

83-#163-#11222

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# G. SALAZAR S. & ASSOCIATES LTD.

INTERNATIONAL GEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS

312 CEDARBRAE CRES. S.W.

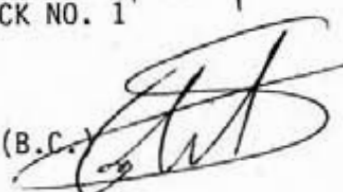
CALGARY, ALBERTA, CANADA T2W 1Y4

TELEPHONE (403)281-6889

## 1982 PROPERTY REPORT

TITLE: *Argento, Nico Pluto, Keystone Fr.*  
 1982 PROPERTY REPORT, RETALLACK NO. 1  
 GROUP OF CLAIMS

Owner: *Leontovitz*

AUTHOR: *Operator* GUILLERMO SALAZAR S., P.Eng. (B.C.) 

DATE: FEBRUARY 24, 1983

COMMODITIES: SILVER, LEAD, ZINC

LOCATION: AREA: SE - B.C.  
 MINING DIVISION: SLOCAN  
 COORDINATES: LATITUDE: 50°03'N  
 LONGITUDE: 117°07'W  
 NTS: 82K/3E

WORK DESCRIBED: DIAMOND DRILLING

DATES OF WORK: OCTOBER 24-27, 1982

**GEOLOGICAL BRANCH  
ASSESSMENT REPORT**

# 11,222

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SUMMARY

DDH 82-1 was targetted to drill into the strike extension of the Colorado lode. It was drilled at an azimuth of 27°, at -47°N. It encountered a very strong fault zone and a quartz vein, but no sulphides. Nine split core and seven sludge samples were geochemically analyzed for silver, lead, zinc and gold.

CONCLUSIONS

The unmineralized quartz vein encountered on DDH 82-1 returned geochemically anomalous lead and zinc values. It is concluded that the strong fault may have either cut or squeezed out the mineral bearing lode. Low core recoveries and loss of drilling water circulation makes it possible that the drill hole failed to recover any mineralization.

## INTRODUCTION

### LOCATION

The Retallack No. 1 Group of Claims consists of 39 mineral claims comprising 99 units and including 18 crown granted mineral claims. It encompasses an area approximately 7 km. long in a southeasterly direction from Whitewater Mountain past Retallack, which is an abandoned townsite. Retallack townsite is situated on B.C. Highway 3A, halfway between the towns of New Denver and Kaslo. The claim group is on the north side of the highway. NTS Map 82K/3E. See Figure No. 1.

The area is 130 km. north of Cominco's smelter complex at Trail, B.C. and 550 km. northwest of Asarco's smelter complex at Helena, Montana.

### ACCESS

Excellent access to the property is provided by all-weather paved highway 3A from either New Denver or Kaslo. Connecting with the highway system, rail transport is available 70 km. south or 125 km. north of the property. Rough four-wheel drive roads provide good access into the southern half of the property. These roads are generally opened from mid May to mid November, depending on local snow conditions. See Figures No. 2 and 3.

### PHYSIOGRAPHY & CLIMATE

Elevations within the claim group range from 1050 m. to 2200 m. above sea level in an area of moderate to steep topographic relief.

The claim was glaciated in the last Ice Age, resulting in variable depths of transported overburden, which may range to depths of 10-20 m. in the valley bottoms. Outcrop is sparse and restricted to natural cliffs and road and railroad cuts.

Climate in the area is moderate. The higher elevations may be snow covered from early November to late June, with snow reaching depths of 3.0 m. Temperatures normally range between 20°C and 29°C in the summer, and -10°C to -40°C in the winter.

### CLAIM STATUS

All claims are held under option by G. Salazar S. from the owners (see Figure No. 3). Table No. 1 outlines the pertinent information regarding the claims. The expiry date on Table No. 1 establishes the status of these claims including the work reported in this report.

