85-120-14288

GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

Ç.

O3/8 G GEOLOGICAL AND GEOCHEMICAL EVALUATION REPORT

URAL PROJECT Bob 3-6, Homestake No.4, Lucky Strike, and Lucky Strike Fr.

> Latitude 51°00' North Longitude 122°52' West N.T.S. 92J/15W and 920/2W Lillooet Mining Division British Columbia

> > FILMED

·

for GOLDEN RULE RESOURCES LTD. Calgary, Alberta

Ъy

R. K. Netolitzky, M.Sc., P.Geol.

TAIGA CONSULTANTS LTD. #100, 1300 - 8th Street S.W. Calgary, Alberta T2R 1B2

FEBRUARY 1985

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Certificate

-

REGIONAL GEOLOGY. .	INTRODUCTION	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1
PROPERTY GEOLOGY. .	REGIONAL GEOLOGY	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	4
GEOCHEMISTRY	PROPERTY GEOLOGY	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	5
CONCLUSIONS	GEOCHEMISTRY	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	7
RECOMMENDATIONS	CONCLUSIONS	•'	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	9
STATEMENT OF COSTS	RECOMMENDATIONS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	10
	STATEMENT OF COSTS.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	11

APPENDIX I	Analytical Techniques	
APPENDIX II	Geochemical Analyses	

FIGURES

1	General Location Map	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	. 2
2	Claims Location Map.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	3

MAPS

1	Compilation Map		
2	"West Taylor Basin Grid"	Soil and Rock Geochemistry	· .
3	"Main Grid"	Soil and Rock Geochemistry	

CERTIFICATE

I, Ronald Kort Netolitzky, of 74 Wildwood Drive S.W. in the City of Calgary in the Province of Alberta, do hereby certify that:

- 1. I am a consulting geologist with the firm of Taiga Consultants Ltd., with offices at Suite 100, 1300 - 8th Street S.W., Calgary, Alberta.
- 2. I am a graduate of the University of Alberta (B.Sc. Geology, 1964), and of the University of Calgary, (M.Sc. Geology, 1967).
- 3. I have practised my profession continuously since 1967.
- 4. I am a member in good standing of the Association of Professional Engineers, Geologists and Geophysicists of Alberta.
- 5. I directed the exploration work carried out on the claims described herein, during February 1985.
- 6. I am a director and officer of Golden Rule Resources Ltd., and own shares in the company. I did not receive and do not expect to receive, directly or indirectly, any interest in the property described herein or in the securities of Golden Rule Resources Ltd. in respect of services rendered in the preparation of this report.

DATED at Calgary, Alberta, this 9th day of February, A.D. 1985.

Respectfully submitted,

R. K. Netoritzky, M/Sc., J.Geol.

INTRODUCTION

Location and Access

The Ural Project consists of three claim groups consisting of seven located claims, two located fractional claims, and seven internal Crowngranted claims. The properties are situated in the Bridge River (Bralorne-Pioneer) placer and lode gold district, approximately 180 km north of Vancouver (Figure 1). The approximate geographic coordinates of the centre of the groups are 51°00' North latitude and 122°52' West longitude.

The claims are accessible by a 24-km long four-wheel-drive trail into Taylor Basin which connects with Tyaughton Creek to the Lillooet-Goldbridge gravel highway approximately 90 km west of Lillooet.

Property and Ownership

Seven reverted Crown-granted mineral claims are located internally to the Ural groups and are held under option agreement by Golden Rule.

	Lot	Record		
Claim Name	Number	Number	Date of Record	Acreage
Lucky Strike Fr.	L.6827	1238		11.18
Lucky Strike	L.6828	1239		50.58
Homestake No.4	L.6829	1240		35.63
Bob No.3	L.8046	1241	Feb. 11, 1980	51.65
Bob No.4	L.8047	1242		51.65
Bob No.5	L.8048	1243		48.37
Bob No.6	L.8049	1244		51.65

Physiography and Glaciation

This has been discussed in earlier assessment reports (Fox: March 1981 and February 1983).

