Geochemical Report

on the

DIVER LAKE OPTION (DAG CLAIM)

Located at Coordinates: 55 deg. 42 min. N, 125 deg. 52 min. W
Omineca Mining Division, B.C.

by: Robert J. Baerg

NORANDA EXPLORATION COMPANY, LIMITED (No Personal Liability)

GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

N.T.S. 93 N/12

June, 1985

13,719





Province of British Columbia

Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources

ASSESSMENT REPORT TITLE PAGE AND SUMMARY

TYPE OF REPORT/SURVEY(S)	TOTAL COST
Geochemical	7, 3770.40
AUTHORISI Robert J. Backg sign	ATURE(S) / Hout Bacy
	1 10
DATE STATEMENT OF EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT FILED	. May 16/8.3 YEAR OF WORK 1789
PROPERTY NAME(S)	
COMMODITIES PRESENT	
B.C. MINERAL INVENTORY NUMBER(S), IF KNOWN	
MINING DIVISION Omineca	NTS . 93N/12W
LATITUDE 55° 41 N LON	GITUDE 125° 51' W
NAMES and NUMBERS of all mineral tenures in good standing (when work	k was done) that form the property [Examples: TAX 1-4, FIRE 2
(12 units); PHOENIX (Lot 1706); Mineral Lease M 123; Mining or Certified M	Mining Lease ML 12 (claims involved)):
Dag ! \$6253 16 with	
OWNER(S)	
11) Art. Halleran (2)	
MAILING ADDRESS	
P.O. Box 2380 Vancouver, B.C. VBB 3T5	
OPERATOR(S) (that is, Company paying for the work)	
111 Noranda Exploration Co. Ltda	
The second of th	
MANUAL ADDRESS	
POBox 2380	
7.0.730x 2000	
Vancouver., B.C	

SUMMARY GEOLOGY (lithology, age, structure, alteration, mineralization,	size, and attitude):
The property lies in the sith	ika Assemblage telsic to
basic valcanics of Triassic to	Jurassic age . Mineralization
consists of banded iron suppli	des in a cherty thyolite.
The property lies in the sith basic valcanics of Triassic to consists of banded iron suphi host rock. Vsurrounding felsic sericite altered	valcanics are strongly
sericite altered	
DEFENDENCE TO RECIPIONS WORK	
REFERENCES TO PREVIOUS WORK	

TYPE OF WORK IN THIS REPORT		TENT OF WORK METRIC UNITS)		MAR - William South	c	N WHICH CLAIMS		COST APPORTIONED
GEOLOGICAL (scale, area)								
Ground								1
Photo								
GEOPHYSICAL (line-kilometres)								
Ground								1
Magnetic								Later and the second control of the second c
Electromagnetic								
Induced Polarization					.			
Radiometric								
Seismic								
Other								
Airborne								
GEOCHEMICAL (number of same	ples analysed for)						
Soil	39 Cu.	En Ph As Mo As Au		Dag				37.70,40
Silt	/	Zn, Pb, Az, No, Az, Au. Žu, Mg, Au		Das		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	1.4.1. PAST . A. P.
Rock	4 64.	Zn No. Au		Day				
Other		+1.7.1.1.g/, 7.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.			. <i>.</i>	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
DRILLING (total metres; number	of holes size)							
	Of fioles, size,							
Core					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Non-core								
RELATED TECHNICAL								
Sampling/assaying				• • • • • • • • •				
Petrographic								
Mineralogic				• • • • • • • • •				
Metallurgic								
PROSPECTING (scale, area)								
PREPARATORY/PHYSICAL								
Legal surveys (scale, area)								
Topographic (scale, area)								
Photogrammetric (scale, area)								
Line/grid (kilometres)								
Road, local access (kilometres)								
Trench (metres)								
Underground (metres)								
Underground (metres)								
	*						TOTAL COST	.37.70.44
FOR MINISTRY USE ONLY		NAME OF PAC ACCO	UNT	DEBIT	CREDIT	REMARKS:	-	
Value work done (from report)	3+70,40	,				pretty oriel report - bare	minimuals	but compora
Value of work approved		1.14.A				to Standards.		- 0
Value claimed (from statement) .	2000.00	N.T				in Sicinated as.		
Value credited to PAC account .			J TO					
Value debited to PAC account				1				
Accepted	Q	Rept. No 85-4291	3719.			Information Class		

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SUMMARY

The property is located on the north side of Diver Lake which is located approximately 25 km northeast of Takla Landing. The property lies within a belt of basic to felsic marine volcanics of the Sitlika Assemblage.

