GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

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ENGINEER CLAIMS

REPORT ON PRELIMINARY GEOLOGICAL MAPPING

AND GEOCHEMICAL SAMPLING

ENGINEER 1, 2, 3, & 4 CLAIMS

LILLOOET MINING DIVISION

NTS MAP SHEET 92J11 E

MINISTRY OF ENERGY, MINES AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES	500351
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50°35'30"N 123°01'15"W

AUTHOR: R. Jordan P.Eng.

OPERATOR: R. Jordan and Associates Limited

OWNERS: R. Jordan and Associates Ltd. 50%, P. Jordan 50%

October 25, 1989

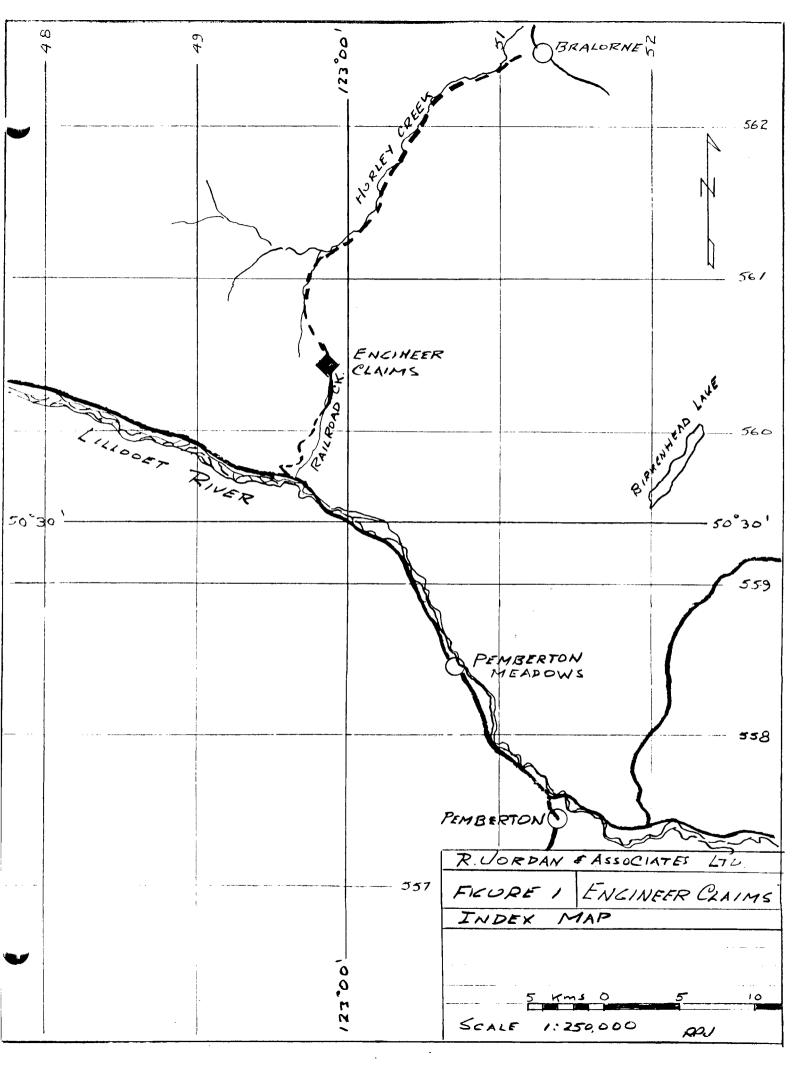
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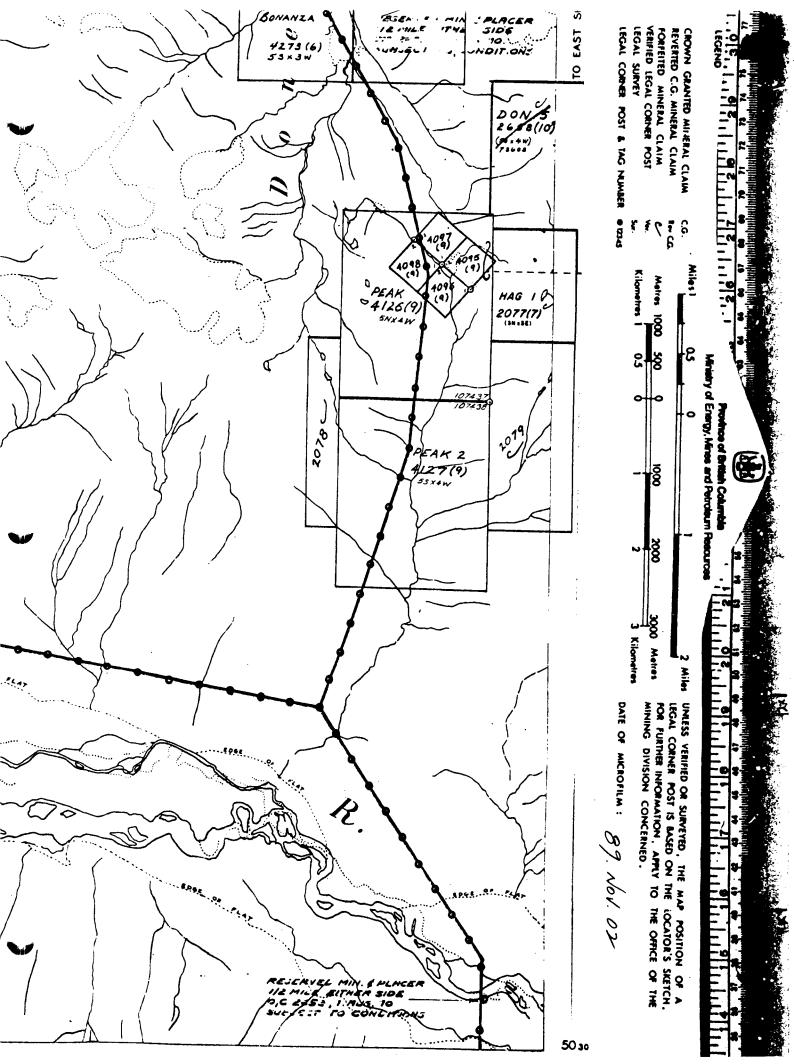
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1.0 SUMMARY

