REPORT ON THE

TRENCHING AND GEOLOGICAL MAPPING

CONDUCTED ON THE

PITA 16 MINERAL CLAIM

VERNON MINING DIVISION

BRITISH COLUMBIA

FILMED

N.T.S. 82L/2E

LONGITUDE 1180 AND LATITUDE 500 MEN

30.5' 10.8

GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

14,451

MOHAWK OIL CO. LTD.

B. CALLAGHAN, B. SC.

JANUARY 1986

OWNER OF CLAIMS:

**AUTHOR:** 

DATE:

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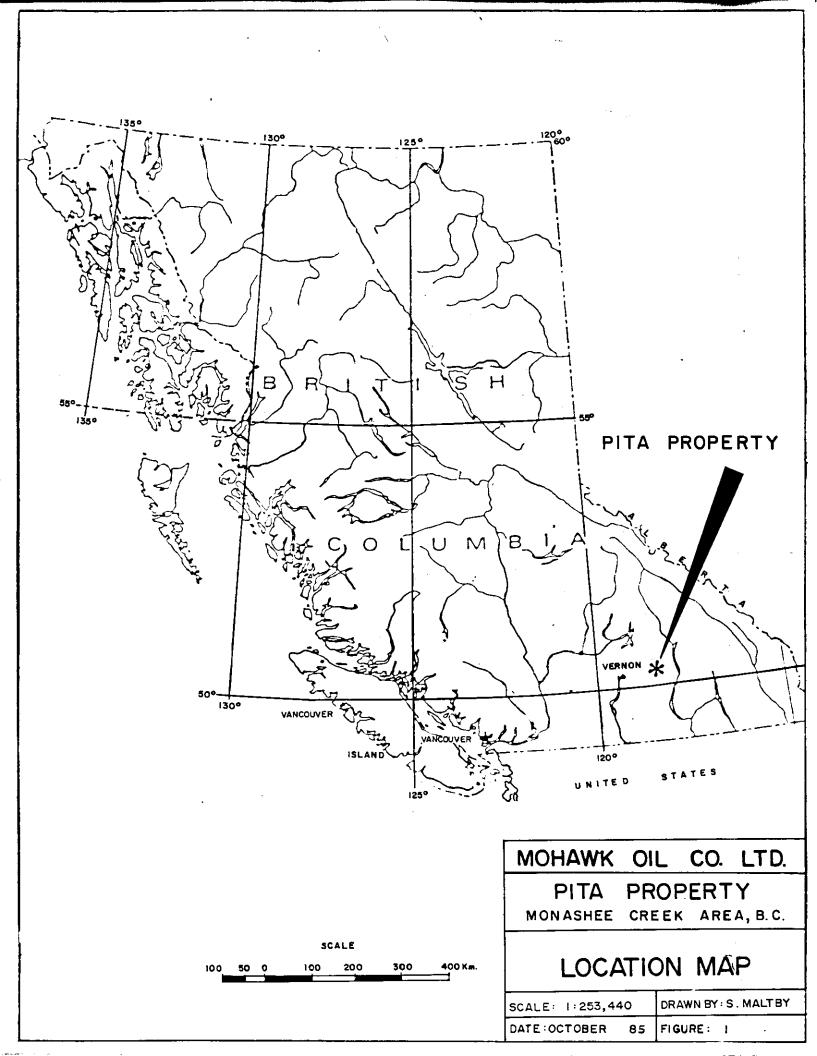
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FIGURE 1 LOCATION MAP
FIGURE 2 PROPERTY MAP
DRAWING NO.'S 1-6 GEOLOGY MAP WITH TRENCHES



