

ARIS SUMMARY SHEET

District Geologist, Prince George

Off Confidential: 89.09.09

ASSESSMENT REPORT 18081

MINING DIVISION: Clinton

PROPERTY: Newton  
LOCATION: LAT 51 48 00 LONG 123 37 00  
UTM 10 5738755 457475  
NTS 092013E

CLAIM(S): Newton 1  
OPERATOR(S): Durfeld, R.M.  
AUTHOR(S): Durfeld, R.M.  
REPORT YEAR: 1988, 26 Pages

COMMODITIES

SEARCHED FOR: Gold, Copper

GEOLOGICAL

SUMMARY: Middle Jurassic intrusives and volcanics and Upper Cretaceous clastics are intruded by felsic rocks of Eocene age. The economic potential for this area is gold-copper mineralization associated with the felsic intrusives and hydrothermal alteration.

WORK

DONE: Geochemical  
ROCK 5 sample(s) ;AU,AG,AS,CU,PB,ZN,SB,HG  
SAMP 129 sample(s) ;AU,AG,AS,CU,PB,ZN,SB,HG  
SOIL 82 sample(s) ;AU,AG,AS,CU,PB,ZN,SB,HG

LOG NO: 1212	RD.
ACTION:	
26 p	
FILE NO:	

GEOCHEMICAL AND GEOLOGICAL REPORT  
ON THE NEWTON MINERAL CLAIMS  
CLINTON MINING DIVISION, BRITISH COLUMBIA



NTS 920/13E

51° 48' north latitude

123° 37' west longitude

By

R.M. Durfeld

Durfeld Geological Management Ltd.  
180 Yorston Street  
Williams Lake, B.C. V2G 3Z1

November 1988

GEOLOGICAL BRANCH  
ASSESSMENT REPORT

18-081

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- Diamond Drill Logs and Core Analyses Results ✓

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- Geochemical Soil Sample Results ✓
- Analytical Procedures ✓

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- Figure 1 - NEWTON Property Location Map (1:250,000) ✓
- Figure 2 - NEWTON Property Claim Map (1:50,000)
- Figure 3 - NEWTON Property Geochemical Maps (1:10,000) ✓
  - 3a) Silver/Gold ✓
  - 3b) Arsenic/Mercury ✓
  - 3c) Copper/Antimony ✓

A.) INTRODUCTION

1) Location

The NEWTON property is located (Figure 1) in the Clinton Mining Division, British Columbia, 37 kilometres west-southwest of the community of Hanceville and 105 kilometres west-southwest of the City of Williams Lake. More precisely, it is located at 51 degrees 48 minutes north latitude and 123 degrees 37 minutes west longitude. (National Topographic System Map 920/13E)

2) Access and Physiography

The NEWTON property is readily accessible from Williams Lake via paved highway to the community of Hanceville from where the Taseko Lake access road branches off to the southwest. At approximately 50 kilometres a 4-wheel drive trail, to Scum Lake, branches to the northwest and after 7 kilometres bisects the NEWTON Property.

The physiography of the NEWTON property is dominated by Newton Hill, a circular hill which protrudes 150 metres from the surrounding landscape of the Fraser Plateau and can be seen from miles around. The elevations on the NEWTON property vary from 1200 to 1360 metres (3950 to 4466 feet) above sea level.

The vegetation on the NEWTON property is characterized by mature open pine and poplar forests with undergrowths of sparse grasses throughout and alders in the lower swampy areas.

3) Ownership

The NEWTON property consists of 3 modified grid mineral claims comprised of 44 claim units. (Figure 2) The current status of these claims is summarized as:

Claim Name	Number of Units	Record Number	Record Date
NEWTON I	20	2408	Sept. 14, 1987
NEWTON II	12	2774	Oct. 09, 1988
NEWTON III	12	2775	Oct. 11, 1988

The above claims are held under option by REA GOLD Corporation from R.M. Durfeld, the original owner of the claims.

4) Previous Work

The 1916 British Columbia Department of Mines Report documents a Mr. Newton working on Newton hill and showing \$1 to \$3 per ton gold (up to .1 oz/ton). This work is still evidenced by pits and open cuts