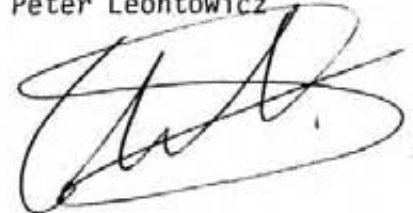
TABLE NO. 1

## RETAILLACK NO. 2 GROUP OF CLAIMS

<u>Claim Name</u>	<u>No. of Units</u>	<u>Record No.</u>	<u>Record Date</u>	<u>Expiry Date</u>	<u>Registered Owner</u>
Hazel (CG)	1	L2639			International Wellington Res.
A.Y. (CG)	1	L2272			International Wellington Res.
Tiger No. 2 (CG)	1	L2273			International Wellington Res.
I.C. (CG)	1	L2283			International Wellington Res.
Metis (CG)	1	L3636			International Wellington Res.
Horseshoe (CG)	1	L3634			International Wellington Res.
Ottawa (CG)	1	L1196			International Wellington Res.
Blue FR (CG)	1	L14224			International Wellington Res.
Ivanhoe (CG)	1	L1195			International Wellington Res.
Red FR (CG)	1	L14223			International Wellington Res.
Wellington (CG)	1	L553			International Wellington Res.
Sunset (CG)	1	L970			International Wellington Res.
Blutcher (CG)	1	L3633			International Wellington Res.
Corean (CG)	1	L6288			Slocan-Charleston Mines Ltd.
Charleston (CG)	1	L2091			Slocan-Charleston Mines Ltd.
Kingston (CG)	1	L3104			Slocan-Charleston Mines Ltd.
Colorado (CG)	1	L1476			Slocan-Charleston Mines Ltd.
Keystone FR (CG)	1	L2179			Slocan-Charleston Mines Ltd.
Lemac	2	525(10)	Oct. 17/77	1986	Peter Leontowicz
Lemac 1	1	1161(4)	Apr. 4/79	1986	Peter Leontowicz
Lemac 2	1	1162(4)	Apr. 4/79	1986	Peter Leontowicz
Kaslo (L822)	1	17645(8)	Aug. 3/78	1986	Peter Leontowicz
Leo 1 (L12414)	1	17375(9)	Sept. 15/72	1987	Peter Leontowicz
Plato	2	2750(10)	Oct. 22/81	1985	Peter Leontowicz
Grizzly Gold	1	843(9)	Sept. 7/78	1985	Peter Leontowicz
Grizzly Gold #1	1	844(9)	Sept. 7/78	1985	Peter Leontowicz
Mayflower (L4458)	1	1428(9)	Sept. 19/79	1985	Peter Leontowicz
Tetra	4	386(6)	June 9/77	1986	Peter Leontowicz
Revenue (L2826)	1	351(3)	Mar. 29/77	1987	Peter Leontowicz
Defender (L2827)	1	352(3)	Mar. 29/77	1986	Peter Leontowicz
Howard (L2828)	1	353(3)	Mar. 29/77	1986	Peter Leontowicz
Robin (L2509)	1	803(8)	Aug. 23/78	1986	Peter Leontowicz
Wild Swan (L2510)	1	804(8)	Aug. 23/78	1986	Peter Leontowicz
Pluto	8	2905(5)	June 11/82	1986	Peter Leontowicz
Argento	18	2948(8)	Aug. 11/82	1983	Peter Leontowicz
Nico 2	20	2829(3)	Mar. 2/82	1983	Peter Leontowicz
Oro 4	8R	2352(1)	Jan. 12/81	1984	Peter Leontowicz
Oro 2	4R	2350(1)	Jan. 12/81	1985	Peter Leontowicz
Oro 3	4R	2351(1)	Jan. 12/81	1985	Peter Leontowicz

TOTAL 100 UNITS

(CG) - Crown Grants



## HISTORY

The subject claims are located near the northwestern edge of the Slocan silver camp, which has been active since the 1890's. Government statistics show that the Slocan Mining Division produced 55.1 million ounces of silver, 211,800 tons of lead and 154,000 tons of zinc between 1890 and 1950. The Whitewater Mine produced 480,177.5 tons of ore containing 3.4 million ounces of silver, 3.19% lead and 5.12% zinc and is 3.0 km. east of the property. The Lucky Jim Mine, in turn, produced 1,171,500 tons of ore containing 0.6 million ounces of silver, 0.35% lead and 7.49% zinc and is immediately to the south of the claim area.

Recent activity in the area is exemplified by the high grade silver Vimy-Panama mine which was operational in 1980 and from which typical dry ore associated with a quartz vein contained within sheared, highly graphitic argillite and/or pseudoconglomerate was extracted. Teck Corp., through its subsidiary London Silver Corp., is still actively exploring this area and its surroundings.

Semco Explorations and Ryan Explorations conducted comprehensive soil geochemical, geophysical and geological surveys in 1979 to 1981, concluding their exploration efforts with seven diamond drill holes into a varied number of targets found in the process, which gave inconclusive results.

## WORK DONE IN 1982

A 43.59 m. deep diamond drill hole was drilled onto the on-trend extension of the Colorado Lode. The hole followed an azimuth of 17° at a dip of -47°N. Drilling was carried out using a BBS-1 diamond drill rig outfitted to drill shallow NQWL drill holes and owned by Kootenay Exploration Drilling Ltd. of Rossland, B.C. A John Deere 450-C front-end loader, 1980 model, was used for drill site preparation, trail cleaning and support. Nine core samples and seven sludge samples were geochemically analyzed for silver, lead, zinc and gold by Loring Labs of Calgary, Alberta.

## REFERENCES

1. Vaillancourt, Pierre (1979): Semco Ltd.'s Assessment of Area.
2. Hedley, M.S. (1945): Geology of the Whitewater and Lucky Jim Mine Areas, Slocan District, B.C., Dept. of Mines Bulletin 22.

## GEOLOGY

The claim group is underlain by Triassic and (?) Lower Jurassic Slocan Group sediments consisting of basal slates, slaty argillites, a pseudoconglomeratic unit, phyllitic slate, several limestone bands and minor quartzite.

The Slocan Group disconformably overlies the Permian and/or Triassic Kaslo Group of meta-andesites, ultramafic rocks and related sediments. The Kaslo/Slocan Groups contact trends northwesterly and parallels Goat and Whitewater Creeks, through the northern third of the claims, and marks a drastic change in topographic relief. A conglomeratic unit is observed at this contact.