The Engineer claims (four 2 post units) were staked in September 1988 immediately south of Railroad Pass, in the Lillooet Mining Division, adjacent to the Hurley River forestry road, about 35 kilometres northwest of the town of Pemberton.

Pyrite mineralization occurs in silicified and hornfelsed Triassic Cadwallader group volcanics and in post-Cretaceous quartz feldspar porphyry dikes which outcrop in road cuts and in a northwesterly trending gorge at the upper end of Railroad Creek. The claims were staked to cover these mineralized zones.

Soil sampling in the drift covered area between the gorge and the Hurley River road was undertaken to see if there were any indications of better mineralization than those seen in outcrop. Anomalous copper assays were found in samples immediately north of the bottom end of the gorge and in a rock chip sample taken about 275 metres to the northeast. No significant gold assays were encountered.

2.0 INTRODUCTION

This report covers assessment work done on the Engineer claims during the period August 24 to 26 by R. Jordan and P. Jordan from a tent camp located just north of Railroad Pass.

2.1 Location, Access and Physiography

The Engineer claims are located on the south side of Railroad Pass adjacent to the Hurley River forestry road and straddle the upper gorge and outwash fan of the top end of Railroad Creek.

Access to the claims is via the summer use gravelled Hurley River forestry road which connects Pemberton and Goldbridge. A small clearing located on a north flowing tributary of Donnelly Creek just north of the pass was used as a campsite during the exploration work. Access to the campsite is by a rough 4 wheel drive trail.

Topography on the claims ranges from flat and swampy in the wet meadows below the Railroad Creek gorge to steep rugged and occassionally inaccessible on the Engineer 3 and 4 claims to the west. Elevations range from 1340 metres on the lower part of the creek on the Engineer 2 claim to 1650 metres in the west corner of the Engineer 4 claim. The claims are covered for the most part by a dense growth of sub-alpine spruce and fir trees, rhododendron, alder and huckleberry shrubs and interspersed with numerous windfalls.

