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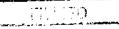
REPORT ON THE

DONA AND IRENE CLAIMS

KEEFER LAKE AREA

VERNON MINING DIVISION,

BRITISH COLUMBIA



Latitude 50⁰ 08'N Longitude 118⁰ 24'W

NTS 82L/1W

FOR

Reefer Resources Inc.
301-701 West Georgia Street,
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BY

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November 1988

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Period of work: September 13-28, 1988

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ASSESSMENT REPORT

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SUMMARY

A total of 22 claims located in the Keefer Lake district, B.C., are held by Keefer Resources Inc. The Keefer Lake property is situated approximately 48 kilometers southwest of Lumby, B.C. Pursuant to a request by Mr. Daniel Small, President of Keefer Resources Inc., a geochemical sampling and geological mapping program was conducted on the Keefer Lake property during September, 1988.

The Keefer Lake district lies at the eastern margin of the Intermontane Belt and west of the Omineca Crystalline Belt. The Intermontane Belt is characterized by argillaceous and calcareous sediments and volcanics of Carboniferous to Jurassic age.

During July, 1988 a preliminary geochemical sampling program outlined two areas on the Irene 2, 3 and 5 claims which warranted further exploration, as a result of the discovery of gold mineralization in stream sediments. In September, 1988 two grids established over the Irene claims and soil samples were collected in an attempt to trace the source of the anomalous stream sediment samples. Rock samples were collected veins where outcrop, quartz and mineralization were encountered. Stream sediment samples were collected upstream and downstream from the anomalous stream sediment sample locations.

The soil sample results revealed several anomalous gold values, with two spot highs of 291 ppb Au and 378 ppb Au related to sediment-laden soil near creeks. The rock samples returned no anomalous results while the stream sediment samples returned several anomalous results. Sediment from the creek on the Irene 2 and 3

claims containing the 8,100 ppb sample collected during July, 1988 returned an anomalous Au value of 110 ppb. In the creek on the Irene 5 claim where a 220 ppb Au sample was collected during July 1988, several sediment samples were anomalous with values of 608 ppb Au, 176 ppb Au, 110 ppb Au and 688 ppb Au. Along the Kettle River, samples returned values of 997 ppb Au, 476 ppb Au, and 257 ppb Au. Silver, zinc and arsenic values reached 3.2 ppm, 374 ppb, and 174 ppm respectively.

The results of the September, 1988 geochemical survey indicate that the source of the anomalous stream sediment samples is not located on the gridded areas of the Irene claims. However, the property to the north of the Irene 2 claim and the property to the south of the Irene 5 claim should be acquired to further trace the source of the anomalous stream sediment samples.

The most significant occurrences of mineralization are found on the Dona 3 to 6 claims. The mineralization consists of pyrite, chalcopyrite, malachite and trace arsenopyrite. The host rocks are predominantly phyllitic and tuffaceous units with interbedded calcareous laminae. The mode of occurrence of the mineralization varies disseminations from mineralized stringers of fine grained material to 2-3 cm sized pods of massive mineralization, predominantly pyrite. Anomalous gold and silver values up to 695 ppb Au and 445 ppm Ag have been recorded during a previous program (Collins, 1988).

Further work on the Dona claims including a drill program designed to define the geometry and grade characteristics of the mineralized zone is warranted and highly recommended.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Pursuant to a request by Mr. Daniel Small, President of Keefer Resources Inc., a geological mapping and geochemical sampling program was conducted on the Keefer Lake property during September 1988. The purpose of the program was to trace a possible source for several stream sediment anomalies outlined during the July, 1988 program. Work during the September, 1988 program was confined to the Irene 2, 3 and 5 claims.

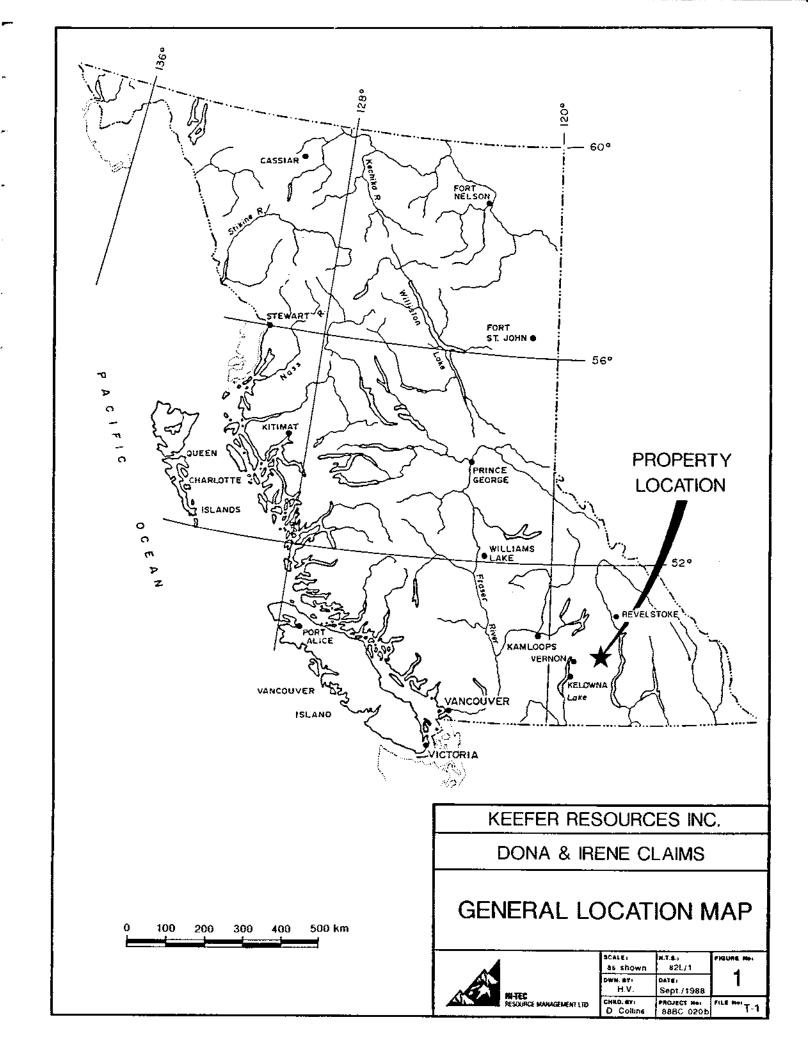
1.1 Location and Access

The Keefer Lake property is situated approximately 48 kilometers southwest of Lumby, B.C. (Figure 1), and is found on NTS map sheet 82L/1W, centered on latitude 50° 08' North and longitude 118° 24' West.

The claim group is accessed from Highway No.6 via a logging road which runs along the Kettle River through the entire southern portion of the claim block. Access to the northeastern part of the property is via a four wheel drive track off this road. To facilitate access to the northwest segment of the claim group a second offshoot dirt track was constructed by El Paso Mining and Milling Company during the mid 1970's.

1.2 Physiography

The subject property is situated in the Monashee Mountains at the head waters of the Kettle River with Keefer Lake. The central part of the property occupies the valley floor of the Kettle River while the remaining portions of the property lie on the steep flanks of the Whatshan Range of the Monashee Mountains.



Property elevations range from 1,300 meters along the Kettle River to approximately 1,800 meters on the south slope of Yeoward Mountain. Throughout the area, vegetation varies from sparse to thick coniferous and alder growth. The valley floor surrounding the Kettle River and Keefer Lake is occupied by an alluvial plain which masks the outcrop in this area. Estimates of the overburden thickness for the remainder of the property were made where possible and in general it appears to to be less than 6 meters thick.

1.3 Property and Ownership

The Keefer Lake claim group comprises 22 mineral claims, totaling 57 units, and are held by Keefer Resources Inc. (Figure 2).

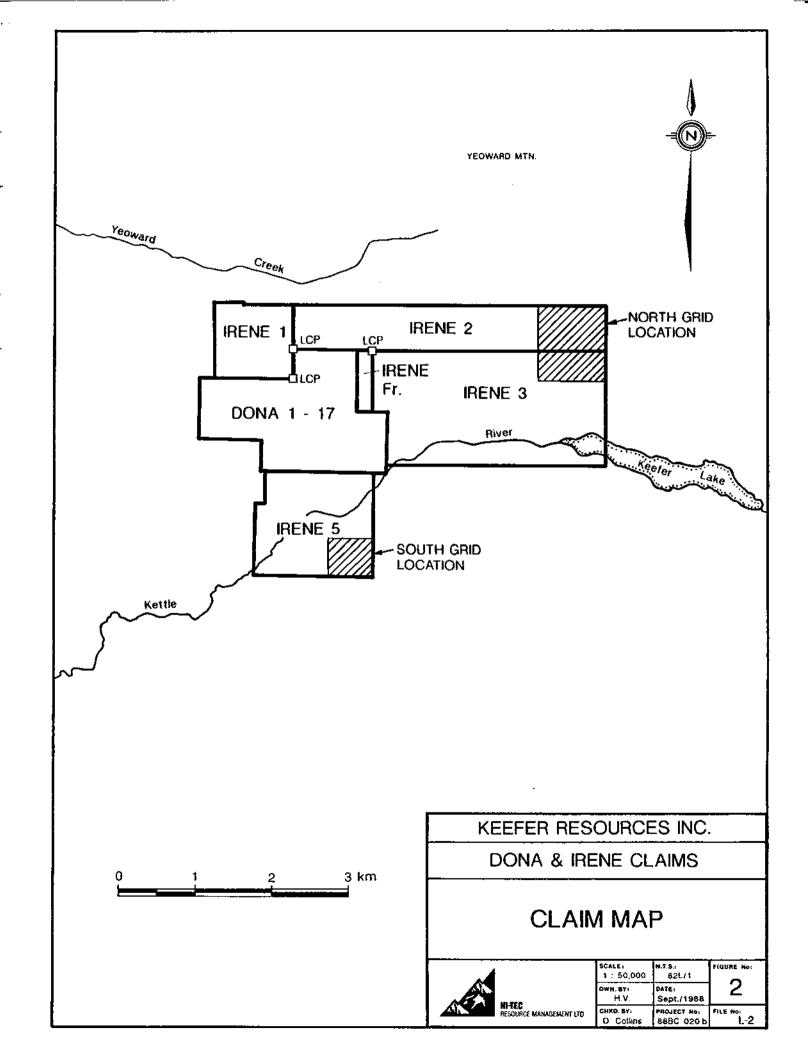
The property is recorded at the British Columbia Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources as follows:

CLAIM NAME	RECORD NO.	UNITS	EXPIRY DATE
Dona 1 - 11	17281-17291	11	July 27, 1991
Dona 12- 17	17390-17395	6	Sept.28, 1991
Irene 1	964	4	Dec. 11, 1991
Irene 2	1231	8	July 9, 1991
Irene 3	1232	18	July 9, 1991
Irene 5	1234	9	July 9, 1991
Irene Fraction	1235	1	July 9, 1991

2.0 HISTORY AND PREVIOUS WORK

A concise history of the exploration in the Monashee Mountains region and in the area of the subject





property itself, is taken from Smith (1986) and Collins (1988).

"The earliest recorded work in the area took place on Monashee Mountain, west of the present DONA property. Here, a well defined ledge of free-milling gold quartz varying form a few inches to three or four feet in width was exposed in Paleozoic slates. Several other veins were also developed in this area during the early part of the century, but have received little attention recently. It is probable that these occurrences were discovered as prospectors searched for the source of the placer gold found in many of the surrounding creeks.

The DONA 1-11 claims were located by El Paso Mining and Milling Company on July 27, 1973 as a result of encouraging values obtained in a regional silt geochemistry program. Six additional two-post, one fractional and five modified grid claims were subsequently staked to protect obvious extensions of the mineralized zone.

During 1974, a grid was established over these claims and a work program consisting of soil and lithogeochemistry, EM and self potential geophysics, trenching, geological mapping and eventually percussion drilling was undertaken. The following table summarizes the work carried out by El Paso:

Grid establishment

28 kilometers

Soil geochemistry

788 samples

Geophysics

SP VLF-EM 6 kilometers 20 kilometers

Trenching

1900 m in 12 trenches

Road construction ve

vehicle cat 1.43 kilometers 0.51 kilometers

Percussion drilling

980 meters in 19 holes

Although the data generated from this program was encouraging, El Paso concluded that the probability of locating an economic ore body was low, and eventually turned over the property to former employees operating as independent geological consultants.

