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LAC MINERALS LTD.

Report on the ESKER Claims

Summary of the 1987 Work

including

Geology, Pit Geochemistry, Line Cutting, Road Building, Induced Polarization
and Reverse Circulation Drilling

Nazko Area, Cariboo M.D. British Columbia

N.T.S.: 93B/13E

Latitude: 52° 54'

Longitude: 123° 42'

by: R.F. Brown, P.Eng. February 1988

FILMED

Owner & Operator: LAC MINERALS LTD.

CLERICAL BRANCH
DEPARTMENT REPORT

17,145

ARIS SUMMARY SHEET

District Geologist, Prince George

Off Confidential: 89.03.02

ASSESSMENT REPORT 17145

MINING DIVISION: Cariboo

PROPERTY: Esker
 LOCATION: LAT 52 54 00 LONG 123 42 00
 UTM 10 5861158 452912
 NTS 093B13E

CLAIM(S): Esker 1-4
 OPERATOR(S): Lac Min.
 AUTHOR(S): Brown, R.F.
 REPORT YEAR: 1988, 39 Pages

COMMODITIES
 SEARCHED FOR: Gold

GEOLOGICAL

SUMMARY: Lower Cretaceous Skeena Group? siltstones, sandstones and argillites with minor chert pebble conglomerate are cut by pale green felsite dykes and white quartz-feldspar felsic porphyry dykes. The survey results show clay alteration, rusty cubic voids, anomalous values of arsenic, mercury, silver, gold, and copper in soil, and an induced polarization chargeability anomaly.

WORK
 DONE: Geophysical, Geochemical, Drilling, Physical
 IPOL 5.3 km
 Map(s) - 3; Scale(s) - 1:5000, 1:10 000
 LINE 5.3 km
 ROAD 1.6 km
 ROCK 159 sample(s) ;ME
 ROTD 228.6 m 3 hole(s)
 SOIL 92 sample(s) ;ME
 Map(s) - 4; Scale(s) - 1:10 000

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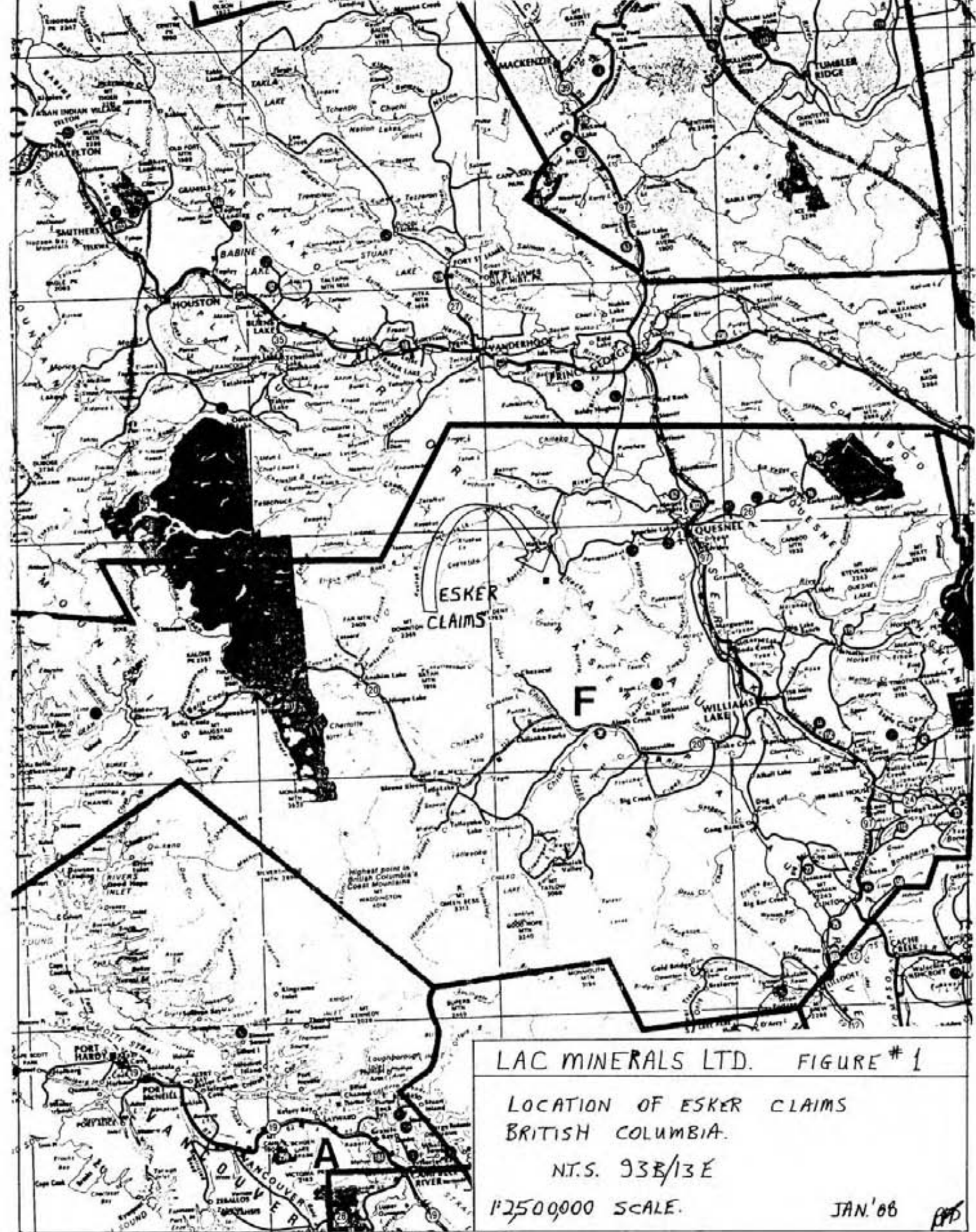
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TABLE #1

Summary of ESKER claims, Cariboo M.D.

	<u>Record #</u>	<u>Record Date</u>	<u>#UNITS</u>	<u>EXPIRY DATE*</u>
ESKER 1	8419	May 29, 1987	10	May 29, 1990
ESKER 2	8420	May 29, 1987	15	May 29, 1990
ESKER 3	8421	May 29, 1987	12	May 29, 1990
ESKER 4	8422	May 29, 1987	8	May 29, 1990

* INCLUDING THIS REPORTS ASSESSMENT CREDITS



LAC MINERALS LTD. FIGURE # 1

LOCATION OF ESKER CLAIMS
BRITISH COLUMBIA.

N.T.S. 93B/13E

1:250,000 SCALE.

JAN '06

APP

45'

NAZKO 2km.

30'

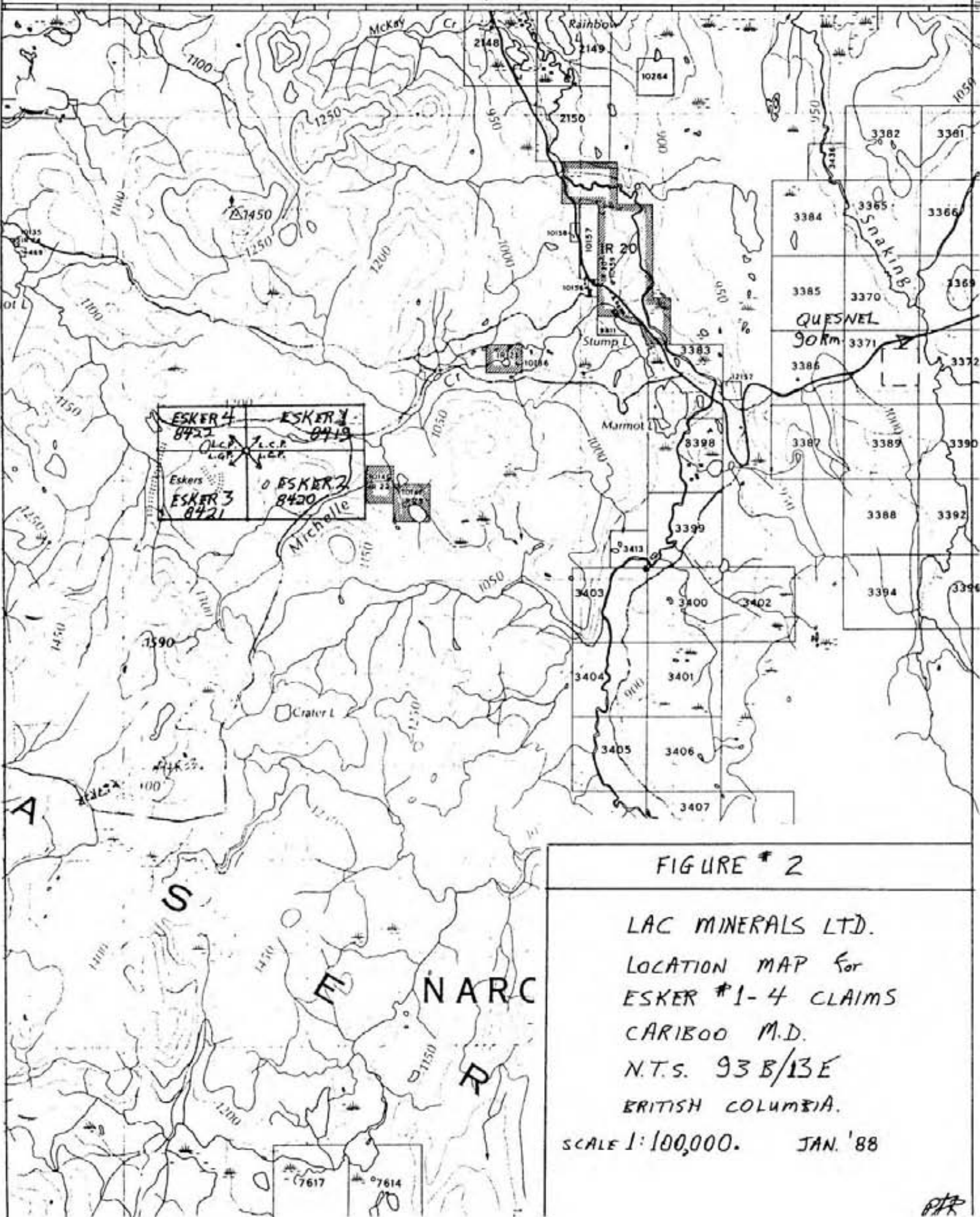
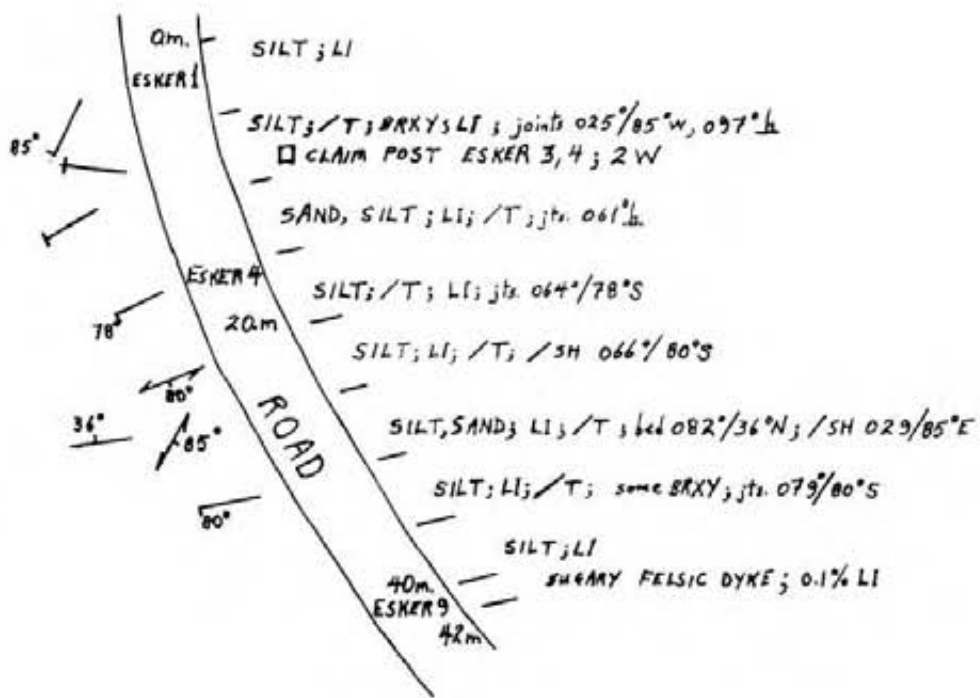


FIGURE # 2

LAC MINERALS LTD.
 LOCATION MAP for
 ESKER #1-4 CLAIMS
 CARIBOO M.D.
 N.T.S. 93 B/13E
 BRITISH COLUMBIA.