#### SUMMARY

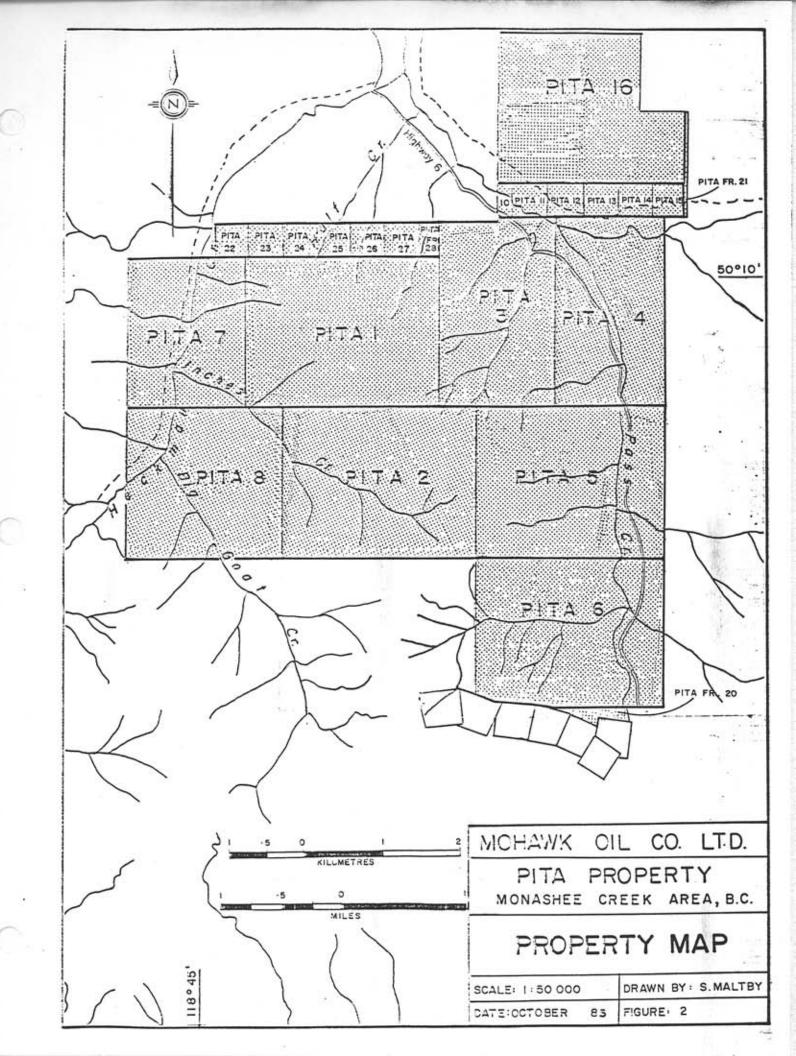
The source for zinc and copper geochemical soil anomalies may be a result of sphalerite and copper mineralization associated with eastwest trending fault contacts between black argillite and porphyritic horneblende andesite. Values of 42 ppb Au have been recorded in a carbonaceons quartz horizon at the contact between limy black argillite and albitized andesite.

A programme of detailed prospecting on Pita 16 claim is recommended to determine if there is a lode source for the placer gold that is found in Monashee Creek. Additional trenching may be justified after a prospecting program and would include trenching in the vicinity of trenches 7 & 11 and any other significant gold, silver, arsenic, antimony, zinc, copper geochemical anomalies not trenched.

### INTRODUCTION

A follow-up programme of geophysical, geological and physical work on the Pita 16 mineral claim was recommeded in a report by M.W. Waldner (1984), to determine the sources of significant zinc and copper geochemical soil anomalies. These anomalies were established from the inital exploration programme in 1984 by Mohawk Oil Co. Ltd., that included geochemical soil sampling and geological mapping at a scale of 1:5000.

This paper reports on the results of the follow-up programme which has included geological mapping and sampling of 12 trenches. The trenches were established along secondary logging roads between October 30th and November 5th, 1985.



### LOCATION AND ACCESS

The Pita 16 claim is located in the Vernon Mining Division of British Columbia, N.T.S. map reference 82L/2E. The claim is centered at approximately 118° 32' W longitude and 50° 10' N latitude, in Southern B.C.

The property is situated in the Monashee Mountains approximately 70 kilometers south-easterly of Vernon. The claim is accessed from Highway #6 at the confluence with Monashee Creek and is reached by the South Fork logging road. Access throughout the claim is well provided by secondary logging roads off the South Fork road.

## PHYSIOGRAPHY AND VEGETATION

The claim is situated on a moderate southerly facing slope bounded to the south by Monahsee Creek and to the north by Cherry Creek. Elevations range from 700m to 1,660m.

The southern portion of the claim is extensively logged with the northern half remaining in substantial stands of fir, larch, pine and spruce. Poplar and birch are confined mostly to the narrow gulleys draining the southerly slopes.

Best exposures of outcrop are in general, confined to gulleys on the steeper slopes and are readily found on road cut exposures. More than 80% of the property is overlain by a varying thickness of overburden.

#### PROPERTY

The Pita 16 claim consists of 20 units and was located by the recorded owner, Mohawk Oil Co. Ltd.

CLAIM	RECORD ,	DATE OF	<u>units</u>	MINING
NAME	NUMBER	RECORD		DIVISION
Pita 16	1518	06/09/83	20	VERNON

## HISTORY

Earliest activity in the vicinity of the Pita 16 claim consisted of significant placer gold mining conducted on Cherry and Monashee Creeks during the 1800's. Crown grants south and adjacent to the Pita claim block, cover the Monashee Mine where gold and silver were produced intermittently from the 1890's until approximately 1935. Ore was shipped to the Trail Smelter in 1927 from the nearby St. Paul mine on Monashee Mountain which reportedly graded Gold 0.50 oz/ton and silver 147.9 oz/ton (B.C. Minister of Mine Report, 1927). There is also renewed interest in gold-silver mineralization in an area between MacIntyre Lake and Keefer Lake south of the property.

