

ARIS SUMMARY SHEET

District Geologist, Kamloops

Off Confidential: 89.03.25

ASSESSMENT REPORT 17227

MINING DIVISION: Revelstoke

PROPERTY: Winslow
LOCATION: LAT 50 38 00 LONG 117 23 00
UTM 11 5608902 472889
NTS 082K11W

CLAIM(S): Winslow (L.8680), Rit 1-2

OPERATOR(S): Winslow Gold

AUTHOR(S): Chisholm, R.E.

REPORT YEAR: 1987, 43 Pages

COMMODITIES

SEARCHED FOR: Gold, Silver, Lead, Zinc, Copper

GEOLOGICAL

SUMMARY: Cambrian-Devonian Lardeau Group argillites are cut by a north-northwest trending shear zone. The zone hosts steeply northeast dipping quartz-siderite veins approximately 5 metres thick. Gold mineralization occurs in pyritic clots and stringers with trace sphalerite and chalcocite.

WORK

DONE: Drilling, Physical
DIAD 479.5 m 7 hole(s); BQ
Map(s) - 7; Scale(s) - 1:250
ROAD 1.4 km
SAMP 64 sample(s) ; AU

RELATED

REPORTS: 08642, 12310

MINFILE: 082KNW025

LOG NO: 0331	REV.
ACTION:	
FILE NO:	

DIAMOND DRILLING REPORT
 on the
WINSLOW GROUP
 CLAIMS AND CROWN GRANTS
 Trout Lake District
 Revelstoke Mining Division
 N.T.S. 82-K/11 W
 Latitude 50°38' North
 Longitude 117°23' West
 British Columbia

November 5, 1987

FILMED

on behalf of
 WINSLOW GOLD CO. **GEOLOGICAL BRANCH**
 Calgary, Alberta **ASSESSMENT REPORT**

by

17,227

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 Calgary, Alberta T2R 1B2

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MAP: 1 Location Map - 1987 Drilling Program

SECTIONS

WINS-87-1 WINS-87-3 WINS-87-5 WINS-87-7
WINS-87-2 WINS-87-4 WINS-87-6

INTRODUCTION

Taiga Consultants Ltd. was contracted by Winslow Gold Corp. of Calgary to undertake a first-phase diamond drilling program on the Winslow Group property located in the Trout Lake area, Revelstoke Mining Division.

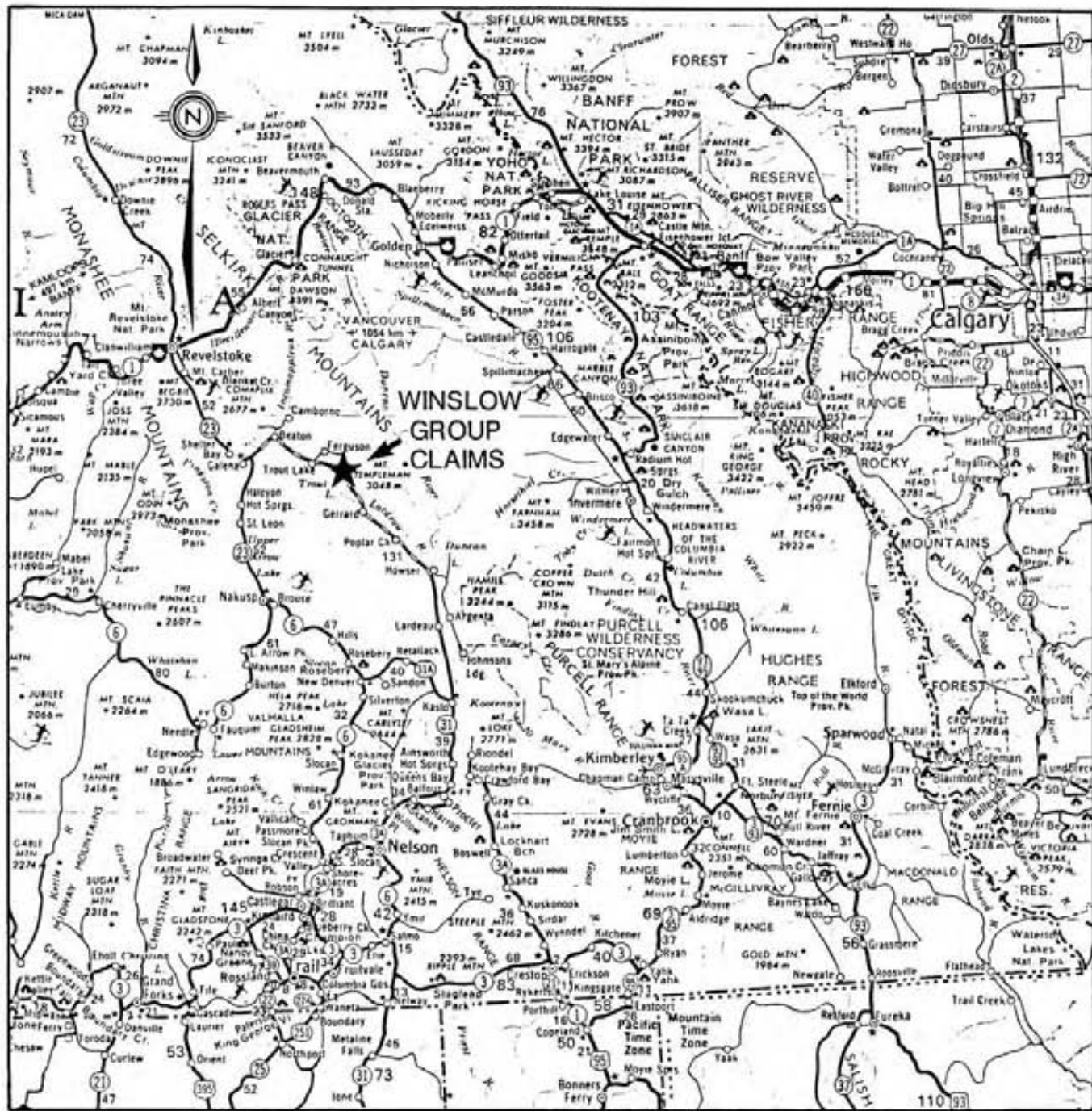
A total of 1,573 feet (479.45 m) of diamond drilling was completed on the property during July and August 1987. The objective of the program was to test the main Winslow quartz vein in order to verify the reported underground gold values and the width of the vein system.

Claims Status

The Winslow Group property consists of three mineral claims (one 6-unit, one 9-unit, one 12-unit) staked under the modified grid system, plus six internal Crown-granted mineral claims. They are situated along Silver Cup Ridge approximately 9 km southeast of the village of Trout Lake in the Lardeau district of the Revelstoke Mining Division (Figure 1). The Rit claims and five of the Crown grants form a contiguous block of ground. The Alice Crown grant is situated approximately 3 km southeast of the block (Figure 2), which necessitates a separate assessment filing as it cannot be "grouped". The various claims, currently recorded in the name of Gerald N. Ross of Calgary, are more specifically described as follows:

<u>Claim Name</u>	<u>Record No. or Lot No.</u>	<u>No. of Units</u>	<u>Approx Area</u>	<u>Date of Record</u>	<u>Next Assessment Work Due</u>
Rit 1	769(10)	9	225 ha	Oct.22/79	Oct.22/88
Rit 2	770(1)0	6	150 ha	Oct.22/79	Oct.22/88
Rit 3	1622(8)	12	300 ha	Aug.17/83	Aug.17/89
Winslow	L.8680	1	17 ha)	
Gladhand	L.8681	1	16 ha)	
Okanagan	L.9127	1	16 ha)	taxes of 53¢/hectare
Enderby	L.9128	1	17 ha)	due July 2 each year
U & I	L.7589	1	20 ha)	
Alice	L.7440	<u>1</u>	<u>20 ha</u>)	
		32	781 ha		

The approximate net calculated area of the claims less internal Crown grants) is 675 hectares (1,668 acres).



WINSLOW GOLD CORP.
LOCATION MAP

FIGURE 1



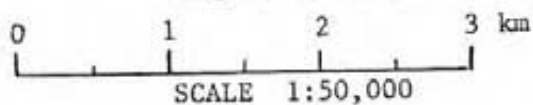
CLAIM SKETCH

WINSLOW GROUP - TROUT LAKE DISTRICT

N.T.S. 82-K-11W

Revelstoke Mining Division

August 8, 1983






-  claim line demarked by rock cairns
-  claim line and posts witnessed
-  Legal Corner Post

FIGURE 2

Location and Access

The contiguous block of claims is accessible via gravel Highway 31 along the northeast side of Trout Lake to a point 8.4 km south of the village, then a further 8.2 km of four-wheel-drive road to the old Winslow mine site. A four-wheel-drive road to the Silver Cup property on the east side of the ridge is within 2 km by foot of the old mill site.

In the fall of 1983, 5.2 km of the trail was re-built to allow easy four-wheel-drive accessibility into the old Winslow mill site. Approximately 2.5 km of this length was ditched for drainage purposes. The starting point of the rehabilitated section is at an elevation of ~1400 m ASL from a two-wheel-drive forestry access road between Beau and Copper Queen Creeks. The road is culverted across Copper Queen Creek, and then switchbacks up between Copper Queen and Burg Creeks. The average grade is in the order of 10% with only two short sections (both less than 50 m) exceeding a 12% slope.

A large rock slide near the mill site presents a highly unstable base for the road -- sloughing is expected in these areas during spring thaw. A landing sufficiently wide enough to establish a ten-man camp has been cut at the road end (Winslow mill site). From the mill site, a steep drill access road switchbacks up the hill for 135 m to the edge of the tree line.

Physiography

The claims are located along the crest and southwest-facing flanks of Silver Cup Ridge in the Columbia Mountains. Elevations on the property range from 1,678 to 2,470 m ASL. The Rit 2 claim and the Winslow and Gladhand Crown grants are situated below treeline (~2,134 m ASL), and the remainder of the property is situated over alpine tundra. The slopes facing Trout Lake are very steep and covered with a thick growth of spruce, fir, balsam, and underbrush. The headwaters of Burg and Laughton Creeks drain the claims.

The region has been glaciated to an elevation of at least 2500 m ASL and Triune and Silver Cup peaks form prominent horns above this elevation. Most valleys exhibit evidence of glaciation. Cirques, arrêtes, and serrated razorback ridges are common. The lower slopes of mountains are covered with variable thicknesses of glacial deposits, resulting in only fair bedrock exposures.

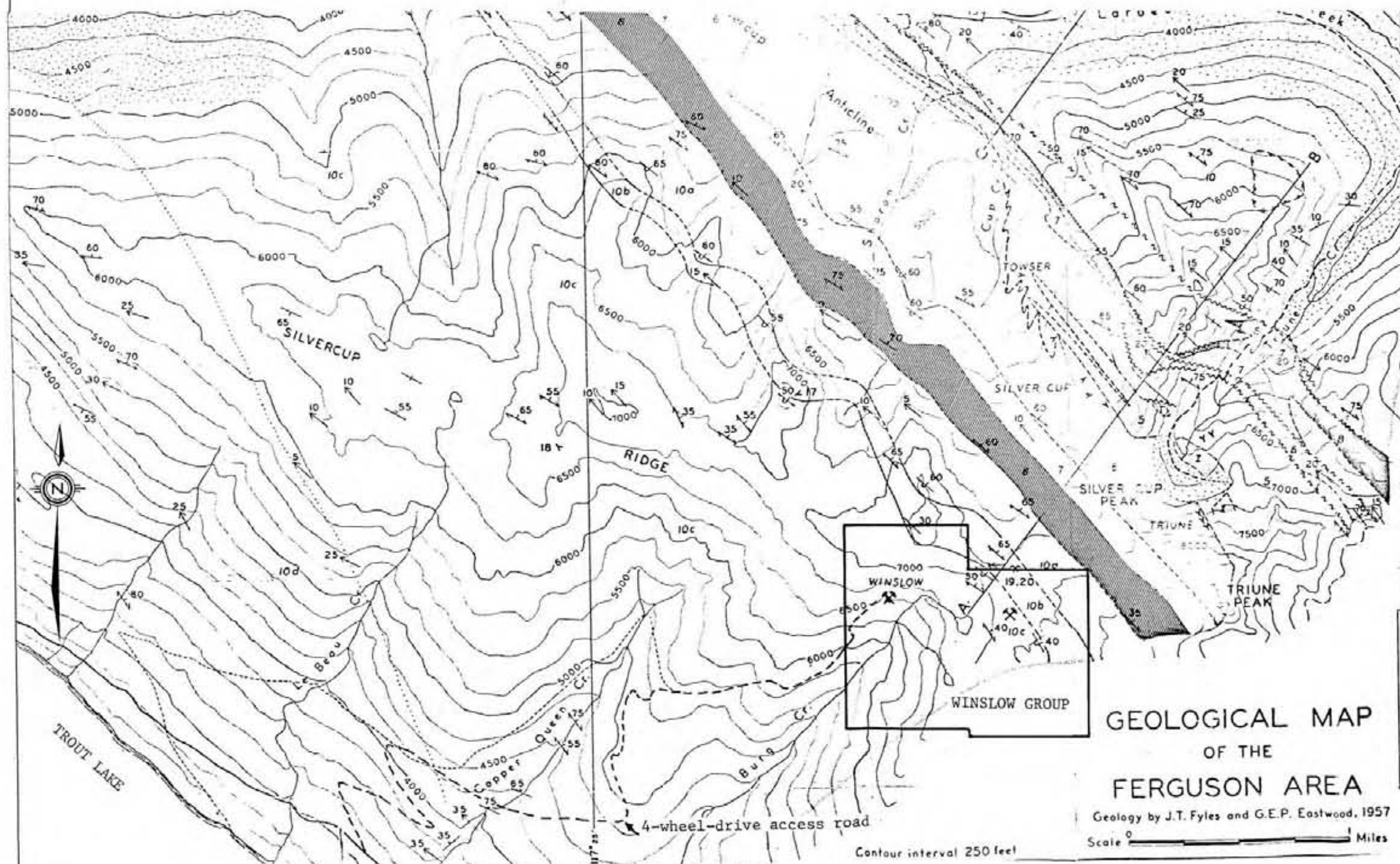
REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The first geological map of the area was published in 1929, accompanying Geological Survey of Canada Memoir 161. Numerous descriptions of mineral occurrences in the region appear in B.C. Minister of Mines Annual Reports from 1890 to 1941. Other descriptions appear in Geological Survey of Canada Summary Reports and Annual Reports. Excellent descriptions of the regional geology and mineral deposits are included in B.C. Department of Mines Bulletin 45. Geological Survey of Canada Bulletin 193 includes much relevant regional geological information. The most useful and up-to-date work is included in Geological Survey of Canada Open File 464, published in 1977.