SCALE 1:100,000. JAN. '88

PTA



LEGEND

- 20° BED
- 70° SHEAR
- 30° JOINT
- SILT SILTSTONE
- SAND SANDSTONE
- LI LIMONITE STAIN
- BRXY BRECCIATED
- /T SHATTERED
- /SH SHEAR
- JTS JOINTS.

FIG. 7

LAC MINERALS LTD.
 ESKER 1-4 CLAIMS ; CARIBOO MD.
 N.T.S. 93 B/13 ; SCALE 1:500
 JANUARY, 1988.

APB.

INTRODUCTION:

The ESKER 1-4 claims were staked in May 1987 over a weak Cu, Pb soil anomaly from a Selco Division - BP Resources Canada Ltd. (Arnold & Hoffman 1984) survey on the lapsed PM 5 and 6 claims. Coincidentally flanking the soil anomaly was a large area probably underlain by limonitic quartz-feldspar felsic porphyry identical to porphyry on the Bob claims of LAC MINERALS LTD. 5 km to the east. After staking, two lines were cut and flagged, they subsequently were used for a induced polarization survey. Pit sampling of old Selco - B.P. soil sites was done to confirm results and profile the till. Results were encouraging enough to build an access trail and establish four (4) drill sites. Three short reverse circulation holes were drilled in I.P. or coincident I.P., soil and rock geochemistry enhanced areas. The 1987 work is detailed in this report. No further work is presently recommended.

CLAIMS:

The ESKER 1-4 claims were staked in late May 1987 and recorded on May 29, 1987 (Table #1). They have 45 units in total and overlay and extend west of Selco-B.P. lapsed P.M. 5, 6 claims and the ancient E & B Explorations Inc. Sunshine claims (Christie, Howell & Harivel, 1982). The ESKER 1-4 claims will be grouped for assessment purposes into the "ESKER" group.

GEOGRAPHY:

The ESKER claims are located 80 km west of Quesnel on N.T.S. 93B/13E (Figure #1, 2). Access, year round from Quesnel, is on the paved Nazko road, then onto the gravel Michelle Creek (3900 road) logging road where several branches dissect the claims.

The claims are characterized by low rolling hills with elevations between 1000-1250m. Michelle Creek cuts east-north eastward through ESKER 2 as a narrow valley widening near the east edge of the claims. The west half of ESKER 4 and the N.W. of ESKER 3 are rather flat marked by swamps, ponds and eskers. Two hills on ESKER 2 are prominent features and they straddle Michelle Creek, both show minor rock outcroppings.

The claims are forested by coniferous (spruce, pine) and deciduous (older trees) from mid age to mature harvestable stands.

The north parts of ESKER 1, 4 have been logged as has most of ESKER 3 claim.

GENERAL GEOLOGY

Only several outcrops are found on the ESKER claims (Fig. 6). They are predominately Lower Cretaceous sediments (Nelson, 1985; Tipper, 1959) of chert pebble conglomerate, sandstone, siltstone and argillite composition. These L. Cretaceous sediments are found in two road cuts (Esker 3, 4; 2W claim post and on the 3900 road midway in Esker 2 claim). Near bedrock talus on the hill in mid Esker 1 claim has pieces of siltstone along with quartz feldspar felsic porphyry (Q.F.F.P.). The Q.F.F.P. is identical to that found on the Bob claims to the east where the Q.F.F.P. is altered, pyritic and in some instances auriferous. On the Esker claims the Q.F.F.P. is limonitic with clay altered feldspar phenocrysts. Contact features were obscured so the nature of the Q.F.F.P. is unknown. Whole rock analysis of the alteration sericites from the Q.F.F.P. and Lower Cretaceous conglomerates on the nearby Bob claims bracket Tertiary Paleocene age. Along the south margin of the Esker 2 claim is a basaltic plug of late Tertiary age, associated flows can be found south of the plug. Recent age basaltic ash is found overlying the till along the 4000 road in the N.W. corner of Esker 4 claim. The ash is derived from a vent source displaying excellent basalt lava flows 1 km west of Esker 4 on the 4000 road.

Pre Staking Sampling:

LAC Minerals Ltd. sampling was done on a regional basis during the 1980's. Those samples falling within the Esker claims have been compiled (Table #2, #3) with descriptions and analysis. As well the Esker claims area has been twice previously worked, first by E & B Explorations Inc. as the Sunshine claims in 1981 and later by Selco Division - B.P. Resources Canada Limited as the P.M. 5 and 6 claims in 1984. The E & B work has some weak Ag, As values in outcrop along the 3900 road and in widely spaced soils samples. More detailed soil sampling by Selco outlined an interesting As, Pb, Cu with weak Au anomaly flanking the common Esker 1, 2 claim line (see Fig. 4).

Since As, Pb, Cu values are intimately associated with gold values on the Bob claims along with the favourable rock types found in the Esker area the Esker claims were staked by LAC Minerals Ltd.

Post Staking Sampling:

Besides the pit sampling only one outcrop was sampled on the common boundary of Esker 3, 4 at the 2 west post (see Fig. 7). No significant geochemical values were found at this site.

Pit Sampling Geochemistry:

A set of pits were dug to check at various Selco sites the validity of Selco's As, Pb, Cu anomaly. Three samples were generally taken, the first of the brown "B" horizon soil, immediately under the organic layer, generally at 15-20cm depth. The second sample would be from 50cm depth and usually was locally derived till, the third sample was from 90 cm depth and was locally derived till (Tables 2, 3). A few deeper pit samples were clay rich or consisted mainly of gravels (south of small elongate pond on Esker 1 claim). If bedrock was struck in pit digging a sample of the rock was taken with the rock type and depth recorded.

Linecutting:

A crew from Amex Exploration Services Ltd. re blazed and flagged L80+00N and created L72+00N (Appendix IV).

Induced Polarization Survey:

P. Walcott and Associates ran an induced polarization survey along L80+00N from 40+00E to 80+00E and along L72N from 60+00E to 73+00E. The survey was done using a Hunttec Mark IV receiver and a Phoenix IPT 1 transmitter between September 17-23, 1987. A dipole-dipole array was configured throughout the survey.

All work was done using a 50m electrode spacing and electrode intervals (n) of 1 to 4. The data was plotted on line pseudo-sections (Appendix #III).

Road Building

Road construction with right of way logging and skidding was contracted out to Dan Hjorth of Quesnel. Four drill sites large enough to accommodate a reverse circulation machine were coincidentally constructed. (Figure #3).

Reverse Circulation Drilling

Drill logging Method: The reverse circulation chips were logged using the International Geosystems Ltd. (Geolog) format. A legend (Appendix #VI) for Geolog explaining all the terms and symbols is necessary and self explanatory. Chip samples from the Esker claims were first washed then logged. Chip samples were randomly collected over a 1.52m (5 ft) interval for logging.

Drilling and Sampling Method

R.C. drilling was done by Tonto Drilling Co. of Burnaby, B.C. using a 5 1/4" (13.34 cm) down the hole hammer and 4 1/2" (11.43 cm) doubled rods. Two eleven hour shifts were used for near continuous drilling due to cold weather. All holes were drilled vertical. Casing was installed after drilling through overburden with a oversize bit. All holes were drilled dry with the total sample run left in the cyclone until the run end, at which time the sample was dumped into a large bucket, mixed with a shovel and approximately 4 kg taken for analysis and a small sample in a soil sample bag for binocular logging. The remaining sample was dumped.

The three (3) holes drilled were all bored to 250' (76.20m), their logs are in Appendix V, analysis in Appendix II, drill hole sections in Appendix I and they are located on Figure #3.

Discussion

The pit sampling expanded the area known to be underlain by Paleocene (?) intrusive rocks (Fig. #6) and confirmed Selco - B.P.'s soil sample survey.

Several types of intrusive rocks are found on the Esker claims. Sample 87R11 plus a 100m square area around the site has Q.F.F.P. (quartz-feldspar felsic porphyry) with limonitic cubic voids and highly altered feldspars. As well light green felsitic dyke material is found in a road cut at ESKER 9 site, and supposedly in pit sampling on L72+00N and L74+00E, and in R.C. 87-3.

Comparing the pit sample high element values (Fig. #5) to Selco-B.P. soil survey (Fig. #4) several interesting situations are notable. Selco outlined an As, Pb, Cu, Au anomaly (1 Ag high value, no Hg) while LAC pits outlined Ag primarily (some Cu, Au) in the 15-20 cm depth (regular soil sample depth) while the 0.5m and 0.9m depths had a strong Cu, Au, As, Hg anomaly with no Ag (Pb not analysed). There is a good overlap with Cu, Au but the Selco soil As anomaly is considerably north (down slope) from the LAC pit As anomaly.

The pit & soil anomaly lies along the N.E. edge of the known Paleocene intrusive rock and more or less along the N.E. edge of the stronger I.P. values (see Appendix III and Fig. 8).

No sulphide mineralization was noted in field mapping or in the detailed logging of the reverse circulation drill chips, with the exception of four (4) pyrite chips, the rest from three (3) holes drilled. No graphite was seen either in chips or as a skim on the reject water. Several white clay gouge seams were encountered in each hole and R.C. 87-1 had a dark grey black gouge zone in argillite at 44.2m.

Gold values in the drill holes were nearly all in the single figure ppb range with the exception of a 259 ppb value in R.C. 87-3 (39.62-41.15m) which has no immediate explanation. Composite values in the R.C. holes (Au, Cu, Zn, Ag, Hg) rarely were of high enough value to be considered anomalous by the pit sample standards.

The R.C. holes were drilled through a monotonous sequence of dark grey siltstones and black-grey argillites with minor sandstone. Hole R.C. 87-3 intersected felsitic material for the later third of the hole. The sediments bordering on the felsite contact had <1% quartz veins and slightly enhanced Ag, Hg values. A similar situation of elemental enrichment also occurs around intrusives on the Bob claims to the east.

The I.P. anomaly on the Esker claims for a large part is related to the $n = 3, 4$ electrode spacing. This deeper response was thought to be due to oxidation of the upper 30-40m. Unfortunately the drilling gives no reasons for the I.P. chargeability anomaly. Hole RC87-3 drilled coincidentally on the soil pit anomaly and I.P. anomaly has only modest elemental enhancement in sediments surrounding a felsitic dyke.

Conclusions

The soil - pit geochemical anomaly of Selco B.P. and LAC Minerals Ltd. is due to elemental enhancement in Lower Cretaceous sediments surrounding felsitic and porphyritic intrusions. The induced polarization chargeability anomaly is unexplained as only insignificant sulfides and no graphite were noted in drill hole chip logging. The tenor of Au and associated elemental values is so low as to preclude any further work.

Robert F. Brown, P.Eng.

February 1, 1988



The image shows a handwritten signature of Robert F. Brown in cursive, followed by a circular professional seal. The seal contains the text: "R. F. BROWN", "BRITISH COLUMBIA", and "ENGINEER". The seal also features a decorative border and a small emblem at the top.

