REPORT OF PHASE ONE OF AN EXPLORATION PROGRAM ON THE MIN FR., WEST FR. LOPE AND CORK REVERTED CROWN GRANTED CLAIMS

SLOCAN MINING DIVISION

50° 00' N LATITUDE 117° 16' 30" W LONGITUDE

N.T.S. 82-K-3 AND 82-F-14

FOR: AMHAWK RESOURCE CORP.
807 - 700 WEST PENDER ST.
VANCOUVER, B.C.

BY: NORMAN W. STACEY

GEOLOGIST
VANCOUVER, B.C.

MARCH 17, 1984

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INTRODUCTION

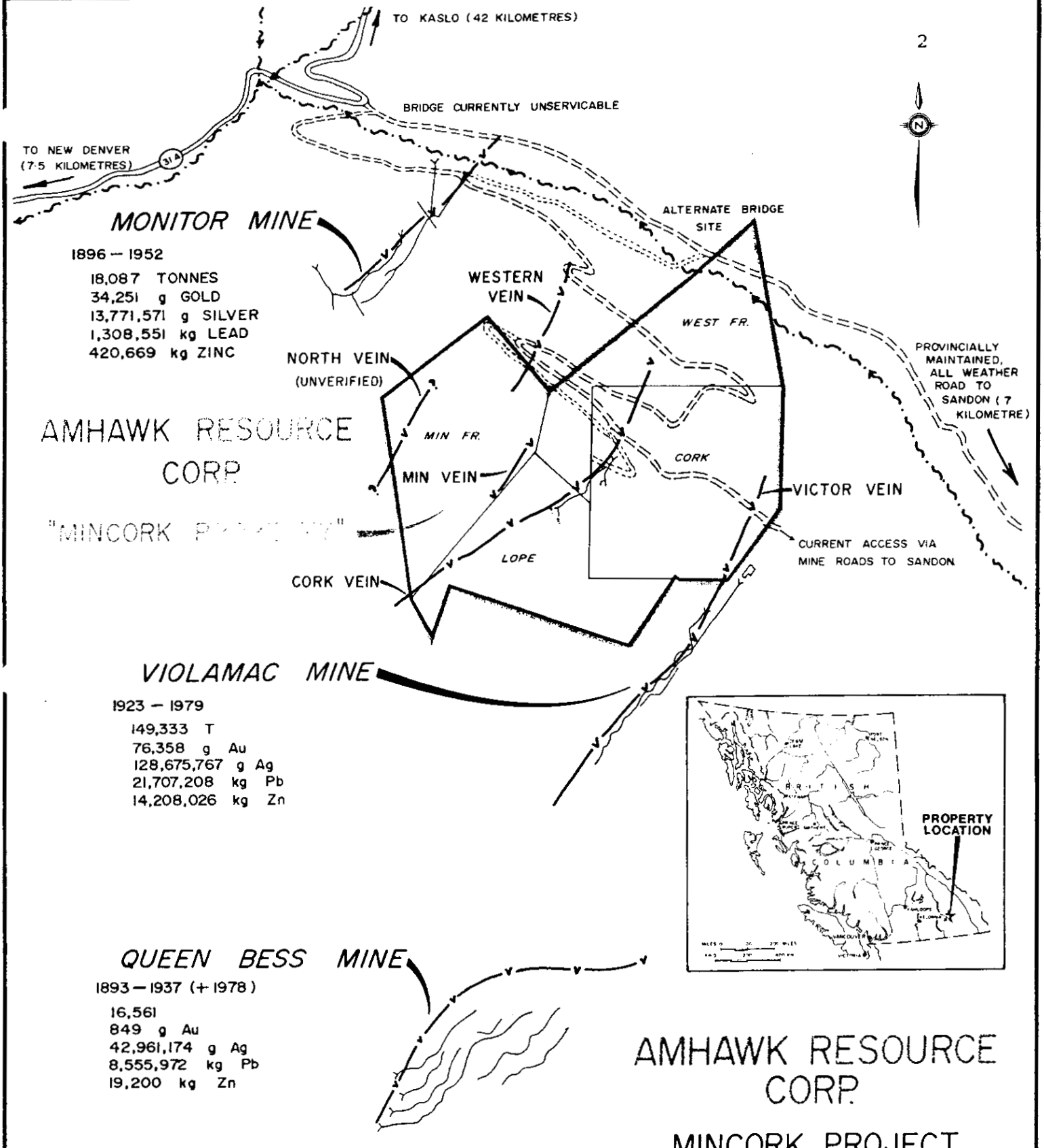
Field work was carried out during the late summer and early winter of 1983 at the request of Mr. Harold Williams, then President of Amhawk Resource Corp. The program was pursuant to the recommendations of Mr. G.C. Singhai P. Eng.in his Engineers report dated Sept. 1983.

A bridge was constructed across Carpenter Creek at Three Forks and the old road reopened to facilitate access.

An initial soil sampling program was completed and subsequently enhanced by follow-up to complete a 50 m grid covering the property. This proved successful in confirming and defining known and postulated mineralization.

An attempt was made to excavate the old Upper Min Adit with a loader which proved inadequate.

Efforts to reopen the No 2 Level of the Cork mine were unsuccessful due to excessive caving. A raise through to surface was, however, reopened which revealed a sublevel between Nos 1 and 2 levels. A limited test steeling program into the hangingwall yielded encouraging results.



AMHAWK RESOURCE CORP.

MINCORK PROJECT

PROPERTY LOCATION MAP

SLOCAN MINING DIVISION, B. C.

AUGUST 1983

LOCATION, PHYSIOGRAPHY AND ACCESS

The property lies on the northeast facing flank of Howson Ridge from a high of 4500 feet (1372m) a.s.l. to the valley floor at 2900 feet (884m). Slopes are steep to moderate, easily traversable on foot, and with adequate soil and sufficiently moderate slopes to allow easy additional roadbuilding or site construction with caterpillar tractors.

A year round stream traverses the property and the Upper Cork Adit is making adequate water for exploration and potential mining purposes.

The area may be expected to be snow free from mid April or May through to mid October or November. Access and elevation are such that snow removal would be manageable for year round production.

