SUB-RECORDER RECEIVED	Daiwan Engineering I 9 Granville Street, Vancouver, B. C Phone: (604) 688-1508	10. CinQaNVY 105 1024	R().
UCI 1 U 1769		ACTION:	
VANCULIVER, B.C.			
		FILE NO:	

GEOCHEMICAL AND GEOLOGICAL

ASSESSMENT REPORT

ON THE

KETTLE #1 AND #2

MINERAL CLAIMS NEAR

VERNON, B.C.

NTS: 82L/1W, 82L/2E

Latitude: 50° 06' N

Longitude: 118° 30' W

e a contra a

~ (13). (12)

≌ @ ⊃ ≪

For

Universal Trident Industries Ltd. Caribbean Resources Corp. Acheron Resources Ltd. 1030 - 609 Granville Street Vancouver, B.C. V7Y 1G5

By



TABLE OF CONTENTS

SUMMARY 1 2 INTRODUCTION 2 LOCATION AND ACCESS PHYSIOGRAPHY AND CLIMATE 2 3 PROPERTY 3 HISTORY **REGIONAL GEOLOGY** 4 PROPERTY GEOLOGY 5 GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY 5 **CONCLUSIONS** 9 9 RECOMMENDATIONS STATEMENT OF COSTS 10 CERTIFICATE OF QUALIFICATIONS 11 **BIBLIOGRAPHY** 12

FIGURES

FIGURE 1	- LOCATION MAP	Following Page 2
FIGURE 2	- CLAIM MAP	Following Page 3
FIGURE 3	- REGIONAL GEOLOGY	Following Page 4
FIGURE 4	- BC DM MAGNETOMETER MAP	Following Page 5
FIGURE 5	- PROPERTY GEOLOGY AND SAMPLE LOCATION	Following Page 5
FIGURE 6a-f	- GEOCHEMISTRY EAST GRID	Following Page 8
FIGURE 7a-f	- GEOCHEMISTRY WEST GRID	Following Page 8

APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1 -	SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS	13
APPENDIX 2 -	ASSAY CERTIFICATES	16

Page

SUMMARY

Daiwan Engineering Ltd. conducted an exploration program on the Kettle 1 and 2 claims east of Vernon, B.C. The program consisted of geological mapping and sampling and the establishment of two soil grids. A total of 314 soil samples 11 stream sediment samples and 26 rock samples were collected between July 27th and August 2, 1989.

The Kettle 1 claim covers 7 mining leases that were the scene of lode mining around the turn-ofthe-century. Adits were driven on a series of three sub-parallel quartz veins mineralized with scattered bunches of pyrite, galena sphalerite with lesser chalcopyrite and tetrahedrite. Assays from these veins ranged up to .760 oz/ton gold and 2.9 oz/ton silver.

The Kettle 2 claim covers 4 crown grants that host a quartz vein with similar mineralogy that has 3 adits driven on it.

On the basis of the series of sub-parallel veins, Daiwan Engineering Ltd. established 2 soil grids in areas where previous surveys reported spotty gold geochemical anomalies. Results of this survey are encouraging and may indicate the presence of additional vein systems to those on the crown grants and mining leases. Follow up work is recommended.

A total of \$14,346.32 was spent on the property between July 27th and August 2, 1989.

INTRODUCTION

At the request of Mr. Ron Philp, president of Caribbean Resources Corp, Universal Trident Industries Ltd., and Acheron Resources Ltd. an exploration program was conducted on the Kettle #1 and #2 claims by Daiwan Engineering Ltd.

The program consisted of reconnaissance mapping and geochemical sampling in two areas that showed the potential for vein zones in previous reports. A total of 314 soil samples, 11 stream pan samples, and 26 rock samples were taken between July 27 and August 2, 1989.

This report is a compilation of work completed on the property and from previous work in the area.

LOCATION AND ACCESS

The 40 unit claim group is located 25 kilometres south of Cherryville and 70 kilometres east of Vernon along Highway 6 which cuts the property in half. Access to the eastern portion of the Kettle #2 and southwest portion of Kettle #1 can be obtained from logging roads which leave Highway 6 near the southern boundary of the claims (Figure 1).

PHYSIOGRAPHY AND CLIMATE

Topography on the claims is generally moderate slopes with elevations ranging from 1065 metres in the valley bottom to 1675 metres on mountain tops.

The claims are moderately timbered with the southern portions of the Kettle #1 having been logged in recent years. The area is characterized by warm dry summers with mild winters.

Snowfall in the area is moderate and the claims are snow free from April to November.



PROPERTY

The Kettle property consists of two contiguous 20 unit claims. The Kettle #1 claim covers seven mining leases; L3766-68 and L3913-16. These mining leases are currently held by Antelope Resources Ltd. with offices at 530-800 West Pender Street, Vancouver, B.C. The Kettle #2 claim covers four crown grants; L306 and L192-194 that have recently reverted back to the Crown for lack of tax payment. The claims have the following particulars:

<u>Claim Name</u>	<u>Units</u>	Record No.	Expiry Date	
Kettle #1	20	3159	May 14, 1990	
Kettle #2	20	3160	May 15, 1990	

HISTORY

Lode mining on the claims dates back to before the turn of the century. Three adits are reported on L306 and two of these were driven onto quartz veins, the third was abandoned while still in overburden. This vein zone is shown to outcrop on the valley bottom and onto the Kettle #1 claim. Outcrop of a vein is again noted on the mining lease L3766. Taken as the same vein the approximate attitude is 275/45°S which would indicate that the vein dips back onto the Kettle #1 claim and should be able to be found at depth.

Three veins (1-3 feet wide) outcrop on the mining leases and have adits driven on them. The veins are reported to be mineralized with scattered bunches of pyrite, galena, sphalerite, with lesser chalcopyrite and tetrahedrite. Three samples on these veins range from .79 to 2.9 oz/ton Ag and .13 to .76 oz/ton Au.

Samples from the vein on the Crown grant L306 range up to .315% Cu, .71% Pb, 4.72 oz/ton Ag and .726 oz/ton Au. 1 Assays as high as 15.10% Pb, 10.25% Zn, 12.05 oz/ton Ag and 2.525 oz/ton Au have been reported but no description or location was reported with the assays.

Two small adits are reported, on ground now covered by the Kettle #2 claim, to be driven into a strong northwest trending shear zone, cutting highly silicified and carbonatized volcanics. Irregular quartz veins and pods within the shear are weakly to moderately pyritized and contain chalcopyrite and galena. Chip and grab samples returned low Ag and insignificant Au assays, the best being .49% Pb, 3.85 oz/ton Ag and .008 oz/ton Au.



An area south of the mining leases near the assumed contact of the granodiorite with metavolcanics and limestones returned spotty gold assays. Three values between 30 and 60 ppb Au and several between 15 and 30 ppb were collected in 1983. This is the area where the down-dip extension of the quartz vein is presumed to be located.

Soil sampling on the mining leases revealed a large silver anomaly trending east-west which may be an extension of the veining observed in outcrop.

Marsh Creek and the north-south Flowing Creek which drain from the centre of the Kettle #2 claim host present day placer operations.

REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The Kettle claims are located within rocks of Permian-Pennsylvanian-aged "Thompson Assemblage" (formerly Cache Creek Group). Both units are similar, consisting of interbedded sediments, including limestone and volcanics. They form a continuous belt trending northwesterly from Vernon while to the eat of this city, they occur as discontinuous, block faulted sections. An unconformity was recognized between the two formations near Lavington, 37 km to the west of the property (Okulich, 1979).

These rocks are intruded by large granitic masses, related to the Jurassic-aged Nelson batholith, and smaller ones of possibly Cretaceous age. Tertiary volcanics of the Kamloops Group cap much of the area (Figure 3).

Northwest-striking faults and folds are common within the Thompson Assemblage. These parallel the regional northwesterly trend. Due to the lack of good marker beds, these structures are not obvious.

The Slocan Group, which in the property area was formerly included in the Cache Creek Group, may also correlate with the Milford Group located 40 km to the west of the Kettle claims in the Tillicum Mountain area (Okulitch, 1979). Significant gold also occurs in the latter area.

Structure generally trends northwest and shear zones commonly have quartz veins and pods associated with them. Pyritization with chalcopyrite and galena is variable from weak to moderate within the quartz veins. Precious metal content varies with sulphide content in the veins.



PROPERTY GEOLOGY

The Kettle claims are underlain by rocks of the Carboniferous and Permian Thompson Assemblage (formerly Cache Creek Group), consisting of metavolcanics and metasediments. The most prominent rock unit was limestone, that varied from massive, blue-grey in colour, and fine grained to white, medium crystalline marble near its contact with the intrusive. Lesser amounts of highly siliceous fine grained argillites and andesites were also encountered near the contact with the intrusive. The argillites and andesites contained finely disseminated pyrite up to 5%.

Intruding the rocks of the Thompson Assemblage and outcropping in the southwest portion of the claims is a large granodiorite Batholith of the Late Jurassic, Valhalla Plutonic Complex. The granodiorite is fresh and unaltered and with non-obvious sulphides present.

The northwest trending contact zone between the granodiorite in the southwest and the metavolcanics and metasediments in the northeast is highly silicified with pyrite associated with the fracturing in the metavolcanics and metasediments. This highly siliceous contact zone shows up on the British Columbia Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources Airborne Magnetometer Survey Map (Figure 4) as a mag low trending northwest-southeast.

Quartz veins known to exist within the boundaries of the claims occur on mining leases and crown grants covered by the Kettle claims. Several quartz veins have been mapped on the mining leases and these trend northwest. The main vein that was mined on the crown grants was mapped as more east-west trending.

No veins were mapped in outcrop during the July 1989 field program but limited size of outcrop could be the main factor. Locally derived quartz float indicate the possible existence of parallel veins to those already developed on the mining leases and Crown grants occurring on the Kettle claims.

GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY

The exploration program conducted on the Kettle #1 and Kettle #2 claims consisted of geological mapping and geochemical sampling. During the survey, a total of 26 rocks, 314 soils and 11 stream sediment samples were collected.

The soil samples were collected with a soil maddock from an average depth of approximately 25 cm from the B horizon. The soil was well developed and the B horizon was reddish brown. The soils were collected in a waterproof paper bag and sent to the lab for analysis.





The stream sediment samples were collected using a gold pan and two screens. The gravel was screened and then panned down to a fine sand size and placed in a plastic bag.

Rock samples were collected with a geologist's hammer and representative samples of outcrop were taken in addition to float samples of quartz.

The samples were delivered to Acme Analytical Laboratories Ltd. in Vancouver where the soils and soils were dried and screened to -80 mesh and the rocks were crushed and powered to -80 mesh. The samples were then analyzed for copper, lead, zinc, arsenic, and silver by I.C.P. The I.C.P. assay involves the digestion of 0.500 grams of the sample with 3-1-2 HCl-HN03-H20 acid at 95 degrees celsius for one hour. This sample is then diluted to 10 ml with water and analyzed. The samples were also analyzed for gold by acid leach and atomic absorption by Acme labs.

Soils

East Grid

The results of the soil samples collected from the East Grid were plotted at 1:5,000 scale on Figures 6a-f. Anomalous values for each of the 6 elements analyzed for were then visually derived.

The gold values range from 1 to 47 ppb and values over 10 ppb were considered anomalous. Figure 6a shows a strong northeast trending anomaly, where values range from 10 to 47 ppb. This anomaly does not correspond to the other elements.

Silver values range from 0.1 to 1.9 ppm and 0.8 ppm was considered anomalous. Three anomalies are shown on Figure 6b and the strongest extends 400 metres in an east-west direction and is open to the west where it is strongest. Two other small silver anomalies trending east-west also become evident, and may represent separate veins.

Copper values range from 13 to 248 ppm and values over 70 ppm were considered anomalous. A strong east-west anomaly becomes apparent in Figure 6c and extends 500 metres and remains open to the west. Two smaller trends are also evident, both of which also trend east-west.

Zinc values ranged from 80 to 250 ppm and 150 ppm was considered anomalous. Two strong anomalies are obvious on Figure 6d. Both trend approximately east-west and extend for over 400 metres. The northern zinc anomaly corresponds with copper and a small silver anomaly, while the southern anomaly parallels the large silver anomaly.

Arsenic values range from 2 to 74 ppm and 20 ppm was considered anomalous. On the western centre of the grid an arsenic anomaly appears to be developing and remains strong and open to the west (Figure 6e).

Lead values ranged from 2 to 74 ppm and no significant values were obtained.

Discussion

Three areas of interest develop from the geochemical plots of results on the east grid as follows:

- (1) A strong copper and zinc with lesser silver anomaly occurs in the northern portion of the grid trending east-west and remaining open to the west.
- (2) A strong silver and zinc anomaly occurs in the southern portion of the grid trending approximately east-west.
- (3) An arsenic, with lesser copper, zinc, and silver, anomaly appears to be developing in the west centre of the grid. This anomaly trends east-west and is open and strong to the west.

The gold plot failed to show parallels with the other plots, but anomalous gold values do occur within or adjacent to the three areas mentioned.

West Grid

The results of the soil samples collected from the West Grid were plotted at 1:5,000 scale of Figures 7a to f. Anomalous values from the East Grid were used as anomalous values for the West Grid.

The gold values ranged from 1 to 380 ppb and 10 ppb was anomalous. Three areas of interest become evident on Figure 7a. The first is a two station anomaly on the north end of Line 200 west. It appears a significant anomaly may be developing. The next two areas are east-west trending anomalies near the centre of the grid. They are both over 200 metres in length.

Silver values plotted on Figure 7b ranged from .1 to .7 ppm and no anomalies were present.

Copper values ranged from 13 to 142 ppm with 70 ppm considered anomalous. Two strong parallel east-west trends become apparent on Figure 7c. Both anomalies remain open to the west.

Zinc values ranged from 62 to 353 ppm with 150 ppm being anomalous. Two trends become apparent; a small east-west anomaly in the south centre of the grid, and a large east-west anomaly to the north.

Arsenic and lead values ranged from 2 to 29 ppm and from 9 to 115 ppm respectively, and neither plots revealed any significant anomalies.

Discussion

Results on the West Grid show anomalous trends for gold, copper, and zinc. The gold and the zinc trends correspond with each other while the copper trend is not evident in the other plots. A series of parallel veins with differing mineralogy may explain this.

