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VANCOUVER, B.C.	DIAMOND DRILLING and GEOPH	YSICAL

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REPORT

INDUCED POLARIZATION SURVEY

on the

OFFSET LAKE AREA

LOG NO: RD. 4 ACTION: Date received report book from umendment FILE NO:

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JAMBOREE PROPERTY

CARIBOO MINING DIVISION

NTS 93A 7W

LATITUDE 52° 15' W LONGITUDE 122° 50' W

for

IMPERIAL METALS CORPORATION

Field Work Period:

June 15 - July 8, 1988

DENNIS GORC JANUARY, 1989 VANCOUVER, B.C.



SUMMARY

The Jamboree claims are situated in the Cariboo Mining Division 85 km east of Williams Lake, B.C. The property is set within the Quesnel Trough, a belt of Mesozoic volcanics and sediments. Significant gold and copper-gold mineralization has been discovered within this belt of rocks.

In 1988 an induced polarization and diamond drilling program was completed on the Offset Lake area of the Jamboree property.

A total of 8.825 km of induced polarization survey was completed outlining widespread moderate to strong chargeability highs and resisitivity lows. Several of these anomalies are likely due to graphite.

Two diamond drill holes totalling 320 m were drilled to test coincident geochemical and geophysical targets. Gold values returned were low. The best intersection was DDH JO-88-1 (89.3 m - 91.44 m) which returned 880 ppb Au and 1494 ppm As. Other samples were weakly anomalous in gold, arsenic, copper, zinc, molybdenum, nickel and chromium.

The drilling intersected interbedded calcareous felsic volcaniclastic/tuff and argillite. The volcaniclastic unit contained pyrite.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report discusses an induced polarization survey and diamond drilling program completed on the Offset Lake area of the Jamboree property, Cariboo M.D. This work was completed during the period June 15 - July 8, 1988.

In preparation for the geophysical survey 13.35 km of linecutting was completed on the Offset Lake grid. Prior to drilling approximately 700 m of logging skid trail was upgraded by caterpillar to provide improved access.

Aim of the program was to discover the bedrock source of anomalous gold values returned from past soil sampling surveys in the Offset Lake area. Gold values up to 6395 ppb Au were returned from such surveys.

A rotary drill program completed in 1983 failed to discover an adequate bedrock source for this gold.

Exploration on the nearby Frasergold property is continuing with the mineralization now exposed by underground adits.

2.0 CLAIM DATA

The Jamboree claim block consists of 18 modified grid claims totalling 290 units. These claims are listed as owned by Imperial Metals Corporation, but are subject to a joint venture partnership which also includes Geomex Development Inc., Ruanco Enterprises Ltd., and International Display Corporation.

As of June 24, 1988 the Jamboree property has been divided into the following groups for assessment purposes:

Group 1	<u>Claim Name</u>	# of Units
	Jamboree 1 Jamboree 2 Jamboree 3 Jamboree 4 Jamboree 18	20 20 20 20 20 100 units
Group 2	Claim Name	# of Units
	Jamboree 5 Jamboree 6 Jamboree 12 Jamboree 13 Jamboree 14 Jamboree 15 Jamboree 16 Jamboree 17	20 8 9 9 9 20 9 8 92 units
Group 3	Claim Name	# of Units
	Jamboree 7 Jamboree 8 Jamboree 9 Jamboree 10 Jamboree 11	20 20 20 20 20 20

100 units

TABLE 1 - CLAIM DATA

Name		Units	Record No.	Record Date
Jamboree		20	3783 (6)	24/06/81
Jamboree	2	20	3784 (6)	24/06/81
Jamboree	3	20	3785 (6)	24/06/81
Jamboree	4	20	3786 (6)	24/06/81
Jamboree	5		\	· · ·
)	20	3787 (6)	24/06/81
Jamboree	6	8	3788 (6)	24/06/81
Jamboree	7	20	4176 (11)	26/11/81
Jamboree	8	20	4177 (11)	26/11/81
Jamboree	9	20	4178 (11)	26/11/81
Jamboree	10	20	4185 (11)	26/11/81
Jamboree	11	18	4179 (11)	26/11/81
Jamboree	12	9	4180 (11)	26/11/81
Jamboree	13	9	4181 (11)	26/11/81
Jamboree	14	9	4186 (11)	26/11/81
Jamboree	15	20	4182 (11)	26/11/81
Jamboree	16	9	4183 (11)	26/11/81
Jamboree	17	8	4184 (11)	26/11/81
Jamboree	18	20	4353 (7)	12/07/82

3.0 LOCATION, ACCESS AND TOPOGRAPHY

The Jamboree property is situated approximately 85 km east of Williams Lake, B.C. in the Cariboo Mining Division. The claims straddle the Horsefly River near its junction with McKusky Creek. The latitude is 52°15'N and longitude is 120°50'W on NTS map sheet 93A/7W.

Access is by an all-weather logging road from the town of Horsefly, 20 km to the west. Secondary logging roads provide good access to peripheral areas of the claims, including the North Grid, Doreen Grid and Offset Grid areas.

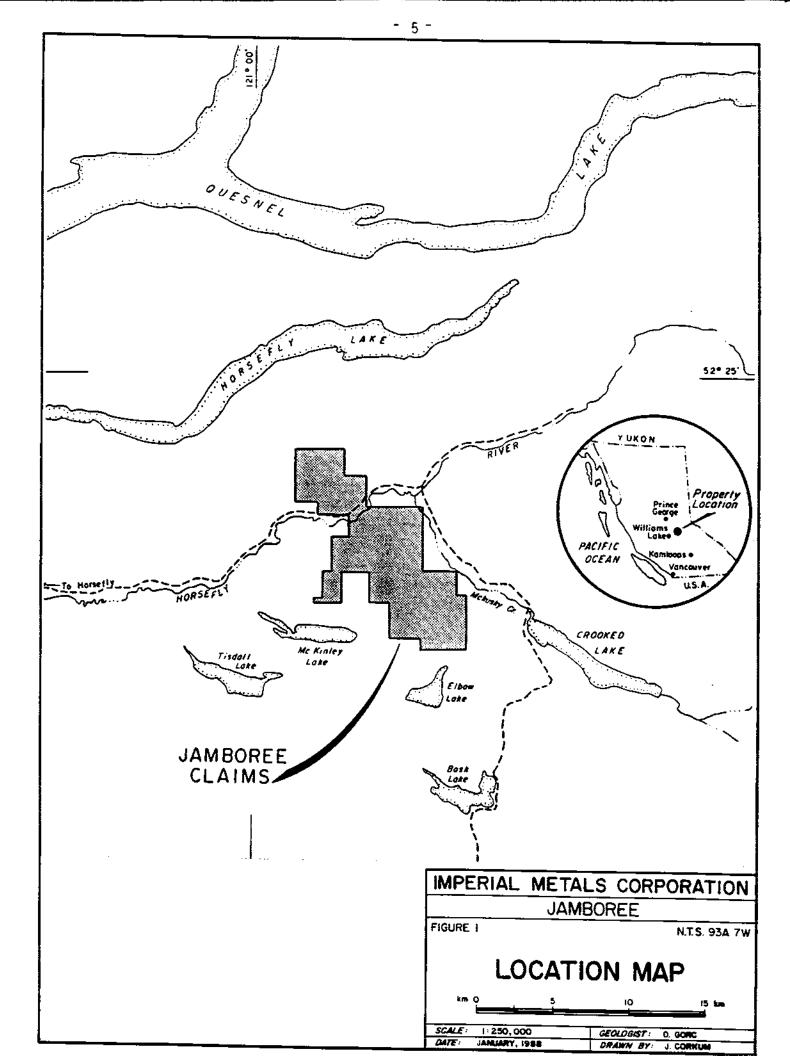
The Jamboree claims are located in the western foothills of the Cariboo Mountains. Elevations range between 900 meters on the Horsefly River to 1700 meters on the Ridge area in the central portion of the claim group. Much of the lower areas have been logged providing good exposure while the mature forests on the upper mountain slopes allow good walking. The central Ridge Area is relatively flat with several marshes and swamps among large stands of evergreen.

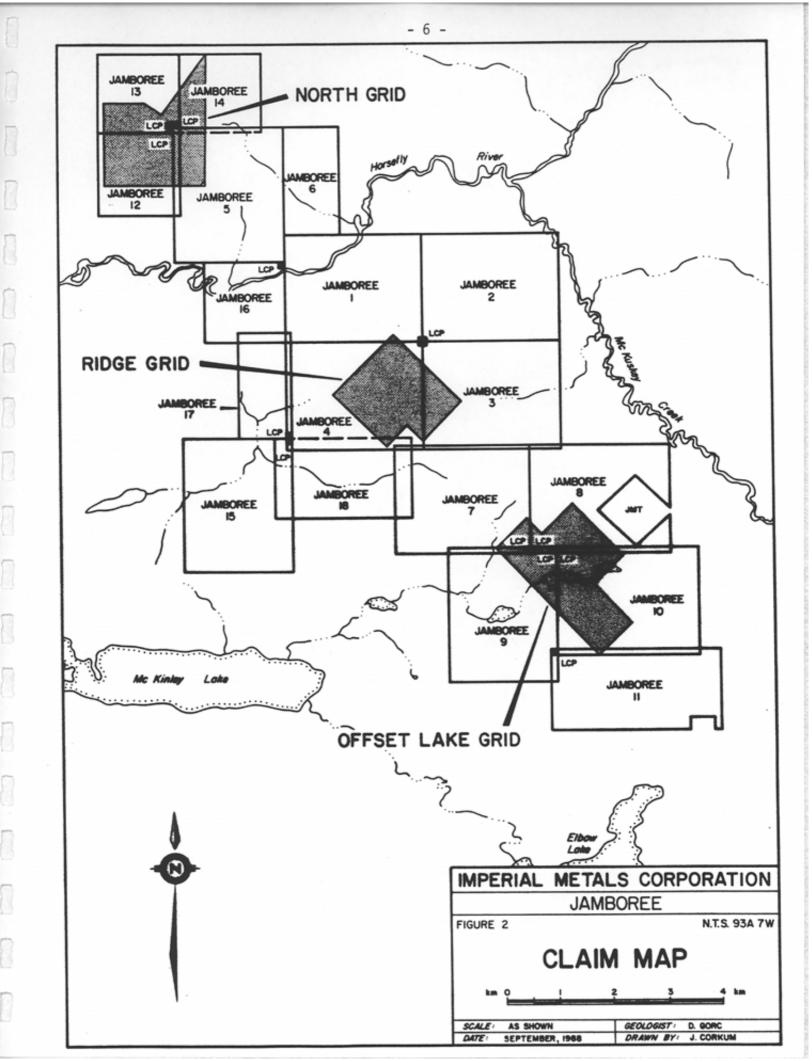
4.0 EXPLORATION HISTORY

The Jamboree claims 1-6 were staked in June, 1981 in response to the release of geochemical data by the British Columbia Government indicating the area was anomalous in arsenic. The Jamboree 7-17 claims were staked in October, 1981 after additional soil and silt sampling was carried out in the region. The Jamboree 18 claim was staked in July, 1982 to fill in open ground between Jamboree 7 and 15.

The 1982 exploration program began with the establishment of a geochemical sampling grid on the central area of the claim block. Reconnaissance lines were run elsewhere. Results were encouraging with several gold-arsenic anomalies outlined. One rock sample from outcrop in the Doreen lake area assayed 0.121 oz/ton Au over 1 meter.

In 1983 the geochemical grid was expanded to cover a much larger portion of the claim group. The original grid's baseline was extended to the Horsefly River in the northwest and to the Jamboree 11 claim in the southeast corner of the claim block.





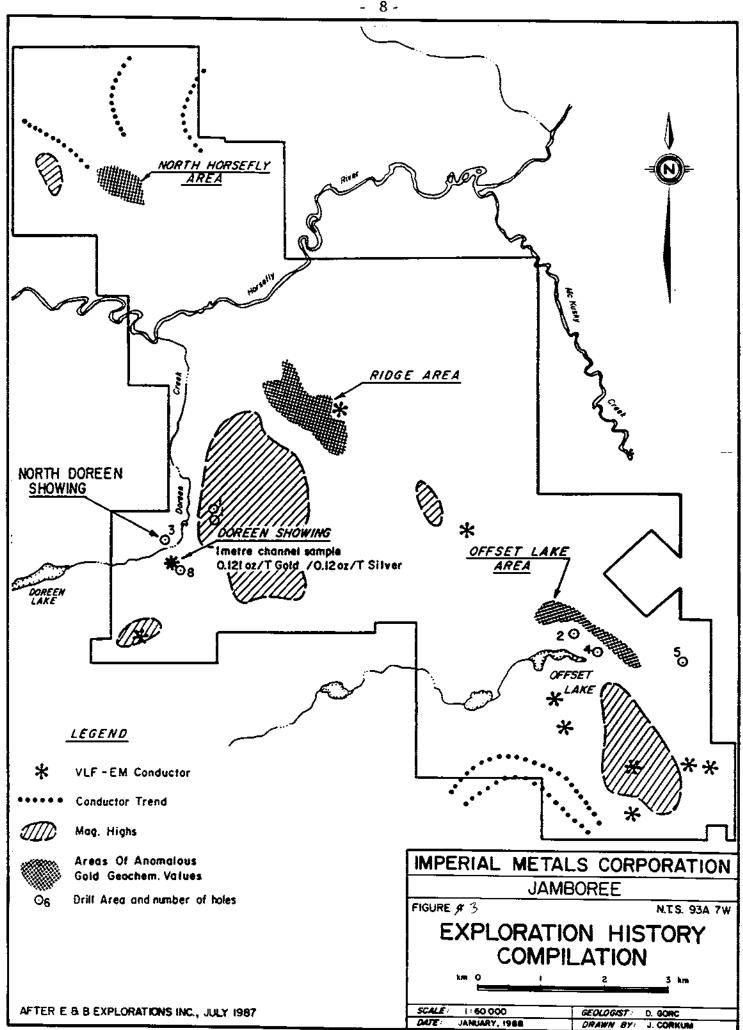
A program of soil and rock geochemical sampling and geological mapping was carried out. A total of 1760 soil samples were taken of which 103 returned gold values of greater than 25 ppb. The maximum value obtained was 5250 ppb Au. Over the course of geological mapping 230 rock chip samples were taken and geochemically analysed.

During July 1983 an airborne magnetometer and EM survey was completed. Results of this initial phase of exploration outlined three major target areas warranting further exploration. A trenching and subsequent rotary/percussion drilling program was carried out on the Doreen Creek area (Jamboree 15 claim block) and the Offset Lake area (Jamboree 8 and 10). This phase of exploration yielded encouraging results including two trench samples at Doreen Lake which ran 0.145 and 0.118 oz/t Au over 2 meters. The third exploration target outlined was the Ridge area which includes most of Jamboree 1, 3, 4 and 7 claims. In the Ridge area geochemical soil sampling outlined several areas of anomalous gold and arsenic. A large soil anomaly along a creek on the north-central area of Jamboree 4 also yielded high Au values from outcrop exposed along the canyon walls.

In June 1987 a VLF electromagnetic and magnetometer survey was completed along 17 kilometers of new grid on the above Ridge area. In addition, 639 soil samples and 31 rock samples were collected.

In October 1987 grids were completed in the Offset Lake and North Horsefl areas. A total of 385 soil samples were taken on the North Grid and outlined several weak gold anomalies.

A total of 562 soil samples were taken on the Offset Grid. Results from the soil sampling defined soil anomalies for gold, copper, arsenic, nickel and chromium.



5.0 REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The Jamboree claims lies within the Quesnel Trough, a narrow tectonic depression in which Mesozoic sedimentary and volcanic rocks were deposited. The Trough extends from the U.S. border to 57°N latitude.

In the vicinity of the Jamboree property the Quesnel Trough is fault-bounded to the west by the Paleozoic Cache Creek Group and to the east by Paleozoic and Precambrian strata. The prevailing structural trend is northwesterly.