Mature conifers, predominantly Hemlock and Cedar with lesser Fir and Larch (Tamarack), abound on the property, for mining or roading purposes. Willow, Alder and immature Cottonwood provide a dense understory and cover slides and previously disturbed areas.

The northeasternmost point of the property touches on the Provincially maintained, all-weather Sandon road, at a point approx. 1 km southeast of Three Forks junction with paved Provincial Highway 31 A. Three Forks is 8 km from the township of New Denver, or 40 km from the township of Kaslo on Kootenay Lake. New Denver is 130 km by paved road to the custom smelting facilities of Cominco at Trail. New Denver is additionally 100 km from the schedule carrier serviced airport at Castlegar, or the regional supply centre of Nelson.

Local equipment operators, contract miners, trucking etc. are available in New Denver and neighboring communities.

Access to the property is 8 km east of New Denver to Three Forks, thence over the new bridge and approx 2 km up the reopened old Violamac

mines access road, a formed gentle gradient road. Steeper four-wheel-drive trails have been reopened to the Cork and Min showings. All other trails or roads on the property are ingrown with alder, willow and scrub species.

HISTORY

The property consisting of four reverted crown grants covers approx. 60 hectares between two post producers and incorporates two known showings and several projected or indicated fault-fissure veins. Previous work has been documented by Cairnes(1934), Hedley(1952), Lakes(1953), Legg(1953) and is reviewed by G.C. Singhai P. Eng.(1983).The reader is referred to that report for details.

GEOLOGY

As previously reported by Singhai(1983) the property is underlain by black carbonaceous sediments, weakly metamorphosed to argillites, slates and quartzites of Triassic age Slocan Series. Rare float and one outcrop indicate salic sills or dykes of undetermined age.

Economic mineralization is reported Lakes(1953) from both the Min and Cork workings. Within the Sandon Camp orebodies occur in northeast striking, southeast dipping fault fissures, generally as shoots controlled by crosscutting northwesterly trending structures.

FIELDWORK

Grid origin was established beside the upper Cork tunnel (No 1) and a baseline extended 020° for 500m and southward for 300m. Cross-lines at 100m spacings were extended perpendicular and sampled at 20m intervals. While encouraging, results of lead and silver content were excessively dispersed and infill lines were extended at 50m intervals. Analyses are appended and are plotted an accompanying plan.

Attempts were made to excavate the upper Min Tunnel. It is rumoured by area prospectors that 'ore' was left in the level under the posts at one point. Lakes(1953), reports extremely high silver values from this system. A small piece of tetrahedrite was observed in float in earlier costeaning efforts immediately upslope. Three sets of timber were excavated in current work but the level was totally collapsed. An unconsolidated high wall precluded continuing with the small equipment employed. A subsidence upslope indicates the entire working is likely collapsed. An anonymous sketch map of the lower Min adit was obtained from Dickenson Mines, Silvana Division files in New Denver. This adit was initially located in reconnaissance and may be able to be reopened with hand mucking.

Attention then focused on reopening and rehabilitating the lower Cork tunnel where a developed lode was rumoured to have been abandoned after caving. Ground conditions are of fissile blocky slates which, while favourably oriented for ore deposition, require extensive support. The level was mucked ahead for forty feet where an old backfilled raise caved through to surface. The ground would not hold up and the costs of driving lagging ahead are not warranted by the current quality of data.

A sublevel was exposed between the Cork levels in the excavated raise. The sublevel is sound and contained rail and an old ore-car. A test steeling program of 9 holes driven 28 feet was conducted with sludge collected and analysed in the hope of picking up an indication of the fissure.

A small lead is exposed in the No 1 Cork level in which small cobs of high grade, silver bearing galena is visible. The lead is of an uneconomic width however, and its orientation may be distorted by near surface effects.

The old Crown Granted Claimpost at the westernmost extremity of the Min Fraction was located in reconnaissance.

SOIL GEOCHEMISTRY

Lead values are plotted on accompanying soil geochemistry plan. Anomalous values are often isolated and surrounded by low values. A smoothing technique was employed using a cell average. The cell employed was 20m by 50m with adjacent sample sites combined with parallel sites and the average value attributed to the mid-point. Results are most encouraging. Lead anomaly A is attributable to the Min vein systems. Local highs define the areas of known workings with upslope continuity. This anomaly is reinforced by a coincident silver anomaly. Lead to silver ratios are consistent with a tetrahedrite bearing, very high-grade silver bearing vein as reported by Lakes(1953).

Lead anomaly B is attributed to the Cork workings. This also has a coincident silver anomaly, with silver lead ratios consistent with an argentiferous galena vein. The anomaly was not intensively covered by sampling as mineralization is visible in workings and dumps. This does however serve as confirmation of the technique.

Lead anomaly C is most encouraging running the length of the property with a favourable northwest trend. The most favourable and extremely elevated values are in the most mortherly portion, in the downslope extremes of the property. Anomaly C has coincident anomalous silver values, and is additionally coincident with a north-northeasterly drainage which may reflect an underlying structural feature.

Anomaly D, depicted by both silver and lead values is attributable to dispersion from the known Victor property workings of Violamac Mines. This provides further evidence of the success of the technique.

CORK WORKINGS

The upper or No 1 Cork level has reportedly been driven 1100 feet. The first 480 feet encounters several poorly exposed shears, at least one of which is mineralized, and another developed with a short raise. The level was crosscut southeast repeatedly to intersect another fissure vein and encountered some sphalerite (Van Hansen pers. comm.). This may substantiate the subparallel fissure indicated by anomaly C and the watercourse. The level is in a salic intrusive in its later extent as evidenced by the dump material. While apparently accessible, the level has bad air.

A sublevel exists approximately 30 feet below the No 1 level and connected by a double compartment, backfilled raise. This sublevel is 60 feet long and follows a tight shear trending 040 and dipping 60°E. This shear appears to be in the footwall of the mineralized shear in the No 1 level.

