fracture present.		

HOLE NO. JP82-14 SHEET NO. 4 Of 11

FOO	TAGE	QECCRIPTION.		SAMPLE		7n	Pb	ASSAYS	Au
FROM	70	DESCRIPTION		NO. SULPH FOOTAGE	TOTAL			OZ TON	OZ TON
FROM	***	- several 2 - 3mm honey special galena grains are preser dark grey banding at 50° - pale green skarn zone; part in 1 cm wide band orient to C.A. 147.0 - 152.0 ft - limestone has numerous plaminae oriented at 70° are contorted, weakly draware contorted, weakly draware contorted, weakly draware change from 40° lino° to C.A., indicates for 154.8 ft. 160.0 ft - purple laminae in limest oriented at 50° to C.A. 165.0 ft - laminae at 70° to C.A. 167.2 - 168.9 ft - granitoid dyke oriented contorted at 50° to C.A. 188 granitoid dyke oriented contorted at 50° to C.A. 199 granitoid dyke oriented contorted at 50° to C.A.	to C.A. by present ced at 70 ourple to C.A.; laminae agfolded. iferous; to C.A. to fold nose at cone at 60° to mestone	NO.	TOTAL		··•	OZ TON	GZ TON
180.7	198.6	skarn laminae oriented a - laminae at 70° to C.A. - laminae at 75° to C.A. - laminae at 75° to C.A. - contact obscured by ground SILICEOUS CALC-SILICATE SKARN (TRUMAN FM) - dark purple-brown with occasional light green dispands well banded at 70° to C.A. - trondhjemite dyke at 70° parallel to banding.	nd core opside rich	. Mark Transport					

CBIOGES __ TOBORITO __ 286 11

NAME OF PROPER ... JACKI
HOLE NO. JP82-14 SHEET NO. 5 of 11

FOO	TAGE		SAMPLE	ASSAYS
FROM	то	DESCRIPTION	NO. SULPH FOOTAGE	Zn Ph Ag Au
		189.3 ft - 1 cm quartz vein. 189.6 - 189.8 ft - trondhjemite dyke at 70° to C.A. 192.6 - 193.1 ft - trondhjemite dyke at 30° to C.A. 198.6 ft - lower contact at 70° to C.A.	10 1011	
198.6	199.2	SILICEOUS SKARN (TRUMAN FM) - pale green very siliceous well laminated at 70° to C.A. 199.2 ft - lower contact at 70° to C.A. marked by garnetiferous lamination.		
199.2	217.0	LIMESTONE/CALC-SILICATE SKARN (TRUMAN FM) - unit consists of alternating purplish limestone and siliceous dark purple-brown skarn sections 212.7 - 212.8 ft - fault gauge 217.0 ft - lower contact at 35° to C.A.		
217.0	238.0	LAMPROPHYRE - well chilled margins; dark green, porphyritic with dark green olivine and some skeletal feldspar phenocrysts in a fine grained matrix. 238.0 ft - lower contact at 40° to C.A.	• •	
238.0	295.7	DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (RFEVES FM UNIT 4b) - light grey, fine to medium grained, locally weakly banded with carbonaceous bands and laminae. - overall sulphide content is extremely low, only po, py and sph recognized, locally concentrated in bands 239.3 - 241.4 ft - calcareous skarn, well laminated at 60° to C.A.; 1 - 2% po + py present. 245.0 - 248.6 ft - limestone section with carbonaceous fractures and laminae, lmm seam of sph at 248.0 ft.	********	

NGBINGES - TOBONTO 366

NAME OF PROPER JACKPOT

HOLE NO JP82-14 6 Of 11

SHEET NO.