2.2 Property Description and Previous History

The Engineer 1 to 4 claims are located in the Lillooet Mining Division in map area 92J11E. P. Jordan and R. Jordan and Associates are co-owners of the claims which are operated by R. Jordan and Associates Ltd. Recording data is listed below:

Claim Name	Units	Rec. No.	Date Staked	Date Recorded
Engineer 1	1	4095(9)	Sept. 06/88	Sept. 08/88
Engineer 2	1	4096(9)	Sept. 06/88	Sept. 08/88
Engineer 3	1	4097(9)	Sept. 06/88	Sept. 08/88
Engineer 4	1	4098(9)	Sept. 06/88	Sept. 08/88

These claims were staked on lands previously held by portions of the Don 1 (Noranda) and Hag 1 (Canadian Nickel) claims which have since been forfeited. Geological Branch Assessment Reports 11474 and 11494 deal with assessment work done on the Don and Hag claims. Assessment Report 11494 includes geological and geochemical work done east of the Hurley River road on the lands now occupied by the Engineer 1 claim and, although some effort was made to locate the posts and flagging for the west boundary of the Hag 1 claim, no posts were found. However, a few flags were found along the N/S line near the LCP for the Hag claims and it seems likely that the post may have been swept away by rock debris from the steep road cut above the most likely location (about 550 metres south and 50 metres west of the LCP for the Engineer 1 & 2 claims).

Other than signs of sampling along the Hurley River road and in the lower part of the Railroad Creek gorge and a small bulldozer cut at the south end of an ancient jeep road at station 3 on line E-1, there is no evidence of previous work on the Engineer claims.

2.3 1989 Exploration

This program was carried out in two and a half days in the period between August 24 and 26, 1989. Bedrock geology of the rocks exposed along the Hurley River road on and adjacent to the Engineer 1, 2 and 3 claims was mapped. Fifteen soil samples and one rock chip sample were taken at 50 metre intervals along lines E-1 and E-2. Two stream sediment samples were taken from the outwash fan below the gorge of Railroad Creek.

3.0 GEOLOGY

3.1 Regional Geology

The Engineer claims are located along the southern edge of an extensive northwesterly striking assemblage of Triassic Cadwallader Group volcanics which are bounded immediately to the south of the claims by a narrow belt of quartz diorite intrusives related to the Coast Range batholith (ref: GSC Open File 482).

3.2 Claim Geology

On the claims Cadwallader Group volcanics have been extensively intruded, altered and in part, pyritized by numerous quartz-feldspar dikes. The volcanics mapped along the Hurley River road include relatively unaltered, massive, blocky, fine to medium grained grey to greenish andesites; dark grey medium grained hornfelsed andesites usually fractured and infilled with numerous fine light brownish quartz stringers; a medium to dark grey fine grained andesite with prominent fairly numerous 1 to 2 mm feldspar phenocrysts; and a very fine grained, light grey green siliceous rock which is assumed to be intensely silicified andesite but in fact could be a phase of the quartz-feldspar dikes. Pyritization of these rocks is variable but the heaviest mineralization occurs in a reasonably well defined area where quartz-feldspar dikes are most numerous.

The quartz-feldspar dikes are light grey green in color with a fine grained dense siliceous matrix and containing numerous medium to coarse (2 to 5 mm) phenocrysts of bluish quartz and sub-rounded greyish feldspars. Contacts with the volcanics are not usually obvious but seem to strike roughly northwest and parallel to the obvious dike exposure in the Railroad Creek gorge.

Mineralization occurs to some extent in all units and in hand specimens consists predominantly of pyrite although occasional small and questionable flecks of chalcopyrite and sphalerite were tentatively identified. In the silicified and hornfelsed volcanics mineralization occurs in the groundmass and along minor fractures and fine quartz stringers in amounts varying up to 5 to 10%. Pyrite mineralization is common and relatively abundant, up to 10%, in the dikes exposed in the Railroad Creek gorge and the bulldozer cut at station 3 on line E-1. South of the fault at the east corner of the Engineer 2 claim the dikes appear to carry only very slight pyrite mineralization.

4.0 GEOCHEMISTRY

4.1 Field Program

A total of fifteen soil samples were taken at 50 metre intervals along two lines E-1 and E-2 (ref. Fig. 2). All samples with the exception of E-1-9 were taken from a well defined 'B' layer and consisted of 500 gram samples contained in cloth/plastic sample bags. Sample E-1-9 was taken from a fine talus deposit at the base of a rusty quartz-feldspar outcrop in the south wall of the Railroad Creek gorge. One rock chip sample was taken across one metre of a quartz feldspar porphyry outcrop at station E1-3. Two stream sediment samples about ten metres apart, were taken from the debris fan at the lower end of the Railroad Creek gorge; primarily to confirm the anomalous copper/zinc values encountered at sample \$15330 in the National Geochemical Reconnaissance program (GSC Open File \$67).