Extension test steel drill holes were driven from 15 foot spaced stations in the sublevel. A plus 10° hole and +30° hole were driven from each settup at a 130° orientation for 28 feet each. An additional hole 9 of 24 feet was driven at 310°, plus 20° from the first settup into the footwall. Return fluids were captured and the sludge bagged at 4 foot intervals and analysed for lead, zinc and silver. Annotated results are appended.

Holes H3 and H4 yielded significant lead, zinc and silver values throughout their length. While analyses are subeconomic, and contamination from ore sample to another was probably extensive, they demonstrate

mineralization continuing downslope of No 1 level.

The well defined silver/lead bearing fissure vein in the Upper Level may be dispersed through a less favorable slate host rock, and converge in the lower level in a more favourable host to form the rumoured ore. Several faults subparallel to bedding at approximately 315/305 result in favourable wallrock lithology in contact with less favourable sections.

CONCLUSION

Several targets of mineralization were delineated by the soil geochemistry, with the technique verified by response to known showings.

The Min Vein system is a major priority with coincident silver and lead in soil values indicative of very high grade silver bearing vein. This corroborates the showing reported by Lakes(1953). The Upper Min working has been located, along with an old adit and archive plan indicating over 200m strike length to the structure.

A major anomaly is delineated between the known Cork workings and Violamac Mines past producer. Extremely anomalous lead and silver values are depicted in conveniently located lower slopes of the property and may be reflected in a watercourse following the regionally favourable northeast trend. This subparallel system is consistent with the rumoured reasons for the Cork No 1 tunnel extension which may have crossed the structure in an unfavourable host lithology.

The lower Cork No 2 tunnel could unfortunately not be economically reopened. However a limited extension test steel drill program from a reopened sublevel does indicate downward continuing mineralization.

Visible mineralization is evident in the Cork No 1 level, while rumoured zinc mineralization remains to be confirmed.

RECOMMENDATIONS

A large bulldozer (D6) should be employed to excavate the unconsolidated overburden and expose the Upper Min Workings. The reported mineralization should be mapped and sampled and the structure traced by stripping or costeans.

The highly anomalous lower portions of anomaly C should be crosscut with a bulldozer. Self Potential geophysics may be useful in locating a fissure vein in opened cuts. Any mineralization should be stripped and sampled and the structure traced.

The initial portions of the Cork No 1 tunnel developing the fissure vein, and the sublevel should be washed and accurately surveyed for control. A detailed geological map (scale 1:200 or better) should be undertaken with particular emphasis on projectable northeasterly trending structures which may constitute ore controls at their projected intersection with the fissure vein at depth.

The above constitute three separate targets. Following assessment of surface or subsurface extent, grade and width, drilling for depth continuity and tonnage may be assessed, and economics of scale could be achieved by amortizing drill mobilization costs, etc.

A drilling decision should await results of the above recommended exploration.

ESTIMATED COST

(A) MIN VEIN PROGRAM		
Excavating Min Workings 24 Hrs. D6 @ $65/Hr.		$ 1,560
Swamper 3 Days @ $150/Day		$ 450
Stripping Vein 24 Hrs D6 @ $65/Hr.		$ 1,560
Swamper 3 Days @ $150/Day		$ 450
Geologist		$ 500
Sampline, Assays Etc. Allow		$ 1,000
Travel, Accomodation 8 Man Days @ $35/M/D		$ 280
Vehicle		$ 300
	SUBTOTAL	$ 6,100
(B) ANOMALY 'C'		
Access 8 Hrs. @ $65/Hr.		$ 520
Bulldozer Cuts 36 Hrs. @ $65/Hr.		$ 2,340
Geologist		$ 1,000
Geophysics (S.P.)		$ 500
Sampling, Assays Freight		$ 1,000
Vehicle		$ 300
Accom., Meals, Etc.		$ 350
	SUBTOTAL	$ 6,010
(C) CORK WORKINGS		
Survey		$ 1,500
Equipment (Pump, Hose, Etc.)		$ 1,000
Mapping		$ 1,500
Level Examination with Air		$ 1,000

Sampling And Assaying		$ 2,000
Vehicle And Fuel		$ 300
Accom. And Meals		$ 400
Geologist And Assistant		$ 2,000
	SUBTOTAL	$ 9,700
Fieldwork 6,100 + 6,010 + 9,700		$21,810
Reporting Draughting, Repro, Office, etc.		$ 2,500
	SUBTOTAL PROGRAM	$24,310
Contigencies @ 10%		$26,741

Respectfully Submitted

Norman W. Stacey F.G.A.

GEOLOGIST
March 15, 1984

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STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, Norman W. Stacey of #305-2320 Trinity Street, Vancouver, B.C., V5L 4W7 do state that:

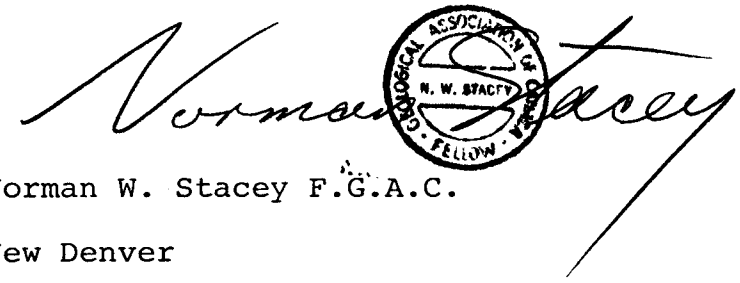
1) I am a graduate of the University of Auckland, New Zealand with a B.Sc. in Applied Geology and Geophysics.

2) I am a Fellow of the Geological Association of Canada, and a Member of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy.

3) Since graduating in 1974 I have pursued my career as a Geologist in New Zealand, Australia, and Western North America.

4) I have written this report titled "Report on Phase One of an Exploration Program on Lope Contiguous Reverted Crown Granted Claims" based on the references cited, and field work conducted personally or under my direct supervision. The assistance of Mr. Gerald Bennett of Silverton, B.C. in data processing is acknowledged.

5) I have no pecuniary interest in the shares or securities of Amhawk Resource Corp., nor in the subject properties nor any in the vicinity.



Norman W. Stacey F.G.A.C.