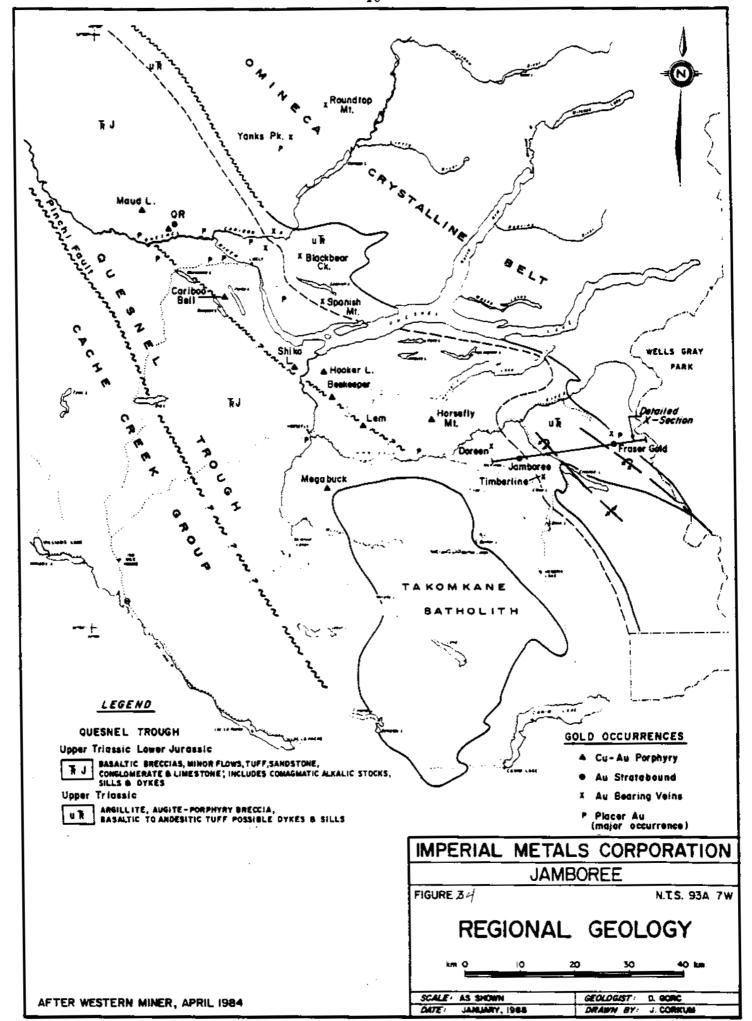
The Quesnel Trough is the host for several important gold and copper-gold deposits included the Cariboo-Bell deposit (100,000,000 tons grading 0.37% Cu and 0.015 oz/ton Au); QR deposit (950,000 tons grading 0.21 oz/ton); Ingerbelle-Copper Mountain (200,000,000 tons grading 0.5% Cu, 0.005 oz/ton Au).

6.0 PROPERTY GEOLOGY

The Jamboree claim group is underlain by an Upper Triassic - Lower Jurassic volcaniclastic - sedimentary assemblage assigned to the Quesnel River Group by Campbell (G.S.C. open file 544, 1978).

The regional bedding trend strikes north to the northwesterly with moderate to steep easterly dips. Regional metamorphism increases in intensity to the east where interbedded tuffs and argillites have been converted to phyllites.

The rocks underlying the property have been divided into three main units based largely upon field geological mapping carried out by G. Richards and R. Simpson from June 9 to October 15, 1983. These are a lower tuff-argillite sequence, a middle volcanic breccia zone and an upper, predominantly argillitic sequence. The lower unit is intruded by a dioritic stock and associated andesitic sills and/or dykes assigned to a fourth unit.



The lower part of the unit 1 assemblage is exposed near Doreen Creek and consists of interbedded and commonly laminated, argillites and tuffs. The rocks are virtually unmetamorphosed with the exception of a hornfels halo developed around a dioritic stock. Equivalent rocks exposed north of the Horsefly River are cherty tuffs overlain by laminated tuffs with occasional lapilli tuff horizons.

Higher in the section, resistant andesitic tuffs, including minor crystal and lapilli tuff, form cliffs and knobs on the upper slopes of the central hill. These are overlain by more recessive interbedded tuff and argillite with minor volcaniclastic sandstone near the top.

Massive uniform andesite containing hornblende needles 1-4 mm long and aphanitic, dark green andesite containing small (.5 mm) hornblende crystals and no readily discernable breccia texture. These rock types are commonly foliated and chloritized.

The andesite breccia is overlain by unit 3, a predominantly sedimentary sequence of black to brownish argillite and shaly phyllite with minor interbedded phyllitic tuff. This unit is recessive and poorly exposed.

In the Doreen lake vicinity, argillites and tuffs of unit 1 have been intruded by a fine grained diorite stock resulting in a hornfels halo extending 200 to 300 meters from the contact exposed in two creek beds east of Doreen Creek. Hornfels development is more widespread on the hillside north of Doreen Lake. The diorite and related hornblende andesite - microdiorite sills and/or dykes are assigned to unit 4 but may be contemporaneous with the andesite breccia of unit 2.

The presence of numerous, sub-angular, glacial float boulders combined with a prominent magnetic anomaly located southeast of Offset Lake, indicates the presence of a gabbro-hornblendite body. Thick glacial deposits cover this area and no outcroppings have been uncovered.

Unit 1 is conformably overlain by a resistant andesite breccia zone (unit 2) which varies from 150 to 300 meters in thickness. On top of the central hill, fragments of the andesite breccia are of two types; andesite fragments characterized by tabular hornblende crystals 4 to 10 mm long and 3 to 5 mm wide; and andesite fragments with acidular hornblende crystals 1 mm wide and 3 to 4 mm in length. The size of the clasts is generally greater than 10 cm in diameter but decreases to 1 cm

within 100 m of the top. Graded bedding is more evident in the top 100 m with fragments decreasing in size to less than 3 mm within 50 m of the top. A dust tuff horizon, normally less than 10 m in thickness, occurs with fragments decreasing in size to less than 3 mm within 50 m of the top. A dust tuff horizon, normally less than 10 m in thickness, occurs at the top of unit 2. Finer grained lenses occur within the coarser breccias and the most southeasterly outcrops of this unit. In the Offset Lake area, the andesite breccia typically contain 10% dioritic fragments with some gabbro and hornblendite fragments in a microdiorite matrix. Fragments are extremely angular and vary widely in diameter from a few centimeters to several decimeters.

7.0 GEOLOGY - OFFSET LAKE GRID

7.1 <u>Introduction:</u>

A total of two diamond drill holes were completed on the Offset Lake grid to test gold soil anomalies and induced polarization resistive anomalies. The drilling was done by J.T. Thomas Drilling of Smithers, core size was NQ. Sections of core mineralized with pyrite were split and submitted to Acme Laboratories of Vancouver.

Hole No.	<u>Grid Co-o</u>	<u>rdinates</u>	<u>Azimuth</u>	<u>Dip</u>	Depth (m)
J0-88-1	5215 E	475 N	045°	-45°	152.4
J0-88-2	5210 E	169 N	020°	-45°	167.6
					320.0

7.2 <u>Lithologies:</u>

The diamond drilling intersected a sequence of interbedded black argillite and pale whitish green calcareous felsic volcaniclastic or tuff. Most geological units are fine-grained although there are some lapilli tuffs with clasts to 5 mm across. These two rock types are often finely interbanded giving the core a distinctive laminated appearance. Andesitic, chloritic tuffs and tuffaceous limestone were also noted. (See Appendix IV - Petrographic Report).

7.2.1 Calcareous Felsic Volcaniclastic/Tuff:

This unit is generally fine-grained and well foliated. Thin wispy layers of argillite to 0.25 cm often give the unit a laminated appearance. This rock type contains significant carbonate and is always highly reactive to acid. Petrographic work suggests that much of this carbonate is calcite although several horizons also contain a significant amount of dolomite. The dolomictic horizons are generally marked by iron stained porphyroblasts of carbonate to 0.25 cm suggesting some recrystalization of the carbonate.

This rock type is also marked by thin wispy concentrations of pyrite along the bedding. The pyrite would appear to be syngentic although there are also cross-cutting thin pyrite veinlets.

Occasional calcareous horizons also have a cherty appearance. It is unclear whether such siliceous-carbonate rich horizons are due to deuteric/hyrothermal alteration or instead represent exhalative horizons. The appearance of such horizons in core and the associated syngentic pyrite suggest that the horizons are exhalative although there is likely some superimposed recrystalization of the chert and carbonate.

It is difficult to determine the proportion of tuff within the various horizons since the carbonate content is generally so high. Indeed several horizons have been called tuffaceous limestone since they were judged to have too low a tuffaceous content to be labelled as tuffs.

Although this rock type is generally fine-grained there were a few horizons of more coarsely textured lapilli tuff noted. Such horizons were marked by abundant small (2-5 mm) elongated clasts of argillite and tuff.

One other geological feature noted within this rock type was the presence of bright green mariposite. Although only present in trace amounts this mineral was commonly noted within this rock type.

7.2.2 <u>Calcareous Andesitic Tuff:</u>

This rock type is fine-grained, pale to medium green and generally well foliated. The unit is noteably calcareous and generally shows a strong reaction to acid. This unit is characterized by a noticeably higher chlorite content than the felsic volcaniclastic unit. Overall pyrite content would also appear to be lower than the felsic volcaniclastic unit although some wispy pyrite concentrations are still noted within the unit generally within well defined 0.5 to 1 m thick horizons containing up to 10% pyrite.

7.2.3 Argillite:

This rock type is characteristically very fine-grained, black and generally well foliated although this does vary. Thin 0.25 - 1 cm bands of calcareous pyrclastic often give the unit a distinctive laminated appearance. The number of these felsic interbands varies from nil to abundant. Pyrite is largely restricted to felsic interlayers. Occasionally argillite members are graphitic. At times, graphite is restricted to occasional thin seams along foliation and at other times graphite content is much more abundant with seams of graphite to 0.5 cm thick.

7.3 Core Geochemistry

A total of 184 core samples were split and submitted to Acme Laboratories for analysis for gold by atomic adsorption and 30 element ICP analysis.

Core samples returned values weakly anomalous in gold, arsenic, copper, zinc, molybdenum, nickel and chromium.

Only two samples returned greater than 100 ppb Au including a high of 880 ppb Au returned from a 2.1 m sample of chloritized fault zone intersected in DDH JO-88-1 (89.3 - 91.44 m).

A total of 84 core samples returned greater than 100 ppm copper including a high of 836 ppm Cu.

A total of 6 samples returned greater than 20 ppm molybdenum including a high of 124 ppm Mo.

A total of 28 samples returned greater than 150 ppm zinc including a high of 3029 ppm Zn (J0-88-1; 53.4 - 53.8 m).

A total of 5 samples returned greater than 100 ppm nickel including a high of 199 ppm Ni.

A total of 10 samples returned greater than 150 ppm chromium including a high of 392 ppm Cr.

A total of 17 samples returned greater than 100 ppm arsenic including a high of 1494 ppm As. One should note that the high of 1494 ppm As corresponds to the gold high of 880 ppb Au.

8.0 INDUCED POLARIZATION SURVEY

8.1 <u>Instrumentation, Procedures, Survey Details</u>

A Scintrex IPR11 time domain microprocessor based induced polarization receiver was used for the survey. Readings were taken using a 2 second alternating square wave. The chargeability for the eighth slice (690 to 1050 milliseconds after shutoff; midpoint at 870 milliseconds) is the value that has been plotted on the accompanying plans and pseudosections.

A Scintrex IPC7 2.5 kilowatt transmitter was used on the Doreen Lake survey, and a Scintrex TSQ4 10.0 kilowatt transmitter was used on the Offset Lake and Ridge surveys.

The survey data was archived, processed, and plotted using a Sharp PC7000 microcomputer running Scintrex Soft II and proprietory software.

Doreen Lake Grid:

pole dipole array "a" spacing = 25 meters n = 1 to 5 current electrode north of receiving electrodes. A total of 8.825 km surveyed. Field work completed June 15-18, July 3-8, 1988.

Dominique Berube, Geophysisist, was party chief for the Offset Survey.

8.2 Discussion

A preliminary examination of the results of these induced polarization surveys indicates the presence of extensive areas of moderate to strong chargeability responses. Many of the chargeability highs on the Offset Grid are coincident with very low resistivity (less than 10 ohm meters), and are probably primarily due to the presence of graphite.

These very conductive features are often bounded by apparent resistivity highs with relatively low chargeability. To some

extent these resistivity highs are artificial and merely reflect the current being channeled into the neighboring highly conductive graphitic unit. However, those areas of high resistivity too extensive to attribute to such current channelling may represent silicified units, which area, in some environments, highly prospective targets for gold mineralization.

With these preliminary observations in mind, a detailed examination of the correlation of the results of this survey to geological and geochemical information, is recommended.

9.0 CONCLUSIONS

The two diamond drill holes completed on the Offset Grid intersected an interbedded sequence of argillite and calcareous felsic volcaniclastic/tuff. The felsic tuff is characterized by abundant carbonate and thin wispy horizons of pyrite. Occasionally, horizons have cherty appearance. It is unclear whether the abundant carbonate and occasional siliceous zones are due to hydrothermal alteration or represent an exhalative horizon.

The core samples taken during drilling returned disappointly low values although some samples did return weakly anomlous in gold, copper, zinc, molybdenum, nickel, chromium and arsenic. The most significant result was from DDH J0-88-1 (89.3 m - 91.44 m) which returned 880 ppb Au and 1494 ppm As. This was a sample from a chloritic fault zone.

Detailed geological mapping and trenching is recommended in the Offset Grid area.

10.0 STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

- I, DENNIS M. GORC, residing at Apartment 202, 270 West 1st Street in North Vancouver, British Columbia, V7M 1B4 state that:
- (1) I graduated from Queen's University, Kingston, Ontario with a B.Sc. (Eng.) degree in mineral exploration in May 1976.
- (2) Since 1976, I have supervised mineral exploration programs in British Columbia, N.W.T., Manitoba and Ontario.
- (3) I am presently employed as a geologist with Imperial Metals Corporation, Suite 800, 601 West Hastings Street in Vancouver, British Columbia.
- (4) I supervised the work on the Jamboree property.

Dated this:

DENNIS M. GORC

IMPERIAL METALS CORPORATION

Vancouver, British Columbia

11.0 REFERENCES

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 Mineral Claims; in-house report, December 15, 1983.

APPENDIX

COST STATEMENT

COST STATEMENT

Linecutting, Induced Polarization, Diamond Drilling Offset Lake Area

Jamboree Property, Cariboo M.D.

June 15 - July 8, 1988

WAGES		
D. GORC: May 21, June 1, 12, 13, 14 July 3, 4, 9, 10	\$2,600.00	
L. LAY: May 27, June 3, 4, 9, 10 July 3, 4	630.00	3,230.00
CAMP		3,203.33
Accommodation and Meals Equipment and Field Supplies Truck	3,275.00 700.00 525.00	4,500.00
LINECUTTING		
Contract with Amex Exploration Services Supplies	1,752.00 200.00	1,952.00
DIAMOND DRILLING		
1,050 feet of NQ drilling Site preparation, Road - 4.5/hr D-8 catepillar	21,000.00 825.00	
184 geochemical analyses Au by AA and 30 element ICP	2,504.00	24,329.00
<u>GEOPHYSICS</u>		
8.825 m Induced Polarization Survey Expenses	14,615.00 650.00	15,265.00
REPORT		
Drafting, computer, typing, etc.		1,500.00
COST SUMMARY		
Wages Camp Linecutting Diamond Drilling Geophysics Report	\$ 3,230.00 4,500.00 1,952.00 24,329.00 15,265.00 1,500.00	\$50,776.00

APPENDIX II

LINECUTTING

<u>LINECUTTING</u>

Offset Lake Grid - Jamboree Property

<u>Line</u>	From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)
L 1 S	5400E	5800E	400
LON	4900E	5800E	900
L 1 N	4900E	5800E	900
L 2 N	4800E	5800E	950
L 3 N	4700E	5800E	1100
L 4 N	4500E	5800E	1300
L 5 N	4400E	5800E	1400
L 6 N	4200E	5800E	1600
L 7 N	4200E	5800E	1600
L 8 N	4200E	5800E	1600
L 9 N	4200E	5800E	1600
			13,350 (m)

Lines marked by pickets every 50 m with flags marking intermediate 25 m stations.