FOO	TAGE		DESCRIPTION			SAMF	PLE		Zn	Pb	ASSAYS Aq	Au	
FROM	то		DESCRIPTION	ΝО.	SULPH IDES	FROM	FOOTAGE TO	TOTAL		٠.	OZ TON	OZ TON	
		253.7 - 256.5 ft	- limestone section with carbonaceous fractures and laminae, less than 1% sulphides; laminae at 80° to C.A.										
		260.0 - 264.3 ft	- 10% sulphides, mostly py and po with some sph; Zn is up to 1%; best mineralized sections are very calcareous, sulphide bands are at 80° to C.A.										
		264.3 - 267.0 ft	- sulphides drop to 1 - 2%, mostly py, po and rare sph; Zn less than 1%.										
		267.0 - 272.2 ft	- essentially barren dolomitic limestone vaguely banded at 80° to C.A.	e F									
		272.7 - 286.1 ft	- sulphide content rises to 1 - 2% overall, mostly po + py with minor sph in seams and fractures; massive sulphide concentrations occur at 279.9 - 281.1 ft and 284.4 - 284.5 ft; Zn is much less than 1%; narrow carbonaceous fractures accompany sulphides.			•							
		286.1 - 287. 2 ft 287.2 - 295.7 ft	 barren dolomite. 1 - 2% sulphides mostly po + py with slightly more sph than previous mineralized zone, Zn less than 1% overall, sulphide banding is at 80 to C.A. dolomitic limestone becomes whiter toward lower contact. 										

NAME OF PROPERTY JACKPOT

HOLE NO. JP82-14 SHEET NO. 7 OF 11

FOO	TAGE		SAMPLE	~	D1	ASSAYS	λ.,
ļ	<u> </u>	DESCRIPTION	NO ~ SULPH FOOTAGE	7.n	Pb	7 7	
FROM	TO		IDES FROM TO TOTAL		_ ~	OZ TON	OZ TON
		295.7 ft - lower contact is gradational, arbitrarily set at disappearance of weak banding oriented at 80° to C.A.					
295.7	306.6	LIMESTONE (REEVES FM UNIT 4b) - white, medium grained, weakly dolomitic - sulphide content increases to 3 - 4% overall with 30% sulphides at 303.7 - 305.3 ft; mostly sph + py with minor po and rare galena. 295.7 - 299.6 ft - 1% sulphides, mostly sph; Zn is less than 1%, discontinuous 3mm seam of massive sph at 299.3 ft. 299.6 - 303.7 ft - 1 - 2% sulphides, mostly sph and py with some galena; less than 1% Zn and Pb 303.7 - 306.6 ft - 12 - 13% sulphides mostly sph py with minor po and galena, Zn is 4 - 5%, Pb less than 1%; sulphide banding is at 70 to C.A. 306.6 ft - poorly defined contact, appears gradational.					
306.6	388.5	DOLOMITE (REEVES FM UNIT 4b) - light grey to white, medium grained - sulphide content decreases downhole from 5% overall to less than 1%.	· ·				

JGRIDGES - 10RONTO - 366-116

NAME OF PR		CKPOT	
HOLENO	JP82-14	CUETT	8 of .11

F00	TAGE			SAMPLE	Zn Pb Ag Au
FROM	то		DESCRIPTION		Zn Pb Aq Au
		306.6 - 310.3 ft	- 5% sulphides, mostly py + po and minor sph; Zn less than 1%; sulphide bands at 65° to C.A.		
		310.3 - 312.8 ft	- 1% sulphides, mostly po & py and rare sph; banding at 65° to C.A.		
		312.8 - 317.2 ft	- essentially barren dolomite		
		317.2 - 326.6 ft	- white almost pure dolomite, 1 - 2% sulphides from 317.2 - 318.0 ft but overall much less than 1%; almost entirely py with minor po and rare sph.		
		326.6 - 331.9 ft	- up to 1% sulphides concentrated in narrow bands at 75° to C.A., mostly po with minor py and sph; Zn much less than 1%.		
		331.9 - 343.3 ft	- limestone bands with carbonaceous patches and fracture fillings appear, sulphide content is much less than 1%.	•	
		343.3 - 345.5 ft	- 1 - 2% sulphides, mostly sph; Zn is up to 1%.		
		345.5 - 352.6 ft	- essentially barren dolomite.		
		345.5 - 352.6 ft	- essentially barren dolomite		
		352.6 - 356.6 ft	- 3 - 4% sulphides, mostly sph and py with minor po; Zn is up to 1% overall; sulphide banding is at 45° to C.A.		
		356.6 - 360.0 ft	- contorted 1cm band of honey sphalerite is folded between 358.0 and 359.3 ft; sulphides are 10% sph + po with minor py; Zn is 2-3% sulphides are associated with calcareous carbon and serpentine		
			bands.		

