ASSESSMENT REPORT

GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY MAGNETOMETER

BARB 1, 3, 4

ATLIN MINING DIVISION

KING SALMON LAKE AREA, B.C.

N.T.S. 104K/10

132° 53' W 58° 45' GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

2,144

OWNER: RON DALE

OPERATOR: CHEVRON CANADA RESOURCES LIMITED

AUTHOR: G. Walton January 1984

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LOCATION AND ACCESS

The BARB claims are situated at 132°53'W and 58°45'N, approximately 2 km north of King Salmon Lake (Figure 1). Access to the property is by float plane from Atlin, B. C., about 100 km to the north. Transportation for this program was provided by helicopter from a base camp at Trapper Lake, 30 km to the southeast.

HISTORY

The original showing was called the "BWM" and was first discovered in the early 1930's by prospector, George Bacon who staked the property in 1947 for Cominco. After limited work by Cominco, the property was optioned to Hudson Bay Mining and Smelting in 1949. Further trenching and 943 feet of Ex-size drilling were done during 1950 (described in B.C. Minister of Mines, Annual Report, 1950, A75-76). After termination of the Hudson Bay option in 1950 the ground was restaked several times. A small airborne and ground magnetometer survey was done by Newmont Mining Co. Ltd. in 1964.

In the summer of 1981, 1982 and 1983 geological mapping and geochemical sampling was done by Chevron Canada Resources Limited (Chevron Standard Limited) of Vancouver, B. C. A ground magnetometer survey was completed in the latter portion of the 1983 season, a total of 28.5 kilometers.

PRESENT PROPERTY

In 1979, Ron Dale staked the new 20-unit BARB 1 claims in the same area as the previous 8-unit BARB 1-8 claims (Figure 2). Of the eight units in BARB 1-8 all have lapsed except BARB 3 and 4. The property is presently owned by Ron Dale and is under option to Chevron Canada Resources Limited.



<u>Claims</u>	Record No.	Record Date	No. of Units
BARB 1	737	26 July, 1979	20
BARB 3	15430	12 August, 1970	٦
BARB 4	15431	12 August, 1970	7

REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The BARB claims are situated on the east margin of the Coast Plutonic Complex as mapped by Souther, 1971. Most of the claims are underlain by the Upper Triassic King Salmon Formation which is a mixed assemblage of sediments, andesitic volcanic and volcaniclastic rocks and limestone. On the northeast part of the claims is the Upper Triassic Sinwa limestone which is found along the northeast dipping King Salmon thrust fault. These rocks are intruded by intermediate composition Jurassic plutons and porphyritic dykes that may be Jurassic or Tertiary in age.

Structure in the area is dominated by the NW-trending, NE-dipping King Salmon thrust fault and associated smaller faults. Perpendicular to these faults is another set which trends northeasterly, which offset the King Salmon thrust fault.

Detailed mapping, submitted in an assessment report in September 1983, outlined a number of magnetic skarns in the Sinwa limestone. The magnetite skarn in outcrop were very small; however, there is limited outcrop. A magnetometer survey was proposed to determine if large areas of magnetite rich skarn were located under the covered areas.

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MAGNETOMETER SURVEY

A magnetometer survey was completed on 19 - 1500 meter long lines with readings taken every 25 meters along the lines. The survey was done using an EDA PPM-300 Total Field Magnetometer, and EDA PPM-400 Base Station Magnetometer, which were coupled in the evenings with an EDA DCU-400 Thermal Printer. All data (readings, stations, time) were stored in the field magnetometer and the raw data were corrected for diurnal variations. These corrected data are displayed on the grid maps (Figures 5 and 6). The values represent the total magnetic field.

The grid is orientated approximately perpendicular to the northwesterly striking King Salmon thrust fault. However, the contoured data indicates the magnetic bodies do not strike in the same orientation. The magnetic highs correlate very well with the known occurrence of magnetite. The magnetic anomalies indicate the bodies are small and narrow with no real continuity, as was found in outcrop. There is no indication of a larger body of magnetite at depth.