New Denver

March 15, 1984

ACME ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD.
852 E. HASTINGS, VANCOUVER B.C.
PH:253-3158 TELEX:04-53124

DATE RECEIVED SEPT 24 1983

DATE REPORTS MAILED Sept 30/83

GEOCHEMICAL ASSAY CERTIFICATE

A .500 GM SAMPLE IS DIGESTED WITH 3 ML OF 3:1:3 HCL TO HNO3 TO H2O AT 90 DEG.C. FOR 1 HOUR.
THE SAMPLE IS DILUTED TO 10 MLS WITH WATER. ELEMENTS ANALYSED BY AA : PB, AG.
SAMPLE TYPE : SOIL - DRIED AT 60 DEG C., -80 MESH.

ASSAYER D. Toye DEAN TOYE, CERTIFIED B.C. ASSAYER

NORMAN W. STACEY PROJECT # MINCORK FILE # 83-2289 PAGE# 1

SAMPLE	PB PPM	AG PPM
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500N 40E	79	1.0
500N 60E	42	.9
500N 100E	76	.8
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500N 140E	27	.3
500N 160E	25	.8
500N 180E	53	1.1
500N 200E	43	1.0
500N 220E	1720	17.4
400N 0E	30	1.1
400N 20E	23	.6
400N 40E	31	1.4
400N 60E	28	2.0
400N 80E	29	1.1
400N 100E	24	1.0
400N 120E	27	.8
400N 140E	28	.7
400N 160E	30	.8
400N 180E	24	.7
400N 200E	29	.9
400N 220E	26	1.0
400N 240E	19	2.0
400N 260E	22	2.3
400N 280E	30	3.9
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400N 320E	23	2.5
400N 340E	17	3.3
400N 360E	24	2.1
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300N 40E	23	.8
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300N 80E	18	.4
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200N 40E	16	1.8

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200N 160E	48	1.9
200N 180E	33	1.6
200N 200E	25	1.5
200N 220E	21	.9
200N 240E	18	.8
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200N 280E	25	1.3
200N 300E	32	.6
200N 320E	6	.4
200N 340E	20	1.2
200N 360E	26	.8
200N 380E	19	.9
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ON 500W	16	1.1
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ON 460W	22	1.8
ON 440W	20	1.3
ON 420W	21	1.6
ON 400W	18	1.1

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ON 360W	15	1.1
ON 340W	28	3.1
ON 320W	18	.8
ON 300W	17	2.4
ON 280W	15	1.0
ON 260W	30	1.3
ON 240W	22	1.2
ON 220W	460	3.9
ON 200W	48	1.4
ON 180W	44	1.5
ON 160W	252	4.8
ON 140W	20	.9
ON 120W	34	.8
ON 100W	30	1.3
ON 80W	22	1.1
ON 60W	23	1.4
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SAMPLE	PB PPM	AG PPM
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SAMPLE	PB PPM	AG PPM
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SAMPLE	PB PPM	AG PPM
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300S 360W	20	2.3
300S 340W	21	1.4
300S 320W	19	2.7
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300S 260W	19	.6
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300S 200W	42	.7
300S 180W	21	1.8
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300S 120W	42	.4
300S 100W	20	7.7
300S 80W	18	1.6
300S 60W	16	1.9
300S 40W	21	3.9
300S 20W	18	7.4
300S 0E	22	.8
300S 20E	29	1.6
300S 40E	32	1.5
300S 60E	20	.7
300S 80E	30	2.6

SAMPLE	PB PPM	AG PPM
300S 100E	44	2.0
300S 120E	36	1.7
300S 140E	24	.9
300S 160E	23	2.8
300S 180E	32	1.4
300S 200E	19	1.1
300S 220E	20	1.3
300S 240E	25	1.2
300S 260E	18	1.4
300S 280E	15	.8
300S 300E	21	1.8

ACME ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD.
852 E. HASTINGS, VANCOUVER B.C.
PH:253-3158 TELEX:04-53124

DATE RECEIVED OCT 24 1983

DATE REPORTS MAILED Oct 31/83

GEOCHEMICAL ASSAY CERTIFICATE

A .500 GM SAMPLE IS DIGESTED WITH 3 ML OF 3:1:3 HCL TO HNO3 TO H2O AT 90 DEG.C. FOR 1 HOUR.
THE SAMPLE IS DILUTED TO 10 MLS WITH WATER. ELEMENTS ANALYSED BY AA : PB, AG.
SAMPLE TYPE : SOIL - DRIED AT 60 DEG C., -80 MESH.

ASSAYER D. Toye DEAN TOYE, CERTIFIED B.C. ASSAYER

N.STACEY FILE # 83-2679 PAGE# 1

SAMPLE	PB PPM	AG PPM
450N 160E	29	1.2
450N 180E	43	.8
450N 200E	1600	25.0
450N 220E	104	1.9
450N 240E	10	.4
450N 260E	29	.5
450N 280E	76	2.5
450N 300E	580	8.9
450N 320E	1350	22.0
450N 340E	70	2.4
450N 360E	820	10.2
450N 380E	690	9.1
350N 160E	37	.6
350N 180E	78	1.0
350N 200E	16	.5
350N 220E	23	.8
350N 240E	24	1.1
350N 260E	18	.3
350N 280E	13	.2
350N 300E	24	.5
350N 320E	36	.7
350N 340E	22	.9
350N 360E	116	.7
350N 380E	24	.6
250N 140E	34	1.2
250N 160E	50	1.1
250N 180E	29	.5
250N 200E	60	.7
250N 220E	24	.5
250N 240E	21	.6
250N 260E	14	.3
250N 280E	52	1.5
250N 300E	26	.9
150N 340W	13	.3
150N 320W	20	1.5
150N 300W	18	.6
150N 280W	14	.5