A P P E N D I X III

GEOCHEMICAL RESULTS

Cd SÒ Иg SAMPLEA P b 7.0 λg No Co He Fe ÀS 7.5 \$1 8: ٧ Ca F ... Cz Вĕ Ťį a Ai 7 8 30* U Àü PPN PPK PPK PPN PPN PPK PPM PPK A DEM EDE TON DEN EEK DEM EDE EDE PEK ٤ ł PPK PPM 1 PPH ŧ PPK ł 143 8.01 .077 1 1.17 C 58001 108 12 23 92 25 1368 5.23 101 ? 980 1 2 3 315 4.33 23 .01 . 06 .02 32 1168 5.77 127 5 2 754 1 2 153 6.39 .092 4 320 4.86 22 .01 C 58002 98 15 91 .5 101 T) 2 3 4.81 .03 .03 29 1167 5.96 61 5 MD 1 684 1 2 2 130 5.88 .084 3 216 4.17 31 C 58003 1 126 13 63 .7 57 . 01 2 4.31 .01 .04 1 1 81 .1 30 1226 5.62 90 5 g0 1 724 1 2 2 142 6.12 .077 3 305 4.52 19 .01 2 4.42 . 03 . 83 C 58004 1 124 14 88 1 1 32 1281 5.51 5 ΤĎ 698 1 2 147 6.04 .090 3 392 5.13 C 58005 1 116 14 87 . 6 136 158 1 2 24 . 01 2 4.57 . 03 . 03 1 € 5800€ 1 127 15 80 .1 116 28 1400 5.00 135 5 ED. 2 902 1 2 2 124 7.10 .083 3 303 4.42 16 .01 3.93 .01 .02 5 711 97 5.37 .077 11 133 12 340 .9 91 21 1059 4.74 " n 2 4 3 2 2 153 2.99 36 .01 .02 .06 C 50007 2 2.88 3 1.1 56 5 356 7 2 41 2.74 .076 23 1.17 C 58006 21 110 16 152 13 11 556 1.65 SĐ 1 6 2 57 .01 2 1.20 .01 .10 1 20 32 451 3.36 41 5 T) 1 336 • • 32 2.55 .081 C 58069 11 13 619 ., 10 2 2 12 1.02 63 .01 17 2 1.11 . 01 .11 1 25 5 236 C 58010 10 134 18 332 1.4 31 13 517 4.20 51 10 1 6 6 2 27 2.33 .097 2 10 1.02 59 .01 7 .97 1 24 C 53011 10 153 .5 " 26 1004 6.09 5 m t 564 1 2 93 4.21 .100 3 163 3.80 ₹3 . 01 2 3.92 1 102 81 1 . 82 . 06 1) 855 C 58012 93 7 80 .4 50 20 1154 5.11 61 5 T) 2 1 4 2 85 5.98 .077 3 149 3.15 ш .01 2 3.15 .01 .04 5 m 2 75 6.56 .075 C 58013 96 , 80 .1 13 24 1235 4.94 73 1 \$28 1 . 3 120 3.01 37 . 01 3 3.09 .02 . 05 1 1 1 .5 47 66 5 ED. 2 362 1 2 2 70 6.22 .079 3 132 1.11 21 .01 6 3.06 . 02 C 58014 1 12 21 1161 5.10 37 57 TĎ 2 \$21 7 2 37 3.40 .000 2 19 1.07 44 .01 5 1.15 . 02 C 50015 £ 103 12 157 . 6 13 575 3.92 5 1 3 C 51016 71 . 3 14 7 911 2.89 13 5 m 1 552 1 2 2 21 4.35 .067 1 10 .82 62 .01 6 .81 .03 . 09 -2 2 50 883 2.75 7 5 D • 672 1 2 2 16 3.97 .067 4 7 .76 40 .01 5 .85 1 C 58017 1 .3 . 3 440 31 3.27 .074 3 23 1.17 36 .01 1 1.23 .07 C 58018 70 7 61 ٠,5 17 9 660 3.18 19 5 10 1 2 2 . 02 1 1 1 603 55 13 596 3.10 60 5 10 1 549 , 10 50 3.77 .679 2 29 I.12 47 . 01 2 1.10 .01 .09 1 30 C 58019 15 155 15 1.7 2 C 58020 19 136 21 426 1.8 43 3 398 3.01 51 5 D 1 254 1 • 2 26 2.62 .054 2 14 .84 60 .01 3 .57 1 24 C 58021 15 131 22 622 3.47 Ŧ٥ 2 428 6 24 4.22 .048 2 . 11 64 .01 6 . 39 .01 345 1.1 41 67 5 6 • 8 57 2 58022 5 96 13 252 .1 46 15 820 4.36 69 5 D 1 551 4 4 2 44 4.65 ,078 3 13 1.39 .01 2 1.09 .03 . 08 1 6 57 12 504 3.16 **6**1 5 D 2 306 1 6 2 29 3.58 .047 2 3 .19 67 .01 7 .31 . 02 .10 1 10 C 58023 21 100. 39 494 1.4 2 5 M 371 2 5.09 .028 2 1.11 91 .01 1 1 C 58024 3 21 14 78 . 6 1 3 776 1.30 7 11 1 2 4 7 .27 .01 .12 C 58025 10 80 . 5 10 13 1285 4.81 46 5 KD. 1 365 1 2 2 52 4.77 .127 ŧ 16 1.48 52 .01 2 1.95 . 12 1 1 1 95 52 6 .74 1 17 0 58026 20 33 8 483 2.71 5 ED 163 6 2 14 2.20 .053 9 .66 .01 .01 9 61 322 . 8 65 1 17 C 58027 96 , 92 .1 13 15 1177 3.71 30 5 m 2 138 1 2 2 83 5.77 .142 ١ 22 2.22 33 .01 5 2.12 . 02 .07 1 1 5 119 5.52 .157 5 33 .01 2 3.59 .03 .07 1 3 C 58028 18 25 1212 6.75 38 動 2 440 1 2 2 18 2.80 1 145 9 86 .1 и .7 34 51 5 m 1 202 ŧ • 2 34 2.76 .080 3 23 1.26 51 .01 5 1.41 .01 . 11 1 - 1 C 58029 í 14 187 11 587 3.78 .1 70 8.57 .087 3 123 1.56 62 .01 2 2.14 .04 . 03 1 C 58030 1 69 9 110 40 19 1416 4.98 63 5 ED 1 662 1 2 2 - 1 C 58031 . 8 14 951 4.24 103 2 2 37 5.83 .052 2 37 1.64 42 .01 1 1.60 2 98 14 97 39 96 5 ID. 1 1 .01 .01 . 09 1 9 5 ĦĎ 374 5 5.47 .076 3 1.87 11 7 . 21 C 58032 7 64 15 135 1.4 40 8 971 2.60 61 1 1 1 2 5 YD 3 1067 5 7 15.22 .050 4 2 1.01 51 .01 6 .12 .01 .07 1 4 € 58033 43 12 113 1.2 30 5 1384 1.81 33 1 2 12 312 6 ŧ 59 .01 . 52 .01 . [2 1 9 2 58034 21 79 25 344 1.1 67 9 618 2.30 14 5 XD. 2 10 2 16 3.93 .104 6 1.02 8 6 1.50 54 3 . 50 . 02 . 07 11 .7 21 985 3.74 54 5 #D 3 519 3 10 5.97 .077 3 .03 0 58035 8 57 23 112 31 1 2 2 1.95 .01 .]7 2 C 58036 . 3 31 19 1363 5.29 39 5 g) 2 422 1 2 2 47 4.98 .100 2 29 2.52 73 .01 11 17 20 39 55 .92 172 .06 35 2.02 .06 11 490 STD C/AU-1 17 57 41 130 6.7 67 28 1054 4.03 38 • 36 4\$ 17 56 .4B .DBB

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SANFLEF	No PPN		PÈ P e m		Ag PPK	N) PPK	Co PPK	Na PPN	i e	AS PPM	U PPN	Au PPM	TE PPN		Cd PPM	5) NSS	£1 ??K	PPN			La PPK	CT P P N		ba PPM	71 1	E PPK	A) }	N:	j.	r Pan	Acr PPS
C 56037 C 58038 C 58039 C 58040 C 58041	1 3 27 124	163 138 147	8 12 14 37	59 72 129 553 3029	.2 .6 .3 1.1 1.5	24 33 26 76 199		1408 1355	3.42	38 396 47 58 171	5 5 6 5	110 110 110 110 110	1 2 5 5	466 535 400 421 274	1 1 7 44	3 3 4 53	3 2 2 2	27 E0	6.34 6.34 6.11 4.93 3.51	.093 .135 .081	; ; ; ; ;	26		69 50 46 56 88	.01 .01 .01 .01	6	1.55 1.12 2.34 .95 .82	.01 .01 .01 .02 .01	.12 .11 .12 .13 .17	1 1 1 1	1 2 1 9
C 58042 C 58043 C 58044 C 38045 C 58046	1 3 1 1	104 170	14 14 14 14 13	99 138 64 67 66	.3 .5 .2 .3	13 61 76 31 35	19 25 16	1304 1511 1547 1207 1311	5.98 6.76 5.16	42 62 88 29 39	5 6 5 5	ND ND ND ND	6 3 2 3 2	406 411 342 395 374	1 1 1 1	2 3 2 2 2	2 4 2 2 1	87 103 79	5.49 5.84 4.82 5.35 4.51	.120 .109 .106	5 3 2 5 1	72 96 79	1.87 2.92 3.43 2.32 2.65	52 53 34 29 31	.01 .01 .01 .01	3 3 2	2.14 3.49 4.17 2.62 3.03	.01 .01 .01 .01 .01	.10 .10 .07 .07	1 1 1 1	88] 1 1
C 58047 C 58048 C 58049 C 58050 C 58051	1 1 1 1	192 96	11 12 9 11	60 57 67 50 13	.3 .2 .1 .2 .1	48 45 33 29 7	25	1398 1364 1093 519 672	6.24 6.35	56 51 17 34 23	5 5 5 5	MD MD MD MD	1 1 2 3 8	496 518 335 433 432	1 1 1 1	2 2 3 1 3	2 2 2 2 2	108 62 55	5.11 5.13 3.73 4.50 4.52	.082 .100 .109	2 3 3 6	122 61	3.42 3.16 2.55 2.26 .62	42 31 48 67 89	.01 .01 .01 .01	8 7	2.81 3.26 2.81 2.73 .85	.01 .02 .01 .01 .03	.09 .06 .08 .14 .18	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
C 58052 C 58053 C 58054 C 58055 C 58056	1 1 1 5	5 10 20 70 96	6 \$ 5 6 7	12 15 16 25	.2 .1 .1 .1 .3	5 6 8 5	2 3 4 7	610 611	1.15 1.33 1.62 2.14 4.35	26 \$ 9 19 54	5 5 5 5	110 400 400 400 400	6 9 9 7 5	771 354 350 434 536	1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2	3 2 2 2 2 2	1 12 1	7,19 4,19 3,61 4,92 4,70	.059 .063	8 15 17 5 3	3 5 8 1 2	.32 .48 .62 .73 1.47	16 90 71 79 69	.01 .01 .01 .01	41 5 10 3 2	.20 .33 .63 .36 .21	.02 .01 .04 .03	.17 .20 .15 .19	1 1 1 1	\$\$ 1 1 3 96
C 58057 C 58058 C 58059 C 58060 C 56061	1 1 1 1	52 123 125 133 146	8 8 9 10 7	24 32 41 37 42	.1 .1 .1 .1	9 9 13 12 12	8 15 16 12 14	652 1052 592 622 920	4.63 5.25 5.69	31 42 19 30	5 5 5 5	ND ND ND	4 6 8 1 7	93 622 103 52 165	1 1 1 1	3 3 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2	66 64	.84 4.15 1.26 .72 1.99	.142	4 6 15 14 15	18 16	.62 1.64 1.89 1.81 2.08	59 65 53 35	.01 .01 .01 .01	2 9 6 9	.34	.01 .01 .02 .01	.12 .12 .11 .08	1 1 1 1	123 21 3 4
C 58062 C 58063 C 58064 C 58065 C 58066	1 1 2 1 4	13 48 2 26 52	7 6 5 0	31 28 31 34 45	.1 .1 .1 .1	10 8 9 10	1) 6	2058 1544 1656 3668 3233	4.23 4.24 7.01	23 23 4 28	5 5 5 5	NO NO NO NO NO	5 5 5 2 2	352 537 448 624 310	1 1 1 1	2 3 2 2 2	3 2 2 2 2	18 58 30	5.96 6.31 1.25	.168 .142 .136 .023 .032	7 14 3 3	10 12	1.72 1.78 1.73 .61 1.17	58 61 64 11	.01 .01 .03 .01	5 5 2 3 1 2 1		.01 .03 .02 .01	.15 .12 .10 .01	1 1 1 1	1 12 1 29 880
C 58967 C 58068 C 56069 C 58070 C 58971	1 1 1 1	311 40 36 120 65	9 5 7 8 7	43 17 29 35 36	.4 .1 .2 .5	13 12 12 13 27	9 12	1107 1152 1025 928 1334	3.64 3.10 4.03	46 39 45 54 42	5 5 5 5	ND ND ND	1 :	465 684 1476 712 677	i 1 1 1	3 2 3 4 2	3 2 2 3 1	30 8 10	5.49 8.14 5.04	.140 .127 .105 .120	1 3 2 3	2 3 2	1.57 1.66 1.34 1.63 2.46	49 49 64 37 53	.01 .01 .01 .01	11 11	.38 .21 .18 .15 .29	.02 .02 .01 .01	.15 .13 .09 .08	1 1 1 1	19 23 9 50 30
C 56072 576 C/AU-B	5 17	102 53	é 41	19 132	.2 6.1	10 57		1227 1068		27 60	5 20	ud j	6 31	479 49	1 17	2 17	2 18	7 57	7.11 .45	. 066 . 090	40	5 57	.92	40 174	.01 .07			.02 .0 5	.11 .14	112	11 510

†b Cđ E Au' SAMPLET Fò to Ag N1 Co Mg FE As U AC Sr SÌ ₽1 7 Cć P Lá Cī Kg 7.1 λi Ma Cu 6 2 Б & PPM FPM PPK PPK PPM ŧ PPK PPM PPM PPM FPM PFM PPH PPK PPH PPK PPH PPH PPH 1 1 PPK PPK 1 PPK ł ł 1 PPM PPB C 56073 7 1621 4.06 3 612 86 7.64 .I28 12 40 2.07 .01 2 1.74 .03 31 2331 9.96 5 H) 2 :12 2 2 112 7.71 .050 12 2.41 .01 2 3.07 0 58674 12 34 . 5 47 35 1 5 7 . 04 .01 1 ð ĭ 836 828 29 14 3 1246 2.57 15 5 KD 3 Ţ 2 2 21 6.81 .121 10 1 1.22 45 .01 5 .74 .01 .10 1 C 58075 1 4 . 1 ı 1 33 5 ΠĎ 2 551 1 2 2 128 6.06 .150 6 43 2.56 30 . 01 2 3.19 .03 . 05 1 C 58076 1 86 36 1. 17 36 1376 6.50 1 14) (5 #D 2 840 2 21 8.27 .107 35 .01 . 55 .03 .30 Ì C 58077 6 148 16 .1 11 12 996 3.12 1 2 3 8 1.33 9 C 58078 12 .2 13 6 117[2.44 1(5 ĦĐ 3 669 8 7.44 .130 2 1.79 29 .01 14 . 19 . 03 19 5 21 . 1 21 5 1259 2.66 20 3 MD 3 804 3 2 2 11 7.37 .122 5 1 1.96 43 .01 7 .22 .01 . 12 2 C 58079 1 3 2 5 11 .1 12 3 1139 1.66 11 5 П 680 1 2 19 7.01 .119 Ţ 8 1.67 18 .01 3 .51 .03 .11 1 C 58080 C 58081 67 23 .1 7 5 1147 3.77 1 5 m 6 572 1 2 7 38 6.75 ,109 16 7 1.29 37 . 01 2 1.62 . 04 .11 1 58 . XD į. 505 110 5.57 .100 28 2.03 17 .01 5 3.44 . 95 1 C 58082 446 14 50 16 23 1693 12.54 92 5 1 2 10 . 7 1 . 5 22 1.67 2 1.51 .03 . 03 1 C 58083 30 11 8 2047 7.99 20 5 10 2 765 1 2 78 9.08 .069 3 56 .01 í 1 120 11 .1 TÜ 3 486 2 29 6.68 .120 5 21 2.07 52 .01 4 . 63 .03 .13 1 . C 58084 4 35 5 25 .1 16 9 1326 3.90 27 5 2 628 3.12 53 5 M) í 404 1 3 6 3.83 .077 4 2 1.20 36 . 01 7 . 19 .03 .08 1 12 C 58085 39 í 17 7 \$ 1 .1 #D 7 297 2 5 1.00 .068 4 2 .89 40 .01 16 . 20 .02 .09 I 2 C 58086 1 75 7 16 .1 1 ŀ 536 2.97 29 5 1 2 39 13 30 .2 9 11 821 3.38 115 5 D • 312 1 2 7 13 3.87 .083 7 5 1.22 . 01 . 32 .03 . 12 1 7 C 38087 267 2 2 17 3.32 .075 4 .92 35 .01 21 . 55 . 02 .10 1 1 C 58088 22 630 2.82 23 ş 亚 1 9 1 257 .2 1)0 m 378 33 4.71 .112 5 14 1.58 31 .01 10 1.32 . 02 . 05 7 0.58089 1 143 10 38 .2 12 12 730 4.39 23 5 • 1 2 2 1 1 15 5.67 .095 2 .01 9 .43 .03 .10 2 3 16 24 5 170 2 (11 2 2 6 1.97 34 1 174 40 .1 17 1014 4.61 C 58090 ŧ .23 .01 .16 1 19 € 58091 1 78 • 23 .2 , 9 821 2.98 19 5 D ٠ 457 1 2 6 4.47 .084 4 1.01 60 . 01 5 46 14 .22 .02 . 12 1 16 7 11 975 3.73 18 5 m 1 538 1 2 8 5.66 .106 2 1.37 .01 C 58092 1 75 5 29 . 2 2 14 4.33 .101 5 4 1.11 53 10. В . 66 . 02 . 15 1 C 58093 .1 9 892 3.41 17 5 m 1 364 2 58 .01 . 16 1 11 13 678 3.41 22 5 ID. ŧ 380 1 1 2 21 4.32 .113 5 11 1.25 1 1.11 .03 C 58094 1 172 51 .1 5 XD. 11 58 .01 2 1.44 . 03 .16 1 C 58095 9 12 957 3.65 14 • 163 1 2 2 23 4.63 .103 10 1.18 1 40 • 45 . 1 12 16 5 D 5 444 1 2 2 13 4.54 .082 9 9 1.35 50 .01 7 . 63 .01 .17 i C 58096 4 108 • 34 . 2 13 906 3.60 25 m 3 743 5.65 .060 5 10 1.83 38 . 01 7 . 27 .04 . 14 1 C 58097 48 33 .1 20 12 960 3.12 5 1 2 3 7 2 58098 13 921 3.97 555 2 25 5.02 .111 13 21 1.44 40 . 01 3 1.59 . 02 1 225 .1 13 5 15 4.27 .089 13 7 .96 53 .01 2 1.18 .17 1 7 807 2.56 5 10 7 177 1 2 2 .03 C 58099 1 51 5 27 .1 E 2 5 2 5 39 1.91 10 .01 31 1.28 .01 . 14 1 3 C 58100 124 1 38 .1 13 16 1122 3.72 5 ED 3 655 1 2 23 5.95 .076 1 123 1.72 77 .16 2 1.72 .02 . 25 ł 2 13 m 3 171 2 56 3.03 .100 6 € 58101 2 111 14 81 .3 89 23 \$80 4.39 5 1 2 83 . \$ 67 18 1227 5.42 40 5 П 3 347 2 2 58 5.86 .108 20 145 1.53 87 . 01 1 1.95 , 01 .23 1 C 58102 86 14 1 1 15 230 2 56 3.76 .122 17 38 1.50 74 .01 10 2.00 .02 . 19 1 C 58103 69 17 .2 31 13 304 4.50 5 10 1 1 2 1 10 5 .03 . 15 14 ND. 3 273 2 61 3.68 . 150 20 24 1.78 63 .01 11 2.26 1 1 68 .1 17 13 1087 4.47 2 C 58104 1 60 1 119 867 5.05 31 3 Ð 3 321 1 2 2 36 4.37 .101 11 89 1.93 70 .01 6 2.32 . 02 . 15 C 58105 88 12 . 3 55 18 1 2 5 10 2 312 3 52 1.30 82 .01 6 1.27 . 03 . 19 1 C 58106 1 65 14 99 . 3 46 12 611 3.38 21 1 2 29 4.64 .067 12 C 58107 85 93 .3 77 17 104E 5.17 39 5 10 3 394 1 2 1 57 5.45 .126 11 111 1.89 63 .01 5 2.17 .03 .14 1 1 î . 3 11 591 3.34 17 5 ΠĎ 3 198 1 2 2 19 3.21 .069 1 12 1.44 82 . 01 6 .49 .03 € 56108 1 98 ij 112 47 56 .90 37 1.92 . 06 . 13 12 500 42 18 37 17 16 17 36 .47 .086 39 171 .06 STD C/AU-R 17 39 132 7.2 67 28 1045 3.95 1 11