The Winslow Gold property lies within a geologically and structurally complex zone known as the Kootenay Arc, which forms part of the Purcell Anticlinorium in the southern Rocky Mountains. In the Trout Lake area, the Kootenay Arc is comprised of interbedded sedimentary and volcanic rocks of Late Proterozoic to Mesozoic age, which have been subjected to multiple phases of deformation, metamorphism, and intrusion. The Winslow Gold claims are underlain by mafic volcanics, fine-grained argillaceous and siliceous sediments, grits, and carbonates of the Lardeau Group of Lower Cambrian to Middle Devonian age. These rocks have been subjected to at least one episode of metamorphism and now consist of greenstone, limey green phyllite, phyllitic grit, quartz grit, quartzite, limestone, and phyllitic limestone (Figure 3). Read (1973) has mapped two phases of deformation in the area.

The Broadview, Jowett, Sharon Creek, Ajax, Triune, and Index Formations are of chief importance in the project area. Considerable difficulties attend the separation and correlation of these units owing to their similarities in composition, rapid facies changes laterally and along strike, lack of fossil controls, and repetition of sequences through faulting and folding.

LEGEND



- LARDEAU GROUP**
- BROADVIEW FORMATION**
- 10 Grey and green grit, dark grey and green phyllite, minor volcanic rocks
 - 10d - green and light grey grit, minor phyllite
 - 10c - dark grey phyllite and phyllitic grit
 - 10b - pyroclastic member
 - 10a - grey and green grit and phyllite
- JOWETT FORMATION**
- 9 Mainly volcanic rocks
 - 9c - agglomerate and breccia
 - 9b - pyroclastic rocks, argillite and limestone
 - 9a - mafic lavas
- SHARON CREEK FORMATION**
- 8 Dark grey to black siliceous argillite
- AJAX FORMATION**
- 7 Massive grey quartzite
- TRIUNE FORMATION**
- 6 Grey to black siliceous argillite
- INDEX FORMATION**
- 5 Grey and green phyllite, grey limestone, volcanic rocks, minor quartzite
 - 5d - altered volcanic rocks
 - 5c - Molly Mac limestone
 - 5b - grey phyllite, argillite and limestone
 - 5a - green phyllite
- CORRELATION AND STRATIGRAPHIC SUCCESSION UNKNOWN**
- A VOLCANIC MEMBER: green phyllite
 - B DOLOMITE MEMBER: light grey to white dolomite, minor limestone
 - C - dark grey grit and phyllite, minor quartzite and green phyllite
 - D - dark grey to black argillite, phyllite and argillaceous limestone, minor conglomerate

GEOLOGICAL MAP OF THE FERGUSON AREA

Geology by J.T. Fyles and G.E.P. Eastwood, 1957
 Scale 0 to 1 Miles

Contour interval 250 feet

To accompany B.C. Department of Mines and Petroleum Resources Bulletin 45 "Geology of the Ferguson Area" 1961

PROPERTY GEOLOGY

Of the claims constituting the Winslow Group, most are underlain by the Broadview Formation. The stratigraphically lower Jowett volcanics crop out as a 400 m wide band across the northeast corner of the Rit 1 claim. The band narrows along strike to the southeast, and is only about 200 m wide where it crosses the Enderby Crown grant. This width is fairly constant as far southeast as the Alice Crown grant (the southwest boundary of which lies about 300 m northeast of the band), but abruptly widens again approximately 1 km south of the Alice. The extreme northeast corner of the Rit 1 claim, the northeast half of the Okanagan Crown grant, and the central part of the Alice Crown grant are underlain by the Sharon Creek Formation. The Ajax quartzite crops out as a broad band underlying the northeast one-third of the Alice grant and most of the Rit 3 claim.

The rocks of the Broadview, Jowett, Sharon Creek, and Ajax Formations all exhibit a regional northwest strike, locally complicated by folding. The dominant structural feature of the project area is the Silver Cup Anticline. At least one generation of penetrative foliation is related to this folding.

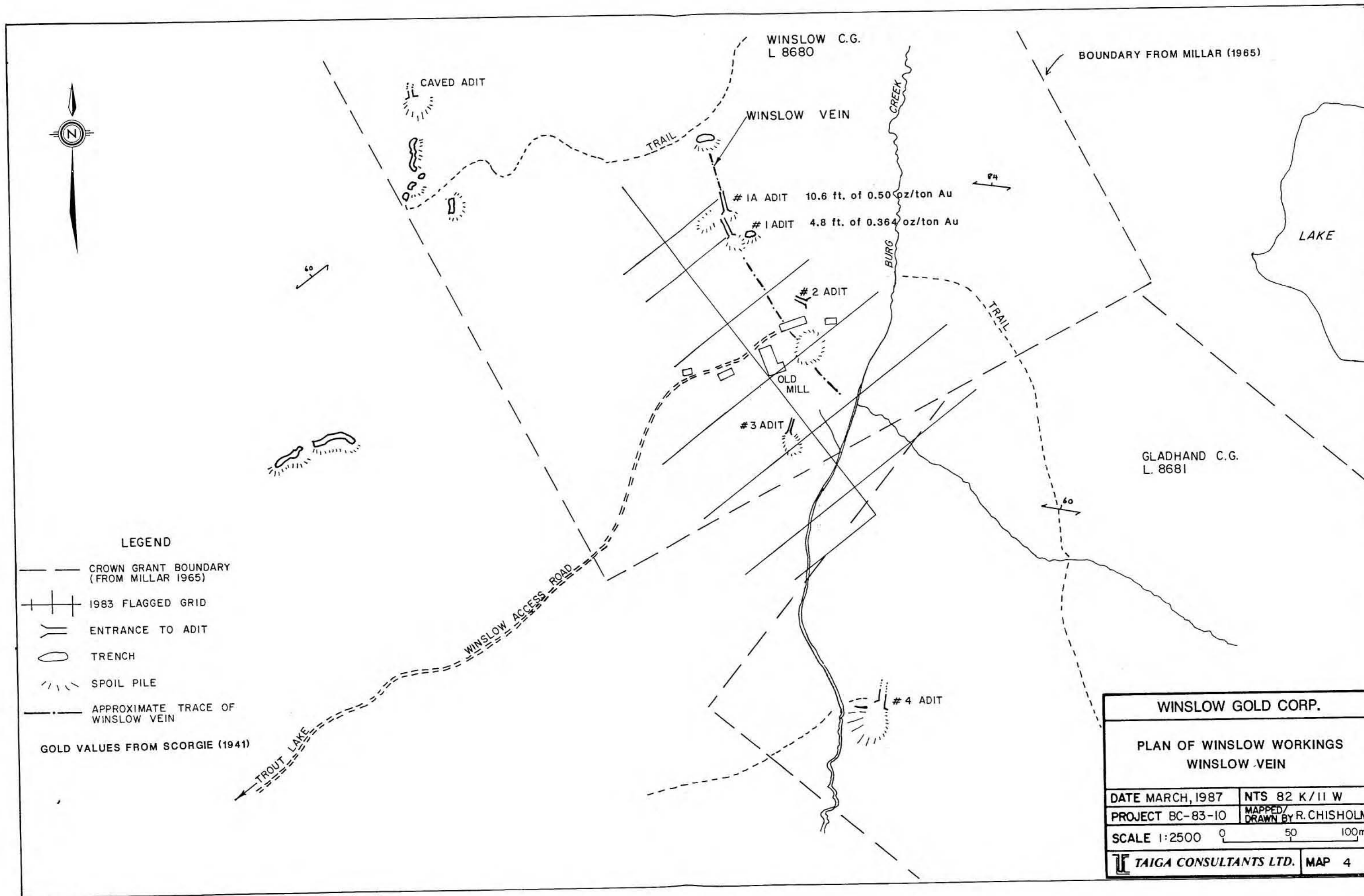
Detailed geological mapping (one inch = 200 feet) is available covering most of the Winslow, Gladhand, Okanagan, and Enderby Crown grants and a limited surrounding area (originally part of the forfeited Winslow group and now included in the Rit claims). This mapping was carried out by James Millar and Associates in 1964 and 1965.

EXPLORATION TARGETS

The Trout Lake district, which is highly analogous to the Kaslo, Slocan, and Lardeau Pb/Zn/Ag camps, is host to at least two hundred fissure-vein and late-stage shear types of polymetallic occurrences (predominantly Pb, Zn, Ag, Au, and Cu). In the immediate vicinity of the Winslow project, the Silver Cup and Triune (both former small, high-grade producers) were the best known deposits of these styles. More recently, the Granges Exploration/Windflower Mining 'Goldfinch Project' (4 km north of Camborne, 30 km northwest of the Winslow claims) has yielded exceptionally encouraging gold values from a fault or shear-hosted quartz vein/stockwork system. During 1986, Granges completed more than 60 drill holes and have partially delineated at least three separate zones. The Main Zone, with strike length in excess of 1000 feet, has yielded gold values in the range of 0.1 to 1.0 oz/ton (average tenor of approximately 0.3 oz/ton) over widths averaging 5 to 10 feet (rarely up to 33 feet).

The 'Winslow' vein (located within the Winslow Crown grant, L.8680) was staked prior to 1904, and most of the exploration and development work was conducted prior to 1915. A few tons of hand-cobbed high-grade ore were shipped from the property to Trail in 1918; however, from then until 1933, the property lay dormant. Attempts to rehabilitate the old workings began in 1933; by the end of 1939, a 30-ton/day pilot plant scale mill had been constructed and several tons of concentrates shipped. Milling operations continued through 1940 and 1941, when in the latter year, a small tonnage of ore was treated which originated mainly from the Okanagan claim. The property again lay dormant from 1941 to 1963, when rising precious metals prices encouraged a new geological evaluation of the ground.

The Winslow vein (Figure 4) has been traced from near the southern boundary of the Winslow Crown grant (L.8680) to the crest of the hill between Six Mile Creek and Burg Creek. To date, approximately 1000 feet of underground workings, driven from at least four separate adits (now collapsed and probably not salvagable) have explored the vein over a vertical distance of 300 feet and a horizontal distance of 400 feet. Mineralization consists



mainly of pyrite with lesser amounts of galena, sphalerite, and rare free gold. The vein system consists of two quartz-carbonate veins, reportedly aggregating up to 12 feet in width, with a 1.5 to 4-foot panel of schistose material separating the two veins (Millar, 1963). The vein strikes about N20°E and dips 55°-60°E. The best gold values occur in Adits 1 and 1A with grades reportedly decreasing outwards horizontally along the vein structure (Millar, 1963; Scorgie, 1941). Underground development on the Winslow vein has been described in detail in Millar's report and is summarized below:

Underground workings are known to have been carried out at seven different levels on the Winslow vein structure [the locations of four of these adits and numerous trenches are shown on Millar's 1963 map].

The uppermost workings consist of two adits or underground workings of an undetermined nature that were badly caved prior to an examination of the property in 1937. The vein was stoped to surface from these openings.

At the 1A level (6780' ASL), an adit has been driven 178' following the footwall of the vein. The initial 50' of the adit have been stoped to surface. 150' in from the portal, a "Y-raise" has been driven, following the footwall. The 'stem' of the "Y" is 32' long and each arm is 50' in length. This raise was reportedly actively mined in 1939-1940.

No.1 level (6740' ASL) adit is reported to have been crosscut for 62' and then drifted for 50' following the footwall vein structure. A 40' long stope in the high-grade ore shoot extends to surface through the 1A level.

No.2 level (6640' ASL) was driven as a crosscut for 160' and then drifted 80' along the vein, here averaging 6½' to 10' in width. Assays of samples collected during various examinations indicate that the adit did not intersect the high-grade zone of the Winslow vein. Millar indicated that earlier writers (McDougall & Scorgie) believed that the ore shoot was located to the south of the end of the crosscut, but the drift had been driven to the north and consequently missed it.

No.3 level (6540' ASL) was driven as a crosscut for 300' and intersected the footwall vein, reported to be 52" wide at that point. A heavy flow of water in the vein structure apparently discouraged any further development.

No.4 level (6240' ASL) in the northwestern corner of the Gladhand Crown grant, was driven in an attempt to intersect the Winslow vein at the lowermost level considered topographically

feasible. The adit was driven in 1914 but never reached its objective apparently owing to financial difficulties.

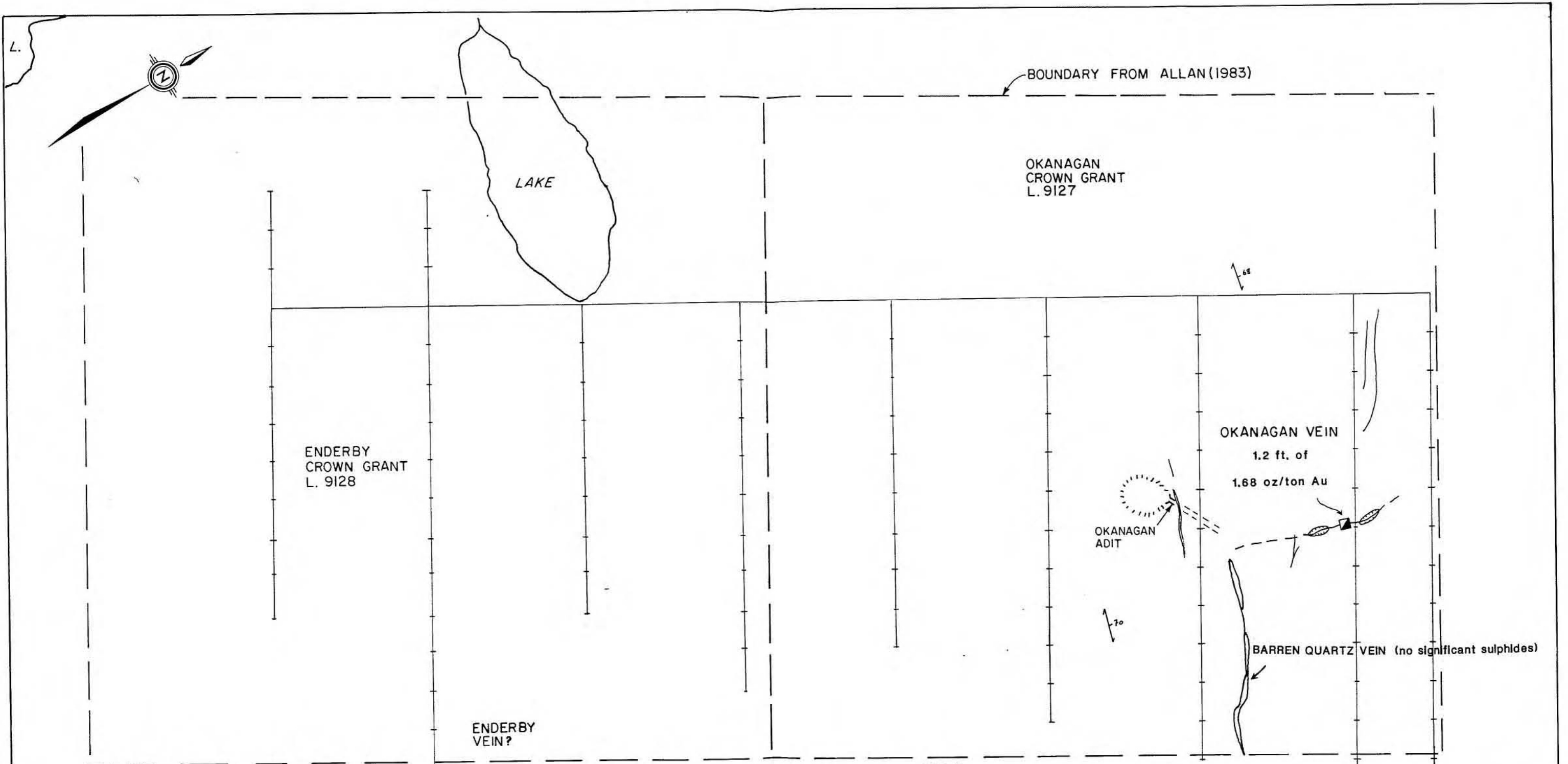
During Millar's examination of the property in 1963, the No.2 level portal was cleared.