History of Previous Exploration

The reader is referred to previous assessment reports (Fox: March 1981, February 1983, December 1983).

1984 Exploration

Work carried out in 1984 consisted of analyzing previously collected samples from the Taylor Basin area (1980 assessment report). A total of 112 soil and 9 rock samples were analyzed (see "Geochemistry").





Γ

ſ







Scale 1: 50,000

-

Figure 2 CLAIMS LOCATION MAP

REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The claims area is underlain by an assemblage of serpentinized ultramafic rocks; mafic to intermediate volcanic rocks metamorphosed to greenstones; and metamorphosed fine-grained clastic and chemical sediments, including argillite, chert, siliceous tuffs, and limestone. The sedimentary rocks are currently considered to have been deposited in a deep marine environment. Volcanic rocks vary from 'sub-volcanic' dioritic and gabbroic bodies to fine-grained massive flows which occasionally exhibit amygdaloidal textures and pillow structures. The probable degree of regional metamorphism is lower greenschist facies. There is no appreciable development of schistosity or other metamorphic textures.

This assemblage is intruded by a small quartz diorite pluton, approximately 10 km² in area, at Eldorado Mountain, and by a number of smaller felsic intrusive bodies elsewhere on the claims. Intrusive contacts are characterized by fracturing, silicification, and pyritization of the older rocks. The entire claims area is transected by strong northerly, northwesterly, and northeasterly trending fault systems, which appear to be fundamental controls of alteration, mineralization, and emplacement of intrusive rocks.

The claims lie within a hydrothermal zone of regional dimensions (Pearson, 1975). The presence of arsenopyrite, gold, silver, stibnite, jamesonite, chalcopyrite, sphalerite, and pyrrhotite in the ores of the various showings in the claims area indicates that the property is situated within a polymetallic part of the hydrothermal system.

PROPERTY GEOLOGY

Property mapping carried out in 1980 and 1982 has partially defined a complex volcanic and sedimentary stratigraphic succession comprised of ultramafic rocks, greenstones, greenstone breccias, chert, argillite, and limestone. The stratigraphic relationships of these units are further complicated by thrusting and late-stage normal faulting. Field work done to date suggests the following succession:

Sedimentary and Volcanic Rocks

UPPER TRIASSIC

Hurley Formation Map Unit **uK H**

 Siltstone, argillite; light grey to black, thinly laminated to massive; well fractured, siliceous, rhyolitic(?), tuffaceous interbeds.

MIDDLE TRIASSIC

Bridge River Group

Map Unit mk BRs - Chert, banded chert, chert breccia, quartz-

chert breccia, silty chert breccia. Banded chert is not common in those areas of the claims mapped to date. Typically, this unit consists of an orange-weathering breccia comprised of chert fragments cemented in a siliceous matrix; breccia fragments may also consist of white quartz and light grey/green/ or black chert fragments in varying proportions. Brecciation was probably a result of diagenetic autobrecciation of the brittle, highly siliceous beds.

Map Unit **mk BR**_V - Greenstone. This unit consists of mafic to intermediate volcanics exhibiting a variety of textures ranging from massive flows to breccias and tuffs. The small body near the lower Lucky Strike adit, previously grouped with the "Bralorne Intrusions", is actually a tuff containing elongated fragmentals. In a number of areas mapped to date, this unit is absent and the chert unit rests directly on the basal ultramafic unit.

Map Unit mkBRu - Ultramafic rocks. Peridotite, pyroxenite, dunite, all undifferentiated, and serpentinized and steatitized equivalents. Chromium-bearing accessory minerals occur in hairline fractures from place to place; garnierite occasionaly was observed as a coating on deeply weathered outcrops.