Significant gold and base metal geochemical anomalies in soil and rock samples have been located on the Pita Group of claims to the south of Pita 16 during exploration activities by Mohawk Oil Co. Ltd. between 1981 and 1984.

#### TRENCHING

Twelve trenches were dug along secondary logging roads on the Pita 16 claim using an FL9 Fiat-Allis backhoe with front bucket. Forty-eight hours were spent in trenching selected areas for a total distance of 212 metres (See Drawing No. 1).

### PROPERTY GEOLOGY

The general geology of the property has been described in a previous report by M.W. Waldner (1984). The Pita claim is underlain by the Thompson Assemblage, formerly of the Cache Creek Group and consists of the series of northwesterly trending argillites and blue green fine grained porphyritic andesites. These rocks are correlated by Okulitch et al (1979) with the Late Triassic Slocan Assemblage. Intrusive rocks of the Nelson Balholith as well as Kamloops Group basalts occur on the claims south of Pita 16 but were not observed during the trenching programme.

Contacts exposed during bulldozer trenching between black argillite and porphyritic feldspar andesite and porphyritic horneblende and andesite trend in a general northwest direction (See Drawing Nos. 1 to 6).

The argillites are both limy and highly foliated along the contacts between brown coloured albitized andesites. They contain moderate calcite veining particularily along bedding planes in trenches 7-12. Argillites in trenches 1-6 appear less limy and foliated.

The andesites appear to overlie the argillites, but several occurences of interbedding between the argillites and andesites were observed in several trenches. The andesites have a higher pyrite content (up to 10%) near the contact with the bedded argillites and weather to a light brown colour. Minor scattered cubic pyrite is localized in the argillites.

#### MINERALIZATION

Geochemical I.C.P. analysis was performed for ten elements by Acme Analytical Laboratories Ltd. on 18 rock samples taken from 4 of the 12 trenches (See Appendix II).

A contact zone in trench 11 is distinguished by a carbonaceous, quartz horizon in between black argillite and albitized andesite. The quartz occurs as fragments or pods, irregularly scattered amongst a graphitic carbonate seam along a crumbly foliated contact. Values of 42 ppb Au were recorded from grab sample No. 2270.

Brittle quartz with vuggy cavities up to 1 cm in width and infilled with hematite and calcite in trench 9 recorded low values for all elements (See Sample No. 2254).

The highest zinc value of 1933 ppm was taken in trench 7 (See Sample Nos. 2266-2269. The trench is located in close proximity to a north/south trending zinc anomaly with values of up to 553 ppm as recorded from the soil sampling programme in 1984 on line 59,600 N. Sample No. 2266 was taken across 25 cm of limonitic clays at the contact between black argillite and medium grained porphyritic horneblende andesite.

The highest copper values of 128 ppm from Sample No. 2269 were also taken from trench 7 in carbonaceous, limonitic clay. Sphalerite, copper mineralization may be structurally controlled along fault contacts between argillites and porphyritic andesites and may be the source for other zinc and copper soil geochemical anomalies.

#### CONCLUSIONS

A source for the gold found in Monashee Creek has not been located by previous soil geochemistry, rock sampling and 1985 rock sampling from trenches. A sample reporting a value of 42 ppb Au was taken in a carbonaceous quartz horizon at the contact between limy black argillites and albitized andesite in trench 11. Although the sample is geochemically significant it is not economically important.

The source for zinc and copper soil geochemical anomalies from the 1984 exploration programme on line 59,600 N may be due to sphalerite, copper mineralization associated with an eastwest trending fault contact between black argillite and porphyritic horneblende andesite in trench 7.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

A programme of detailed, systematic prospecting and sampling is recommended to possibly determine a source for the gold found in Monashee Creek on the Pita 16 mineral claim. If the results of this further exploration positive, then additional trenching may be warranted. Additional trenching is recommended in the vicinity of: (i) trenches 7 and 11 to expose possible sphalerite, copper mineralization and (ii) several other significant zinc, copper geochemical anomalies not trenched due to deep snow cover during the 1985 field season.

# BIBLIOGRAPHY

Annual Reports of the B.C. Minister of Mines 1897, 1900-1904, 1913-1916, 1927, 1933-1935.

DAWSON, G.M. (1878) Exploration in British Columbia, G.S.C. Progress Report 1876-1877 Pages 16-164.

JONES, A.G. (1959) Vernon Map Area, British Columbia,

G.S.C., Memoir 296.

OKULITCH, A.V. (1979) Open File 637, G.S.C. Ottawa

WALDNER, M.W. (1984)

Assessment Report, Geology and

Geochemical Surveys conducted on the

Pita 16 Claim.

# AUTHOR'S QUALIFICATIONS

## BRIAN CALLAGHAN

I graduated from Brandon University, Manitoba in 1980 with a Bachelor of Science Degree in Geology. The following is a synopsis of my employment experience.