Subsequent work carried out on the claims has consisted of redefining mineralized zones located by earlier

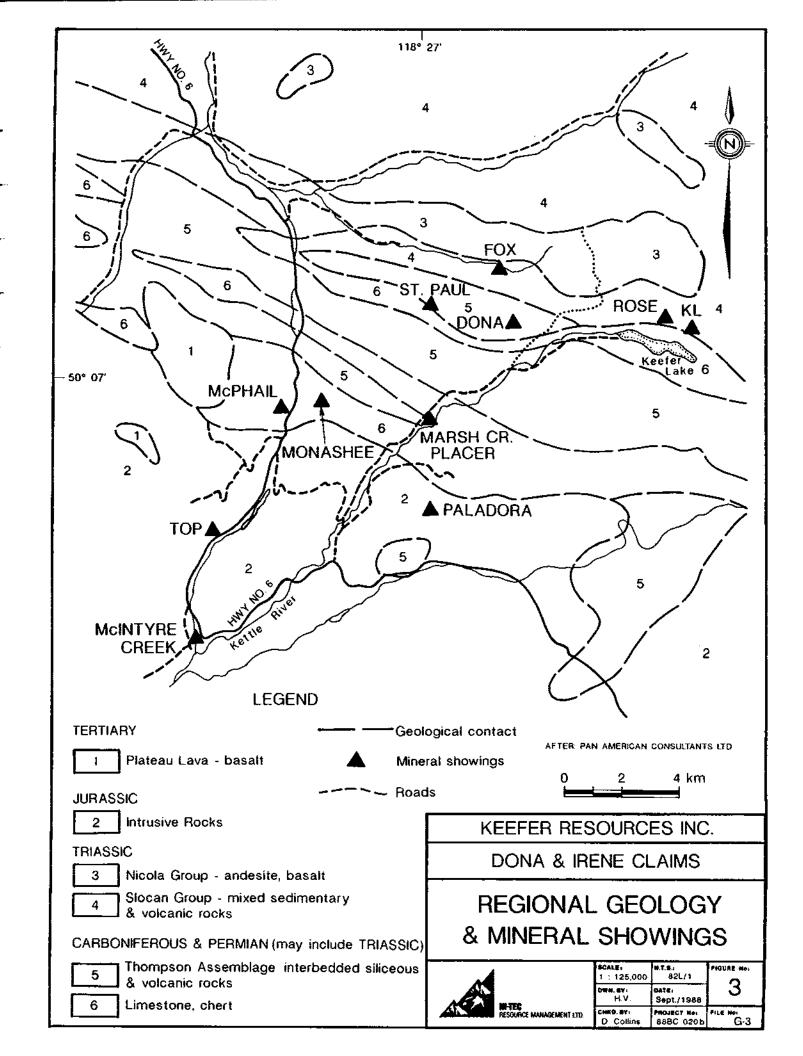
trenching and detailed sampling. This work had only limited success."

The percussion and rotary drilling program conducted by \mathbf{El} Mining and Milling Company during consisted of drilling 50 foot centres along their trenches 1 and 4 on the Dona 5 and 6 claims. many of these were terminated short of their target depths of 200 feet due to the intersection of ground water in the holes (Jones, 1974). Smith (1986) states that by 1986 the exposed mineralized zones on the Dona claims had been tested with 19 percussion holes totaling 3216 feet. He reports "The best results come from hole P.11 [Dona 5 claim], where values of 1.78 oz/t Ag and 0.15 oz/t Au were obtained across 0.6 m, hole P.10 [Dona 6 claim] where 0.6 meters grading 5.03 oz/t Au [?] was intersected and in hole P.17 [Dona 5 claim] where a 0.6 m section assayed 0.26 oz/t Au and 0.10 oz/t Ag."

A total of 390 meters of trenching was completed during October 1984 and access roads were rehabilitated. Elevated gold values were reported in trenches # 5, 1, 1A (Bayrock, 1985).

Recently El Paraiso Resources Ltd. and Venturex Resources Ltd. entered into an option agreement on the Top claims at Monashee Pass, 12 km to the southwest of the subject property (Figure 3). A diamond drilling program was conducted on the Top claims during the summer of 1988 (Stockwatch July 19, 1988).

Work carried out during July, 1988 on the Dona and Irene claims consisted of a brief program of geological mapping, prospecting and geochemical sampling. The program was conducted by Hi-Tec Resource Management



Ltd. Results from the program were encouraging, leading to a recommendation for further exploration.

The July 1988 work defined several areas with anomalous precious and base metal values. The main zone of mineralization occurs on the Dona claims where Au values up to 695 ppb and Ag values of up to 442 ppm were recorded. A stream sediment sample from the stream which drains the east side of the Irene 2 and Irene 3 claims yielded an anomalous gold value of 8100 ppb and a zinc value of 107 ppm. Stream sediment samples 88-SSHB-8 and 88-SSHB-11 which drain from the Dona claims and the Irene 5 claim respectively yielded anomalous gold values of 1020 ppb and 220 ppb.

3.0 GEOLOGY

An excellent summary of the regional and property geology is given by Collins (1988).

3.1 Regional Geology

"The Keefer Lake district lies at the eastern margin of the Intermontane Belt west of and the Omineca Crystalline Belt. The Intermontane characterized by argillaceous and calcareous sediments volcanics of Carboniferous to Jurassic (Okulitch, 1977). These are overlain to the north by sediments and volcanics of Triassic age and intruded by plutonic rocks of Jurassic age to the south (Figure 3).

Rocks of the Thompson Assemblage form the oldest strata in the area. These form a broad northwest-southeast oriented elongate unit across the area. These strata were formerly termed the Cache Creek Group but are now

faunal the latter group on differentiated from characteristics. They may, however, be a coeval lateral facies (Monger, 1975). The Thompson Assemblage strata are characterized by an interdigitating sequence of argillaceous sediments, volcanic rocks and limestone pods. Fossils of Late Mississippian, Pennsylvanian and Permian ages have been obtained from the limestone and assemblage. οf this Lithological mudstones similarities exist between various localities in the region and some of these have yielded late Triassic fossils. However, the lack of macroscopic diagnostic features make field-based differentiation difficult.

Thompson Assemblage rocks have undergone The deformation and of sub-greenschist facies degree metamorphism coeval with Jurassic-Cretaceous orogenic (Wheeler et al., 1972). The degree events deformation is markedly less than in the adjacent low grade rocks to the northeast and north. Folds in the Thompson Assemblage generally parallel the regional stratigraphic trend i.e. northwest near Vernon and westerly in the Coldstream Valley (Okulitch, 1977).

A period of Permo-Triassic uplift and erosion has Thompson Assemblage rocks resulted in the unconformably overlain to the north by rocks of the Slocan and Nicola Groups (Read and Okulitch, 1977). Shale, limestone and clastic sediments of the Slocan Group extend across both the Intermontane and Omineca These are correlated with the Crystalline Belts. Cache Creek Group strata. Metamorphism within these rocks is low grade biotite-zone type and is coeval with Jurassic-Cretaceous orogenic events. Outcrops argillaceous limestone near Keefer Lake yielded Conodont fauna which are similar to those from the Slocan Group west of Okanagan Lake and the Nicola Group

near the south Thompson River (Okulitch, 1977). The Nicola Group strata are characterized by augite andesite flows, breccia, tuff, greenstone and minor sediments.

Late Jurassic plutonic rocks intrude the Thompson Assemblage to the south of the Keefer Lake area. Little (1957) sub-divided the Late Jurassic plutonic rocks into two suites, namely the Nelson and Valhalla The Nelson plutonic rocks are plutonic complexes. predominantly foliated massive quartz diorite granodiorite whereas the coeval and partly younger Late Jurassic Valhalla rocks are typically granodiorite. Emplacement of the Valhalla plutonic rocks has been partly syn- and post-tectonic and may have participated in the late stages of regional deformation.

Tertiary volcanic rocks occur as isolated patches of variable thickness in parts of the region. Andesite, basalt, dacite and trachyte flows and related breccia, tuff and agglomerate comprise much of this unit throughout the region (Okulitch, 1977). In the subject property area these units unconformably overlie the Thompson Assemblage.

3.2 Property Geology

The claim group is predominantly underlain by varieties of black intensely cleaved argillite and dark grey to grey siliceous phyllite. Intermixed felsic volcanics with argillaceous sediments and an intrusive diorite stock are evident in places within the Dona claims (Figure 4). Calcareous sediments occur both within



these units and as a separate assemblage on the property.

An argillaceous limestone unit outcrops in the south central portion of the claims (unit 5, Figure 4). This comprises a massive tectonized unit with interbedded thin (10 to 15 cm) chert partings and nodules. The chert nodules vary in size from 5 to 20 cm when measured along their long axis. Minor shaly partings are evident within the limestone. Recrystallization of the limestone has occurred throughout and this has made fossil identification difficult.

The intermixed sediments and volcanics of unit 4 (Figure 4) comprise dark grey phyllites, argillites, tuffs and andesitic volcanics. Pale calcareous laminae occur within the phyllites and these commonly exhibit a fining upwards in grain size and diffuse tops. volcanics are not well exposed, however, evidence from previous trenching on the Dona claims has shown that volcanic flows altered individual have been mineralizing hydrothermal fluids (Smith, Petrographic studies by Bayrock (1985) identified clinozoisite rich hydrothermal actinolite and alteration zones within lime rich horizons of the volcanics.

The black fissile argillite of unit 3 (Figure 4) frequently has weathered and decomposed pyrite-like crystals incorporated within it. These are evident along the cleavage planes of the argillite.

Outcrops of dacite with hornblende phenocrysts occur in the northeastern portion of the subject property. These are correlated with the Nicola Group of previous workers.

intermixed volcanics and sediments of unit (Figure 4) are intruded by a diorite stock which is exposed on the Dona 3, 4 and 5 claims. The diorite is a massive medium grained unit which is locally quartz In the trench 1 and 2 area of El Paso Mining and Milling Company the fault contact of the diorite with the phyllites of unit 4 is exposed as a 30 cm wide fault gouge zone (Figure 4). The contact relationship of the diorite stock to the remainder of unit 4 is not Little (1957) has suggested that emplacement of the plutonic rocks in the area of the subject property has been partly syn- and post-tectonic and may have participated in the late stages of regional deformation. The relationship of the dioritic stocks to regional mineralization is unknown (Bayrock, 1985).

Structurally, the area has undergone a period of cleavage formation and fold development. Throughout the subject property the cleavage is strongly developed in the fine grained argillites and only weakly developed in the more competent lithologies. The cleavage in the argillites may be classified as a continuous cleavage while that in the more competent rocks is a spaced pressure solution type cleavage (Borradaile et al., 1982).

A small scale, east-west oriented syncline is formed in unit 3 on the Irene 3 claim (Figure 4). This suggests that folding in the area is parallel to the regional stratigraphic trend as outlined by Okulitch (1977).

All of the stratigraphic units on the subject property display joints. In some exposures it is evident that minor movement has occurred on the joint planes and quartz filled extension fissures have developed. Lithological control on joint formation was important throughout the area and consequently the best developed joint sets occur within the more competent lithologies. A conjugate system of joints with azimuths of 0200 and westerly dips of 300 to 500 and azimuths of 1500 with east or west dips exist in the area. A less well developed non-systematic joint set of azimuth 1000 and north or south dips is also found on the property."

4.0 PROPERTY GEOCHEMISTRY

4.1 Grid Emplacement

enable detailed geological mapping and soil geochemistry, two grids were emplaced on the Irene 2, 3 and 5 claims during September, 1988 an attempt to trace the possible source stream sediment anomalies discovered during July 1988 program (Figure 7). The North Grid, and 3, consists of a 1.0 kilometer east-2 west baseline with 8.8 line kilometers of north south crosslines spaced 100 meters apart. The South Grid, on Irene 5, consists of a 500 meter east-west baseline with 3.6 kilometers of north-south crosslines spaced 100 meters apart.

The grids were established using hip-chain and compass. Grid line distances were slope corrected where necessary and stations were flagged every 25 meters using flourescent orange flagging and white fiber-tags.

4.2 Sampling Technique

Soil samples were collected every 25 meters along crosslines on both North and South grids. In each case



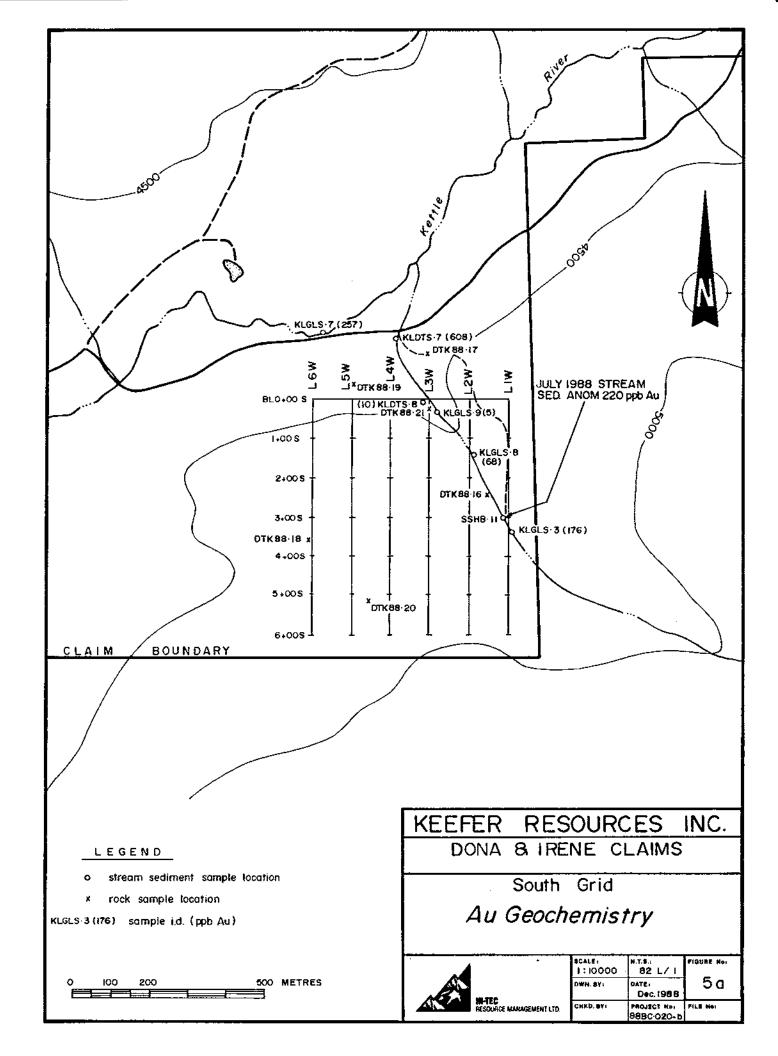
a sample of the upper "B" (enriched) horizon of the soil profile was collected.