Map Unit qcm

- Quartz-carbonate-mariposite zones, consisting of assemblages of fine-grained to coarsely crystalline quartz, calcite, ankerite, and mariposite. Microscopic pyrite is also fairly abundant. Quartz and calcite commonly occur as anastomosing complex networks of veinlets throughout the rock. These zones are tentatively interpreted as mylonitized alteration products of ultramafic rocks developed in thrust zones which have undergone intense shearing and deformation. They inevitably occur in contact with ultramafic rocks in an apparent stratigraphically lowermost position in the geologic section. However, a number of characteristics of these zones, including vugs, crystalline quartz and carbonate in exotic comb structures and drusy cavities, chalcedonic silica, the preferential emplacement of small intrusive bodies in or closely adjacent to these zones, and the development of epithermal polymetallic lodes in these zones, all indicate that they have also acted as major hydrothermal conduits. Thus, ambiguities are present in the evidence supporting both mylonitic thrust zones, and late-stage normal faulting with related hydrothermal features. Further work will likely demonstrate the validity of both interpretations.

Intrusive Rocks

CRETACEOUS Map Units KT gd eT fp

A small (10 km²) quartz diorite pluton underlies Eldorado Mountain and exhibits complicated contacts with the enclosing stratified rocks. Substantial areas of the claims are underlain by apophyses or related phases of the intrusive body. Elsewhere on the Ural claims, a host of small dykes and sills cuts the older sedimentary and volcanic rocks. These small intrusive bodies vary widely in composition, ranging from an exotic carbonatized hornblende porphyry at the upper Lucky Strike adit, through gabbro, quartz diorite, porphyritic and mycroporphyritic quartz-feldspar granite, and rhyolite.

On the accompanying compilation geology map, the small intrusive bodies are arbitrarily grouped as a single unit, notwithstanding the wide variations in composition.

GEOCHEMISTRY

Analytical Techniques

Geochemical analyses were completed on soil samples previously collected at 50 m intervals and 200 m line spacings on two grids: (1) the "West Taylor Basin Grid" on the Bob 3,4,5, and 6 claims (49 soil samples); and (2) the "Main Grid" in the East Taylor Basin area on the Homestake No.4, the Lucky Strike, and the Lucky Strike Fraction claims (63 soil samples). As well, previously collected rock samples were analyzed, two from the "West Taylor Basin Grid" and seven from the "Main Grid".

All soil samples were analyzed for chromium, platinum, and bismuth; all rock samples were analyzed for cobalt, tungsten, platinum, and bismuth. These samples were analyzed geochemically by conventional atomic absorption techniques. Analytical procedures are presented in Appendix I with all results presented in Appendix II.

Results "West Taylor Basin Grid" (Bob 3, 4, 5, and 6)

The results of the soil samples selected for analysis from the "West Taylor Basin Grid" area represent near-background levels in Pt, Bi, and Cr. No significant values for any of the elements analyzed for were achieved. Rock samples U-48 and U-49 returned low or near-background levels in Pt, Co, and W.

Results "Main Grid" (Homestake No.4, Lucky Strike, Lucky Strike Fr.)

The analytical results of the soil samples are characterized by generally low Pt and Bi values, although significant geochemical responses for Cr occur in several locations. Samples locations returning significant Cr values include: L1N/1+00E (1470 ppm), L2N/0+00 (1450 ppm), L2N/0+50E (1350 ppm), L2N/1+00E (1130 ppm), L8N/1+00E (1270 ppm), and L3N/0+00 (1280 ppm). The values do not form a well defined trend although a general coincidence with other, previously defined Au/Ag anomalous trends in the near vicinity is apparent. These locations with significant Cr values occur on steep terrain and considerable downslope geochemical dispersion has likely occurred, as both Au and Ag anomalous zones occur just upslope.