SAMPLE	PB PPM	AG PPM
150N 260W	12	1.8
150N 240W	19	.6
150N 220W	39	1.5
150N 200W	23	5.1
150N 180W	27	.5
150N 160W	28	.4
150N 140W	23	.6
150N 120W	30	1.3
150N 0E	22	2.1
150N 20E	36	1.2
150N 40E	194	2.3
150N 60E	27	1.0
150N 80E	16	.6
150N 100E	18	1.4
150N 120E	29	.8
150N 140E	27	.5
150N 160E	23	1.0
150N 180E	18	.4
150N 200E	12	.4
150N 220E	18	.6
150N 240E	19	1.2
150N 260E	18	.8
150N 280E	22	1.0
50N 520W	14	1.8
50N 500W	12	.8
50N 480W	14	.9
50N 460W	12	3.1
50N 440W	11	1.3
50N 420W	13	1.5
50N 400W	8	1.0
50N 380W	17	1.0
50N 360W	12	.9
50N 340W	13	1.?
50N 320W	12	1.0
50N 300W	22	2.6
50N 280W	17	1.8
50N 260W	13	1.2

SAMPLE	PB PPM	AG PPM
50N 240W	15	2.7
50N 220W	16	.8
50N 200W	13	.9
50N 180W	17	.3
50N 160W	35	.7
50N 140W	32	.5
50N 120W	13	1.0
50N 100E	22	1.1
50N 120E	21	.8
50N 140E	28	1.3
50N 160E	32	1.6
50N 180E	13	1.3
50N 200E	15	2.0
50N 220E	32	1.2
50N 240E	21	1.4
50N 260E	17	.5
50N 280E	31	.8
50N 300E	1230	7.8
50N 320E	21	2.1
50N 340E	20	1.6
50S 520W	10	.3
50S 500W	19	.9
50S 480W	12	.2
50S 460W	19	2.0
50S 440W	13	1.8
50S 420W	19	.8
50S 400W	17	.8
50S 380W	15	.4
50S 360W	11	.5
50S 340W	14	1.0
50S 320W	15	.2
50S 300W	11	1.1
50S 280W	20	.9
50S 260W	9	.6
50S 240W	15	3.0
50S 220W	31	1.8

SAMPLE	PB PPM	AG PPM
50S 200W	240	7.5
50S 180W	285	11.5
50S 160W	360	11.0
50S 140W	54	1.9
50S 120W	42	2.6
50S 100W	37	1.1
50S 80W	21	1.2
50S 0E	17	.6
50S 20E	20	1.4
50S 40E	15	1.7
50S 60E	20	1.2
50S 80E	19	2.6
50S 100E	17	1.0
50S 120E	24	.7
50S 140E	23	.6
50S 160E	31	1.3
50S 180E	34	1.1
50S 200E	21	.2
50S 220E	26	.1
50S 240E	12	.2
50S 260E	20	1.3
50S 280E	19	1.0
150S 420W	23	.6
150S 400W	20	.8
150S 380W	18	1.7
150S 360W	32	.5
150S 340W	14	.4
150S 320W	15	2.4
150S 300W	20	2.2
150S 280W	33	2.1
150S 260W	19	1.3
150S 240W	23	.8
150S 220W	32	.6
150S 200W	33	1.1
150S 180W	31	.7
150S 160W	23	1.3
150S 140W	22	2.4

SAMPLE	PB PPM	AG PPM
150S 120W	23	.6
150S 100W	27	1.7
150S 80W	20	1.0
150S 60W	31	1.3
150S 40W	28	.6
150S 20W	20	1.5
150S 0E	19	1.1
150S 20E	16	1.5
150S 40E	26	1.1
150S 60E	32	.5
150S 80E	19	1.1
150S 100E	27	.8
150S 120E	35	.9
150S 140E	43	.7
150S 160E	74	1.3
150S 180E	24	1.5
150S 200E	44	.2
150S 220E	25	1.0
150S 240E	24	1.1
250S 420W	22	1.3
250S 400W	18	1.7
250S 380W	24	2.0
250S 360W	20	1.0
250S 340W	18	1.9
250S 320W	15	2.8
250S 300W	18	1.7
250S 280W	15	4.2
250S 260W	17	.9
250S 240W	18	3.1
250S 220W	23	2.3
250S 200W	30	2.2
250S 180W	18	.4
250S 160W	12	.9
250S 140W	18	.7
250S 120W	20	1.9
250S 100W	21	1.6
250S 80W	15	2.1

SAMPLE	PB PPM	AG PPM
250S 60W	15	1.8
250S 40W	14	2.8
250S 20W	15	1.3
250S 0W	14	.5
250S 20E	10	.9
250S 40E	16	.5
250S 60E	27	.7
250S 80E	26	.6
250S 100E	23	1.2
250S 120E	26	.7
250S 140E	42	1.9
250S 160E	30	3.5
250S 180E	38	3.6
250S 200E	27	2.4

ACME ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD.
852 E. HASTINGS, VANCOUVER B.C.
PH:253-3158 TELEX:04-53124

DATE RECEIVED DEC 20 1983

DATE REPORTS MAILED Dec 23/83

GEOCHEMICAL ASSAY CERTIFICATE

A .500 GM SAMPLE IS DIGESTED WITH 3 ML OF 3:1:3 HCL TO HNO3 TO H2O AT 90 DEG.C. FOR 1 HOUR.
THE SAMPLE IS DILUTED TO 10 MLS WITH WATER. ELEMENTS ANALYSED BY AA : PB, ZN, AG.
SAMPLE TYPE : SLUDGE