Oxidized portions of the Winslow vein system may be significantly enriched in gold, and were reported to have assayed as high as 5.4 oz/ton gold and 4.5 oz/ton silver (MMAR, 1914). More representative grades of unoxidized vein material are reported (Scorgie, 1941) to be in the order of 0.4 oz/ton gold and 0.6 oz/ton silver. There are, however, insufficient data with which to generate level plans or calculate continuity of mineralization, tonnage, grade, or overall economic potential. No diamond drilling has been carried out on the vein. Sampling was only carried out on adit faces and material removed as mill feed.




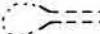



Several additional targets occur within the property; namely, the Okanagan, Enderby, and Alice occurrences. The best of these is the Okanagan vein (Figure 5), which is located approximately 1 km east of the old Winslow millsite. The vein (explored over a strike length of 200 feet by two 14-foot deep shafts and several shallow open cuts) is 1.5 to 4.5 feet in width where exposed, strikes N10°W to N33°W, and dips 57°-65°E (Millar, 1963). The following assays have been reported:

<u>Location</u>	<u>Width</u>	<u>Au (oz/ton)</u>	<u>Ag (oz/ton)</u>	
North shaft	1.2'	1.68	-] Wilkins in
Grab at shaft	-	1.03	-] Millar (1965)
Grab at shaft	-	2.71	-] Gaul (1936)
Grab at shaft	-	2.22	-] Gaul (1936)
---	3.0'	5.4	5.0] MMR 1914
Specimen (no gangue)	-	13.7	67.9] MMR 1914
---	3.0'	1.9	2.9] MMR 1914

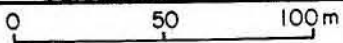

The vein pinches out about 200' north of the above-described workings, but has been traced southerly from the workings for a "considerable" distance. Most of the workings have sloughed in, some as far back as 15 m from the portals.



LEGEND

-  1983 GRID (FLAGGED)
-  BOUNDARY OF CROWN GRANT
-  SHAFT
-  ADIT WITH SPOIL PILE
-  TRENCH
-  NARROW QUARTZ VEIN
-  QUARTZ VEIN

RIT 3
1622 (8)

WINSLOW GOLD CORP.	
PLAN OF ENDERBY AND OKANAGAN CROWN GRANTS OKANAGAN VEIN	
DATE MARCH, 1987	NTS 82 K/11 W
PROJECT BC-83-10	MAPPED/DRAWN BY R. CHISHOLM
SCALE 1:2500	
 TAIGA CONSULTANTS LTD. MAP 5	

GOLD VALUE FROM MILLAR (1963)

In 1983, an unsuccessful attempt was made to relocate the Enderby occurrence. A small trench containing a narrow quartz vein was found adjacent to the southeast boundary of the Enderby Crown grant. The Enderby vein is reported (Millar, 1963) to be 1½ to 3 feet in width, strikes N55°E, and dips fairly flatly to the east. Vein material is described by Millar (1963) as having concentrations of galena and minor pyrite. He compiled the following list of assays, most of which were obtained from Gaul's report (1936):

<u>Sampler</u>	<u>Width</u>	<u>Au oz</u>	<u>Ag oz</u>	<u>Pb %</u>
C.M. & S.	grab/dump	0.065	35.2	33.5
A.J. Gaul	two feet	0.04	46.83	43.43
A.J. Gaul	2.5 feet	0.07	7.3	
A.J. Gaul	14' trench (100' from shaft)	0.012	2.68	

The Alice vein was not relocated by either Allan (1983) or Millar (1963) probably as a consequence of talus debris covering the old workings. The most recently available description of this occurrence is by Scorgie (1947). He states that he could trace the vein for 700 feet from the Alice mineral claim onto the Foggy Day mineral claim of which only the former is currently owned by Winslow Gold Corp. Scorgie indicates that the vein was explored by five different adits. Millar (1963) indicates that adits #1 to #4 lie in the Alice Crown grant. Millar describes the vein as having a width of 2 to 5 feet striking 007° dipping 43°E. He goes on to cite gold assays from reports (not available to this author) by McDougall (1946) that indicate narrow widths of high-grade gold in adits #2, #3, and #4. Unfortunately, no maps were available to this author that pinpoint the locations of these workings or of the vein itself. In addition, none of the assays cited by Millar were confirmed by him or by any subsequent worker. Considering the above points, one must treat McDougall's data with caution.

In recent years, exploration has been carried out by Golden Rule Resources Ltd. (Netolitzky, 1980) on the Bug, Rit 1, and Rit 2 claims. This work consisted of stream silt sampling and B-horizon soil geochemical sampling. The latter outlined only two weak gold anomalies and Golden Rule's interest was allowed to lapse.

Allan (1983) carried out reconnaissance prospecting, limited soil geochemical sampling, and VLF-EM surveying over the Winslow and Okanagan vein systems. Several strong gold-in-soil anomalies were outlined that are probably related to contamination from the mine workings. Two linear VLF-EM anomalies were outlined in the Winslow vein area. A strong conductor is coincidental with the inferred axial trace of the Winslow vein. The second weaker conductor parallels the vein 125 m further to the east.

Recommendations were advanced at that time for a 500 m drilling program directed wholly at the Winslow Vein. Toward this end, road access to the Winslow mill site was completed in the fall of 1983. No exploration has been conducted on the claims nor have any significant developments ensued since the date of this author's last report (September 30, 1983).

DIAMOND DRILLING

During the period July 17 to August 3, 1987, seven diamond drill holes were completed on the property for a total of 1,573 feet (479.45 m). The contractor was White Rock Drilling Ltd. of Surrey, B.C. All holes were drilled with standard BQ bits and all core is stored in racks adjacent to the old mill site. All casing was pulled except for hole WINS-87-7.

Drill core samples were forwarded to Barringer Magenta Laboratories (Alberta) Ltd. in Calgary for gold analysis. Samples were collected by splitting the core with a standard Longyear core splitter and sending half to the laboratory for analysis. Certificates of analysis are presented in the Appendix; the analytical results are included on the drill logs (Appendix) and on the drill sections (map pocket).

Map 1 (in pocket) indicates the locations of drill holes and underground workings.

Table 1 (overpage) summarizes the relevant drill hole data while Table 2 summarizes the significant mineralized intervals encountered by drilling.

A baseline with 10 m stations was established at an Azimuth of 350° with the zero station positioned adjacent to the old mill building. The baseline was oriented to follow the trace of the Winslow Vein which was established from the location of Adits #1 and #1A as well as from the trace of large quartz boulders situated up-slope from the adits.

Drill holes were collared at a bearing of 275°, 15° north of right angles to the vein due to the extreme steepness of the terrain. The trace of the vein strikes up a slope which has an approximate average steepness of 40°.

A large rock bluff at 0+50E between 0+00N and 1+50N severely limited the number of possible drill sites in the vicinity of the old mine workings. Within this limitation, the locations of drill collars and hole attitudes

Table 1 - Drill Hole Summary

<u>DDH No.</u>	<u>Bearing</u>	<u>Angle</u>	<u>Coordinates</u>	<u>Overburden</u>	<u>Total Depth</u>)
Wins 87-1	275°	-60°	133N 40E	3.66 m (12')	75.90 m (249')
87-2	285°	-60°	43N 56E	3.66 m (12')	79.86 m (262')
87-3	275°	-50°	10N 98E	2.13 m (7')	93.27 m (306')
87-4	275°	-60°	172N 40E	2.13 m (7')	91.75 m (301')
87-5	275°	-60°	240N 40E	3.66 m (12')	47.55 m (156')
87-6	275°	-80°	104N 31E	2.44 m (8')	41.15 m (135')
87-7	275°	-60°	283N 40E	<u>6.10 m (20')</u>	<u>49.99 m (164')</u>
				23.78m (78')	479.45 m (1,573')

Table 2 - Summary of Mineralized Intervals

<u>DDH No.</u>	<u>Interval (m)</u>	<u>Length</u>	<u>Au ppb</u>	<u>(Au oz/ton)</u>
WINS-87-1	44.70-45.70	1.00 m	470	
	45.70-46.42	.72 m	6,000	(0.175)
	46.42-47.09	.67 m	no recovery	
	47.09-48.46	1.37 m	343	
	48.46-51.82	3.36 m	67	
	51.82-52.38	.56 m	1,360	(0.040)
WINS-87-2	50.05-50.90	.85 m	1,600	(0.047)
WINS-87-3	67.57-68.30	.73 m	116	
	77.90-79.90	2.00 m	228	
WINS-87-4	50.93-52.93	2.00 m	86	
	52.93-53.93	1.00 m	740	
	53.93-54.93	1.00 m	1,500	(0.044)
	54.93-59.93	5.00 m	120	
	59.93-60.93	1.00 m	625	
	60.93-61.93	1.00 m	101	
WINS-87-6	29.28-29.59	.31 m	1,400	(0.041)
	29.59-31.09	1.50 m	no recovery	
	31.09-33.54	2.45 m	692	
	33.54-34.14	.60 m	no recovery	
	34.14-37.35	3.21 m	900	(0.026)

were selected to obtain intersections along the vein at an average (true) lateral spacing of 25 m.

Four out of seven drill holes (WINS-87-1, 2, 4, 6) intersected significant thicknesses of vein material. Two holes (WINS-87-5, 7) encountered drilling problems and had to be abandoned short of the projected intersection with the vein. WINS-87-3 did not encounter a significant thickness of quartz vein at the projected depth of 80 to 85 m. The hole was continued to 93.27 m and then abandoned due to drilling difficulties. Two narrow quartz-siderite veins were encountered between 78.32 and 79.90 m (analysis: 228 ppb Au) which may represent a pinch-out within the vein. Since only a single tier of holes was drilled in each section, the dip of the vein must be ascertained from vein/host contact core angles and the apparent position of the vein within the old workings. Bearing this in mind, the following approximate vein dips and true thicknesses were encountered:

Table 3 - Winslow Vein

<u>DDH #</u>	<u>Dip of Vein</u>	<u>Approximate True Width</u>
WINS-87-2	-45°	5.0 m
WINS-87-6	* -50°	8.3 m
WINS-87-1	-75°	5.8 m
WINS-87-4	-85°	6.4 m

* vein/host contact ground away;
dip interpreted from position of Adit #1A

The Winslow vein can be characterized as made up predominantly of white, opaque quartz with substantial clots and seams of coarse-grained iron carbonate (probably siderite), small xenoliths and panels of argillite and traces of pyrite. Pyrite is found as rare massive bands and as halos to small xenoliths of argillite. Sphalerite and chalcocite were observed in trace quantities in holes WINS-87-2 and WINS-87-4.

Quartz is often strongly crackle brecciated and occasionally strongly brecciated to the point where fragments have been rounded and comminuted. Crackle fractures and breccias have been filled and re-healed by coarse-grained siderite. Breccia bands and fractures have core angles similar to the core angles of vein/host contacts. Vein contacts with host argillites

tend to be sharp; however, few contacts were observed as most had been ground up during the drilling process. Massive quartz sections contain up to 5% irregular vugs lined by clear secondary quartz crystals.

All of the vein intersections showed considerable evidence of the effects of oxidation with most of the siderite being at least partially altered to limonite. It seems probable that the fractures and breccia zones are very porous, allowing entry of a considerable flow of oxygenated water such as that which issues from the entrances of Adits #2 and #3.

It can be seen from Table 2 that the Winslow Vein, where intersected by drill holes, carries narrow widths of gold mineralization in the order of 0.04 oz/ton (equivalent). The vein as a whole, however, carries moderately anomalous levels of gold over its entire width.

The highest gold values were obtained from sections of vein containing significant pyrite concentrations. Very likely, gold is bound up in the crystal lattices of pyrite accumulations.

As noted earlier, the highest reported gold values from past production came from Adits #1 and #1A in the adits farthest north along the vein. A similar observation is apparent from the recent drilling. The width of gold mineralization and its tenor increase in a very general way from south to north along the vein. Drill holes WINS-87-5 and WINS-87-7 were situated to test portions of the vein to the north and up-dip of Adit #1A. Both drill holes encountered drilling difficulties and were abandoned at approximately the projected depth of the hanging wall contact of the Winslow Vein. It seems probable that the structure encountered by holes WINS-87-5 and WINS-87-7 is the same one which hosts the Winslow Vein.

As a generalization, the gold values returned from the recent drilling are on average an order of magnitude lower than the values reported in the literature by Scorgie and others from underground sampling. The difference in values may be due to (1) the poddy nature of mineralization within the vein; (2) the oxidized nature of the vein allowing weathered portions (i.e.,

pyritic/auriferous sections) to be washed away during the drilling process; and (3) earlier reported values may be for hand-concentrated "ore" and may therefore be unrepresentative of the vein as a whole. It seems likely that all three explanations may explain the relatively low gold values returned in the recent drilling program.

SURFACE SAMPLING

A pyrite pod measuring 10 x 30 cm in graphitic argillite was uncovered in the road cut to hole WINS-87-6 at 1+21N 0+05W. A chip sample of the pod consisting almost entirely of pyrite returned a gold value of 680 ppb. A 50 cm chip sample in the hanging wall composed of graphitic argillite returned a gold value of 200 ppb. The pod has a strike of 284° and a dip of 50°N.

CONCLUSIONS

Phase I drilling indicates that the Winslow Vein is between 5 and 8 m thick over a strike length in excess of 125 m.

The vein as a whole carries anomalous gold values over its full width with narrow higher grade sections returning values between 1000 and 6000 ppb (0.029 and 0.175 oz/ton equivalent). Gold is probably present as intergrowths or lattice fillings in pyrite accumulations. Gold values tend to increase from south to north along the trend of the vein. The vein occupies a large shear zone and so is likely to extend for significant distances along strike and vertically from the area now investigated by drill holes and underground workings.