The rocks underlying the above locations consist of ultramafics, mainly peridotite, pyroxenite, dunite, all undifferentiated, and their serpentinized and steatitized equivalents. Chromium-bearing accessory minerals are reported to occur along fractures in several places (Fox, 1981). Zones of quartz-carbonate-mariposite composition occur in contact with the ultramafics, consisting of quartz, calcite, ankerite, and mariposite. They are interpreted to be mylonitized alteration products of the ultramafic rocks. The observed presence of epithermal polymetallic lodes in these zones (Lucky Strike) clearly represents the source of the Au and Ag soil anomalies defined in 1980 (Fox, 1981). The ultramafic rocks clearly represent the source of the high Cr values returned in the 1984 samples.

CONCLUSIONS

"West Taylor Basin Grid"

(Bob 3, 4, 5, 6)

- 1. No significant results were obtained from the analyzed soil samples which represent background levels in all elements. The lack of the ultramafic unit in this area is probably responsible for the low chromium values.
- A broad 700 m x 800 m Au/Ag anomaly (open at both ends) exists on the Bob claims, clearly associated with sulphide-bearing veinlets which underlie the zone.
- 3. The zone is geologically similar to the Lucky Strike area, in that it exhibits extensive fracturing, silicification, carbonatization, and pyritization. Extensive networks of randomly-oriented sulphide-bearing veinlets, described by earlier workers, are hosted in the intrusive rocks and altered sedimentary rocks underlying the slopes above the Lucky Jem adits to the south.

"Main Grid"

(Homestake No.4, Lucky Strike, Lucky Strike Fr.)

A series of geochemically anomalous chromium values were realized in samples collected from the Lucky Strike claims area. These coincide roughly with a series of extensive soil geochemical anomalies carrying high Au, As, Sb, Zn, Ag, and Pb values. Geological mapping to date indicates that the anomalous Cr-in-soils values are clearly associated with underlying ultramafic rocks and anomalous Au/As/Ag zones are associated with quartz-carbonatemariposite hydrothermal alteration assemblages which underlie them.

RECOMMENDATIONS

On the Bob 3-6 claims, further work should include ground magnetic and VLF-EM surveying, more detailed gold geochemical coverage (25 m x 5 m intervals), and detailed grid-mapping followed by back-hoe trenching of anomalies. Very detailed systematic rock geochemical sampling of the "Lucky Jem" area on the Bob 4 claim is also recommended.

On the Homestake No.4, Lucky Strike, and Lucky Strike Fr. claims, further work should include ground magnetic and VLF-EM surveying; mineralographic and metallurgical studies of the Lucky Strike ores to establish sulphide paragenesis, controls, and associations of accompanying precious metals mineralization; and the rehabilitation of the Lucky Strike adits; followed by surveying, mapping, and detailed sampling underground. Some de-watering would be necessary along with additional timbering.

TAIGA CONSULTANTS LTD.

STATEMENT OF COSTS

Professional Services			
R. K. Netolitzky, P.Geol.	1 day @ \$325/diem		325.00
Support Personnel			
G. L. Wilson	2 days @ \$215/diem		430.00
~ 1 ~ 1 . 1			, ,
Sample Selection			500.00
There are antician (was restal)	2 davia (\$ 15/diam		90.00
Transportation (van rental)	z days e \$ 45/drem		90.00
 Dienosable Supplies (cample ba	ae)		15.00
Disposable Supplies (Sample Da	63)	`	15.00
Miscellaneous (telephone, cour	ier)		58.00
(00-07-00, 00	/	· .	
Geochemical Analyses			
(112 soils, 9 rocks = 124 samp1	es)		
rock sample prep	8 @ \$1.75	. . 14.00 (
Platinum analysis	115 @ \$7.50	862.50	
Chromium analysis	105 @ \$4.50	472.50	
Bismuth analysis	115 @ \$3.50	402.50	
Cobalt analysis	10 @ \$2.00	20.00	
Tungsten analysis	10 @ \$5.00	50.00	1,821.50
Report Preparation			
Compilation, data plotting, dra	fting, secretarial,	reproductions	600.00
			AD 000 50

Γ

Γ

-

\$3,839.50

TAIGA CONSULTANTS LTD.