440000mE

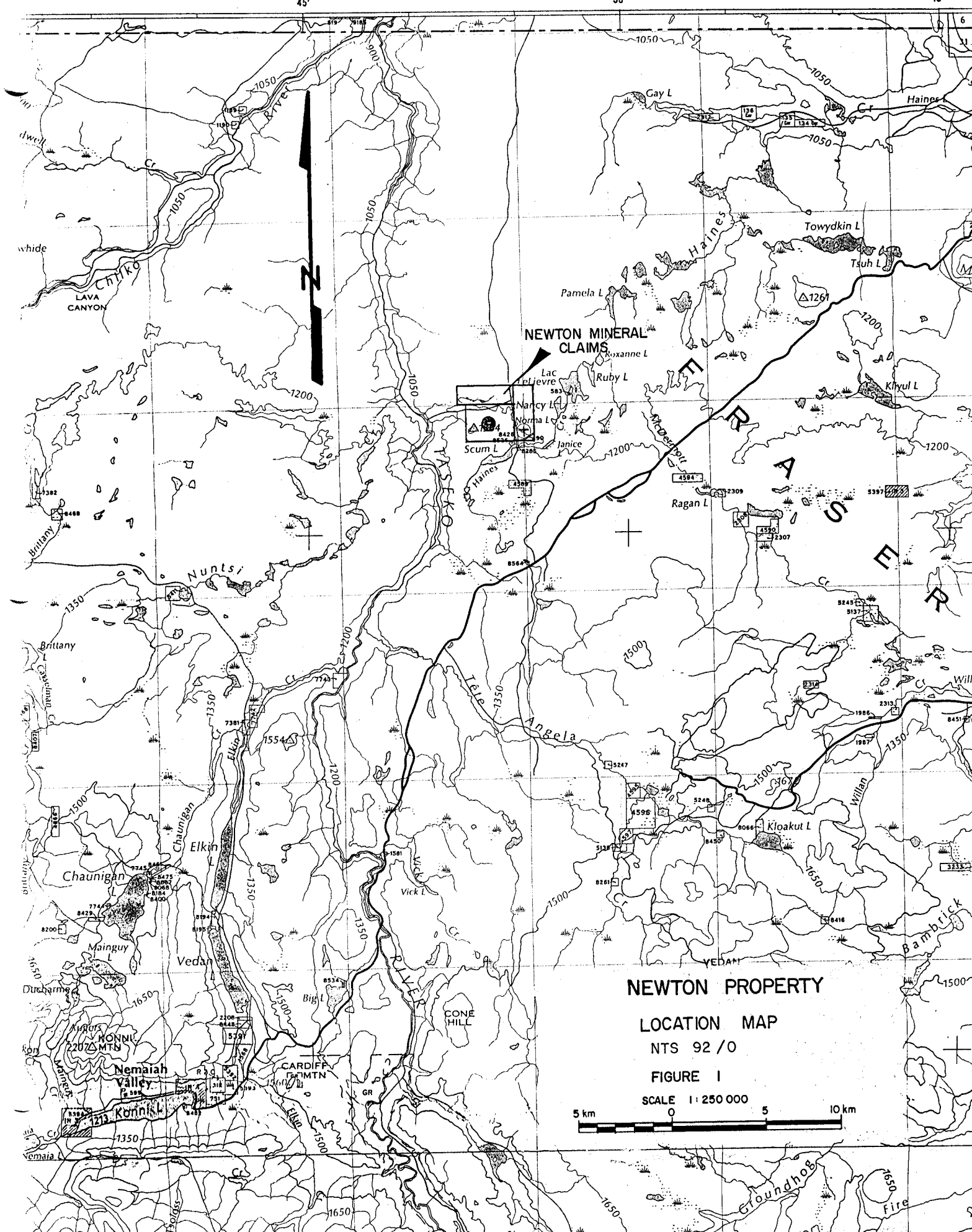
50

60

70

80

15'



**NEWTON MINERAL CLAIMS**

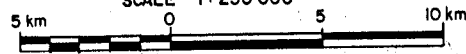
**NEWTON PROPERTY**

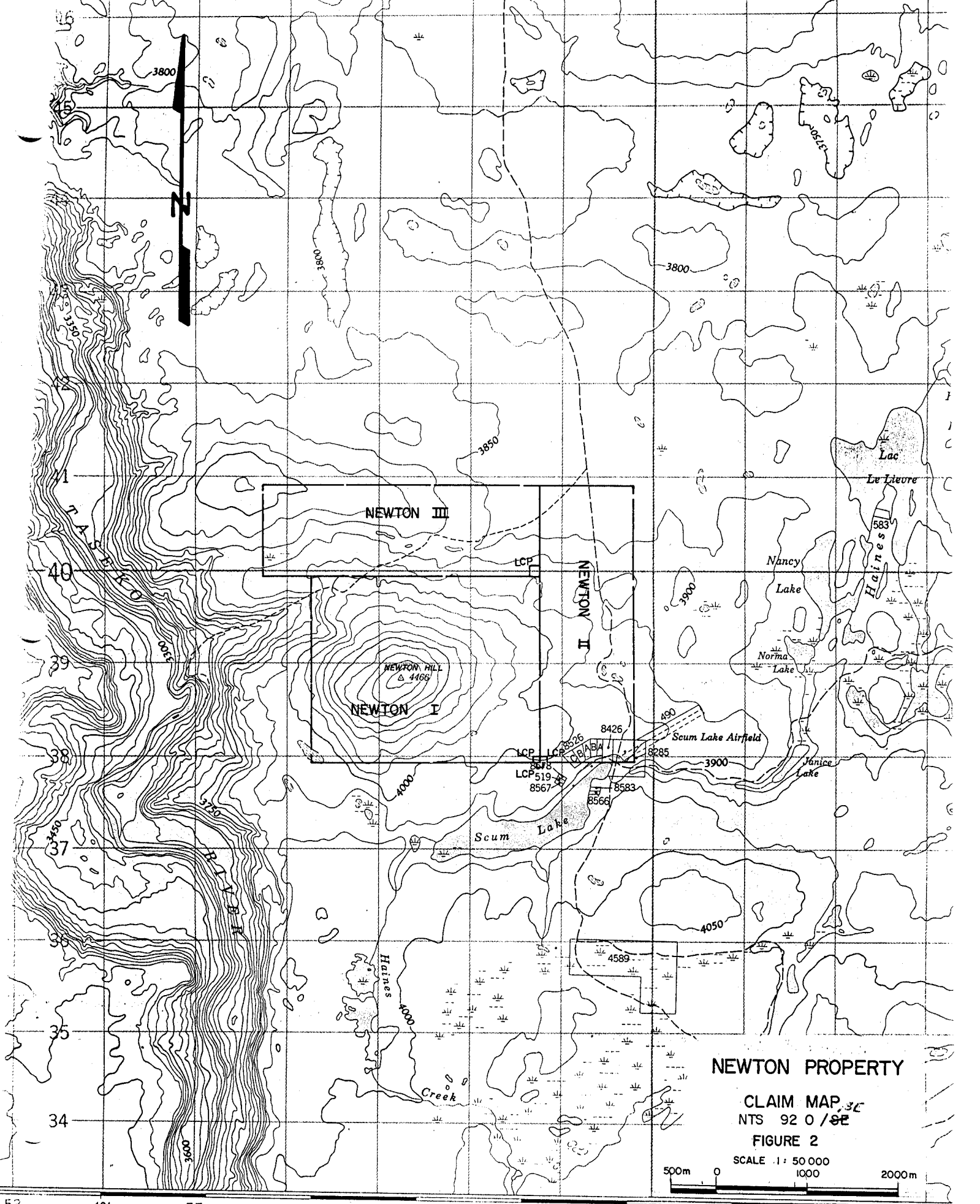
LOCATION MAP

NTS 92 / 0

FIGURE I

SCALE 1 : 250 000



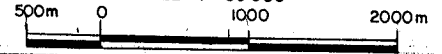


**NEWTON PROPERTY**

CLAIM MAP 3C  
 NTS 92 0 / 92

FIGURE 2

SCALE 1 : 50 000



Twin Lakes 45km

on the top of Newton hill.