June - October 1980	ESSO MINERALS CANADA - Geological Assistant
	Exploration in N. Manitoba, N. Sask., N. British
	Columbia, and various properties in the Stewart
	area of B.C.
Feb. 1981 - Apr. 1985	MOHAWK OIL CO. LTD Mining Division
	Exploration Geologist ~ Responsible for field
	supervision of exploration programs in Southern
•	B.C.
April - August 1985	SEVEN MILE HIGH RESOURCES INC Exploration
	Geologist - Responsible for VLF-EM, Magnetic, and
	soil geochemistry surveys, sampling - percussion
	drilling program in B.C.
August - October 1985	SEARCHLIGHT RESOURCES INC Exploration Geologist
	Responsible for trenching and drilling program in
	Rancheria area of Yukon.
October - November 1985	MOHAWK OIL CO. LTD Minerals Division
	Exploration Geologist - Conducting exploration
	programs in Southern B.C.

DATED:

SIGNED:

Brian Callaghan Exploration Geologist Minerals Division MOHAWK OIL CO. LTD.

# APPENDIX I

# ITEMIZED COST STATEMENT

PERSONNEL/ EQUIPMENT	TASK	DAYS WORKED	PAY SCALE	TOTAL COST
B. Callaghan	Mapping & Sampling	7 days	\$150/day	\$1,050.00
Geologist	Report Prep. & Interpre.	4 days	· -	600.00
S. Maltby	Sampling	7 days	\$100/day	700.00
Geol. Tech.	Drafting & Copying	4 days		400.00
M. Waldner, Mngr.	Field Work & Supervision	3 days	\$275/day	825.00
& Ch. Geol.	1			
Minerals Div. Mohaw	k			
ACME Analytical	Geochem Analysis	18 rock sample	s @ 14.50/sample	261.00
4 Crewcab Pickup	Crew Transport	7 days	\$50/day	350.00
4x4 Pickup	Transport	l day	\$50/day	50.00
Radios	Communication	14 days	\$15/day/radio	210.00
Room & Board		20 days	\$61.75/man/day	1,235.00
Ohashi Bros.	Mob-Demob.	15 hrs.	\$57.00/hr.	855.00
Typing & Copying				500.00
FL-9 Backhoe-Loader	Trenching	48 hrs.	\$55/hr.	2,640.00
Freight, Mail,	Shipping Samples			
Courier	Maps, Reports			125.00
M rials & Supplie	s			150.00
	TOTAL			\$9,951.00

Field work portion conducted from October 30th to November 5th, 1985.

# APPENDIX II

# ROCK SAMPLES & LOCATIONS

SAMPLE NO.	LOCATIONS AND DESCRIPTIONS
Trench 11	
2260	Chip 4" hanging wall Limy black argillite, pyrite, hematite
2261	Chip 12", Limy black argillite on hanging wall side Pyrite, hematite, crumbled foliation
2262	Chip 7" Calcareous argillite
2263	Chip 8" Footwall - black argillite, graphite, quartz fragments 'pods' containing hematite
2264	Grab - quartz fragments
2265	Chip - quartz, carbonate horzion along contact
2270	Grab - graphitic quartz-carbonate at contact
Trench 7	
2266	Chip 12" - limonite clay fault
2267	Grab hanging wall - pyrolusite, limonite, calcite
2263	Chip 8" - black graphitic argillite, veinlets of limonite, hematite parallel to contact
2269	Chip 8" - calcareous argillite
Trench 9	
2254	Character sample - Chip 6", Boxwork quartz
2255	Chip 6" - hanging wall - contact brown argillite, sericite
2271	10" character sample, footwall, graphitic quartz, minor pyrite, sericite, hematite
Trench 10	
2256	Character sample - random sampling of quartz, calcite, minor chlorite, pyrite
225,	Chip 10", hanging wall, black argillite
2258	Chip 8", fine grained andesite

Chip 20", black argillite in contact with brown argillite

2259

^CME ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD.

32 E.HASTINGS ST.VANCOUVER B.C. V6A 1R6
PHONE 253-3158 DATA LINE 251-1011

DATE RECEIVED: NOV 6 1985

DATE REPORT MAILED:

Nov. 13/85

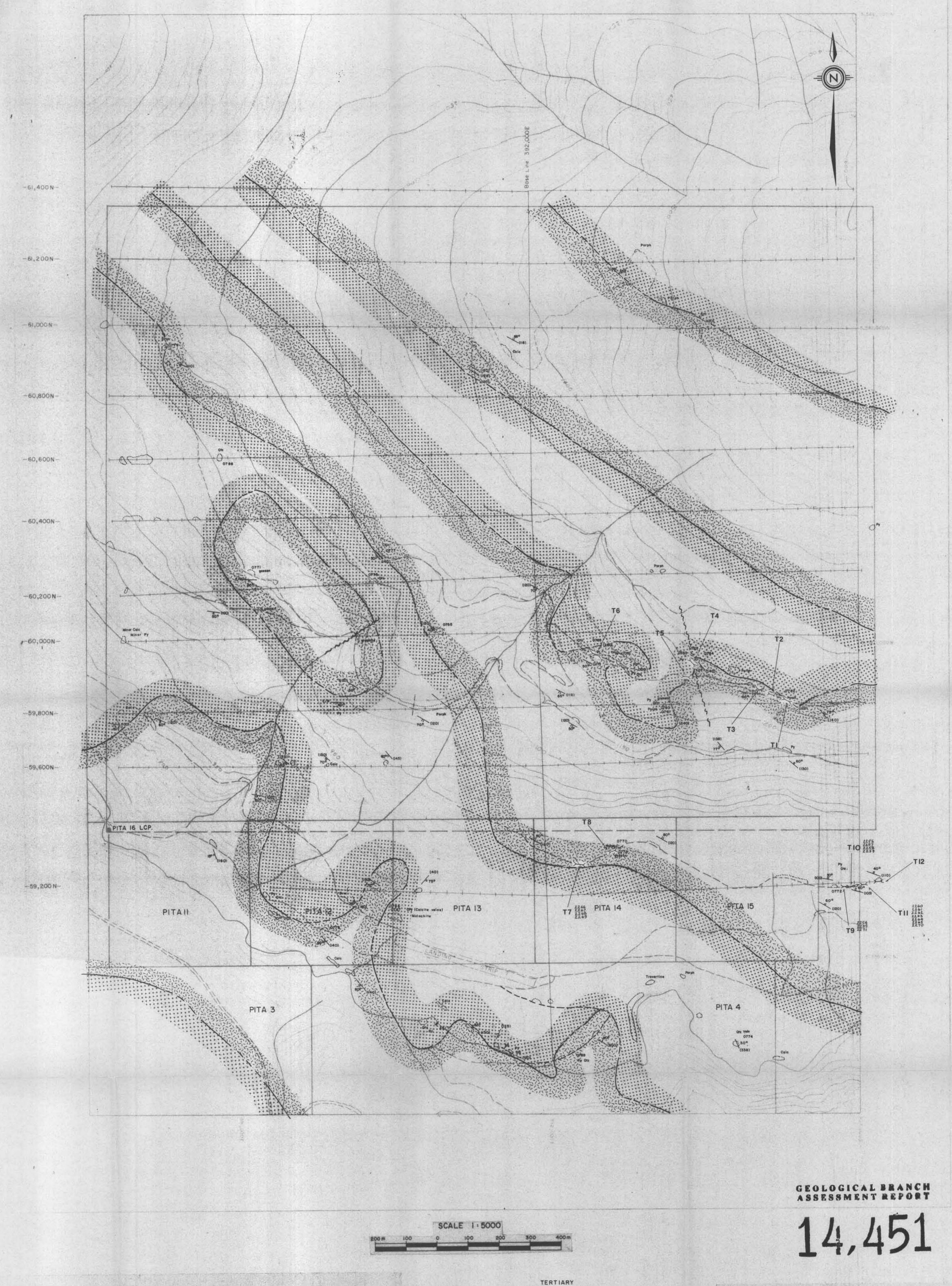
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# GEOCHEMICAL ICP ANALYSIS

.500 GRAM SAMPLE IS DIGESTED WITH JML 3-1-2 HCL-HNO3-H2O AT 95 DEG. C FOR ONE HOUR AND IS DILUTED TO 10 ML WITH WATER.
THIS LEACH IS PARTIAL FOR MN.FE.CA.P.CR.MG.BA.TI.B.AL.NA.K.W.SI.ZR.CE.SN.Y.NB AND TA. AU DETECTION LIMIT BY ICP IS 3 PPM.
- SAMPLE TYPE: P1-3 SOILS -20 MESH & PULVERIZED P4-ROCKS AUX ANALYSIS BY FA+AA FROM 10 GRAM SAMPLE.