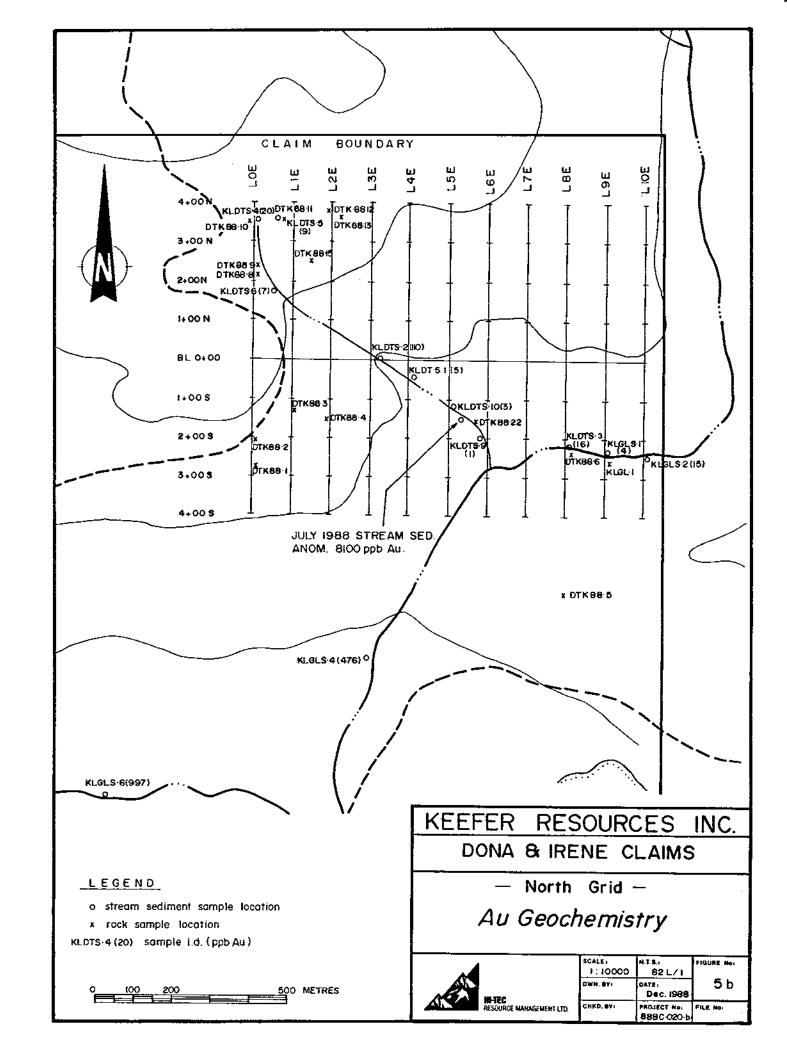
Generally, soil quality was good, with impurities of less than ten percent rocks and organic material (see appendix). The upper "B" horizon was usually reached at a depth of less than 15 centimeters. Occasionally, the lack of soil in certain areas resulted in the collection of poor quality soil and in some cases no sample was collected. A total of 509 soil samples were collected.

Rock samples collected on the North Grid consisted generally of representative grab samples from outcrops of the different rock types encountered (Figure 5a). Occasional quartz veins and quartz rubble (float) along roads and streams were also sampled. On the South Grid, no outcrop was encountered and rock samples consisted of near-source float of quartz and green andesitic rock. Some quartz boulders along the main stream were also (Figure No significant sampled 5b). mineralization was discovered on either grid. material appeared barren. A total of 23 rock samples were collected during September, 1988.

Sediment from streams running through the North and South grids was sampled in detail, at intervals of 100 to 200 metres, both upstream and downstream from where the anomalous stream sediment samples were collected during the July, 1988 program (Collins, 1988). A total of 19 stream sediment samples were collected.

All samples were submitted to Min-En Laboratories Ltd., in North Vancouver, B.C. All samples were analyzed for gold using atomic absorption spectrophotometry and silver, lead, zinc, copper, nickel, arsenic and





antimony using ICP methods. Analytical procedures for Min-En Laboratories Ltd. are reported in Appendix III and all analytical data for the samples are given in Appendix IV.

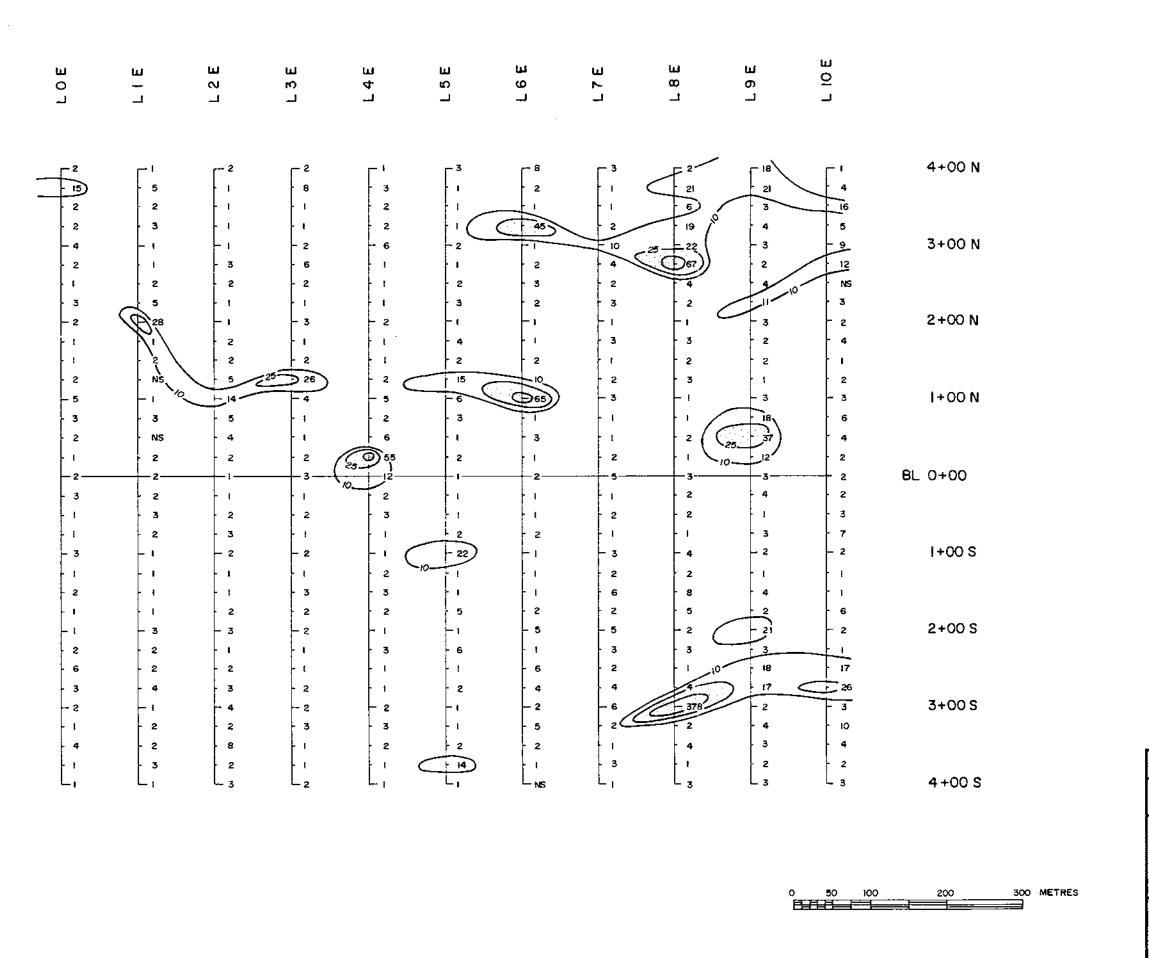
4.3 Results

4.3.1 Soil Samples

Results of the soil geochemical sampling were not encouraging, with very few anomalous gold values recorded. Spot highs on the North Grid included one sample containing 378 ppb Au and seven samples containing between 25 ppb Au and 70 ppb Au, from a total of 359 samples. On the South Grid, one sample contained 291 ppb Au and four samples contained between 25 ppb Au and 35 ppb Au, from a total of 150 samples.

From the soil sample descriptions (Appendix V), apparently the spot highs of 378 ppb Au and 291 ppb Au were from samples located near creeks and therefore containing mostly sand and silt. These results cannot be considered an accurate reflection of the mineral content of the underlying bedrock, since there exists the distinct possibility of sediment transport, the origin of such being unknown. The better quality soil, which was collected at most other sample locations and would more accurately reflect the mineral content of the underlying bedrock, was found to contain few anomalous gold values.

The geochemical values for gold and zinc showed the greatest diversity and were therefore plotted and contoured in an attempt to display any mineralization trends (Figure 6a, b, c, d). The gold geochemical values were generally low (< 5ppb Au) to trace and only





Contour intervals:

50 ppb Au 25 ppb Au 10 ppb Au

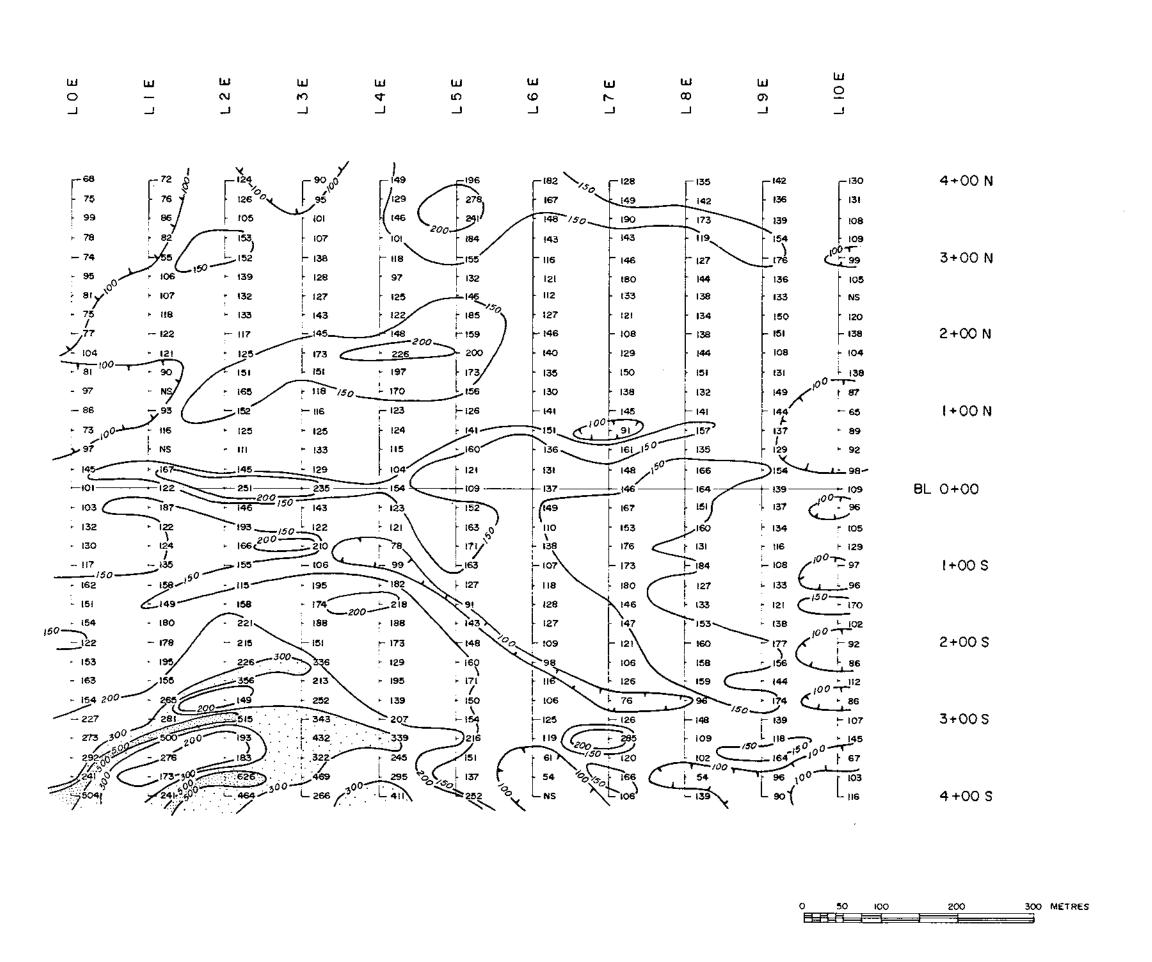
KEEFER RESOURCES INC.