REFERENCES

- 1) Arnold, R.R. and Hoffman, S.J. ; 1984 ; Geological and Geochemical Assessment Report on the PM 3, 4, 5 and 6 Claims, Nazko Area, B.C.; Assessment Report #13206
- 2) Christie, J.S.; 1982 ; Geochemical Report on the Sunshine Property, Cariboo Mining Division; Assessment Report 10375
- 3) Tipper, H.W. ; 1959 ; Geology, Quesnel Map Sheet; Map 12-1959; Geological Survey of Canada

TABLE #2

1987 SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS - ESKER CLAIMS

<u>SAMPLE #</u>	<u>TYPE</u>	<u>WIDTH</u>	<u>COMMENTS</u>	
87R8	Soil	.15m	PRE STAKING	
87R9	Soil	.15m		
87R10	Soil	.15m		
87R11	Rock	GRAB		Q.F.F.P.
87R12	Rock	GRAB		SILT
87R13	Soil	.15m		
87R14	Rock	GRAB		CONG, SILT
87R15	Soil	.15m		
87R16	Soil	.15,		
ESKER 1	Rock	5m	SILT	
2	"	"	SILT, SAND	
3	"	"	SILT	
4	"	"	SILT	
5	"	"	SILT	
6	"	"	SILT, SAND	
7	"	"	SILT	
8	"	"	SILT	
9	"	2m	FELSIC DYKE	
6800E, 7800N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till	
6800E, 7800N; "B"	PIT	0.5m	" "	
6800E, 7800N; "C"	PIT, Rock	0.9m	rhy. ash. (QPPP)	
6800E, 7900N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till	
6800E, 7900N; "B"	PIT	0.5m	br. till. rk. frags.	
6800E, 7900N; "C"	PIT, Rock	0.9m	LI, rhyolite ash	
7000E, 7700N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	silty, br. till	
" " ; "B"	PIT	0.5m	" " "	
" " ; "C"	PIT	0.9m	" " " , rk frags.	
7000E, 7800N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	" " "	
" " ; "B"	PIT	0.5m	" " "	
" " ; "C"	PIT	0.9m	" " "	
7000E, 7900N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	" " "	
" " ; "B"	PIT	0.5m	" " "	
" " ; "C"	PIT	0.9m	" " "	

TABLE #2

1987 SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS - ESKER CLAIMS

<u>SAMPLE #</u>	<u>TYPE</u>	<u>WIDTH</u>	<u>COMMENTS</u>
7000E, 8200N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till
" " ; "B"	PIT	0.5	" " , gravelly
" " ; "C"	PIT, ROCK	0.9	" " "
7400E, 7400N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	silty br. soil & rock frags.
" " ; "B"	PIT, ROCK	0.5m	rhy., LI (Q.F.F.P.)
7400E, 7500N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	silty, soil
" " ; "B"	PIT	0.5m	" " "
" " ; "C"	PIT	0.9m	" " " , rock frags.
7400E, 7600N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	silty br. soil
" " ; "B"	PIT	0.5m	"C" horizon, br. soil
" " ; "C"	PIT	0.5m	rhyolite (LI) (Q.F.F.P.)
7400E, 7700N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till
" " ; "B"	PIT	0.5m	" "
" " ; "C"	PIT, ROCK	0.9m	" " , rock frags
7400E, 7800E; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till
" " ; "B"	PIT	0.5m	br. till
" " ; "C"	PIT	0.9m	br. till, rock frags
7400E, 7900N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till
" " ; "B"	PIT	0.5m	" " , rock frags
" " ; "C"	PIT	0.9m	" " , " "
7400E, 8100N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till
" " ; "B"	PIT	0.5m	" " ,
" " ; "C"	PIT	0.9m	" " , rock frags.
7400E, 8200N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	" " , gravelly.
" " ; "B"	PIT	0.5m	br. till
" " ; "C"	PIT	0.9m	clayish br. till, rock frags.
6400E, 7200N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till
" " ; "B"	PIT	0.40m	clay, br. till, rock frags.
6500E, 7200N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till
" " ; "B"	PIT	0.14m	silty, dk.br.till, rock frags.
6600E, 7200N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till
6600E, 7200N; "C"	PIT ROCK	0.45m	volcanic?
6700E, 7200N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till, rock frags.
" " ; "B"	PIT ROCK	0.35m	rhyolite with flow banding (Q.F.F.P.)
6800E, 7200N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till, rock frags.
" " ; "B"	PIT ROCK	0.70m	rock.

TABLE #2

1987 SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS - ESKER CLAIMS

<u>SAMPLE #</u>	<u>TYPE</u>	<u>WIDTH</u>	<u>COMMENTS</u>
6900E, 7200N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	sandy br. till
" " " " "B"	PIT	0.5	" "
" " " " "C"	PIT	0.9	" "
7000E, 7200N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	silty br. till
" " " " "B"	PIT	0.5m	" " "
" " " " "C"	PIT	0.9m	" " ", some rock frags.
7100E, 7200N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	silty br. till
" " " " "B"	PIT	0.5m	" " "
" " " " "C"	PIT	0.9m	" " "
7200E, 7200N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	silty br. soil
" " " " "B"	PIT	0.5m	" " "
" " " " "C"	PIT	0.9m	" " ", rock frags.
6400E, 8000N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	gravelly till
" " " " "B"	PIT	0.5m	" "
" " " " "C"	PIT	0.9m	" "
6500E, 8000N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	gravelly till
" " " " "B"	PIT	0.5m	" "
" " " " "C"	PIT	0.9m	" "
6600E, 8000N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	silty, organic rich soil
" " " " "B"	PIT	0.5m	br. till
" " " " "C"	PIT	0.9m	gravelly till
6700E, 8000N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till
" " " " "B"	PIT	0.5m	" "
" " " " "C"	PIT	0.9m	" " , rock frags.
6800E, 8000N; "A"	PIT	0.3m	br. till
" " " " "B"	PIT	0.7m	ROCK rhyolite, LI
6900E, 8000N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till
" " " " "B"	PIT	0.5m	br. till
" " " " "C"	PIT	0.9m	" " , rock frags.
7000E, 8000N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till
" " " " "B"	PIT	0.5m	" " , rock frags
" " " " "C"	PIT	0.9m	br. till
7100E, 8000N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till,
" " " " "B"	PIT	0.5m	" "
" " " " "C"	PIT	0.9m	" " , rock frags.

TABLE #21987 SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS - ESKER CLAIMS

<u>SAMPLE #</u>	<u>TYPE</u>	<u>WIDTH</u>	<u>COMMENTS</u>
7200E, 8000N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till
" " "B"	PIT	0.5	" "
" " "C"	PIT	0.9	" "
7500E, 8000N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till
" " "B"	PIT	0.5m	" "
" " "C"	PIT	0.9m	" "
7400E, 8000N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till, Selco site 807547.
" " ; "B"	PIT	0.5m	" "
" " ; "C"	PIT	0.9m	" " , rock frags.
7000E, 8100N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till
" " ; "B"	PIT	0.5m	" "
" " ; "C"	PIT	0.9m	" "
7400E, 8300N; "A"	PIT	0.15m	br. till
" " ; "B"	PIT	0.5m	" "
" " ; "C"	PIT	0.9m	" "

TABLE #3

1987 ANALYSIS - ESKER CLAIMS

<u>SAMPLE #</u>	<u>Au</u> <u>ppb</u>	<u>Cu</u> <u>ppm</u>	<u>Zn</u> <u>ppm</u>	<u>Mo</u> <u>ppm</u>	<u>Ni</u> <u>ppm</u>	<u>Mn</u> <u>ppm</u>	<u>Cd</u> <u>ppm</u>	<u>Ag</u> <u>ppm</u>	<u>Fe</u> <u>%</u>	<u>As</u> <u>ppm</u>	<u>Sb</u> <u>ppm</u>	<u>Hg</u> <u>ppm</u>
87R8	3									20		
87R9	9									20		
87R10	0									10		
87R11												100
87R12												<5
87R13	21									19		
87R14												90
87R15	15									20		
87R16	9									12		
<u>PITS</u>												
ESKER 1	3	66	215	1	124	1171	2	<0.5	3.59	<5	<5	750
2	3	78	258	1	107	721	2	<0.5	3.58	<5	<5	1150
3	3	73	275	1	110	864	2	<0.5	4.12	<5	<5	1200
4	3	84	279	2	101	742	3	<0.5	3.37	<5	<5	750
5	2	72	247	2	85	979	3	<0.5	3.48	<5	<5	1800
6	2	72	223	2	96	1087	2	<0.5	3.28	<5	<5	2100
7	5	66	216	4	102	741	2	<0.5	3.17	<5	<5	1000
8	2	40	166	2	72	1213	1	<0.5	2.21	<5	<5	300
9	1	37	152	2	94	1221	2	<0.5	2.42	<5	<5	350
6800E, 7800N; "A"	4	53	139	2	105	290	<1	0.6	3.56	5	<5	20
6800E, 7800N; "B"	44	100	182	2	111	405	1	<0.5	3.86	46	<5	40
6800E, 7800N; "C"	7	214	151	1	234	904	1	<0.5	4.68	21	<5	50
6800E, 7900N; "A"	15	43	180	1	89	341	1	0.7	3.58	5	<5	20
6800E, 7900N; "B"	7	89	238	2	157	1236	2	<0.5	4.84	32	<5	135
6800E, 7900N; "C"	<1	46	275	<1	177	3755	2	<0.5	4.10	<5	<5	15
7000E, 7700N; "A"	11	67	158	2	101	466	<1	0.8	3.78	11	<5	35
" " ; "B"	9	80	94	1	94	455	<1	<0.5	3.39	41	<5	80
" " ; "C"	43	93	119	2	140	811	<1	<0.5	3.85	51	<5	140
7000E, 7800N; "A"	52	71	101	2	88	364	<1	0.5	3.51	34	<5	35
" " ; "B"	13	92	113	2	107	663	<1	<0.5	3.68	46	<5	65
" " ; "C"	31	91	123	2	109	642	<1	<0.5	3.84	45	<5	90
7000E, 7900N; "A"	5	89	160	2	115	453	<1	1.2	4.29	<5	<5	25
" " ; "B"	12	63	94	3	75	369	<1	0.5	3.25	42	<5	35
" " ; "C"	9	72	104	2	97	583	<1	<0.5	3.58	45	<5	75

TABLE #3

1987 ANALYSIS - ESKER CLAIMS

SAMPLE #	Au ppb	Cu ppm	Zn ppm	Mo ppm	Ni ppm	Mn ppm	Cd ppm	Ag ppm	Fe %	As ppm	Sb ppm	Hg ppm
<u>PITS</u>												
7000E, 8200N; "A"	7	54	223	2	101	871	1	1.1	4.07	<5	<5	25
" " "B"	10	67	133	1	107	521	<1	<0.5	3.61	7	<5	190
7000E, 8200N "C"	44	90	128	2	90	423	1	0.5	3.39	24	<5	120
7400E, 7400N; "A"	26	215	217	4	70	772	3	0.7	3.14	6	<5	25
" " "B"	11	269	80	2	21	172	2	<0.5	1.37	78	6	45
7400E, 7500N; "A"	27	30	189	1	59	1102	<1	0.7	2.86	66	<5	30
" " ; "B"	25	89	90	2	79	564	<1	0.5	3.41	111	5	325
" " ; "C"	20	72	90	1	93	660	<1	<0.5	3.47	65	<5	215
7400E, 7600N; "A"	20	35	162	2	95	1014	2	0.7	3.13	9	<5	20
" " ; "B"	28	106	195	3	137	412	<1	<0.5	4.33	62	9	150
" " ; "C"	<1	177	191	1	126	430	<1	<0.5	1.37	78	6	45
7400E, 7700N; "A"	21	152	133	2	74	245	<1	<0.5	3.17	37	10	35
" " ; "B"	15	157	134	2	85	320	<1	0.6	3.21	40	8	75
" " ; "C"	21	203	129	1	131	892	<1	<0.5	<0.05	36	5	335
7400E, 7800N; "A"	11	72	148	1	121	402	<1	1.2	4.53	<5	<5	50
" " ; "B"	11	89	93	2	64	245	<1	0.6	3.22	46	8	55
" " ; "C"	5	72	107	1	114	832	<1	<0.5	4.21	20	<5	170
7400E, 7900N; "A"	5	62	228	1	103	413	<1	1.2	4.99	<5	<5	30
" " ; "B"	8	111	104	2	79	253	<1	0.5	3.42	36	<5	45
" " ; "C"	19	69	107	2	102	775	<1	<0.5	3.76	31	<5	150
7400E, 8100N; "A"	3	30	119	1	58	301	<1	0.6	3.23	5	<5	35
" " ; "B"	8	64	104	1	99	607	<1	<0.5	4.20	19	<5	140
" " ; "C"	6	57	114	1	93	750	<1	<0.5	3.78	26	<5	120
7400E, 8200N; "A"	1	42	118	2	94	573	<1	0.8	4.38	<5	<5	45
" " ; "B"	5	37	106	1	<1	366	<1	<0.5	3.20	23	<5	60
" " ; "C"	6	49	88	1	62	281	<1	0.5	3.36	19	<5	170
6400E, 7200N; "A"	1	17	53	<1	39	172	<1	0.5	2.33	<5	<5	40
" " ; "B"	3	47	93	1	104	744	<1	<0.5	4.27	<5	<5	145
6500E, 7200N; "A"	1	17	68	1	40	236	<1	0.6	2.48	20	<5	15
" " ; "B"	3	45	86	1	91	530	<1	<0.5	4.07	8	<5	100
6600E, 7200N; "A"	1	22	78	1	38	237	<1	0.6	2.53	33	<5	25
6600E, 7200N; "B"	6	75	164	3	81	318	<1	<0.5	3.5	204	<5	25
6700E, 7200N; "A"	1	100	52	4	151	283	<1	<0.5	3.94	<5	<5	10
" " ; "B"	4	95	36	6	102	870	<1	<0.5	3.46	14	<5	20
6800E, 7200N; "A"	7	85	93	5	119	327	<1	<0.5	3.27	12	<5	20
" " ; "B"	4	58	52	6	152	390	<1	<0.5	3.30	<5	<5	5