4.2 Analytical Techniques

All samples were submitted to Chemex Labs Ltd. for analysis utilizing their trace level fire assay procedure for gold and their Trace 7 gold related determination for Ag, As, Cu, Mo, Pb, Sb & Zn. Chemex Trace 7 procedures are described in Table III.

4.3 Assay Results

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Assay results for copper, zinc, silver and Arsenic are plotted on figures 4, 5, 6 and 7. Assay results for gold, molybdenum, lead and antimony were not considered to be significant but are included in the listing of assay results in Table II. Relatively high copper assays were obtained from samples taken in and immediately north of the Railroad Creek gorge and from the rock chip sample taken at E-1-3, 250 metres northeast of the gorge along the boundary between the Engineer 1 and 3 claims.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Although scattered anomalous assays for copper and zinc were encountered in the projected mineralized zone seen on Map III, no significant gold values were encountered. Future work should be concentrated on systematic soil sampling of drift covered areas, completion of prospecting and mapping of remaining bedrock exposures, and a comprehensive and complete sampling program of the mineralized exposures along the Hurley River road.

6.0 REFERENCES

- 1. Regional Geochemical Survey, British Columbia, 1981 NTS 92J Pemberton BC RGS-9, 1981, GSC Open File 867.
- Woodsworth, G.J., 1977. Geology Pemberton (92J) Map Area. GSC Open File 482.
- 3. Don Claims Report #1, Report on Geology and Geochemistry for Assessment Purposes. Geological Branch Assessment Report 11,474.
- 4. Geological, Geochemical and Geophysical Report on the Hag 1-3 Claims. Geological Branch Assessment Report 11,496.

7.0 STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES

Transportation Vancouver to site and return 698 kms at .225 x 4/27*		\$	23.25
Equipment Rental			20.00
Supply Costs Meals: 4 man days at \$9.50 Camp Supplies	\$ 38.00 7.00		45.00
Survey Costs Drafting and Map Preparation Planning and Supervision Labour: 31 hours at \$13.25 Assay Costs	$ \begin{array}{r} $17.00 \\ 52.00 \\ 424.00 \\ 343.50 \\ \end{array} $		836.50
Report Preparation, Drafting and Typing			175.00
TOTAL		<u>\$1</u>	,099.50

* Pro-rated with assessment work done on Angel claims located on Meagre Creek Map Sheet 92J12E 35 kms ESE.

R. Jordan, P.Eng.

8.0 AUTHOR'S QUALIFICATIONS

I, Robert P. Jordan, resident at R.R.1, Priddis, Alberta, certify that:

I am the current holder of the Association of Professional Engineers of British Columbia Certificate of Registration No. 4707 (Professional Engineer, Geological).