The section of the Slocan rocks between Silverton and Retallack formed the soft yielding core (or basin) between arcing older (?) strata to the north and east, including the possibly contemporaneous Kaslo Volcanic Island Arc and the Nelson Batholith to the south. The structural picture in the Retallack area is complicated by the extreme development of cleavage. Here, the argillites have been transformed into slates and, locally, phyllites. Hedley (1952) considered the Slate Belt to be a huge shear zone, which is presently tentatively associated with movement along the trench front of the Kaslo greenstone Island Arc. The slaty cleavage being an extreme advanced expression of the same relative movement as the interbed slippage which accompanied folding.

Five limestone beds and several small quartzite beds form marker horizons in the immediate vicinity of Retallack townsite. Cleavage parallels bedding and appears to follow around the fold crests in the limestone bands. The Whitewater limestone band, which is central and widest of the five beds described above, has been drag folded and thickened so that it varies in width from fifteen to several hundred meters. Its form is complex and asymmetric.

Thrust faulting is strongest at the Whitewater Mine area, where Cominco personnel estimate a displacement of 120.0 meters. More commonly, large stress adjustments have taken place along innumerable small shear planes and drag folds. Lodes are usually emplaced along these thrust faults, which seem to split into several strands and reunite, depending on their angle of intersection with the bedding and/or cleavage planes. Six lodes are conventionally recognized in the Whitewater Mine area. They are, from the north abutment against the Kaslo volcanics southward:

- 1) Mayflower Lode
  - 2) Corean Lode
  - 3) Charleston Lode
  - 4) Keystone Lode
  - 5) Wellington-Sunset-Colorado Lode
- and 6) Matheson-Whitewater Lode.

Of these, the last lode has produced a grand total of 501,184 tons of ore, 3.489 million ounces of silver, 30.7 million pounds of lead and 50.9 million pounds of zinc. 80% of the silver and 72.4% of the lead was produced out of 19% of the ore, from the Upper (or lode) Mine, the remainder was produced from the Lower (or skarn) Mine. The other lodes have been exposed to sporadic but locally intensive and extensive exploration programs, with minor production.

## DRILLING & DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The Colorado Lode is interpreted to be the eastern, on-trend extension of the Wellington-Sunset Lode. Portions of the lode have been explored in the past. Ryan Exploration conducted a soil geochemical survey in 1979-1981; Buchanan Mines Ltd. conducted trenching, induced polarization surveys and drilled a series of shallow vertical diamond drill holes in 1965-1967. Except for the mineralization found in pre-1940 dumps, which assay up to 15% Pb/Zn combined and 8 oz/t Ag, exploration efforts have been unsuccessful to date.

Hole DDH 82-1 was drilled to test the area immediately below a trench. It found a strong structure, with gouge, quartz stockworking, and an unmineralized quartz lode vein in between 5.49 m. and 11.13 m. of hole depth. Highest geochemical analyses found were 2.3 ppm Ag, 500 ppm Pb and 260 ppm Zn and are related to the quartz lode vein described above. A detailed geological Diamond Drill Record for this hole is appended (Appendix No. 1). It shows that DDH 82-1 intersected black coloured, basal slates and argillites to a depth of 16.0 m. (52.5 feet) characterized by its carbonaceous and calcareous nature and by the abundance of pyritic cubes and blebs. Two ankeritic ironstone seams (at 4.88 m. and at 8.69-9.91 m.) were also found. This argillic sequence is badly faulted and contorted to a depth of 11.3 m., where the distribution and number of pyritic cubes and blebs become more uniformly distributed. A black, graphitic and argillaceous limestone underlies the argillic sequence between 16.0 m. and 16.61 m., which is interbedded within the pyritic black basal slates.

Although a lode was found, it is unmineralized and does not seem to corroborate the reported dump and trench assays. The fault zone may have offset the mineralized lode.



## DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

PROPERTY SLOCAN SYNDICATEHOLE No. 82-1

DIP TEST		
Footage	Angle	
	Reading	Corrected

Hole No. 82-1 Sheet No. 1/2  
 Section \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date Begun Oct. 24/82  
 Date Finished Oct. 26/82  
 Date Logged Nov. 6/82

Lat. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Dip. -47°  
 Bearing 27° AZIMUTH  
 Elev. Collar 4740 feet.