In the early to mid 1970's the area of the Newton property was explored for its potential of hosting a porphyry copper-molybdenum deposit.

In 1981, Taseko Mines Limited acquired the SKI claims covering the NEWTON property and surrounding area and in 1982, conducted a program of percussion and diamond drilling that is documented as assessment report 11,001.

The central and eastern portions of the SKI property were subsequently permitted to lapse and were acquired by R.M. Durfeld as the NEWTON I to III mineral claims.

#### 5) Program

To evaluate the potential of the NEWTON property as a host for economic gold mineralization, eighty-two soil samples were collected on lines 500 metres apart at 50 metre intervals over the core of Newton hill and analyzed for gold and pathfinder elements.

In conjunction with the soil sampling, rock samples of limited surface outcroppings and incomplete diamond drill core samples from the 1972 programs were also collected and analyzed for gold and pathfinder elements.

The results of these preliminary surveys are documented in this report.

### B.) GEOLOGY

#### 1.) Regional Geology

The regional geology of the Scum Lake area is compiled by H.W. Tipper of the Geological Survey of Canada as 1978 O.F. 534. This mapping shows the NEWTON property as being underlain by Mid-Jurassic granodiorites and volcanics that were subsequently overlain by the Upper-Cretaceous Kingsvale clastic sediments. All of these lithologies were subsequently intruded by felsite, feldspar porphyry and biotite feldspar porphyry of Eocene Age. Away from Newton Hill much of the area is shown as being underlain by thick sections of Quaternary Age tills.

The economic mineral potential of the Newton property is as a gold deposit associated with the alteration and silicification system of the Eocene felsic intrusions.

#### 2.) NEWTON Property Geology

The limited surface mapping and drill core logging by the author shows the top of Newton Hill to be dominated by felsic volcanics.

The diamond drill core shows Eocene intrusive lithologies as biotite to hornblende granodiorites, diorite to quartz diorite and feldspar prophyry cutting fine grained sediments and lapilli tuff.

Hydrothermal alteration as variable sericite and argillization and silicification were noted throughout, in response to the younger intrusive activity. Intense sericitic, argillic and silicification alterations of the felsic volcanics were noted as the top of Newton Hill.

Mineralization on the NEWTON property is recognized as pyrite veins and disseminations throughout, often comprising greater than 10% of the total rock. Magnetite was generally noted in the intrusive lithologies. Chalcopyrite and molybdenite were noted on diamond drill core as isolated occurrences in quartz veins.

The attached diamond drill logs show the distribution of the observed lithologies, alteration and mineralization on the Newton property in greater detail.

#### C.) GEOCHEMICAL SURVEYS

*"B" horizon about 20 cm below surface*

To evaluate the mineral potential of the NEWTON property 5 rock, 129 drill core and 82 soil samples were collected and sent to MIN-EN Labs in Vancouver. MIN-EN Labs analyzed all the samples for gold and mercury by atomic absorption and silver, arsenic, copper, lead, antimony and zinc by multielement ICP. The results for the rock and soil sample sites are listed as appendix II and shown as figures 3a, 3b, and 3c of this report. The results for the diamond drill core analyses are listed with the diamond drill logs as Appendix I of this report.

#### Gold

Analyses of rock and core samples returned several sections of strongly anomalous gold values (up to 2.79 g/tonne) over 10 feet. The soil sampling also showed several anomalous (>50 ppb) sites, with values as high as 580 ppb.

#### Accessory Minerals

The highest gold values from diamond drill hole 479-72-6 show a strong correlation to the highest copper values. Isolated strongly anomalous mercury values were noted in soils but additional fill in sampling is necessary to define areas of interest. The sampling of altered rhyolite encountered in diamond drill hole 479-72-5 returned strongly anomalous mercury values (up to 6375 ppb).

Additional fill-in soil and rock sampling is necessary to better define the association of the anomalous accessory minerals with the anomalous gold sites.



## D.) CONCLUSIONS

The NEWTON property is underlain by Mid-Jurassic intrusive and volcanic lithologies and Upper Cretaceous sediments that were subsequently intruded by Eocene felsic intrusives. Hydrothermal alteration as sericitic, argillic and silicification are developed in response to the emplacement of the Eocene intrusives.


The economic mineral potential of the Newton property is to host economic epithermal gold silver mineralization developed in association with the emplacement of the Eocene intrusives.

The results of the geochemical surveys that are documented in this report show several areas anomalous in gold and pathfinder elements (silver, mercury, arsenic, copper). Additional fill-in sampling is necessary to define the extent of these anomalous zones.

## E.) COST STATEMENT

## TECHNICAL STAFF


GEOLOGIST - R. Durfeld		
4 day @ \$350		\$ 1,400.00
ASSISTANTS - C. Durfeld and R. Dubois		
8 days @ \$165		1,320.00
TRUCK RENTAL	3 days @ \$50	150.00
TRUCK FUEL		100.00
GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSES		
SOIL SAMPLES		1,479.00
CORE SAMPLES		1,548.00
REPORT	- compilation of data and drafting	500.00
TOTAL COST OF PROGRAM		<u>\$ 6,497.00</u>

  
 R.M. Durfeld, B.Sc.  
 (Geologist)

## F.) CERTIFICATE

I Rudolf M. Durfeld, do hereby certify:

- 1.) That I am a geologist with offices at 180 Vorston Street, Williams Lake, B.C.
- 2.) That I am a graduate of the University of British Columbia, B.Sc. Geology 1972, and have practiced my profession with various mining and/ or exploration companies and as an independent geologist consultant since graduation.
- 3.) That I am a Fellow of the Geological Association of Canada (Member No: F3025), and am a member of The British Columbia and Yukon Chamber of Mines and the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy.
- 4.) That this report is based on my personal knowledge of the property as geologist on the limited exploration program that was conducted on the NEWTON property during the period October 15th December 15, 1988.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
R.M. Durfeld, B.Sc.  
(Geologist)

APPENDIX I:

Diamond Drill Logs and Core Analyses Results

The existing full core was split in half, or  
the existing split core was quartered.