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Cđ SAKPLE PÈ Ao N. Co Mr. Fe As λu Th \$0 56 **B**1 ٧ Ca P La Çī Ħg Ba 71 E A) Кà . ₽ Au* R: CΝ 10 Ü PPH PPK PPN PPN PPK PPH PPH 1 25% PPM PPW PPH PPH PPH PPN PPN PPN ł 1 PPN PPM 1 PPM 1 PPH Ł 1 PPH PPB C 58109 691 4.57 23 2 237 35 3.93 .115 2 20 1.85 9; .01 .53 .06 . 19 14 732 4.42 155 ŝ 415 2 2 2 22 4.99 .104 1 11 1.92 . 38 C 58110 9 138 . 3 10 ۳D 1 82 . 01 3 .04 . 19 1 1 103 19 C 58111 1 99 1 127 .1 28 16 879 5,18 192 5 YĎ 2 \$26 1 1 2 25 4.32 .102 2 11 1.79 51 .01 3 .36 .05 .18 1 77 42 5 ĦĐ 1 516 1 ŧ 36 5.43 .062 2 C 58112 60 11 57 . 2 24 16 852 4.47 2 28 2.53 58 .01 2 .44 .04 .10 2 10 5 1 0 58113 28 24 1074 6.12 177 m 1 440 2 3 63 5.42 .112 3 46 2.55 52 .01 2 3.16 . 05 2 12 C 58114 70 12 92 .1 35 30 1091 8.36 52 ¥Ø 2 464 201 6.03 .100 5 121 3.28 24 .01 2 3.90 .02 52 5 TD. 190 2 163 7.86 .079 73 23 106 .1 34 24 911 5.46 1 1 2 3 100 2.45 20 . 01 2 2.73 .04 . 01 1 C 58115 13 - 4 5 C 58116 57 30 13 .1 53 32 1229 7.65 66 ID. 1 636 1 2 2 210 7.33 .055 3 197 4.22 10 .01 2 3.17 . 02 .01 2 31 5 783 57 7.31 .068 68 3.35 22 .01 2 .75 2 C 58117 .2 41 25 1032 6.25 279 m 1 1 2 2 .04 .05 34 2 41 ŝ 62 . 0.58118 1 134 14 15 . 2 35 19 972 5.32 729 5 KO 2 398 1 2 3 58 5.85 .090 4 67 1.88 105 .01 2 2.54 .04 .15 1 22 C 58119 1 35 60 . 1 33 23 1002 5.64 71 m 1 725 2 54 7.03 .081 72 3.10 25 .01 2 . 93 .05 2 5 m 1 535 2 2 20 5.76 .075 2 21 1.79 18 .01 35 .75 2 14 C 58120 75 11 59 .2 32 17 866 4.51 69 1 I 379 C 58121 ì 12 9 77 . 2 31 18 1040 5.05 36 5 10 2 1 2 2 39 4.67 .096 3 39 2.14 71 .0] 8 1.68 .04 .13 1 15 936 5.18 31 5 3D 1 393 1 2 2 48 5.10 .089 2 39 2.09 69 .01 2 1.61 . 05 .13 1 5 C 58122 1 74 12 76 1. 27 16 56 í m 1 403 2 18 5.45 .097 2 16 1.31 67 . 01 2 .64 .03 2 25 C 58123 1 62 10 78 .2 30 18 981 5.12 1 3 .55 858 4.72 5.01 .096 10 1.76 70 . 01 1 .18 C 58124 2 10 231 . 3 32 16 90 5 ΧD 145 2 15 235 11 5.84 .087 83 .01 2 .43 . 02 .24 € 58125 2 62 • 116 . 2 33 ì. 833 4.14 39 5 10 1 3 7 2 2 7 1.59 1 5 rì 2 302 1 2 2 13 4.47 .101 2 8 1.66 77 .01 31 .46 .04 .21 2 C 58126 2 101 10 310 . 2 39 17 880 1.82 174 C 58127 227 .3 38 12 571 4.08 117 5 m 2 397 2 2 2 11 3.88 .105 2 3 1.43 65 . 01 8 .29 .03 . 17 1 - 1 6 311 8 C 58124 33 17 659 4.86 5 ND. 3 113 1 2 2 20 3.76 .099 2 6 1.58 52 .01 2 .34 2 14 2 120 7 100 .2 66 2 10 C 58129 84 .2 30 21 998 5.52 5 TO 617 2 21 6.14 .123 9 2.46 77 .01 6 .38 .03 . 15 5 97 7 48 56 . 01 2 2.60 . 05 .07 1 1 C 58130 1 135 12 12 .2 31 23 1136 5.64 38 5 D 2 591 1 2 3 92 6.09 .100 3 71 2.91 1 2 51 . 01 5 2.66 . 03 . 119 C 58131 2 102 13 131 .3 35 18 1095 4.96 44 5 D 2 185 1 2 65 6.16 .098 4 78 2.52 67 .01 4 1.22 .02 C 58132 17 176 23 418 .1 76 19 634 4.97 13 5 Ħ 3 263 5 3 3 38 3.51 .104 2 14 1.06 1 602 102 6.74 .079 3 207 3.96 36 .01 2 3.86 .04 . 05 1 C 58133 1 65 11 101 .1 74 25 1400 5.71 94 5 XD. 2 1 2 2 63 .01 2 1.84 .02 .12 C 58134 14 252 40 16 504 4.96 12 ED 3 247 2 36 3.36 .100 19 1.64 5 130 .4 5 117 353 56 4.77 .113 5 19 1.72 38 .01 4 1.95 .67 ı C 58135 76 9 85 .2 12 15 880 5.19 9 • 1 2 2 .02 2 5 D 4 150 38 2.05 .100 23 1.63 58 .01 2 1.92 . 13 i C 58136 3 125 14 214 . (35 15 402 5.13 1 2 2 2 4 15 188 23 1.92 52 .01 2 2.17 . 03 . 09 1 C 58137 3 111 14 155 .3 32 14 534 5.06 5 D 5 1 2 3 47 2.57 .096 7 50 2 .41 . 03 .08 1 18 47 3.61 .01 C 58138 6 60 . 5 55 23 1245 6.01 548 5 XD 1 1131 1 6 34 8.41 .055 3 86 2 C 58139 3 103]0 151 .2 23 11 574 4.34 5 ¥D 5 253 2 29 3.47 .086 12 14 1.32 64 .03 2 1.44 . 02 - 11 5 NO 3 175 2 2 2 26 4.96 .089 8 9 1.01 59 .01 2 1.14 .03 .11 İ -1 C 58148 6 118 12 236 ıí. 29 12 794 4.25 1 52 . 03 . 09 1 5 ₽D 3 366 85 8.45 .103 5 46 2.44 .01 2 2.89 3 C 58141 3 115 10 142 .3 36 22 924 6.29 28 1 2 2 5 216 32 2.44 .003 3 14 .94 76 7 1.05 . 02 . 15 1 C 58142 14 111 16 656 . 7 42 11 398 3.85 31 5 KD 9 2 3 .01 YD. 2 95 3.49 57 .01 2 1.91 . 04 .06 1 C 58143 1 106 96 .3 47 27 1244 6.65 89 5 716 1 2 3 89 6.22 .073 2 12 4.98 .098 12 1.30 61 .01 3 1.30 . 05 .12 1 4 C 58144 28 13 675 4.34 5 ΝD 3 345 2 3 9 99 14 231 . 5 6 17 17 19 380. 81. 68 38 55 .91 174 .05 31 2.00 .06 .14 12 195 STD C/AU-1 17 58 38 132 6.7 66 25 1047 4.00 35 20 , 38 47

SAMFLE	No P P e		P). PPN		-	Ní PPK	C (As PPH	U BPS	Au PP#	TG PPX		ca FPM	3b 299	B1 PPN	PPA			La PPK	CT PPN	•	Ba PPM	Ťi Į	E P?M	A]	Na Ł	ł	PPK	Àu' 228
C 58145 C 58146 C 58147 C 58148 C 58149	1 7 8 2 1	94 123 63	9 15 15 22 8	92 96 263 78 65		140 27 37 22 18	16 16	1100 470 1153	2.47	217 49 9 39	5 5 7 5	100 100 100 100 100 100	1 3 1 7 1	417 106 370	1 5 1 1	2 3 2 22 22	2 3 2 2 2	26 13 18	5.63 4.89 1.44 4.42 3.85	.090 .053 .105	1 4 1 7 9	36 8	. 63 1.46	25 73 95 71 63	.01 .01 .01 .01	2 35 25	2.94 .77 .52 1.98 1.55	.01 .01 .02 .02 .01	.07 .17 .27 .01 .14	1 1 1 12	3 2 2 1 3
C 58150 C 58151 C 58752 E 58753 C 58154	1 29 1 23	82 79	9 13 15 8 13	74 74 63 62 119	.2 .1 .4 .2 .3	12 22 38 15	12 18	12 03 752	2.71 1.92	14 28 17 19 14	5 5 5 5	110 110 110 110	5 3 4 5 3	160 413 279 414 561	1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2	144 29 66	4.78 5.73 4.43 6.37 7.43	.119 .073 .107	19 15 16 10 7	51 16 32	1.66 2.60 1.35 2.04 1.70	64 25 53 53 50	.01 .01 .01 .01	2 2 2	2.25 3.14 1.44 2.46 1.80	.02 .01 .01 .01 .01	.13 .05 .14 .13	1 1 1 1	12 2 3 1
C 58355 C 58156 C 58157 C 58158 C 58159	\$ I 1 \$ 1	105 86 77 81 85	10 10 8 14	159 71 60 94 59	3 .2 .1 .3 .2	27 13 14 92 4		567		12 12 20 2	5 5 5 5	AD AD AD AD AD	5 5 3 7	323 343 313 167 284	1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2 2	2 3 2 3 2	46 46	5.11 5.60 4.86 2.52 4.59	.141 .124 .039	12 17 18 20	34	1.74 1.69 1.57 .87 .90	57 60 62 44 69	.01 .01 .01 .01	2 6 4	2.15 2.35 2.14 1.03 1.20	.02 .03 .01 .01	.14 .16 .17 .13 .19	1 1 1 1	1 44 1 1
C 58160 C 58161 C 58862 C 58763 C 58164	1 1 1 1	45 109 123 122 124	16 10 9 10 8	66 125 81 57 52	.3 .1 .1 .1 .1	53 23 22 11 1	19 16	794 1221 1293 1140 1009	5.63 4.76	2 14 24 3 6	5 5 5 5	110 110 110 110	2 4 3 4 5	280 360 410 344 251	1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2	55 62 46	4.55 5.43 5.81 5.15 4.15	.025 .129 .133 .126 .108	34 18 17 18 17	24 13	.48 2.16 2.20 1.64 1.02	36 46 45 58 50	.01 .01 .01 .01	2	.58 2.64 2.75 1.89 .86	.01 .01 .01 .01	.09 .12 .12 .13 .12	! 1 2 2	2 1 1 2 1
C 58165 C 58166 C 58167 C 58168 C 58169	1 1 1 1	151 157 97	13 10 7 6 12	73 95 35 41 47	.2 .1 .1 .1	36 32 23 31 26	23 19 15	1641 1508 1044 1047 1323	5.77 4.58 5.59	34 31 17 20 27	5 5 5 5	110 110 110 110	4 3 4 2 3	636 614 676 656 814	1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2	2 3 2 2 2	67 55 96	5.87 5.66 5.70 4.97 6.33	.124 .105 .111 .104 .102	13 13 10 12 11	55 39 73	2.63 2.56 2.08 2.77 2.51	46 44 43 37 38	.01 .01 .01 .05	2 2 2	3.14 2.97 2.36 3.04 3.00	.01 .01 .03 .02	.11 .11 .11 .07	1 1 2 2 3	1 1 1 2
C 58170 C 58171 C 58172 C 58173 C 58174]]]]	432 170 74 55 107	11 3 8 8	32 36 37 39	.5 .2 .2 .1 .2	13 14 30 24 31	32 21 18	1681 1887 1325 1013 1260	5.56 4.56 4.84	46 22 14 27 15	5 5 5 5	ND ND ND ND	2 2 2 1 1 3	2152 922 784 457 701	1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4 2 2 2 2 7	55 57 57	7.43	.067 .097 .074 .097	9 9 1 12 12	14 50 51	1.92 2.12 2.66 2.75 2.60	32 20 28 46 39	.02 .02 .01 .01	2	2.55 1.75 1.39 2.53 2.57	.01 .01 .01 .01	.15 .10 .11 .12	1 1 2 2	22 1 4 7
C 58175 C 58176 C 58177 C 58178 C 58178	1 1 1 1	45 139 240 213 27	10 8 6	37 39 35 21 22	.1 .1 .1 .4 .1	30 19 22 12 5	17	1167 903 1039 929 581	4.72 4.34 4.20	33 61 44 80	5 5 5 5	10 10 10 10	3 1 1 1	615 532 525 595 398	1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2	58 38 15	4.80 5.11 5.35	.122 .114 .110 .121 .132	12 12 5 3	42 45 4		48 51 65	.01 .00 .00 .01 .01	17 : 4 : 22 : 4 : 36	1.96 1.24	.02 .02 .02 .02	.08 .15 .15 .22 .19	1 1 2 2 1	1 35 1 15
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APPENDIX IV

PETROGRAPHIC REPORT



MINERALOGY AND GEOCHEMISTRY

534 ELLIS STREET, NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C., CANADA V7H 2G6

TELEPHONE (604) 929-5867

Report for: Dennis Gorc,

Imperial Metals Corp.,

P.O. Box 84,

800-601 West Hastings St.,

Vancouver, B.C.

V6B 5A6

Job 88-155

December 12th, 1988

PETROGRAPHIC STUDIES OF ROCKS FROM PROJECT 6307

Introduction:

9 samples were submitted for thin sectioning and microscopic examination. They are numbered as follows:

DDH	JO-88-1	7.6m.	Slide	88-374X
DDH	JO-88-1	49.0m.	Slide	88-375X
DDH	JO-88-1	9 6. 5m.	Slide	88-376X
DDH	JO-88-1	106.0m.	Slide	88-377X
DDH	JO-88-1	136.9m.	Slide	88-378X
DDH	JO-88-2	46.2m.	Slide	88-379X
DDH	JO-88-2	5 8.7m.	Slide	88-380X
DDH	JO-88-2	89.8m.	Slide	88-381X
DDH	JO-88-2	127.0m.	Slide	88-382X

Summary:

This is a suite of fine-grained, partially foliated rocks. show a similar general mineralogy, consisting of felsitic plagioclase, sericite, chlorite and carbonate in various proportions and textural intergrowths.

Some of them appear to include a more or less strong tuffaceous component, whilst others are probably silty to argillaceous sediments or volcaniclastics.

Regional metamorphic effects appear generally weak, but some of the rocks show apparent cataclastic features. Others may display relict soft sediment deformation and intermixing

The composition of the carbonate in each sample was checked by XRD. In four of them (374X, 377X, 379X and 382X) it was found to consist of calcite, whilst in the remainder it is dolomite. Minor siderite is an accessory to the dolomite in 381X.

The same four rocks which contain calcite happen also to contain substantial chlorite, are distinctly foliated, and show more or less clearly recognizable relict fragments. They are classified as meta-tuffs.