RECOMMENDATIONS

A five-hole diamond drill program totalling 700 metres is recommended to investigate the northern and down-dip extensions of the Winslow Vein. In addition, a program of three drill holes totalling 300 metres is recommended to test the reported gold values and width of the Okanagan Vein located in the Okanagan Crown grant. Subject to the success of the Okanagan Vein drilling, consideration should be given to a limited program of drill testing the Enderby Vein system. The program should be conducted in the time frame of late June to early August. Budget requirements (including rehabilitation of access roads, mobilization, drilling, camp support, assays, supervision, and temporary reclamation) will be approximately \$198,000. A proposed budget is set out overpage.

Drilling on the Winslow Vein should be carried out with NQ size core bits and a full complement of drill fluid additives in order to combat the bad ground conditions known to exist along the vein margins.

At least three holes should be located so as to drill the northern extension of the Winslow Vein starting at drill site WINS-87-5. WINS-87-7 should be re-entered and cored through the vein. A third hole should be aimed to strike the vein at least 25 m further along strike. Two to three additional holes should be sited on the vein down-dip of the WINS-87-1 and WINS-87-6 intersections to accurately define the vein attitudes and to test the continuity of mineralization.

In the event that the 1988 drill program is not successful and a decision is made to abandon the project, provision should be made to carry out permanent reclamation of the drill sites and drill access roads. Reclamation (including water-barring of roads, re-seeding of sites, and possibly re-contouring of disturbed areas) is estimated to cost a minimum of \$7,500, the amount currently posted with the Mines Inspector as a reclamation bond. Money spent on permanent reclamation would be in addition to the budgeted drill program.

PROPOSED 1988 BUDGETDIAMOND DRILL PROGRAM

Mob & demob (drill crew and equipment)		10,000	
Diamond drilling, NQ core	1000 m @ \$85/metre	85,000	
Drill supplies and extra services		8,500	
Skidder rental	20 hours @ \$ 50/hour	1,000	
Skidder stand-by	10 days @ \$250/day	2,500	
Helicopter	15 hours @ \$650/hour	<u>13,000</u>	120,000

FIELD SUPPORT

Pre-field preparation, camp construction 4,000

Mob/demob (geological crew)

Personnel wages	2 men x 2 days	540	
Travel expenses and accommodation		500	
D-6 tractor (road rehabilitation to Winslow camp and drill-site preparation	50 hours @ \$100/hour	5,000	
Miscellaneous (lumber, fuel, disposable supplies		<u>5,500</u>	11,540

Personnel

Project Supervisor	4 days @ \$400/day	1,600	
Project Geologist	32 days @ \$350/day	11,600	
Labourer/Sampler	32 days @ \$190/day	6,080	
Camp Cook	32 days @ \$150/day	<u>4,800</u>	
Drill Crew	4 x <u>32 days</u> 228 man days		24,080

Camp Costs

Room and board	228 man days @ \$45/day	10,260	
Generator rental	32 days @ \$15/day	480	
4x4 truck rental	32 days @ \$80/day	2,560	
Communications (radio rental and calls)		550	
Microscope, core splitter, transit rental @ \$25/day		800	
Freight, courier, expediting		<u>1,000</u>	15,650

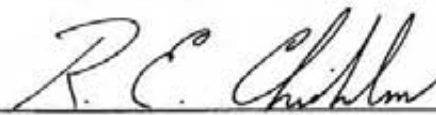
Assays 200 core samples @ \$12/ea 2,400

POST-FIELD

Data compilation and final report		4,000	
Drafting	50 hours @ \$24/hour	1,200	
Reproduction of maps; supplies; secretarial services		<u>550</u>	5,750

Handling Charges 14,580

TOTAL COSTS \$198,000


 R. E. Chisholm, B.Sc., F.GAC

CERTIFICATE

I, Robin E. Chisholm, of 1322 - 1st Street N.E. in the City of Calgary in the Province of Alberta, do hereby certify that:

1. I am a Consulting Geologist with the firm of Taiga Consultants Ltd. with offices at Suite 100, 1300 - 8th Street S.W., Calgary, Alberta.
2. I am a graduate of Carleton University, B.Sc. (Hons.) in Geology (1977), and have practised my profession continuously since that time.
3. I have been engaged in mineral exploration and property development work in the Northwest Territories, Ontario, Saskatchewan, British Columbia, and elsewhere in Canada. I was also engaged in mineral exploration in Niger, Africa; and Algeria, Africa.

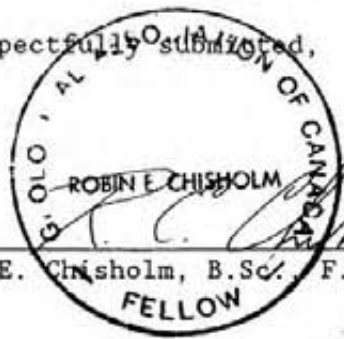
Between 1975 and 1985, I have held responsible positions with Uranerz Exploration and Mining, Pan Ocean Oil Ltd., Aberford Resources Ltd., GML Minerals Consulting Ltd., and B.P. Canada Ltd.

4. I am a Fellow in good standing of the Geological Association of Canada.
5. I am the author of the report entitled "Diamond Drilling Report on the Winslow Group Claims and Crown Grants, Trout Lake District, Revelstoke Mining Division, British Columbia", dated November 5, 1987. I supervised the work described herein during the period July 10 to August 8, 1987.
6. I do not own or expect to receive any interest (direct, indirect, or contingent) in the property described herein nor in the securities of WINSLOW GOLD CORP., in respect of services rendered in the preparation of this report.

DATED at Calgary, Alberta, this 5th day of November, A.D. 1987.

PERMIT TO PRACTICE TAIGA CONSULTANTS LTD.	
Signature	<i>[Handwritten Signature]</i>
Date	<i>Nov 22/87</i>
PERMIT NUMBER: P 2399	
The Association of Professional Engineers, Geologists and Geophysicists of Alberta	

Respectfully submitted,



 ROBIN E. CHISHOLM

R. E. Chisholm, B.Sc., F.GAC
FELLOW

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APPENDIX

Summary of Personnel

Drill Logs

Certificates of Analysis

Summary of Expenditures

SUMMARY OF PERSONNEL

<u>Name/Address</u>	<u>Position</u>	<u>Dates</u>	<u>Man days</u>
<u>TAIGA personnel</u>			
J.R. Allan, 3609 1A St. SW Calgary, AB T2S 1R4	Supervisor	July - Nov/87	12.75
Robin E. Chisholm 1322 - 1st St. NW Calgary, AB T2M 2S4	Project Geologist	July - August	off 12.625 fld 23.0
Ian Young 3609 - 1A St. SW Calgary, AB T2S 2S4	Catskinner	July 11-Aug 8	28.0
Mac Hislop P.O. Box 745 Cranbrook, B.C. V1C 4J5	Core Splitter/ Assistant	July 12-Aug 8	24.25
Elizabeth Martin General Delivery Nakusp, B.C. V0G 1R0	Camp Cook	July 18-Aug 7	21.5
<u>WHITE ROCK DRILLING LTD.</u>			
Bill Huhtala 16115 - 8th Ave Surrey, B.C.	Foreman	July 15-Aug 4	21.0
B. Piurko	Driller	July 15-30	16.0
J. Lafrance	Helper	July 15-18	4.0
R. Parish	Helper	July 19-30	<u>12.0</u>
		TOTAL	152.12

1987 SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES

Personnel

J.R. Allan, P.Geol	12.75 X 400/day	5,100.00	
R.E. Chisholm, P.Geol.	35.625 X 350/day	12,468.75	
I.Q. Young,	26 X 225/day	5,850.00	
	2 X 190/day	380.00	
J.M. Hislop	21.5 X 150/day	<u>3,225.00</u>	31,630.75

General Costs

Lab Analyses: 64 rock samples @ \$11.98 ea.	766.75	
Drafting	652.25	
Maps & Reproductions	1,206.39	
Room/Board: 142 man days X 40/day	5,680.00	
Equip. Rental: 4X4, Gen., radio, transit, etc.	6,440.25	
Travel Expenses	2,882.31	
Secretarial	275.00	
Disposable Supplies	2,339.03	
Courier, photocopying	462.30	
Telephone	348.01	
Equipment repair	307.68	
Handling Charges	<u>3,073.15</u>	24,433.11
D6D Cat Rental: operating 12 hrs X 81.75	981.00	
standby 230 hrs X 35.00	8,050.00	
D6Z Cat Rental: operating 38 hrs X 101.70	3,864.00	
swamper	<u>90.00</u>	12,985.60

Diamond Drilling

Overburden drilling 79' X \$20/ft	1,580.00	
Coring 1507 ft X \$19/ft	28,633.00	
Standby, extra services & Down-hole equipment	15,261.00	
Fuel	1,113.40	
Float	<u>950.00</u>	<u>47,537.40</u>

TOTAL \$116,586.86
=====

Area: Trout Lake, BC	Bearing: 275°	Date Started: July 17 87	Hole: <u>WINS #1</u>
Latitude: 133N, 40E	Inclination @ collar -60°	Date Completed: July 19 87	Core Size: BQ
Departure:	Inclination @ 75.9 m -61°	Core Storage: on site	Total Length: 75.9 m
Elevation: +61 m	Contractor: White Rock Drilling		Logged by: R. Chisholm

FROM (m)	TO (m)	INTER (m)	LITHOLOGY	REC (%)	FROM (m)	TO (m)	INTER (m)	Au ppb
0.00	3.66	3.66	OVERBURDEN, cased					
3.66	4.05	0.39	SILTSTONE, lt. grey, laminated (1-2 mm) -55°					
4.05	5.00	0.95	ARGILLITE, black, graphitic, trace Py, 15% siltstone laminations, contorted and brecciated.					
5.00	9.60	4.60	SILTSTONE, lt. grey, minor bands graphitic argillite					
			5.00 laminations -15°					
			5.60 laminations -46°					
			5.85 quartz carbonate veinlet -70°					
			5.90 laminations -70°					
			>5.90 contorted					
			6.24 quartz carbonate veinlet -45°					
			6.66 quartz carbonate veinlet ?					
			6.75 quartz carbonate veinlet -45°					
			7.05 quartz carbonate veinlet					
			8.80 quartz carbonate veinlet					
			9.05 quartz carbonate veinlet -35°					
			9.50 quartz carbonate veinlet -35°					
9.60	11.24	1.64	ARGILLITE, black, graphitic, contorted, moderately brecciated and rehealed, 2% Py					
			10.75 3 cm quartz carbonate vein parallel to c.a.					
11.24	31.86	20.62	SILTSTONE, lt. grey, laminated, minor interbeds of graphitic argillite; upper contact -35° brecciated; lower contact parallel to c.a.; laminations highly variable orientation.					
			11.80-13.30 qtz carb vein, subparallel to c.a., max 3 cm thick					
			14.70 4 cm qtz vein at -50°					
			15.00 laminations subparallel to c.a.					
			19.00 laminations at -60°					
			19.45 2 cm qtz vein at -45°					
			22.00 laminations at -60°					
			22.50 laminations subparallel to c.a.					
			26.00 2 cm qtz vein at -35°, swarm of three					
			27.00 laminations at -60°					
			27.85 2 cm qtz vein at -65°					
			28.00 laminations subparallel to c.a.					
			30.20 2 cm qtz vein, subparallel					
			31.00 laminations subparallel to c.a.					
31.86	41.80	9.94	ARGILLITE, black, graphitic, finely laminated, highly contorted, 1-2% Py, 30% siltstone laminations.	100				
41.80	43.29	1.49	SILTSTONE, lt. grey, laminated, highly contorted.	100				
43.29	43.72	0.43	Veining runs down core, 2 cm wide, 80% white qtz, 15% yellow carb, 5% limonite selvages, no fizz in HCl	100	43.29	43.72	0.43	10
43.72	44.70	0.98	ARGILLITE, lt. grey, strongly contorted.	100	43.72	44.70	0.98	3

Area: Trout Lake, BC Bearing: 275° Date Started: July 17 87 Hole: WINS #1
 Latitude: 133N, 40E Inclination @ collar -60° Date Completed: July 19 87 Core Size: BQ
 Departure: Inclination @ 75.9 m -81° Core Storage: on site Total Length: 75.9 m
 Elevation: +61 m Contractor: White Rock Drilling Logged by: R. Chisholm

FROM (m)	TO (m)	INTER (m)	LITHOLOGY	REC (%)	FROM (m)	TO (m)	INTER (m)	Au ppb
44.70	46.42	1.72	QUARTZ VEIN, white to opaque pink, contact -40°, crackled and brecciated, yellow carbonate and vuggy quartz and limonite in fractures, crackles -55°	100	44.70 45.70	45.70 46.42	1.00 0.72	470 6000
46.42	47.09	0.67	* * missing core * *					
47.09	48.17	1.08	ARGILLITE, lt.grey, 40% graphitic argillite layers -30°.	100	47.09	48.17	1.08	280
48.17	48.46	0.29	Mixed Argillite with 40% quartz veining -50°, conformable, minor limonite stain, 5% yellow carbonate.	100	48.17	48.46	0.29	576
48.46	50.00	1.54	.49 / 1.54 = 32% core recovery; white to yellow QUARTZ with vugs lined by limonite-stained quartz; bottom contact -45°	32	48.46	50.00	1.54	15
50.00	50.82	0.82	ARGILLITE, lt.grey, 25% vuggy quartz veins, very broken, trace yellow carbonate in vugs, and limonite.	100	50.00	50.82	0.82	94
50.82	51.82	1.00	Core very broken, BRECCIA re-cemented by carb(?) (could be Sph); 40% carb, 60% white qtz, vuggy qtz stained with limonite, carb partially decomposed orange-brown, could be siderite -> limonite, trace Py blebs.	100	50.82	51.82	1.00	126
51.82	52.38	0.56	20/56 36% recovery, very broken; vuggy white QUARTZ, minor limonite, staining, no lower contact.	36	51.82	52.38	0.56	1360
52.38	59.96	7.58	ARGILLITE, grey to salmon coloured, very contorted, kink banded, laminations often parallel to c.a., show as bull's eye. 53.00-53.38 very minor quartz veining parallel to c.a.	100	52.38	59.96	7.58	4
59.96	61.10	1.14	QUARTZ veining, top contact -50°, bottom contact irreg parallel to c.a.; white, massive, 10-20% yellow carbonate-filled vugs, 5% limonite; seams irregular, trace Py blebs.		59.96	61.10	1.14	3
61.10	75.90	14.80	SILTSTONE, with 10% graphitic argillite bands. 61.45-82.30 3 cm qtz-carbonate vein, limonite-filled vugs 66.35 qtz-carbonate vein -40°, sharp contact, 2% Py blebs laminations very contorted, kinked banded parallel to fine secondary shearing at -50°		41.45	82.30	20.85	6
	75.90		TOTAL DEPTH					