Total Depth 143 ft.  
 Logged By G. SALAZAR S., P. Eng.  
 Claim COLORADO C.G.  
 Core Size NQWL

DEPTH FROM	TO	RECOVERY %	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE No.	FROM	TO	WIDTH OF SAMPLE	Ag ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	Au ppb
0	10	0	0-10': CASING. OXIDATION TO 41.0'.	3311	10	19	9	1.2	75	109	15
10	18	23	10-28.5': ARGILLITE, black, fine grained, carbonaceous + calcareous. Badly broken.	3312	19	25	6	1.2	21	67	190
18	22	53		3313	25	28.5	3.5	2.4	99	50	45
22	26	45	26.0': Bedding @ 20° T.C.A.	3314	28.5	32.5	4.0	1.4	37	78	5
26	32	78	18.0': Strong gouge 16.0': Ankeritic ironstone fragments.	3315	32.5	34.0	1.5	0.8	21	48	10
32	34	144	21.0-25.0': FAULT ZONE, w/gouge seams @ 30° T.C.A.	3316	34.0	36.5	2.5	2.3	500	260	10
34	36	74	26.0-28.0': FAULT ZONE, w/quartz seams @ 60° T.C.A.	3317	36.5	43.0	6.5	1.6	55	280	10
36	43	69	18.0-25.0': Numerous quartz vein fragments throughout.	3318	43.0	48.0	5.0	1.2	43	108	10
43	48	102	18.5-20.0': Quartz veinlets @ 50° T.C.A.	3319	48.0	53.0	5.0	1.1	27	116	5
48	53	92	27.0': 10 cm. wide Quartz vein, w/veinlets below @ 30° T.C.A.								
53	58	102	28.5-32.5': Quartz stockwork.								
58	63	97	28.5-32.5': IRONSTONE, ankeritic, bedding @ 60° T.C.A.	3303	12	18	6.0	1.8	65	220	
63	67	98	w/crosscutting quartz stockwork.	3304	18	22	4.0	3.8	108	275	
67	72	99	32.5-34.0': ARGILLITE, as 10-28.5'.	3305	22	26	4.0	1.7	49	114	
72	76	109	34.0-36.5': QUARTZ VEIN, ankeritic, no sulphides	3306	26	32	6.0	1.9	68	135	
76	82	74	32.0-34.0': Fault Zone @ 20-25° T.C.A.	3307	32	34	2.0	1.4	54	137	
82	87	102	36.5': 0.3 m. Fault Zone, w/quartz veinlets, all @ 60° T.C.A.	3308	34	43	9.0	2.8	210	280	
87	91	82		3309	43	48	5.0	2.9	119	295	
91	96	102	42.0': 2 cm. py-Q veinlet @ 40° T.C.A.								
96	101	101	36.5-52.5': ARGILLITE, black, fine grained, carbonaceous + calcareous, w/pyrite cubes + blebs to 3 cm. wide.								
101	108	108									

# DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

PROPERTY SLOCAN SYNDICATE

HOLE No. 82-1

DIP TEST		
Footage	Angle	
	Reading	Corrected

Hole No. 82-1 Sheet No. 2/2  
 Section \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date Begun \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date Finished \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date Logged \_\_\_\_\_

Lat. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Dep. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Bearing \_\_\_\_\_  
 Elev. Collar \_\_\_\_\_

Total Depth \_\_\_\_\_  
 Logged By G. SAMARAS, P. Eng.  
 Claim \_\_\_\_\_  
 Core Size NQWL

DEPTH		RECOVERY	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE No.	FROM	TO	WIDTH OF SAMPLE				
FROM	TO										
108	114	85	<u>52.5-54.5</u> : LIMESTONE, black, graphitic + argillaceous.								
114	119	100									
119	123	115	<u>54.5-141.0</u> : ARGILLITE, as 36.5-52.5'.								
123	127	90	E.O.H.								
127	133	85	61-65': Laminated								
133	138	102	65': Bedding @ 0° TCA								
138	143	102	67-69': Bedding @ 30-40° TCA.								
143	END OF HOLE										

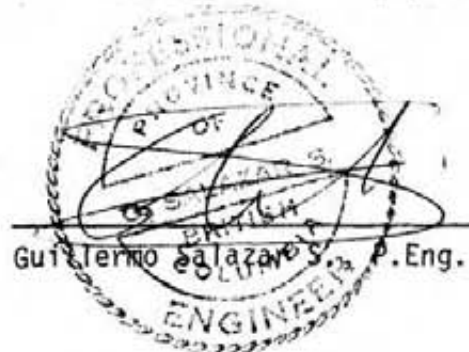


February 25, 1983

STATEMENT OF EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT

RETALLACK #1 GROUP OF CLAIMS

		<u>\$</u>
A) <u>DIAMOND DRILLING</u>		
Used a BBS-1 owned and operated by Kootenay Drilling & Exploration of Rossland, B.C. and drilled NQWL size core.		
143.0 ft. @ 23.64 \$/ft.		3,380.52
B) <u>SITE PREPARATION &amp; LOADER ASSISTANCE</u>		
Used a John Deere 45DC Front End Loader owned and operated by P. Leontowicz.		
October 15 & 21, 1982	1,040.00	
October 25, 27 and 28, 1982	<u>260.00</u>	(already claimed) 1,300.00
C) <u>ASSAYING</u>		
By Loring Labs of Calgary, Alta. Geochemical analyses for Ag, Pb, Zn, Au @ \$12.15/rock sample and \$10.45/sludge sample.		
9 rocks @ \$12.15	109.35	
7 sludges @ \$10.45	<u>73.15</u>	182.50
D) <u>SUPERVISION AND REPORT PREPARATION</u>		
D.1: G. Salazar S., P.Eng. 6 days @ \$350/day		2,100.00
D.2: Room and board, 5 days @ \$50/day		250.00
D.3: Truck rental, 5 days @ \$50/day		250.00
D.4: Miscellaneous charges		300.00
		<hr/>
	TOTAL	\$7,763.02



STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS  
GUILLERMO SALAZAR S.