Stream Sediments

Of the 11 stream sediment samples taken from the claims, only three samples proved anomalous in any of the six elements. All three samples showed anomalous gold values. The range of gold values was from 1 to 570 ppb and samples KETSM-1, KETSM-4, and KETSM-9, contained 370, 156, and 570 ppb respectively.

KETSM-1 was taken from a creek that drains the southeast corner of the Kettle #1 claim and may indicate the presence of veins within the granodiorite. KETSM-4 was taken from the upper reaches of Marsh Creek near the Crown grants covered by the Kettle #2 claim. KETSM-9 was taken from a tributary of Marsh Creek. This tributary drains the East Grid and may indicate a vein zone in the vicinity of the grid.

<u>Rocks</u>

Of the 26 rock samples collected, five were anomalous in gold. Values of gold ranged from 1 to 20,450 ppb. Sample 38254 which contained 20,450 ppb gold, 79.0 ppm silver, 1,015 ppm zinc and 4,537 ppm lead, was taken from the dump pile of Adit 1 on Crown Grant L306.

Sample 38271 contained 680 ppb gold and 4.2 ppm silver and was a sample of quartz float.

Sample 38272 contained 410 ppb gold, 8.9 ppm silver, 1,682 ppm zinc, and 2,465 ppm lead and was quartz float in talls from the limestone cliffs.

Sample 38273 and 38275 contained 3,250 ppb and 1,260 ppb gold and came from locally derived quartz float near the contact between the granodiorite and a siliceous argillite.

None of the remaining 21 rocks proved to be anomalous in any of the six elements analyzed for.

L 00	L 100 E	L 200 E	L 300 E	L 400 E	L 500 E
1.0.6	1.04	1.0.3	2.	15.0.5	- 400 N
6.0.3	2.04	4 · 0.4	1.	21.05	MRSH
1.0.5	1 • 0.4	1 • 0.1	2.	8 • 0 #	1. 20.3
16 • 0.7	3 • 0.1	2.0.3	4.	6.05	2.04
5.04	2 • 0.1	1 • 0.6	7.	2 . 0.8	3 · 0.1- 300 N
1 • 0.4	1 • 0.1	2 · 0,4	2.	1 • 0,5	1 • 0.3
5 . 0.5	3 · 0.1	1 • 0.4	32.	7 . 0.4	4.0.2
1 . 0.5	1 • 0.1	2 • 0.3	4.	2 . 0.2	3 • 0.2
4 ° 0.4	2 .0.1	1 · 0.5	23.	3.0.6	/0 · 0.4- 200 N
2 • 0.6	ı • <i>6.</i> 1	2 · <i>0</i> .4	1 ·	20 · 0.3	1 • 0.3
6 - 0.5	1 .0.2	1 • 0.5	44.	2 04	3.0.6
2 · 05	2 . 0.3	2 · <i>05</i>	4.	2 · 0.7	6 - 0.3
TO MONASHEE . 0.6	2 . 0,2	1.0.4	4.	3 · 04	5 ·0.6 - 100 N
MOUNTIAN	4 . 1.0	1 · 0.6	2.	3 • 0.4	3 . 0.5
1. 0.5	1 • 0.2	3 • 0.7	6.	5 · 0,3	4 .0.3
2. 0.6	1 · 0,3	47 · 0.3	2.	3 . 0.6	4.0.4
3-04	8.0.1	10 ~ 0.4	3.	1. 0.2	
4.0.5	3 • 0.1	5. 03	5.	1.08	9 . 0.6
11 4 . 0.6	1.0.2	5.0.6	2 •	1 . 0.5	4.0,4
11/ 2.05	2 · 0.3	3 · 0.6	3`	5 . 0.3	4 · 0.6
1 7.0.9	2 · 0,2	2 · 0.7	[D ·	1.05	$4 \cdot 0.7 - 100 \text{s}$
6 · 0.7	5.0.6	4 · 0.7	1.	1.05	6.0.5
2.05	27.0.3	3 · 0.5	g ·	1 • 0.6	4 · 0.9
1 • 1.1	1 • 0.5	1 • 0.8	2.	1.0.5	6 · 0 .4
3 • 0.6	4 • 0.7	1 • 0 .8	2 ·	2 · 0.4	9·04-200s
3 • 1.1	3 • 1:0	1 · 0.5	7.	1.04	2.04
1 • 0.5	1 • 0.3	2.0.4	4.	1 • 0.3	2.0.5
6 • 0.6	3 . 0.4	1.0.5	5.	3.04	8 · 1,1



			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
L 00	L 100 E	L 200 E	L 300 E	L 400 E	L 500 E
74 . 132	39 • 113	94.112	29 : 123	26 · 124	- 400 N
3 3 · 117	48 · 162	68 · 120	22 · 99	64.157	ARSH
44.116	35 · 138	57 · 108	76 · 155	57 · 103	45. 282
78 · 143	49 · /21	90 · 120	26 - 144	21 · 100	ш· · Я
66 - 133	103 · 131	63 . 250	144 · 216	21 · 121	82 · 88 - 300 N
63·114	45 · /23	73 · 171	94 · 116	39 · 176	33 · 123
162 · 167	76 · /31	161.146	70.122	65 · 123	52 · 88
49 · 155	105 . 211	29 · 124	21 . 96	98 · 134	43 - 82
61 • 124	62 . 174	30 . 102	18 • 128	97 · 152	72 · 133 - 200 N
32 · 136	65 · 141	30 · 105	28 · 149	43 · 144	64 · 120
4 0 • 139	91.150	32.112	32 · 145	55.224	29 • 111
97 • /78	39 - 110	31 . 103	45 · 111	57 • 206	28 · /23
45. 140 TO MONASHEE	33 · 122	19 . 69	46 • 151	44 • 149	29 · 133 - 100 N
MOUNTIAN 175	248·149	27.85	27 . 116	31 · 1 3 5	60.01
31. 129	30 • 93	31 · 116	23 · 124	51 • 115	32 -114
127. 85	31 · 134	58 - 118	18 - 119	30 · 113	13 · 86
1 <u>3 114</u>	===_39.99	47-95	21 . 122	51. 106	<u>57</u> /02 - B.L.
64 · H7	37 · 96	18.83	43 · 104	47 · 1/8	73 · II I
1/73-118	57 . 168	42.108	70 • 156	56 . 109	4 8 · 90
1 59 . 110	19. 12	46 · 131	28 · 135	45 • 1/0	33 · 104
// 84 · 136	55.118	61 · 114	29 · 121	38 • 144	36 · 154- 100 s
42 · /32	40 · 120	64 144	25 · 127	34 . 155	29 • 124
29 · /30	51 · 125	24 106	43 · 134	35 · 190	32 · 184
59 . 121	52.117	36 · 100	34 · 140	31 • 151	41 • 136
39 • 82	4 L • 95	22. 100	43 · 151	53 · 157	47 · 149- 200 s
110 · 121	1200 167	23 · 112	71 · 161	50 . 195	31 · 142
51 • 133	28. 108	35 · 112	56.120	58 · Ka	52.127
40 · 105	1 8 · 80	30 . 133	84 · 146	33 · 166	79 · 103
125 · 148	38 · 96	39 · 138	57 • 111	3 9 · <i>15</i> 2	3• · / 22- 300 S
38 • 89	34 · 133	29 · 151	43 • 2 	4 8 · 9 2	30 · 97
22.76	38 · 113	74·225	35 · 118	52 · 99	29 · 161
30 . 10%	44 · 158	81 · 150	30 . 134	26 · 88	49 • 167
29 · 1M	35 · 161	56 · 143	29 · 138	<u>34 · 123</u>	46 . 122 - 400 S
		Cu Zn Iaan) (ppm)	UNIVERSAL TRID ACHERON CARIBBEAN KETTL	ENT INDUSTRIES LTD. RESOURCES LTD. RESOURCES CORP. E PROJECT
		V'' (' '		COPPER & ZIN	NC GEOCHEMISTRY
0 100	200 metres			EA	ST GRID
				DATWAN FN	AUG. 1989 PRO. 6 GINEERING I TD
L					