The core is stored at the old composite on the property.





DIAMOND DRILL HOLE NO. : 479-72-6  
 DATE DRILLED: 1972

Page 1 of 3  
 DATE LOGGED: November 27, 1987.

Certificate of ASSAY

Company:CYPRUS METALS  
 Project:  
 Attention:A.JACKSON  
 We hereby certify the following results for samples submitted.

File:7-2043/P1  
 Date:DEC 14/87  
 Type:ROCK ASSAY

FOOTAGE		LITOLGY	MODIFYING FEATURES	Sample Number	AU G/TONNE	AU OZ/TON	AG PPM	AS PPM	CU PPM	PB PPM	SB PPM	ZN PPM	HG PPB
FROM feet	TO feet												
0	37	Missing Core											
37	62	Oxidized and Altered Unknown	- milky beige to rusty brown in part crumbly - primary textures erased due to strong argillic alteration as mainly kaolinite, but may contain minor sericite - rusty veinlets at 40° to core axis due to weathered pyrite - minor quartz on fractures - 42 to 44 feet minor malachite on fractures	#6 37-42 #6 42-50 #6 50-62	.14 .18 .06	0.004 0.005 0.002	1.1 1.3 1.1	22 4 26	925 1344 557	6 17 12	5 4 9	19 37 12	105 35 35
62	84	Missing Core											
84	108	Oxidized and Altered Unknown	- 100 to 108 feet fault gouge - " " " minor relict feldspar phenocrysts - increase of silicification with depth	#6 84-90 #6 90-100 #6 100-108	.17 .16 .04	0.005 0.005 0.001	1.1 1.3 1.0	3 2 5	771 565 394	16 8 18	7 3 7	19 36 48	110 35 55
108	152	Missing Core											
152	250	Granodiorite	- irregular milky feldspar phenocrysts to 1 cm in a finer hornblende and felsic matrix - sections of crowded feldspar porphyry - moderate argillic alteration - weak propylitic alteration - 3 to 5% pyrite disseminated throughout - 171 and 186 feet - vuggy quartz bands to 5 cm thick - 212 to 214 feet silicious pyritized band - 200 to 240 feet weak magnetic - 240 to 268 feet moderate magnetic - 230 to 232 feet included fragments of banded grey sediment - 220 to 240 feet quartz-pyrite veins at 60° to core axis	#6 152-160 #6 160-170 #6 170-180 #6 180-190 #6 190-200 #6 200-210 #6 210-220 #6 220-230 #6 230-240 #6 240-250	.14 .27 .21 .13 .17 .23 .11 .08 .06 .11	0.004 0.008 0.006 0.004 0.005 0.007 0.003 0.002 0.002 0.003	1.1 1.2 1.5 1.3 1.9 1.5 1.2 1.2 1.6 2.1	6 10 25 6 15 6 11 10 8 18	316 614 348 319 154 390 153 189 232 180	16 14 12 16 45 22 15 16 19 27	6 3 4 6 4 8 4 7 5 21	89 87 106 90 218 111 115 130 199 123	20 15 20 240 20 15 10 15 10 335
250	270	Feldspar Porphyry	- strong calcite in altered shear zone	#6 250-260 #6 260-270	.11 2.30	0.003 0.067	1.6 2.7	9 24	249 955	36 20	5 5	91 87	160 85







DIAMOND DRILL HOLE NO. : 479-72-7  
 DATE DRILLED: 1972

Page 1 of 2  
 DATE LOGGED: December 1 and 4, 1987.

Certificate of ASSAY

Company:CYPRUS METALS  
 Project:  
 Attention:A.JACKSON  
 We hereby certify the following results for samples submitted.

File:7-2043/P1  
 Date:DEC 14/87  
 Type:ROCK ASSAY

FOOTAGE		LITOLGY	MODIFYING FEATURES	Sample Number	AU								
FROM feet	TO feet				G/TONNE	OZ/TON							
0	26	Missing Core											
26	40	Rubble	- non magnetic - non calcareous	#7 26-30 #7 30-40	.37 .18	0.011 0.005	1.3 .4	11 11	429 66	18 12	12 4	71 35	20 20
40	55	Quartz Diorite	- fine grained milky feldspars to 1mm in a fine dark grey felsic silicious matrix	#7 40-50 #7 50-60	.12 .05	0.004 0.001	.4 .6	9 3	62 34	15 12	4 3	40 38	15 10
55	80	Hornfels	- minor calcite on fractures - 80 feet pyrrhotite on vein	#7 60-70 #7 70-80	.04 .16	0.001 0.005	.9 .9	8 8	37 51	21 36	3 4	45 60	30 35
80	85	Quartz Diorite	- very fine grained	#7 80-90	.04	0.001	.9	7	35	21	3	86	770
85	91	Shear Zone	- leucocratic gouge with minor calcite										
91	147	Diorite	- very fine grained - minor quartz epidote veining - 2% disseminated pyrite - non magnetic - 132 to 135 shear zone	#7 90-100 #7 100-110 #7 110-120 #7 120-130 #7 130-140 #7 140-150	.12 .34 .07 .09 .18 .11	0.004 0.010 0.002 0.003 0.005 0.003	.8 .9 .6 .8 1.2 .9	8 7 5 9 6 11	45 70 38 56 72 95	31 34 22 24 21 36	4 3 5 6 4 4	84 87 41 46 82 103	470 35 25 20 30 30
147	154	Shear Zone	- argillic altered leucocratic gouge	#7 150-154	.13	0.004	2.0	13	111	33	6	247	135
154	225	Missing Core											
225	240	Hornfels	- minor calcite on fractures - moderate argillic alteration - good chalcedonic quartz and sections of strong silicification - 239 sphalerite on quartz vein - banded quartz pyrite veins	#7 225-230 #7 230-240	.19 .36	0.006 0.011	2.1 1.6	198 333	157 91	25 68	2 2	79 367	755 1260
240	270	Diorite	- as above - very fine grained - weak magnetic	#7 240-250 #7 250-260 #7 260-270	.02 .03 .08	0.001 0.001 0.002	.6 .4 .6	2 8 8	32 110 117	14 13 16	3 1 1	48 50 49	135 55 65
270	365	Hornfels	- dark grey to black - is a hornfelsed dark fine grained sediment - 10% pyrite disseminated and on veins - more leucocratic bands due to argillic alteration and quartz - 278 feet calcite gypsum vein	#7 270-280 #7 280-290 #7 290-300 #7 300-310 #7 310-320 #7 320-330 #7 330-340	.17 .06 .18 .09 .04 .02 .06	0.005 0.002 0.005 0.003 0.001 0.001 0.002	2.4 .9 .7 .9 1.1 .8 .6	19 10 16 7 4 9 10	122 129 142 76 63 82 146	56 43 21 17 26 23 25	2 3 2 3 2 4 3	60 66 55 49 106 66 61	30 25 320 30 25 25 15