One other rock (381X) exhibits tuffaceous features, but is dolomitic and contains no chlorite; it also includes a remobilized cherty component.

The remaining dolomitic rocks (375X, 376X, 378X and 380X) are tentatively classified as dolomitic (feldspathic) siltstones or mudstones. The dolomite commonly occurs as segregated, individual grains (porphyroblasts and/or clasts) which imparts a speckled, pseudo-fragmental texture.

The relative paucity of quartz in all these rocks suggests andesitic volcaniclastic affinities. Possibly the second group differs from the first mainly in lacking recognizable feldspathic or chloritic clasts, and are actually a form of ash tuff with a superimposed component of dolomite.

Most of the samples contain traces of disseminated sulfides, which appear to be of pre-metamorphic (primary/diagenic?) origin.

The rocks do not show recognizable hydrothermal effects in the sense of veining or pervasive alteration. Some syngenetic (exhalative) hydrothermal activity may be indicated by the abundance of carbonate and occasional chert development.

Individual petrographic descriptions are attached.

J.F. Harris Ph.D.

DDH JO-88-1 7.6m. (Slide 88-374X) CALCAREOUS TUFF

Estimated mode

Quartz 1
Plagioclase 14
Carbonate 69
Chlorite 15
Rutile 1
Pyrite trace

This is a fine-grained rock of layered aspect. It shows a distinct lenticular texture on the macro scale, emphasized by wisps of dark chloritic material.

In thin section it is found to consist predominantly of fine-grained carbonate, showing various degrees of intimate intergrowth with chlorite and a felsitic component. The latter appears to be mainly plagioclase, but may include an indeterminate proportion of cherty quartz.

The carbonate (principally calcite) is mainly of grain size 10 - 50 microns. It forms swarms of tiny flattened lenticles, locally developing to slightly coarser compact segregations. The carbonate lenses alternate, on a small scale, with wispy zones in which felsite or chlorite are dominant. Fine-grained flecks of rutile tend to be concentrated in the more chloritic zones.

The resultant fabric shows a distinct foliation. Flaky masses of chlorite also form augen-like segregations, 0.2 - 0.6mm in size. These have the aspect of altered lithic fragments or mafic crystal clasts. The orientation of the constituent flakes is discordant to the foliation. Rare, generally smaller augen of plagioclase are also seen, sometimes outlined by dusty rutile.

The rock contains traces of pyrite as grains 50 - 200 microns in size, associated with a concordant lens of coarser-grained carbonate, chlorite and possible microgranular quartz.

The streaky/lensy fabric is typical of a fine-grained tuff. Macro-examination reveals apparent fragments up to 3mm or more in size. The abundant carbonate may be a deuteric/hydrothermal alteration of mafic detritus, or a chemical-sedimentary continuum with which the tuffaceous material is intercalated.

DDH JO-88-1 49.0m (Slide 88-375X) DOLOMITIC SILTSTONE

Estimated mode

Quartz	4
Plagioclase	28
Carbonate	5 2
Sericite	14
Chlorite	2
Rutile	trace
Pyrite	trace

This is a rock of similar general character to the previous sample, but without its well-defined foliation. It is a very fine-grained rock with occasional thin, sub-parallel, wispy zones.

It is composed predominantly of an even-grained, felsitic aggregate, of grain size 10 - 30 microns, with evenly intergrown, minutely fine-grained flecks of sericite. These show parallel orientation and clearly indicate that this is the product of mild regional metamorphism of a siltstone or ash tuff.

Carbonate (indicated as dolomite by XRD) is developed in distinctive mode as individual, equant, sub-angular grains, 50 - 200 microns in size, within the felsitic matrix. The carbonate grains are abundant, and often concentrate in lenticular swarms; they locally coalesce to form patches of granular mosaic aggregate.

The carbonate looks like the product of porphyroblastic recrystallization of an original dolomitic silt.

Quartz occurs as sporadic individual augen and rather irregular, sub-concordant lenses, pods and veniform segregations of granular mosaic, of grain size 0.05 - 0.2mm. Some twinned and un-twinned plagioclase is intergrown. These probably represent coarser, sandy intercalations in the dolomitic silt - somewhat deformed and disrupted by soft-sediment processes.

Pyrite is seen as a localized zone of disseminated subhedra, often with diagenetically or metamorphically developed fringes of lamellar, cherty quartz and/or flaky chlorite.

This rock shows no features specifically indicative of tuffaceous origin, and it is tentatively classified simply as a partially recrystallized dolomitic siltstone.

DDH JO-88-1 96.5m. (Slide 88-376X) SILTY DOLOMITE

Estimated mode

Quartz 5
Plagioclase 20
Carbonate 67
Sericite 8
Rutile trace
Pyrite) trace
Pyrrhotite)

This is a rock of similar general appearance to the previous sample. Macroscopically it is a weakly foliated aggregate of somewhat 'lumpy' aspect.

Thin section examination shows it to be of very similar composition to 375X, but of slightly different texture. Like that sample, it includes a silty component of plagioclase and accessory quartz, as an even-grained, partially recrystallized aggregate of grain size 10 - 30 microns. Fine-grained, well-oriented sericite occurs intergrown and as wispy segregations.

The orientation of the sericite and a local incipient flattening of the quartzo-feldspathic grains defines a perceptible foliation on the micro-scale.

Occasional coarser granularity, to 50 or 100 microns, is diffusely developed in the silty component, but the rock lacks the discrete segregations of 375X.

Carbonate (indicated as dolomite by XRD) is the major constituent. It occurs as sub-rounded grains, 0.2 - 0.5mm in size, often aggregating to clumpy and lenticular masses. A little finer-grained carbonate occurs as dispersed granules in the silty phase - which occupies an interstitial/interlayered relation to the dominant carbonate segregations.

Sericite often tends to concentrate peripherally to the carbonate clumps - a feature recognizable on the macro scale as micaceous flecks in the cut-off block.

Sulfides are very sparse, occurring as a single tiny lens of disseminated grains.

This rock appears to be a recrystallized but undeformed silty dolomite.

DDH JO-88-1 106m. (Slide 88-377X) CALCAREOUS SILTY ARGILLITE (TUFFACEOUS?)

Estimated mode

Quartz 1
Plagioclase 27
Carbonate 28
Sericite 35
Chlorite 9
Rutile trace

This is another very fine-grained, weakly foliated rock of notably homogenous appearance on the macro-scale.

Thin section examination reveals that it is of similar composition to the previous samples, in that it is an intimate intergrowth of silty or felsitic material, sericite and carbonate.

The quartzo-feldspathic aggregate (probably mainly plagioclase) has a grain size of 10 - 20 microns. Scattered individual grains or diffuse streaks of coarser granularity, up to 50 or 100 microns in size, are also seen.

Sericite is abundant, as fine-grained scaly segregations, forming streaky lensy concentrations throughout. Chlorite, of similar mode, forms diffuse, wispy networks and tiny clumps, seemingly independent of the sericite.

Carbonate is the other component, occurring as individual sub-equant grains, 50 - 100 microns in size, often aggregating as small clumps and lenses. XRD scans indicate its composition as calcite, though it does not appear to effervesce.

The four components are intimately intergrown. The orientation of sericite flakes, micaceous wisps and pockets and carbonate clumps and lenses defines a weakly foliated fabric.

The scattered, tiny, monocrystalline feldspar augen, and the clumpy/lensy concentrations of sericite, chlorite and carbonate have a somewhat fragmental aspect. This rock is an impure silty sediment of probable tuffaceous affinities.

DDH JO-88-1 136.9m. (Slide 88-378X) FELDSPATHIC SILSTONE/ARGILLITE WITH DOLOMITE SPECKLES

Estimated mode

Quartz	6
Plagioclase	44
Carbonate	22
Sericite	28
Chlorite	trace
Rutile) Leucoxene)	trace
•	
Pyrite	trace

This is another fine-grained rock of similar general type to the rest of the suite. Low-power examination of the cut-off block reveals the presence of a speckled texture, produced by rather abundant, small, discrete mineral grains and grain clumps, in a minutely fine-grained, essentially non-foliated matrix.

The latter is found, in thin section, to consist of a felsitic mosaic, of grain size 10 - 30 microns, apparently composed largely of plagioclase. Minutely fine-grained sericite forms diffuse, wispy intergrowths throughout. The individual sericite flecks are virtually without preferred orientation, but the distribution of sericitic wisps defines a very weak foliation.

Some streaky, anastomosing, sub-parallel zones of strong sericite enrichment occur. These are also of minutely felted, rather than foliaceous texture - attesting to a low degree of metamorphic crystallization in this rock.

The speckled effect is produced by abundant, individual, subhedral grains of dolomite, 0.2 - 0.5mm in size, locally clumped. These have a porphyroblastic appearance, and may be of diagenetic origin.

The carbonate grains are locally cemented by clumps of microgranular quartz, which is also seen as irregular to sub-concordant, veniform wisps, and as occasional individual augen (possibly recrystallized chert globules).

Chlorite, rutile and leucoxene form scattered, tiny flecks and semi-continuous schlieren.

Pyrite is seen as a single, discrete, lenticular clump, associated with fibrous chert and chlorite.

This rock appears to be a dolomitic feldspathic siltstone/argillite.

DDH JO-88-2 46.2m. (Slide 88-379X) FINE-GRAINED META-TUFF(?)

Estimated mode

Quartz	trace
Plagioclase	18
Carbonate	30
Sericite	43
Chlorite	8
Rutile	1
Pyrrhotite(?)	trace

This rock shows a well-foliated microlenticular texture in thin section, somewhat similar to slide 374X; however, it is of much more sericitic composition than that sample.

It is made up predominantly of close-packed, small, en-echelon lenticles of felted sericite and fine-grained carbonate (calcite), 50 - 150 microns in size, in a minimal felsitic matrix. Wisps and networks of chlorite and micron-sized rutile tend to outline the sericitic/carbonate bodies, emphasizing the microlenticular foliation.

Sparse tiny granules of quartz and/or plagioclase occur scattered through the calcareous argillitic material, and there are rare, concordant intercalations of less sericitic, more felsitic composition.

The slide includes two irregular, discordant, somewhat deformed, veinlet-like bodies. These are composed of mosaic carbonate, with intergrown or fringing zones of well-crystallized, twinned plagioclase (andesine) and pockets or core-zones of felted chlorite.

The strongly microlenticular fabric of this rock suggests that it may be of tuffaceous affinities. The close-packed sericitic bodies may be compacted clasts, possibly of altered glass.

DDH JO-88-2 58.7m. (Slide 88-380X) DOLOMITE CLASTS IN MUDSTONE

Estimated mode

Quartz 13
Plagioclase 7
Carbonate 43
Sericite 35
Chlorite 1
Rutile trace
Pyrite 1

This is a rock of heterogenous texture.

Low-power examination of the cut-off block reveals a clearly-defined fragmental fabric of equant, sub-rounded bodies, 0.3 - 3.0mm in size, cut by an irregular vein or segregation of quartz.

In thin section the rock is found to consist essentially of an intergrowth of sericite and carbonate (dolomite, by XRD). The fragmental forms consist of abundant individual grains and microgranular aggregate masses of dolomite, 0.1 to several mm in size. These are set, with random orientation, in a matrix of non-foliated, minutely felted sericite. The latter locally shows textural effects suggestive of compaction of a fine clayey matrix between the carbonate bodies.

Sparse wisps of rutile/leucoxene tend to outline some of the carbonate clasts.

The quartzose vein or segregation consists of an intensely strained, partially recrystallized, crenulate-margined, varigranular aggregate of grain size 0.1 to several mm. The marginal zones of this mass commonly consist of well-crystallized, fresh, twinned andesine as subhedral grains to 0.5mm; sometimes with interstitial carbonate. The margins of the mass show complex interfingering and pockety intergrowth with the adjacent dolomite-sericite rock.

The origin of this rock is uncertain. The crypto-clastic carbonate bodies do indeed look like true fragments, and appear distinct from the porphyroblastic carbonate grains seen in some of the other samples.

It may be a hybrid intermixture of a dolo-arenite with a shale or mudstone. The quartzo-feldspathic mass may be a remobilized pod of chert, since recrystallized.

DDH JO-88-2 89.8m. (Slide 88-381X) MELANGE OF DOLOMITIC TUFF AND CHERT

Estimated mode

Quartz 17
Plagioclase 12
Carbonate 50
Sericite 20
Pyrrhotite 1

This is another heterogenous rock, consisting of two distinct lithotypes in obscure intermixture.

One lithotype is an even-grained rock composed of abundant, equant/subhedral grains and grain clumps of carbonate, 0.1 - 0. 3mm in size, in a sericitic matrix. The latter sometimes appears to be a partially sericitized felsite, but, in part, consists of apparent clasts of plagioclase, up to 1mm in size, showing varying degrees of pervasive sericitization.

Occasional wisps and fragment-like segregations of monomineralic felted sericite are also seen, and the assemblage has the distinct aspect of a fragmental rock - probably a tuff.

The sericite tends to show a preferred orientation, as does the elongation of carbonate and plagioclase clumps, and the resultant fabric is distinctly foliated.

The other lithotype is non-foliated, and appears to consist of a diffuse, vari-granular aggregate of quartz, intimately shot through with carbonate in random, emulsion-like relation to the quartz matrix. It has the appearance of a recrystallized dolomitic chert.

This lithotype contains disseminated granules and trains of sulfides (probably pyrrhotite) often mantled by a fine-grained, very high-relief carbonate - probably siderite, as indicated by the XRD scan.

The cherty lithotype occupies about 40% of the area of the slide - forming a peripheral zone in irregular contact with the dolomitic tuff. This contact appears relatively sharp on the macro scale, but is seen to be complexly interfingered in the thin section. There are also local vein-like bodies of one type apparently cutting the other.

This rock is tentatively interpreted as a melange (slump breccia?) of dolomitic tuff and chert.

The principal carbonate is clearly indicated by XRD as dolomite. The tendency for it to effervesce with dilute acid is unexplained. Possibly there is local admixture with calcite.

DDH JO-88-2 127.0m. (Slide 88-382X) PHYLLONITIC META-TUFF

Estimated mode

Quartz	2
Plagioclase	40
Carbonate	20
Sericite	29
Chlorite	7
Sphene	trace
Pyrite	1
Pyrrhotite	1

This is a rather homogenous rock, showing a distinct foliation.

It consists predominantly of a minutely fine-grained matrix of felsitic plagioclase, of grain size 5 - 20 microns. Throughout this matrix are developed abundant parallel, wispy/microlenticular intergrowths of sericite, carbonate and chlorite in various proportions. These form close-spaced, short, en-echelon streaks and lenses defining a distinct foliation.

Sometimes the texture - particularly as revealed by the chloritic wisps - appears to represent a phyllonitic texture of tight, sheared-out, isoclinal micro-folds.

Carbonate forms small segregated clumps and somewhat irregular laminar bodies, both concordant and discordant, within which the grain fabric shows strong flattening parallel to the foliation.

The laminar carbonate streaks and disrupted veinlets(?) often have intergrown, accessory, microgranular quartz.

The carbonate is indicated by XRD as being calcite, but it does not appear to effervesce with dilute acid.

The rock contains scattered, diffuse (partially recrystallized) patches of coarser plagioclase, 0.5 - 1.0mm in size, which appear to be relict clasts or phenocrysts. Some rather well-defined lenses and blocky patches of chlorite may be of related origin.

Sulfides are relatively abundant, and appear to include both pyrrhotite and pyrite. The former occurs as thin concordant wisps associated with certain chlorite and/or carbonate micro-lenticles; the latter forms individual, randomly disseminated euhedra, sometimes with fringes of fibrous chert and/or coarse chlorite.

This rock appears to be a strongly sheared, phyllonitic product, derived from an original calcareous tuff.

APPENDIX V

DRILL LOGS

DRILL RECORD IMPERIAL METALS CORPORATION

CORRECT DIP : -450 LOCATION : Offset Grid : 1 of 10 PROPERTY : Jamboree PAGE : 045⁰ : D. Gorc HOLE NO. : JO-88-1 : 5215E 475 TRUE BRG LOGGED BY LOC. SURVEY AT : : July 1988 COMMENCED: June 24, 1988 ELEV. DATE

COMPLETED: June 25, 1988 CORE SIZE: NO % RECOVERY: 100% CORE STORED: At a nearby ranch

OBJECTIVE: To test soil anamoly (Au, Cu, As), test LENGTH: 152.4m (500 ft) UNUSUAL FEAT.: (Gelsbrecht)

geophysical anomaly (resistivity).