Area: Trout Lake, BC Bearing: 285° Date Started: July 19 87 Hole: WINS #2
 Latitude: 43N, 56E Inclin. @ collar -60° Date Completed: July 22 87 Core Size: EQ
 Departure: Inclin. @ 79.25 m -80° Core Storage: on site Total Length: 79.86 m
 Elevation: +17 m Contractor: White Rock Drilling Logged by: R. Chisholm

FROM (m)	TO (m)	INTER (m)	LITHOLOGY	REC (%)	FROM (m)	TO (m)	INTER (m)	Au ppb
0.00	3.65	3.65	OVERBURDEN					
3.65	47.05	43.40	SILTSTONE, lt. grey, minor interbands of black graphitic argillite, laminations strongly contorted, kink banded.					
			12.04 1 cm qtz-carb vein -25°, carb selvages					
			12.30-12.40 5 cm qtz-carb vein -70°					
			19.00-19.10 3 cm qtz-carb vein -40°					
			20.55-20.65 5 cm qtz-carb vein -35°					
			21.46-21.62 10 cm qtz-carb vein -55°					
			21.95-22.50 8cm? qtz-carb vein, snakes back & forth along c.a.					
			24.37-24.63 as above					
			24.87-25.65 vein swarm -75°					
			26.20-26.52 ? irregular					
			27.13-28.10 irregular, 20% carb, some limonite stain, minor vugs	100	27.13	28.10	0.97	3
			28.40-28.47 5cm qtz-carb vein -45°					
			30.18-30.32 qtz-carb vein -60° along shear plane					
			31.13-31.25 qtz-carb vein -75°					
			31.95-32.22 irregular					
			32.90-33.49 bull quartz -45°					
			35.90-36.03 bull quartz -45°					
			37.88-38.05 2 cm qtz-carb vein parallel to c.a.					
			39.74-39.83 3 cm qtz-carb vein -45°					
			46.05-47.05 lt. grey ARGILLITE, limonite seams	100	46.05	47.05	1.00	3
47.05	52.43	5.38	QUARTZ VEIN, white, opaque, lt. limonite stain, 10% scattered patches of yellow carbonate, 2% vuggy quartz; upper contact -15°, lower contact obliterated.	100	47.05	48.05	1.00	5
			50.12-50.80 trace Py, 2% blebs		48.05	49.05	1.00	7
					49.05	50.05	1.00	5
					50.05	50.90	0.85	1800
					50.90	52.43	1.53	52
52.43	79.86	27.43	SILTSTONE, lt. grey, degree of contortion decreases away from vein.	100	52.43	53.53	1.10	2
			62.50-63.00 sandy gouge zone					
			66.31-66.71 5 cm qtz-carb vein -35°					
			66.86-67.00 8 cm qtz-carb vein -65°					
			68.00-68.22 15 cm qtz-carb vein -55°					
			68.82-68.92 10 cm qtz-carb vein -65°					
			73.66-73.71 2 cm qtz-carb vein -55°					
			74.87 sandy gouge zone					
			77.00 sandy gouge zone					
			77.00-77.05 4 cm qtz-carb vein -60°					
			79.47-79.51 6 cm qtz-carb vein -50°					
79.86			TOTAL DEPTH					

Area: Trout Lake, BC Bearing: 275° Date Started: July 22 87 Hole: WINS #3
 Latitude: 10N, 98E Inclination @ collar -50° Date Completed: July 25 87 Core Size: BQ
 Departure: Inclination @ 91.75 m -52° Core Storage: on site Total Length: 93.27 m
 Elevation: +12 m Contractor: White Rock Drilling Logged by: R. Chisholm

FROM (m)	TO (m)	INTER (m)	LITHOLOGY	REC (%)	FROM (m)	TO (m)	INTER (m)	Au ppb
0.00	2.13	2.13	OVERBURDEN, cased					
2.13	77.95	75.82	SILTSTONE, lt. grey, laminated; laminations sub-parallel, often strongly contorted; penetrative shearing, foliation -55° to -60°; numerous small quartz veins with minor carbonate, very irreg shape.					
			14.86-15.34 qtz-carb vein, parallel to c.a.					
			15.61-15.85 gouge zone					
			21.42-21.62 4 cm qtz-carb vein -75°					
			27.84-28.10 15 cm qtz-carb vein -50°					
			28.75-30.90 narrow qtz-carb vein snakes across c.a.	100	28.75	29.75	1.00	12
			31.15-31.40 17 cm qtz-carb vein -58°	100	29.75	30.90	1.15	15
			34.87-35.63 qtz-carb veining	100	34.87	35.62	0.75	2
			35.90-36.54 irreg qtz-carb vein					
			37.02-37.44 irreg qtz-carb vein	100	37.02	37.44	0.42	4
			37.80-39.95 qtz-carb veining	46	37.80	38.87	1.07	2
			42.10-42.50 quartz vein -30°	46	38.87	39.95	1.08	3
			50.00 gouge zone	100	42.10	42.50	0.40	4
			52.20 gouge zone, at least 50 cm wide					
			57.27-57.64 qtz-carb veining -50°					
			below 66.75 core recovery ~55%, badly broken up					
			67.57-68.30 quartz vein, white, vuggy, original width unknown	55	67.57	68.30	0.73	116
			77.90-77.95 white quartz vein, minor carbonate, -45°					
77.95	93.27	15.32	ARGILLITE, black, graphitic, 2% disseminated and stringers of f.g. Py core badly broken up.	80	77.90	79.90	2.00	228
			78.32-78.66 white quartz vein					
			79.55-79.90 white quartz vein -10°					
93.27			TOTAL DEPTH; driller could not get past graphitic gouge seam					

Area: Trout Lake, BC Bearing: 275° Date Started: July 25 87 Hole: WINS #4
 Latitude: 172N, 40E Inclination @ collar -60° Date Completed: July 27 87 Core Size: BQ
 Departure: Inclination @ 91.44 m -60° Core Storage: on site Total Length: 91.75 m
 Elevation: +80 m Contractor: White Rock Drilling Logged by: R. Chisholm

FROM (m)	TO (m)	INTER (m)	LITHOLOGY	REC (%)	FROM (m)	TO (m)	INTER (m)	Au ppb
0.00	2.20	2.20	OVERBURDEN, cased					
2.20	26.17	23.97	ARGILLITE, black, graphitic, 10% grey siltstone bands & laminae; core badly broken to 19.0 m; 1-2% finely disseminated Py; numerous (1/30 cm) thin quartz-carbonate veins mostly pulled apart; most core angles -35° to -55°; bottom contact -50°.	100				
			8.50 kink bands parallel to core					
			19.75-20.00 kink bands parallel to core					
			20.36-30.50 2.0 cm quartz-carbonate vein -80°					
			23.26-23.36 6.0 cm quartz-carbonate vein -55°					
			23.41-23.55 1.5 cm quartz-carbonate vein -70°					
26.17	28.20	2.03	SILTSTONE, lt. grey, laminated.					
			27.03-27.15 6.0 cm quartz-carbonate vein -50°					
28.20	32.37	4.17	ARGILLITE, black, graphitic, rock completely crushed and relithified, fragments completely contorted, much feathery qtz veining which has been brecciated with numerous limonite crackles; bottom contact -60°.					
			31.40-31.52 ~10 cm quartz vein					
			31.60-31.69 8 cm qtz vein -25°					
			31.72-32.14 35 cm quartz veining -25°		31.46	32.14	0.68	8
32.37	40.00	7.63	SILTSTONE, lt. grey, laminated, layers strongly contorted, 30% black graphitic argillite laminations in lower half.					
			34.51-35.10 45 cm quartz-carbonate veining -50°		34.51	35.10	0.59	3
			35.27-35.49 12 cm quartz-carbonate veining -60°					
			36.32-36.51 13 cm quartz-carbonate veining -55°					
40.00	42.73	2.73	ARGILLITE, black, graphitic, 30% siltstone laminations, strongly contorted, some brecciation.					
42.73	50.93	8.20	SILTSTONE, lt. grey, 30% black graphitic argillite layers, moderately contorted.					
			49.93-50.93 lt. grey banded Siltstone		49.93	50.93	1.00	3
50.93	62.80	11.87	QUARTZ VEIN, white, opaque; often vuggy, lined with quartz crystals, stained by light limonite; bands and clots of yellow carbonate -> siderite, siderite often weathered to limonite; vein often brecciated, crackle to crush, re-cemented by carbonate; narrow (up to 5 cm) bands of Py, minor disseminated Py in clots, trace chalcocite; core badly broken; upper contact ground up, lower contact sharp -55°; crushed bands -45° to -55°; carbonate bands -35°; thin seams (<1 cm) of siltstone -35° to -45°.					
			52.85-54.86 crackle breccia re-cemented by siderite		50.93	51.93	1.00	100
			56.32-56.83 crush breccia heavily re-cemented by siderite, weathered		51.93	52.93	1.00	72
			56.83-57.25 30% siltstone fragments		52.93	53.93	1.00	740
			57.90-58.85 crush breccia heavily re-cemented by siderite, weathered; 1% coarse Py blebs		53.93	54.93	1.00	1500
					54.93	55.93	1.00	236
					55.93	56.93	1.00	39
					56.93	57.93	1.00	154

Area: Trout Lake, BC	Bearing: 275°	Date Started: July 25 87	Hole: WINS #4
Latitude: 172N, 40E	Inclination @ collar -60°	Date Completed: July 27 87	Core Size: BQ
Departure:	Inclination @ 91.44 m -80°	Core Storage: on site	Total Length: 91.75 m
Elevation: +80 m	Contractor: White Rock Drilling		Logged by: R. Chisholm

FROM (m)	TO (m)	INTER (m)	LITHOLOGY	REC (%)	FROM (m)	TO (m)	INTER (m)	Au ppb
			58.65-59.76 crackled and replaced by 40% fresh c.g. siderite; 1% Py blebs <4 mm		57.93	58.93	1.00	90
			60.00-80.09 massive Py band		58.93	59.93	1.00	80
			60.70-61.00 bands of massive siderite in quartz with 3% diss Py		59.93	60.93	1.00	625
			60.90-61.00 possible Sphalerite		60.93	61.93	1.00	101
			61.00-82.80 massive white qtz, 5% vugs lined with qtz crystals, tr Py		61.93	62.80	0.87	63
			Core Recovery Interval Core		62.80	63.80	1.00	36
			50.39-52 1.50 1.15	77	63.80	64.80	1.00	5
			52.43-54 2.43 1.40	58				
			54.86-56 1.22 0.58	48				
			56.08-58 2.44 2.24	92				
			58.52-61 2.75 2.55	93				
			61.26-62 1.54 1.55	100				
62.80	91.75	28.95	SILTSTONE, lt. grey, often strongly contorted.					
			68.85 "sand seam" gouge zone					
			69.30 "sand seam" gouge zone					
			83.85-84.26 narrow qtz-carb vein snakes down c.a.					
			88.73-89.12 narrow qtz-carb vein snakes down c.a.					
91.75			TOTAL DEPTH					

Area: Trout Lake, BC	Bearing: 275°	Date Started: July 28 87	Hole: WINS #5
Latitude: 240N, 40E	Inclination @ collar -60°	Date Completed: July 29 87	Core Size: BQ
Departure:	Inclination @ _____ m	Core Storage: on site	Total Length: 47.55 m
Elevation: +114 m	Contractor: White Rock Drilling		Logged by: R. Chisholm

FROM (m)	TO (m)	INTER (m)	LITHOLOGY	REC (%)	FROM (m)	TO (m)	INTER (m)	Au ppb
0.00	3.66	3.66	OVERBURDEN, cased					
3.66	15.52	11.86	Core very broken up, core recovery 57%; Mixed black graphitic argillite with bands of graphitic siltstone and lt. grey siltstone; laminations -35°, limited contortions.	57				
15.52	44.83	29.31	SILTSTONE, lt. grey, laminated with 5% graphitic laminations -32° as 15 cm bands, often contorted.					
			12.75-12.80 quartz vein, vuggy -30°					
			19.40-21.00 minor arenaceous bands					
			20.65-20.85 gouge zone					
			29.18-29.33 quartz vein, vuggy, -33°					
			30.63-30.80 gouge zone					
44.83	46.33	1.50	GOUGE ZONE, graphitic -- driller could not get through.					
	46.33		TOTAL DEPTH, hole abandoned					

Area: Trout Lake, BC	Bearing: 275°	Date Started: July 30 87	Hole: WINS #6
Latitude: 104N, 31E	Inclination @ collar -80°	Date Completed: July 31 87	Core Size: BQ
Departure:	Inclination @ 39.62 m -80°	Core Storage: on site	Total Length: 41.15 m
Elevation: +37 m	Contractor: White Rock Drilling		Logged by: R. Chisholm

FROM (m)	TO (m)	INTER (m)	LITHOLOGY	REC (%)	FROM (m)	TO (m)	INTER (m)	Au ppb
0.00	2.44	2.44	OVERBURDEN					
2.44	3.60	1.16	ARGILLITE, black, graphitic					
3.60	6.40	2.80	Mixed laminated grey Siltstone and black graphitic Argillite 50/50 with 20% limonitic weathering layers which give weak positive HCl test.					
6.40	9.60	3.20	ARGILLITE, black, graphitic; 35% grey siltstone, contorted.					
9.60	10.33	0.73	LIMESTONE, lt. grey, impure, massive					
10.33	29.28	18.95	ARGILLITE, black, graphitic; 40% grey siltstone, contorted.	100	28.43	29.28	0.85	8
20.28	29.59	0.31	QUARTZ VEIN, white to orange; 10% siltstone fragments with blebs & stringers of Py in siltstone to 5% total volume; minor vugs to 3 mm; crackled at -65° with limonite staining.	100	29.28	29.59	0.31	1400
29.59	31.09	1.50	* * * no recovery * * *					
31.09	33.54	2.45	QUARTZ, white, opaque; often crackled with fractures filled with limonite; minor siderate splotches; minor vugginess up to 1.5 cm; pyrite along "siltstone" stringer.		31.09	32.09	1.00	1000
			32.00-32.22 limonite fracture		32.09	33.54	1.45	480
			32.20-32.50 -80° to '85° with associated crackle zone					
			32.87-33.06 brecciated, resealed by limonite					
33.54	34.14	0.60	* * * no recovery * * *					
34.14	34.90	0.76	QUARTZ VEIN, as 31.09-33.54 m		34.14	34.90	0.76	762
			34.44-34.52 fragment of siltstone with 15% Py blebs, -50°					
34.90	36.15	1.25	Band of yellow to cream Iron Carbonate, partially weathered to limonite, 10-15% quartz veining.	100	34.90	36.15	1.25	1460
			36.00-36.05 siltstone fragment with 15% blebs Py, -55°					
36.15	37.35	1.20	QUARTZ, white; limonitic crackles, 5-10% siltstone frags containing 10% Py blebs; crackles filled with limonite or iron carb -45° to -60°; total 10% iron carb; lower 15 cm badly broken.	100	36.15	37.35	1.20	404
37.35	39.50	2.15	* * * no recovery * * *					
39.50	40.23	0.73	QUARTZ, white, minor fine limonitic crackles, very barren looking.	100	39.50	40.23	0.73	11
40.23			TOTAL DEPTH					
			Driller advanced to 41.15 m in "sand" section but could not make headway; very spongy - probably gouge zone in argillite; core barrel cut in half by fragments falling down hole. Core barrel, reaming shell, and bit left in hole.					