To completely define the magnetic bodies, a much more detailed survey is required with lines running perpendicular to the strike of the bodies as indicated by this preliminary survey. This second survey was not done because the best rock geochemical results obtained were not close to ore grade (Figure 4).

The magnetic background on the rest of the grid is quite uniform despite the different rock types. No broad gentle rises were seen as the magnetic highs were approached. The highs appear to be small sharp spikes which help to support the concept that the magnetic bodies have a very limited aerial extent.

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CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The results from the magnetometer survey support the geological concept that the magnetite bodies are small and have no aerial extent. There are not enough magnetite bodies to be of economic interest and the best gold values obtained are not ore grade.

At this time no further work is recommended although a more detailed magnetometer survey would delineate the magnetite bodies.

REFERENCES

- Souther, J.G. (1971). Geology and mineral deposits of Tulsequah map-area, British Columbia. Geological Survey of Canada Memoir 362, 84 p.
- Walton, G. (1983). Assessment report. Geological and Geochemical Survey BARB Claim 1, 3, 4, Atlin Mining Division, 14 p.

1983 EXPLORATION PROGRAM BARB CLAIMS KING SALMON LAKE AREA, B. C.

COST STATEMENT

PERIOD: August 13 to August 20, 1983

1. LABOUR

2.

3.

4.

Name	Position	Field Days	Office Days
G. Walton	Supervisor		1
J. Armstrong	Geophysical Operator	• 8	
W. Hewgill	Assistant	8	
	Total	16	١
Average cost pe	er field man day: \$9	0.x16 =	\$1,440.00
Average cost pe	er office man day: \$15	0. x 1 =	150.00
CAMP COSTS			
Total man days:	16 @\$60.		960.00
HELICOPTER			
2.5 hrs. @\$500/	hr. incl. fuel		1,250.00
DRAFTING			
2 man days @\$10	0.		200.00
			Total \$4,000.00

2

STATEMENT OF OUALIFICATIONS

I, Godfrey Walton, have worked as a geologist in British Columbia, Yukon, Northwest Territories, Alberta and Ontario since 1973. A B.Sc. (Hons. Geology) was received in 1974 from the University of Alberta and followed by a M.Sc. degree in geology from Queen's University in 1978. I am currently employed as a geologist with Chevron Canada Resources Limited of Vancouver, B. C.

I am a member of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, Exploration Geochemists and Mineralogical Association of Canada.

The work on the BARB claims was carried out under my supervision.

GODFREY WALTON

DETAILED GEOLOGY

LEGEND

5 QUARTZ-FELDSPAR PORPHYRY TERTIARY

4 MAGNETITE SKARN, REPLACED LIMESTONE 3 QUARTZ DIORITE

JURASSIC OR CRETACEOUS

- 2 SINWA FORMATION LIMESTONE UPPER TRIASSIC
- I STUHINI GROUP ANDESITE, ARGILLITE, MINOR SKARN

1 .