From	Τo			Smp.	From					An	<u>alysis</u>		
Mei	ers	Syb	Description	No.	Me	eters	Lgth.	Rec.	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Cu ppm	Zn ppm	Au oz/tn
0	3.05		Casing										
3.05	11.7		Calcareous Felsic Lapilli Tuff	58001	3.05	6.10	3.05		1				_
			Abundant volcanic clasts and lesser argillite clasts to 4 mm across, clasts										
			elongated along foliation bedding, medium grey to greenish grey, occasional	<u> </u>					<u> </u>		!		<u> </u>
			seams of chlorite, bedding at 40° to CA at 30.5 m, highly reactive to acid,						<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
			high carbonate content, iron stained carbonate porphyry clasts throughout,	<u> </u>						<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
			crosscutting calcite veinlets at 10° to 60° to CA, occasional calcite vein-	t						<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
			let contains 3-5% disseminated pyrite with lesser pyrite alongside,	<u> </u>						<u> </u>			
			approximately 1 veinlet per metre, remainder of unit contains only minor]	.	<u> </u>	
			disseminated pyrite (0.1-0.2%).							ļ <u>.</u>			
			3.05-6.1 - contains 9 - 1 cm calcite veins.							-			
			6.8-7.5 - 3-5% pyrite along fractures, lace network of veining.	58002	6.10	6.80	0.70		1	_			
				58003	6.80		0.70		1				
			7.5 - bedding? at 25° to CA.										
			7.5-11.7 - 1-3% pyrite, predominantly along fractures or within thin	58004	7.5	9.14	1.64		1_				
			calcite veinlets to 0.5 cm.	58005	9.14	10.14	1.0		1				
$\overline{}$			11.0 - bedding at 30° to CA.	\vdash									

JAMBOREE PROPERTY J0-88-1 Page 2 of 10

From	To			T	From	To				Aı	nalysi	 S	
Ме	ters	Syò	Description	Smp. No.	М	eters	Lgth.	Rec.	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Cu ppm	Zn	Au oz/tn
			10.0 - clasts become smaller (1 mm to 2 mm).		10.14				2				
	<u> </u>			58007	11.7	12.8	1.10		3			<u> </u>	
11.7	12.8		Transition Zone									<u> </u>	
			Intermixed argillite and fine grained calcareous felsic volcaniclastic.									<u> </u>	
			117.0-12.2 - 80% volcaniclastic, 20% argillite.	<u> </u>									
			12.2-12.4 - 50% volcaniclastic, 50% argillite.										
			12.4-12.8 - 20% volcaniclastic, 80% argillite.										
			12.4-12.8 - thin wispy bands of volcaniclastic to 1 cm.										
			3-5% disseminated pyrite and thin wispy horizons of pyrite within volcani-										
			clastic bands, pyrite has syngenetic appearance.										
			Argillite is graphitic along thin seams.										
			12.8 - bedding at 35° to CA.										
	1- 1	_		50000	10.0	15.04							
12.8	17.2	\dashv	Argillite Black fine grained, finely laminated appearance due to thin 0.1 to 1 cm	58008 58009	-	15.24 16.64			20 25				
			bands of calcareous volcaniclastic, thin bands of volcaniclastic contain		16.64				24				
			thin 1 mm seams of pyrite along bedding (sygenetic?), bands contain 3-5%	150010	20.04	17.20	<u> </u>						
			pyrite.	ļ									
	ļļ	4											<u>_</u>
		\dashv	Occasional 0.5 cm clasts of pyritic volcaniclastic within argillite,	 									
			abundant thin (0.1 cm) calcite veinlets.	11		!	!			!			

JAMBOREE PROPERTY J0-88-1 Page 3 of 10

From	To				From	To				A:	nalysi:	s	
Met	ters	Syb	Description	Smp. No.	Mi	eters	Lgth.	Rec.	Au ppb	Ag ppm	ppm ppm	Zn ppm	Au oz/tr
			Minor graphitic layers.										
			17.2 - bedding at 30° to CA.	<u> </u>									
17.2	21.7		Calcareous Felsic Volcaniclastic	58011		18.3	1.10		1				
			Clasts to 2 mm, clasts of feisic volcaniclastic and argillite, seams of chlorite, strong reaction to acid, high carbonate content, 1-3% pyrite.	58012 58013	19.4	19.4 20.8	1.10 1.40		1				
21.7	22.2		Graphitic Argillite	58014 58015		21.7	0.90		3				
			Contact at 25° to CA.										
			Crosscutting calcite veinlets, 3% disseminated pyrite.	-									
			22.2 - minor gouge, small fault?	-									
22.2	25.0		Calcareous Felsic Volcaniclastic	58016 58017	22.2	23.6	1.40		2				
			Similar to 17.2-21.7, more thin (1 mm-2 mm) wispy graphitic and argillite layers, 2-4% pyrite.	58018		25.0	0.60		1				
25.0	32.2		Argillite and Graphitic Argillite	58019	_	25.9	0.90		30		-		
			Abundant calcareous volcaniclastic layers (thin), bedding at 20° to CA, 1-3% pyrite within calcareous layers, minor crosscutting carbonate	58020 58021	27.43	27.43 28.7	1.53		24 18				
			veinlets.	58022 58023		31.4 31.7	2.70 0.3		6 10				
			Core 1s broken up.	58024	31.7	32.2	0.5		1				

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From	To				From	To		[Aı	nalysi:	5	
Met	ers	Syb	Description	Smp. No.	M	eters	Lgth.	Rec.	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Cu Ppm	Zn ppm	Au oz/tr
			31.3-31.7 - fault, completely crushed rock, blackish oxidation.										
				1						<u> </u>		ļ	
			28.7-30.6 - 40% thin bands of grey volcaniclastic, 3-5% disseminated							<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
		\Box	pyrite.	!	<u> </u>							ļ	<u> </u>
22.2	45.0		Valuebooded Seedlidde and Falsia Collegeous Valuebia		<u> </u>							<u> </u>	├
32.2	45.8		Interbanded Argillite and Felsic Calcareous Volcaniclastic	50005		55.55						 	
			Alternating 0.85 cm to 1 m thick bands of black argillite and light grey	_	32.2				1			 	├
		-	felsic volcaniclastic, thicker volcaniclastic bands have coarser texture,	58026		-	2.27		17			 	├
			wispy thin horizons of pyrite within volcaniclastic, lesser pyrite seams	58027		36.6	0.80		17			<u> </u>	
			in argillite, abundant thin crosscutting calcite veinlets, minor dolomite	58028		37.6	1.00		3				<u> </u>
			veinlets, 50% argillite, 50% volcaniclastic.	58029		39.6	2.00		1				
——- 			20 0 1-44	58030		40.6	1.00		1			<u> </u>	
			35.0 - bedding at 35° to CA.	58031		41.2	0.60	 i	4			 	
				58032		42.0	0.80		9			<u> </u>	-
			40.8-41.1 - graphitic.	58033		43.7	1.70		4				<u> </u>
 _				58034		45.8	2.10		9				├─
45.8	51.5		Calcareous Felsic Volcaniclastic	58035	45.8	46.4	0.60		11				ļ
			Light grey matrix, small clasts to 1-2 mm, abundant carbonate but not as	ļ									<u> </u>
			abundant as previous volcaniclastic units.	58036	-	47.9	1.5		2				<u> </u>
		\rightarrow		58037	47.9	48.8	0.9		1				
			45.8-46.4 - siliceous, 3% pyrite.	ļ				!					ļ
					45.0								
			46.4-51.5 - 1-3% pyrite along thin wispy bands.	58038	$\overline{}$	49.8	1.0	i	2				<u> </u>
				58039	49.8	51.5	1.7		1				<u> </u>
			Note: less carbonate veining than previously.					<u>{</u>					<u> </u>

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From	To	!]			From	То	\	1		Ar	nalysis		
Me	ters	Syb	Description	Smp. No.	М	eters	Lgth.	Rec.	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Cu ppm	Zn ppm	Au oz/tn
51.5	53.8		Finely Interbanded Argillite and Calcareous Felsic Volcaniclastic										
			Alternating 1 cm to 10 cm bands of black argillite and light grey felsic	58040		53.4	1.90		9		'		
	<u> </u>	<u>'</u>	volcaniclastic, distinctive laminated appearance, 1-2% pyrite.	58041	53.4	53.8	0.40	<u> </u>	24		<u> </u>		
53.8	76.2	<u> </u>	Calcareous Felsic Volcaniclastic	58042	53.8	54.8	1.00		88	<u> </u>		<u>'</u>	
			Light grey matrix, fine texture, abundant carbonate, 1% disseminated	58043		57.9	3.10		1				
	'		pyrite, a few argillite bands to 56.9 m.	58044	57.9	59.1	1.20		1				
				58045					1				
			Slightly more chloritic? than previous volcaniclastic units.	58046		\rightarrow	2.34		1	<u>'</u>			
		$oxed{oxed}$		58047	63.3	64.0	0.70		1	' '			
$\overline{}$		+	Note: occasional horizons of 2% pyrite.	58048	64.0	66.2	2.20		1	<u>'</u>			
		\dashv	63.5 - minor pyrrhotite, chałcopyrite.										
			64.0 - bedding at 30° to CA.	58049		68.9	2.70		1_				
		\Box		58050	68.9	70.3	1.40		1				
$\overline{}$		\dashv	64.9 - minor pyrrhotite-chalcopyrite.	58051	70.3	72.2	1.90		1				
			66.0 - decreased overall sulphide content to 0.5 to 1.0%, largely		<u> </u>								
		\Box	pyrrhotite?					\Box					
}		\dashv	70.0 - a few chloritic clasts, occasional chlorite-pyrite veins, silaceous	+	'	\rightarrow			·		\rightarrow		<u> </u>
		コ	zones.					\Box					
	\longrightarrow				72.2	72.4	0.20		55			\rightarrow	
\longrightarrow	\longrightarrow	\rightarrow	72.3 - 2 cm quartz vein at 40° to CA, minor pyrite.	58053	72.4	73.5	1.10	─	_1		\longrightarrow		
				58054	73.5	76.0	2.50		1		\bot		

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From	To				From	То				A	nalysi:	<u> </u>	
Met	ters	Şyb	Description	Smp.	M-	eters	Lgth.	Rec.	Au	Ag	Cu	Zn	Au
				No.					ppb	bbus	ppm	ppm	oz/tn
			74.0 - bedding at 30° to CA.										
							l						
			74.0 - note clasts of iron stained carbonate.										
76.2	79.0		Sheared Calcareous Felsic Volcaniclastic										
			Foliation at 30° to CA, sections are very vuggy, unit contains 10-15%	58055	76.0	77.2	1.20		3				
		į	thin quartz veins, quartz veins are vuggy, 1-2% disseminated and fracture	58056	77.3	78.7	1.40		96				
			pyrite.	58057	78.7	79.0	0.30		123				<u>L</u>
													<u> </u>
			76.9 - 0.25 cm thick veinlet, chlorite and mariposite.										<u> </u>
79.0	83.4		Chloritized Calcareous Felsic Volcaniclastic	 									
			79.0-79.85 - minor chlorite.	58058	79.0	80.0	1.00		21				
				58059	80.0	80.8	0.80		3				
			Porphyryoblasts of iron stained carbonate, 1-3% pyrite.										
			79.85 - start of increasing chlorite, slightly vuggy.										
		-	80.8-82.0 - fault zone, extremely chloritized, some gouge, 1-3%	58060	80.8	82.0	1.20		4				
		〓	disseminated pyrite.	50000	00.0	02.0	7.20						
		\dashv	82.0 - decreased chiorite, still vuggy.	58061	82.0	83.0	1.00		1	_			\vdash
		_	oz.v - upci edsed cilitatita, still vaggy.	20001	02.0	03.0	1.00		1				
			83.0-83.4 - fault.	58062	83.0	83.4	0.40		1				
<u> </u>				$\vdash \vdash \vdash$									

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From	To				From	To				A	nalysi	5	
Met	ters	Syb	Description	Smp. No.	Me	eters	Lgth.	Rec.	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Cu ppm	Zn ppm	Au oz/tn
83.4	98.4		Tuffaceous Limestone				[]			<u> </u>			
	·		Abundant, light brown carbonate (dolomite?), irregular patches and	58063		85.3	1.90		12				
			alongside fractures.	58064	85.3	87.5	2.20		1				
			Occasional quartz-carbonate veins, veins less than 2 cm thick, approxi-										
			mately 1 per metre.										
			Minor pyrite, occasional 10-20 cm horizons of 1-2% pyrite but overall	58065	87.5	89.3	1.80		29				
			only trace pyrite.										
			85.5 - mariposite? along fracture.										
			87.6-89.4 - chloritic tuff, very carbonate rich, strong reaction to acid,	58066	89.3	91.44	2.14		880				
			lace network of chlorite veinlets, 1-3% fracture pyrite.										
			89.4-89.7 - silicified, beige silicification.	<u> </u>									
			89.7-91.24 - fault zone, vuggy, highly chloritized.						<u>.</u>				
			91.24 - unit returns to original characteristics, light grey, abundant	58067	91.44	94.2	2.76		19				
		\Box	porphyryoblasts of dolomite?, occasional chlorite veinlets, 1-3%										
			disseminated pyrite.	 									
			91.64 - mariposite.										
				+									

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From To				From	To				Aı	nalysis	5	
Meters	Syb	Description	Smp. No.	M	eters	Lgth.	Rec.	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Cu ppm	Zn ppm	Au oz/tn
		94.6-94.8 - chert?? greyish silicification at 30° to CA, 2% disseminated	58068	94.2	94.5	0.30		23				
		pyrite, minor mariposite, minor chlorite.	58069	94.5	95.0	0.50		9				-
		94.5-95.0 - greyish silicification? chert?										
		95.0-96.7 - contains 13 quartz veins 0.25+ 1 cm thick at 30° to CA, minor	58070		96.0	1.00		50				
		pyrite, occasional patchy mariposite.	58071 58072		97.53 98.4	1.53 0.87		30 11				
98.4 120.5	口	Calcareous Andesitic Tuff										
		Medium greyish-green colour, more basic than previous units, fine textured, high carbonate content, minor pyrite, occasional 10 cm sections of 10%	58073	98.4	99.2	0.80		1				
		pyrite, with high chlorite and carbonate.										
		99.3-99.4 - 10% pyrite, high chlorite and carbonate.	58074	99.2	99.6	0.40		8				
		100.6-102.1 - contains 15 quartz veins from 0.256 m to 5 cm most of which	58075	100.6	102.1	1.50		1				
		are very thin, minor pyrite in veins, zone is bleached, slightly silicified.										
		102.1-103.6 - 3-5% pyrite, disseminated and fracture pyrite.										
		103.6 - slightly fractured and bleached, minor calcite veining, very thin	58076	102.1	103.63	1,53		1				
		veins (less than 0.25 cm).	200,0		100.00	1.00		-				
	\vdash	107.3 - 1 cm calcite vein at 60° to CA.	58077	107.2	108.2	1.00		4				

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To				From	To				A	nalysi:	S	
ers	Syb	Description	Smp.	M-	eters	Lgth.	Rec.	Au	Ag	Cu	Zn	Au
		,	No.					ppb	ppm	ppm	PPM	oz/tn
	П	107.3-114.0 - bleached to light grey, abundant white calcite veins to 5 cm.	58078	108.2	110.9	2.70		1				
						1.88		1				
			58080	112.78	114.0	1.22		1				
		116.0-117.0 - 2-3% fracture controlled pyrite.										
		117 45 117 75 - intense light brown ankerite alteration local intense	58081	116.0	117 N	1 00		58				<u> </u>
												<u> </u>
	\vdash	Cittorite diteration, 25 disseminated pyrites.										
		118.9-120.5 - ankerite alteration, slightly bleaching.		•		2.30		8				
126.4	\dashv	Tuffaceous Carbonate	<u> </u>									
	1		58085	120.5	121.92	1.42	i	12				
-	\Box		•			0.38	T i	2				$\overline{}$
			58087	122.3	125.0	2.70		7				
		120.9-121.0 - white quartz vein with minor pyrite at 50° to CA.	58088	125.0	126.4	1.40		1				
			58089	126.4	128.0	1.60		7				
128.0		Calcareous Andesite Tuff		[
		Dark greenish-grey, fine textured, minor pyrite.										
146.0	+	Tuffaceous Carbonate	58090	128.0	130.2	2.20		3				
		Coarse to medium texture, coarse texture from 128.0-130.0, light grey to	58091	130.2	133.0	2.80		19				
		light medium grey, reaction to acid, high carbonate, 1-3% disseminated	58092	133.0	134.1	1.10	Î	76				
		pyrite.	58093	134.1	137.2	3.10		2				
			58094	137.2	138.6	1.40		1				
			-			 -						
	l26.4	126.4 128.0	Description 107.3-114.0 - bleached to light grey, abundant white calcite veins to 5 cm, minor pyrite in veins, minor disseminated pyrite, less than 0.5% pyrite. 116.0-117.0 - 2-3% fracture controlled pyrite. 117.45-117.75 - intense light brown ankerite alteration, local intense chlorite alteration, 2% disseminated pyrite. 118.9-120.5 - ankerite alteration, slightly bleaching. 118.9-120.5 - ankerite alteration, slightly bleaching. 126.4 Tuffaceous Carbonate Light grey, 2-3% disseminated pyrite, trace mariposite, local 10-20 cm patches are silicified, visible scattered ankerite? 120.9-121.0 - white quartz vein with minor pyrite at 50° to CA. 128.0 Calcareous Andesite Tuff Bark greenish-grey, fine textured, minor pyrite. 146.0 Tuffaceous Carbonate Coarse to medium texture, coarse texture from 128.0-130.0, light grey to light medium grey, reaction to acid, high carbonate, 1-3% disseminated	Description 107.3-114.0 - bleached to light grey, abundant white calcite veins to 5 cm, 58078 minor pyrite in veins, minor disseminated pyrite, less than 0.5% pyrite. 58079 58080 116.0-117.0 - 2-3% fracture controlled pyrite. 58081 chlorite alteration, 2% disseminated pyrite. 58082 58082 118.9-120.5 - ankerite alteration, slightly bleaching. 58084 118.9-120.5 - ankerite alteration, slightly bleaching. 58084 118.9-120.5 - ankerite alteration, slightly bleaching. 58085 patches are silicified, visible scattered ankerite? 58086 58087 58086 58087 58086 58087 58087 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 58088 5	No. No.	107.3-114.0 bleached to light grey, abundant white calcite veins to 5 cm, 58078 108.2 110.9	Syb Description Smp. Meters Lgth.	Syb Description Smp. No. Meters Lgth. Rec.	Syb Description Smp. Meters Lgth. Rec. Au ppb	Description Smp. No. Meters Light. Rec. Au ppb ppm	Description Smp. Meters Lgth Rec. Au pph ppm ppm ppm	Syb Description Smp. Meters Lgth. Rec. Au Ag Cu pph ppm ppm

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From	To				From	To	i			Ar	alysis	3	
Met	ters	Syb	Description	Smp.	Me	eters	Lgth.	Rec.	Au	Ag	Cu	Zn	Au
				No.					ppb	ppm	wdd	ppm	oz/tn
			138.6 - slightly mauve-greenish tinge, occasional chlorite veins, 1-2%	58095	138.6	140.21	1.61		1				
			disseminated pyrite, coarse textures.	58096	140.21	143.26	3.05		1				
				58097	143.26	146.0	2.74		. 1				
146.0			Calcareous Andesitic Tuff	58098	146.0	148.0	2.00		18				
			Dark greenish-grey to dark green, fine to medium textured, 1-3%	58099	148.0	149.3	1.30		1				
			disseminated pyrite, bedding at 30° to CA.	58100	149.3	152.4	3.10		3	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
			End of hole - 152.4 m (500 feet).							-			

DRILL RECORD IMPERIAL METALS CORPORATION

LOCATION : Offset Grid CORRECT DIP : -450 : 1 of 8 PAGE PROPERTY : Jamboree : 020⁰ TRUE BRG : D. Gorc HOLE NO. : JO-88-2 : 5210E 169N LOGGED BY LOC. SURVEY AT : 100% : July 1988 ELEV. COMMENCED: June 25, 1988 DATE

COMPLETED : June 26, 1988 CORE SIZE : NQ % RECOVERY : 167.6m (550 ft) CORE STORED : At a nearby ranch

OBJECTIVE: To test soil anamoly (Au, Cu, As), test LENGTH: UNUSUAL FEAT.: (Gelsbrecht)

geophysical anomaly (resistivity).