APPENDIX II:

Geochemical Soil Sample Results  
Geochemical Analytical Procedures

PROJECT NO: SCUM LK, NEWTON I

705 WEST 15TH ST., NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C. V7M 1T2

FILE NO: 7-17018/P1+2

ATTENTION: RUDY DURFELD

(604)980-5814 OR (604)988-4524

\* TYPE SOIL GEOCHEM \* DATE: OCT 30, 1987

(VALUES IN PPM)	AG	AS	CU	PR	SE	ZN	HG-PPB	AU-PPB
SL 5N 0000E	.8	5	21	11	1	162	40	27
SL 5N 0050E	.6	10	29	18	2	83	15	4
SL 5N 0100E	.6	9	29	13	2	93	10	52
SL 5N 0150E	.7	7	34	10	1	93	20	9
SL 5N 0200E	.8	11	37	10	2	118	10	6
SL 5N 0250E	.5	6	25	16	2	85	40	172
SL 5N 0300E	.5	7	18	11	1	110	30	3
SL 5N 0350E	.9	15	27	14	2	70	35	16
SL 5N 0400E	.8	7	22	15	3	58	30	8
SL 5N 0450E	.6	3	13	12	1	59	20	2
SL 5N 0500E	.6	7	26	13	3	90	15	12
SL 5N 0550E	1.5	1	61	62	2	494	40	47
SL 5N 0600E	.9	8	31	10	1	121	35	57
SL 5N 0650E	.6	4	17	16	2	89	30	27
SL 5N 0700E	.6	2	23	17	2	62	10	2
SL 5N 0750E	.6	6	20	15	2	51	40	6
SL 5N 0800E	.5	6	19	16	1	78	25	23
SL 5N 0850E	.7	11	26	17	3	107	30	69
SL 5N 0900E	.9	17	28	24	3	135	35	10
SL 5N 0950E	.8	9	29	32	3	142	25	5
SL 5N 1000E	.7	9	18	27	2	152	25	4
SL 5N 1050E	.5	7	24	24	3	108	20	2
SL 5N 1100E	.7	12	21	19	4	87	30	6
SL 5N 1150E	.3	9	20	15	1	118	20	87
SL 5N 1200E	1.0	1	24	16	3	96	25	13
SL 5N 1250E	.7	13	27	14	2	113	25	7
SL 5N 1300E	.6	8	30	11	2	111	20	4
SL 5N 1350E	.5	13	31	13	1	103	20	6
SL 5N 1400E	.6	7	24	9	1	96	15	285
SL 5N 1450E	.6	8	20	12	1	69	20	3
SL 5N 1500E	.7	6	15	4	3	81	25	7
SL 5N 1550E	.4	2	13	6	1	63	10	4
SL 5N 1600E	1.0	9	16	5	1	75	30	15
SL 5N 1650E	.8	8	17	9	1	69	5	8
SL 5N 1700E	.9	9	14	7	1	75	15	4
SL 5N 1750E	.9	8	13	6	2	72	30	6
SL 5N 1800E	.9	8	13	8	1	70	15	10
SL 5N 1850E	.8	3	13	8	2	77	35	9
SL 5N 1900E	.8	6	13	4	1	71	20	3
SL 5N 1950E	.9	11	14	7	2	78	15	6
SL 5N 2000E	.7	5	12	8	1	61	30	4
SL 10N 0000E	.6	8	20	7	1	82	35	7
SL 10N 0050E	.9	10	17	8	2	79	20	8
SL 10N 0100E	.7	8	23	9	2	67	25	19
SL 10N 0150E	.6	5	18	13	2	77	20	12
SL 10N 0200E	.4	9	46	16	1	50	375	250
SL 10N 0250E	.5	7	23	12	3	62	25	32
SL 10N 0300E	.7	7	30	17	3	67	15	43
SL 10N 0350E	.5	6	39	17	3	50	40	110
SL 10N 0400E	.6	1	39	10	2	72	20	26
SL 10N 0450E	.6	8	111	21	3	86	20	38
SL 10N 0500E	.8	12	95	21	4	153	25	43
SL 10N 0550E	.3	2	17	8	1	148	10	9
SL 10N 0600E	.4	3	24	13	2	144	15	42
SL 10N 0650E	.3	12	46	30	1	64	20	580
SL 10N 0700E	.3	8	43	32	3	78	15	138
SL 10N 0750E	.9	8	25	13	2	87	15	16
SL 10N 0800E	.4	5	13	14	2	102	10	8
SL 10N 0850E	.4	5	12	13	1	94	15	5
SL 10N 0900E	.5	6	12	16	2	129	10	4

COMPANY: DURFELD GEOLOGICAL  
PROJECT NO: SCUM LK. NEWTON I  
ATTENTION: RUDY DURFELD

MIN-EN LABS ICP REPORT  
705 WEST 15TH ST., NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C. V7M 1T2  
(604)980-5814 OR (604)988-4524