SYMBOLS

Å 4	BRECCIA ZONE, QUARTZ-CHALCOPYRITE VEINS
×	QUARTZ BRECCIA
	KING SALMON THRUST FAULT
,	CONTACT · APPROXIMATE, DEFINED
< <u>2</u> ;	OUTCROP
×29	BEDDING SHOWING DIP
~~~	PHOTO LINEARS
عالد	SWAMP
н	HELICOPTER LANDING





# LEGEND

## CENOZOIC PLEISTOCENE

5 GLACIAL TILL

MESOZOIC JURASSIC AND/OR CRETACEOUS POST MIDDLE JURASSIC

> 4 QUARTZ DIORITE - LIGHT GRAY, INEQUIGRANULAR, MEDIUM GRAINED WITH 15-20% HORNBLENDE-BIOTITE

18 . · ·

3 QUARTZ DIORITE PORPHYRY - FINE TO MEDIUM GRAINED FELDSPAR, HORNBLENDE-BIOTITE, MINOR QUARTZ PHENOCRYSTS

30 QUARTZ FELDSPAR PORPHYRY

30 QUARTZ FELDSPAR BIOTITE PORPHYRY

# TRIASSIC

UPPER TRIASSIC SINWA FORMATION

2 LIMESTONE - WHITE, LIGHT GRAY, WEATHERING THICK BEDDED, MINOR NARROW CHERT BEDS, RARE INTERFORMATIONAL BRECCIA

20 STRONG PERVASIVE BROWN DOLOMITIZATION

25 INTERFORMATIONAL BRECCIA - NARROW BEDS. UP TO IOCM WHITE & BLACK CHERT CLASTS 20 SKARN - EPIDOTE, DIOPSIDE, TREMOLITE IN CALCITE MATRIX, TREMOLITE OFTEN ASSOCIATED WITH MASSIVE MAGNETITE

24 MAGNETITE - MASSIVE ZONES OFTEN ASSOCIATED WITH TREMOLITE, MINOR BLEBBY PYRITE NEAR CONTACTS

STUHINI GROUP

KING SALMON FORMATION

CALCAREOUS SILTSTONE AND SHALE - BROWN WEATHERING THICK BEDDED CALC-SILICATE SKARN NEAR INTRUSIVES, MINOR NARROW BEDS TUFFS, MINOR LIMESTONE 19 IN SKARN - PALE GREEN, FINE GRAINED CALC-SILICATE, MINOR EPIDOTE IN FRACTURES

ID SKARN-FINE GRAINED, DARK GREEN DIOPSIDE AND EPIDOTE

IC LIMESTONE-DARK GRAY, THIN BEDS

SYMBOLS

	CONTACTS - APPROXIMATE, DEFINED
~~ . m	FAULT - ASSUMED, DEFINED
	TOPOGRAPHIC LINEAMENT - ASSUMED FAULT
×100 ×	BEDDING - STRIKE & DIP - INCLINED AND VERTICAL
×000 × 2	JOINTS, FRACTURES, STRIKE & DIP - INCLINED AND VERTICAL AND DENSITY PER FOOT
4.25	OUTCROP
1.1.447	OUTCROP-AREA WITH >50% OUTCROP AND NEAR BEDROCK FLOAT
	BRECCIA- GOSSAN IN BRECCIA WITH QUARTZ- CARBONATE VEINING
1773	GOSSAN - FRACTURED WITH MINOR QUARTZ-
*****	BREAK IN SLOPE
Ð	HELICOPTER PAD
	CREEK
	KING SALMON CREEK THRUST FAULT APPROX . DEFINED
00	the subscription of the su

20 ROCK SAMPLE GEOCHEMISTRY ( ppb Au)

0 50 100 m

27+50N 25+50N 24+50N 23+00N 23+50N

PY - PYRITE MG - MAGNETITE BX - BRECCIATED CP - CHALCOPYRITE PR - PYRRHOTITE HE - HEMATITE LI - LIMONITE MS - SPECULARITE MC - MALACHITE QZ - QUARTZ CB - CARBONATE V - VEINLETS BC - BRECCIATED-CRACKLED BL - BLEACHED P - PERVASIVE X - FLOAT TR - TRACE

1.00





# LEGEND

••••56000 gammas ----- 60000gammas

NOTE:

CONTOURS AT 1000gamma INTERVALS

![](_page_14_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_15_Figure_0.jpeg)

 $\frac{27 + 50 \text{ N}}{27 + 50 \text{ N}} = \frac{100}{9} \frac{100}{9}$ 25+00 N seese seese to be seed to see to set  $\frac{3}{9} = \frac{1}{24 + 00 \text{ N}^{\frac{1}{100}} \frac{1}{900} \frac{$ 57092 57181 58179 58791 52500 58033 61266 57854 58169 58637 57777 57181 58179 52154 58086 58900 49383 59783 58169 58637 58899 5777 57035 57044 *55802 *55641 *55958 * 56 584 57777 57330 57682 65 637 53390 56 771 57064 57194 63499 60389 54850 57015 57159 57178 57011 56758 56590 57392 58607 57392 58695 57249 . 56862 57166 57567 57567 57567 57413 57838 58377 59021 58006 58377 59021 58006 . 58319 · 57723 • 57351 . 57479

![](_page_15_Figure_2.jpeg)