TABLE #3

1987 ANALYSIS - ESKER CLAIMS

<u>SAMPLE #</u>	<u>Au</u>	<u>Cu</u>	<u>Zn</u>	<u>Mo</u>	<u>Ni</u>	<u>Mn</u>	<u>Cd</u>	<u>Ag</u>	<u>Fe</u>	<u>As</u>	<u>Sb</u>	<u>Hg</u>
	<u>ppb</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>ppm</u>
<u>PITS</u>												
6900E, 7200N; "A"	<1	12	63	1	25	151	<1	0.6	1.58	18	6	20
" " " " "B"	11	68	82	2	95	486	<1	<0.5	4.24	42	<5	120
" " " " "C"	14	57	88	1	94	640	<1	<0.5	3.58	40	<5	150
7000E, 7200N; "A"	<1	26	102	2	55	706	<1	0.5	2.56	17	<5	30
" " " " "B"	7	52	80	2	89	456	<1	<0.5	4.34	33	<5	105
" " " " "C"	6	48	88	1	84	642	<1	0.5	4.07	34	<5	100
7100E, 7200N; "A"	4	30	68	1	58	405	<1	0.6	3.15	25	<5	40
" " " " "B"	6	48	79	2	89	545	<1	0.5	4.30	16	<5	105
" " " " "C"	3	44	79	1	94	762	<1	<0.5	3.71	13	<5	120
7200E, 7200N; "A"	1	18	95	1	49	336	<1	0.5	2.62	14	<5	20
" " " " "B"	3	30	56	1	59	330	<1	0.5	2.93	23	<5	65
" " " " "C"	6	47	80	1	93	768	<1	<0.5	3.76	25	<5	130
6400E, 8000N; "A"	<1	28	74	2	60	323	<1	<0.5	3.42	<5	<5	25
" " " " "B"	1	41	85	2	110	557	<1	0.5	4.01	<5	<5	60
" " " " "C"	<1	39	89	<1	126	745	<1	<0.5	3.91	<5	<5	115
6500E, 8000N; "A"	<1	29	93	1	76	389	<1	0.8	3.62	<5	<5	700
" " " " "B"	<1	34	74	1	89	394	<1	<0.5	3.47	<5	<5	50
" " " " "C"	1	41	76	2	92	511	<1	<0.5	3.61	<5	<5	255
6600E, 8000N; "A"	6	202	75	42	149	704	<1	1.6	5.54	<5	<5	250
" " " " "B"	2	37	43	2	50	277	<1	0.6	2.38	<5	<5	220
" " " " "C"	5	41	58	1	72	472	<1	0.6	3.69	<5	<5	350
6700E, 8000N; "A"	1	40	114	2	97	291	<1	<0.5	3.44	<5	<5	25
" " " " "B"	1	46	83	2	87	320	<1	0.6	3.32	<5	<5	55
" " " " "C"	12	115	237	42	210	2931	3	2.1	6.82	<5	<5	290
6800E, 8000N; "A"	7	48	210	2	75	262	1	0.6	3.17	32	<5	140
" " " " "B"	5	74	262	1	182	1237	3	0.5	3.54	19	<5	60
6900E, 8000N; "A"	81	27	149	1	68	409	1	1.1	2.95	12	<5	10
" " " " "B"	22	82	194	2	104	469	<1	<0.5	3.51	39	<5	115
" " " " "C"	19	92	261	2	132	854	1	0.5	4.19	46	<5	145
7000E, 8000N; "A"	17	53	123	1	90	268	<1	0.7	3.43	17	<5	40
" " " " "B"	15	74	120	2	95	404	<1	<0.5	3.46	35	<5	60
" " " " "C"	16	71	144	2	115	647	<1	<0.5	3.63	39	<5	140
7100E, 8000N; "A"	3	51	183	2	118	586	<1	1.5	4.87	<5	<5	55
" " " " "B"	16	69	117	1	89	392	<1	<0.5	3.38	43	<5	90
" " " " "C"	19	79	131	2	102	772	<1	<0.5	3.68	37	<5	115

TABLE #3

1987 ANALYSIS - ESKER CLAIMS

<u>SAMPLE #</u>	<u>Au</u>	<u>Cu</u>	<u>Zn</u>	<u>Mo</u>	<u>Ni</u>	<u>Mn</u>	<u>Cd</u>	<u>Ag</u>	<u>Fe</u>	<u>As</u>	<u>Sb</u>	<u>Hg</u>
	<u>ppb</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>ppm</u>
<u>PITS</u>												
7200E, 8000N; "A"	8	36	70	1	55	270	<1	<0.5	2.82	14	<5	40
" " "B"	11	52	86	2	73	371	<1	<0.5	3.18	30	<5	85
" " "C"	15	63	109	1	97	665	<1	<0.5	3.52	26	<5	120
7300E, 8000N; "A"	10	32	84	1	52	234	<1	0.6	2.86	18	<5	20
" " "B"	13	46	82	1	55	322	<1	<0.5	3.03	34	<5	55
" " "C"	28	57	103	1	90	593	<1	<0.5	3.48	31	<5	105
7400E, 8000N; "A"	5	30	91	1	54	377	<1	1.1	3.39	5	<5	35
" " ; "B"	5	53	88	1	77	541	<1	<0.5	3.39	25	<5	135
" " ; "C"	5	51	96	1	85	690	<1	<0.5	3.42	27	<5	125
7000E, 8100N; "A"	7	40	152	2	80	333	1	0.8	3.43	11	<5	25
" " ; "B"	17	69	108	3	88	317	<1	<0.5	3.12	31	<5	75
" " ; "C"	10	70	130	<1	101	636	<1	<0.5	3.49	24	<5	110
7400E, 8300N; "A"	1	27	84	1	59	347	<1	0.6	3.01	15	5	75
" " ; "B"	4	36	81	1	75	310	<1	0.5	3.17	15	<5	105
" " ; "C"	10	42	84	1	81	668	<1	<0.5	3.58	11	<5	170

TABLE #4

METHOD OF ANALYSIS

(Soils, Rocks, Drill Hole Chips)

Analytical Laboratory: Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.,
130 - Pemberton Ave.,
North Vancouver, B.C. V7P 2R5

<u>SAMPLE TYPE</u>	<u>SIZE FRACTION</u>	<u>SAMPLE PREPARATION</u>
DRILL CHIPS	-150	Crush Pulverize -150
ROCKS	-150	Crush Pulverize -150
SOILS	-80	DRY, SIEVE -80

<u>ORDER</u>	<u>ELEMENT</u>	<u>LOWER LIMIT</u>	<u>EXTRACTION</u>	<u>METHOD</u>
1	Au Gold-Fire Assay/N.A.	1 PPB	FIRE-ASSAY	INST. NEUTRON ACTIV.
2	Cu Copper	1 PPM	HNO3-HCL HOT EXTR	PLASMA
3	Zn Zinc	1 PPM	HNO3-HCL HOT EXTR	PLASMA
4	Mo Molybdenum	1 PPM	HNO3-HCL HOT EXTR	PLASMA
5	Ni Nickle	1 PPM	HNO3-HCL HOT EXTR	PLASMA
6	Mn Managanese	1 PPM	HNO3-HCL HOT EXTR	PLASMA
7	Cd Cadminon	1 PPM	HNO3-HCL HOT EXTR	PLASMA
8	Ag Silver	0.5 PPM	HNO3-HCL HOT EXTR	PLASMA
9	Fe Iron	0.05 PCT	HNO3-HCL HOT EXTR	PLASMA
10	As Arsenic	5 PPM	HNO3-HCL HOT EXTR	PLASMA
11	Sb Antimony	5 PPM	HNO3-HCL HOT EXTR	PLASMA
12	Hg Mercury	5 PPB	HNO3-HCL HOT EXTR	PLASMA

APPENDIX I

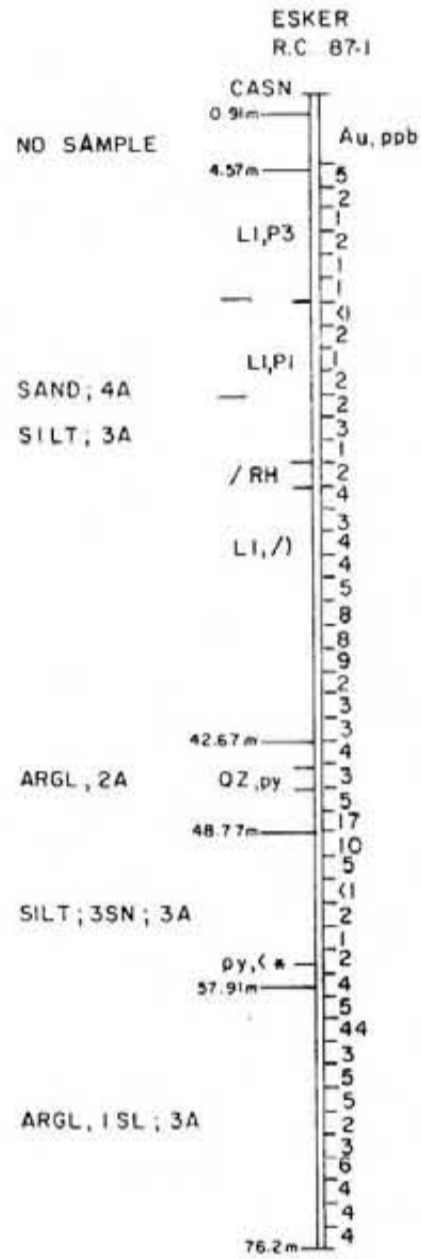
L72+00N, 70+00E

ESKER R.C. 87-1

-90°, Az 000°



PLAN
SECTION



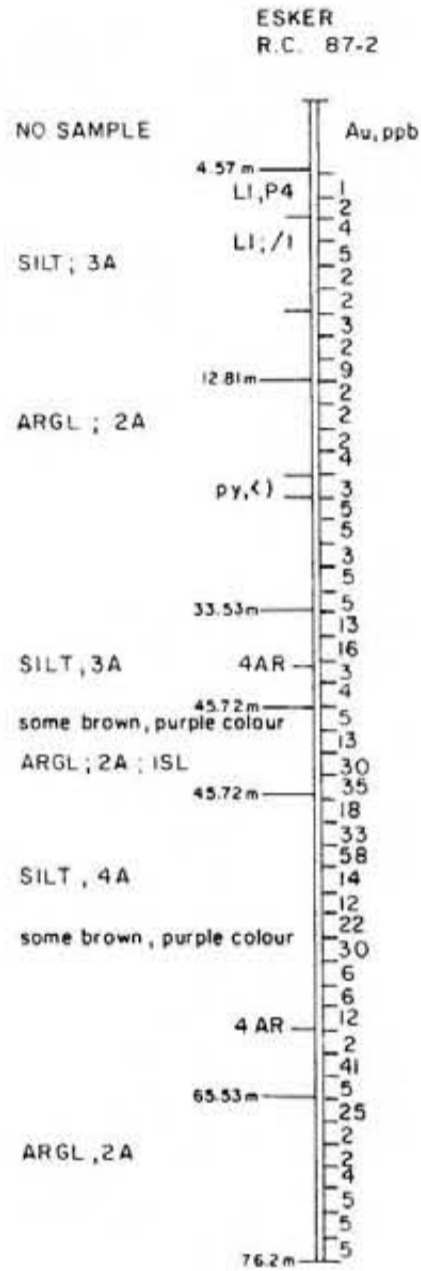
LAC. MINERALS LTD.
ESKER CLAIMS
R.C. 87-1
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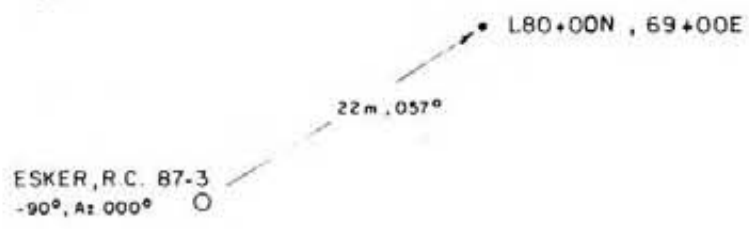
ESKER R.C. 87-2
-90°, Az 000°
O