From	To			Smp.	From	To				Ana	alysis		
Met	ters	Syb	Description	No.	М	eters	Lgth.	Rec.	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Cu ppm	Zn ppm	Au oz/tn
0	9.14		Casing		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
9.14	15.24		Overburden boulders of andesite, argillite and quartz.										
15.24	20.0		Calcareous Felsic Pyroclastic										
			Light grey, thinly laminated, very subtle lamination, very fine grained, no carbonate alteration, minor calcite and ankerite veining, 1-2% pyrite										
			and pyrrhotite along thin fractures, very thin 1 mm, occasionally lace network, bedding at 35° to CA.										
	•		15.24-16.9 - very broken up.		_								
				58101		19.0			2				
		\dashv	19.0 - small fault.	58102	19.0	20.0			1				
		\dashv	19.0-20.6 - highly fractured, abundant thin white calcite veinlets oriented in all directions.										
20.0	31.6	\neg	Interbanded Calcareous Felsic Pyroclastic and Black Argillite										
			Note: only trace pyrite, pyrite is fracture pyrite.										
		\blacksquare											

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			From	To				Aı	nalysi:	<u>s</u>		
Meters	Syb	Description	Smp. No.	М	eters	Lgth.	Rec.	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Cu ppm	Zn ppm	Au oz/tn
		Alternating 1 m to 2 m bands of felsic pyroclastic and black argillite,										
		felsic pyroclastic, light grey, fine to medium grained, pyroclastic						<u> </u>				
		texture, occasionally slightly chloritic, highly carbonated strong										
		reaction to acid, thin wispy bands of argillite are common, black										
		argillite bands are finely and distinctly laminated and generally contain	<u> </u>									
		thin 1-5 mm wispy bands of felsic tuff, thin bands of felsic tuff are										
	—	slightly carbonated, thin laminae of black graphite are common.	-									
		23.4-23.6 - small fault.										
 	\bot	OF O hadden at 250 to CA		!							$\vdash \vdash \vdash$	
	+	25.0 - bedding at 25° to CA.										
		29.6-29.8 - small fault.										
		30.5 - bedding at 25° to CA.										
		20.0-20.6 - black argillite, highly fractured, abundant calcite veining.	58103	20.0	20.6			4				
			58104		21.4			1			L	
		20.6-21.4 - felsic pyroclastic.	58105	_	23.4			1				
	\perp		58106		24.4			2			igsquare	
	+		58107	24.4	25.7			1			$\vdash \vdash \vdash$	<u> </u>
			58108	29.3	30.2			1				
	-	20 0 start of this utery purity slope hadding 0.5% purity minor	58109	30.2	31.2			6				
	+	30.8 - start of thin wispy pyrite along bedding, 0.5% pyrite, minor fracture pyrite.	120103	JU. 2	31.2			0				
			58110	31.2	31.6			19				

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From	То				From	То		_		Aı	nalysi:	5	-
Me	ters	Syb	Description	Smp. No.	М	eters	Lgth.	Rec.	Au ppb	ppm Ag	Çu ppm	Zn	Au oz/tn
31.6	45.8		Calcareous Felsic Pyroclastic									_	
			Light grey, fine to medium textured, clasts to 2 mm, predominatly medium	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>							
			textured, very minor argillite, essentially no argillite, a few rare			<u> </u>							
			horizons, 3-5% disseminated pyrite and fracture pyrite, strong reaction to									i	
			acid, highly carbonated, occasional thin light brown ankerite veinlets.			 					ļ <u> </u>		<u> </u>
		*	31.6-42.2 - abundant quartz veins, predominantly at 50° to CA but	59111	31.6	33.5			77				
	 	-	essentially random orientation, some pyrite and carbonate in some veins,	58112		34.9			10				
		╂	some silicification along some veins, occasional lace network of quartz		34.9	36.7			12			_	
			veins, largest vein is 5 cm thick.	58114		37.4			1				
			Total Targos voin to o on envelv	58115		38.1			4				
		H	36.7 - pyrite content reduced to trace pyrite, still some pyrite in quartz	58116		41.0			31		·		
			veins.										
		H	36.7-45.8 - more intermediate in composition, noticeably greenish tinge										
			due to chlorite, rare spots of bright green mariposite.										
					44 0	41.0			34		-		
		╌╏	40.8-41.2 - contains 3 quartz veins to 10 cm thick with pyrite and minor chalcopyrite, random orientation to veins.	58117	41.0	41.8			22				
			Charles of Tanada of Tanad	100110	71.0	42.0							
45.8	54.1		Calcareous Felsic Pyroclastic										
		 	Fine to medium texture, light grey, still strong reaction to acid, high										
		H	carbonate content, locally flecks of light brown ankerite.										
			46.5-41.3 - 6 quartz-calcite veins to 5 cm thick with pyrite, brownish										
			tinge due to ankerite.								<u> </u>	_	

JAMBOREE PROPERTY JO-88-2 Page 4 of 8

From	To				From	To		:		A	nalysi:	s	
Met	ers	Syb	Description	Smp. No.	Me	eters	Lgth.	Rec.	Au ppb	Ag	Cu ppm	Zn ppm	Au oz/ti
			45.8-47.3 - 2-3% fracture pyrite with some pyrrhotite	58119	45.8	46.5			8				
		П		58120	46.5	47.3			14				
			47.3-50.8 - 0.5% pyrite and pyrrhotite, predominantly fracture sulphide.	58121	$\overline{}$	48.0			16				
		\sqcup		58122		50.9			5				⊢
		$\vdash \vdash$	50.8 - start of 2-3% pyrite and pyrrhotite, fracture and disseminated.	58123		51.8			25 6				—
				58124		53.5							
		┨	52,8 - bedding at 35° to CA.	58125	53.5	54.1			1				\vdash
54.1	56.0		Intermixed Argillite and Calcareous Felsic Pyroclastic			-			<u>-</u>				
			50% argillite, 50% pyroclastic, strong reaction to acid, highly carbonated,	58126	54.1	56.0			4				<u> </u>
	···		minor fracture.								<u> </u>		
56.0	63.4	\vdash	Calcareous Felsic Pyroclastic										\vdash
			Light grey, high carbonate content, cut by numerous quartz-carbonate	58127	56.0	56.7			8				
	•		veins, very jagged irregular veins, some sulphides in veins, some ankerite	58128	56.7	57.8			14				
			in veins, 2-5% disseminated and fracture pyrite, largely 0.5 cm accumula-		57.8	59.1			10				
			tions of pyrite, approximately 3-6 quartz veins per metre, random			_							
			orientation.										
-			57.8-59.1 - intense ankerite alteration, most of core light brown in										\vdash
		1	colour, abundant jagged irregular quartz-carbonate veining, 3-5% fracture										
			and disseminated pyrite.										
		$\vdash \vdash$	59.1-63.4 - 0.5% pyrite, predominantly fracture sulphide	58130	59.1	60.9			1				\vdash
		╂╼╌┼	33.1-03.4 - 0.3% bit tre, precontinuitily if accure surprises	58131	\longrightarrow	63.4		 	4				

JAMBOREE PROPERTY JO-88-2 Page 5 of 8

From	To				From	Ťo				A	nalysi:	S	
Met	ters	Syb	Description	Smp. No.	М	eters	Lgth.	Rec.	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Cu ppm	Zn ppm	Au oz/tn
			Sharp lower contact at 35° to CA.										
63.4	84.7		Argillite	 						 -		-	
- 03.4	04.7	H	Occasional 0.5 to 2 m bands of felsic pyroclastic, cut by abundant thin	58132	63.4	64.1			7			-	
			calcite veinlets, locally graphitic, thinly laminated appearance, predomi-							Ì			
			nantly black.										
			63.4-64.1 - 0.5% disseminated and fracture pyrite.									_	\vdash
				 		<u> </u>							
1		*	Laminated banded appearance due to abundant 0.1 mm to 1 cm light coloured										
			bands of felsic tuff, note disseminated pyrite in tuff bands, tuff bands	<u> </u>									
			react to acid, are carbonate-rich.	ļ									<u> </u>
		\dashv	0.5%-2% disseminated pyrite along bedding and fracture pyrite, disseminated										
	-		pyrite predominantly along bands of felsic tuff but some thin seams									•	
			also in argillite.										
		_	64.1-65.7 - felsic pyroclastic 2-3% disseminated and fracture pyrite.	58133	64.1	65.7			1				
				50104	65.7	60.1			-				
		_	68.1-68.4 - felsic pyroclastic 2-4% disseminated and fracture pyrite,	58134 58135		68.1			5				<u> </u>
		\dashv	contact at 35° to CA.	58136	$\overline{}$	68.4 70.0			2				
			71.1-72.5 - felsic pyroclastic, strong reaction to acid, trace pyrite.	58137		71.1			1				
			72.5-73.1 - argillite, 0.5% fracture pyrite.										

JAMBOREE PROPERTY JO-88-2 Page 6 of 8

From	To				From	To				Ar	nalysi:	s	
Me	ters	Syb	Description	Smp. No.	M	eters	Lgth.	Rec.	Au ppb	Ag ppm	ppm Cu	Zn ppm	Au oz/tn
			73.1-75.5 - felsic pyroclastic, visible spotty light brown ankerite, trace										
			pyrite.										
	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		<u> </u>							
	<u> </u>	╀	75.5 - back to argillite with thin bands of felsic tuff (0.1-1 cm), 0.5%	58138		77.0			18				
	ļ	\vdash	to 2% disseminated pyrite and fracture pyrite, pyrite along bedding as		77.0	79.2			5				
	├ ──	╂┷┤	thin 1 mm bands.	58140	79.2	81.1			. 7		_		
	<u> </u>		79.2 - bedding at 30° to CA.										
	-		81.3-81.7 - felsic pyroclastic, 0.5% fracture and disseminated pyrite.										
			82.0-82.8 - felsic pyroclastic, 0.5% fracture and disseminated pyrite.	58141	81.1	82.8			3				
				58142	82.8	84.7			9				
84.7	117.8		Calcareous Felsic Pyroclastic	58143	84.7	86.6			2				
			Grey, fine grained, strong reaction to acid, 0.5% disseminated pyrite.	58144	86.6	87.4			4				
			86.6-87.4 - fault zone, core very broken up.										
			89.4-90.2 - moderate ankerite alteration, minor mariposite, 1% disseminated	58145	87.4	88.8			3				
			pyrite.	58146		90.2			2				
		\sqcup		58147	90.2	90.5			2	[
			90.2-90.5 - intermixed black argillite and tuff, crosscutting ankerite	58148		92.1			1				
		\sqcup	veins.	58149	92.1	93.8			3				
		├ ─┤		58150		94.9			12				
		$\vdash \vdash$	97.5 - pyrite reduced to only trace.	58151	94.9	97.5			2				

JAMBOREE PROPERTY J0-88-2 Page 7 of 8

From	To				From	To				<u>A</u> ı	nalyst	S	
Met	ters	Syb	Description	Smp.	Me	eters	Lgth.	Rec.	Au	Ag	Cu	Zn	Au
:				No.	<u> </u>				ppb	mqq	ppm	ppm	oz/tn
			100.6-101.3 - intermixed argillite and tuff, bedding at 35° to CA.	58152	100.6	101.3			3				
				58153	101.3	102.7			1				
		*	101.3 - start of 1-2% pyrite along thin fractures or seams along bedding.	-	102.7				1				
<u> </u>		\sqcup		_+	103.5				1				<u> </u>
[\rightarrow	105.2		!		44			ļ!	
			102.7-103.5 - argillite, strong reaction to acid, trace pyrite.			108.7			1			 	
		┦			108.7				1_			 -	<u> </u>
		 	105.0-105.2 - black graphitic argillite.		109.9				1				<u> </u>
<u> </u>					110.7				2			 _	ļ
			108.7-109.9 - black argillite contains 1-2% disseminated pyrite.	· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	111.2				1				<u> </u>
		\sqcup			112.7		<u> </u>		. 1			 	
		\sqcup	110.7-111.2 - black argillite.		114.4		\square		2			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
		\sqcup		•	115.8				1			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
117.8		<u> </u>	Calcareous Andesitic Tuff	• -	117.8				1			<u> </u> !	<u> </u>
			Medium grey to greenish-grey, strong reaction to acid, slightly darker		119.9				1				
			more greenish colouration suggests slightly more basic composition, 1-3%		121.9				1				ļ
		<u> </u>	disseminated pyrite.		125.0				1				
				58169	128.0	130.0			1				
			130.0-130.3 - 1% disseminated pyrite.	58170	130.0	130.3			22				
				58171	130.3	131.2			1				
			165.1 - start of trace pyrite.	58172	131.2	134.0			4				
				58173	134.0	136.8			7.				
		<u> </u>	End of hole - 167.64 m (550 feet).	58174	136.8	139.9			1				<u> </u>
				58175	139.9	142.7			1]	
				58176	142.7	145.5			35				
		Ī		58177	145.5	148.3		T	1			Ī	l

JAMBOREE PROPERTY J0-88-2 Page 8 of 8

From	To				From	To				Ai	alysi	\$	
Me	ters	Syb	Description	Smp.	М	eters	Lgth.	Rec.	Au	Ag	Cu	Zn	Au
				No.					ppb	ppm	ppm	ppm	oz/tn
				58178	148.3	151.0			15				
-				58179	151.0	153.8			12				
				58180	153.8	156.5			17				
				58181	156.5	159.7			9				
				58182	159.7	162.0			4	<u> </u>			
				58183	162.0	165.1			4			,	
				58184	165.1	167.64			3				
											·		



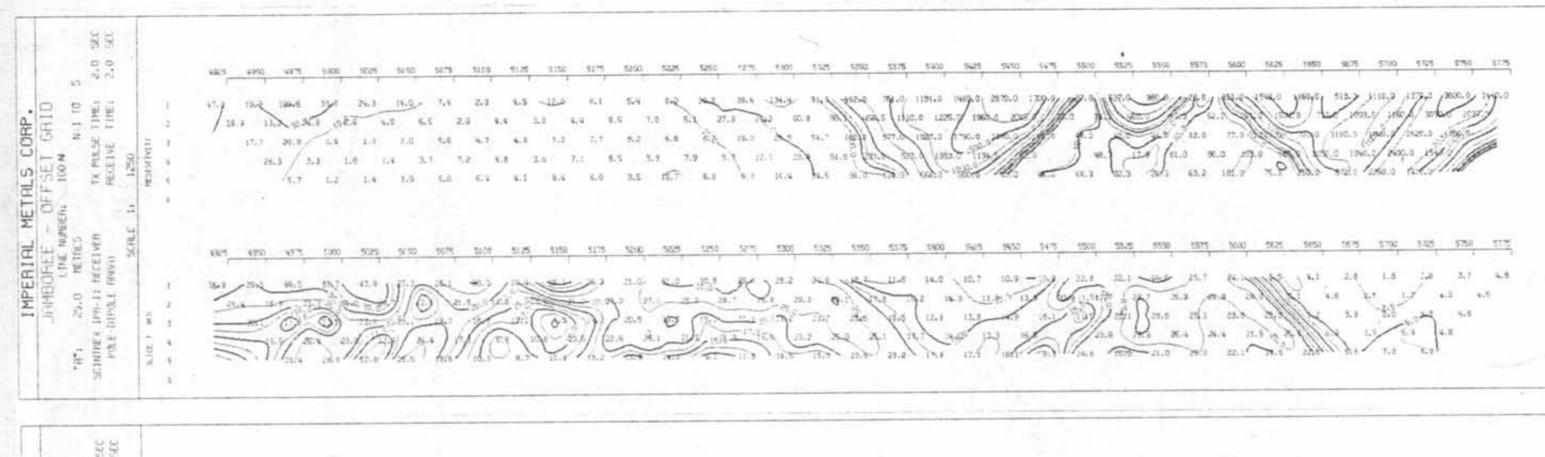
GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