L 500 W -	L 400 W -	L 300 W -	L 200 W -	L 100 W -	L 00 -	
1 • 0.1 4 • 0.1 1 • 0.1	1.	7 • 0.1 3 • 0.1 5 • 0.1	270 · 0,7 12 · 0.2 1 · 0.1	1 • 0.1] • 0.1 4 • 0.1	. —	200 N
$3 \cdot 0.1$ $7 \cdot 0.1$ $3 \cdot 0.1$ $8 \cdot 0.2$	4 · 0 · 1 1 · 0 · 1 1 · 0 · 1 1 · 0 · 1	4 · 0.1 3 · 0.1 # · 0.1 #0 · 0.1	8 -0.1 4 -0.1 1 -0.1 10 - 0.1	178 · 0.1 4 · 0.1 4 · 0.2 3 · 0.1	-	100 N
$2 \cdot 0.2$ $2 \cdot 0.1$ $2 \cdot 0.1$ 1 - 0.1 1 - 0.1	11 · 0.1 4 · 0.2 1 · 0.1 	54.02 1.02 4.01 2.01	8 -0.1 3 · 0.1 6 · 0.1	2 · 0.1 2 · 0.4 25 · 0.4 7 · 0.1		HWY 6 B.L.
1 · 0.1 2 · 0.1 1 · 0.1 1 ·	2 · 0 · 1 3 · 0 · 1 1 · 0 · 1 3 · 0 · 1	2 ·0.2 1 · 0.2 4 ·0.1 2 ·0.1	6 · 0.2 22 · 0.1 4 · 0.1	z · 0.2 z · 0.3 1 · 0.2 15 · 0.1	N/S 1 · 0 ·4 1 · 0 ·1 -	100 S
4 · 5 · 2 · 6 ·	2 ·0. 1 ·0. 2 ·0: <u>2</u> 1 ·0.1	4 .03 5 .0.1 1 .02 9 .0.1	1 • 0.2 13 • 0.3 1 • 0.2 1 • 0.3	3 · 0.3 5 · 0.3 12 · 0.1 1 · 0.1	• 0.6 • 0.4 2 • 0.2 2 • 0.4 -	200 S
2.	4 .0.7	5.0.2	1 • 0 • 1	7 . 0.2	1.0.5	



h						
F	F	-	н			
500	400	. 300	. 200	100	Г 00	
- X	×.	¥ -	W -	¥ -		
			·	I	•	
19 - 40						
15 • 768		69 • 131	142 • 255	19 • 62		
14 • 128		24 •/83	47 • 142	23 • 115		
16 • 94	•	Kp • 184	44 • 238	21 • 179	- 2	200 N
2 · 163	23 • 113	17 • 94	37 • 169	26 • 142		
56.89	. 34 • 353	74 • 149	24 • 210	43 • 219		
91 • 129	37 • 187	21 • 109	43 • 132	27 • 162		
58 • 191	42 • 150	40 · 159	38 • 115	36 • 121	- 1	.00 N
46 • 219	51 • 147	35 • 164	54 -107	85 • 110		
57 • 173	31 • /69	15 • 104	34 • 162	15 - 143		HINY
84 • 135	50 • 181	35 • /32	37 •153	24 • 170		Č
119 .///	65 149	28 . 214	78 151	28 125	/6/]	B.L.
53•//7	79 . <i> </i> 44	62 • 196	51 • 1 5	22 • 133	40 • 216	
117 • 125	35 • 156	78 • 139	121 - 147	76 - 106	N/5 . N/5	Y
88 • 129	103 • <i>145</i>	53 • 124	68 - 130	16 • 1 87	29 · //7	
45 • 141	105 - 140	55 • 126	63 • 118	31 • 146	26 • 98 _]	100 S
44 • /37	44 • /34	34 • 101	74 • 133	22 • 135	48 • 106	
47 • /37	42 . 125	52 • 115	77 • 139	19 • 164	33 • 126	
38.100	28 • 131	54 • 96	59 • 111	37 • 9 5	36 • 160	
77. 471	GA _ 122	67 . 121	92 . 189	26 • 126	50 • 143 <u>-</u>	200 S
A1 • A7A	₹U ▼/A2	25 - 151	0.5 1.4	10/	29 • 105	
¥¥ • //5	112 • 127	13 • 1 +6	91 • 245	11 - 106		



CONCLUSIONS

- 1.0 The claims cover ground that hosted previous lode mining and is geologically favourable for the occurrence of precious metal bearing quartz veins.
- 2.0 Quartz veins and shear zones have previously been mapped on the claims.
- 3.0 Past work on the mining leases and Crown grants covered by the claims indicate a series of parallel veins associated with shear zones.
- 4.0 Current geochemical surveys and geological mapping indicate a strong possibility for additional parallel veining.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1.0 The existing soil grids should be extended to further lengthen existing geochemical anomalies.
- 2.0 A geophysical VLF-EM survey over the grids to detail projected veining may be useful.
- 3.0 Geological mapping in area of grid extension.
- 4.0 Trenching may be useful to expose rock in areas of little overburden.

STATEMENT OF COSTS

-- -- -

- - - - - - - -

1.0 Personnel:

	 Senior Geologist7 days @ \$380/day Project Geologist - 12.6 days @ \$260/day Field Assistant - 10.5 days @ \$210/day Draftsperson2 days @ \$220/day 	\$ 266.00 3,276.00 2,205.00 <u>44.00</u> 5,791.00
2.0	Transportation:	
	4x4 rental - 8 days @ \$111.80/day (incl. gas)	888.66
3.0	Food and Accomodation:	
	6 man days @ \$55.60/man day	889.57
4.0	Assay Costs:	
	314 soils - 5 element ICP & A.A. gold @ \$9.58 26 rocks - 5 element ICP & A.A. gold @ \$9.58 11 silts - 5 element ICP & A.A. gold @ \$9.58	3,008.12 249.08 <u>105.38</u> 3,362.58
5.0	Supplies:	
	(flagging, thread, soil bags)	549.65
6.0	Office Costs:	
	Typing, Telephone, Photocopying Report - 4 days @ \$260/day Drafting	44.48 1,040.00 14.75
Dist	sursement Fee	
		<u>\$14,346.32</u>

CERTIFICATE OF QUALIFICATIONS

- I, Rod W. Husband, do hereby certify that:
- 1. I am a geologist for Daiwan Engineering Ltd. with offices at 1030 609 Granville Street, Vancouver, British Columbia.
- 2. I am a graduate at the University of British Columbia with a degree of B.Sc., Geology.
- 3. I have practised my profession since completion of my degree in December 1986.
- 4. This report is based on work done on the property from July 27, 1989 to August 2, 1989 and information obtained from previous reports by professional engineers and others who have examined the property.
- 5. I have no interest in the property or shares of Caribbean Resources Corp., Universal Trident Industries Ltd., Acheron Resources Ltd. or in any of the companies contiguous to the Kettle #1 and #2 Claims, nor do I expect to receive any.