ASSAYER: Y. Jaundy DEAN TOYE OR TOM SAUNDRY. CERTIFIED B.C. ASSAYER

	MOH	A₩K	OIL	CO.		FIL	.E #	85-	-304	5	
SAMPLE	Cu PPH	Pb PPM	Zn PPM	Ag FFM	йа РРН	ēA Kqq	U PPM	Th PPM	Sb PPM	¥ PFM	Au## PPB
2254	42	10	83	.7	508	10	5	3	. 2	1	2
2255	82	15	103	1.8	534	. 33	5	ó	2	1	16
2256	12	23.	36	. \$	597	2	5	3	2	1	4
2257	28	16	86	.7	801	12	, 5	3	2	1	2
2258	.14	18	3á	.5	900	3	5	5	2	i	. 4
.2259	. 63	25	107	1.6	646	18	5	4	2	1	. 4 3
2240	27	28	56	3.2	994	45	5	5	3	1	9
2261	12	20	33	.8	637	17	5	5	2	1	5
2262	8	27	29	1.4	622	. 17	5	. 2	2	1	1
2263	26	49	181	3.9	687	40	' 5	7	5	1	4
2264	21	9	217	1.0	844	50	5	á	3	1	42
2265	20	18	72	.3	624	4	5	4	2	1	4
2266	34	13	1933	.2	85	50	5	8	2	1	i
2267	29	17	1533	.5	799	23	5	. 7	2	2	
2268	116	14	827	.9	954	102	5	4	6	1	3
2269	128	15	884	1.1	869	80	5	4	2	1	1 3 5
2270	8	26	37	.5	499	4	5	2	2	1	‡
2271	59	18	85	.8	1151	14	5	3	2	1	21
STD C/FA-AU	60	40	134	7.0	1134	37	19	31	13	12	50



QUARTZ

CALCITE

PYRITE

BRECCIA

PORPHERITIC

CHALCOPYRITE

CENOZOIC

MESOZOIC

PALEOZOIC

CRETACEOUS

KAMLOOPS GROUP
Basait, clivine basait, minor, rhyolitic lova,

Argiffite, Sandstone Conglomerate, Tuffs

CARBONIFEROUS (?) AND PERMIAN

CACHE CREEK Andesite, Breccia

Limestone

Valhalla intrusions: granite, porphyritic granite.
Nelson intrusions: granodiorite, porphyritic granite
diorite, monzonite, quartz monzonite.

FAULT (approximate) (inferred)

CONTACT (approximate)(inferred)

BEDDING (Inclined, vertical, unknown)

FOLIATION (inclined, vertical, unknown)

FRACTURES (inclined, vertical, unknown) , 4 +

ROAD

NO VEGETATION

GEOCHEM SOIL TRAVERSE 10+00N -

GEOCHEM SILT TRAVERSE

ROCK GEOCHEM . SAMPLE.

DIRECTION OF GLACIATION

SLIDE AREA

MARSH

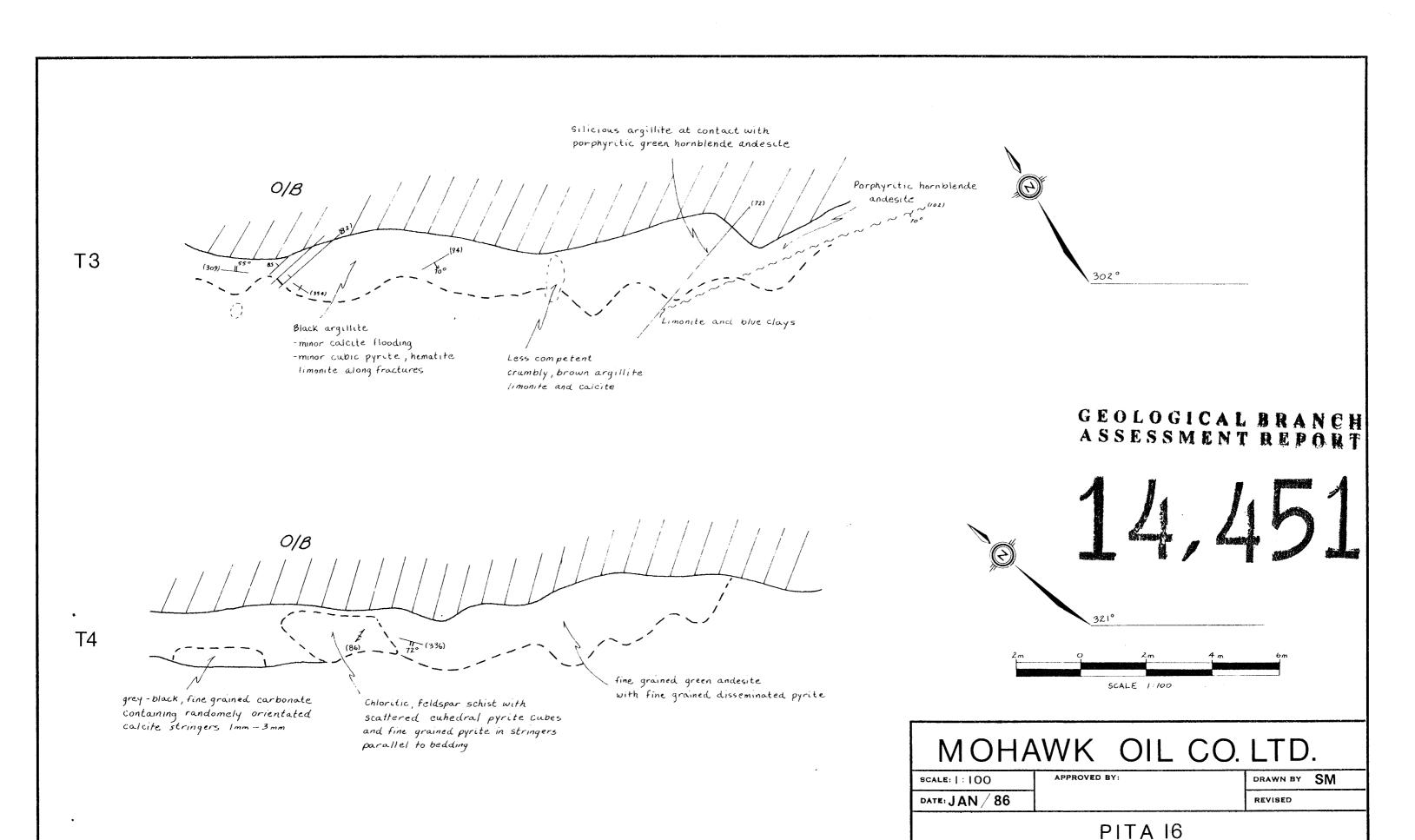
MOHAWK OIL COMPANY LTD.