Nationality: Peruvian, with Canadian citizenship

- Degrees:
- 1) B.Sc. and Engineering degree in Mining, Engineering and Mining Geology from the Universidad Nacional de Ingenieria de Lima, Peru (1967)
  - 2) M.Sc. in Economic Geology from Harvard University (1969)
  - 3) Member of the Associations of Professional Engineers of British Columbia and Alberta.
  - 4) Member of the Society of Economic Geologists, AIME, CIMM, etc.

Experience:

Peru: Engineer training programs while going to university. In the last two years at school, I provided prospect and property evaluation services to medium-sized mining companies based in Lima.

U.S.A.: Grass roots exploration and property evaluation programs in New Mexico, Arizona, Montana and Washington. While in Montana, I was involved in Anaconda's Stillwater Complex and Henderson properties, carrying out core logging, field mapping, ore reserve calculations and pre-feasibility studies. I was also the Stewart Mine geologist for one year.

Canada: Involved in mineral explorations and development programs searching for porphyry copper-molybdenum and volcanogenic massive sulphide and uranium deposits since 1970 across Canada. This included economic feasibility analysis of a porphyry copper-molybdenum deposit in northern B.C. and in-depth geological studies of the economic potential of several Cu-Mo, Cu-Zn-Ag, Ag-Au prospects.





C. DRILLING ... (Details in report submitted as per section 8 of regulations.)  
 (The itemized cost statement must be part of the report.)

143.0 ft (43.59 m) @ \$23.64/ft

COST	
	3,380.52
D. GEOLOGICAL, GEOPHYSICAL, GEOCHEMICAL	
(Details in report submitted as per section 8, 5, or 7 of regulations.) (The itemized cost statement must be part of the report.) (State type of work in space below.)	
Assaying, Geological Supervision and Report Preparation	3,082.50
TOTAL OF C AND D	
	6,463.02

Who was the operator (provided the financing)?

Name G. Salazar S.  
 Address 312 Cedarbrae Cucc. SW  
 Calgary Alta T1W 1Y4

Portable Assessment Credits (PAC) Withdrawal Request

Amount to be withdrawn from owner(s) account(s):

Name of Owner		AMOUNT
(May be no more than 30 per cent of value of the approved work submitted as assessment work in C and (or) D.)	1. ....	
	2. ....	
	3. ....	
	4. ....	
TOTAL WITHDRAWAL		
TOTAL OF C AND (OR) D PLUS PAC WITHDRAWAL		

I wish to apply \$ 6200.- of this work to the claims listed below.

(State number of years to be applied to each claim, its month of record, and identify each claim by name and record no.)

ARGENTO 2948(2) 18 units x 100 \$/u. x 1 YR 1800.-  
 NICO 2 2829(3) 20 units x 150 \$/u. x 2 YR 4000.-  
~~GRAND 49 235(1) 8 units x 100 \$/u. x 1 YR 800.-~~  
~~GRAND 49 235(1) 65 units x 200 \$/u. x 1 YR 13000.-~~  
 PLATO 2750(10) Oct. 22 20 x 200 x 1 YR 4000.-  
 TOTAL 6200.-

Value of work to be credited to portable assessment credit (PAC) account(s).

(May only be credited from the approved value of C and (or) D not applied to claims.)