DONA & IRENE CLAIMS

- North Grid -Au Geochemistry



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Contour Intervals:

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KEEFER RESOURCES INC.

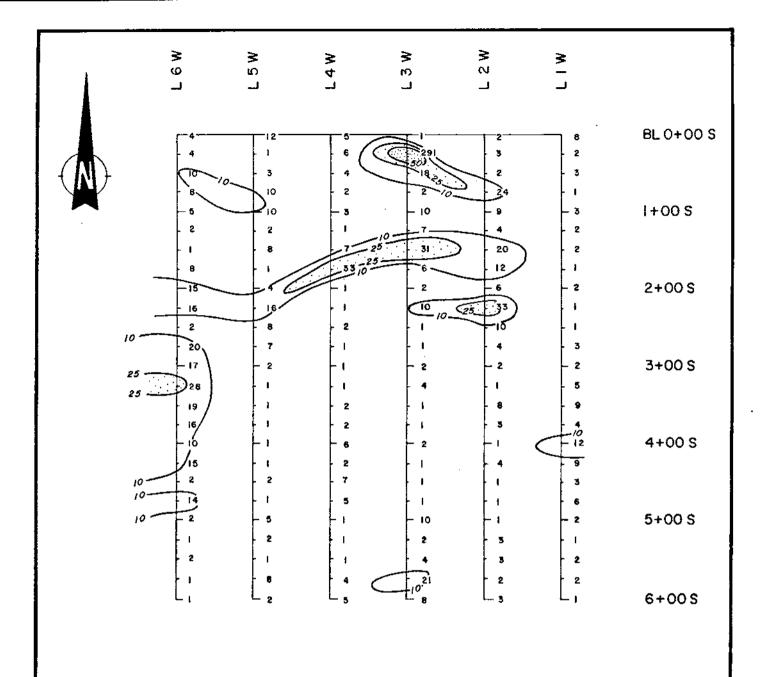
DONA & IRENE CLAIMS

- North Grid -

Zn Geochemistry



SCALE. 1: 5000	N.T.S., 82-L/1	FIGURE No:
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Contour Intervals:

50 ppb Au 25 ppb Au 10 ppb Au

0 50 100 200 300 METRES

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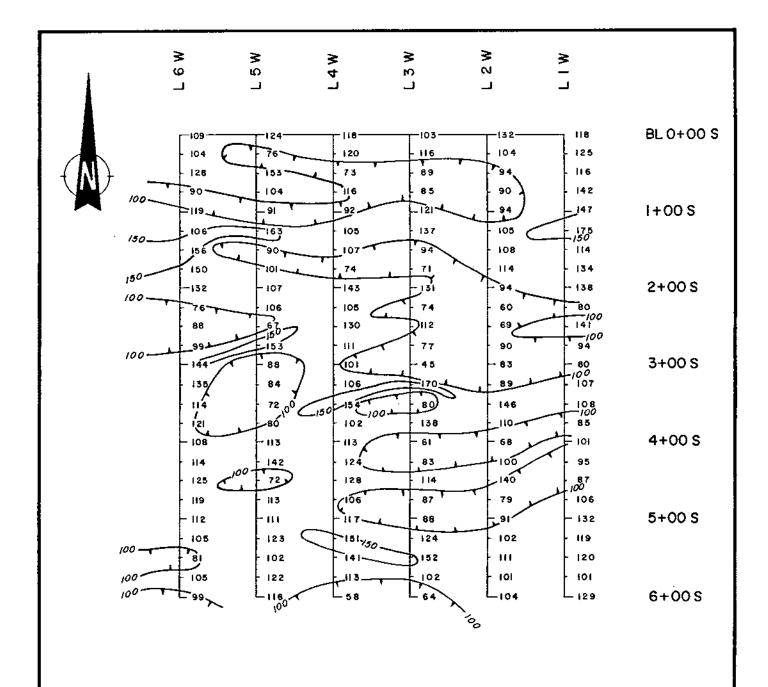
DONA & IRENE CLAIMS

- South Grid -

Au Geochemistry



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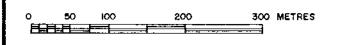
______ 150 ppm

KEEFER RESOURCES INC.

DONA & IRENE CLAIMS

- South Grid -

Zn Geochemistry





IN-TEG RESOURCE MANAGEMENT LTD.

very weak, limited trends are evident. The zinc values display some continuity and moderate to strong trends are evident, especially on the North Grid. the southwest corner shows a strong northeast trend of relatively high zinc values (up to 626 ppm Zn). The trends are approximately parallel to the strike of the bedding in the area and may reflect a difference in the composition of the layers.

The remaining minerals analyzed for (Ag, Pb, Cu, Ni, As, Sb) showed very low values with little diversity. These values were not plotted.

4.3.2 Rock Samples

The results of the rock sampling were discouraging. The highest value obtained for gold was 18 ppb Au. No other elements were anomalous in the rock samples collected.

4.3.3 <u>Stream Sediment Samples</u>

Several anomalous results were obtained from the stream sediment samples including gold assays of 997 ppb Au, 608 ppb Au, 476 ppb Au, 257 ppb Au, 176 ppb Au and 110 ppb Au. Several samples contained anomalous silver, with seven values greater than 2.0 ppm Ag, up to a high of 3.2 ppm Ag from a total of 19 samples. Arsenic values reached 174 ppm As and zinc values reached 374 ppm Zn. Values for the remaining elements analyzed were relatively low.

The results obtained from the samples collected on the North Grid failed to repeat or confirm the 8100 ppb Au value obtained during the July, 1988 program from a sediment sample collected in the same creek. One

possible explanation for this may be the lack of good silt encountered during the present program. On the South Grid, the stream sediment samples collected confirmed the presence of gold with values obtained ranging from 68 ppb Au to 608 ppb Au, with only one exception of 5 ppb Au.

Several sediment samples were collected along the Kettle River, within the claim group. All the samples contained anomalous gold values ranging from 54 ppb Au to 997 ppb Au.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS

The subject property is predominantly underlain by varieties of black intensely cleaved argillite and dark grey to grey siliceous phyllite. Intermixed felsic volcanics with argillaceous sediments and an intrusive diorite stock are evident in places within the Dona claims.

Although no outcrop was located on the Irene 5 claim (South Grid) surficial rubble indicates that the claim is underlain predominantly by intermediate volcanic flow rocks.

Exploration activities in September, 1988 on the Keefer Resources Inc. Dona and Irene claims included the establishment of two grids located on the Irene 2, 3, and 5 claims, the collection of 509 soil samples, 23 rock samples, and 19 stream sediment samples, and limited geological mapping. The North Grid, located on the south-facing slopes of the Irene 2 and 3 claims, consists of 9.8 kilometres of flagged line, and the South Grid, located on the north-facing slope of the



Irene 5 claim, consists of 4.1 kilometres of flagged line.

The purpose of the geochemical sampling program was to confirm the results obtained during the July, 1988 program and to trace a possible source for mineralization encountered in stream sediments.

Results from the soil sampling program were not encouraging, with only two spot highs of 291 ppb Au and 378 ppb Au recorded. These anomalies were from soil samples collected near creeks and contained mostly sediments from the creeks. The anomalous results are therefore not representative of the underlying bedrock. Analysis of the zinc content in the soil samples revealed a good diversity, with values of up to 626 ppm Zn recorded on the North Grid.

The rock samples collected returned no anomalous values in any of the seven elements analyzed for. The highest value obtained for gold was 18 ppb Au.

The stream sediment samples were the most encouraging with gold values of up to 997 ppb Au and several over 100 ppb Au. Samples collected in the vicinity of the 8100 ppb Au sample collected during the July, 1988 program were not reproduced with the highest value obtained being 110 ppb Au, approximately 200 metres upstream from the 8100 ppb Au sample. On the South Grid several samples were anomalous in gold downstream from a sample returning a value of 200 ppb Au during the July, 1988 program. Results from the current program, ranged from 68 ppb Au to 608 ppb Au.

The results of the geochemical survey indicate a low potential for the underlying bedrock in the areas of

the North and South Grids to host significant precious and base metal mineralization. The soil and rock samples collected on the Irene 2, 3 and 5 claims returned few anomalous values in any of the elements analyzed for. The soil quality was generally excellent and therefore the results should be considered a good reflection of the mineral content of the underlying bedrock. It is probable that the combination of anomalous stream sediment results and non-anomalous soil and rock sample results is an indication that the source for gold mineralization lies outside of the Irene claims.

6.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the results of the geochemical survey conducted on the property during September, 1988, it would appear that the source of the anomalous silt samples do not lie within the gridded areas on the Irene 2, 3, and 5 claims. It is recommended that the ground to the south of the Irene 5 claim and to the north of the Irene 2 claim be obtained in an attempt to further trace the possible source of the gold mineralization discovered in several of the stream sediment samples.

recommended Collins (1988) has а detailed drill. assessment of the primary anomaly on the Dona claims and agrees with Smith's (1986) recommendation for the use of HZ diameter diamond drill core to recovery. Collins also recommends the use of GZ core to a limited extent to define the geometry of the mineralization, with the use of reverse circulation drilling to define the grade characteristics of the The reverse circulation drilling would be used for more cost-efficient fill-in holes.

Respectfully submitted,

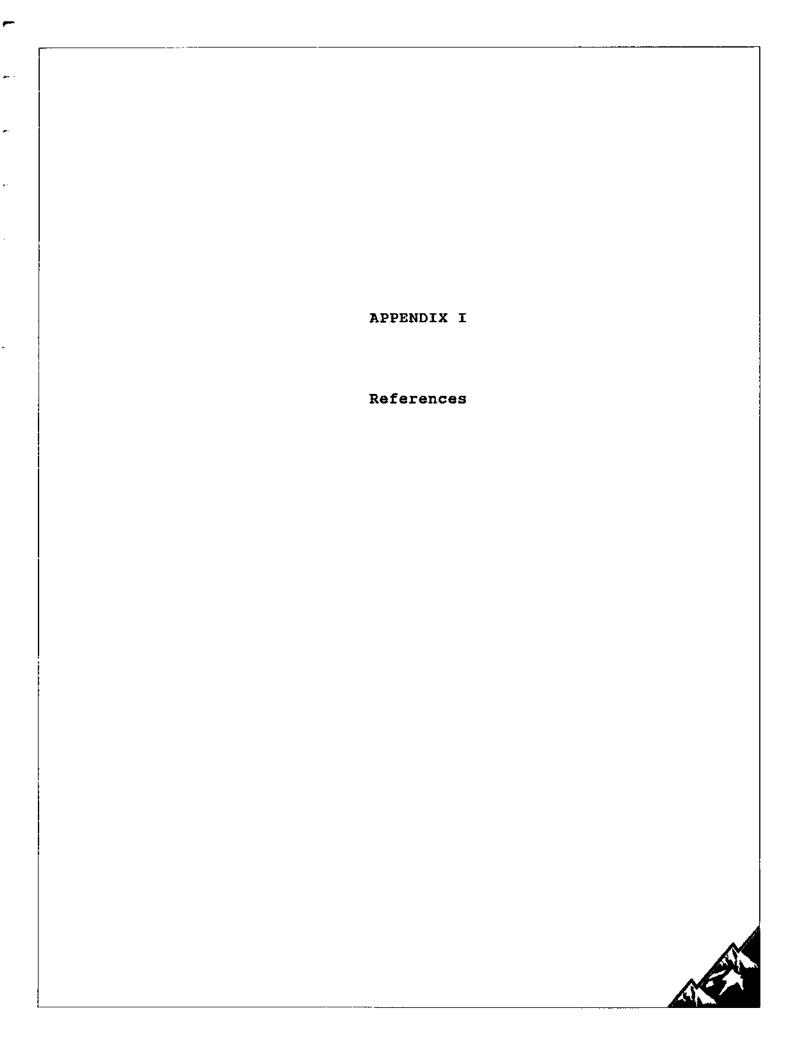
HI-TEC RESOURCE MANAGEMENT LTD.

Grand M.Sc. FG.A.C.

