GOLDWEST RESOURCES LTD.

ASSESSMENT REPORT on a MAGNETOMETER SURVEY

on the RAMBLER CLAIM GROUP

LAWLESS CREEK AREA SIMILKAMEEN MINING DIVISION

NTS 92H/10W

N. Lat. 49° 34' 00"

W. Long. 120° 56' 00"

GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

by

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November 18, 1984



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INTRODUCTION

Pursuant to a request by the Directors of Goldwest Resources Ltd., 1020-475 Howe Street, Vancouver, B. C. a detail grid magnetic survey was carried out in the northern, common boundary area of the Murphy and Shelley mineral claims. Field work was completed during the period July 28 through August 3, 1984.

The claims are part of the 41 unit Rambler Group comprising about 900 hectares (2220 acres) located at Lawless Creek-Murphy Lakes, 31 kilometers west-northwest of Princeton and 27 kilometers northeast of Hope, B. C.

The intent of the survey work was to delineate possible mineral targets within an area of previously outlined copper-zinc anomalies. The results of 4.5 kilometers of detail, total field magnetometer survey work are presented in this report.



SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The 41 unit Rambler Group covers 10 former crown-granted mineral claims known as the Law's Camp, 5 of which are currently held by Goldwest Resources Ltd. The claims are located near Murphy Lakes, 10 kilometers west-northwest of the village of Tulameen, B. C. Good road access is available from both Princeton and Hope, B. C.

Detail total field magnetic survey work was carried out over a previously outlined copper-zinc anomaly in the north, common boundary area of the Murphy and Shelley claims. Previous work had defined magnetic "signatures" over the St. Lawrence and Liverpool massive sulphide occurrences and the magnetic method was used to outline zones of possible mineralization within the survey area.

Three magnetic "high-low" features and a probable fault have been delineated in the 1984 survey. The strong magnetic low, an apparent southerly continuation of a series of anomalies, may be the locus of a fault displacement.

Surface trenching of the magnetic anomalies has been recommended along with expanding the geophysical work, magnetic and VLF-electromagnetic, to cover the areas of anomalous copper geochemistry identified during the 1981 survey.



PROPERTY - LOCATION, ACCESS, TOPOGRAPHY

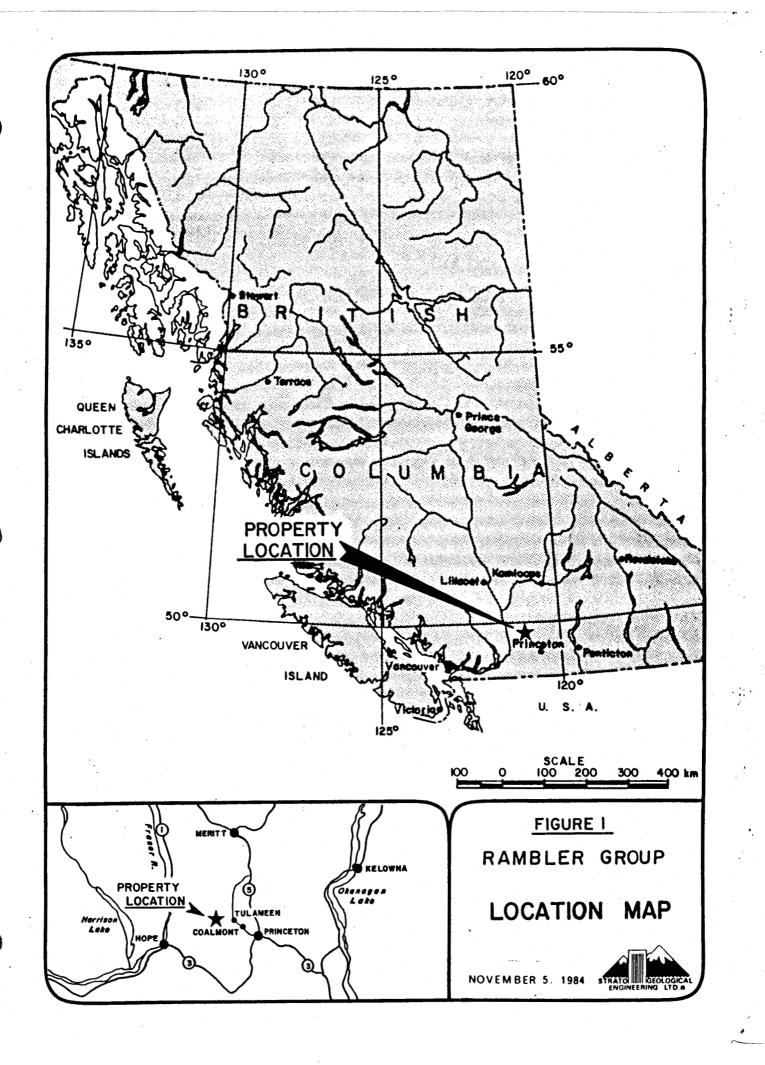
The Rambler Group, consisting of 5 reverted crown-grants and 3 located mineral claims comprises a total of approximately 900 hectares located some 31 kilometers west-northwest of Princeton, B. C. and about 335 kilometers by highways #1 and #3 west of Vancouver, B. C. The geographic location of the center of the claim group is approximately 49 degrees 34' north latitude and 120 degrees 56' west longitude.