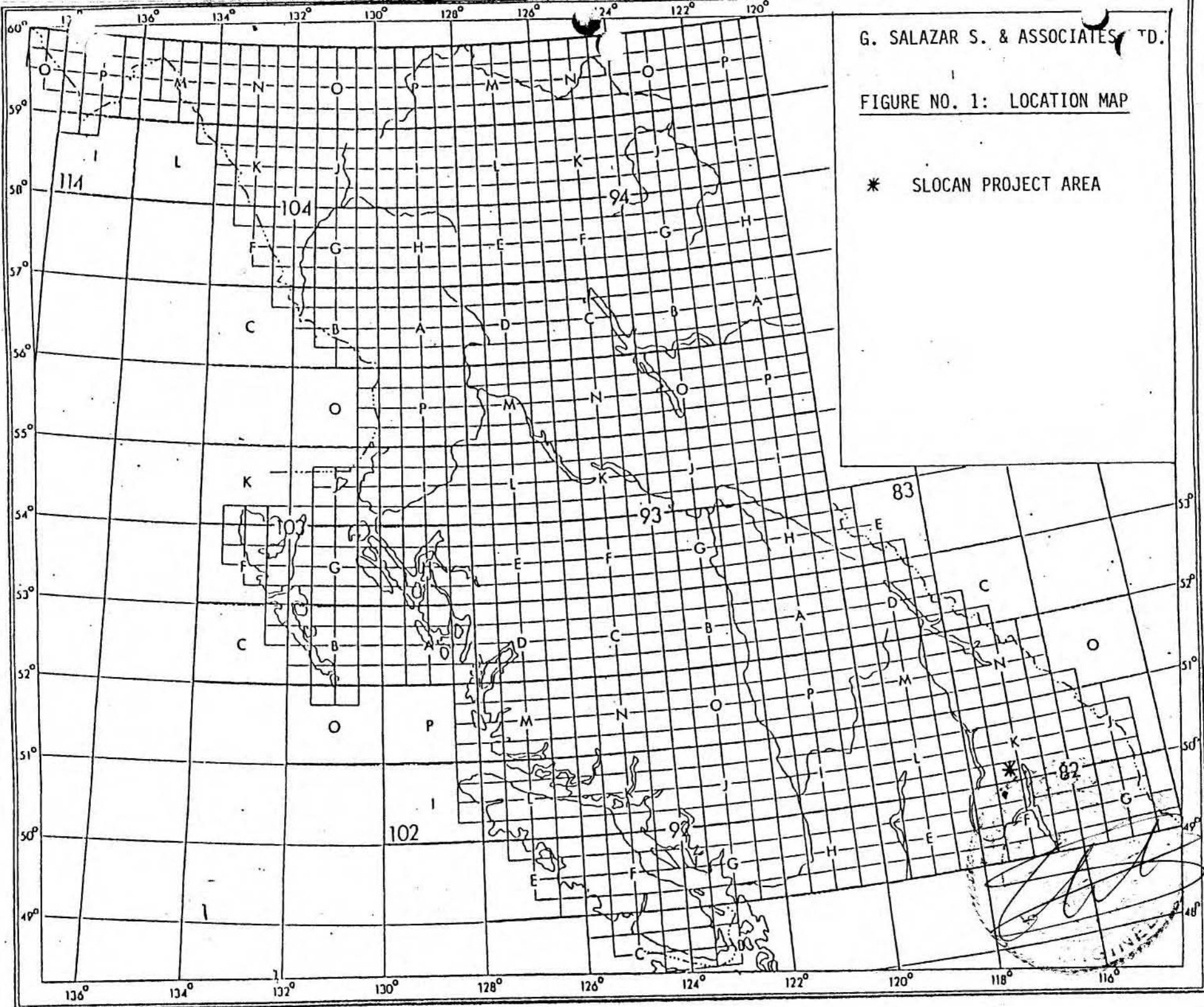
Name		AMOUNT
In owner(s) name.	1. ....	
	2. ....	
	3. ....	
In operator(s) name (party providing the financing).	1. ....	
	2. ....	
	3. ....	