ANGRIDGES - FORONTO 855 116

NAME OF PROPER	\CK			
HOLE NO JP82-14	SHEET NO.	9 of	11	

FOO	TAGE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE	Zn Pb Ag Au
FROM	то	DESCRIPTION	NO. SULPH FOOTAGE	oz TON OZ TON
		360.0 - 364.5 ft - sulphide content drops to 3-4% overall, mostly po and honey sph with minor py; Zn is up to 1% overall; sulphi banding is at 70° to C.A.	Re	
		364.5 - 368.4 ft - less than 1% sulphides, sph changes to blue-black variety while honey sph disappears; carbonaceous bands and patches are absent.		
		368.4 - 388.5 ft - dolomite becomes well laminated, laminae are dark grey dolomite and white dolomite, l-10mm wide; sulphide content is generally less than 1% but locally is concentrated over short core lengths.		
		383.5 - 385.8 ft - 8 - 9% sulphides overall, mostly py + po with minor Zn; Zn is less than l%; sulphide banding is at 70 to C.A.		
		388.5 ft - contact set at first appearance of siliciceous bands; contact is at 60° to C.A.		
388.5	523.4	 DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE/CHERT MIXED UNIT (REEVES FM UNIT 4a) dolomitic limestone sections are fine grained, light grey well laminated, chert sections are aphanitic white with light green purple or blue tinge vaguely to moderately banded. overall sulphide content is usually less than 1% and confined to dolomitic limestone. 		

ANGRIDGES - TORONTO - 366-11

FORM :

NAME OF PROPERING JACKPOT

HOLE NO JP82-14 SHEET NO. 10 of 11

FOOTAG	;E		DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE	Zn	Pb	assays Aq	Au
FROM	τ0		DESCRIP FION	NO. SULPH FOOTAGE IDES FROM TO TOTAL		7	OZ TON	OZ TON
		388.5 - 390.2 ft	 dolomitic limestone with chert interbands; bands are very contorted; 10% sulphides, mostly sph po and py; Zn is 1 - 2%. 					í
		390.2 - 392.0 ft	- chert, no sulphides, banding varies from 50 to C.A. to 20 to C.A.					
	1,100	392.0 - 402.9 ft	- well laminated dolomitic limestone, laminae at 20° to C.A. to 60° to C.A.; 1% sulphides overall almost entirely po; lower contact at 20° to C.A.					
		402.9 - 403.9 ft 403.9 - 406.4 ft	 chert, lower contact at 40° to C.A. dolomitic limestone, laminae at 20° to C.A. 					
		406.4 - 443.8 ft	- dominantly chert with rare dolomitic bands and black carbonaceous laminae; core angles extremely variable from sub-parallel to 60° to C.A.; sulphides are almost non-existent.	·				
		443.8 - 478.7 ft	- dominantly dolomitic limestone with rare chert sections; wollastonite bands appear in chert; dolomitic limestone features numerous carbonaceous bands, patches and fracture fillings; sulphide content is much less than 1% po; chert banding increases toward lower contact, banding angles still very variable but generally are less than 45° to C.A.	·				

HOLE NO JP82-14 11 of 11

F00	TAGE			SAMPLE								ASSAYS Ag Au		
FROM	то	DESCRIPTION	ИО.	% SUL PH	58014		FOOTAC		Zn	Ph		_	1	
523.4 530.0	530.0	478.7 - 523.4 ft - dominantly chert with occasional dolomitic limestone and limestone sections; banding extremely variable. 492.8 - 495.6 ft - limestone with 5% sulphides, mostly sph and po; %n is 1 - 2%; this section represents nose of fold as banding changes from 90 to C.A. to 30 to C.A. to 135 to C.A.; numerous black carbonaceous laminae are present. 513.1 - 521.5 ft - dark brown chert - garnetiferous skarn at contact; contact at 39 to C.A. TRONDHJEMITE - medium grained granitoid intrusion with numerous dark brown siliceous inclusions. END OF HOLE	NO.	DES	FROM		TO	TOTAL	Zn ;			OZ TON	OZ TON	
	Ì													

MGBIOGES - TOBONTO - 366

NAME OF	PROPERTY		JACKPO	T			
HOLE NO.	JP82-12A		LENGTH_	542.0 f	t		
LOCATION	049° AZ fc	or 188 f	t from D	DHJ12; Wes	t Zone		
LATITUDE			DEPARTU				
ELEVATION			AZIMUTH	309	DIP	<u>-83</u> °	
************	ππ∨ 20 1	002	F. I. I. C. I. F. D.	ππv 20	1002		