David A. Thompson, B.Sc., Project Geologist

November, 1988





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APPENDIX II Statement of Qualifications

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

David A. Thompson, B.Sc. Project Geologist

I, David A. Thompson of 105 - 875 Badke Road, Kelowna, British Columbia, do hereby certify:

- 1. I am a project geologist under the employment of Hi-Tec Resource Management Ltd. of 1500 609 Granville Street, Vancouver, British Columbia.
- I am a graduate of the University of British Columbia, with a B.Sc., 1986, in Geological Sciences.
- 3. I have practised my profession, as a geologist, for four field seasons prior to and since my graduation as follows:

1986 - 1987 Geologist, Homestake Mineral Development Company, Vancouver, British Columbia

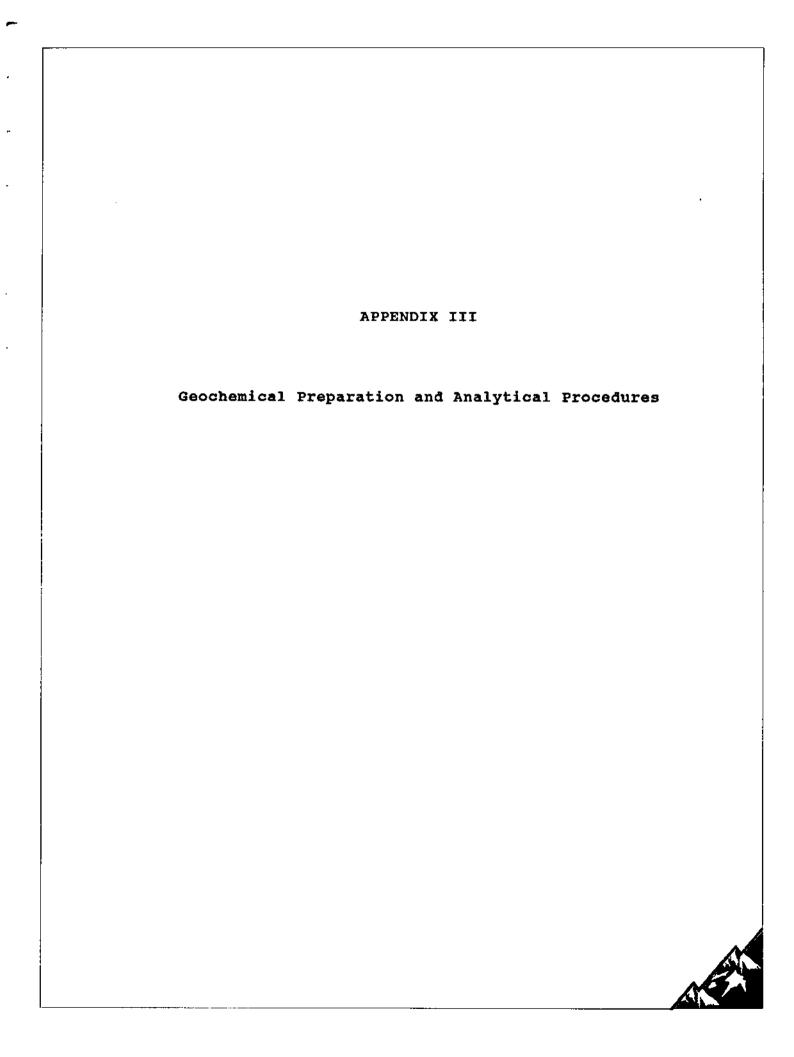
1987 - 1988 Project Geologist, Mascot Gold Mines Limited, Vancouver, British Columbia

- 4. I have not received, nor do I expect to receive, any interests, direct or indirect in the securities of Keefer Resources Inc.
- 5. That this report is based upon a geological mapping and geochemical sampling program conducted by myself during September, 1988.

Dated at Vancouver, B.C. this 9 day of

David A. Thompson, B.Sc.





LABORATORY AND ANALYTICAL METHODS

After initial preparation, all samples were analyzed by the Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) method. Gold was determined by the fire assay and atomic absorption method.

After drying soil and stream sediment samples at 95°C, they were screened with an 80 mesh sieve to obtain the minus 80 mesh fraction for analysis. A 40 mesh sieve was used for some of the silt samples. Rock samples were put through a jaw crusher and a ceramic-plotted pulverizer.

For ICP analyses, 1.0 gram of sample material was digested for 6 hours with a hot ${\rm HNO_3}$ - ${\rm HC1O_4}$ mixture. After cooling, samples were diluted to a standard volume. The solutions were then analyzed by a computer-operated Jarrell Ash ICP Analyzer. Reports are formated by a route computer dotline printout.

For Au analyses, a suitable sample weight of 15 or 30 grams was fire assay preconcentrated. Samples were then digested with an Aqua Regia solution and then taken up to suitable volume by adding a 25% HCl solution. Further oxidation and treatment of at least 75% of the original sample solutions are made suitable for extraction of gold with methyl isobutyl ketone. Gold is analyzed by Atomic Absorption instruments using a suitable standard solution. The detection limit is 1 ppb.

APPENDIX IV

Geochemical Results for Soil, Rock and Stream Sediment Samples



COMPANY: HI	-TEC RESOURCE	KANAGENEN	τ	MIN-I	N LABS	ICP REPORT			(ACT:FIRE) PAGE 1 OF 1
PROJECT NO:	BBBC020B		705 WEST			VANCOUVER,		7K 1T2		FILE NO: 8-1642
	O.COLLINS/B.T					(604) 988-		1 TYPE SOIL	6EOCHEN #	DATE: OCTOBER 5, 1988
(VALUES IN				PB	SB	ZN	AU-PPB			~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
L8E000N	•			19	4	164	3			
LOE025N	1.3			11	3	166	1			
LBE050N	.(41	10	3	135	2			
L8E075N	• (28	14	4	157	1			
LBE100N	<u>-</u>			7	3	<u>141</u> 132				0
LBE125N LBE150N	1.6				,		•			
LBE130N	1.5			8	3	151	2			
LBE200N			47	12 11	4	144	3			
LBE225N	#1 •			7	4	138 134	1			
L8E250N		~~~~~~~~.		17	· <u>3</u> -	138	<u>2</u>			
LBE275N	i.:		81	11	3	144	67			
L8E300N			53	8		127	22			
18E325N			42	11	3	119	19			
L8E350N			75	10	ĭ	173	6			
L8E375N	1.			13	-	142	21			
LBE400N	1.1			13	3	135	2			
L9E000N	1.4		41	10	3	139	3			
L9E025N	.8		42	11	3	154	12			
L9E050N	.9		31	8	4	129	37			
L9E075N			43	12	3	137	18			
L9E100N	1.1		75	11	4	144	3			
L9E125N	1.2		41	8	3	149	1			
L9E150N	1.1		33	14	3	131	2			
L9E175N	1.0	3	35	6	3	108	2			
L9E200N	.9	1	37	14	4	151	3			
L9E225N	.8	3 39	40	14	4	150	11			
L9E250N	.6	44	34	14	3	133	4			
19E275N	.6	1	46	12	3	136	2			
L9E300N	1.0	43	48	12	3	176	3			
L9E325N	2.0	40	41	25	3	154	4			
L9E350N	1.6		41	23	4	139	3			
L9E375N	1.2	31	56	17	4	136	21			
L9E400N	.8		44	14	4	142	18			
L9E025S			47	15	3	137	4			
L9E050S	1.0		50	15	4	134	i			
L9E0755	1.1		36	9	3	116	3			
L9E100S	.8		32	3	3	108	2			
L9E125\$.7		57	18	4	133	1			
L9E150S			49	23	3	121				
L9E1758	1.2		36	12	3	130	2			
L9E200S	1.5		52	12	3	177	21			•
L9E2258 L 9 E250\$	2.2		69	8	3	156	3			
L9E275S	1.6		67	21	•	144	18			
L9E300S	1.2		62	10	<u>3</u>	174	17			
L9E3005	1.6 1.0		62	18	3	139	2			
L9E3505	1.1		46 83	23 13	7	118	•			
L9E3758	1.1		85 39		3	164	2			
L9E4005	1.2		39 48	11 7	3 3	96 90	2 3			
						<u>7</u> V	3			

	COMPANY: HI			MANAGEMENT	LTD.	HIN-E	N LABS 1	CP REPORT						(ACT:FIRE) PAGE 1 OF 1
-	PROJECT NO:				705 WEST	15TH ST.,	NORTH \	ANCOUVER,	B.C. V7M	1172				FILE NO: 8-1704/PS
	ATTENTION:			A		(604) 980-	5814 OR	(604) 988-	4524 #	TYPE	SOIL	SEOCHEM	1	DATE: OCTOBER 12, 1986
	(VALUES IN	PPM	AG	AS	CU	₽₿	SB	ZN	AU-PPB					
	15W5+00S		1.0	32	10	15	4	111	5					
	L5W5+2S\$.8	44	37	27	4	123	2					
	15W5+50S		.8	35	5	22	5	102	1					
	L5#5+75S		.5	26	13	15	4	122	8					
	L5W6+00S		2,4	46	19	24	6	116	2					
	L6W0+00S		1.0	25	16	17	4	109	4					
	L6¥0+25S		.4	31	24	19	4	104	4					
	L&W0+50S		.4	31	9	18	4	128	10					
	L6W0+75S		1.6	49	10	18	5	90	8					
	L6W1+00S		.8	20	24	14	4	119	5					
	L6W1+255		1.0	45	13	21	5	106	2					~ ^ ^ ^ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
	L6W1+50S		.6	30	16	16	5	156	1					
	L6W1+75S		2.2	32	14	23	5	150	8					
	L6N2+00S		1.2	34	23	17	5	132	15					
	L6W2+25S		1.8	56	. 8	28	5	76	16					
	L6W2+50S		1.4	40	12	20	5	88	2					
	L6#2+75S		.6	48	18	28	6	99	20					
	F9M3+002		1.6	41	20	32	6	144	17					
	L6W3+25S		2.2	61	43	30	6	135	28					
	16W3+50S		.4	16	23	13	4	114	19					
	L6W3+75S		1.0	56	44	15	6	121	16					
	L6N4+00S		1.2	33	31	23	4	108	10					
ı	L6W4+25S		1.6	44	34	24	5	114	15					
	L6W4+50S		2.0	43	56	31	5	125	2					
	L6W4+75S		.B	31	35	26	4	119	14					
	L6W5+00S		.8	44	34	27	4	112	2					
	L6#5+25S		.8	46	10	28	5	105	1					
	L&W5+505		1.2	42	4	18	5	81	2					
	L6W5+75S		1.2	47	11	24	5	105	1					•
	L6W6+00S		.8	30	7	20	4	99	1					

COMPANY: HI-TEC	RESOURCES				LABS ICP REPORT			(ACT:F31) PAGE 1 DF 1
PROJECT NO: 686					LATH VANCOUVER,			FILE NO: 8-1932/P1+2
ATTENTION: D.C.					14 OR (604)988-		TYPE SOIL SEDEMEN \$	DATE:OCTOBER 31, 1988
(VALUES IN PP)	() AG	<u>AS</u>		PB 10	SB IN 121	AU-PPB 2		
L5E0+50N	1.1	20	17	8	2 160	1		
LSE0+75N	1.2	10	19	8	1 141	3		
L5E1+00N	1.1	17	23	10	i 126	b		
L5E1+25N	.7	20	36	9	1 156	15		
L5E1+50N	.î	23	26	18	7 173	2		
L5E1+75N	1.3	23	35	16	2 200			
L5E2+00N	.7	23	62	11	? 159	1		
L5E2+25N	.4	14	40	23	6 185	3		
1.5E2+50N	5	9	45	<u>14</u>	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{146}{132}$	· <u>2</u>		
L5E2+75N	.7 .3	17 13	39 55	17 11	2 132 7 155	: 2		
1553+25N	.4	27	48	10	3 194	1		
L5E3+50N	.7	14	45	19	7 241	i		
L5E3+75N	.5	32	28	24	6 27B	ì		
1584+00N	1.3	27	35	19	3 195	3		
L5E0+00S	1.1	17	32	10	2 109	1		
L5E0+25S	.9	26	22	31	5 152	1		
L5E0+50S	.3	1	20	16	2 143	i		
L 5E0+75S	<u>4</u>	11	74	<u> 17</u>	7	2		
L5E1+003	.5	21 29	29 33	11 20	5 163 2 127	22		
₽5E1÷25S L5E1+50S	1.1 .9	10	33 28	17	3 91	1		
L5E1+75S	1.5	27	41	19	3 143	5		
h5E2+00S	1.1	26	20	15	2 148	i		
1,5E2+259	1.1	19	15	13	2 160			
L5E2+50S	1.6	19	21	15	1 171	1		
£582+759	1.3	35	15	12	3 150	2		
1.5E3+00S	.8	12	15	11	4 154	i		
L5E3+25S	1.0	16	32	19	1 216	1		····
15E3+50S	1.3	11	46	15	2 151	2		
LSE3+75S	1.3	14	44 105	14	i 137 i 252	14		
LSE4+00S L&E0+00N	1.1 1.3	10 47	31	16 10	1 137	2		
L6EC+25N	1.5	26	29	15	2 131			
L6E0+50N	.5	<u>-</u> 6	4Ú	18	5 136	<u>1</u> 3		
L&E0+75N	.5	8	32	16	4 151	1		
Laĉi+ŭ0N	.6	16	46	11	7 141	65		
L6E1+25N	.4	6	43	24	5 130	10		
L6E1+50N	5	2	63	!1	4 135	2		
E6E1+75N	.5	24	32	16	1 140	1		
L6E2+00N L6E2+25N	.5 1.1	10 25	32 36	21 24	1 146 2 127	1 2		
L6E2+50N	1.1	23 24	36 19	24	2 112	3		
L6E2+75N	1.2	21	25	17	2 121	2		
L&E3+00N	.9	<u>-</u> i	45	22	2 115	i		
L6E3+25N	.3	37	56	24	7 143	45		
L6E3+50N	.9	20	23	22	1 148	1		
L6E3+75N	.5	14	43	22	7 167	2		
1.6E4+00N	<u>.</u>	20	43	75 	7 182	8		
L6E0+255 L6E0+50S	1.0 .9	15 32	2B	39	6 149	1		
L6E0+755	1.1	32 15	36 23	6 21	3 110 2 138	1 2		
L5E1+00S	1.1	29	11	!5	3 107	1		
P&E1+25S	۵.		16	17	4 118			
L6E1+50S	1.1	-	27	16	6 128	1		*******
L6E1+759	1.1	15	20	22	1 127	2		
LáE2+VVS	1.1	22	51	íó	2 109	5		
L6F2+25S	1.1	2 i	39	25	1 98	1		
L6E2+50S	1.2	. 24	57	<u></u>	2 115	6		