(ACT:F31) PAGE 1 OF 1  
FILE NO: 7-1701S/P3  
\* TYPE SOIL BESCHEN \* DATE: OCT 30, 1987

(VALUES IN PPM )	AG	AS	CU	PR	SR	ZN	HG-PPB	AU-PPB
SL 10N 0950E	.5	8	11	17	3	153	15	9
SL 10N 1000E	.5	6	14	19	2	138	20	5
SL 10N 1050E	.7	10	14	23	3	212	15	18
SL 10N 1100E	.6	8	16	24	2	187	10	18
SL 10N 1150E	.6	6	18	19	3	156	15	21
SL 10N 1200E	.6	7	15	13	2	162	10	27
SL 10N 1250E	.7	6	13	16	2	163	15	4
SL 10N 1300E	.9	9	14	15	2	93	15	36
SL 10N 1350E	.3	1	9	8	1	151	15	6
SL 10N 1400E	.5	7	18	12	2	124	20	25
SL 10N 1450E	.8	6	15	6	2	72	15	7
SL 10N 1500E	.3	2	11	12	1	104	10	4
SL 10N 1550E	.9	4	16	12	2	65	25	8
SL 10N 1600E	.6	7	9	7	1	75	10	4
SL 10N 1650E	.8	7	10	13	1	69	15	3
SL 10N 1700E	.5	8	10	7	2	77	15	4
SL 10N 1750E	.7	6	13	7	1	72	30	4
SL 10N 1800E	.5	6	9	5	1	107	5	3
SL 10N 1850E	.8	6	13	6	1	82	15	12
SL 10N 1900E	.5	3	14	6	1	58	5	3
SL 10N 1950E	1.1	1	12	8	3	48	10	8
SL 10N 2000E	.8	4	15	8	1	91	10	6
SL R1	.7	26	26	29	1	123	25	24
SL R2	3.8	40	224	102	2	1121	140	127
SL R3	1.4	6	243	43	7	384	25	120
SL R4	2.0	1	164	61	10	186	225	630
SL R5	.4	2	403	59	11	98	95	165

## *MIN-EN Laboratories Ltd.*

*Specialists in Mineral Environments*

Corner 15th Street and Bewicke  
705 WEST 15TH STREET  
NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C.  
CANADA V7M 1T2

### GOLD GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS BY MIN-EN LABORATORIES LTD.

Geochemical samples for Gold processed by Min-En Laboratories Ltd., at 705 W. 15th St., North Vancouver Laboratory employing the following procedures.

After drying the samples at 95°C soil and stream sediment samples are screened by 80 mesh sieve to obtain the minus 80 mesh fraction for analysis. The rock samples are crushed and pulverized by ceramic plated pulverizer.

A suitable sample weight 5.0 or 10.0 grams are pretreated with  $\text{HNO}_3$  and  $\text{HClO}_4$  mixture.

After pretreatments the samples are digested with Aqua Regia solution, and after digestion the samples are taken up with 25% HCl to suitable volume.

Further oxidation and treatment of at least 75% of the original sample solutions are made suitable for extraction of gold with Methyl Iso-Butyl Ketone.

With a set of suitable standard solution gold is analysed by Atomic Absorption instruments. The obtained detection limit is 0.005 ppm (5ppb).

## MERCURY ANALYTICAL PROCEDURE FOR ASSESSMENT FILING

1.000 gram sample digested with Nitric and Sulphuric Acid. Than further oxidized with 30%  $H_2O_2$  while heating and repeating the oxidizing steps.

After cooling and diluting to suitable volume the solution to refine the oxidation procedure 5%  $KMnO_4$  is added in the titrating manner until pink color is obtained.

Mercury is realized by reducing solution into the Flameless Atomic Absorption Chamber and measured in comparing samples with known standards.

## *MIN-EN Laboratories Ltd.*

*Specialists in Mineral Environments*

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### Analytical Procedure Report for Assessment Work

#### 31 Element ICP

Ag, Al, As, B, Ba, Be, Bi, Ca, Cd, Co, Cu, Fe, K, Li,  
Mg, Mn, Mo, Na, Ni, P, Pb, Sb, Sr, Th, U, V, Zn, Ga, Sn, W,  
Cr

Samples are processed by Min-En Laboratories Ltd., at 705 West 15th Street, North Vancouver, employing the following procedures.

After drying the samples at 95°C soil and stream sediment samples are screened by 80 mesh sieve to obtain the minus 80 mesh fraction for analysis. The rock samples are crushed by a jaw crusher and pulverized by ceramic plated pulverizer or ring mill pulverizer.

1.0 gram of the sample is digested for 4 hours with an aqua regia  $\text{HClO}_4$  mixture.

After cooling samples are diluted to standard volume. The solutions are analysed by computer operated Jarrall Ash 9000 ICAP or Jobin Yvon 70 Type II Inductively Coupled Plasma Spectrometers. Reports are formatted and printed using a dot-matrix printer.

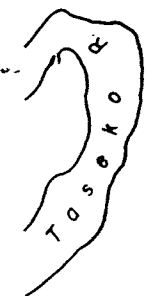


**LEGEND**

- Diamond Drill Hole Location
- X Rock Sample Location
- Grid Line
- 7 Gold (ppb)
- 6 Silver (ppm)