Und	correc	ted	Cor		
FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH	FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH
0	-83 ^O	309 ^O	0	-83 ⁰	309 ^O
200	-85 ^O		200	−83 [©]	
542	-80 ^O		542	-81°	

HOLE NO. _____ SHEET NO. ____ REMARKS Drilled from JP82-12 setup at same Azimuth but dip of 83°

OOTAGE		SAMPLE	Zn Ph Ag Au
ROM TO	DESCRIPTION		
0 4.0	CASING		
.0 8.8	CHERT (REEVES FM UNIT 4a) - pale mauve colour, similar to chert at top of JP82-12. - wollastonite bands are present, oriented at 85-90 to C.A.		
.8 21.4	LIMESTONE (REEVES FM UNIT 4a) - fine to medium grained with minor coarse grained marble sections. - very well banded on 1 - 10cm scale, with numerous lmm black carbonaceous laminae in medium grey fine grained limestone bands. - wollastonite bands are present, generally oriented at 85° - 90° to C.A. 14.0 - 15.0 ft - wollastonite section 17.0 ft - banding at 85° to C.A. 21.4 ft - lower contact set at disappearance of white limestone bands; contact at 70° to C.A.		

HOLE NO. JP82-12A SHEET NO. 2 of 7

FOO	TAGE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE	Zn Pb ASSAYS Au
FROM	το	DESCRIPTION	NO. 5ULPH FOOTAGE IDES FROM TO TOTAL	. 02 TON 02 TON
21.4	35.8	LIMESTONE/DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (REEVES FM UNIT 4a) - fine grained light to medium grey; limestone is found in greater quantity than dolomitic limestone, chert bands are rare. - unit is distinguished by numerous contorted and brecciated carbonaceous laminae and bands up to lcm wide. - overall sulphide content is less than 1%. 31.0 - 31.3 ft - limestone/chert band with 10% sph and py in tension fractures; overall Zn content from 30.0 - 33.0 ft estimated less than 1%. 35.8 ft - lower contact set where carbonaceous laminae become rare; contact at 65 to C.A.		
35.8	53.5	DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (REEVES FM UNIT 4b) - fine grained, light to medium grey, vaguely banded. - carbonaceous patches present, but rare. - overall sulphide content less than 1%, only py recognized. 47.0 ft - banding at 40 to C.A. 53.5 ft - contact set at reappearance of abundant carbonaceous material.		
53.5	90.3	 DOLOMITE (REEVES FM UNIT 4b) fine grained light grey, some calcareous patches and bands present. carbonaceous laminae are generally contorted or brecciated, decrease in size and number downhole disappear after 83.0 ft. serpentine - rich bands appear from 63.0 to 78.0 ft. overall sulphide content is less than 1%, but is locally concentrated up to 30 - 40% over short core lengths; sulphides are generally found as massive and semi-massive bands rather than as disseminations. 		

NAME OF PROPER . Y______ JAC

HOLE NO JP82-12A SHEET NO. 3 of 7

FOOTAGE		SAMPLE TO ASSAYS -
FROM TO	DESCRIPTION	NO SOUPH FOOTAGE Zn Pb ASAAYS AU
		IDES FROM TO TOTAL
	- banding tends to be weak or non-existant over much of unit 68.0 ft - banding at 50 to C.A. 70.0 - 73.0 ft - sulphides increasing to 8 - 9% overall, best section is from 71.9 to 72.9 ft with 30 - 40% po, py and sph; overall Zn	
	estimated at 1 - 2%; sulphide bands oriented at 45° to C.A. 73.0 - 90.3 ft - sulphides decrease to less than 1% overall, some 5-6mm bands of massive py + po occur at 79.0 - 82.0 ft.	
	79.0 - 79.7 ft 85.5 - 85.7 ft 90.3 ft - several oxidized fractures present oxidized fracture contact obscured by broken core; does not appear to be fault zone, be normal intrusive contact.	t
90.3 119.5	FELDSPAR PORPHYRY - similar to porphyry in JP82-12 - contains numerous inclusions and intrusions of diorite and trondhjemite. 107.1 - 107.4 ft - fault filled with vuggy weakly calcareous altered diorite (?) 119.5 ft - lower contact at 75 to C.A.	
119.5 139.8	DIORITE - medium grained, massive; CI = 25 - 30 - becomes fine grained, contains quartzite inclusions near lower contact 139.8 ft - lower contact at 85° to C.A.	