Rod W. Husband, B.Sc. August 24, 1989

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Jones, A.G. (1959)	Vernon Map-Area, British Columbia, Geol. Surv. Can. Mem. 296.				
Okulitch, A.V. (1979)	Geology and Mineral Deposits at the Thompson-Shuswap-Okanagan Region, Parts of 82 and 92, Geol. Surv. Can. O.F. 637.				
B.C. Minister of Mines	Annual Reports and Geology, Exploration and Mining in British Columbia, various years 1896 to present.				
Jones, H.M. (1987)	Report on the Pita Claims, Heckman-Monashee Pass Creeks Vernon Area for Approach Resources Ltd.				

12

APPENDIX 1

Sample Descriptions

1

- -- --

- --

_

.

		As	says
Sample	Description	Au <u>(ppb)</u>	Ag <u>(ppm)</u>
38251	QZ float in Marsh Creek. No obvious sulphides (N.O.S.)	10	.1
38252	QZ float in Marsh Creek. 30 cm diameter. N.O.S. Limonite	3	.2
38253	QZ Boulder in Marsh Creek. N.O.S Limonite	14	.1
38254	Grab of QZ from Dump of adit #1 on L306 Dissem $PY < 3\%$ minor malachite stain.	20,450	79.0
38255	Grab from dump of adit on mining leas. Very highly silicified and site dissem PY $< 3\%$ few QZ stringers	38	.1
38256	QZ boulder in Marsh Creek. Dissem PY < 7-8%	106	.6
38257	V. siliceous argillite - cherty dissem PY $< 5\%$ highly fractured 20 cm	1	1
38258	V. siliceous andesite. Fine sulphides (Pyrite) disseminated < 3% moderate fracturing 25 cm.	10	.1
38259	Boulder on road. As above sample	1	.1
38260	Silica replacement in adesite. Minor PY and MAL staining 40 cm.	10	.1
38261	V. highly siliceous andesite dissem PY to 5% 35cm	6	.1
38262	QZ vein in silicious and relict PY 30 cm width	3	.1
38263	V. siliceous and surrounded by aiurite PY to 5% dissem.	7	.3
38264	QZ float in creek. Minor limonite no PY	1	.1
38625	V. highly siliceous and highly rusted dissem PY 5% float	6	.1
38266	QZ float rusted and heavy no obvious sulphides	2	.1
38267	V. siliceous andesite near diorite contact dissem PY 3% mod fractures - 35 cm.	1	.3

		Ass	says
Sample #	Description	Au <u>(ppb)</u>	Ag (ppm)
38268	V. siliceous andesite dissem PY to 5% low fractures 30 cm.	1	.3
38269	Black aphinitic v. siliceous argillite mod fractures minor v. fine pyrite 20 cm.	2	.1
38270	V. siliceous argillite - minor dissem PY < 3% 35 cm.	5	.6
38271	QZ float. No obvious sulphides	680	4.2
38272	QZ rubble in LST. No obvious sulphides	410	8.9
38273	QZ float abundant PY to 7 - 8%	3250	.9
38274	QZ float. No obvious sulphides	9	.1
38275	Large 30 cm+ QZ boulder with abundant dissem PY 5 - 6%	1260	2.5
38276	V. siliceous argillite. Minor 3% dissem PY	5	.2
500E 295	N QZ float within metavolcanic. No obvious sulphides	6	.1
KETSM-1	Stream Sediment panned down to fine sand size	370	.1
KETSM-2	2 Stream Sediment panned down to fine sand size	24	.1
KETSM-3	3 Stream Sediment panned down to fine sand size	1	.4
KETSM-4	Stream Sediment panned down to fine sand size	156	.1
KETSM-5	5 Stream Sediment panned down to fine sand size	2	.3
KETSM-6	5 Stream Sediment panned down to fine sand size	6	.3
KETSM-7	Stream Sediment panned down to fine sand size	5	.2
KETSM-8	Stream Sediment panned down to fine sand size	5	.3
KETSM-9	Stream Sediment panned down to fine sand size	570	.2
KETSM-1	0 Stream Sediment panned down to fine sand size	3	.2
KETSM-1	1 Stream Sediment panned down to fine sand size	12	.1

APPENDIX 2

Assay Certificates

GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS CERTIFICATE

ICP - .50C GRAM SAMPLE IS DIGESTED WITH 3NL 3-1-2 HCL-HN03-H20 AT 95 DEG. C FOR ONE HOUR AND IS DILUTED TO 10 ML WITH WATER. THIS LEACH IS PARTIAL FOR NN FE SR CA P LA CR NG BA TI B W AND LINITED FOR NA K AND AL. AU DETECTION LINIT BY ICP IS 3 PPN. - SAMPLE TYPE: P1 ROCK P2 SILT P3-P4 SOLL _____AU* ANALYSIS BY ACID LEACH/AA FROM 10 GN SAMPLE.

SIGNED BY..... D.TOYE, C.LEONG, J.WANG; CERTIFIED B.C. ASSAYERS DAIWAN ENGINEERING LTD. PROJECT KETTLE FILE # 89-2622 Page 1

SA	MPLE#	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	As	AU*
		PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPB
-	20051	26	<u>^</u>	25	1	F	10
D	38251	30	2	25	• 1	C	10
D	38252	12	4	8	. 2	8	3
D	38253	6	2	11	.1	5	14
D	38254	209	4537	1015	79.0√	2	20450
D	38255	36	3	33	. 1	4	38
D	38256	48	36	1090	.6	7	106
D	38257	28	8	18	.1	2	1
D	38258	107	2	34	. 1	2	10
D	38259	17	2	14	. 1	82	1
D	38260	12	2	29	.1	133	10
ST	D C/AU-R	61	38	133	6.6	41	490

• ASSAY REQUIRED FOR CORRECT RESULT -

•

SAMPLE#	Cu PPM	Pb PPM	Zn PPM	Ag PPM	As PPM	Au* PPB
KETSM-1	12	10	48	.1	2	370
KETSM-2	21	9	52	.1	8	24
KETSM-3	41	15	71	. 4	13	1
KETSM-4	52	16	85	.1	13	156
KETSM-5	55	14	79	.3	13	2
KETSM-6	54	9	80	.3	14	6
KETSM-7	50	13	76	. 2	18	5
KETSM-8	54	14	84	.3	17	5
KETSM-9	48	8	73	. 2	19	570
KETSM-10	50	12	77	. 2	21	3
WINSM-3	75	45	264	.3	15	7
WINSM-4	26	21	358	.1	11	6
WINSM-5	29	19	298	. 2	14	4
STD C/AU-S	59	41	132	6.6	41	47