GEOLOGICAL BRANCH  
ASSESSMENT REPORT

10,081

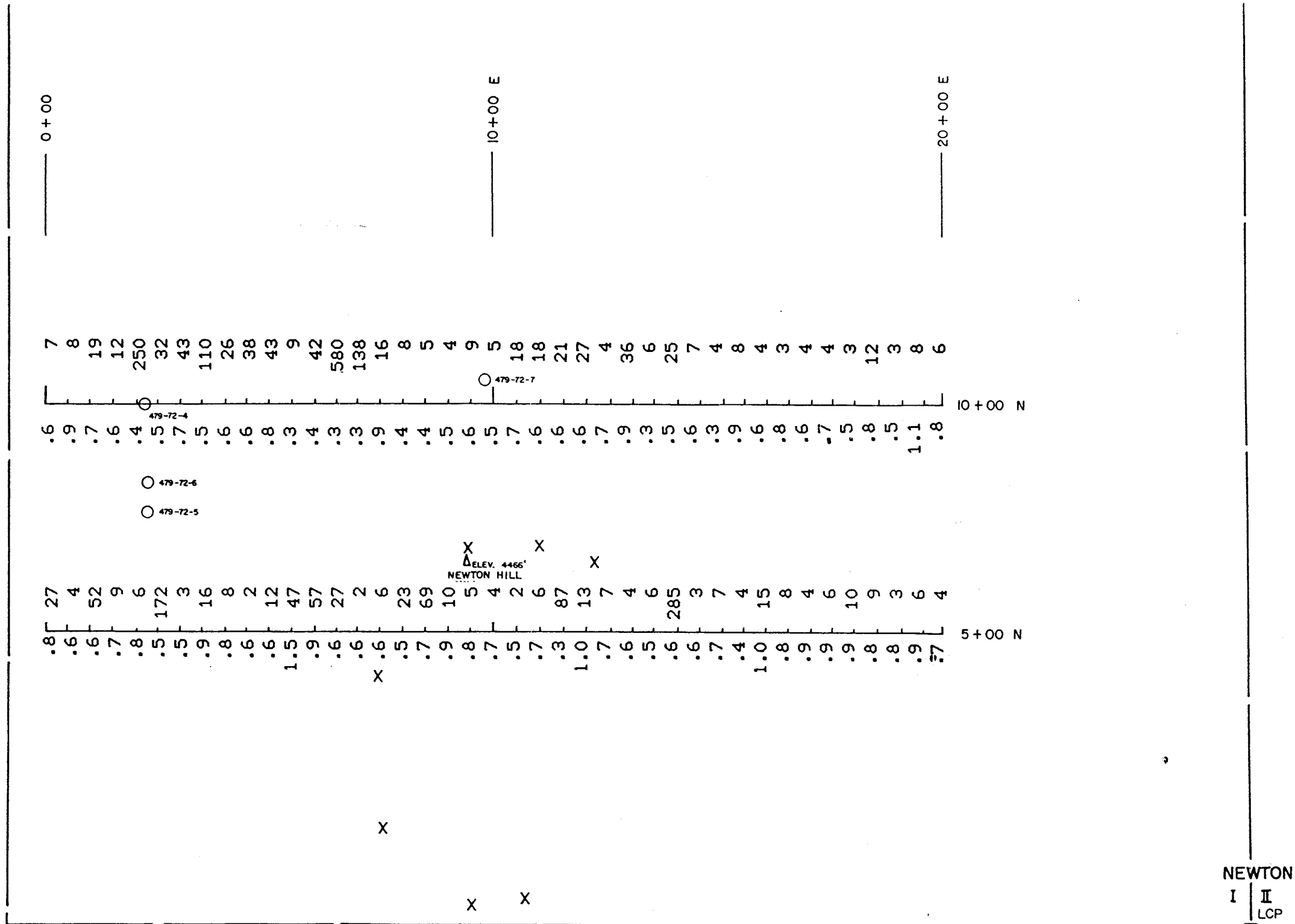


**NEWTON PROPERTY**

**GEOCHEMICAL MAP**

FIGURE 3a  
SILVER / GOLD

Scale 1:10 000

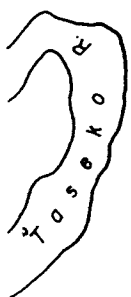
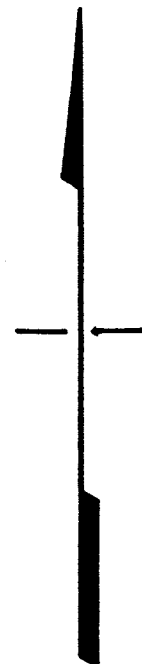


NEWTON  
I II  
LCP



**LEGEND**

- Diamond Drill Hole Location
- X Rock Sample Location
- Grid Line
- Mercury (ppb)
- Arsenic (ppm)