Area: Trout Lake, BC	Bearing: 275°	Date Started: Aug. 01 87	Hole: WINS #7
Latitude: 283N, 40E	Inclination @ collar -60°	Date Completed: Aug. 03 87	Core Size: BQ
Departure: +135 m	Inclination @ _____ m	Core Storage: on site	Total Length: 49.99 m
Elevation: +135 m	Contractor: White Rock Drilling		Logged by: R. Chisholm

FROM (m)	TO (m)	INTER (m)	LITHOLOGY	REC (%)	FROM (m)	TO (m)	INTER (m)	Au ppb
0.00	1.52	1.52	OVERBURDEN					
1.52	33.45	31.93	SILTSTONE, lt.grey, green; arenaceous; well laminated with 5% graphitic argillite bands <5 cm thick, cut by numerous pinkish orange quartz veins and veinlets; rock has been bleached to lt.green and pink colours in a blotchy and irregular manner.					
	2.88- 3.20		pink qtz vein, irregular, vuggy -65°					
	4.72- 4.84		pink qtz vein, irregular, vuggy, chloritic spots -40°					
	6.21- 6.33		pink-orange qtz vein, limonitic fractures -35°					
	13.11-15.27		pink to orange qtz vein, some limonitic fractures, -30°, trace carb veining, incorporates 30% host rock	100	13.11	14.11	1.00	3
	15.91-17.37		irregular veining as above	62	14.11	15.27	1.16	4
	26.08-26.26		pink quartz vein ~-60°		15.91	17.37	1.46	3
	27.54-27.81		pink vein -30°					
	28.67-29.10		orange veining -55°					
	30.28-30.56		orange veining -33°					
	32.83-33.45		orange limonitic fracture -35°	70	32.83	33.45	0.82	5
33.45	47.15	13.70	SILTSTONE, lt.grey to black, laminated; similar to lt.grye siltstone but 30% graphitic laminations and disseminations.					
	33.83-34.27		white qtz vein, 20% host fragments, irreg contacts		33.70	34.27	0.57	5
	35.80-36.26		irregular veining, slightly vuggy					
	36.79-36.88		white opaque quartz -25°					
	42.07-42.64		white opaque quartz vein, few limonitic fractures, trace yellow carbonate, slightly vuggy	100	42.07	42.64	0.57	10
47.15	49.99	2.84	SCHIST, graphitic, almost solid graphite.	25				
	49.99		TOTAL DEPTH; could not drill further, water will not flush cuttings, core barrel finished, reaming shell, etc. Hole abandoned. Casing left in hole.					

BARRINGER MAGENTA
Laboratories (Alberta) Ltd.

4200B - 10 STREET N.E., CALGARY, ALBERTA, CANADA T2E 6K3
PHONE: (403) 250-1901

AUTHORITY: R. CHISOLM

TAIGA CONSULTANTS LTD.
100, 1300 - 8 STREET S.W.
CALGARY, ALBERTA T2R 1B2

ATTN: R. ALLEN

GEOCHEMICAL LABORATORY REPORT

SAMPLE TYPE: DRILL CORE

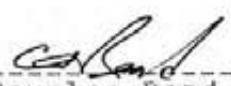
FIRE ASSAY

AU

PPB

SAMPLE NUMBER	PPB
WINS 4:49.93-50.93	3.0
WINS 4:50.93-51.93	100.0
WINS 4:51.93-52.93	72.0
WINS 4:52.93-53.93	740.0
WINS 4:53.93-54.93	1500.0
WINS 4:54.93-55.93	236.0
WINS 4:55.93-56.93	39.0
WINS 4:56.93-57.93	154.0
WINS 4:57.93-58.93	90.0
WINS 4:58.93-59.93	80.0
WINS 4:59.93-60.93	625.0
WINS 4:60.93-61.93	101.0
WINS 4:61.93-62.93	63.0
WINS 4:62.93-63.80	36.0

SIGNED: _____


C. Douglas Read,
LABORATORY MANAGER

BARRINGER
Laboratories (NWT) Ltd.

P.O. BOX 864, YELLOWKNIFE, NWT, CANADA X1A 2N6
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06-JUL-87

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PROJECT: BC-83-10

WORK ORDER: 4224D-87

*** FINAL REPORT ***

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PROJECT: BC-83-10

WORK ORDER: 4217D-87

*** FINAL REPORT ***

GEOCHEMICAL LABORATORY REPORT

SAMPLE TYPE: DRILL CORE

FIRE ASSAY

SAMPLE NUMBER	AU PPB
WINS 1:43.29-43.72	10.0
WINS 1:43.72-44.70	3.0
WINS 1:44.70-45.70	470.0
WINS 1:45.70-46.42	6000.0
WINS 1:46.42-47.09	MS
WINS 1:47.09-48.17	280.0
WINS 1:48.17-48.46	576.0
WINS 1:48.46-50.00	15.0
WINS 1:50.00-50.82	94.0
WINS 1:50.82-51.82	126.0
WINS 1:51.82-52.38	1360.0
WINS 1:52.38-53.38	4.0
WINS 1:59.96-61.10	3.0
WINS 2:46.05-47.05	3.0
WINS 2:47.05-48.05	5.0
WINS 2:48.05-49.05	7.0
WINS 2:49.05-50.05	5.0
WINS 2:50.05-50.90	1600.0
WINS 2:50.90-52.43	52.0
WINS 2:52.43-53.43	2.0

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SIGNED: _____

C. Douglas Read
C. Douglas Read,
LABORATORY MANAGER

CC's TO:
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R. CHISOLM

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GEOCHEMICAL LABORATORY REPORT

SAMPLE TYPE: DRILL CORE

FIRE ASSAY

AU

PPB

SAMPLE NUMBER	AU PPB
WINS 6:28.43-29.28	8.0
WINS 6:29.28-29.59	1400.0
WINS 6:31.09-32.09	1000.0
WINS 6:32.09-33.54	480.0
WINS 6:34.14-34.90	762.0
WINS 6:34.90-36.15	1460.0
WINS 6:36.15-37.35	404.0
WINS 6:39.35-40.23	11.0
WINS 1:61.45-62.30	6.0
WINS 2:27.13-28.10	3.0
WINS 3:28.75-29.75	12.0
WINS 3:29.75-30.90	15.0
WINS 3:34.87-35.62	2.0
WINS 3:37.02-37.44	4.0
WINS 3:37.80-38.87	2.0
WINS 3:38.87-39.95	3.0
WINS 3:42.10-42.52	4.0
WINS 3:67.57-68.30	116.0
WINS 3:77.90-79.90	228.0
WINS 4:31.46-32.14	8.0
WINS 4:34.51-35.10	3.0
WINS 4:63.80-64.80	5.0
WINS 7:13.11-14.11	3.0
WINS 7:14.11-15.27	4.0
WINS 7:15.91-17.37	3.0
WINS 7:32.83-33.45	5.0
WINS 7:33.70-34.27	5.0
WINS 7:42.07-42.64	10.0

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PROJECT: BC-83-10

WORK ORDER: 4233D-87

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PROJECT: BC-83-10

WORK ORDER: 4233D-87

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C. Douglas Read,
LABORATORY MANAGER

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GEOCHEMICAL LABORATORY REPORT

SAMPLE TYPE: ROCK

FIRE ASSAY

S A M P L E N U M B E R		AU
		PPB
CRBC10:	120	680.0
CRBC10:	121	200.0

SIGNED: _____


C. Douglas Read,
LABORATORY MANAGER

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PROJECT: BC-83-10

WORK ORDER: 4357D-87

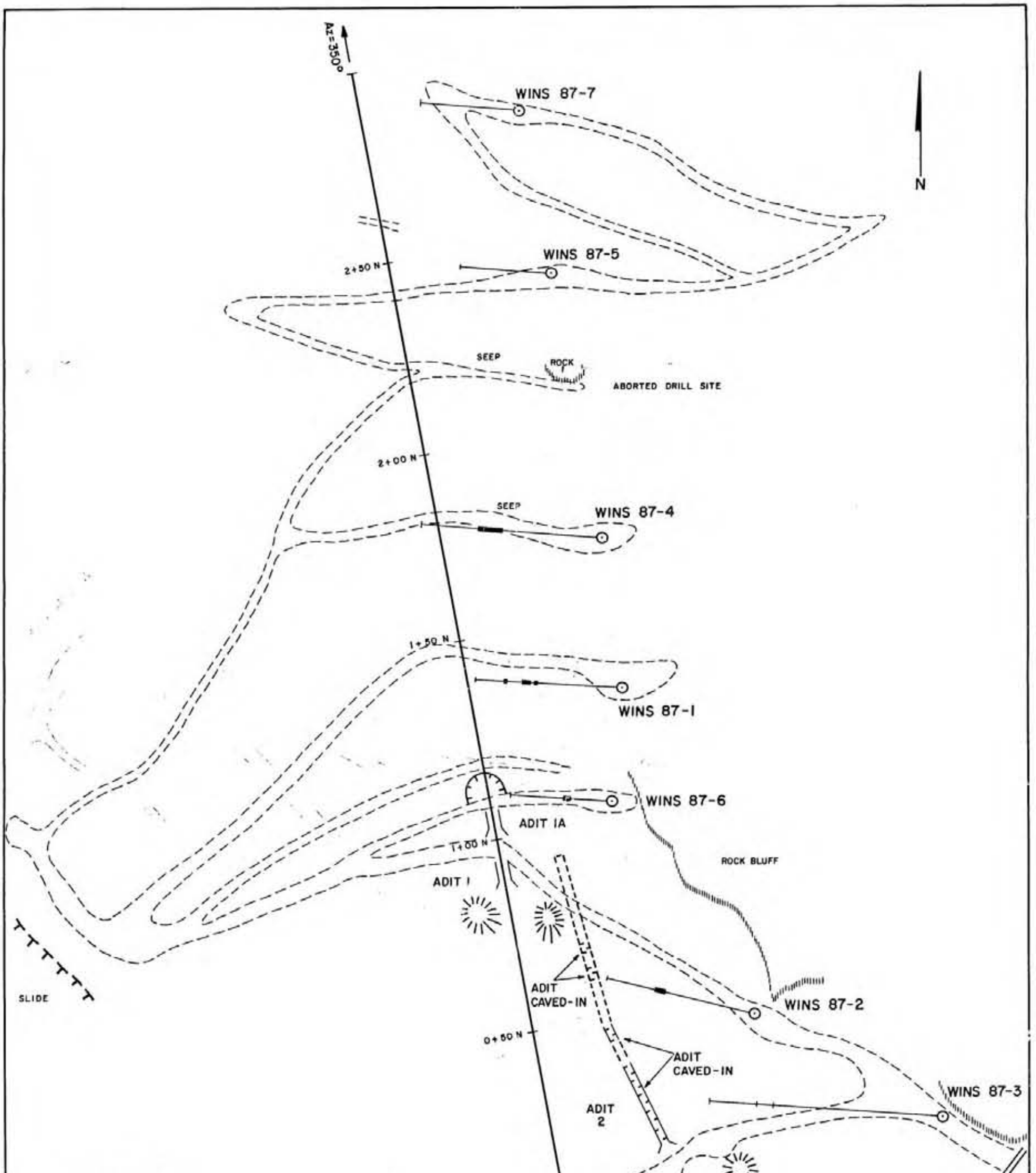
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RECEIVED NOV 25 1987

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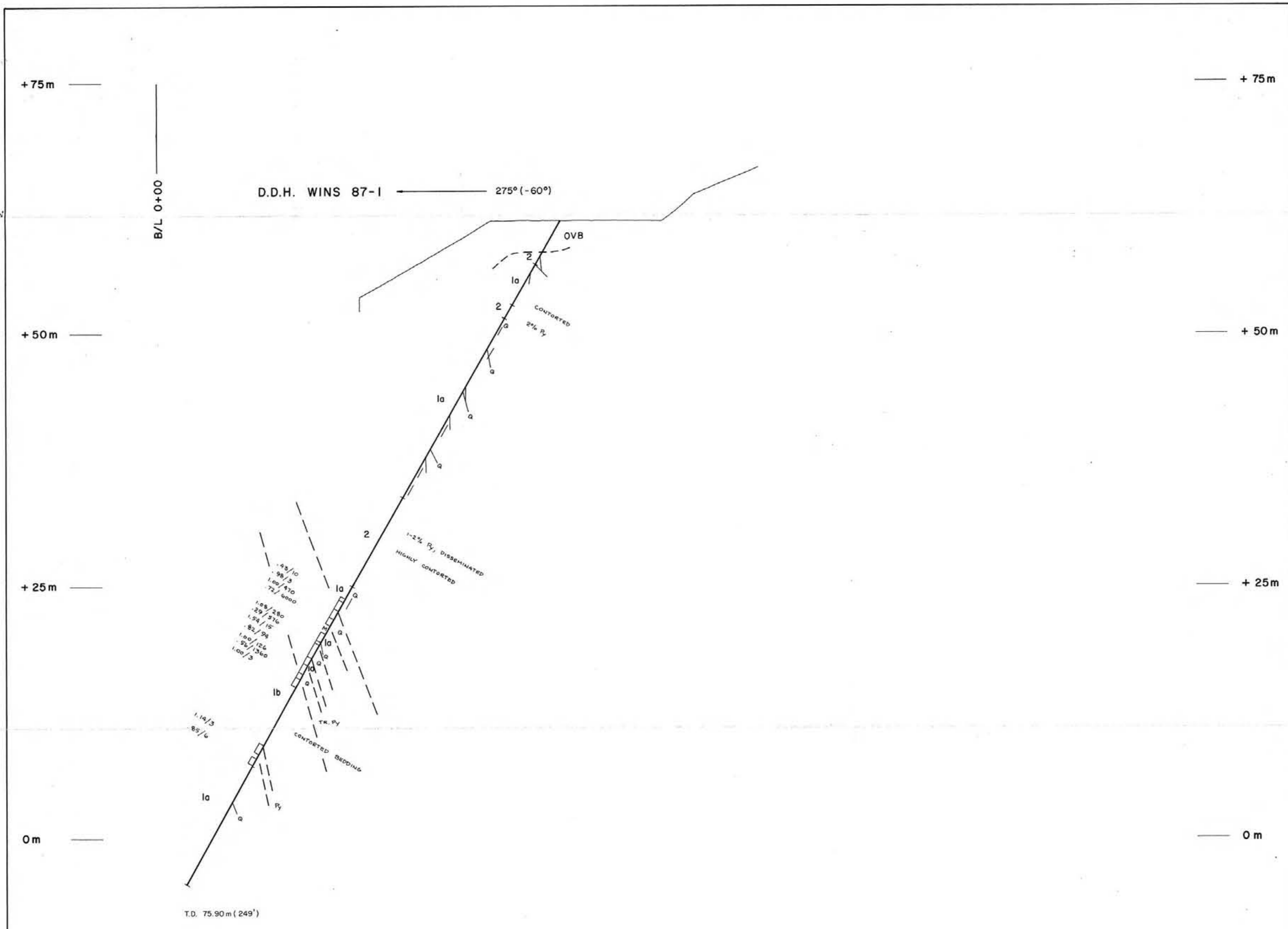