HOLE NO. JP82-12A SHEET NO. 4 of 7

FOOTAGE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE					Zn Pb Ag Au				
FROM TO	DESCRIPTION	40	SULPH IDES	FROM	FOOTAG	TOTAL			OZ TUN	OZ TON	
139.5 285.0	QUARTZITE - (RENO FM) - fine grained, dark grey to black. - quartzite is well bedded; beds are defined by black argillaceous partings; some dark green weakly calcareous beds are present beds are 1-2cm wide or less, but some more massive sections occur downhole. - sulphide content is 1 - 2% overall, appears to be almost entirely py as fracture coatings and mixed in with argillaceous partings; some po is also present. 148.5 ft - bedding at 40° to C.A. 160.8 ft - possible nose of fold 161.0 - bedding at 45° to C.A. 169.6 - 170.3 ft - garnets present 186.0 ft - bedding at 55° to C.A. 200.0 ft - bedding at 55° to C.A. 200.0 ft - bedding at 45° to C.A. 225.0 ft - bedding at 85° to C.A. 255.0 ft - bedding at 85° to C.A. 260.1 bedding at 85° to C.A. 260.2 bedding at 85° to C.A. 260.3 bedding at 80° - 90° to C.A. 260.4 bedding is at 80° - 90° to C.A. 260.5 - 285.0 ft - dirty wacke unit, weakly calcareous. 260.5 - 285.0 ft - narrow trondhjemitic dykes intrude quartzite parallel to bedding planes; dykes are 0.1 - 0.5 ft wide; lower contact of quartzite marked by dyke. 285.0 ft - lower contact obscured by blocky core, may be fault	NO 11		FROM	-				O7 TON	UZ TON	

NAME OF PROPER . . JACK

HOLE NO JP82-12A SHEET NO 5 of 7

FOOTAG	GE	DESCRIPTION			SAM	APL E				Zn	Pb	assays Ag	Au	
F#O M	70	DESCRIP FION	NO.	10E5	FROM		OOTAG TO	3 TO TA	ı			OZ TON	OZ TON	
285.0 29	95.0	DOLOMITE (REEVES FORMATION UNIT 4b) - fine to medium grained, white to light grey, weakly banded at 60° to C.A. - overall sulphide content is 1 - 2%, confined to massive and semi-massive bands and laminae 1 - 30mm wide; only po, py and sph present. 285.0 - 288.3 ft - overall 2% sulphides, Zn estimated less than 0.5%, best sulphide concentration is 10% from 267.5 - 288.3 ft. 288.3 - 292.0 ft - overall 1% sulphides, mostly sph, po and rare py; Zn estimated less than 0.5%. 292.0 - 295.0 ft - up to 1% sulphides, mostly disseminated sph, Zn less than												
295.0 36	64.9	DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (REEVES FORMATION UNIT 4b) - distinguished from above dolomite by appearance of brecciated carbonaceous patches, greater sulphide content, and stronger HCl reaction. - sulphides are present in bands, patches and as disseminations; overall sulphide content is 5% from 295.0 - 305.5 and up to 1-2% from 305.0 - 309.0 ft; only po, py, sph and rare galena recognized. 295.0 - 298.8 ft - 7% sulphides, mostly po, sph, py and rare galena; Zn estimated up to 1%. - 5% sulphides, Zn estimated less than 1%; sulphide banding oriented at 60 to C.A. 302.7 - 305.5 ft - 3% sulphides, Zn less than 1%. 305.5 - 309.0 ft - 2% sulphides, Zn less than 1%.		, a c erta										