ASSAYER Dean Toye DEAN TOYE, CERTIFIED B.C. ASSAYER

AMHAWK RESOURCES SHIPMENT-AHK FILE # 83-3178 PAGE# 1

	SAMPLE	PB PPM	ZN PPM	AG PPM	
140° @ +10°	H-1 0-4	27	2260	2.6	
	H-1 4-8	28	1620	1.9	
	H-1 8-12	40	1160	1.7	
	H-1 12-16	58	1708	2.4	
	H-1 16-20	45	1105	1.5	
	H-1 20-24	36	514	1.0	
	H-1 24-28	40	1830	2.4	
140° @ +30°	H-2 0-4	20	2030	1.3	FIRST SETUP 15' INTO CORK SUBLEVEL
	H-2 4-8	40	1860	1.8	
	H-2 8-12	35	1400	1.5	
	H-2 12-16	26	1120	1.2	
	H-2 16-20	28	1350	1.5	
	H-2 20-24	29	1025	1.2	
	H-2 24-28	26	1398	1.3	
140° @ +10°	H-3 0-4	250	2800	8.8	
	H-3 4-8	126	2250	3.3	
	H-3 8-12	106	2360	3.1	
	H-3 12-16	186	2800	4.6	
	H-3 16-20	196	2360	5.6	
	H-3 20-24	74	1708	2.4	SETUP #2 30' INTO CORK SUBLEVEL
	H-3 24-28	70	1780	2.0	
140° @ +30°	H-4 0-4	88	2700	5.4	
	H-4 4-8	78	2710	4.6	
	H-4 8-12	64	2300	2.9	
	H-4 12-16	92	1985	2.5	
	H-4 16-20	270	2600	4.9	
	H-4 20-24	166	2300	3.7	
	H-4 24-28	58	1600	2.5	
140° @ +10°	H-5 0-4	23	320	.8	
	H-5 4-8	16	158	.4	
	H-5 8-12	21	410	.8	
	H-5 12-16	20	228	.4	SETUP #3 45' INTO CORK SUBLEVEL
	H-5 16-20	14	146	.4	
	H-5 20-24	16	150	.3	
	H-5 24-28	18	465	.4	

	SAMPLE	PB PPM	ZN PPM	AG PPM	
140° @ +30°	H-6 0-4	26	905	.8	SETUP #3 45' INTO SUBLEVEL
	H-6 4-8	18	360	.6	
	H-6 8-12	19	160	.7	
	H-6 16-20	17	125	.6	
	H-6 20-24	13	160	.4	
	H-6 24-28	18	96	.4	
190° @ +10°	H-7 0-4	20	100	.4	SETUP #4 60' INTO & AT FACE OF SUBLEVEL
	H-7 4-8	15	120	.8	
	H-7 8-12	18	124	.5	
	H-7 12-16	19	110	.6	
	H-7 16-20	20	104	.5	
	H-7 24-28	17	80	.7	
140° @ +30°	H-8 0-4	11	152	.5	
	H-8 4-8	18	104	.5	
	H-8 8-12	17	135	.6	
	H-8 12-16	18	115	.7	
	H-8 16-20	13	84	.7	
	H-8 20-24	20	150	.6	
	H-8 24-28	18	92	.6	
310° @ +20°	H-9 0-4	16	1200	.7	FROM SETUP #1 15' INTO CORK SUBLEVEL
	H-9 4-8	19	926	.6	
	H-9 8-12	30	1450	1.3	
	H-9 12-16	23	625	.7	
	H-9 16-20	19	325	1.3	
	H-9 20-24	20	260	.6	

COST BREAKDOWN OF EXPLORATION PROGRAM
(PHYSICAL WORK AND GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY)
PERFORMED ON THE CORMIN GROUP
DURING 1983

1A

Record No.
167 - Min Dr.
168 - Road Dr.
169 - Creek Pl.
170 - Logging Pl.

Norman W. Stacey, Geologist
Box 151
New Denver, B.C.
V0G 1S0

ALMAMT RESOURCES CORP.
#807 - 700 West Pender Street
Vancouver, B.C. V6C 1G8
Attention: Mr. Harold Williams

Re: Hincork - Followup Geochem

Cheque # 432 Nov 24/83

Paul Livesey, Field Geologist		
	October 6, 7, ½8, 9	
	3.5 days @ $125.00 per day	$ 437.50
Gary Timms, Prospector		
	October 6, 7, ½8, 9	
	3.5 days @ $125.00 per day	437.50
Expenses:	4 x 4 truck	
	4 days @ $50.00 per day	200.00
	Fuel	38.00
Disbursements:	Freight	18.00
	Field Supplies (est.)	50.00
	Telephone	30.00
	Accommodation	
	8 man days @ $35.00 per day	280.00
Sub-total:		$1,491.00
	Administration 15%	223.65
	Total Payable:	$ 1,714.65

Norman W. Stacey, Geologist

November 19, 1983

2A

Norman W. Stacey, Geologist
Box 151
New Denver, B.C.
V0G 1S0

INVOICE TO: ANHAWK RESOURCES CORP.
#807 - 700 West Pender Street
Vancouver, B.C. V6C 1G8
Attention: Mr. Harold Williams

Re: Hincork - Cork Mine Rehab.
Memo Invoice

N.W. Stacey - Supervision	
2 days @ $200 per day	$ 400.00
Vehicle, Meals, Expenses (est.)	200.00
Memo Invoice	6,578.94
Total Payable:	$ 7,178.94

Norman Stacey
Norman W. Stacey, Geologist

November 19, 1983

2

NEMO RESOURCES LTD.
BOX 54
NEW DENVER, B.C. V0G 1S0

OUR NUMBER 19562

DATE Nov. 10, 1983

CUSTOMER'S ORDER

SALESMAN

TERMS

F. O. B.

SOLD TO AMHAWK RESOURCES
c/o Norm Stacey

SHIPPED TO

ADDRESS VIA

INVOICE

	RE: Rehabilitation of portals on Min-Cork property		
	Materials, lumber	853.15	
	nails	60.00	
	450 John Deere Loader - 4 days	700.00	
	transportation to Three Forks and back to Silverton - 2 hours	110.00	
1	4 x 4 truck - 8 days	240.00	
	Labour	3,300.00	
	SUB TOTAL		5,263.15
	Plus 25%		1,315.79
	TOTAL		6,578.94

D 031

3 A

Norman W. Stacey, Geologist
Box 151
New Denver, B.C.
V0G 1S0

INVOICE TO: ANHAWK RESOURCES CORP.
807 - 700 West Pender Street
Vancouver, B.C. V6C 1G8
Attention: Mr. Harold Williams

Re: Mincork - Initial Geochem
- Bridge Labour
- Preliminary Report

Personnel:

N.W. Stacey, Geologist

Preliminary report & drafting	4 days	
Bridge	1 day	
Supervision	1 day	
Permits, etc.	1 day	
Client	1 day	
8 days @ $250.00 per day		$ 2,000.00

Paul Livesey, Field Geologist

Aug 31, Sept 3, 4, 5, 18, 19, ½ 20		
6.5 days Grid & Geochem @ $125 / day		812.50
Sept 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 15, ½ 16		
10.5 days bridge supplies & construction @ $125 / day		1,312.50
Gary Timms, Prospector		812.50
Paul Livesey		1,312.50

Expenses:

4 x 4 Bronco II DXP 189 BRIDGE 11 DAYS	550.00
@ $50 / day ~~Geochem~~ GEOCHEM 7 DAYS	350.00
4 x 4 Toyota 4 days @ $30 / day	120.00
Chainsaw 11 days @ $10 / day	110.00

... /2

Amhawk Resources Corp.
Hincork
Page 2.