During August 1984, a program of soil, rock and silt sampling was completed. This program was designed to evaluate the potential of a small showing of banded iron sulphides in a felsic volcanic host.

The claims are owned by Arthur Halleran and are currently under option to Noranda Exploration Company, Limited.

The geochem program detected several one sample zinc and/or copper in soil anomalies. There were no anomalous rock samples.

INTRODUCTION:

The Dag claim is owned by Art Halleran of Ft. St. James and is currently under option to Noranda Exploration Company, Limited. The work described here was carried out by Mr. Halleran and Noranda Personnel during 1984.

LOCATION AND ACCESS:

The property is located approximately 25 km north-northeast of Takla Landing, in north central British Columbia (Fig. 1).

Access to the property from Takla Landing is via the Hudson Bay Forest Road to kilometer "O" where the Fall River Forest Road branches off to the east and eventually leads on to the property.

CLAIM STATISTICS:

The Diver Lake property consists of one claim (Fig. 2), located in the Omineca Mining Division:

CLAIM NAME	UNITS	RECORD #	DATE
Dag	16	6253	May 31, 1984

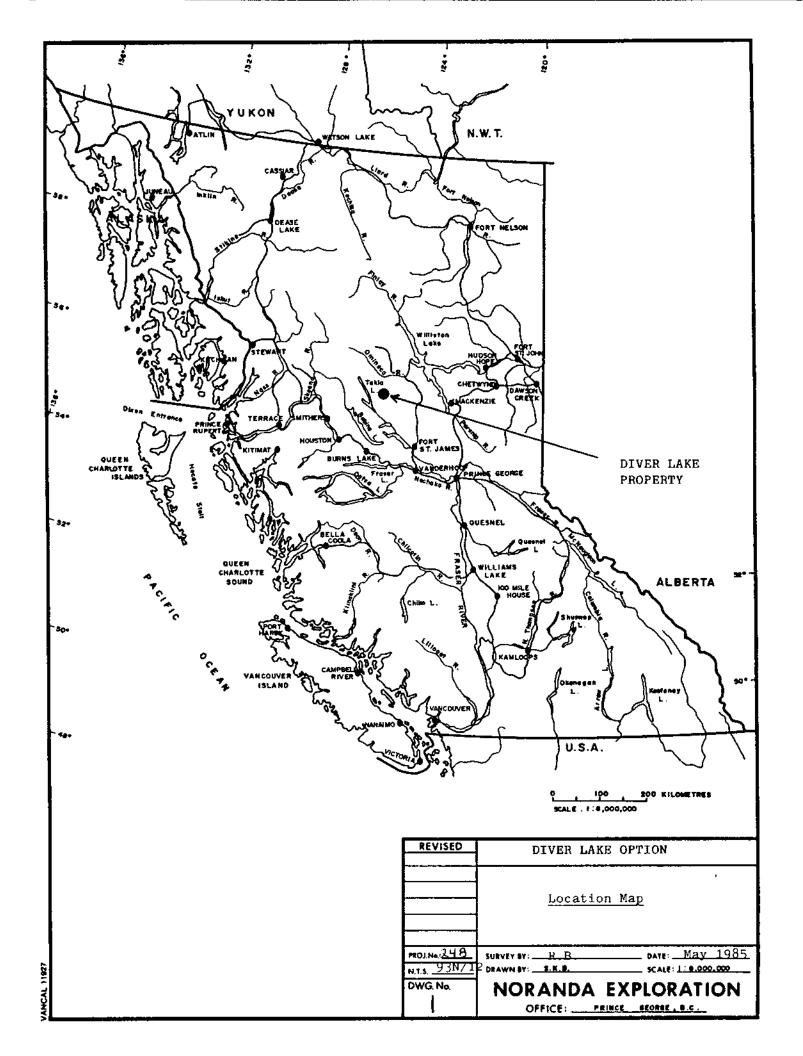
The Dag claim is owned by Art Halleran but is under option to Noranda Exploration Company, Limited.