MONASHEE CREEK AREA

PITA 16
GEOLOGY MAP

DRAWN BY SCALE DATE DRAWING NO.
SM 1:5000 JAN/86 1

graphite along T 1 0/8 fracture surfaces 104° GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT rust stained porphyritic, hornblende andesite -minor cubic pyrite 0/8 T 2 Black argillite graphite along contact surface Porphyritic hornblende andesite -10% scattered cubic pyrite SCALE 1:100 MOHAWK OIL CO. LTD. APPROVED BY: DRAWN BY SM SCALE: |: 100 DATE: JAN/86 REVISED PITA 16 DRAWING NUMBER TRENCHES 1 & 2 (plan) 2



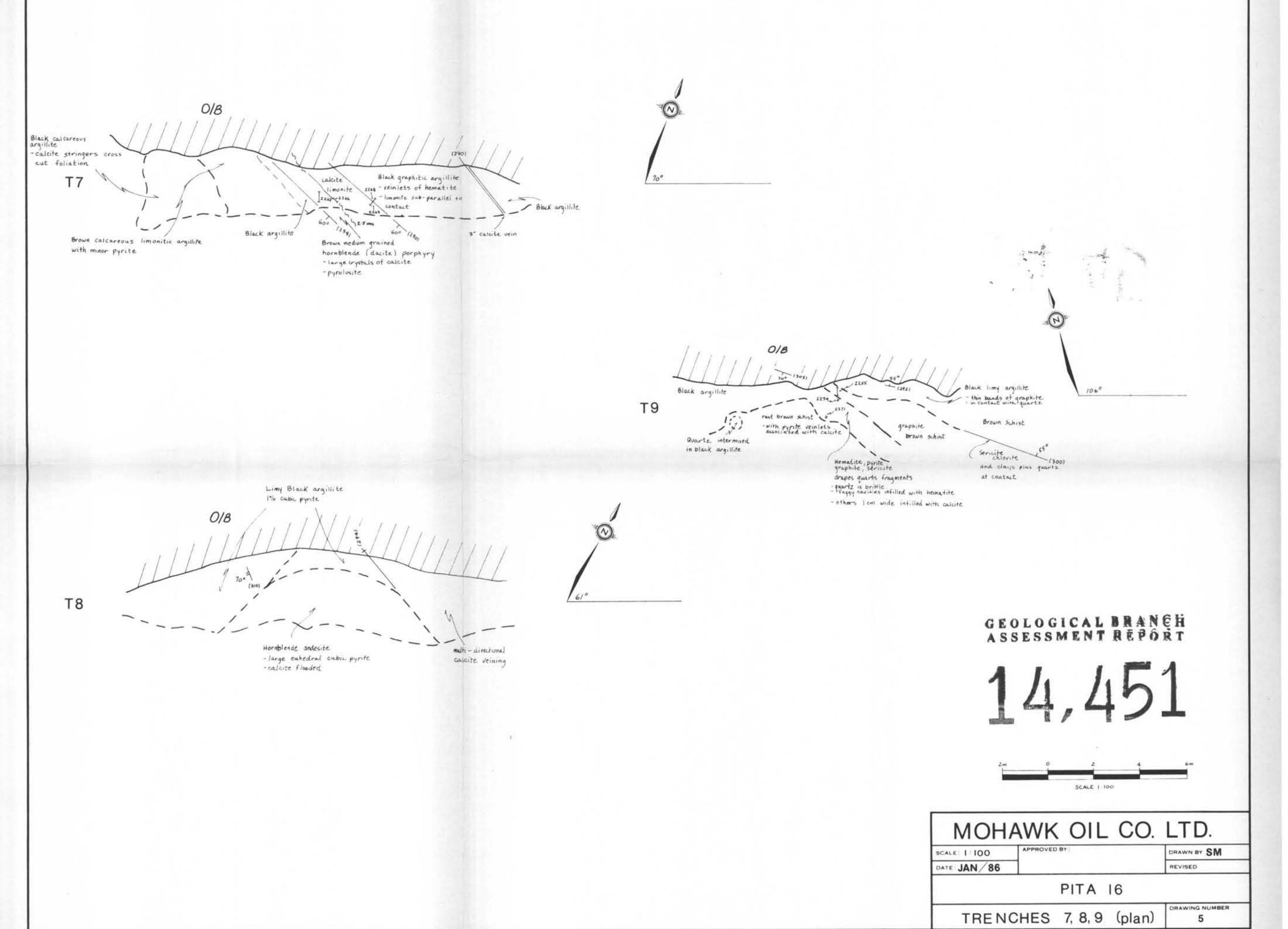
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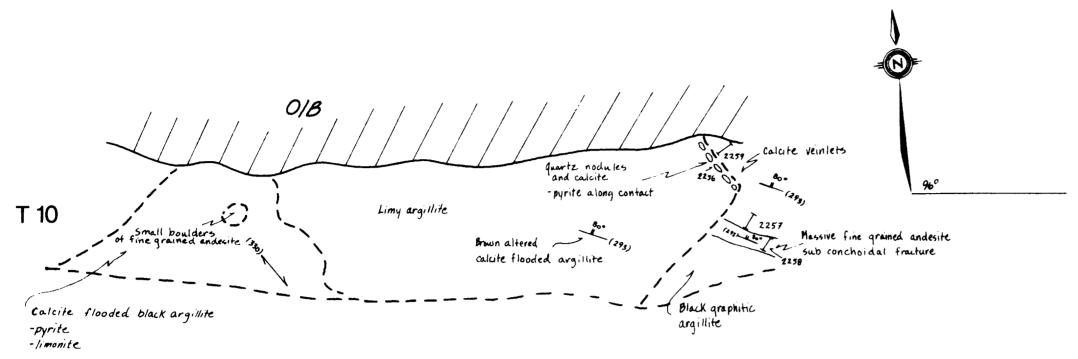
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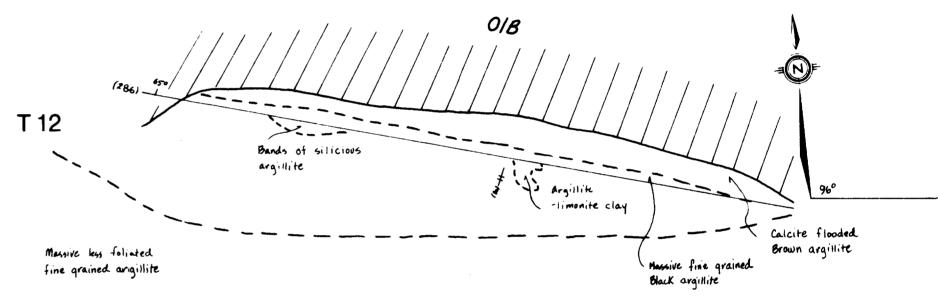
3 & 4 (plan)