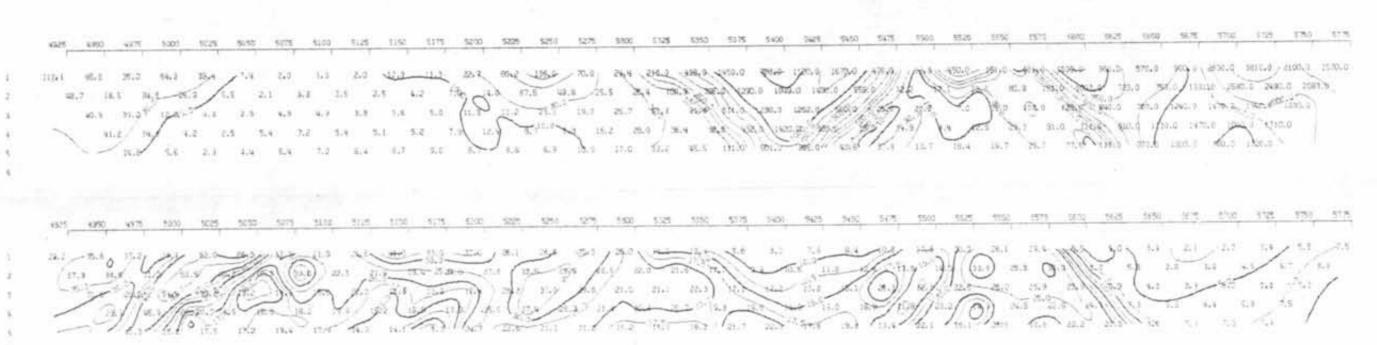
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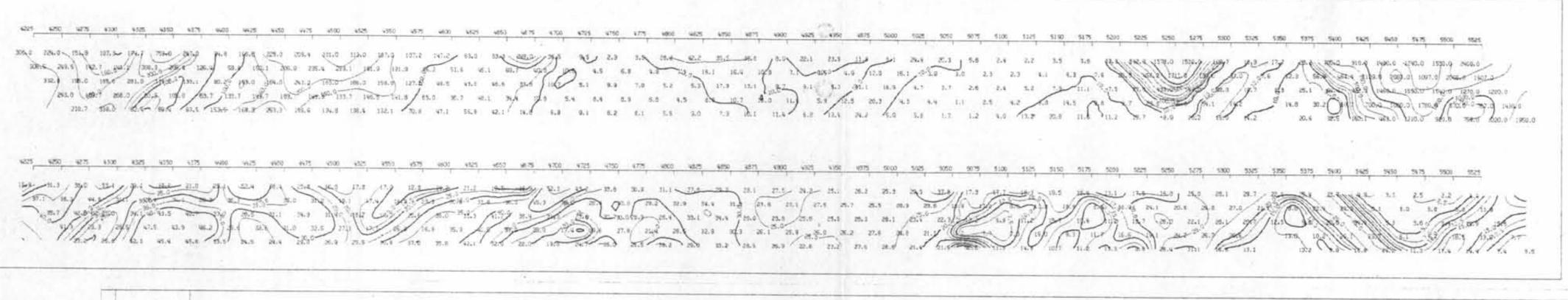
CEOLOGICAL BRANCH

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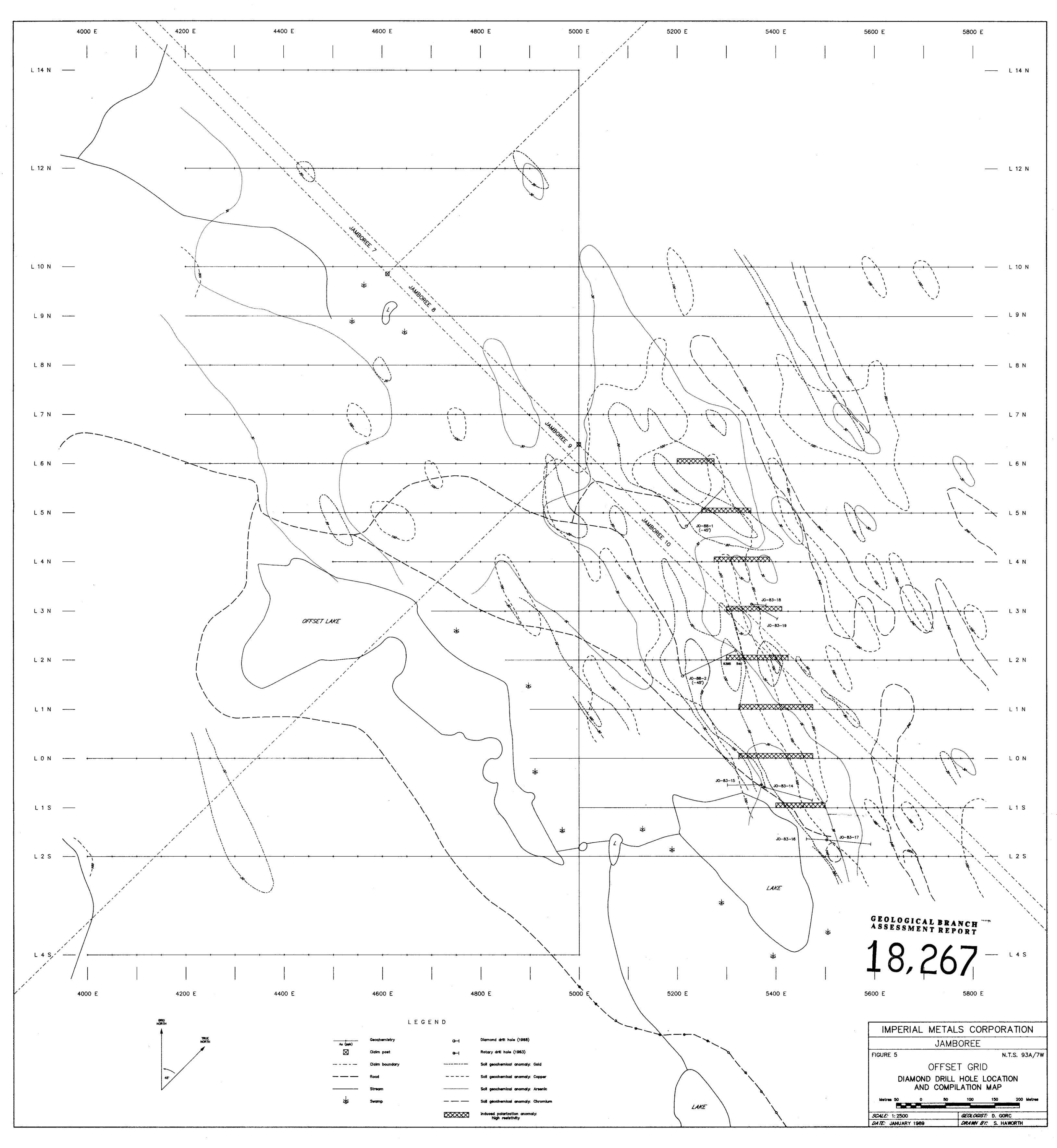
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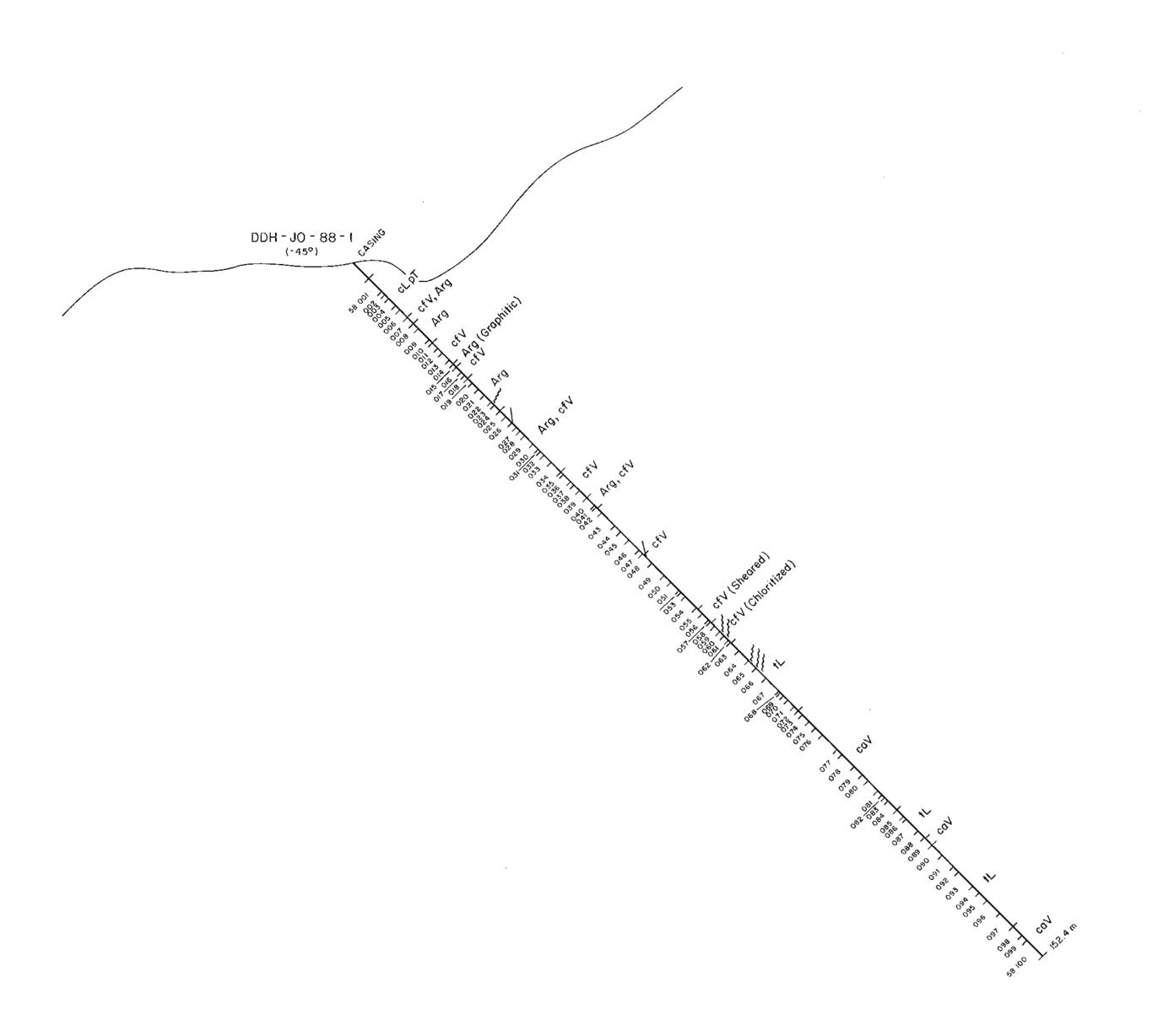
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28.5 28.2 28.2 28.4 West was with 11.4 may 18.1 28.5 28.7 39.5 28.7 39.5 (2.)

THE ALL BAT 13,9 - 30,0 31.5 36.7





LEGEND

CALCAREOUS FELSIC VOLCANICLASTIC

CLPT CALCAREOUS LAPILLI TUFF

CGV CALCAREOUS ANDESITIC TUFF

Arg ARGILLITE

TL TUFFACEOUS LIMESTONE

BEDDING ORIENTATION

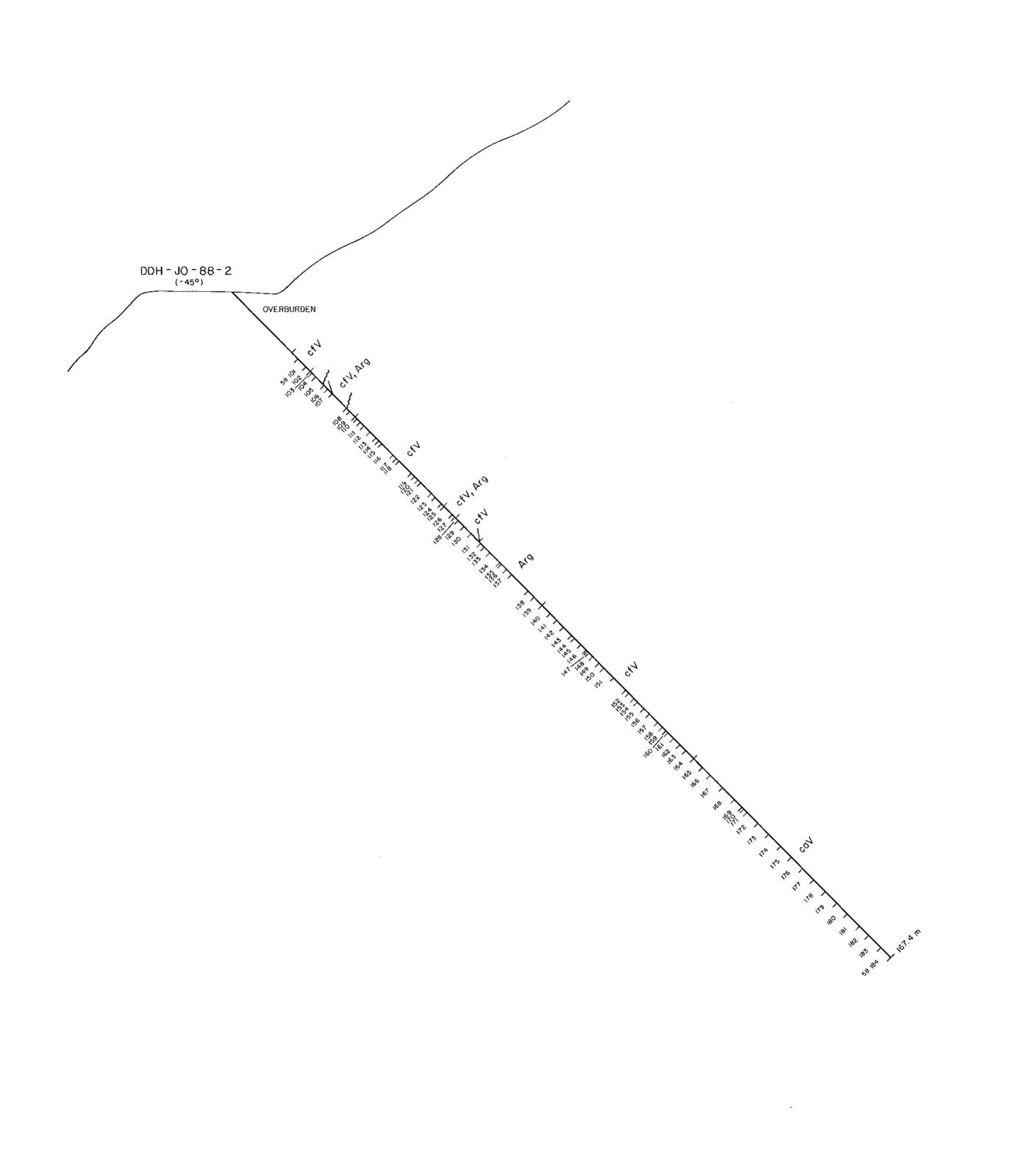
FAULT

CORE SAMPLE INTERVAL

GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

10,207

IMPERIAL METALS CORPORATION JAMBOREE FIGURE 6 OFFSET GRID DRILL PROFILE DDH JO ~ 88 - I (LOOKING WEST) metres 0 10 20 30 40 50 metres SCALE: 1:500 GEOLOGIST: D. GORC DATE: JANUARY, 1989 DRAWN BY: J. CORKUM



LEGEND

CALCAREOUS FELSIC VOLCANICLASTIC

CLPT

CALCAREOUS LAPILLI TUFF

CaV

CALCAREOUS ANDESITIC TUFF

Arg

ARGILLITE

TL

TUFFACEOUS LIMESTONE

BEDDING ORIENTATION

FAULT

CORE SAMPLE INTERVAL

18,267

IMPERIAL METALS CORPORATION JAMBOREE FIGURE 7 OFFSET GRID N.T.S. 93 A/7 W

DRILL PROFILE
DDH JO - 88 - 2

(LOOKING WEST)
20 30 40

SCALE:	I: 500	GEOLOGIST:	D. GORC	
DATE:	JANUARY, 1989	DRAWN BY:	J. CORKUM	