COMPANY: HT-TEC R	RESCURCES			MIN-E	N LABS	CP REPORT						(ACT:F31) PAGE 1 OF 1
PROJECT NO: 88BC0	208		705 WEST	15TH ST.,	NORTH V	ANCOUVER,	B.C. V7H	1T2				FILE NO: B-1932/P5
ATTENTION: D.COLL		DN		(604) 780-	5814 OR	(604) 988-	4524 1	TYPE	SOIL	GEOCHEN	1	DATE: OCTOBER 31, 1988
(VALUES IN PPM)	Αŭ	AS	CU	PŖ	SÐ	?!!	AU-PPD					
L10E1+50N	, 9	31	26	14	?	138	1					
L10E1+75N	1.1	8	26	15	2	104	4					
£10E2+00N	1.3	1	20	12	3	138	2					
L10E2+25N	.5	3B	15	20	6	120	2					
L10E2+75N	. 4	26	10	10	5	105	12					
L10E3+00N	.5	1	24	9	1	79	9					
L10E3+25N	.8	41	15	12	6	109	5					
£10E3+50N	1.4	33	15	13	1	108	16					
110E3+75N	.5	31	16	17	5	131	4					
L10E4+00N	.3	30	48	21	2	129	1					
L10E0+25S	1,5	37	19	13	4	96	2					
L10E0+50S	1.1	41	1 ò	17	1	105	3					
L10E0+75S	.8	30	12	13	5	129	7					
L10E1+00S	. 4	32	16	15	2	97	2					
L10E1+259	4	27	13	23	5	96	1					
L10E1+50S	.4	14	13	24	1	170	1					
L10E1+75S	1.1	43	18	12	2	102	6					
L10E2+00S	1.0	1	13	19	2	92	2					
L10E2+2 5 S	1.5	33	13	16	Ł	88	l					
110E2+509	1.3	<u> </u>	53	17	2	112	17	~~~~			~==	
L10E2+75S	1.2	11	43	10	3	86	26					
L10E3+00S	1.4	7	2ხ	18	3	107	3					
L10E3+259	.4	38	195	33	3	145	10					
L10E3+50S	1.7	18	23	16	1	67	4					
L10E3+75S	1.3	3	18	16	22	103	2					·
L10E4+005	.8	27	97	21	4	116	3					

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COMPANY: HI TEC REPROJECT NO: 88 BC (020B		705 WEST	157H ST.,	N LABS 10 NORTH VA 5814 OR (NCOUVER,		ROCK	6EOCKEN	ACT:F31) PAGE 1 OF 1 FILE NO: B-1704R DATE:OCTOBER 9, 1988
(VALUES IN PPH)	A6	AS	CU	PB	SB	ŽN	AU-PPB	 		
DKT8818	1.2	29	6	29	9	92	2	 		
DKT8819	1.2	45	10	24	2	43	1			
DKT8820	1.4	17	26	16	1	32	3			
DKT8B21	.9	27	15	8	1	98	2			
DKTB822	1.6	34	10	12	3	11	2_	 		

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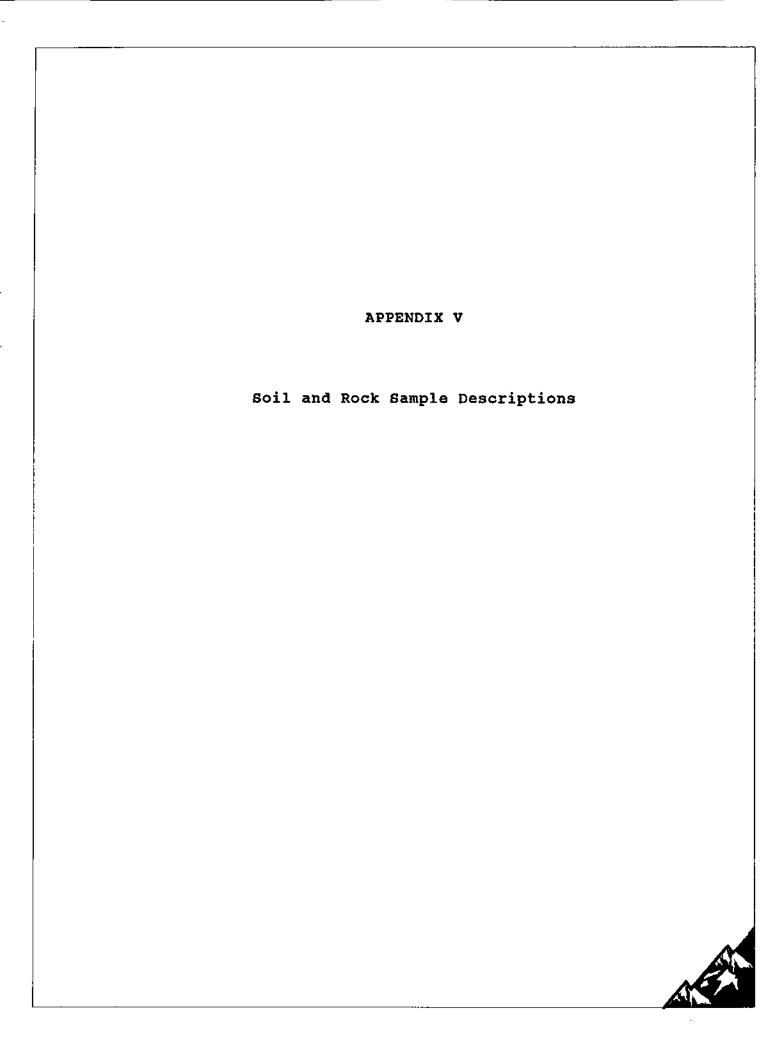
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COMPANY: HI-TEC R	ESOURCES			MIN-E	N LABS 1	CP REPORT			(ACT:F31) PAGE 1 OF 1
PROJECT NO: 888CO	20B		705 WEST	15TH ST.,	NORTH V	ANCOUVER,	B.C. V7M	172	FILE NO: 8-1932R/P1
ATTENTION: D. COLL.	INS/D. THOMPS	OK		(604)980-	5814 DR	1604) 988-	4524 #	TYPE ROCK BEOCHEN 1	DATE: BSTOBER 31, 1988
(VALUES IN PPM)	AG	AS	CU	PB	SB	ZN	AU-PPB		
DTKB801	1.0	25	25	22	3	38	1		
DTK8802	1.0	45	17	17	5	70	3		
DTK8803	1.5	17	49	23	3	53	2		
DTK8804	.8	1	10	18	7	66	9		
D7K9805	1.0	22	18	26	4	23	2		
BTK8806	.3	13	25	9	1	71	2		
DTK8807	.8	27	14	13	4	30	18		
DTK8808	1.2	13	3 3	14	4	33	3		
DTK8809	1.4	11	51	18	2	32	2		
DTKB810	٠٩	3	44	9	1	59	6		
DTK8811	1.0	19	33	13	2	59	3		••••••
DTM8812	.6	41	75	14	6	73	1		
DTK8813	.8	44	47	15	7	92	2		
DTK8814	.8	4	21	14	5	60	1		
DTK8815	.8	1	27	8	1	6 5	2		
DTK8816	1.0	35	15	11	5	24	<u>}</u>	##+#### b	
DTK8817	1.0	37	16	14	5	29	2		
KL5L01	.6	39	13	15	7	B4	2		

	HI-TEC REI NO: 80BC02			705 WEST	MIN-EN LABS ICP REPORT (ACT:F31) PAGE 1 15TH ST., NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C. V7M 1T2 FILE NO: 8-170	
ATTENTIO	N: D.THOMP	SON/V.KURA			(604)980-5814 OR (604)988-4524	1988
(PPM)	KLGLS8	KL6LS9	KLDTS9	KLDTS10	0	
ĀG	2.7	1.9	3.2	2.5	5	
AS	150	112	29	14	4	
EU	60	22	74	58	8	
PB	61	43	45	40	0	
SB	6	6	7	6	6	
						-
ZN	374	206	262	232	2	
AU-PPB	98	5	1	3	3	
HMX	2.01	2.18	5,76	4.11	1	

COMPANY: HI-TEC RES	OURCES			MIN-E	N LABS I	CP REPORT	•	•	(ACT:F31) PAGE 1 OF 1
PROJECT ND: BBBC020	8		705 WEST	15TH ST.,	NORTH V	ANCOUVER,	B.C. V77	1 1T2 -	FILE NO: B-1932/P1
ATTENTION: D.COLLIN	S/D. THOMP	SON		(604) 980-	5814 OR	(604) 989-	4524 \$	TYPE HEAVY MINERAL	# DATE: DCYOBER 31, 1988
(VALUES IN PPM)	AG	AS	CU	PB	SB	ZN	AU-PP8		
KLBTS-1-40HM	1.0	12	31	31	1	95	5		
KLOTS-2-40HM	2,4	14	42	36	1	103	110		
KLDTS-3-40HM	1.4	33	74	30	2	278	16		
KLDTS-4-40HM	2.2	43	32	28	8	63	20		
KLDTS-5-40HM	2.2	174	40	41	8	111	9		
KLDTS-6-40HM	1.2	3	22	26	4	87	7		
KLDTS-7-40HM	1.4	125	44	30	5	178	808		
KLBTS-B-40HM	1.8	136	53	51	4	192	110		
KLGLS-1-40HM	1.2	31	63	26	4	162	4		
KL6LS-2-40HM	1.2	36	61	39	3	169	15		
KLGLS-3-40HM	1.4	93	63	44	1	205	176		
KL&LS-4-40HM	1.4	ŧ	69	32	1	185	476		
KL6ES-5-40HM	1.8	66	30	33	1	151	54		
KLGLS-6-40HM	2.2	63	57	34	5	163	997		
KŁGLS-7-40HM	1.8	38	42	26	f	13B	257		

.



Rock Sample Descriptions

Sample No.	Description
DTK 88 - 1	16 cm wide quartz stringer @ 180/40 (north-south strike, vertical dip) within black iron-stained brittle argillite.
DTK 88 - 2	Vuggy quartz vein float along road on North Grid with less than 1% pyrite.
DTK 88 - 3	Black, shaley mudstone, very weakly metamorphosed with up to 5% vuggy quartz stringers up to 1 mm, some strong iron-stain.
DTK 88 - 4	Light green felsic tuff, weakly vesicular with iron-stained fractured surfaces.
DTK 88 - 5	Abundant vuggy quartz boulders (float) along skid trail south of North Grid.
DTK 88 - 6	Black, fissile phyllite/argillite; trace pyrite.
DTK 88 - 7	Abundant quartz float, up to 50 cm diameter with chloritic partings.
DTK 88 - 8	Iron stained black argillite, no sulphides, minor calcite stringers.
DTK 88 - 9	Iron stained light grey granular tuff in contact with black, calcareous argillite.
DTK 88 - 10	Outcrop of hornblende feldspar porphyry breccia. Fragments are several centimetres in diameter within a finer grained weakly hornblende porphyritic matrix.
DTK 88 - 11	Hornblende feldspar porphyry breccia, as above, with abundant argillaceous clasts and occasional coarse biotite.
DTK 88 - 12	Similar to above breccia, likely a volcanic flow breccia, fewer fragments and finer grained matrix.
DTK 88 - 13	Black, fissile, iron stained argillite.

DTK 88 - 14	Light grey, fine grained sandy tuff; homogeneous texture.
DTK 88 - 15	Large outcrop of hornblende-feldsparquartz porphyry, dacitic composition.
DTK 88 - 16	Iron stained quartz float in creek bed
DTK 88 - 17	Barren quartz float with chloritic partings.
DTK 88 - 18	Light green, fine grained andesite with traces of possible flow banding - abundant float on South Grid.
DTK 88 - 19	Abundant white, barren quartz float with chloritic partings.
DTK 88 - 20	Very strongly iron-stained biotite schist float with trace pyrite - erratic?
DTK 88 - 21	Quartz boulder in creek; barren, weak iron-stain.
DTK 88 - 22	Silicified felsic tuff float, with up to 10% desseminated pyrite and 3 cm quartz stringer found in creek bed on North Grid.
KLGL - 1	Fine to medium grained grey/green arenite with minor siliceous fragments and 1% disseminated pyrite.