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SAN	IPLE No.	LOCATION CO	PORDS (APPADX)	ELEV.	TYPE	DEPTH	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS	DATE
	E1-1	5604620 N	498870 E	1370±	5/B	- (500	Risty brun soil	Thin soil cover over blocky andesite tales	87/08/2:
	EI-Z	5604585 N	498 830 E	1375 I	5/13	-25 0	Dk. brun. silty organic soil	Rusty andesite detritus at boca	u
	E1-3	550 N	795 E	1380	\$/B	-20 -	Lt. brun gry soil	Andesite detritus at base	••
	E1-3a	545N	790 E	1375	RC	0	Qtz. fold porphyry	abundant py min, minor sph. E)	
	E1-36	555 N	790 E	1375	s/c	-10 c	Rurly, time detritus	Gossan	
	EI-A	520N	755 E	1320	s/B	-200	Rudy It. br. soil a fill		-
	E1-5	480N	700E	៸៵៵៹៝	5/13	-204		- rurly gr. grn. sil. condesite. Abundant py .	· · ·
	EIG	460N	675 E	1400	5/B	-20 -	Rish brun soil u. detrites	-rost glo.feld perph. Abundand Ry min.	
	F1-7	425N	635E	1415	5/13	-25-		- gte told. purph. Abundeal Ry min.	
	£1-8	395N	600E	1410	5/B	-15°	Dk. brun humie so, / m. detailes	11 11	
	E1-9	5604 380 N	498 575E	1402	s/c	0	Rusly gtr. feld. porph. fragment	- at here of misty cliff on south wall of	gage "
	E2-1	5604 495N	1)8 840E	1370	5/73	-254	Dk. brun. sandy soil		
	F1-2	535N	BIDE	1387	5/12	-20-	Risty dk. bran soil a detrites	-angular wordy gtz. feld. porph. Scent 197 -	
	E2-3	570 N	780E	1400-	S/B	-154	Stiscady debury hunic so, 1		
PC	1-2-4	CION	74-0 E	1420	5/13	-20	Risty brun. till un detrites	-granit pellles angele andesite frequent	
<u> </u>	£2-5	5604 650N	4987 <i>05</i> E	1440	5/13	-15'	Dh.brun. send soil - del. lui	- Jine gto that po-th. r-66 fr.	
	EST (5104 305A/	498650 E	1390±	55	0-20	1-20 mm. stream codiment for	esments from debris for bether gorge.	
	ESTZ	5604 295N	4986538	toeri	Sک	0-20	Seme		
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	TYPE	LECEND :	5- s	DI L	s/B	,B , TY	YER SK 'C'LAYER R	Rect CHIP TABLE T	Ì

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Chemex Labs Ltd.

Analytical Chemists • Geochemists • Registered Assayers 212 BROOKSBANK AVE., NORTH VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA, CANADA V7J-2C1

PHONE (604) 984-0221

To: JORDAN, R. & ASSOCIATES LTD.

R.R.1 PRIDDIS, AB TOL 1W0 Project : ENGINEER Comments: ATTN: ROBERT CRAIG CC: DOUG KUFELD * Page No. 1 Tot. Pages: 1 Date : 18-SEP-89 Invoice # : I-8924688 P.O. # : NONE

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CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS A8924688

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	PREP CODE	Au ppb FA I AA	Cu ppm	Mo ppm	Ръ ррт	Zn ppm	Ag ppm Aqua R	As ppm	Sь ppm	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	E1-2 E1-3 E1-3A	201 201 201	15 < 5 < 5 < 5 < 5	58 73 57 870 85	1	2 3 3 2 3	61 62 110	0.9 0.5 < 0.2 0.3 0.2	9 9 7 14 17	0 · 2 0 · 2 < 0 · 2 9 · 4 0 · 4	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	E1-5 E1-6 E1-7	201 201 201	<pre>< 5 < 5</pre>	63 138 88 60 400	223	7 8 7 6	34 34 56	0.3 0.2 < 0.2	9 11 12	< 0.2 0.4 0.4	
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	E2-4	201		50 37 66	2	11	92	0.3	1 2	< 0.2 0.2 < 0.2	ÛTĂ

Arsenic ppm - Chemex Code 13

A 1.0 gram sample is digested with HN03 - aqua regia acids for approximately 2 hours. The digested solution is diluted to volume and mixed. An aliquot of the digest is acidified and reduced with NaBH4 and arsenic content determined using flameless atomic absorption.

Detection limit: 1 ppm

Bismuth, Selenium, Antimony ppm:

A 2.0 gram sample is digested with concentrated HCl and The solution is then cooled. After the potassium chlorate. addition of Kl and the reduction of iron, the solution is TOPO-MIBK and analyzed via standard AA extracted with procedures, correcting for background absorption.

Detection limits:

Bi - 0.1 ppm Se - 0.2 ppm Sb - 0.2 ppm

Copper, Molybdenum, Lead, Zinc, Silver, Nickel, Cobalt, Cadmium, Manganese and Iron ppm:

A 1.0 gram sample is digested with nitric - aqua regia for approximately 2 hours. The digested sample is cooled and made up to 25 ml with distilled water. The solution is mixed and solids are allowed to settle. The metals are determined by atomic absorption techniques correcting for background absorption when necessary.

Detection	limits:	Cu, Ag- Cd- Mn-	Pb,	Zn,	Мо,	Ni,	Co	0.2 0.1	ppm
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