L72+00N, 68+50E

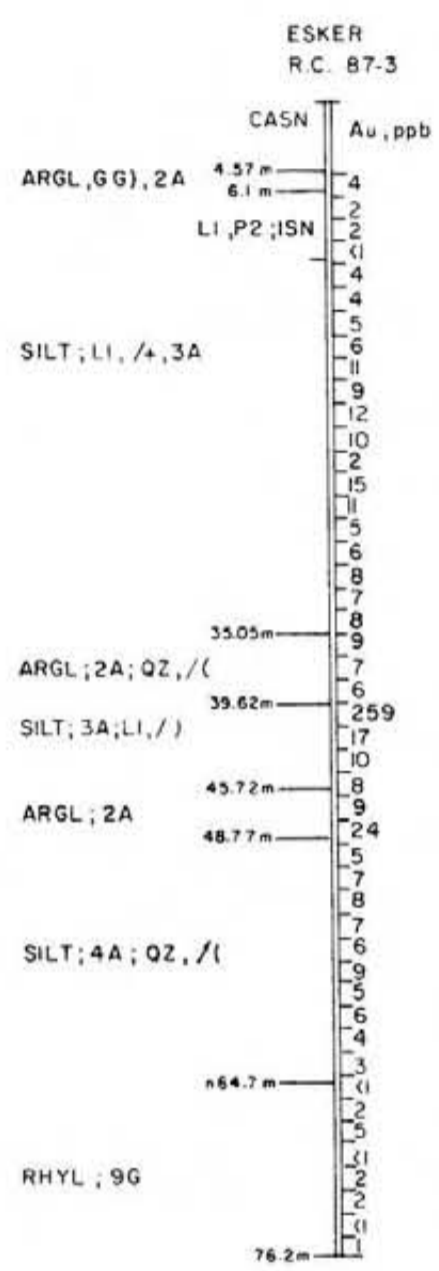


PLAN
SECTION





PLAN
SECTION



LAC. MINERALS LTD.
ESKER CLAIMS
R.C. 87-3
1:500

ELEMENT			Cu	Zn	Mo	Ni	Mn	Cd	Ag	Fe	As	Sb	Hg	Au	Au	Au
UNITS OF MEASURE			ppb	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppb	ppb	ppb	oz/t
FROM	TO	SAMPLE #														Assay
4.57	6.10													5		
6.10	7.62													2		
7.62	9.14													1		
9.14	10.67		40	92	3	68	449	<1	<0.5	4.25	81	<5	110	2	4	
10.67	12.19													1		
12.19	13.72													1		
13.72	15.24													<1		
15.24	16.76													2		
16.76	18.29													1		
18.29	19.81													2		
19.81	21.34		41	66	3	59	304	<1	<0.5	2.97	16	<5	85	2	3	
21.34	22.86													3		
22.86	24.38													1		
24.38	25.91													2		
25.91	27.43													4		
27.43	28.96													3		
28.96	30.48													4		
30.48	32.00													4		
32.00	33.53													5		
33.53	35.05		46	128	6	84	364	<1	<0.5	3.73	19	<5	75	8	5	
35.05	36.58													8		
36.58	38.10													9		
38.10	39.62													2		
39.62	41.15													3		
41.15	42.67													3		
42.67	44.20													4		
44.20	45.72													3		
45.72	47.24													5		
47.24	48.77		41	134	4	71	430	<1	<0.5	3.18	15	<5	25	17	3	
48.77	50.29													10		
50.29	51.82													5		
51.82	53.34													<1		

ELEMENT			Cu	Zn	Mo	Ni	Mn	Cd	Ag	Fe	As	Sb	Hg	Au	Au	Au
UNITS OF MEASURE			ppb	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppb	ppb	ppb	oz/t
FROM	TO	SAMPLE #														Assay
53.34	54.86													2		
54.86	56.39													1		
56.39	57.91													2		
57.91	59.44		49	122	3	127	657	<1	0.5	3.83	<5	<5	35	4	6	
59.44	60.96													5		
60.96	62.48													44		
62.48	64.01													3		
64.01	65.53													5		
65.53	67.06													5		
67.06	68.58													2		
68.58	70.10													3		
70.10	71.63		51	150	3	131	551	<1	0.5	3.95	<5	<5	25	6	4	
71.63	73.15													4		
73.15	74.68													4		
74.68	76.22													4		

ELEMENT			Cu	Zn	Mo	Ni	Mn	Cl	Ag	Fe	As	Sb	Hg	Au	Au	Au
UNITS OF MEASURE			ppb	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppb	ppb	ppb	oz/t
FROM	TO	SAMPLE #														Assay
4.57	6.10													1		
6.10	7.62													2		
7.62	9.14													4		
9.14	10.67		82	96	4	112	290	<1	<0.5	4.59	<5	<5	15	5	2	
10.67	12.19													2		
12.19	13.72													2		
13.72	15.24													3		
15.24	16.76													2		
16.76	18.29													9		
18.29	19.81													2		
19.81	21.34													2		
21.34	22.86		56	112	3	101	456	<1	<0.5	4.40	<5	<5	15	2	3	
22.86	24.38													4		
24.38	25.91													3		
25.91	27.43													5		
27.43	28.96													5		
28.96	30.48													3		
30.48	32.00													5		
32.00	33.53													5		
33.53	35.05		125	90	6	129	410	<1	<0.5	4.49	15	<5	15	13	5	
35.05	36.58													16		
36.58	38.10													3		
38.10	39.62													4		
39.62	41.15													5		
41.15	42.67													13		
42.67	44.20													30		
44.20	45.72													35		
45.72	47.24		74	60	4	220	345	<1	<0.5	3.81	9	<5	25	18	10	
47.24	48.77													33		
48.77	50.29													58		
50.29	51.82													14		
51.82	53.34													12		

LAC MINERALS LTD.
HOLE # R.C. 87-2

GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS
PROPERTY ESKER

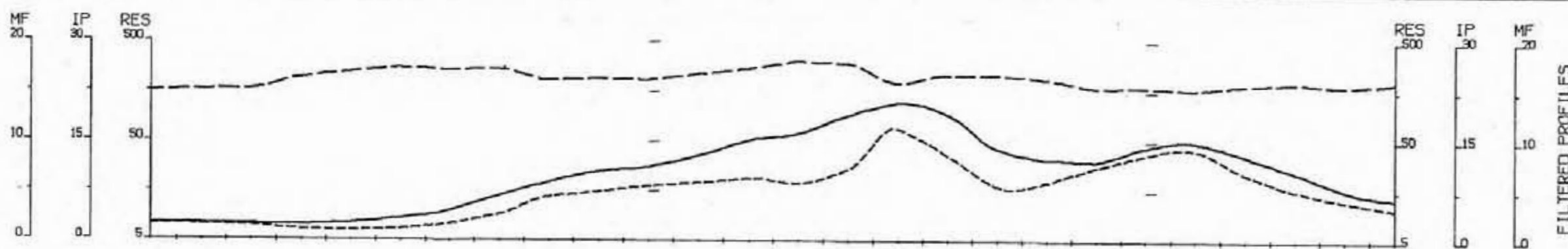
CERTIFICATE NOS. 127-10014, 227-10014

page 2 of 2

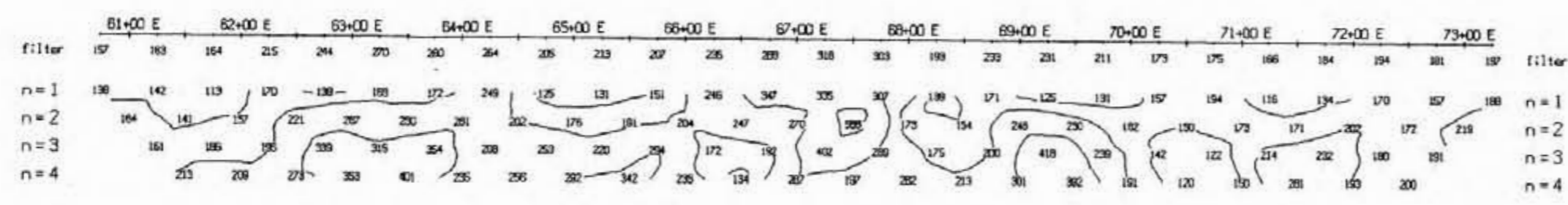
ELEMENT			Cu	Zn	Mo	Ni	Mn	Cd	Ag	Fe	As	Sb	Hg	Au	Au	Au
UNITS OF MEASURE			ppb	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppb	ppb	ppb	oz/t
FROM	TO	SAMPLE #														Assay
53.34	54.86													22		
54.86	56.39													30		
56.39	57.91		64	58	4	141	385	<1	<0.5	4.03	19	<5	40	6	6	
57.91	59.44													6		
59.44	60.96													12		
60.96	62.48													2		
62.48	64.01													5		
64.01	65.53													25		
65.53	67.06													2		
67.06	68.58													2		
68.58	70.10													4		
70.10	71.63		72	128	3	140	393	<1	<0.5	5.05	28	7	15	5	4	
71.63	73.15													5		
73.15	74.68													5		
74.68	76.22													5		

ELEMENT			Cu	Zn	Mo	Ni	Mn	Cd	Ag	Fe	As	Sb	Hg	Au	Au	Au
UNITS OF MEASURE			ppb	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppb	ppb	ppb	oz/t
FROM	TO	SAMPLE #														Assay
4.57	6.10													4		
6.10	7.62													2		
7.62	9.14		85	332	2	153	533	4	<0.5	3.93	35	<5	180	2	7	
9.14	10.67													<1		
10.67	12.19													4		
12.19	13.72													4		
13.72	15.24													5		
15.24	16.76													6		
16.76	18.29													11		
18.29	19.81													9		
19.81	21.34													12		
21.34	22.86		84	302	2	155	634	3	0.5	4.17	27	<5	300	10	9	
22.86	24.38													2		
24.38	25.91													15		
25.91	27.43													11		
27.43	28.96													5		
28.96	30.48													6		
30.48	32.00													8		
32.00	33.53													7		
33.53	35.05		93	590	1	210	697	5	0.8	4.44	12	<5	110	8	27	
35.05	36.58													9		
36.58	38.10													7		
38.10	39.62													6		
39.62	41.15													259		
41.15	42.67													17		
42.67	44.20													10		
44.20	45.72													8		
45.72	47.24		78	380	2	189	553	2	0.8	3.75	23	7	165	9	10	
47.24	48.77													24		
48.77	50.29													5		
50.29	51.82													7		
51.82	53.34													8		

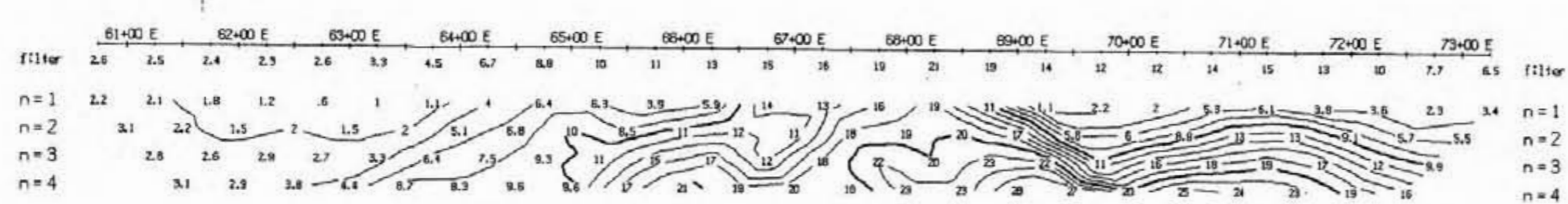
ELEMENT			Cu	Zn	Mo	Ni	Mn	Co	Ag	Fe	As	Sb	Hg	Au	Au	Au
UNITS OF MEASURE			ppb	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppb	ppb	ppb	oz/t
FROM	TO	SAMPLE #														Assay
53.34	54.86													7		
54.86	56.39													6		
56.39	57.91													9	5	
57.91	59.44		66	234	3	145	729	2	0.8	3.42	<5	<5	100			
59.44	60.96													5		
60.96	62.48													6		
62.48	64.01													4		
64.01	65.53													3		
65.53	67.06													<1		
67.06	68.58													2		
68.58	70.10													5		
70.10	71.63		4	74	2	3	219	<1	<0.5	0.35	<5	8	50	<1	2	
71.63	73.15													2		
73.15	74.68													2		
74.68	76.22													<1		