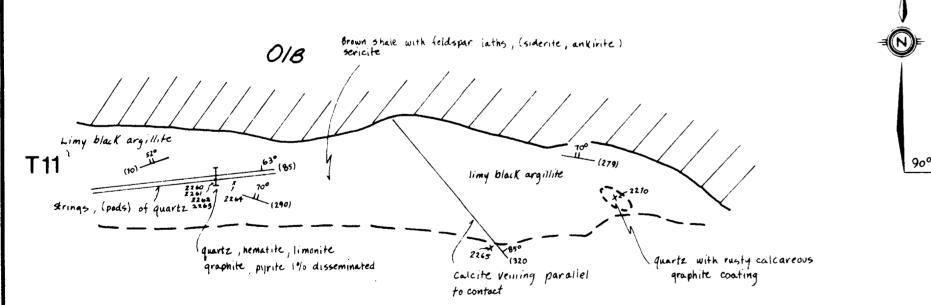
**TRENCHES** 

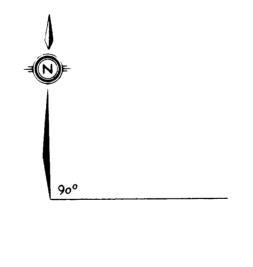
Chlorite Schist -Limonite along bedding -partly graphitic with cubic pyrite **T5** - grey, calcite flooded schist GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT Black calcareous argillite 0/8 T6 Black calcareous argillite Brown-grey feldspar andesite porphyry SCALE 1:100 MOHAWK OIL CO. LTD. APPROVED BY: SCALE: |: 100 DRAWN BY SM DATE: JAN / 86 REVISED PITA 16 DRAWING NUMBER TRENCHES 5&6 (plan)











GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

14,451



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SCALE: 1:100	APPROVED BY:	DRAWN BY SM
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	PITA 16	
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