-

S	AMPLI	E#	Cu PPM	Pb PPM	Zn PPM	Ag PPM	As PPM	Au* PPB
E E E E E	L00 L00 L00 L00 L00	400N 375N 350N 325N 300N	74 33 44 78 66	17 21 13 12 13	132 117 116 143 133	.6 .3 .5 .7 .4	11 11 12 13 6	1 6 1 16 5
E E E E	L00 L00 L00 L00 L00	275N 250N 225N 200N 175N	53 162 49 61 32	14 8 10 8 12	114 161 155 124 136	.4 .5 .4 .6	7 5 7 7 11	1 5 1 4 2
E E E E E	L00 L00 L00 L00 L00	150N 125N 100N 75N 50N	40 97 45 235 31	10 8 4 6 12	139 178 140 175 129	.5 .5 .6 1.0 .5	2 6 9 9 45	6 2 5 1 1
E E E E E	L00 L00 L00 L00 L00	25N 00N 25S 50S 75S	27 53 60 73 59	9 9 18 13 8	85 114 117 118 110	.6 .4 .5 .6 .5	16 14 26 33 52	2 3 7 4 2
E E E E	L00 L00 L00 L00 L00	100S 125S 150S 175S 200S	84 42 29 59 39	68 11 9 15 12	136 132 130 121 82	.9 .7 .5 1.1 .6	19 10 9 15 8	7 6 2 1 3
E E E E	L00 L00 L00 L00 L00	225S 250S 275S 300S 325S	110 51 40 125 38	11 18 7 33 10	121 133 105 148 89	1.1 .5 .6 1.9 .3	15 9 16 22 7	3 1 6 4 3
E E E E	L00 L00 L00 L100 L100	350S 375S 400S DE 400N DE 375N	22 30 29 39 48	11 13 14 15 16	76 106 119 113 162	.7 .4 .4 .4 .4	7 8 8 7 16	1 2 4 1 2
E S'	L100 TD C,)E 350N /AU-S	35 62	14 42	138 132	.4 6.7	16 38	1 4 9

. e

S.	AMPLE#		Cu PPM	Pb PPM	Zn PPM	Ag PPM	As PPM	AU* PPB
E E E E E	L100E L100E L100E L100E L100E	325N 300N 275N 250N 225N	49 103 45 76 105	18 16 13 12 18	121 131 123 139 211	.1 .1 .1 .1	8 6 19 10 2	3 2 1 3 1
EEEE	L100E	200N	62	10	174	.1	3	2
	L100E	175N	65	15	141	.1	7	1
	L100E	150N	91	14	150	.2	11	1
	L100E	125N	39	14	110	.3	14	2
	L100E	100N	33	10	122	.2	11	2
E	L100E	75N	248	15	149	1.0	16	4
E	L100E	50N	30	9	93	.2	10	1
E	L100E	25N	31	13	136	.3	10	1
E	L100E	00	39	10	99	.1	15	8
E	L100E	25S	37	18	96	.1	28	3
E E E E E	L100E L100E L100E L100E L100E	50S 75S 100S 125S 150S	51 19 55 40 51	8 10 14 10 12	108 92 118 120 125	.2 .3 .2 .6 .3	20 5 12 16 9	1 2 5 27
E	L100E	1755	52	12	117	.5	14	1
E	L100E	2005	46	12	95	.7	15	4
E	L100E	2255	120	24	167	1.0	25	3
E	L100E	2505	28	7	108	.3	10	1
E	L100E	2755	18	10	80	.4	5	3
EEEEE	L100E	300S	38	6	96	.2	10	3
	L100E	325S	34	9	133	.1	7	2
	L100E	350S	38	11	113	.4	15	3
	L100E	375S	44	10	158	.2	5	1
	L100E	400S	35	10	161	.3	10	5
S'	TD C/AU	J-S	61	38	132	6.5	42	49

ACME ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD. DATE RECEIVED: AUG 3 1989 852 E. HASTINGS ST. VANCOUVER B.C. V6A 1R6 PHONE(604)253-3158 FAX(604)253-1716 DATE REPORT MAILED: Arg. g./f.

.

GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS CERTIFICATE

ICP - .5CO GRAM SAMPLE IS DIGESTED WITH 3NL 3-1-2 HCL-HNO3-H2O AT 95 DEG. C FOR ONE HOUR AND IS DILUTED TO 10 ML WITH WATER. THIS LEACH IS PARTIAL FOR NN FE SR CA P LA CR NG BA TI B W AND LIMITED FOR NA K AND AL. AU DETECTION LIMIT BY ICP IS 3 PPM. - SAMPLE TYPE: P1-P4 SOIL P5 ROCK AU* ANALYSIS BY ACID LEACH/AA FROM 10 GM SAMPLE.

DAIWAN ENGINEERING LTD. PROJECT KETTLE FILE # 89-2652 Page 1

S	AMPLE#		Cu PPM	Pb PPM	Zn PPM	Ag PPM	As PPM	Au* PPB
E E E E E	L200E L200E L200E L200E L200E L200E	400N 375N 350N 325N 300N	94 68 57 90 63	13 12 7 2 6	112 120 108 120 250	.3 .4 .1 .3 .6	2 17 2 3 14	1 4 1 2 1
E E E E E	L200E L200E L200E L200E L200E L200E	275N 250N 225N 200N 175N	73 161 29 30 30	10 10 6 11 12	171 146 124 102 105	.4 1.4 .3 .5 .4	6 5 2 3 2	2 1 2 1 2
E E E E	L200E L200E L200E L200E L200E L200E	150N 125N 100N 75N 50N	32 31 19 27 31	6 6 12 7 7	112 103 69 85 116	.5 .5 .4 .6 .7	2 2 4 2	1 2 1 1 3
E E E E	L200E L200E L200E L200E L200E L200E	25N 00 25S 50S 75S	58 47 18 42 46	10 8 11 5 7	118 95 83 108 131	.3 .4 .3 .6 .6	4 2 10 2	47 10 5 5 3
E E E E E	L200E L200E L200E L200E L200E L200E	100S 125S 150S 175S 200S	61 84 26 36 22	10 9 12 11 10	114 144 106 100 100	.7 .7 .5 .8 .8	24 13 5 2 5	2 4 3 1 1
E E E E	L200E L200E L200E L200E L200E L200E	225S 250S 275S 300S 325S	23 35 30 39 29	9 10 6 8 10	112 112 133 138 151	.5 .4 .5 .5 .3	2 9 8 11 5	1 2 1 1
E E E E E	L200E L200E L200E L300E L300E	350S 375S 400S 400N 375N	74 81 56 29 22	2 5 5 2 14	225 150 143 123 99	.6 .4 .5 .5	5 10 14 5 2	1 1 2 2 1
E S1	L300E TD C/AU	350N J-S	76 63	7 40	155 132	.6 6.7	4 41	2 51

.