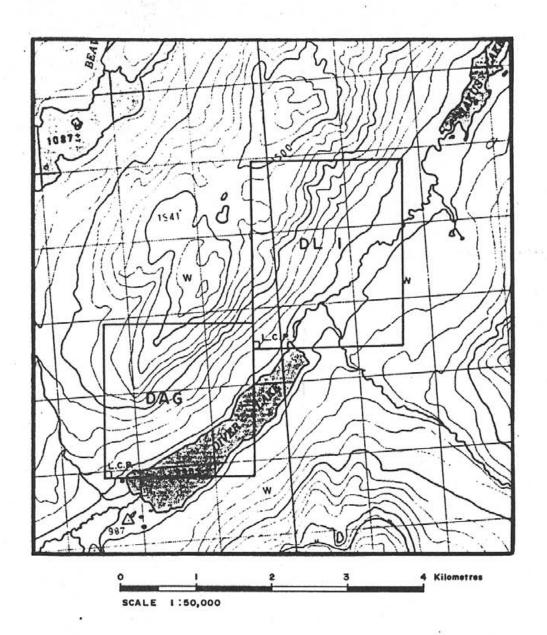
PREVIOUS WORK:

No previous work has been done on the property itself. During 1977-1981, McIntyre Mines and Shell Canada Resources conducted an airborne EM survey and ground follow-up programs in the area.

REGIONAL GEOLOGY:

The area has been most recently mapped by Paterson (1974) (Fig. 3). The rocks have informally been named the Sitlika Assemblage which consists of three units whose dominant lithologies are argillite, volcanic rock and greywacke. The volcanic unit which is locally well exposed in the alpine areas and along road cuts, consists mainly of basic, locally pillowed volcanics with minor felsic volcanic flows and volcaniclastics. The Assemblage has a distinct NNW foliation direction and appears to be bounded by fault contacts.





REVISED	DIVER LAKE OPTION
	Claim Map
PROJ.No. 248 N.T.S. 93N/1	SURVEY BY: R.B. DATE: May 1985 ORAWN BY: S.K.B. SCALE: 1:50,000
DWG. No. 2	NORANDA EXPLORATION OFFICE: Prince George, B.C.

MINERALIZATION:

Mineralization consists of finely banded pyrite-pyrrhotite in a cherty rhyolite and disseminated pyrite-pyrrhotite in felsic and basic volcanic flows and tuffs.

1984 EXPLORATION PROGRAM:

Geochem Survey

Soil samples were collected from the "B" soil horizon, with the use of a grub hoe. The depth of the sample holes varied from 25 to 38 cm. The samples were placed in Kraft wet strength paper bags, dried and then shipped to Noranda Labs in Vancouver, B.C. for analysis. (For analytical procedure see Appendix III)

Soil samples were collected at 100 m intervals on a 775 m X 400 m grid as well as along the top of the road cut which angles across the property (Fig. 4). The grid lines were oriented at 40 degrees with the baseline at 310 degrees. A total of 44 soil samples were collected. One (1) silt sample was collected from a local creek and four (4) rock chip samples were taken from local mineralized outcrops.

A) SOIL GEOCHEM

The soil samples were analysed for Cu, Zn, Pb, Ag, As, Mo and Au. The geochem response is at best spotty. The only elements which returned local anomalous values were Cu, Zn, and As. Cu values range from 8 to 180 ppm, Zn from 32 to 600 ppm and As from <2 to 74 ppm. The higher As values appear to correlate with the main showing.

B) ROCK GEOCHEM

The four rock samples were assayed for Cu, Zn, Ag, and Au. Only trace amounts of these elements were detected.