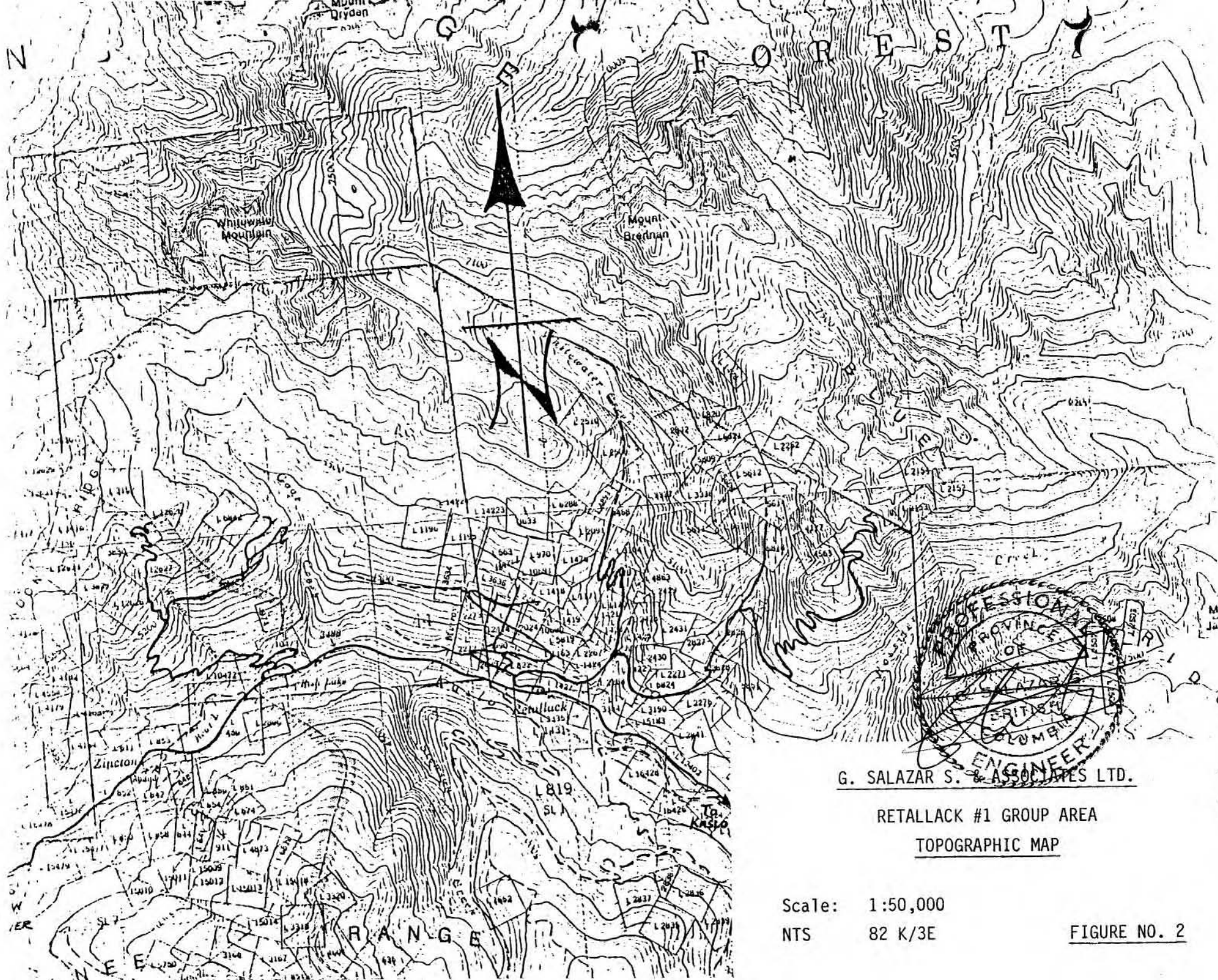
*Co. Stock*

G. SALAZAR S. & ASSOCIATES, T.D.

FIGURE NO. 1: LOCATION MAP

\* SLOCAN PROJECT AREA





G. SALAZAR S. & ASSOCIATES LTD.

RETALLACK #1 GROUP AREA  
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

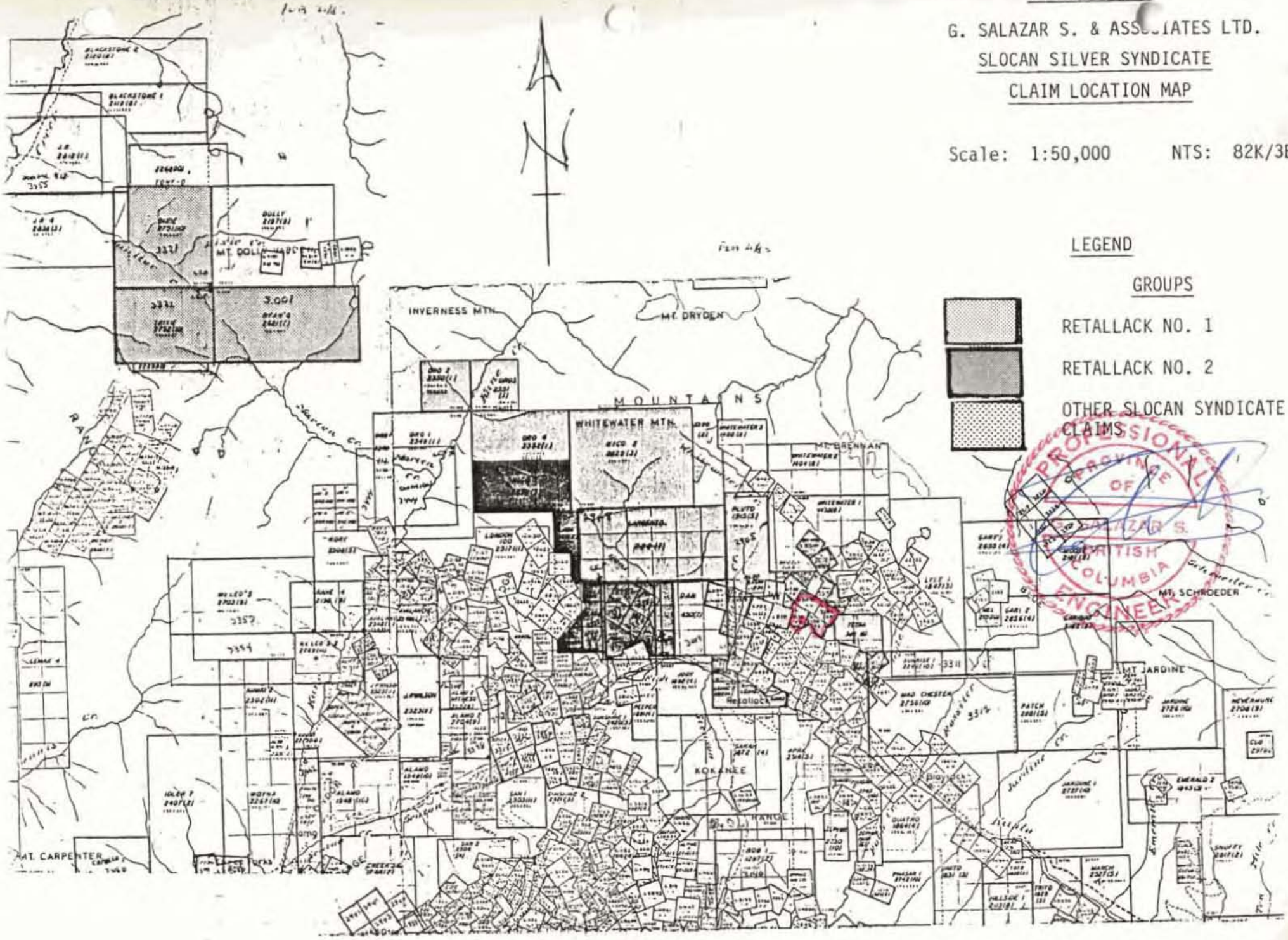
Scale: 1:50,000  
NTS 82 K/3E

FIGURE NO. 2






G. SALAZAR S. & ASSOCIATES LTD.  