CHARACTER ISTICS 501L SAMPLE WET / DRY COLOUR LOCATION SLOPE. QUALITY IMPURITIES 4100 N 5-facing အမ်ရ طجه red / brn mod 3+75N brn rock from crk 3+50N steep west ben It. bca. 3+25N dry 3+00 N ø red/bon H 2+75 N mod red 17 brn 2+50N 2+ 25N red 11 11 2 + 00 N 1 + 75 N 1+50 N 64 near road 1+ 25 N brn 1+00 N evel bca 0+75 N 11 se l 11 0+50 N bco0 +25 N 'n 11 re d 0+00 E-facing dk red / brn Med 0+255 11 п red . 11 11 some rocks & org's 0+50 5 h 0+755 st 11 11 11 bra 1+005 Ħ 11 11 brnĦ 11 D 1+255 11 brn 5 - facing 1+50 15 red/brn Mod П 1+755 11 lı. brn П 1.0 h 2+005 brn 2+255 11 11 near road bra 11 2+50 S T. 11 brn Π 2 + 75 5 Т П brn 3+005 mixed rock on talus Steep . lı bra 3+25S ц PLV 3 + 50 fair П ots of ora's hea 11 3 + 75 S brn Some orgs প্রততব Ц real br ary. frags 4+005 Steep S-facing LIE brn 4 too N. mod. S.facina 3+75N 3 + 50 N Ŋ red/bra 77 3+25N le red/brn some locks 11 11 3+00N rock only Poor steep-S-facing 77. red / brn some cocks 2+75N Poor 2+50N red / brn Poor rocks 2+25N rocks fair prn red/brn fair 2+00 N some rocks 1+75 N <u>400d</u> ak brn good 1+50 N wet black some rocks Nο 501 1+25 N OUTCROP Ary. red (brn 1+ 00 N 5-facina nood 0+75N 7 .. red 5011 0+50 N П. OUT CROP NØ 110 0+25 N īī ц 2000 red 4000 'n 0+00 brn dk brn some org's SE-facing 0+255 ίι 0+505 SE facio 15 0+755 SEfacine N. brn. some ora's 5- Facing 1+00 5 Ji. wet 71 77 k bin 1+255 dry some rocks ī, 71 bra 1+50 dk brn 1+755 11

 -			. CHARACTE	ERISTICS		;
	SAMPLE LOCATION	SLOPE	QUALITY	WET / DRY	colouR	IMPURITIES
[-FIE 9+00 S	Mad S-faring	0000	dry	It. bra	
I	2+25 5	" SE-facing	<i>U</i> "	11.3	bra	some org's
1	2+50 5 - 2+75 5	" SE-facing	11	11	11	
-		11 11 7	11	1(.	dk bro	Sauc said
	3+00 S 3+25 S	и <i>и</i>	11	1 11	dk bro	Some org's
	3 + 50 5	" 5-facing	11	") r	
_	3 + 75 5	1 S-tacing	15	11		tas
	- 1 +00 S	Steep Stacing	fair	11	bra	some cocks
l l		- Juling			×:	FREK S.
Ι.	LZE 4+00N	mod . S-facing	good	11	brn	
[3 + 75 N	<u>tı</u> ,	• .	11	red/brn	
Į,	3 +50 N	11	- 11	"	red /brn	
1	3 +25 N	steep s-facing	11	0 0	red/brn	,
<u>-</u>	3 top N 2+75 N	7	<u> </u>	"		1
	2+75 N 2+50 N			11	red "	
	2+50 N		11			•
_	2+25 N 2+00 N	mod S-facing	· · · · ·	11	red brn	
1 - '	2 +00 N 1 +75 N	Steep 5-facing	<u> </u>	"	- "	
1 '	1+75 N 1+50 N	Steep S-tacing		" "	17	
1	1725 N	<i>n</i>	и	 	11	
1 -	1725.14	и	71	17	***	above crk
•	0+75 N	Steep E facina	77	''''	0	- JUSE LIK
•	O+50 N	Steep E-tacina	fair	 	red	outerop
1	0+25 N	tt R	4000	11	red	LOPINION
1	0+06	Mod.	8008	11	red bin.	
1	0+25 5	N II	H .	il.	dk bro	some lock folgs
1	O+50 S	n H	И	11	ben	Some rocks
[.	0+755	£1	н	II .	dk ben	organics.
1 .	1100 5	11 11	(f	11	brn	org's
.	1+25 5	Steep SE-facing	<i>1</i> 1	"	bco	some rock tora's
1	/+50 S	н п 0	11	/1	hen	301-0
.	1175 \$	15 P	H H	t ti	- bco	Some orgs
'	7100 5	11 "	11	11	<u>bra</u>	
١ '	2+25 S 2+50 S	17 H	i.	<u>0</u>	lt. brn	some rocks torg's
١ .	2+50 5	17 H	n N	h h	dk.brn	
	2+75 S 2+00 S	t a	el	ii ii	red/bra	organics
1 -	2 too 5 3 t 25 5	11 H	11	и и	red/brn	
,	3 + 50 5	ft (t	U	11	pcv -	some rocks forgs
'	3+75 5	n (i	fair	n n	brn	rocks
	4+005	mod. S-facing		II.	Dra	<u> </u>
. '		U	good			
	LBE 4toon	Mod. S. facing	a00d	dry	bra	
'.	3 t 75 N	લ 11	4.1	11.7	red/brn	
	3+50 N	B 0	и	8	brn	
	3 + 25 N	H 0	!!	Ц	red / bra	
-	3+00 N	tt u	et	11	red	1 1
	2 t 75 N	11 11	H	15	red/brn	
	2+50 N		<u>(j</u>	11	red brn	
	2+25 N 2+00 N	Steep II	13	13	red/brn	
	2+00 N 1+75 N	24 19		1 !!	(69	
	1+75 N 1+50 N	10 - 17); *1	11	red	
•	1750 N 1725 N	11 12 12	1 ¹	11	red/bon	
-	1125 N 1100N	rnod S-facing		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	red/brn red	
		1, g		<u> </u>		
'						
	•	•			j	
<u> </u>						

SAMP		<u> </u>		ERISTICS		1
LOCAT	LION	SLOPE	QUALITY	WET / DRY	colour	IMPURITIES
L3E	0+75N	Mod. S-facing	9000	dry	red	
	0+50 N	,,,,	3	d	redibin	
	0+25N	Steep "	11	11	red brn	near crk
	0 ± 00	" E-facing	11	11	bro	
	0.255	11 17	μ	wet	dk.brn	pragnics
	0 + 50 5	7(()	- 11	wet.	dk brn	77.00
	0+75 5	11 11	11		dk. brn	H
	1100 5	mod , "	fair	d'.A	H. bin	rocks
	1t25 5	" SE facing	aood	11	red/brn	
··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1150 5	11 11	9.000	"		Some rocks & org's
	1+75 5	11 11			brr	
	2+00 5			11	dkbrn	organics
				- ",	dkbrn	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	2+25 5	CREEK BED - E		wet	b/k	mud trickle of w
	2+50 \$	steep 5-facing	/1	"	dk. brs.	Minor organics
	2+755	", " 9	/1	l deu	red/brn	araillite Hans
	3+005	11 11	71	0	bra	7, 7, 3
	3+255	mod. SE-facing	_fair	n	arey bra	11 11
	3±50S		9000	11	bm	some rocks & ora's
	3 + 75 5	14 (5	7,1	1,1	bro	" " "
	4+∞S	"il " 14"	11	11	bra	few " "
	,,,,,,,,		-	 	Or n	TEW
LHE	4+00 N		**	 	77 7	·
17E		mad E-facing			14 bin	
	3+75 N	med 5-facility	11	11	11	
	3+50 N	, , , J	# 1	34	ben	
	3+25 N	steep SE-feins	: **	"	H. 600	
	3+00 N	11 11	11	"	dk bralted	
	2+75 N	mod 5-facina	"	"	17. brn	
	2+50 N	11 11)/		A red/bra	
	2125 N	// n	11	11	11 real pro	-
	2+00 N	11 11	··· il	1. 11		
	1+75 N	- "	11	 	dk bry/red.	
	1+50 N			11	bon / Fred	
				11	117	
	1+25 N	steep Stacing			dk bro	
	1+00 N	n 1 /	- 14	' "	dk bin/red	
	0+75 N	# 11		//	ben Ired	
	0+53 N	mod. S-facina	-17	"	broked	·
	0+25 N	$\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}^{\mu}$ $\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}^{\nu}$ /	11	" 11	It bro led	7.1
	OfOO BL	level	н	11	dk ben leed	
	0125 5	mod. S-facina	fair	,,,	red/bin	sacks docinain
	0150 5	Steep E-facion)1		rocks & Organic
	0175	11 11 V	<u>good</u> "	" "	red/bin	some org's , ctk @01
			<u> </u>		dk ben	some ora's
	1+00 5			we+	dk red/brn	
	1+25 5	11 NE-facing	1)	dry	bo '	some rocks
	1+50 s	gentle SE-faung	1	1,0	H. brn	some rocks & org's
	1+75 S	<u>* " " J</u>		11	red/brn	11 .1 "
	2+00 s	11 11	fair	11	dk bro	rocks & ora's
	2 + 25 S	11 1/	9000	11 .	dk bra	some rocks & orgs
	2+50 S	11 11	0",	"	dk bra	few " "
	2+50 5 2+75 s	11 11	11	11	bra	11 ". 11
	3+00 \$	11 11	ıï ···			
	3+25 S	n v	n	7	ha	some org's
	31 50 S	,, ,,	11	'''	H. 650	
·····	3+75 \$	Mod. E facing		 	bra	acquillite frage
	51 /3. 3	MOO E facing	· ''	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	brn	some org's
	4+60 5	- "	V-		bra	few tocks forg's
						J.
			·			
		\				
		•				
	- 1	• • •		ı I		

CHARACTER ISTICS SAMPLE QUALITY LOCATION SLOPE WET / DRY COLOUR IMPURITIES 9000 bin fred 65E 4100N Steep · S-facing dry 3175 N 3+ 50N " 4 11 3125N dry. red / bin 11 dk bra 3+00 N 11 11 2+75N SW-Facin dry 11 above cik (2m) red/brn 2+50 N 71 5-facing Crk 6m west 2+25 N mod 11 E facina 2100 N brn steen 11 dk 1+75 N Mod: " H red /brn 1+50 N 11 E-facing 1125 N steen 5. facing 17 ben 1400 N mod 0175 N mod tt. bra H0+50 N 11 1) # 0 +25 N 11 # red/bin 0100 few rocks dk bra some rocks & org's 11 0125 5 11 11 red / brn ** 0+50 11 dk bra 11 01.75 11 wet some org's dk brn 1100 ndص dk brn 1125 W 2 71 dk brn 1evel 1150 S creek → SE tair wet grave *1775* S rocks forg' steep E-facing 100 d dru dk bro some SE-facing 2+00 11 (mod 71 red /brn some rocks 2125 # 11 11 dk red Some rocks & ora's 2150 5 gentle 11 11 argillite frag's П 2175 11 11 few cocks 3 +00 11 nred Ibra some ora's 3125 S some racks л 3+50 S Steen ri. E facin 11 few rocks forgs 3+755 " 11 H. bra Some rocks 4100 5 71 wetdk brn Some rocks & Org's red/brn L6E 4100 N S-facina mod # dzu 3+25 N dk red/brn 11 3+50 N It. brn 11 H3+25 N red/bin 4 3+00N " н " 17 2+75 N It. bro 11 11 n 2+50 N 11 11 4 'n It red/by 2125 N steep #1 brn 11 11 2+00 N " u dk red/brn 1+75 N 71 77 ш brn ካ 1+50 N red/bro 77 1125 N Fair very rocky bea 71 1100 N cedibro <u> 1900 d</u> 0+75 N 4 ly bra 17 0+50 N 11 Crook 17 0125N WET E-facing steep 11 0+00 11 dk red /brn 0125 5 н de bin 11 Some org's 0+50 5 few rock's & org's ij (20/60) ij 0+75 5 dry red/brn gentle 14005 5- facing ij WD7 dk red /brn 11253 Org's h lt. red/brn dru few rocks ī MOJI 1150 5 ٠, red /brn 7+75 S sed /brn 51 wet SIME