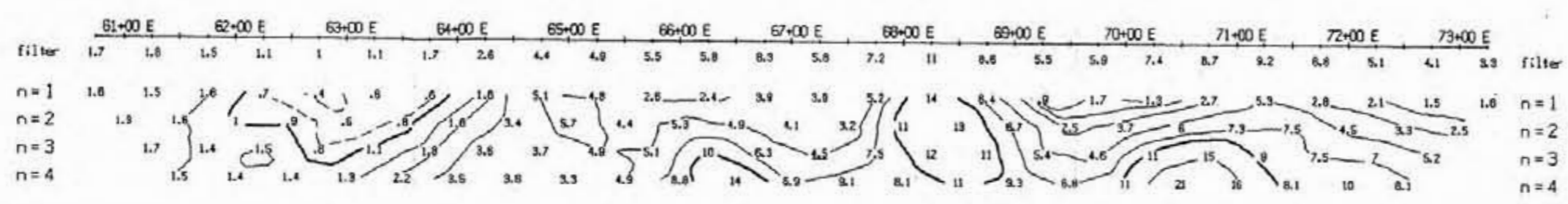
TOPOGRAPHY



RESISTIVITY
(ohm-m)

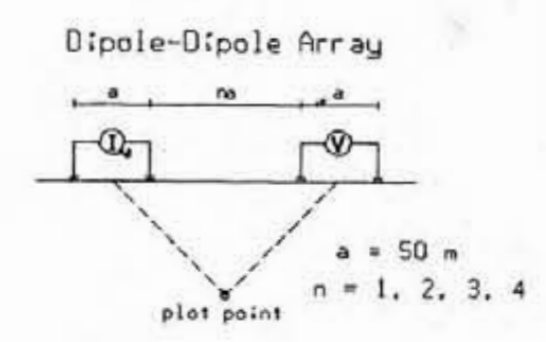


CHARGEABILITY
(milliseconds)



METAL FACTOR
(ip/res * 100)

L-72N



Filtered Profiles

Resistivity	---	filter
Polarization	---	**
Metal Factor	---	***

Logarithmic Contours 1, 1.5, 2, 3, 5, 7.5, 10, ...

Instrument: MKIV, MKIV
Frequency: 0.125 Hz
Operator: P.E.W.

INTERPRETATION

- Well defined, strong increase in polarization with or without marked decrease in resistivity.
- Fairly well defined moderate increase in polarization.
- Poorly defined polarization increase.
- Resistivity feature.

GEOLOGICAL BRANCH
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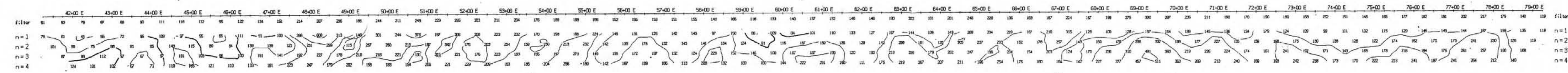
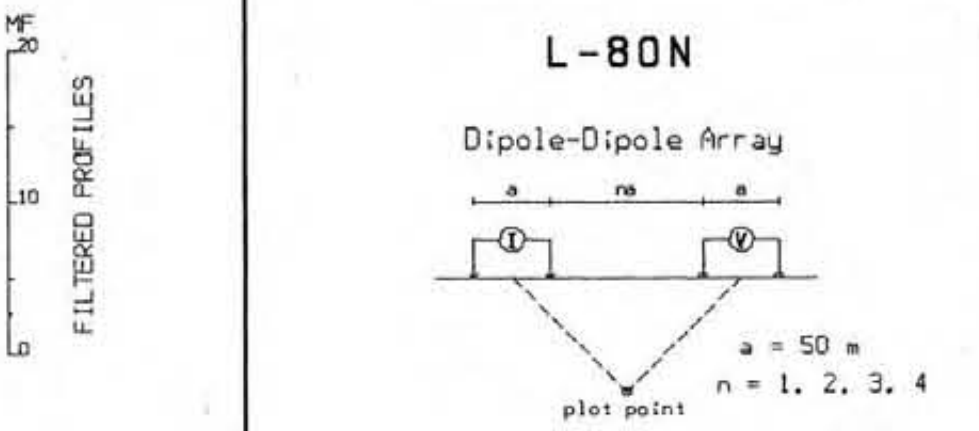
LAC MINERALS LTD.

INDUCED POLARIZATION SURVEY

ESKER GRID
NAZCO, B.C.

Date: 9/87 N.T.S.: 93 B/13E
Interpretation by: R.B.
Scale: 1 : 5000

PETER.E. WALCOTT & ASSOC. LTD



TOPOGRAPHY

RESISTIVITY (ohm-m)

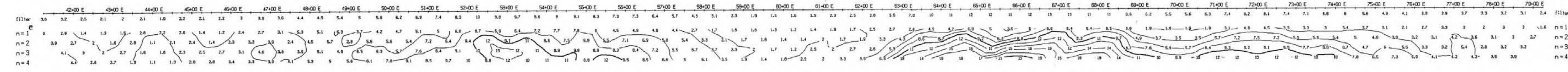
Filter

Resistivity: ---

Polarization: - - -

Metal Factor: - - -

Logarithmic Contours: 1, 1.5, 2, 3, 5, 7.5, 10, ...



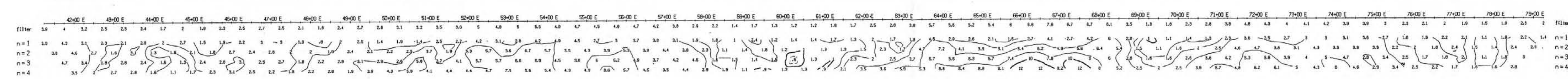
INTERPRETATION

Well defined, strong increase in polarization with or without marked decrease in resistivity.

Fairly well defined moderate increase in polarization.

Poorly defined polarization increase.

Resistivity feature.



METAL FACTOR (ip/res * 100)

LAC MINERALS LTD.

INDUCED POLARIZATION SURVEY

ESKER GRID

NAZCO, B.C.

Date: 9/87 N.T.S.: 93 B/19E

Interpretation by: R.B.

Scale: 1 : 5000

PETER.E. WALCOTT & ASSOC. LTD

APPENDIX IV

Summary of Costs 1987

Reverse Circulation Drilling:	\$10,479.00
R.C. 87-1,2,3; total 750' (228.6m)	
by Tonto Drilling B.C. Ltd., November 25, 26.	
Room & Board:	690.56
Nazko Frontier Trading Post November 24-27.	
Logging, Skidding and Road Construction (1.6 km):	7,527.50
by Dan Hjorth; November 18, 19, 20, 23.	
Induced Polarization Survey (5.3 km):	4,311.65
by Peter Walcott; Invoice #1819, September 17-23.	
Line Cutting (5.3 km):	1,907.56
by Amex Expl. Services.	
Road Building, R.C. Holes	
LAC Personnel:	
R.F. Brown, prj. geologist - Nov 18-20 @ \$150/d	450.00
Y.M. So, geologist - Nov 24-26 @ \$140/d	420.00
T. Donnon, geologist - Nov 24-26 @ \$120/d	360.00
B. Czornby, geologist - Nov 24-26 @ \$120/d	360.00
Analysis:	
Pit Samples - Bondar-Clegg invoice #V041380	2,014.58
R.C. Holes - Bondar-Clegg invoice #V043610	1,667.82
Bondar-Clegg invoice #V043611	471.21
Rock Sampling - Bondar-Clegg invoice #V035922	193.50
Pit Sampling:	
LAC Minerals Personnel:	
G. Payie, geologist - Oct 11-15 @ \$130/d	650.00
T. Donnon - geologist - Oct 11-15 @ \$120/d	600.00
Room & Board - 2 men @ \$40/day	400.00
4 x 4 Vehicle - 6 days @ \$35/day - (lease)	215.00
4 x 4 Vehicle - 2 days @ \$55/day - (day rental)	<u>300.00</u>
TOTAL COST	<u>\$33,018.38</u>

APPENDIX #1
(revised Oct/87)

LAC MINERALS LTD.
BOB CLAIMS, NAZKO, B.C.
LEGEND FOR GEOLOG

FLAGS

/M	mineralized vein	OXX	within geological formation		
/G	gouge fracture	UXX	upper contact geological formation		
SPC	specimen sample	C3	geological formation	CONG 3] -SEDIMENTS
/SX	sulfide vein	A1	" "	ARGL 1	
/BR	brecciated zone	C2	" "	CONG 2	
/SH	sheared				
/END	end of hole	S1	" "	TFAS 1] -VOLCANICS
BO4	box four(4)				
		SVC	Sediment-Volcanic (TEAS) CONTACT		

RECOVERY

$$\% \text{ recovery of core} = \frac{\text{LENGTH CORE IN BOX}}{\text{LENGTH DRILLED}} \times 100$$

R.Q.D.

$$\text{Rock Quality Designation} = \frac{\text{TOTAL LENGTHS OF CORE >10cm}}{\text{LENGTH DRILLED}} \times 100$$

ROCK

BRAN	Brxy. andesite				
VNSX, VX	vein sulfide	GRIT, GI	gritstone		
SILT, SL	siltstone	GG	gouge		
BRXX	brecciated	FX	feldspartization		
ANDS, AN	andesite	HB	hornblende		
SAND, SN	sandstone	QFPF, QF	quartz-feldspar porphyry		
CONG, CG	conglomerate	TEAS, TS	ash tuff		
ARGL, AR	argillite	TFLP, TL	lapilli tuff] * equivalent to TFAS	
RHYL, RH	rhyolite	SITP, ST	silty tuff		
		SNTP, NT	sandy tuff		
		GITP, GT	gritty tuff] * equivalent to TFLP	
		CGTF, CT	conglomeratic tuff] * equivalent to TFLP	

LC COLOUR

lightness L-Scale
Colour range C-scale

* DIFFERENTIATION BETWEEN PYROCLASTIC AND VOLCANOCLASTIC TUFF VERY DIFFICULT AT TIMES SO FOR PLANS AND SECTIONS TFAS AND TFLP ARE USED EXCLUSIVELY.

Appendix #1 (continued...)

QALMAT

Qualifying material (see rock types)

TEXTURES

IB	interbedded	FR	fracture
BD	bedding	IV	vein
MX	massive	HF	hair fractured
CV	cavity texture.	SH	sheared
LM	laminated	/X	sulfide fracture
G;	graded bedding	/T	shattered
VG	vuggy	BN	banded
Pø	porous	GG	gouge
BR	brecciated		
PB	pebble		
PR	porcellaneous (finegrained feldspathic rock)		

GRAIN(see manual for detail S-scale)

FF	fine fraction size	SR	sorting N-scale
CF	coarse fractin size	RN	roundness N-scale
%C	% coarse (G scale)	SH	shape and sphericity
MP	maximum particle size	O/C	O-open; C-closed framework

FRACTURE

Count fracture count per meter, up to 99

1	strength <i>h</i> to fabric K-scale			
2	strength // to frabric K-scale.			
Is	steep fractures (60°+)	relative intensity	F scale	
Im	moderate dipping (60°-30°)	"	"	"
IL	low dipping (30°)	"	"	"
EI	total intensity, N scale			

ENT TYP

Entry (or interval) Type

P	primary - geological interval
D	ditto interval
R	repeat interval
A	as above interval

STRUC

Structure

CV	cavity	IF	dominant fractures
BD	bedding	IX	sulfide fractures
UC	upper contact	BR	brecciation
LC	lower contact	IT	shattered
/G	gouge fracture	\$\$	slickensides
/V	vein	FL	fault
<<	microvein	QV	quartz vein
CT	contact		

Appendix #1 (continued...)

DIP

dip of structure take from perpendicular to core axis

ALTERATION AND MINERALS

CY	clay	EP	epidote
QZ	quartz	GG	gouge
TA	talc	W.C.	white chips (probably quartz carbonate assoc.)
LI	limonite	CV	covellite
QC	quartz carbonate association	XX	soft emerald green (sericite clay) mineral.
HE	hematite		
AS	arsenopyrite		
PY	pyrite		
FX	feldspathization		
MN	manganite		
CH	cherty		
SB	stibnite		
CR	carbonaceous		
CL	chlorite		
GR	graphite		

HW AMT

	<u>HW</u> - How		<u>AMT</u> - Amount (see G-scale)
<<	micro veins	D	disseminated
Q	patches	#	breccia/matrix filling
V	veins	K	stockworks
B	blebs	U	uhedral crystals
ø	spots	H	replaced phenocrysts
J	interstitial	T	stain
X	massive	G	gouge
P	pervasive	C	mineral combination sericite - clay
		/	fracture
		E	bedded

SUMMARY (F1, F2); N scale.