- LEGEND**
- WINS 87-2 DRILL HOLE (IN PLAN VIEW)
 - WINSLOW VEIN INTERSECTION (IN PLAN VIEW)
 - ENTRANCE TO ADIT
 - ADIT OUTLINE (IN PLAN VIEW)
 - UNDERGROUND WORKINGS CAVED-IN
 - WASTE PILE
 - DRILL ROAD
 - ROCK BLUFF

Note - 0+00 AT MILL ARBITRARILY SET AT 0m

17,227

WINSLOW GOLD CORP.	
WINSLOW GROUP CLAIMS TROUT LAKE, B.C.	
LOCATION MAP 1987 DRILLING PROGRAM	
DATE NOV. 1987	NTS 82 K/11
PROJECT BC-83-10	MAPPED/ DRAWN BY R.CHISHOLM
SCALE 1:1000	0 10 20 30 40m
TAIGA CONSULTANTS LTD.	MAP 1



LEGEND

- OVB Overburden
- 1a Grey Siltstone
- b Pink Siliceous Siltstone
- 2 Graphitic Argillite
- 3 Argillaceous Sandstone
- 4 Grey Argillaceous Limestone
- Q Quartz - Siderite Vein
- G Gouge Zone
- Lithological Boundary
- 1.00/0.72g/t Brecciated Quartz cemented by coarse grained Siderite
- Core Angle for Laminations, Foliation
- Attitude of Quartz, Siderite Veins
- Attitude of Limonite Filled Fractures
- M Missing Core
- Py Accessory Pyrite
- Sph Sphalerite
- Br Brecciated

GEOLOGICAL BRANCH
ASSESSMENT REPORT

17,227

WINSLOW GOLD CORP.	
WINSLOW GROUP CLAIMS TROUT LAKE, B.C.	
DRILL SECTION D.D.H. WINS 87-1	
DATE NOV 1987	NTS 82 K/11
PROJECT BC-83-10	MAPPED/DRAWN BY R. CHISHOLM
SCALE 1:250	0 5 10m
TAIGA CONSULTANTS LTD. MAP	

B/L 0+00

+25m

+25m

D.D.H. WINS 87-2 ← 285° (-60°)

0m

0m

-25m

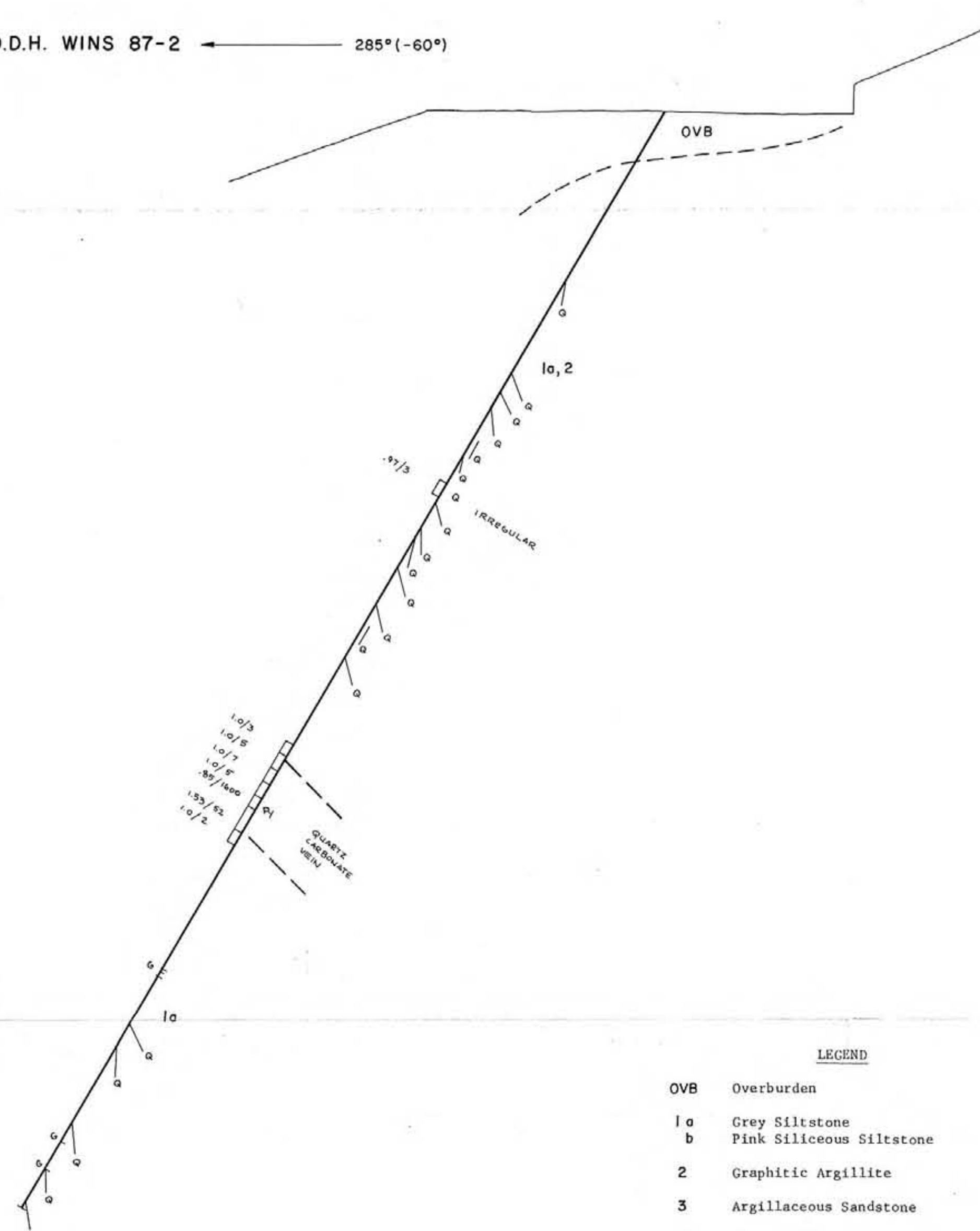
-25m

-50m

-50m

-75m

T.D. 79.86m (262')



LEGEND

- OVB Overburden
- 1a Grey Siltstone
- b Pink Siliceous Siltstone
- 2 Graphitic Argillite
- 3 Argillaceous Sandstone
- 4 Grey Argillaceous Limestone
- Q Quartz - Siderite Vein
- G Gouge Zone
- Lithological Boundary
- Sample Interval (width in metres/Au in ppb)
- Brecciated Quartz cemented by coarse grained Siderite
- Core Angle for Laminations, Foliation
- Attitude of Quartz, Siderite Veins
- Attitude of Limonite Filled Fractures
- M Missing Core
- Py Accessory Pyrite
- Sph Sphalerite
- Br Brecciated

GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

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WINSLOW GOLD CORP	
WINSLOW GROUP CLAIMS TROUT LAKE, B.C.	
DRILL SECTION D.D.H. WINS 87-2	
DATE NOV. 1987	NTS 82 K/11
PROJECT BC-83-10	MAPPED/DRAWN BY R. CHISHOLM
SCALE 1:250	0 5 10m
TAIGA CONSULTANTS LTD. MAP	

B/L 0+00

D.D.H. WINS 87-3 ← 275° (-50°)

0m

0m

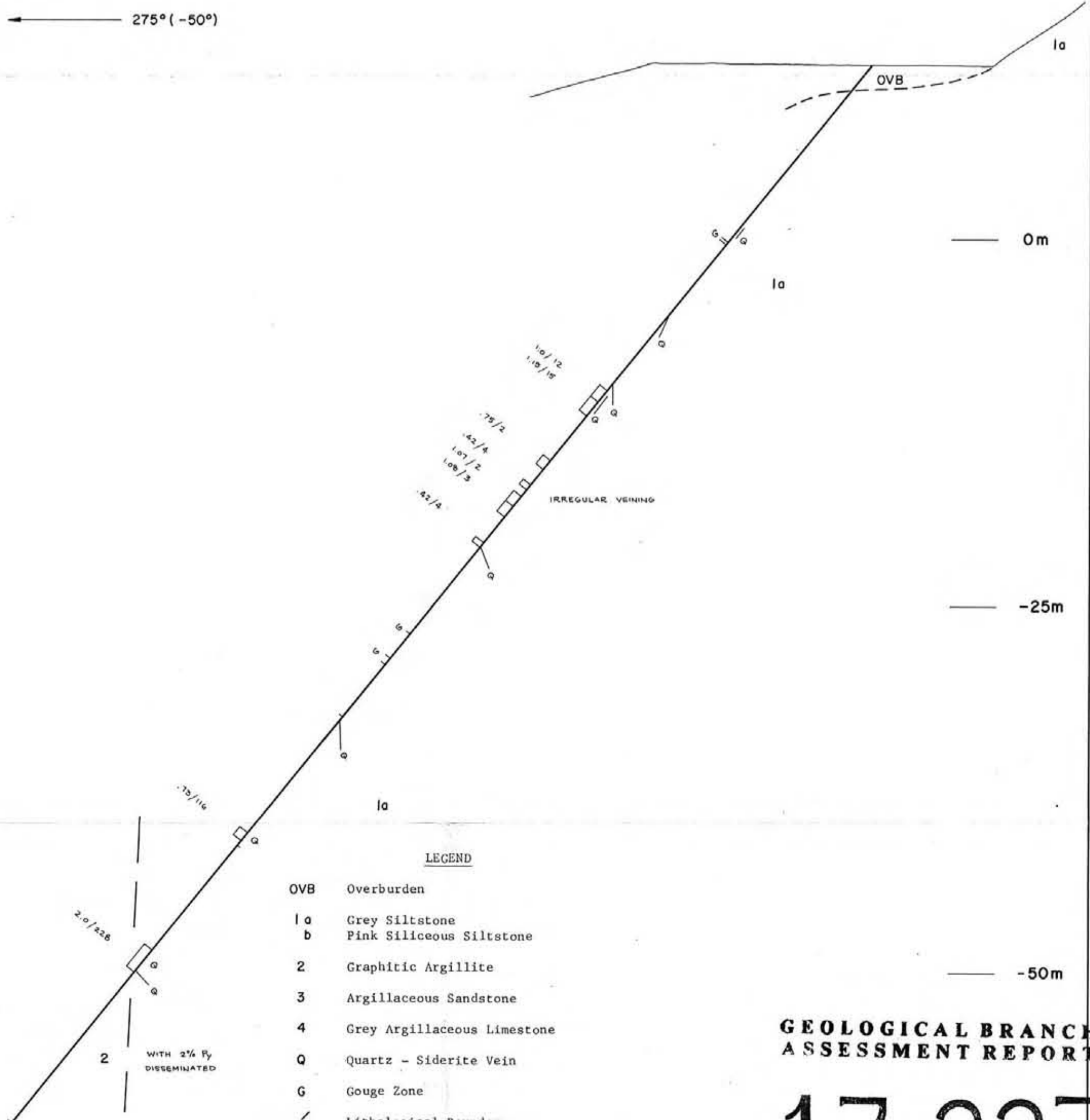
-25m

-25m

-50m

-50m

-75m



T.D. 93.27m (306')
HOLE ABANDONED IN GRAPHITIC GOUGE ZONE

LEGEND

- OVB Overburden
- Ia Grey Siltstone
- b Pink Siliceous Siltstone
- 2 Graphitic Argillite
- 3 Argillaceous Sandstone
- 4 Grey Argillaceous Limestone
- Q Quartz - Siderite Vein
- G Gouge Zone
- Lithological Boundary
- 100/470
0.72/6000 Sample Interval (width in metres/Au in ppb)
- Brecciated Quartz reconcemented by coarse grained Siderite
- Core Angle for Laminations, Foliation
- Attitude of Quartz, Siderite Veins
- Attitude of Limonite Filled Fractures
- M Missing Core
- Py Accessory Pyrite
- Sph Sphalerite
- Br Brecciated

GEOLOGICAL BRANCH
ASSESSMENT REPORT

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WINSLOW GOLD CORP	
WINSLOW GROUP CLAIMS TROUT LAKE, B.C.	
DRILL SECTION D.D.H. WINS 87-3	
DATE NOV 1987	NTS 82 K/II
PROJECT BC-85-10	MAPPER DRAWN BY R. CHISHOLM
SCALE 1:250	0 5 10m
TAIGA CONSULTANTS LTD. MAP	

B/L 0+00

D.D.H. WINS 87-4 ← 275° (-60°)

+75m

+75m

+50m

+50m

+25m

+25m

0m

T.D. 91.75m (301')

- LEGEND
- OVB Overburden
 - 1a Grey Siltstone
 - b Pink Siliceous Siltstone
 - 2 Graphitic Argillite
 - 3 Argillaceous Sandstone
 - 4 Grey Argillaceous Limestone
 - Q Quartz - Siderite Vein
 - G Gouge Zone
 - Lithological Boundary
 - $\frac{100/470}{0.72/6000}$ Sample Interval (width in metres/Au in ppb)
 - $\frac{100/470}{0.72/6000}$ Brecciated Quartz cemented by coarse grained Siderite
 - $\frac{100/470}{0.72/6000}$ Core Angle for Laminations, Foliation
 - $\frac{100/470}{0.72/6000}$ Attitude of Quartz, Siderite Veins
 - $\frac{100/470}{0.72/6000}$ Attitude of Limonite Filled Fractures
 - M Missing Core
 - Py Accessory Pyrite
 - Sph Sphalerite
 - Br Brecciated