.....

APPENDIX I

 $z \in \mathbb{R}$

•.

Analytical Techniques

.

·

14-2235 - 30th Avenue N.E. Calgary, Alberta T2E 7C7 (403) 276-8668

SAMPLE PREPARATION

Soil and sediment samples are dried and sieved through 80 mesh nylon screen (maximum partlcle size 200 microns).

Rock or drill core samples are crushed to approximately 1/8" in a jaw crusher, riffled to obtain a representative sample, and pulverized to 100 mesh (180 micron particle size).

14-2235 - 30th Avenue N.E. Calgary, Alberta T2E 7C7 (403) 276-8668

FIRE ASSAY/AA METHOD FOR GOLD AND SILVER PLATINUM AND PALLADIUM

Approximately 1 assay ton of prepared sample is fused with a litharge flux charge to obtain a lead button. The button is cupelled down to a precious metal prill which is then dissolved in aqua regia. The resulting solution is analysed by atomic absorption spectrophotemetry to determine the precious metals.

14-2235 - 30th Avenue N.E. Calgary, Alberta T2E 7C7 (403) 276-8668

ANALYTICAL METHODS FOR BASE METALS

Cd, Cr, Co, Cu, Fe (soluble), Pb, Mn (soluble), Mo, Ni, Ag, Zn

A portion of the prepared sample is digested in hot nitric/perchloric acid mixture, or hot aqua regia (nitric/hydrochloric acids).

Elements are determined by atomic absorption spectrophotometry.

14-2235 - 30th Avenue N.E. Calgary, Alberta T2E 7C7 (403) 276-8668

ANALYTICAL METHOD FOR ARSENIC AND ANTIMONY

A portion of the prepared sample is digested in acid at low temperature. As and Sb are determined with a vapour generation accessory with atomic absorption.

14-2235 - 30th Avenue N.E. Calgary, Alberta T2E 7C7 (403) 276-8668

MERCURY PROCEDURE

The sample is digested at low temperature in a sulphuric/permanganate acid mix. Mercury is determined by the cold vapour/AA method. (Hatch and Ott)

ΙI APPENDIX

Geochemical Analyses

[]

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Job # 85-037

Golden Rule Resources

Date Feb.8, 1985

Client Project GR-BC-6

Page 1/6

San	nple No.	Pt	Bi	Cr	
<u>Soil</u> "U"		ppb	ppm	ppm	
	· · · ·	· · ·			
BL 1950 W	1200 N	-40	0.3 (128	har an an an ann an tha an an an an an a An an
	1250	-20	0.4	101	
	1300	-40	0.2	135	
	1350	-40	0.3	92	이야한 것은 것은 이것을 가지 않는 것을 가지 않는다. 같은 것은 이야한 것을 것을 것을 것을 수 있는 것을
	1400	-40	0.5	77	
	1450	-40	0.2	129	
	1500	-40	0.4	110	
	1550	-40	0.3	155	
	1600	-40	0.2	67	
	1650	-40	0.4	124	
	1700	-40	0.9	162	
	1750	-40	0.4	98	
	1850	-40	0.7	226	
	1900	-40	0.3	223	
	1950	-40	0.3	203	같은 것은 가장은 것 것을 것을 하는 것을 가지요. 같은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 수요.
	2000	-40	0.1	87	
	2050	-40	2.0	119	
	2100	-40	0.7	108	
	2150	-40	0.3	114	
	2200	-40	0.2	81	
	2250	-40	0.2	177	
	2300	-40	0.2	305	
	2350	-40	0.2	198	
TIN	1+00 F	-40	-0 1	1470	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-40	-0 1	1450	
	0+00	-40	-0.1	1430	· ·