C) SILT GEOCHEM

The silt sample was analysed for Cu, An, Pb, Ag, As, Mo and Au. It did not return any anomalous values.

CONCLUSIONS:

The property is located in a belt of basic to felsic volcanics which have potential for massive sulphide deposits. A limited geochemical program reported local weak to moderately anomalous copper, zinc and arsenic values locally coincident with a mineralized showing.

Foliation kt k	Pinchi Fault	LEGEND UPPER CRETACEOUS and PALEOCENE SUSTUT GROUP conglomerate, shale, greywacke
The state of the s		JURASSIC HAZELTON GROUP tuff, volcanic breccia
	f	TAKLA GROUP (?) (4a) chert pebble conglomerate; (4b) greywacke, argillite
	X OLD HOGEM	UPPER TRIASSIC (?) , JURASSIC (?) SITLIKA ASSEMBLAGE (3a) tuif, volcanic breccia rhyolite, feldspar porphyry 3 (3b) greywacke, siltstone
	١	(3c) black phyllite or argillite UPPER PALEOZOIC CACHE CREEK GROUP (1a) limestone; (1b) chert & phyllite;
	BRALORNE TARLORNE	(1c) greenstone:(1d) greywacke, laminated siltstone INTRUSIVES MESOZOIC or TERTIARY (5a) syenite: (5b) granite; (5c) bietite.
Mi. Toma 1g ff 1g. 1d 1d 1d	MINE	s hornblende feldspar porphyry; (5d) bietite. granodicrite; (5e) felsite JURASSIC (Mainly ?) st granodicrite (Hogem Batholith)
O WILES 2	,	PERMO-TRIASSIC z serpentinite, harzburgite FAULT (defined, approximate, inferred)
Km. 3		THRUST or high angle REVERSE FAULT
	REVISED	DIVER LAKE OPTION
		Regional Geology
7.	N.T.S. 93N/12 DWG. No.	DRAWN BY: R.B. SCALE: 1:500,000 NORANDA EXPLORATION OFFICE: Prince George, B.C.

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RECOMMENDATIONS:

Establish a flag line grid for:

- Geological Mapping to determine the extent of the felsic volcanics and sulphides.
- 2. Soil and rock geochem survey.
- 3. HLEM and Magnetometer surveys.

REFERENCES:

Paterson, I.A. Geology of Cache Creek Group and Mesozoic Rocks at the Northern end of the Stuart Lake Belt, Central B.C., Geol. Survey of Canada, Paper 74-1, Part B, 1974.

APPENDIX I

STATEMENT_OF_QUALIFICATIONS

- I, Robert J. Baerg of the City of Prince George, Province of British Columbia, do certify that:
- I have been employed as a geologist by Noranda 1. Exploration Company, Limited since May, 1984.
- 2. I am a graduate of the University of British Columbia with a Bachelor of Science (Honors) in Geology (1984).
- 3. I supervised and assisted with the work described in this report.

Robert J. Baerg

Geologist

Noranda Exploration Company, Limited

(No Personal Liability)

APPENDIX II

NORANDA EXPLORATION COMPANY, LIMITED

STATEMENT OF COST

DATE June, 1985

PROJECT	-		_ <u>L</u>	
TYPE OF	RE	PORT .	-	Geochem

a)	Wages:	•
· ·		þ

No. of Days - 14 Rate per Day - \$125.00 Dates From - May 1984 - Nov. 1984 Total Wages

\$ 1,750.00

b) Food and Accommodation:

No. of Days - 14 Rate per Day - \$20.00 Dates From - May 1984 - Nov. 1984 Total Cost

\$ 280,00

c) Transportation:

No. of Days - 11 Rate per Day - \$75.00 Dates From - May 1984 - Nov. 1984 Total Cost

\$ 825.00

415.40

\$

d) Analysis:

40 soil/silt samples for Cu, Zn, Pb, Ag, Mo, As, Au \$ 9.00/sample \$ 360.00 4 rock assays for Cu, Zn, Ag, Au \$13.85/sample 55.40 TOTAL

e) Cost of Preparation of Report:

Author	s	200.00
Drafting		200.00
Typing		100.00

f) Other:

Contractor

TOTAL COST 3,770.40

APPENDIX III

ANALYTICAL METHOD DESCRIPTIONS FOR GEOCHEMICAL ASSESSMENT REPORTS

The methods listed are presently applied to analyse geological materials by the Noranda Geochemical Laboratory at Vancouver.