FORM 2

NAME OF PROPER JACKPOT

HOLE NO. JP82-12A SHEET NO. 6 of 7 FOOTAGE SAMPLE ASSAYS Ag DESCRIPTION SULPH FOOTAGE FROM 10 309.0 - 314.0 ft - less than 1% sulphides - 6% sulphides, up to 1% Zn; banding at 55° to C.A. 314.0 - 317.2 ft - sulphides drop to 1%, some galena 317.2 - 320.5 ft in a fracture at 317.5 ft. - carbonaceous bands become prominent, 335.5 - 3355 ft locally up to 50% of dolomitic limestone unit, sulphides less than 1% mostly po. - carbonaceous patches decrease 335.5 - 364.9 ft overall sulphide content is less than 1%, mostly po; banding at 60° to C.A. - lower contact is silicified, 364.9 ft oriented at 60° to C.A.; marked by narrow granitoid dyke. 398.1 SKARN (TRUMAN FORMATION) 364.9 - very well laminated and banded; bands are brown biotite-rich, green amphibole-rich or white quartz-rich; banding is at 50° to C.A. - numerous narrow trondhjemite dykelets intrude skarn concordantly or slightly discordantly. - amphibole-rich skarn becomes dominant downhole, possibly indicating volcanic provenance. - trondhjemitic dyke found at lower 296.9 - 398.1 ft contact; contact at 75 to C.A. LIMESTONE/DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (REEVES FM UNIT 4b)> 398.1 483.3 - medium grained, light to dark grey, dark grey sections have considerbale carbonaceous material. - banding from 398.1 - 410.8 ft is contorted indicating strong folding.

NAME OF PROPERTY JAC

HOLE NO _____JP82-12A ______ SHEET NO __7 of 7

F00	TAGE	DECORIDATION	SAMPLE	Zn Pb Ag Au
FROM	+0	DESCRIPTION	NO SULPH FOOTAGE IDES FROM TO TOTAL	Zn Pb Ag Au oz ton cz ton
		- sulphide content generally is much less than 1% overall 405.7 - 406.0 ft - siliceous band at 55° to C.A., features mauve siliceous patches and wollastonite. 408.9 ft - massive sph band up to 0.5 cm wide oriented at 45° to C.A. 421.0 ft - vague banding at 55° to C.A. 447.0 ft - vague banding at 60° to C.A. 458.0 ft - banding at 45° to C.A. 472.0 ft - banding at 50° to C.A. 483.3 ft - lower contact at 45° to C.A.		
483.3	505.2	LIMESTONE (REEVES FM UNIT 4c) - medium to coarse grained massive marble; white and light grey, no carbonaceous material is present; sulphide content much less than 1%. - vague banding is locally present at 40° to C.A. - some fine grained limestone sections appear near lower contact; contact set at disappearance of marble sections. 505.2 ft - contact at 60° to C.A.	·	
505.2	542.0	DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (REEVES FM UNIT 4b) - fine grained, light to medium grey, some carbonaceous patches are present locally. - some medium and coarse grained sections and bands are present. - grain size increase downhole. - sulphide content is much less than 1%. 517.0 ft - banding at 70° to C.A. 530.0 ft - banding at 60° to C.A.		
542.0		END OF HOLE	. The second sec	

E-SPH

NAME	OF	PROPERTY	JA	СКРОТ					
HOLE	NO.	J <u>Р8</u> 2-13		_ LENGTH _	525.0	0 ft			
LOCAT	ION	AZ 1790	FOR 15	1 FT FROM	DDH J-7:	MAIN	ZONE		
LATIT	UDE			DEPARTU	RE				
ELEVA	TION	1		DEPARTU AZIMUTH	309		DIP	-50.5°	
START	ED (JULY 31. 1	982	FINISHED	AUGUST	1. 19	982		

Unco	rrecte	ed	Corr	rected	
FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH	FOOTAGE	DIP	AZIMUTH
0	-50.5°	3090	0	-50.5°	309 ^C
250	-55 ⁰		250	-49 ⁶	
525	-54 ⁰		525	-48 ^O	
505					

HOLE NO. _____ SHEET NO. _____

LOGGED BY J.R. FOSTER

FOO	TAGE	D E S C R I P T I O N	SAMPLE	Zn Pb ^ SAG ^ Y SAu
FROM	то	DESCRIPTION		
0	15.0	CASING		
15.0	88.5	GABBRO - medium grained, subtly feldspar porphyritic; mafic content 35 - 40% biotite and amphibole. - minor siliceous granitoid dykelets intrude gabbro 38.2 - 38.5 ft - granitoid dyke oriented at 45° to C.A. 42.0 - 43.0 ft - broken core, possible fracture 45.0 - 47.5 ft - broken core, possible fracture 84.1 - 84.3 ft - granitoid dyke at 90° to C.A. 88.5 ft - lower contact at 60° to C.A.	-	
88.5	96.2	MAFIC LAMPROPHYRE - porphyritic; biotite phenocrysts up to 3mm are in a very fine grained massive matrix. - lower contact obscured by blocky core.		
96.2	159.9	GABBRO - similar to above gabbro 134.6 - 135.3 ft - granitoid dyke at 50° to C.A.		