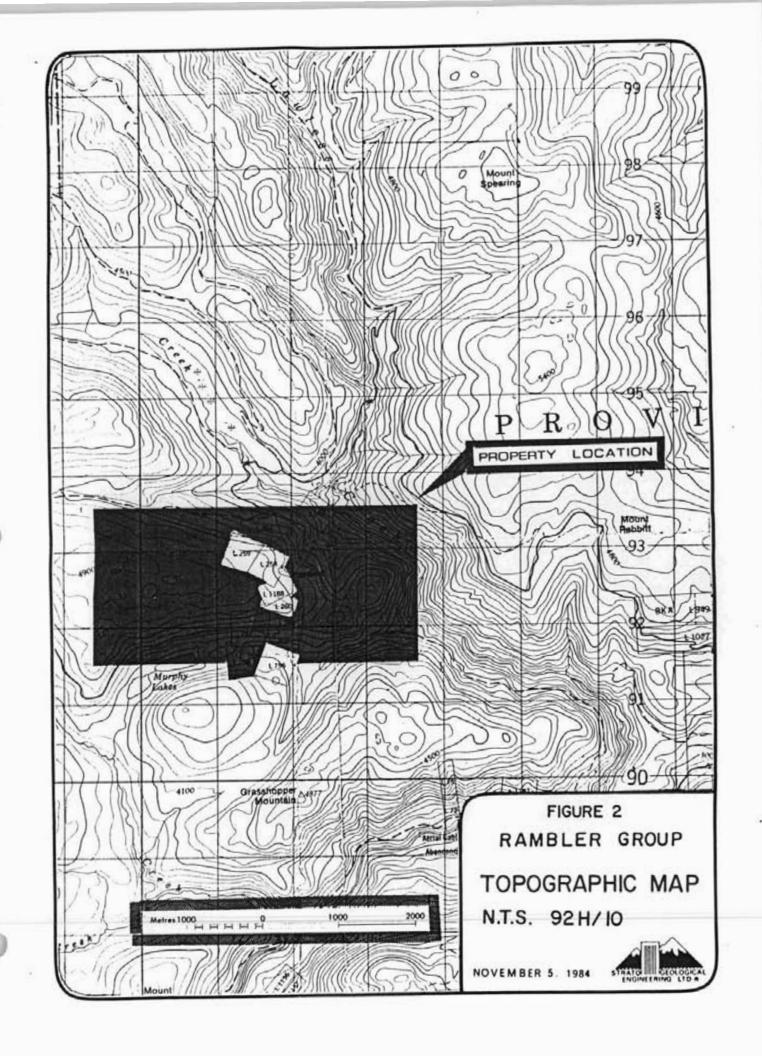
Access to the claims is via 23 kilometers of good gravel road west-northwesterly of the village of Tulameen. Princeton is an additional 26 kilometers from Tulameen. Access from Hope is also available via the Coquihalla Pass-Britton Creek route for a distance of 76 kilometers on good gravel road.

Topographic relief on most of the property is gentle to moderate with elevations varying between 975 meters (3200 feet) to 1500 meters (3900 feet) above sea level. Some steep ground is encountered in the Lawless Creek draw which cuts southeasterly across the northeast property area.

Some of the claim area has been logged and logging operations continue on the crown-granted claims. The western areas of the claims contain commercial stands of fir, spruce, and hemlock. Outcrop is sparse and generally limited to bulldozer cuts made during logging operations.