Preparation of Samples

Sediments and soils are dried at approximately 80° C and sieved with a 80 mesh nylon screen. The -80 mesh (0.18 mm) fraction is used for geochemical analysis.

Rock specimens are pulverized to -120 mesh (0.13 mm). Heavy mineral fractions (panned samples * from constant volume), are analysed in its entirety, when it is to be determined for gold without further sample preparation.

Analysis of Samples

Decomposition of a 0.200 g sample is done with concentrated perchloric and nitric acid (3:1), digested for 5 hours at reflux temperature. Pulps of rock or core are weighed out at 0.4 g and chemical quantities are doubled relative to the above noted method for digestion.

The concentrations of Ag, Cd, Co, Cu, Fe, Mn, Mo, Ni, Pb, V and Zn can be determined directly from the digest (dissolution) with a conventional atomic absorption spectrometric procedure. A Varian-Techtron, Model AA-5 or Model AA-475 is used to measure elemental concentrations.

Elements Requiring Specific Decomposition Method:

Antimony - Sb: 0.2 g sample is attacked with 3.3 ml of 6% tartaric acid, 1.5 ml conc. hydrochloric acid and 0.5 ml of conc. nitric acid, then heated in a water bath for 3 hours at 95°C. Sb is determined directly from the dissolution with an AA-475 equipped with electrodeless discharge lamp (EDL).

Arsenic - As: 0.2 - 0.3 g sample is digested with 1.5 ml of perchloric 70% and 0.5 ml of conc. nitric acid. A Varian AA-475 equipped with an As-EDL is used to measure arsenic content in the digest.

Barium - Ba: 0.1 g sample digested overnight with conc. perchloric, nitric and hydrofluoric acid; Potassium chloride added to prevent ionization. Atomic absorption using a nitrous oxide-acetylene flame determines Ba from the aqueous solution.

Bismuth - Bi: 0.2 g - 0.3 g is digested with 2.0 ml of perchloric 70% and 1.0 ml of conc. nitric acid. Bismuth is determined directly from the digest with an AA-475 complete with EDL.

Gold - Au: 10.0 g sample is digested with aqua regia (1 part nitric and 3 parts hydrochloric acid). Gold is extracted with MIBK from the aqueous solution. AA is used to determine Au.

Hagnesium - Mg: 0.05 - 0.10 g sample is digested with 4 ml perchloric/nitric acid (3:1). An aliquot is taken to reduce the concentration to within the

range of atomic absorption. The AA-475 with the use of a nitrous oxide flame determines Mg from the aqueous solution.

Tungsten - W: 1.0 g sample sintered with a carbonate flux and thereafter leached with water. The leachate is treated with potassium thiocyanate. The yellow tungsten thiocyanate is extracted into tri-n-butyl phosphate. This permits colourimetric comparison with standards to measure tungsten concentration.

Uranium - U: An aliquot from a perchloric-nitric decomposition, usually from the multi-element digestion, is buffered. The aqueous solution is exposed to laser light, and the luminescence of the uranyl ion is quantitatively measured on the UA-3 (Scintrex).

* N.B. If additional elemental determinations are required on panned samples, state this at the time of sample submission. Requests after gold determinations would be futile.

LOWEST VALUES REPORTED IN PPM

Ag - 0.2	Mn - 20	Zn - 1	Au - 0.01
Cd - 0.2	Mo - 1	Sb - 1	W - 2
Co - 1	N1 - 1	As - 1	U - 0.1
Cu - 1	РЬ - 1	Ba - 10	
Fe - 100	V - 10	Bi - I	

EJvL/ie March 14, 1984