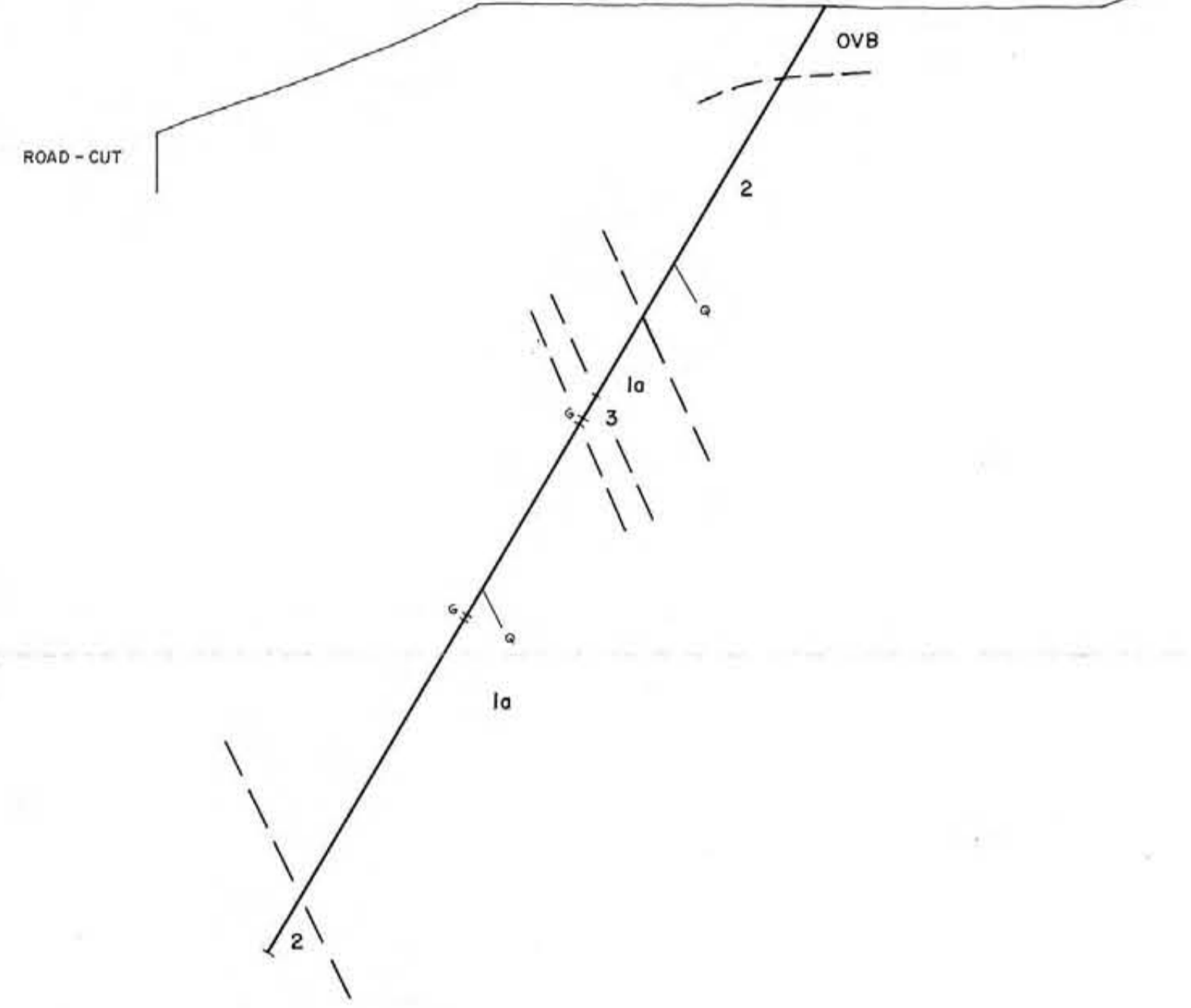
GEOLOGICAL BRANCH
ASSESSMENT REPORT

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WINSLOW GOLD CORP.	
WINSLOW GROUP CLAIMS TROUT LAKE, B.C.	
DRILL SECTION D.D.H. WINS 87-4	
DATE NOV. 1987	NTS 82 K/11
PROJECT BC-83-10	MAPPED/DRAWN BY R. CHISHOLM
SCALE 1:250	0 5 10m
TAIGA CONSULTANTS LTD. MAP	

B/L 0+00

D.D.H. WINS 87-5 ← 275°(-60°)



+ 100m

+ 100m

+ 75m

+ 75m

+ 50m

+ 50m

T.D. 47.55 m (156')
HOLE ABANDONED IN GRAPHITIC GOUGE ZONE

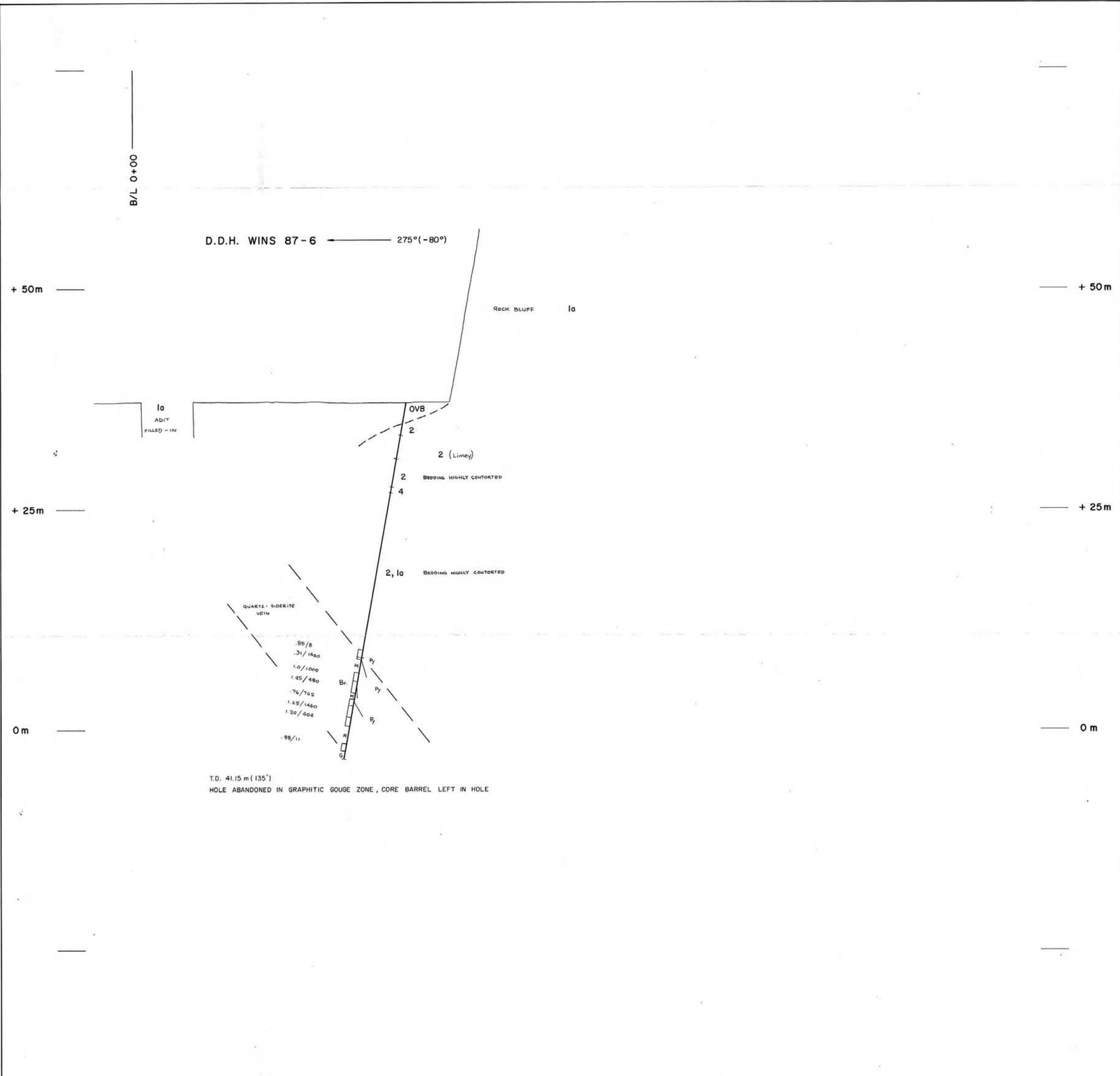
LEGEND

- OVB - Overburden
- 1a Grey Siltstone
- b Pink Siliceous Siltstone
- 2 Graphitic Argillite
- 3 Argillaceous Sandstone
- 4 Grey Argillaceous Limestone
- Q Quartz - Siderite Vein
- G Gouge Zone
- Lithological Boundary
- Sample Interval (width in metres/Au in ppb)
- Brecciated Quartz cemented by coarse grained Siderite
- Core Angle for Laminations, Foliation
- Attitude of Quartz, Siderite Veins
- Attitude of Limonite Filled Fractures
- M Missing Core
- Py Accessory Pyrite
- Sph Sphalerite
- Br Brecciated

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WINSLOW GOLD CORP.			
WINSLOW GROUP CLAIMS TROUT LAKE, B.C.			
DRILL SECTION D.D.H. WINS 87-5			
DATE	NOV. 1987	NTS	82 K/11
PROJECT	BC-83-10	MAPPED/DRAWN	BY R. CHISHOLM
SCALE	1:250	0	5 10m
TAIGA CONSULTANTS LTD. MAP			

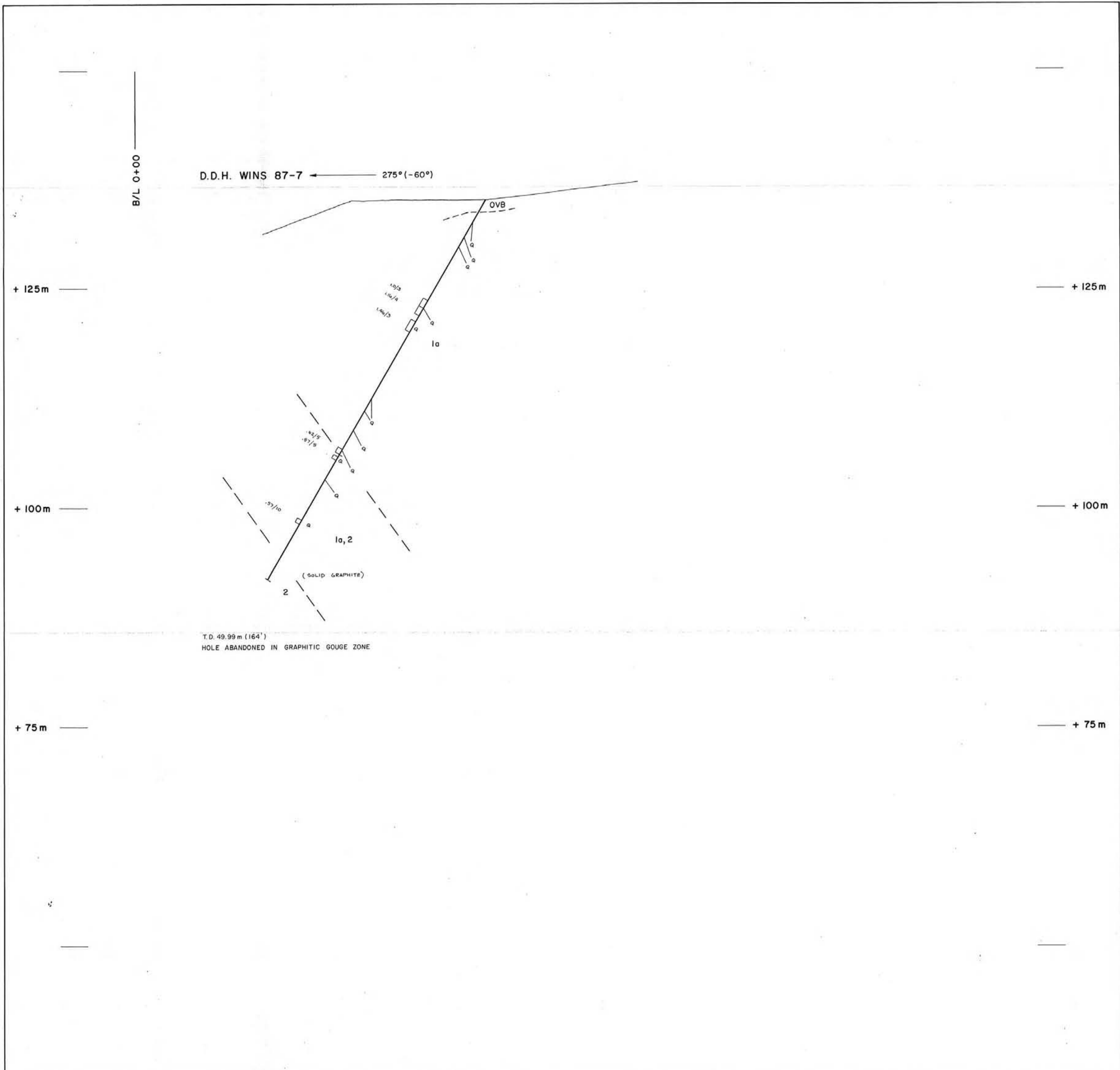


- LEGEND**
- OVB Overburden
 - 1a Grey Siltstone
 - b Pink Siliceous Siltstone
 - 2 Graphitic Argillite
 - 3 Argillaceous Sandstone
 - 4 Grey Argillaceous Limestone
 - G Quartz - Siderite Vein
 - Gouge Zone
 - Lithological Boundary
 - Sample Interval (width in metres/Au in ppb)
 - Brecciated Quartz cemented by coarse grained Siderite
 - Core Angle for Laminations, Foliation
 - Attitude of Quartz, Siderite Veins
 - Attitude of Limonite Filled Fractures
 - M Missing Core
 - Py Accessory Pyrite
 - Sph Sphalerite
 - Br Brecciated

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WINSLOW GOLD CORP.	
WINSLOW GROUP CLAIMS TROUT LAKE, B.C.	
DRILL SECTION D.D.H. WINS 87-6	
DATE NOV. 1987	NTS 82 K/11
PROJECT BC-83-10	DRAWN BY R. CHISHOLM
SCALE 1:250	0 5 10m
TAIGA CONSULTANTS LTD. MAP	



D.D.H. WINS 87-7 ← 275° (-60°)

T.D. 49.99 m (164')
HOLE ABANDONED IN GRAPHITIC GOUGE ZONE

LEGEND

- OVB Overburden
- 1a Grey Siltstone
- b Pink Siliceous Siltstone
- 2 Graphitic Argillite
- 3 Argillaceous Sandstone
- 4 Grey Argillaceous Limestone
- Q Quartz - Siderite Vein
- G Gouge Zone
- Lithological Boundary
- 1.00/470
0.72/6000 Sample Interval (width in metres/Au in ppb)
- Brecciated Quartz cemented by coarse grained Siderite
- Core Angle for Laminations, Foliation
- Attitude of Quartz, Siderite Veins
- Attitude of Limonite Filled Fractures
- M Missing Core
- Py Accessory Pyrite
- Sph Sphalerite
- Br Brecciated

GEOLOGICAL BRANCH
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WINSLOW GOLD CORP.	
WINSLOW GROUP CLAIMS TROUT LAKE, B.C.	
DRILL SECTION D.D.H. WINS 87-7	
DATE NOV. 1987	NTS 82 K/11
PROJECT BC-83-10	MAPPED BY R. CHISHOLM
SCALE 1:250	0 5 10m
TAIGA CONSULTANTS LTD. MAP	