 14, 2235 - 30th Avenue N.E., Calgary, Alberta T2E 7C7

 (403) 276-8668
 Telex 03-821172 CGY

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Job # 85-037

Date

Client Project GR-BC-6

Page 2/6

	Sample No.	Pt	Bi	Cr	
Soil "U	nin and a start of the start of	dqq	ppm	ppm	
					가 가지 않았는 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같이 있다. 같은 것 같은 것
L 2 N	0+50 E	-20	-0.1	1350	
	1+00	-40	0.1	1130	
	1+50	-20	-0.1	620	
	2+00	-40	-0.1	820	
	2+50	-40	-0.1	930	
L3N	0+00	-40	-0.1	1280	
	0+50	-40	0.1	730	
	1+00	-40	-0.1	460	
	1+50	-40	-0.1	339	
	2+00	-40	0.2	540	동안 같은 것이 가지 않는 것이 같은 것이 있는 것이 있다. 이 동안 같은 것이 같은 것을 것을 것 같은 것이 같은 것이 같은 것을 수요.
	2+50	-40	0.1	460	
L 4 N	2+00 E	-20	0.2	114	
	2+50	-40	0.1	286	
	3+00	-40	-0.1	310	
L 8 N	0+50 E	-40	0.1	371	- 영국 동안에 가장
	1+00	-20	-0.1	1270	
	1+50	-40	0.1	920	
	2+00	-20	-0.1	266	
L 10 N	0+00	-40	0.1	216	
	1+00	-40	0.2	42	
	2+00	-40	5.3	54	
	2+50	-40	0.4	67	
	3+00	-40	0.2	150	
	3+50 (1)	-20	0.2	31	
	3+50 (2)	-40	0.3	61	

14, 2235 - 30th Avenue N.E., Calgary, Alberta T2E 7C7 (403) 276-8668 Telex 03-821172 CGY

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Job # 85-037

Date

Client Project GR-BC-6

Page 3/6

ſ				
Sample No.	Pt	Bi	Cr	
Soil "U"	ppb	ppm	ppm	가는 것은 동안 사람들은 것은 가장을 가지 않는다. 같은 것들은 것들은 일부가 같이 다 같이 다 가지 않는다.
L 10 N 4+00 E	-40	0.3	70	na an a
4+50	-40	0.4	60	
5+00	-40	0.3	35	
5+50	-40	-0.1	37	
6+00	-40	0.3	79	
6+50	-40	0.2	69	
L 12 N 2+00 E	-40	0.2	390	
3+00	-40	0.1	88	
3+50	-40	0.2	125	
4+00	-40	-0.1	95	
5+00	-40	0.1	158	
5+50	-40	-0.1	.197	
6+50	-40	-0.1	800	
L 14 N 19+50 W	-20	-0.1	390	
20+00	-20	-0.1	790	
L 16 N 19+50 W	-20	0.1	66	
20+00	-20	0.1	90	
L 18 N 16+50 W	-40	0.2	37	
17+00	-20	0.2	56	
17+50	-40	0.1	220	
18+00	-20	0.1	56	
19+00	-20	0.2	87	
20+00	-40	0.2	124	
20+50	-20	0.1	200	
21+00	-20	0.2	230	
			· · · ·	