**GEOLOGICAL BRANCH  
ASSESSMENT REPORT**

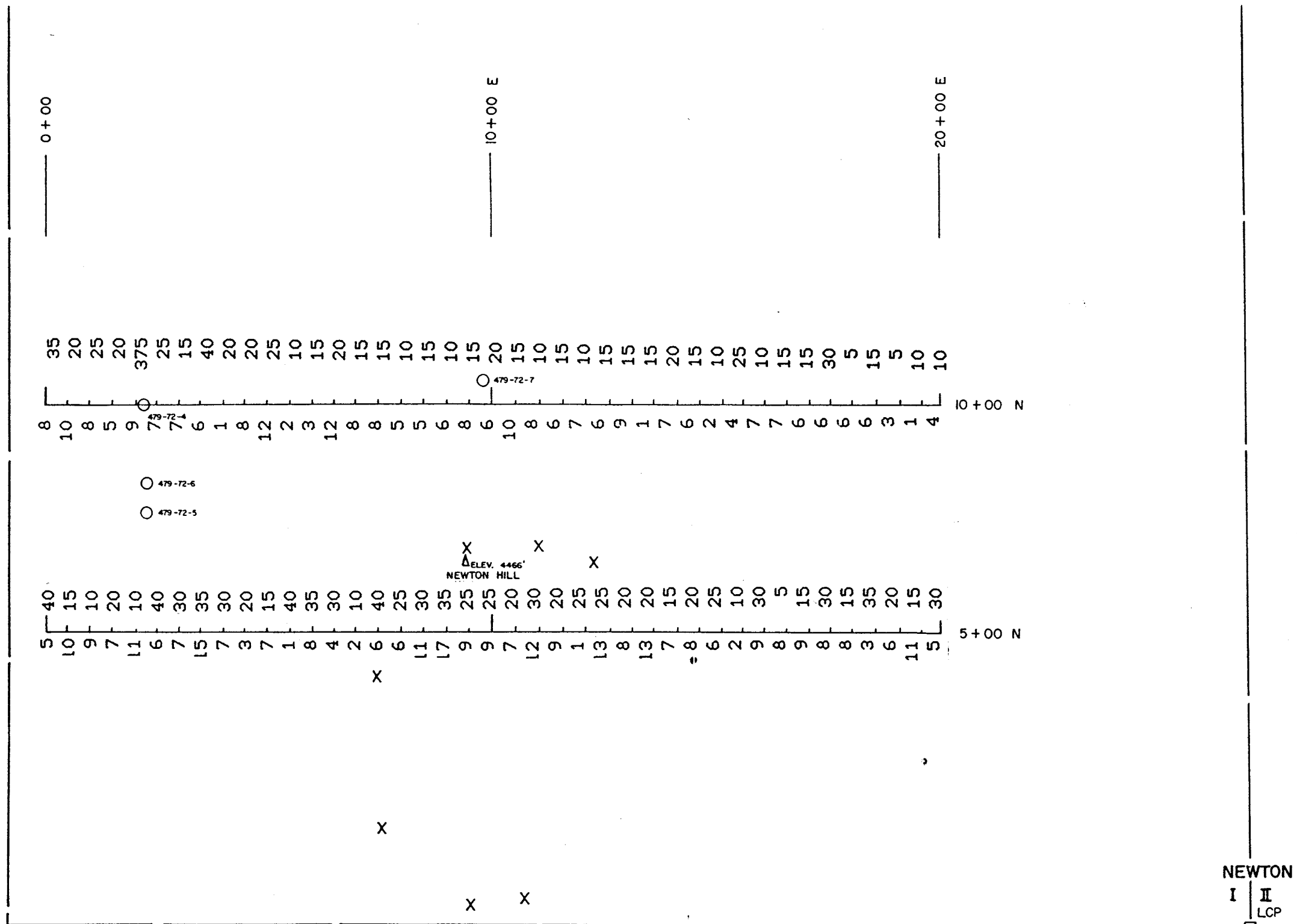
**18,081**

**NEWTON PROPERTY**

**GEOCHEMICAL MAP**

FIGURE 3 b  
MERCURY/ARSENIC

Scale 1:10 000



NEWTON  
I II  
LCP

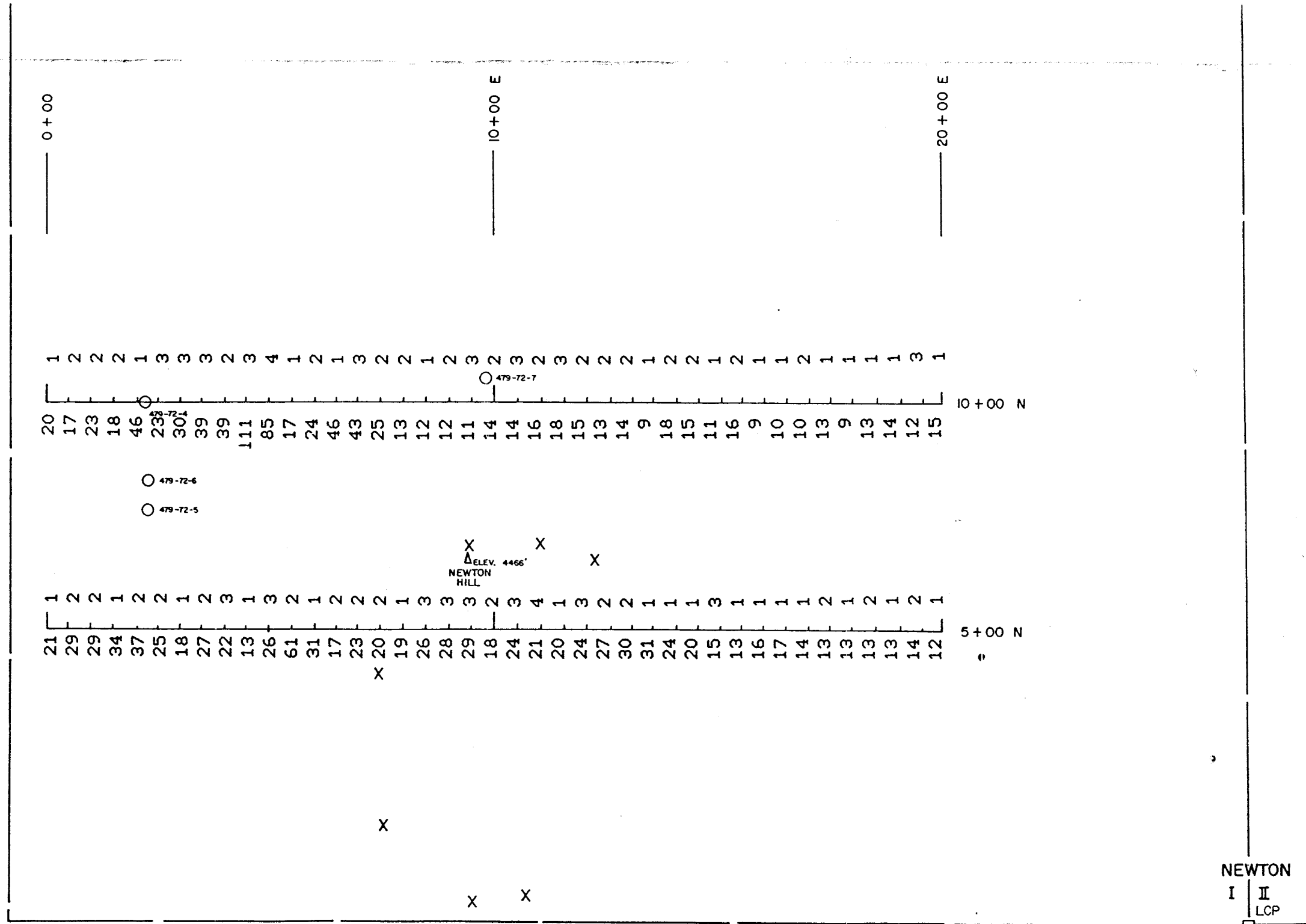
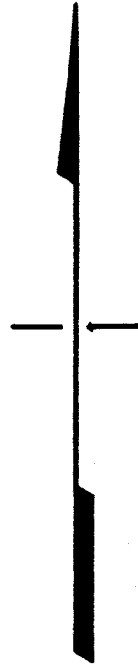
Scum  
Lake

**LEGEND**

- Diamond Drill Hole Location
- X Rock Sample Location
- Grid Line
- Antimony (ppm)
- Copper (ppm)

**GEOLOGICAL BRANCH  
ASSESSMENT REPORT**

**18-081**



**NEWTON PROPERTY**

**GEOCHEMICAL MAP**

**FIGURE 3c  
COPPER / ANTIMONY**

Scale 1:10 000



Scum Lake

NEWTON  
I II  
LCP