CLAIMS

The claim block is situate in the Murphy Lakes-Lawless Creek area, Similkameen Mining Division. The ground held encompasses the Law's Camp group of crown-granted mineral claims, including the Liverpool, St. Lawrence, St. George, and Chicago crown grants which are not held by the company. The claims are recorded as follows:

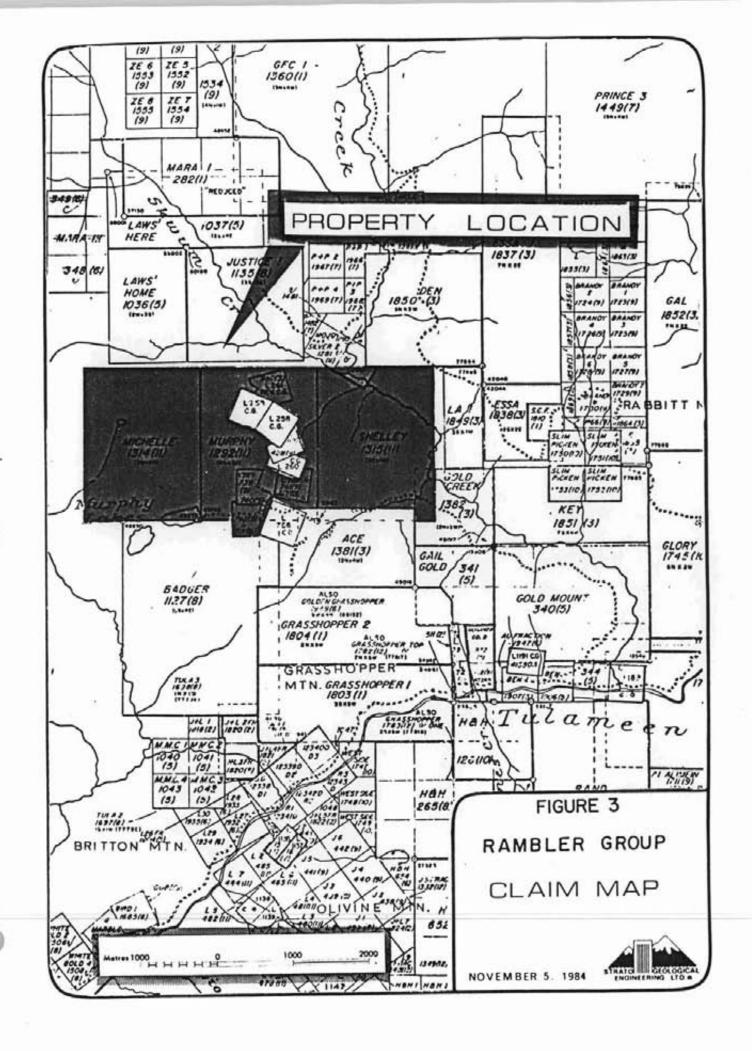
CLAIM NAME	NO. OF UNITS	RECORD NO.	RECORD Date	EXPIRY DATE
Grand Trunk Rambler Stonie Creek Morning Sun St. Helen Murphy Michelle	1 cl. 1 cl. 1 cl. 1 cl. 1 cl. 12	739(L757) 742(L758) 740(L759) 741(L760) 950(L261) 1292 1314	79/09/27 79/09/27 79/09/27 79/09/27 80/03/18 80/11/27	86/09/27 86/09/27 86/09/27 86/09/27 87/03/18 85/11/27
Shelley	12	1314	80/11/27 80/11/27	85/11/27

Assessment work has been filed, this report being part of the work to maintain the Michelle claim in good standing until November 1986.

The claims are shown on British Columbia Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources Mineral Claim Map M92H/10W (Figure 3).

The Murphy claim does not contain a full 12 units as it encompasses 4 crown-grant claims, namely Lots 258, 259, 260, and 1188 (No. 428(3)) as shown on Figures 2 and 3.



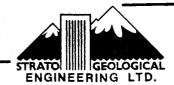


HISTORY

The history and previous development of the property area has been fully described in previous reports (C.M. Armstrong, P. Eng., dated January 20, 1981 and M.A. Stammers & W.J. Crawford dated November 1982) and is not recapitulated in this report.

Soils geochemistry programs in 1981 and 1982 outlined copper, lead, and zinc anomalies in the northern, common boundary areas of the Shelley and Murphy claims.