AG	A	argillic alteration (sericite clay)
SF	S	silicified alteration (silica flooding and replacement)
PP	P	propylitic alteration (chlorite bleb and qtz-carbonate veins, often with some associated argillic alteration)

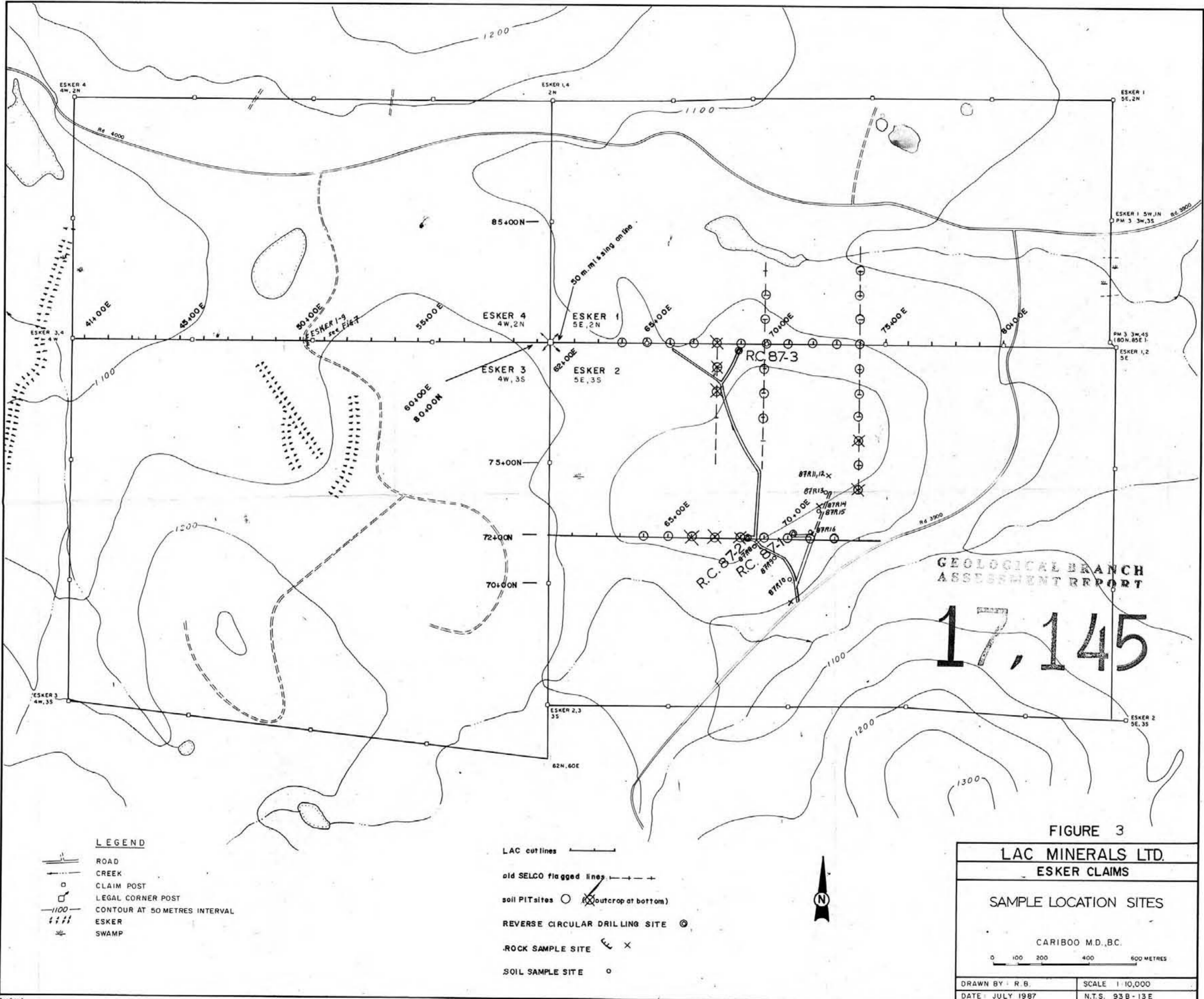
Appendix #1 (continued...)

THE K-SCALE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF ROCK & SOIL

SCALE DESCRIPTORS	ASSIGNED VALUES		
	MPa (Range)	Taf	Psi
9 -- extremely strong rock - - - - -	330 (>220)	3300	48,000
8 very strong rock - - - - -	150 (100-220)	1500	22,000
7 -- strong rock - - - - -	70 (50-100)	700	10,000
6 fairly strong - - - - -	33 (22-50)	330	4,800
5 -- fair strength - - - - -	15 (10-22)	150	2,200
4 fairly weak - - - - -	7 (5-10)	70	1,000
3 -- weak rock - - - - -	3.3 (2.2-5)	33	480
2 very weak rock - - - - -	1.5 (1-2.2)	15	220
1 -- hard clay-extremely weak rock -	.7 (.5-1)	7	100
> very stiff clay (V as in >)- -	.33 (.22-.5)	3.3	48
1 -- stiff clay (the I in stiff)- - -	.15 (.1-.22)	1.5	22
P firm clay - - - - -	.07 (.05-.1)	.7	10
S -- soft clay - - - - -	.033 (.03-.05)	.33	5
V very soft clay - - - - -	.015 (<.03)	.15	2

TABLE #2 THE F-SCALE FOR FRACTURE INTENSITY

<u>Assigned Value</u>	<u>F-SCALE</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
102 100	X	shattered
92 81	9---	extremely well fractured
82 64	8	very well fractured
72 49	7---	well fractured
62 36	6	fairly well fractured
52 25	5---	moderately fractured
42 16	4	fairly lightly fractured
32 9	3---	lightly fractured
22 4	2	very lightly fractured
12 1	1---	slightly fractured
02 0	0	unfractured.



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FIGURE 3

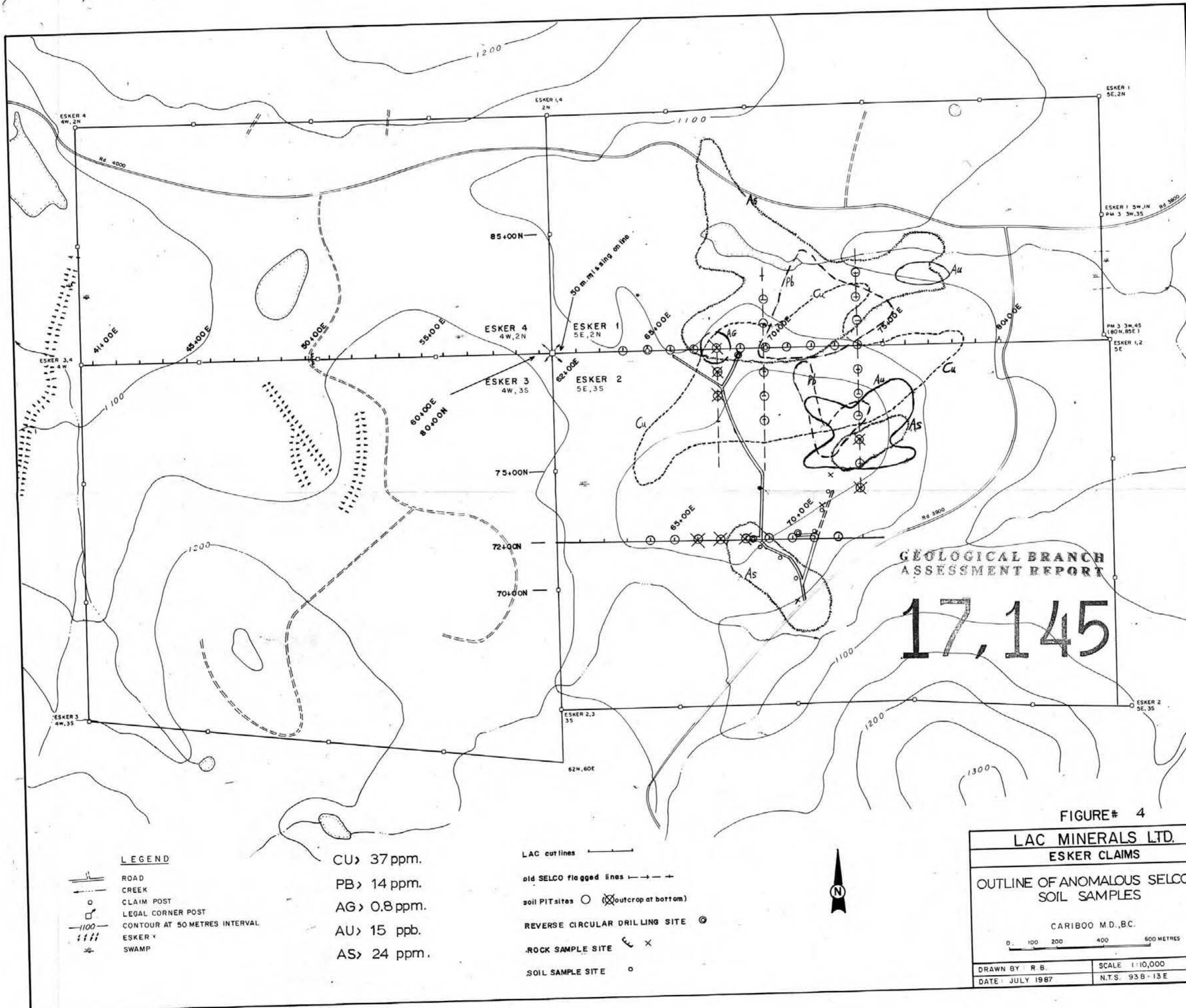
LAC MINERALS LTD.	
ESKER CLAIMS	
SAMPLE LOCATION SITES	
CARIBOO M.D., B.C.	
0 100 200 400 600 METRES	
DRAWN BY: R.B.	SCALE: 1:10,000
DATE: JULY 1987	N.T.S. 93B-13E

LEGEND

- ROAD
- CREEK
- CLAIM POST
- LEGAL CORNER POST
- CONTOUR AT 50 METRES INTERVAL
- ESKER
- SWAMP

- LAC cutlines
- old SELCO flagged lines
- soil PIT sites (X outcrop at bottom)
- REVERSE CIRCULAR DRILLING SITE
- ROCK SAMPLE SITE
- SOIL SAMPLE SITE





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FIGURE# 4

LAC MINERALS LTD.	
ESKER CLAIMS	
OUTLINE OF ANOMALOUS SELCO SOIL SAMPLES	
CARIBOO M.D., B.C.	
0 100 200 400 600 METRES	
DRAWN BY: R.B.	SCALE: 1:10,000
DATE: JULY 1987	N.T.S. 93B-13E