•

S	AMPLE#		Cu PPM	Pb PPM	Zn PPM	Ag PPM	As PPM	AU* PPB
E E E E E	L300E L300E L300E L300E L300E	325N 300N 275N 250N 225N	26 1 44 94 70 21	19 13 12 16 11	144 216 116 122 96	.6 1.2 .6 .5 .7	11 14 13 12 9	4 7 2 32 4
EEEE	L300E L300E L300E L300E L300E	200N 175N 150N 125N 100N	28 28 32 45 46	9 12 8 6 12	128 149 145 111 151	.4 .5 .5 .4	7 9 8 74 19	23 1 44 4 4
E E E E E	L300E L300E L300E L300E L300E	75N 50N 25N 00 25S	27 23 18 21 43	14 11 16 15 9	116 12 4 119 122 104	.3 .8 .5 .6 .5	12 6 9 10 13	2 6 2 3 5
E E E E	L300E L300E L300E L300E L300E	50S 75S 100S 125S 150S	70 28 29 25 43	12 18 8 16 9	156 135 121 127 13 4	.6 .5 .7 .9 .5	15 19 7 15 13	2 3 10 1 8
E E E E E	L300E L300E L300E L300E L300E	1755 2005 2255 2505 2755	34 43 71 56 84	15 12 15 8 15	140 151 168 120 146	.4 .4 .5 .5	17 40 21 16 22	2 2 7 4 5
E E E E	L300E L300E L300E L300E L300E	300S 325S 350S 375S 400S	57 43 35 30 29	11 8 13 14 17	111 121 118 134 138	.5 .4 .5 .6	40 63 34 18 18	2 2 5 3 6
E E E E E	L400E L400E L400E L400E L400E	400N 375N 350N 325N 300N	26 64 57 21 21	15 15 3 16 16	12 4 157 103 100 121	.5 .5 .4 .5 .8	10 24 11 11 14	15 21 8 6 2
e Si	L400E TD C/AU	275N J-S	39 60	8 37	176 132	.5 6.5	11 43	1 51

•

S	AMPLE#		Cu PPM	Pb PPM	Zn PPM	Ag PPM	As PPM	AU* PPB
E E E E E	L400E L400E L400E L400E L400E	250N 225N 200N 175N 150N	65 98 97 43 55	11 7 11 9 11	123 134 152 146 226	.6 .2 .6 .3 .4	3 8 13 16 51	7 2 3 20 2
EEEE	L400E L400E L400E L400E L400E	125N 100N 75N 50N 25N	57 44 31 51 30	7 9 8 9 7	206 149 135 115 113	.7 .4 .4 .3 .6	31 20 11 6 8	2 3 5 3
E E E E E	L400E L400E L400E L400E L400E L400E	00 25S 50S 75S 100S	51 47 56 45 38	11 6 11 9 10	101 118 109 110 144	.2 .8 .5 .3 .5	12 15 11 12 13	1 1 5 1
E E E E	L400E L400E L400E L400E L400E	125S 150S 175S 200S 225S	3 4 35 31 53 50	8 9 3 9	155 190 151 157 195	.5 .6 .5 .4 .4	10 5 8 7 9	1 1 2 1
E E E E E	L400E L400E L400E L400E L400E	250S 275S 300S 325S 350S	58 33 39 48 52	12 11 9 3 10	161 146 123 116 161	.3 .4 .3 .3 .2	15 12 9 12 14	1 3 1 1 1
E E E E	L400E L400E L500E L500E L500E	375S 400S 350N 325N 300N	26 34 45 41 82	9 9 11 4 3	166 152 82 99 88	.4 .5 .3 .4 .1	16 15 7 13 16	1 1 2 3
EEEE	L500E L500E L500E L500E L500E	275N 250N 225N 200N 175N	33 52 43 72 64	8 9 8 6 4	123 88 82 133 120	.3 .2 .2 .4 .3	13 7 8 13 11	1 4 3 10 1
E S'I	L500E FD C/AU	150N J-S	29 61	7 40	111 132	.6 7.2	3 40	3 49

• •

S	AMPLE#		Cu PPM	Pb PP M	Zn PPM	Ag PPM	As PPM	Au* PPB
E E	L500E L500E	125N 100N	28 29	14 13	125 133	.3 .6	11 12	6 5
Ε	L500E	75N	60	13	109	. 5	11	3
Е	L500E	50N	32	9	114	.3	8	4
Е	L500E	25N	13	15	86	. 4	10	4
Е	L500E	00	57	10	107	. 5	8	16
Ε	L500E	25S	73	9	111	.6	7	9
Е	L500E	50S	48	17	90	. 4	10	4
Ε	L500E	75S	33	17	104	.6	10	4
Е	L500E	100S	36	1 4	154	. 7	9	4
Е	L500E	125S	29	12	124	. 5	9	6
Е	L500E	150S	32	16	184	. 9	7	4
Е	L500E	175S	41	16	136	. 4	12	6
Е	L500E	200S	47	17	149	.4	10	9
E	L500E	225S	31	16	142	. 4	5	2
Е	L500E	250S	52	15	127	. 5	8	2
Е	L500E	275S	79	25	103	1.1	14	8
Е	L500E	300S	30	18	122	. 5	8	8
Ε	L500E	325S	30	15	97	.5	7	9
E	L500E	350S	29	15	161	.3	11	4
Ε	L500E	375S	49	23	167	. 6	12	8
Е	L500E	400S	46	23	122	1.1	14	3
S	TD C/AU	J-S	61	39	132	6.6	38	47

. . .

SAMPLE#	Cu PPM	Pb PPM	Zn PPM	Ag PPM	As PPM	Au* PPB
D 38261	106	7	18	.1	2	6
D 38262	8	5	5	.1	5	3
D 38263	65	2	59	.3	2	7
D 38264	5	2	1	.1	2	1
D 38265	150	7	45	.1	5	6
D 38266	29	5	3	. 1	2	2
E 500E 295N	5	2	1	.1	5	6
STD C/AU-R	59	42	130	6.6	45	520

ACME ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD. DATE RECEIVED: AUG 3 1989 852 E. HASTINGS ST. VANCOUVER B.C. V6A 1R6 PHONE(604)253-3158 FAX(604)253-1716 DATE REPORT MAILED:

1

GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS CERTIFICATE

ICP - .500 GRAN SAMPLE IS DIGESTED WITH 3NL 3-1-2 HCL-HNO3-H2O AT 95 DEG. C FOR ONE HOUR AND IS DILUTED TO 10 NL WITH WATER. THIS LEACH IS PARTIAL FOR MN FE SR CA P LA CR MG BA TI B W AND LIMITED FOR NA K AND AL. AU DETECTION LIMIT BY ICP IS 3 PPM. - SAMPLE TYPE: P1-P4 SOIL P5 SILT P6 ROCK ______AU* AWALYSIS BY ACID LEACH/AA FROM 10 GM SAMPLE.