Field work by Serem Ltd. (Oct.-Nov. 1982, Stammers and Crawford) included a magnetometer survey over the St. Lawrence and Liverpool workings. Survey results identified magnetic anomalies associated with the showings such that "...it can be stated that the magnetic low values appear to occur over known massive sulphide occurrences, e.g. St. Lawrence and Liverpool, and a corresponding magnetic high is likely to be occurring nearby."



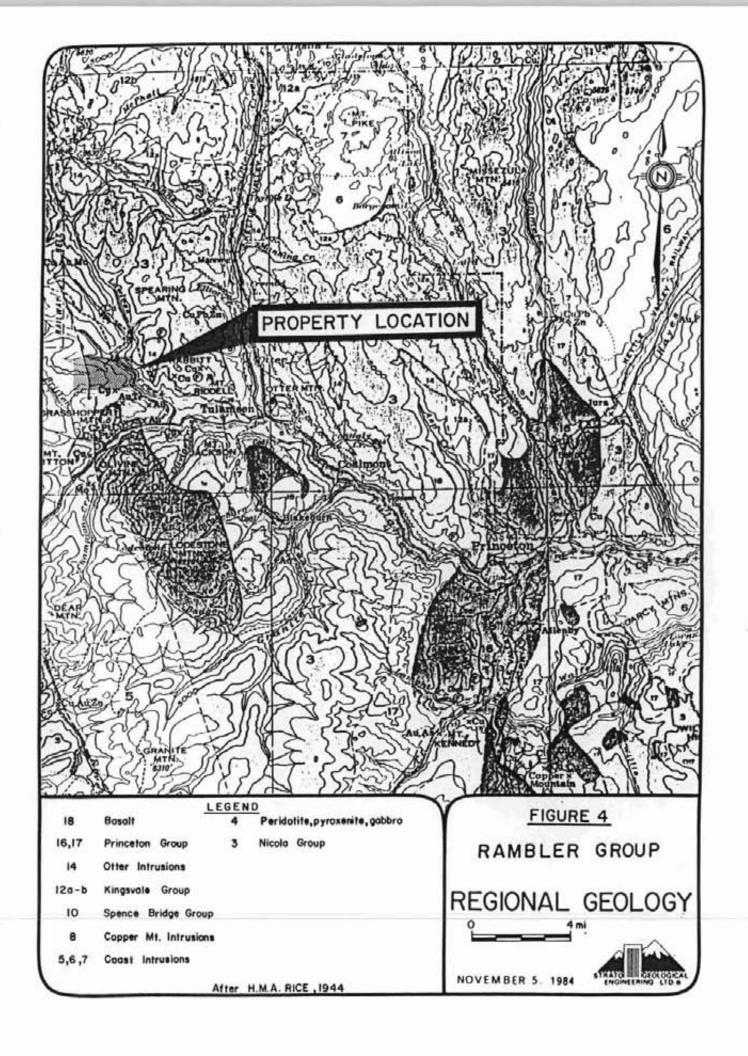
GEOLOGY

The regional and property geology has been fully described in Reports by C.M. Armstrong, P. Eng., dated January 20, 1981 and by Stammers & Crawford, November 1982 and is not recapitulated in this report.

The Nicola Group is comprised of schistose sediments containing many seams of limestone in the claim area. Dykes and sills of feldspar porphry, alpite, and Eagle granodiorite are common in areas of schistose sediments.

Stammers and Crawford (1982) identified the geological succession associated with the stratabound massive sulphide ores of the Law's Camp. "The massive sulphide appear to be located where the succession changes facies from noncalcerous pelitic schists to calcerous schists and marbles..." It may be this succession which gives cause to an apparent, rather distinctive magnetic "signature" for the massive sulphide ores of the Camp.





SURVEY PROCEDURES

A detail total field magnetic survey was conducted using a Scintrex MP-2 Proton Precession instrument, serial number 8007643. A base station was established and all lines were "looped" in accordance with normal practice to allow for correction of diurnal variation. Diurnal drift for any loop was less than 20 gammas over a 2 hour period.

A north-south baseline within the 1982 survey grid using Stations 15+00E (also the common claim boundary) from 13+50N through 19+50N. East-west survey lines were run at 50 meter intervals and readings were taken at 12.5 meter station spacing.

Corrected magnetometer readings were plotted at a 1:2500 scale and contoured at 250 gamma intervals (Figure 4). A magnetic datum of 56,000 gammas was used for plotting purposes.



MAGNETIC SURVEY RESULTS

Contoured data is presented as Figure 4 and the corrected magnetometer readings are shown on Figure 5. Readings range from 56,206 to 58,641 gammas over the survey grid area.