NAME OF PROPERTY JACKPOT

HOLE NO JP82-13 SHEET NO. 2 of 11

FOO:	TAGE				SAMP), F			7	EET NO		
····		DESCRIPTION	1 11 3	ULPH			TAGE		7.n	Pb	ASSAYS Ag	Au
FROM	T()		1402	E.S.	FROM		ro	TOTAL	1	<u> </u>	07 TON	OZ TON
		145.6 - 147.3 ft - altered gabbro, probable fault zone, biotite is totally altered to chlorite (?) feldspar are weakly carbonatized, matrix is oxidized. 150.0 - 151.2 ft - pegmatitic quartz and feldspar	Maryanno, manadadi (r. e care p., appoi degli e ce c									
:		150.0 - 151.2 ft - pegmatitic quartz and feldspar dyke on half of core, orientation is highly irregular. 159.9 ft - lower contact appears slightly chilled oriented at 65 to C.A.										
59.9	173.8	WACKE (RENO FM) - relatively siliceous dirty greywacke with quartzite laminae up to 0.5 cm wide. - laminae in wacke are highly contorted often brecciated, indicating very strong folding - wacke is fine grained medium to dark grey, usually biotite-rich in dark laminae. - sulphide content is much less than 1%. 173.6 - 173.8 ft - possible breccia zone, may be primary intraformational conglomerate with quartzitic clasts in biotite-rich matrix. 173.8 ft - contact oriented at 80° to C.A.										
.73.8	184.6	DIORITE/GABBRO - chilled upper and lower contacts - intrusion is slightly less mafic than preceding gabbros. 184.6 ft - lower contact at 85° to C.A.		/ The second								

JACKI

JP82-13

FET NO

3 OI II

QUARTZITE (RENO FM) - well recrystallized, very silic laminae often well brecciated; contorted or brecciated for redeterminations. - sulphide content much less that 203.6 ft — low TRONDHJEMITE - similar to above trondhjemite, 206.3 ft — low QUARTZITE (RENO FM) - similar to unit at 189.7 - 203 less contorted and brecciated. - bedding is at low angle to C.A wide (true thickness).	ver contact at 90° to C.A. ceous, minor biotite-rich in general laminae are too eliable bedding angle an 1%, only po recognized. ver contact at 40° to C.A. but with few inclusions ver contact at 50° to C.A.	PAG	O. SULPH	FROM	TO TO	TOTAL	Zn I	Pb :	ASSAYS AG 02 TOM	OZ TON
- medium grained, contains numero 189.7 ft - low 39.7 203.6 QUARTZITE (RENO FM) - well recrystallized, very silic laminae often well brecciated; contorted or brecciated for redeterminations sulphide content much less that 203.6 ft - low 03.6 206.3 TRONDHJEMITE - similar to above trondhjemite, 206.3 ft - low 06.3 243.8 QUARTZITE (RENO FM) - similar to unit at 189.7 - 203 less contorted and brecciated bedding is at low angle to C.A wide (true thickness).	ver contact at 90° to C.A. ceous, minor biotite-rich in general laminae are too eliable bedding angle an 1%, only po recognized. ver contact at 40° to C.A. but with few inclusions ver contact at 50° to C.A.									
- well recrystallized, very silic laminae often well brecciated; contorted or brecciated for redeterminations sulphide content much less that 203.6 ft - low 203.6 TRONDHJEMITE - similar to above trondhjemite, 206.3 ft - low 206.3 QUARTZITE (RENO FM) - similar to unit at 189.7 - 203 less contorted and brecciated bedding is at low angle to C.A wide (true thickness).	eliable bedding angle an 1%, only po recognized. wer contact at 40 to C.A. but with few inclusions wer contact at 50 to C.A.									
- similar to above trondhjemite, 206.3 ft - low QUARTZITE (RENO FM) - similar to unit at 189.7 - 203 less contorted and brecciated bedding is at low angle to C.A wide (true thickness).	ver contact at 50° to C.A.									
- similar to unit at 189.7 - 203 less contorted and brecciated bedding is at low angle to C.A wide (true thickness).				•						
228.0 ft - bed 236.6 ft - pos con are at 243.8 ft - con of	A.; beds are 1 cm to 10 cm	is								