DAIWAN ENGINEERING LTD. PROJECT KETTLE FILE # 89-2690 Page 1

SAME	PLE#		Cu PPM	PD PPM	Zn PPM	Ag PPM	AS PPM	Au* PPB
W L5	500W	250N	13	21	168	.1	8	1
W L5	00W	225N	14	24	128	.1	7	4
W L5	500W	200N	16	21	94	.1	4	1
W L5	00W	175N	28	22	153	.1	5	3
W L5	500 W	150N	56	16	89	.1	4	7
W L5	W 00	125N	91	14	129	.1	5	3
W L5	500W	100N	58	17	191	. 2	7	8
W L5	W 00	075N	46	25	217	. 2	6	2
W L5	500W	050N	57	10	173	.1	2	2
W L5	00W	025N	84	17	135	.1	2	2
W L5	500W	000	119	12	142	.1	2	1
W L5	00W	025S	53	18	117	.1	3	1
W L5	500W	0505	119	14	125	.1	2	2
W L5	WOO	0755	88	15	129	.1	2	1
W L5	500W	1005	45	17	141	.1	2	1
W L5	00W	125S	44	12	137	.1	2	4
W L5	500W	150S	47	12	137	.1	3	5
W L5	00W	175S	38	15	100	. 2	6	2
W L5	800W	200S	27	15	272	.3	6	6
₩ L5	W 00	225S	88	13	115	. 2	3	2
W L5	500W	250S	76	14	110	.1	5	1
WL4	00W	175N	23	15	113	. 1	29	4
W L4	WOO	150N	34	19	353	.1	12	1
W L4	W00	125N	37	20	187	.2	10	1
W L4	00W	100N	42	15	150	.1	7	1
W L4	00W	075N	51	11	147	. 1	2	11
W L4	NOO	050N	31	16	169	. 2	3	4
W L4	W00	025N	50	16	181	.1	4	1
W L4	100W	000	65	13	149	. 1	2	1
W L4	W 00	0255	79	13	144	.1	5	2
W L4	100W	050S	35	12	156	.1	4	3
W L4	00W	075S	103	9	145	.1	4	1
W L4	100W	100S	105	17	140	.1	2	3
W L4	W00	125S	44	19	134	.1	2	2
W L4	100W	150S	42	16	125	.1	9	1
W L4	W 00	175S	28	12	131	. 2	5	2
STD	C/AU	J-S	59	45	134	6.6	41	47

• •

,

S	AMPLE#		Cu PPM	PD PPM	Zn PPM	Ag PPM	As PPM	Au* PPB
W	L400W L400W L400W L300W L300W	2005 2255 2505 250N 225N	80 112 66 69 24	11 19 14 9 15	123 127 103 131 183	.1 .2 .1 .1	2 3 9 15	1 4 1 7 3
W W W W	L300W L300W L300W L300W L300W	200N 175N 150N 125N 100N	16 17 74 21 40	9 7 14 15 13	184 94 149 109 159	.1 .1 .1 .1	9 3 10 10 8	5 4 3 34 10
W W W W W	L300W L300W L300W L300W L300W	075N 050N 025N 000 025S	35 15 35 28 62	16 13 12 19 11	164 104 133 214 196	.2 .2 .1 .1 .2	11 12 6 8 6	54 1 4 2 2
W W W W W W	L300W L300W L300W L300W L300W	050S 075S 100S 125S 150S	78 53 55 34 52	11 13 16 12 10	139 126 126 101 115	.2 .1 .1 .3 .1	6 4 7 6 2	1 4 2 4 5
W W W W W	L300W L300W L300W L300W L300W	1755 2005 2255 2505 250N	54 53 73 34 142	14 11 16 13 115	96 131 146 196 255	.2 .1 .2 .1 .7	4 8 6 27	1 9 5 1 270
W W W W W	L200W L200W L200W L200W L200W	225N 200N 175N 150N 125N	47 44 37 24 43	18 15 12 21 1 4	142 238 169 210 132	.2 .1 .1 .1 .1	4 11 13 23 13	12 1 8 4 1
W W W W W	L200W L200W L200W L200W L200W	100N 075N 050N 025N 025S	38 54 34 37 51	10 7 12 12 11	115 107 162 153 151	.1 .1 .1 .1	10 11 9 5 2	10 8 3 6 380
W W SJ	L200W L200W TD C/AU	050S 075S J-S	121 68 60	12 6 42	147 130 133	.2 .1 6.6	2 8 43	6 22 53

.

S	AMPLE#		Cu PPM	Pb PPM	Zn PPM	Ag PPM	As PPM	Au* PPB
W W W W W	L200W L200W L200W L200W L200W	100S 125S 150S 175S 200S	63 74 77 59 83	11 10 15 10 9	118 133 139 111 188	.1 .2 .3 .2 .3	6 12 15 11 15	4 1 13 1 1
W W W W W	L200W L200W L100W L100W L100W	2258 2508 250N 225N 200N	91 100 19 23 21	10 11 12 20 15	245 204 62 115 179	.1 .4 .1 .1 .1	8 2 2 7	1 2 1 1 4
W	L100W L100W L100W L100W L100W	175N 150N 125N 100N 075N	26 43 27 36 85	12 14 19 11 14	142 219 162 121 110	.1 .1 .2 .1 .1	2 2 2 2 10	178 4 3 2
W W W W W	L100W L100W L100W L100W L100W	050N 025N 000 025S 050S	15 24 28 22 76	16 32 20 16 10	143 170 125 133 106	.3 .4 .1 .2 .3	7 4 8 5 5	2 25 7 2 2
W W W W W	L100W L100W L100W L100W L100W	0755 1005 1255 1505 1755	16 31 22 19 37	17 17 17 11 14	187 146 135 164 95	.2 .1 .3 .3 .1	6 7 2 8 5	1 15 3 5 12
W W W W W	L100W L100W L000W L000W	200S 225S 250S 000 025S	26 17 16 29 40	20 17 18 15 21	126 106 124 161 216	.1 .2 .6 .4	9 8 5 20 15	1 7 1 99 68
W W W W W W	L000W L000W L000W L000W	075S 100S 125S 150S 175S	29 26 48 33 36	18 6 11 13 15	117 98 106 126 160	.4 .1 .6 .4 .2	5 2 6 11	1 1 1 1
W Sj	LOOOW TD C/AU	200S J-S	50 60	11 45	143 133	.4 6.7	2 4 4	2 48

•

.

SAMPLE#			Cu PPM	Pb PPM	Zn PPM	Ag PPM	As PPM	Au* PPB
W	LOOOW	2255	29	18	105	.5	11	2
W	LOOOW	250S	45	22	128	. 8	13	1
Е	L200E	00	78	14	151	.1	7	1
SI	TD C/AL	J-S	58	43	132	7.2	44	49

DAIWAN ENGINEERIN	IG LTD.	PROJECT	KETTI	LE FII	JE # 89	9-2690	Page	5
SAMPLE#	Cu PPM	Pb PPM	Zn PPM	Ag PPM	As PPM	AU* PPB		
KETSM-11	38	6	64	.1	7	12		

•

. . .

SAMPLE#	Cu PPM	PD PPM	Zn PPM	Ag PPM	As PPM	AU* PPB
D 38267	112	34	59	.3	2	1
D 38268	114	17	19	.3	2	1
D 38269	66	8	66	.1	3	2
D 38270	90	9	320	.6	2	5
D 38271	7	8	4	4.2	2	680
D 38272	449	2465	1682	8.9	2	4 10
D 38273	271	19	14	.9	4	3250
D 38274	12	27	19	.1	4	9
D 38275	69	7	11	2.5	3	1260
D 38276	32	7	29	.2	3	5
STD C/AU-R	58	39	131	6.5	41	490