A series of magnetic "high-low" features traverse north-northwesterly along the trend of the previously established copper and zinc anomalies. Three anomalies delineated by the survey are:

- 1. A magnetic low with an associated west-side high centered at Line 18+50N, 13+75E. This feature has a probable strike length of over 200 meters (Line 19+50N, 13+25E to Line 17+50N, 13+87E) and displays an intensity variation of about 700 gammas. The anomaly is near coincident with the higher values of a previously established, broad copper anomaly.
- 2. A magnetic high-low pair of over over 700 gammas is centered at Line 18+00N, 15+50E. The anomaly shows a southeast trend and may be traceable to Line 16+50N, 16+87E where it is truncated by a broad magnetic low feature to the south and southeast. This anomaly is near coincident with anomalous copper and zinc values around Line 18+00N.



3. The main magnetic feature is a strong "low" centered at Lines 14+50N and 15+00N, 16+12E which coincides with the southern "tail" of a relatively strong copper-zinc anomaly. Weaker magnetic highs are found west and north of the main low.

The truncation of the northerly trending magnetic lineations in the Anomaly 3 area suggests a northeast striking fault through this area (i.e. approximately Line 15+00N, 15+25E to Line 16+50N, 17+00E). The strong magnetic low, also an apparent southeast continuation of a series of high-low magnetic features, may be the locus of a fault displacement.



RECOMMENDATIONS

Magnetic anomalies showing "signatures" similar to those over the St. Lawrence and Liverpool veins have been located and warrant trenching to explain their cause. Trenches should test the anomalies at:

- 1. Line 15+00N, 15+85E and 16+15E.
- 2. Line 14+50N, 16+12E.
- 3. Line 18+00N, 15+60E.
- 4. Line 18+50N, 13+75E.

The detail magnetic survey work should be extended to the south, southeast, and north to delineate the probable extension of presently defined zones. A VLF-electromagnetic survey should also be carried out to better define the zones of interest.

Should trenching of the anomalies identify sulphide mineralization as a source of the geophysical results, then detail geophysical work should be expanded to cover the areas of anomalous copper geochemistry identified in the 1980 field work.

Respectfully submitted, Strato Geological Engineering Ltd.

R. J. Englund, B.Sc. Geophysicist

November 18, 1984

REFERENCES

Report on the Rambler Group for Westgold Resources Limited, by C. M. Armstrong, P. Eng., dated January 20, 1981.

Assessment Report - Geological, Geochemical and Geophysical Report on the Rambler Group by M. A. Stammers and W. J. Crawford, dated November, 1982.

Geological Survey of Canada Memoir 26 and Memoir 243 with Map 888A.



CERTIFICATE

I, Ralph J. Englund, of 1112 Grover Ave., Coquitlam, British Columbia, do hereby certify as follows:

- 1. I am a Consulting Geophysicist with offices at 3566 King George Highway, Surrey, B. C. V4A 5B6.
- 2. I graduated in 1971 from the University of British Columbia, with a degree of Bachelor of Science.
- 3. I have been engaged in the study, teaching, and practice of exploration geophysics continuously for a period of 11 years. I have worked as a geophysical consultant on numerous projects in Western North America since 1972.
- 4. I am a member in good standing of the British Columbia Geophysical Society.
- 5. The field work and the interpretation of results in this report were done under my direct supervision.
- 6. I have no direct, indirect, or contingent interest, nor do I expect to receive any such interest, in the securities or properties of Goldwest Resources Ltd.

Dated at Vancouver, Province of British Columbia, this 18 th day of November, 1984.

R.J. Englund, B.Sc.



TIME-COST DISTRIBUTION

The detail magnetic survey work was carried out by Strato Geological Engineering Ltd. during the period July 28 to August 3, 1984. A listing of personnel and distribution of costs is as follows:

Personnel

J. Gibson N. J. Hulme, B.Sc. Geophysical Technician Geologist

Cost Distribution

Labour J. Gibson - 6 1/2 days N. J. Hulme - 1 day	\$ 1,260.00
Room and Board	375.00
Transportation (4WD Truck, including gas, oil, etc.)	318.75
Magnetometer rental and field supplies	315.00
Maps and Report - drafting, reproduction, typing, copying, etc.	338.50
Report	1,000.00
Total	\$ 3,607.25

Signed

Strato Geological Engineering Ltd.