Disbursements:

Field Supplies	140.00
Phone	210.00
Bridge Supplies	77.05
Fuel	204.48
Accommodation & Meals	
44 man days @ $35 /man /day	1,470.00
Freight	38.35
Misc. (typing, packaging, etc.)	68.00
Assays (Acme) FILE 83-2289 - Sept 30/83	902.70
Payable:	$ 10,490.58

Norman J. Stacey, Geologist
November 19, 1983

Note: Breakdown by category

1) Geochem Report, Geology	$5,623.53
2) Bridgework & Roadclearing	4,867.05

ACME ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD.

PHONE: 253-3158
852 East Hastings St., Vancouver, B.C. V6A 1R6

File: 83-2289

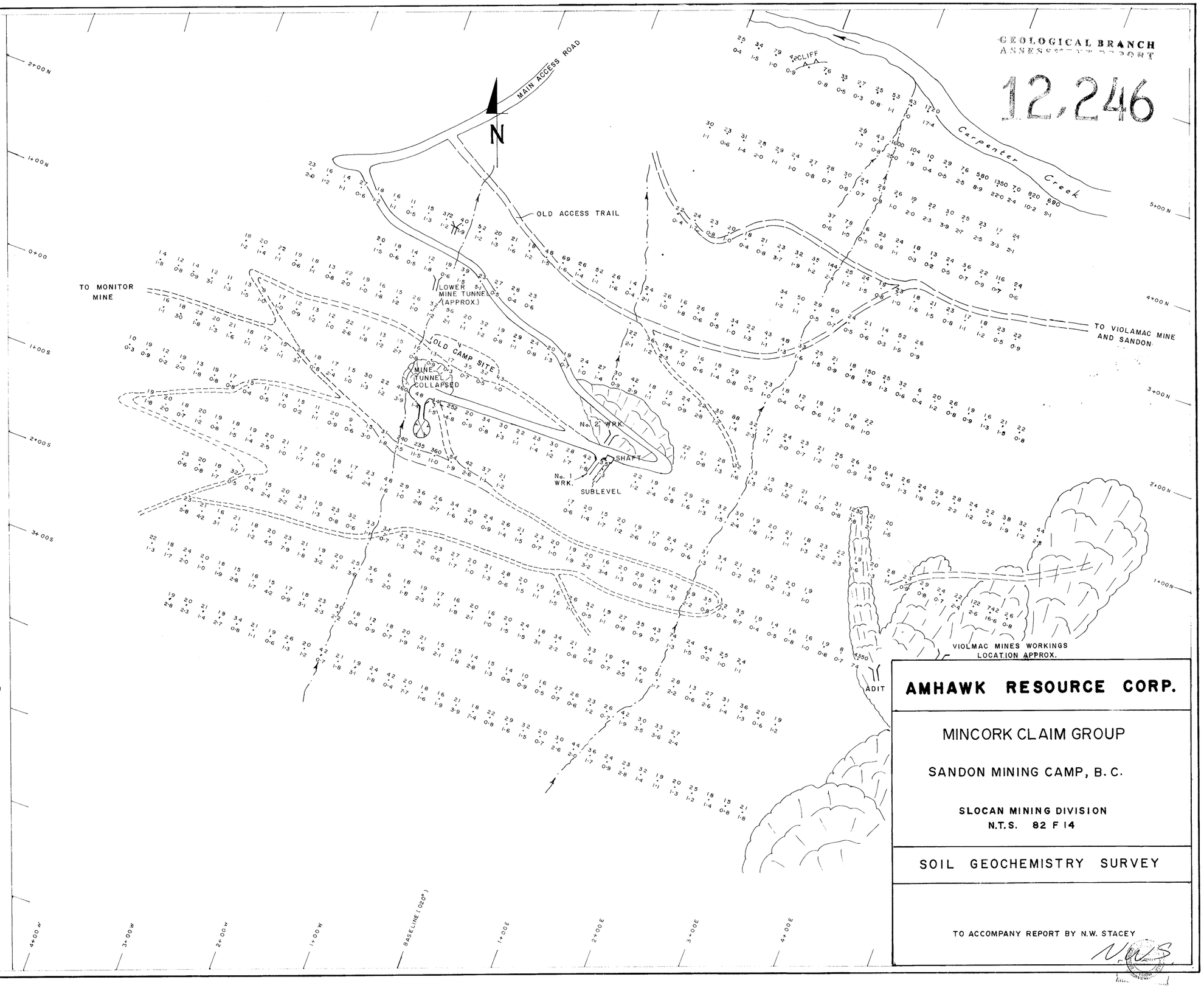
Date: SEPT 30 1983.

NORMAN W. STACEY
305 - 2320 TRINITY ST
VANCOUVER B.C.
V5L 4W7

TERMS:
NET TWO WEEKS
2% PER MONTH CHARGED ON OVERDUE ACCOUNTS.

NUMBER	ASSAY	PRICE	AMOUNT
	PROJECT : MINCORK c/o Amhawk.		
306	GEOCHEM PB AG ASSAY @	2.45	749.70
306	SOIL SAMPLE PREPARATION @	.50	153.00
			902.70

PLEASE PAY LAST AMOUNT



LEGEND

- SAMPLE SITE
- 22 — PARTS PER MILLION LEAD
- 1.6 — PARTS PER MILLION SILVER
- 4 WD ROAD
- INACCESSIBLE ROAD
- OVERGROWN 'CAT TRAIL'
- ADIT, (ACCESSIBLE, INACCESSIBLE)
- WATERCOURSE
- DUMP

100 20 0 50 100 METRES

AMHAWK RESOURCE CORP.