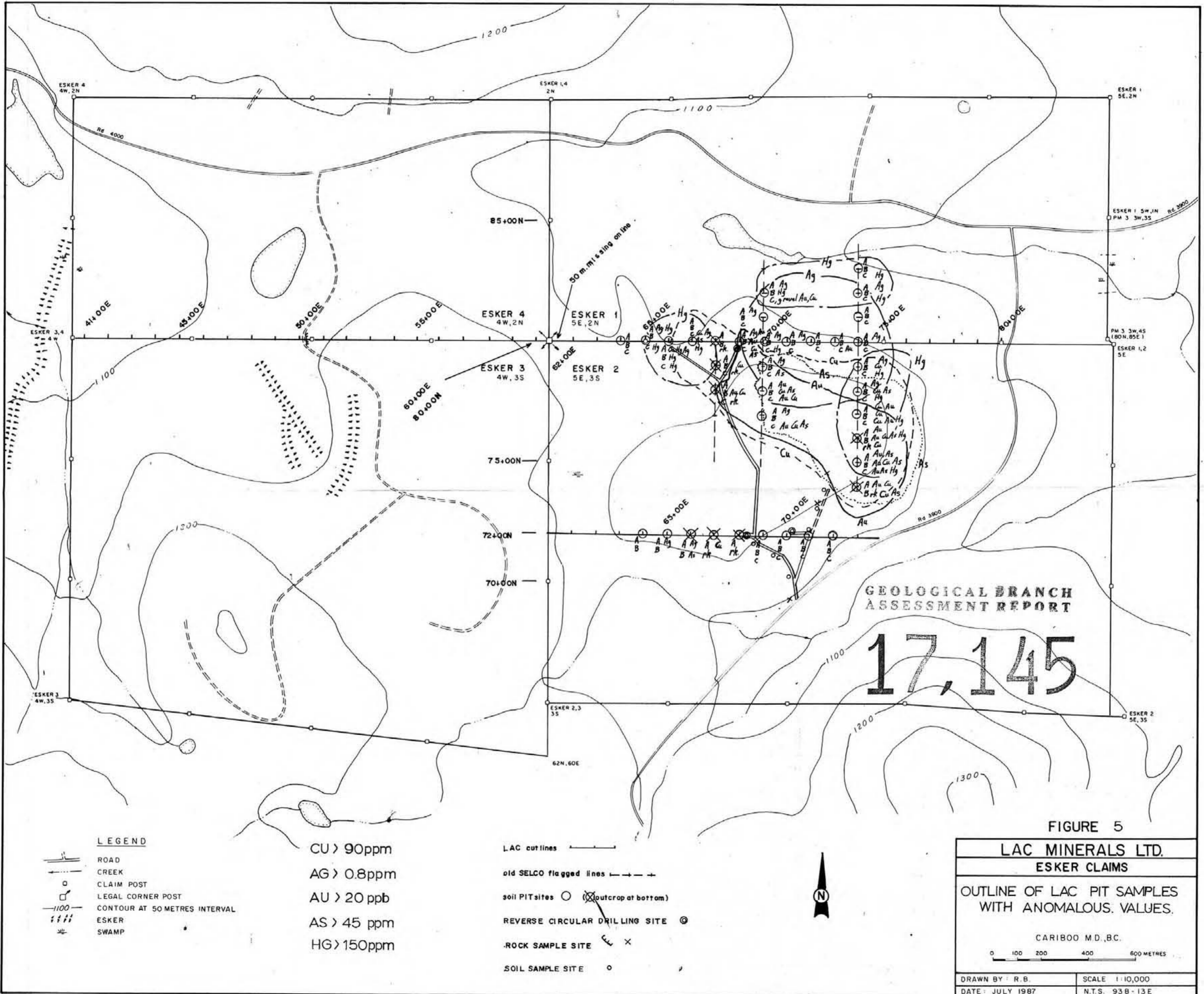
LEGEND

- ROAD
- CREEK
- CLAIM POST
- LEGAL CORNER POST
- CONTOUR AT 50 METRES INTERVAL
- ESKER
- SWAMP

- CU > 37 ppm.
- PB > 14 ppm.
- AG > 0.8 ppm.
- AU > 15 ppb.
- AS > 24 ppm.

- LAC cutlines
- old SELCO flagged lines
- soil PIT sites (X outcrop at bottom)
- REVERSE CIRCULAR DRILLING SITE
- ROCK SAMPLE SITE
- SOIL SAMPLE SITE



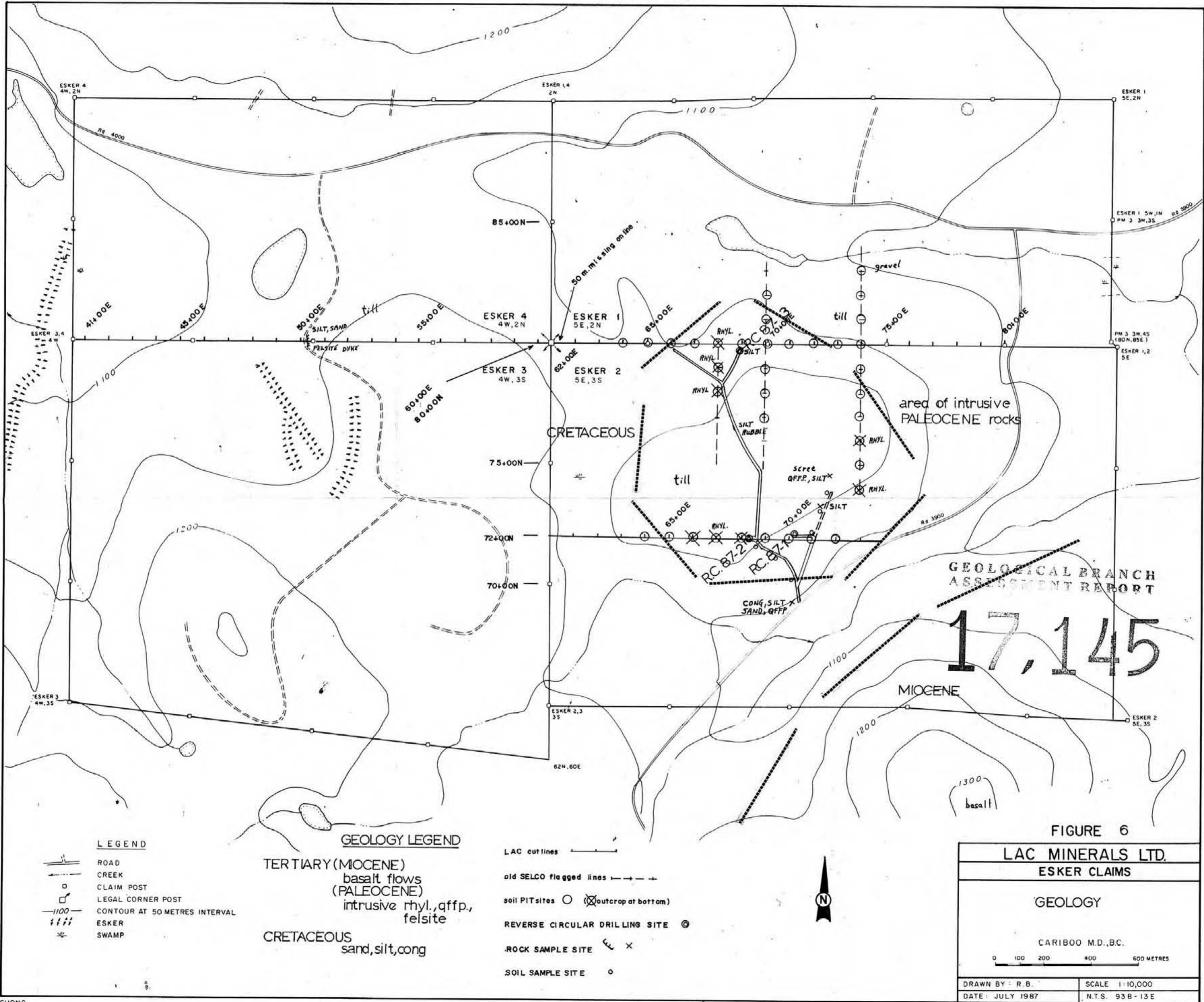


LEGEND

- ROAD
- CREEK
- CLAIM POST
- LEGAL CORNER POST
- CONTOUR AT 50 METRES INTERVAL
- ESKER
- SWAMP

- CU > 90ppm
- AG > 0.8ppm
- AU > 20 ppb
- AS > 45 ppm
- HG > 150ppm

- LAC cutlines
- old SELCO flagged lines
- soil PIT sites (X outcrop at bottom)
- REVERSE CIRCULAR DRILLING SITE
- ROCK SAMPLE SITE
- SOIL SAMPLE SITE



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FIGURE 6

LAC MINERALS LTD. ESKER CLAIMS	
GEOLOGY	
CARIBOO M.D., B.C.	
0 100 200 400 600 METRES	
DRAWN BY: R. B.	SCALE 1:110,000
DATE: JULY 1987	N.T.S. 93B-13E

LEGEND

- ROAD
- CREEK
- CLAIM POST
- LEGAL CORNER POST
- CONTOUR AT 50 METRES INTERVAL
- ESKER
- SWAMP

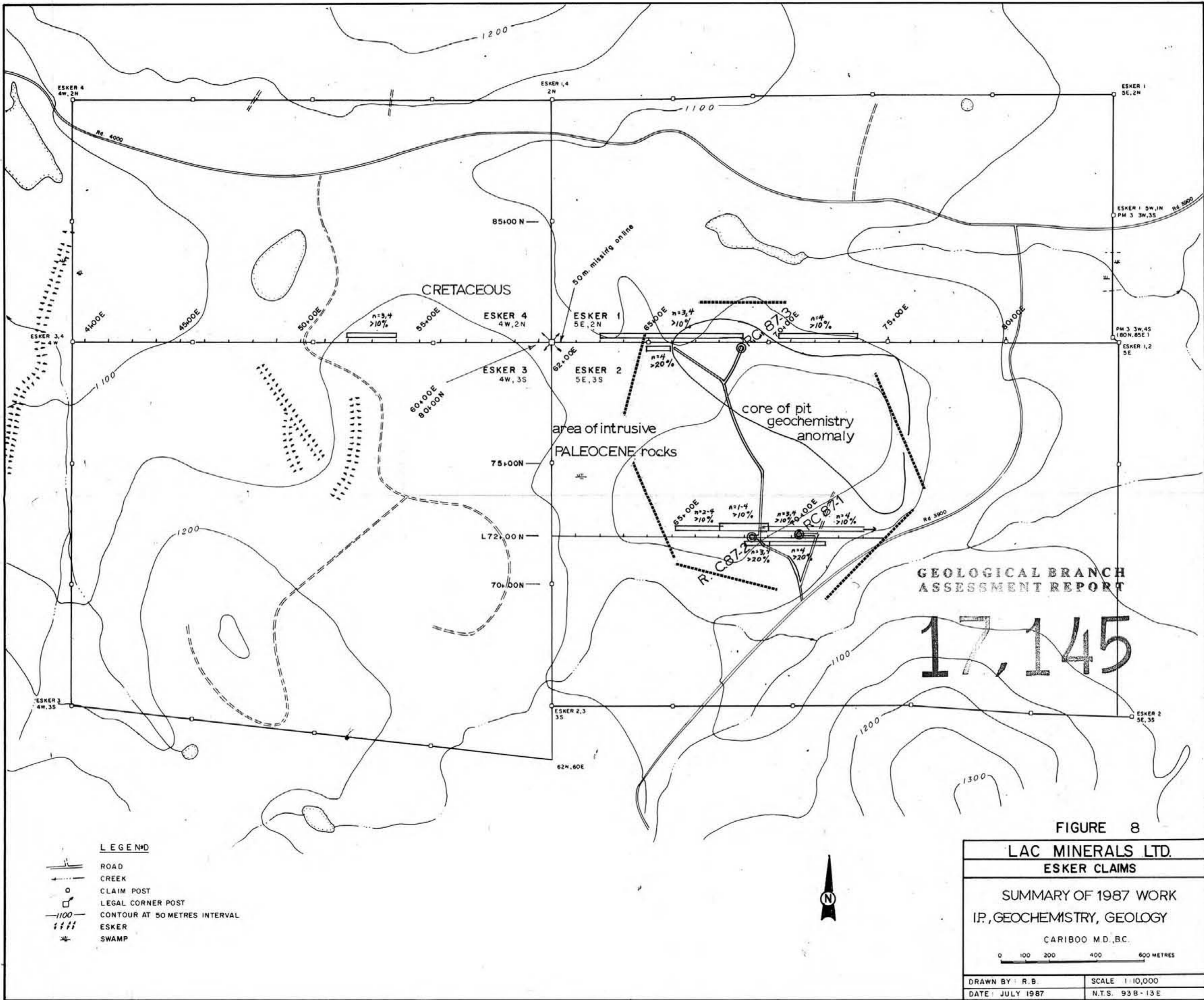
GEOLOGY LEGEND

- TERTIARY (MIOCENE)
 - basalt flows
 - (PALEOCENE)
 - intrusive rhyol., qffp., felsite
- CRETACEOUS
 - sand, silt, cong

LAC cutlines

- old SELCO flagged lines
- soil PIT sites (outcrop at bottom)
- REVERSE CIRCULAR DRILLING SITE
- ROCK SAMPLE SITE
- SOIL SAMPLE SITE





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FIGURE 8

LAC MINERALS LTD.	
ESKER CLAIMS	
SUMMARY OF 1987 WORK	
IP, GEOCHEMISTRY, GEOLOGY	
CARIBOO M.D., B.C.	
0 100 200 400 600 METRES	
DRAWN BY: R.B.	SCALE: 1:10,000
DATE: JULY 1987	N.T.S. 93B-13E