 14, 2235 - 30th Avenue N.E., Calgary, Alberta T2E 7C7

 (403) 276-8668
 Telex 03-821172 CGY

ANALYTICAL REPORT

85-037 Job #

Date

Client Project

GR-BC-6

4/6 Page

S	ample No.	Pt	Bi	Cr	
Soil "U"		ppb	ppm	ppm	
	and the second		t in the second		મુખ્ય અને પ્રશ્ના દાવા છે. તેમ છે છે. કું માટે તેમ જ ગામ છે. તેમ છે પ્રાપ્ય છે. આ ગામ બાજ બેના અને અલે સ્થય પ્રાપ્ય છે. તેમ છે તેમ છે છે. તેમ છે છે છે છે છે છે. તેમ છે છે છે. તેમ છે છે છે છે આ ગામ છે છે. તેમ છે છે છે છે છે છે છે છે છે. તેમ છે છે. તેમ છે છે છે છે છે છે છે છે છ
L 18 N	21+50 W	-20	0.2	226	
	22+00	-20	0.2	264	
	22+50	-40	0.4	264	
	23+00	-40	0.2	107	
	23+50	-20	0.7	200	
	24+00	-40	0.4	154	
L 20 N	20+00 W	-20	0.3	135	
	20+50	-40	0.3	191	
	21+00	-20	0.2	166	
	21+50	-20	0.2	122	
	22+00	-20	1.0	198	
	22+50	-20	0.4	195	
	23+00	-40	0.4	161	
	23+50	-20	1.0	187	
	24+00	-20	0.8	154	
	24+50	-40	1.1	112	
	25+00	-20	0.2	193	
	25+50	-40	0.4	40	
n Start Start	26+00	-20	0.5	40	
and the second	26+50	-40	0.1	37	
	27+00	-20	0.2	42	
	27+50	-40	0.2	65	
	28+00	-20	0.1	43	
L 22 N	20+00 W	-20	0.2	175	이는 사람이는 것은 것은 것이 있는 것이다. 같은 것이 있는 것이 같은 것은 것이 같은 것이 있는 것이다.
	20+50	-40	0.4	158	

14, 2235 - 30th Avenue N.E., Calgary, Alberta T2E 7C7 (403) 276-8668 Telex 03-821172 CGY

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Job # 85-037

Date

Page

5/6

Client Project GR-BC-6

Bi Sample No. Pt Cr"U" Soil ppb ppmppm-40 0.5 151 L 22 N 21+00 W 0.5 146 21+50 -40 151 22+00 -40 0.2 167 22+50 -40 0.4 23+00 -40 0.5 207

 14, 2235 - 30th Avenue N.E., Calgary, Alberta T2E 7C7

 (403) 276-8668
 Telex 03-821172 CGY

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Job # 85-037

e de la com

Golden Rule Resources

Date Feb.8, 1985

Client Project GR-BC-6

.

Page 6/6

Sample No.	Pt.	Со	W	an de Bergarde. Notes estas de Berg	
Rock "U"	ppb	ppm	ppm	andra (1997) Alian (1997) Alian (1997) Alian (1997) Alian (1997)	
				a te la sela de seconda de second A constructiva de seconda de second	
U 48	20	11	6		na series de la compañía de la comp Este de la compañía de
49	20	1	-1		ang ban kabén nané bang ang panang ang pangang ang pan
60	-20	28	-1		
blustine 61	-20	30	-1		
157	20	13	-1		
158	20	8	-1		
159	20	9	-1		
160	-20	2	-1		
163	-20	1	6		
164	20	16	-1		
		an a			
		and services to part References			
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>





· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	- -		
•			
		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
, .			
- - - -			
•			
,			
+	+ - + - +	++	
		-+	
	Ť.	•	
			
	↓ ↓ ↓ ↓		
- 			
-			
+++	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
-++	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+ +	
e		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
- • -•-•-	• • •	ŧŧŧŧŧ	
	 ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓	+	
	■	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
	·····	• • • • •	
		·····	
·····• • ·····• • •	↓	+ + + + + + +	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
+			
	GEOLOG	ICAL BRANCH	
	ADDESS	KEPORT	
	14	ZQQ	
	L T		Fob 09/985
	ſ		Mark Why M
Pt (ppb)	Bi (ppm), Cr (ppm)	GOLDEN RULE RESOU	
. r t (ppb)	, co (ppm), VV (ppm)	MAP 3 SOIL AND ROCK	BOB 3-6 CLAINE
		GEOCHEMISTRY NTS 94 J/15 W; 92 0/2 W	PROJECT GR-BC-6
мирото		SCALE I:5000	0 100 150 200 250 METERS
		TAIGA CONSULTAN	TS LTD.