SLOCAN SILVER SYNDICATE  
CLAIM LOCATION MAP

Scale: 1:50,000 NTS: 82K/3E

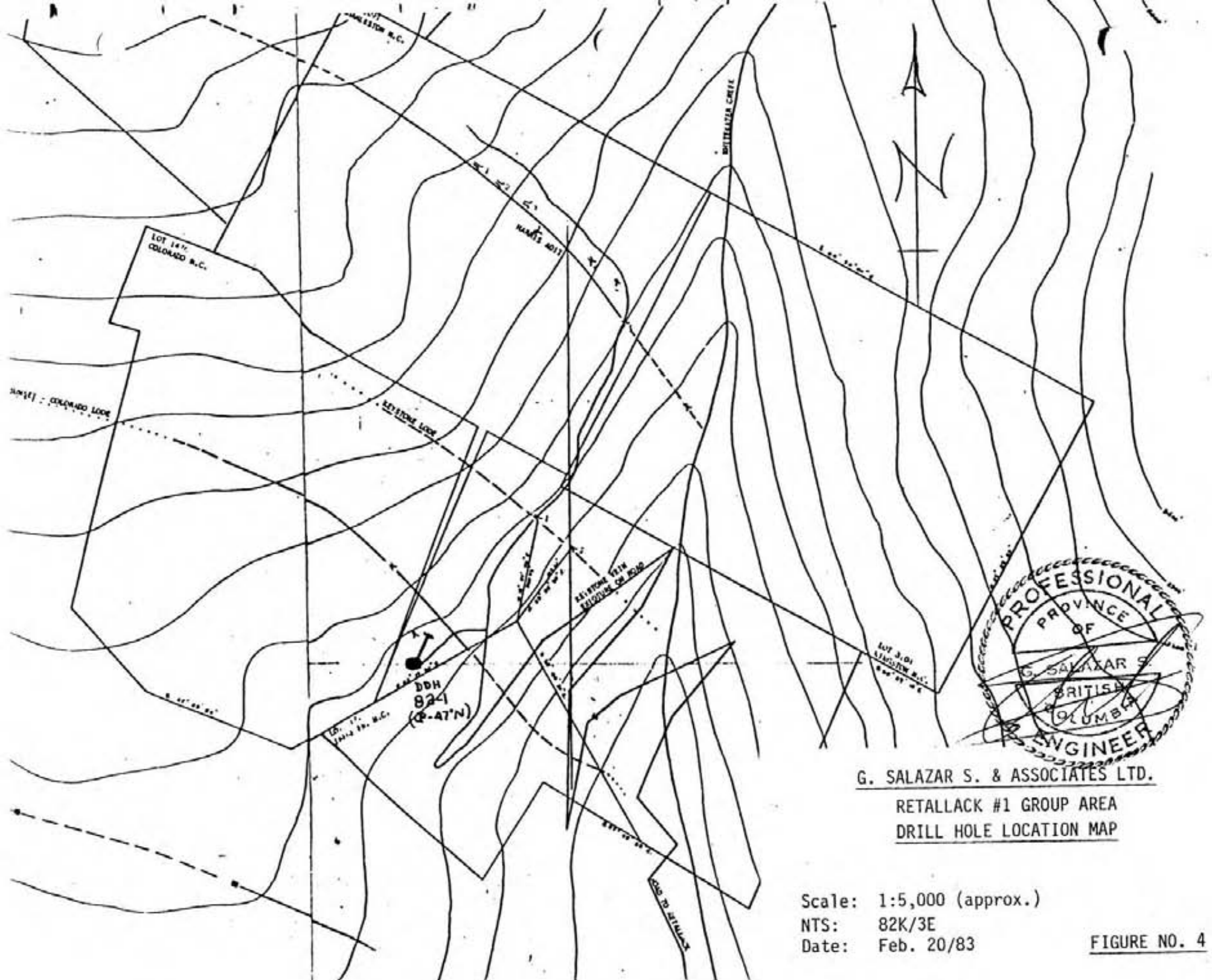


LEGEND

GROUPS

-  RETALLACK NO. 1
-  RETALLACK NO. 2
-  OTHER SLOCAN SYNDICATE CLAIMS





G. SALAZAR S. & ASSOCIATES LTD.  
 RETALLACK #1 GROUP AREA  
 DRILL HOLE LOCATION MAP

Scale: 1:5,000 (approx.)  
 NTS: 82K/3E  
 Date: Feb. 20/83

FIGURE NO. 4