SOIL CHARACTER ISTICS SAMPLE WET / DRY colour LOCATION SLOPE QUALITY IMPURITIES LGE 21005 21255 Steep W-facio some rocks forgis 9000 ben good fair some rocks 110 1/ 2150 creek organics 2475 orks & org's dk bra Wog W- facine faic 17 5 - facing 3100 steen fair 71 ben sandi level-creek) wet 3*+ 25* sand & ora's ncocaneu some rocks forg red /brn W- Facina 3+50 steep. 11 2000 good 3+75 11 # " dr bcc 4100 5 11 mod. S-facing $q^{i\beta}$ 4100 N It red/bin 1000 3+75 N Ÿ. 3+50 N 4 77 2125 N 71 bec 11 steen 24 3+00 N 11 sed 17 2+25 N 777 <u>biro</u> 11 17 1 bon 2+50.N 14 11 11 2125 N Ħ 10m E of crk Went 41 2100 N SW-facing red/bin 각대 H 71 1 + 75 N W - facing Hdk ben SW - facing 7, 1+50 N 14 all rock grey/brn 1200 r 71 1125 N 11 aood 1+00 N 11 11 O iii Ħ Π 0+75 N It red/bin red/bin 11 ħ 0150 N П 0 175 N SN-fector ᆔ H. brn mod red/brn 0+00 . ù 71 li - facing 0125 Steep 11 71 some rocks & org's 11 +/ 11 dk brn 0+50 17 0+75 mod 11 bra some racks & orgs 11 11 1+00 S " 11 It brn seme rocke 11 red/brn 1+25 11 11 some rocks forg 17 S 17 77 1460 we t brá 1+25 11 dry. gully "11 dk red/brn 2+00. small 11 5-facing 17 7+54 mod. dry sed /bin 21505 bia. 2+755 31005 31255 Pohllite 14. grdy/ greec grdy 1/ big bro, mud Π air Mite steep DOOC n + tpoor "// 3+25 NW-facing Creek @ 3+205 DOOR wet 3+50 muddy clay rocks 0001 3+75 " 11 DOOR 41005 good أبربإ brn some rocks med mod. SE- facin dkbrn Some rocks & org's 4+00 N west LBE 900d 3175 N 11 \overline{H} 11 ц 3+50 N dry 71 It ben fair rocks & ora's 3125 N 3+00 N S-facin dk brn steen 11 a 000 2+75 N 11 few rocks forgs red/bro 2+50 N ч hen some ". 11 2+25 N 11 brn 11 2100 1 11 dk red ben level steep 11 1+75 N u ĪΪ wet 1+50 11 ч 11 -- (1 ī. طريها 1+25 11 ų bra il 11 ñ 1+00 N organics K <u>dk bra</u> şb. some rocks & org's 0 + 75 N Ĭ1 brn 14

SOIL CHARACTER ISTICS SAMPLE LOCATION SLOPE QUALITY WET / DRY colour IMPURITIES 18E OISON steep S-facino rocks & org's aood wet dk bra 0125 N 0+00 11 11 طريع hra // 11 0 11 0+50 п 11 wet du bra 0+75 /1 dry wedt It bon 1100 5 11 dk bon some rocksforg's 1725 s 11 organics Ik boa dc_4 S-facin 1+50 S gentle 1017 b/k 1+75 S Eaic muddy clay We t g sey 2100 5 * 9*0*00 Fair clay 2+25 5 11 17 grey dk bro steep 2+50 k fair rock 5 grey / bra Eaic Clay & racks creek 3+00 S ₽-00°C sand & grove ! N. Facing dry Wet 2+25 5 good faic red Ibra some rak! & orgs mucky rocks forg 3+50 S 1k bro 3+75 S 7+00 S red/brn <u>good</u> Ofair II bro rocks L9E red/brn 4+00 N E-facing mod. 900d <u>ne</u>l 3+75 N 'n. 3+50 N 11 7 77 3125 N Ц 11 1 3+00 N q n 71 dk red/bra 11 2+75 N 11 11 11 41 SISON .. łi 2+25 N 11 k red/brn red/brn 71 11 ij. 2100 N П Н organics ii 1+75 N h 11 Ħ 11 1+50 N 1+25 N •1 Ð. 5- facing И ħ 1+00N 11 Hdk red/brn red/brn 0+75N 7 11 Ц 0+50 N 61 [] Ö+25N 7Î !j 0 fob 11 0125 S 5-facing 11 4 mod 0+505 11 11 dk redthin steen 0+755 П 14 It red Thrn IF ben 11005 mod ij 1125 5 щ п red/bin 11505 н +1 redlern ц 1+755 +1 11 ti н <u>21005</u> łı. (i и 2425S 41 11 dk red/brn red/brn 21505 и Ħ εl 11 2+755 4 dk red fbrn 3+00 S 11 dk Irn/grey 3+255 creek - west creek bed poor <u>3 † 50 \$</u> N-facing steen 000 C H Sand 3 † 75 s Wod! 11 h aood 71 Sood dk red/brn 41005 ш А. ı

CHARACTER ISTICS 5016 SAMPLE LOCATION SLOPE QUALITY WET / DRY colour IMPURITIES 4400N LIOE Mnd. E facina good Net It. red/brn 3+75 N " " 11 dk red/bro 3+50N 77 " 11 11 3+25N 4 īį 3100 N 7, 11 4 Jŧ 11 2+75 N 11 4 ų 2+50 N red/bm п 77 11 ч 2+25 N 11 11 11 dk ced/bea 2+00 N u 4 11 1 F 75 N H 4 tj 1+50 N 11 11 It. ben 11 1125 N 11 77 11 1+00N 77 11 ıı <u>bca</u> 0+75N 0+50 N н dk red/brn H11 red/brn t. red/brn red/brn 17 SE-facing b 0125 N 11 ħ 0+00 1+ 7 5- Pacin 01255 47 aentle 14 bra Ħ 0+50 S 71 н 0+75 5 steen 'n 11 11005 и 1+25 s It become fair ١, organics 1150 S 77 dk ted/bra ano d (11 14. bin 1175 Hıţ 11 aentle brn /tec 2100 IJ Ц 2+255 11 11 dk red/brn 2150 ч 11 ben 2+75 grey. steep PODR Sandy ?+*0*0 il 9000 creek @ 3115 S N- facing SOIL 3+25 grey 16Tk NO All argillite 3+50 5 grey /bra fair 11 11 9000 3+75 S level blk 4+005 gentle N-facin 11 SOUTH GRID mod. N- facing LIN 6+005 <u>100d</u> red/hrn 5 t 75 5 11 0 5+50 3 11 η fair wet hen larey rocks Stas S 77 11 11 doo aentle 11 σ_{ii} 11 blk5+005 0 4 blk/grey 4+75 S ii 77 4150 5 11 11 H bra 11 и dk brn 4+255 11 level H71 mud 4 + 00 5 3 + 75 5 11 H. red/brn leve ď. 11 3 + 50 S 11 dk ben Mud @ Creek leve 3.+ 25 S dk red lbrn revel grey/bra 3+60 S fair eve ы maks. 2+755 gentle N-facin tr 900 2+50 S ø dk bra 2+255 ced/brn organics 11 4 ıţ 11 2+005 red bro L + 75 13 п 1 1+50 s `7I B 1+25 s 71 ď 4 14005 n 11 bco^T ţ

5016 CHARACTERISTICS SAMPLE QUALITY WET / DRY SLOPE LOCATION colour IMPURITIES day 0+755 centle · N-tacin LIW organics aood ak red /bra 0+505 red/hro 01255 11 dk bin 0+005 abundant organics BL 4 wet black red/bin It red/bin LZW 6+00 5 Steen W-facina aood dru 5 +75 5 5+50 5 u " (1, 11 " 4 dk red/bra Stepp NW-facing 5+25 S ű 11 5+005 " 11 4+755 H 11 11 11 ેવ ું mod. 77 1] bro 4,25 5 6 dk brn dk ced/brn blk 4+005 1evel 14 gentle N-facina 3+75 5 П wet 3+50 S 3+25 S level dry wet dk bra ad/bra 3+00 S 11 dry 2+75 5 11 H. red/ben 2+505 Steen N-facing 11 red brn mo'd. 2+25 S b Ú grey/brn Uk brn 2+00 S ere п 4m from crk fair 1+755 E-facing 900d mod η Taic 1+505 11 ŋ brn/grey gentle 1+25 5 4 11005 11 11 si. *1 0+75 5 0+80 5 0+85 5 11 11 īĵ clay grey cedybra dk bra W-facing Mod 71 gen He <u> 2000</u> 41 BL 0+005 11 dry 4.3W 6 too 5 red/brn level <u> 900</u>d 5175 S 5150 S gentle N-facing H. bon 11 Steep NW. facing 11 \overline{u} 5+255 11 1 11 ced/brn tı 5+00 S 11 Ŋ 4+755 11 77 71 H. brn 4+50 11 H. red/brn 4+255 71 ïΪ 11 ή 71 10 łı 4+005 17 3+75s 71 11 I₁ 3+505 mod 11 ħ 11 3125S fi 11 П 1ī 11 71 3+00 S ıΙ Ú. 11 2+75 S 2+50s 11 IJ 77 44 gentle Q +255 wet N-facing taic grey brn VbľK. 1+005 11 wid <u>9000</u> 1+755 11 O ηf qt4 dk. brn Sand 200C arey 1+255 1+005 0+755 11 ne I Jak bra ८००व 11 Hair grey/brn 11 dr_{u} good bra/grey grey / bra 0+505 Sandy - creek We 4 Creek <u>lair</u> gentle E-Pacing Н faic BL 11005 · iI good

CHARACTER ISTICS SAMPLE SLOPE QUALITY WET / DRY LOCATION colour IMPURITIES 61005 LYW redlem leve! 5+755 51505 +1 15 N-facina 5 t 255 dk red brn med ŧ1 *1 5 too 5 it bra ik red bra red bra G 4+755 4+505 11; اوسيا 4+25 5 11 H genfle N-facin ij 4+005 red Ibrn ī īī redlbrn 11 Ц 3+50 44 i.I t. red/brn
red/brn 3+255 ī П steen tt gentle 31005 11 2+755 11 77 It 21505 . . 11 н 11 2+255 11 11 2+005 П ŧı 1+755 n 11 11 1+50 5 11 1+255 11 11 11005 ц ïΤ 11 +1 0+755 15 ħ 0+505 ī 41 11 11 0+255 11 04005 11 h gentle N-facing L5W 6+005 5185 dry dkred/brn. 900d 11 11 red /brn S+50 5 tt 11 įΙ 5+255 11 r, ų. red/brn 5+00 5 4+75 5 н и ıι steep п Ħ genfle 4+505 11 de red/bro 4+255 1) red Ibra 11 redbin 41005 11 11 4 3+755 3+505 м q īŢ Ħ IJ 3+25 5 ii 71 T 15 31005 11 įΙ 2±75 S 11 --red/bra 11 2+50 5 leve Ŋ ij 2+255 gentle NE-facina n 11 brn 2+00 S 11 Mac dk red/bin 1+25 S 11 11 1+50 S 11 ۱, 1+25 S wet 11 Leve N-faving n Mod 1+00 red/brn طريع 15 11 11 11 red/born 0+50 S 0+25 S h īī. D00 (41 sandy. 71 11 red/brn 0+005

CHARACTER ISTICS 5016 SAMPLE LOCATION SLOPE QUALITY WET / DRY cocouR IMPURITIES few rocks forganics rocks for a's N-facing L6V mod. 6+005 acod wet red/brn gid. JEAIC 5+755 ti. 5+50 S 1 (oxcellenced 51255 ग few rocks t 41 et. 5+005 41 wet dk brn <u>good</u> 4+755 05915 eve ! 11 4+505 11 Ц 11 4+255 11 Ī, W 4+005 11 11 ŧ1 red/bra 3175 S 71 dry some rocks & ora İŧ net. 0 racks (4.tz) 1 ora" 3+505 14 blk/drey fair اج جا ر clau 11 914 3+00 5 rocks & ora 's rocks forg' 71 <u> 400 d</u> bca 2+50 5 11 It. bra 2+25 5 red some ora Pair 2+005 11 some grave bra 1+755 ij 900d we + bra 1+50 5 faic qry 11 clay & grave 11255 good fair few rocks & org's ц red steep, N-facin 11 red I green 11005 some areen rock some rocks good 01755 0150 S 0125 S 11 fair 11 dk red/brn rocks 11 t_{ℓ} 11 green Tred/bm clay & soil 8009 и 0+00 5 red/brn

APPENDIX VI Statement of Costs

STATEMENT OF COST

Project 88BC020B

SALARIES (Sept.12 to Oct.20, 1988) D.Thompson 14days @ \$375/day \$ G.Leitz 14days 225/day	5,250 3,150	Ś	8,400
G.ECICE INdiff ELD/ddf	31155		0,100
PROJECT PREPARATION			875
PROJECT EXPENSES			
Supervision: Truck rental 14 days \$ 135/day Field supplies at cost Domicile 28 mandays \$ 55/DAY Communication/Freight	331 1,890 286 1,540 102		
Geochemistry: 509 Soil sample prep \$ 1.00 \$ 509 509 Soil-6 Elem Tr ICP 5.00 2,545 509 Soil -AU FIRE 7.25 3,690 23 Rock-6 Elem Tr ICP 5.00 115 23 Rock AU FIRE 7.25 167 23 Assays sample 3.75 86 19 HM-Floatation Prep 25.00 475 19 HM -AU FIRE 7.25 138 19 HM - 6 Elem Tr ICP 5.00 95 MIscellaneous Lab Charges 90	7,910		12,059
MOB/DEMOB EXPENSES			1,790
OFFICE EXPENSES REPORT COMPILATION			618 4,000 27,742
PROJECT MANAGEMENT 15% (NOT ON SALARIES)			1,980
TOTAL COSTS		\$	29,722