MINCORK CLAIM GROUP

SANDON MINING CAMP, B. C.

SLOCAN MINING DIVISION
N.T.S. 82 F 14

SOIL GEOCHEMISTRY SURVEY

TO ACCOMPANY REPORT BY N.W. STACEY

7+00 W 6+00 W 5+00 W 4+00 W 3+00 W 2+00 W 1+00 W BASELINE (020°) 1+00 E 2+00 E 3+00 E 4+00 E

2+00 N 1+00 N 0+00 1+00 S 2+00 S 3+00 S 4+00 S 5+00 S 6+00 S

6+00 N 5+00 N 4+00 N 3+00 N 2+00 N 1+00 N

A' B' C' D'

VIOLAMAC ADIT

CONTOURS

30 ppm LEAD
50 ppm "
100 ppm "
200 ppm "
500 ppm "

SLOPE

A' = ANOMALY
B' = ANOMALY
C' = ANOMALY
D' = ANOMALY

LEAD IN SOIL (MOVING CELL AVERAGES)

100 20 0 50 100
METRES

AMHAWK RESOURCE CORP.

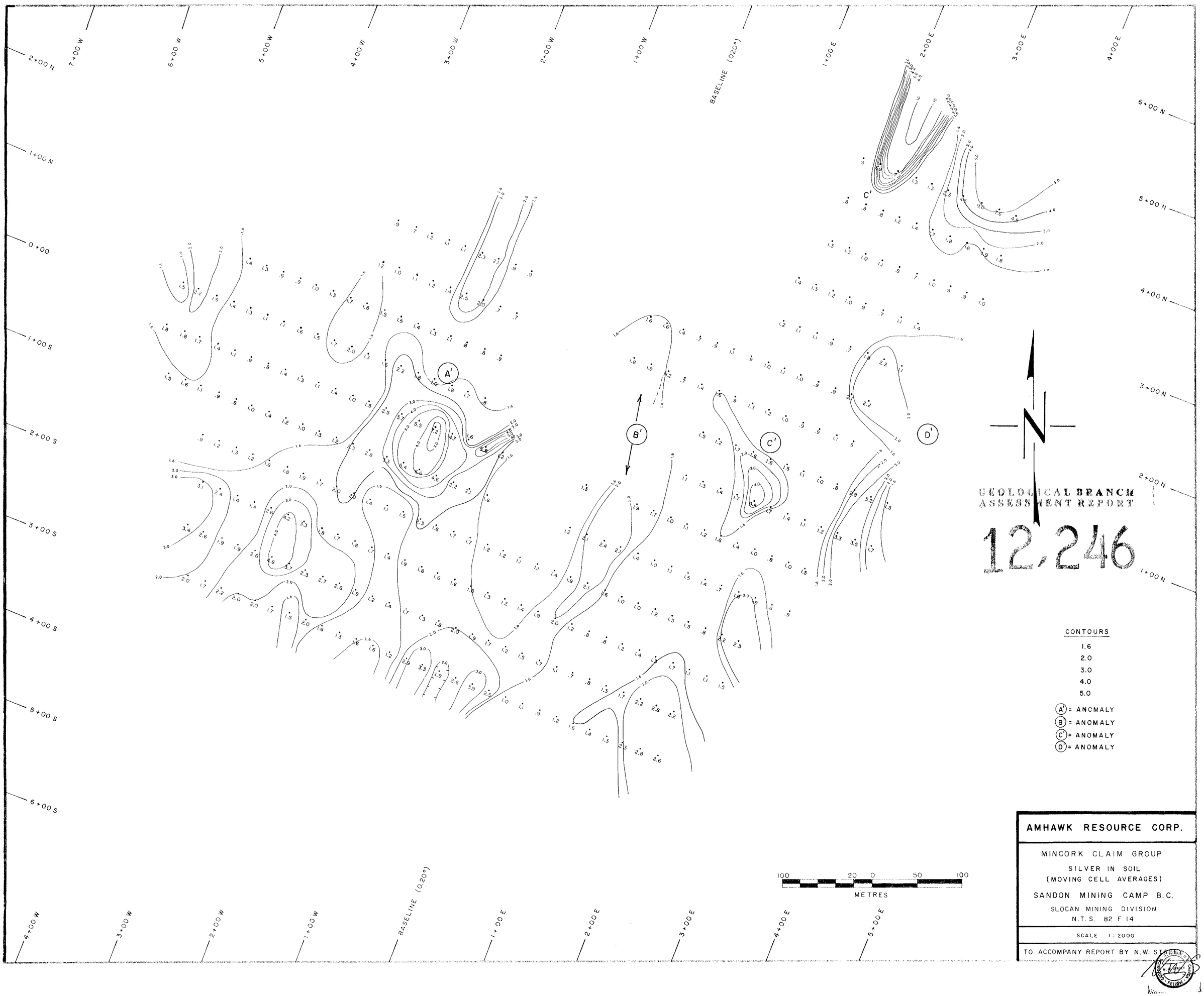
MINCORK CLAIM GROUP

SANDON MINING CAMP, B.C.

SLOCAN MINING DIVISION
N.T.S. 82 F 14

SCALE 1:2000

TO ACCOMPANY REPORT BY N.W. STACEY



GEOLOGICAL BRANCH
ASSESSMENT REPORT

12,246

CONTOURS

1.6
2.0
3.0
4.0
5.0

(A') = ANOMALY
(B') = ANOMALY
(C') = ANOMALY
(D') = ANOMALY

AMHAWK RESOURCE CORP.

MINCORK CLAIM GROUP

SILVER IN SOIL
(MOVING CELL AVERAGES)

SANDON MINING CAMP B.C.

SLOCAN MINING DIVISION
N.T.S. 82 F 14

SCALE 1:2000

TO ACCOMPANY REPORT BY N.W. STACEY

N.W. STACEY
GEOLOGICAL ENGINEER
FELLOW