	RD.
ACTO/N	
BF 1 th MA.	

PROSPECTING REPORT

HW1, HW4, HW5 CLAIMS

CLINTON MINING DIVISION

NTS LOCATION 92N/10

LATITUDE 51° 33' LONGITUDE 124° 45'

OWNER/OPERATOR: LOUIS BERNIOLLES

AUTHOR OF REPORT: LOUIS BERNIOLLES

DATE SUBMITTED: NOVEMBER 23 1989

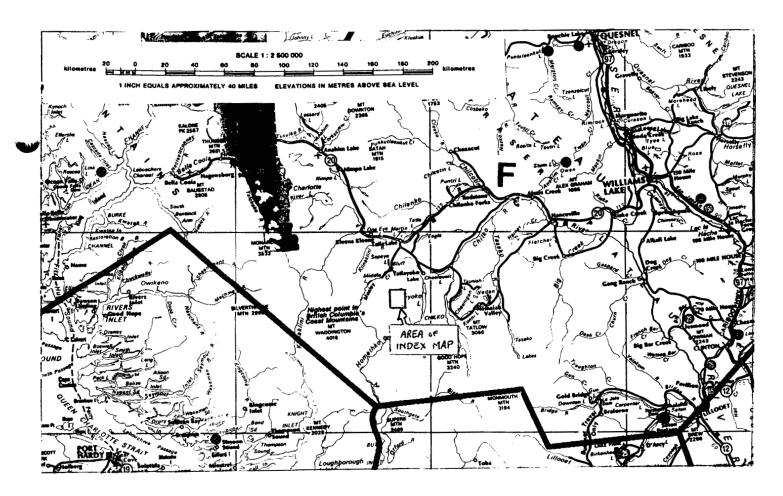
TABLE OF CONTENTS

F	age
INTRODUCTION	3
Location of property	3
Access to the claims	3
Index Map (MAP NO. 1)	4
Property definition	5
Summary of work done	5
DETAILED TECHNICAL DATA AND INTERPRETATION	6
Purpose of investigation	6
Description of observations made during investigation	6
Geochemical Lab Reports from Bondar-Clegg	11
Report V88-09325.0 samples -1 to -14, multielement Report V88-09325.6 Certificate of Analysis, samples -13, -14 Report V89-06030 samples -15 to -34, multielement	11 15 17
Interpretation and conclusions	21
ITEMIZED COST STATEMENT	23
AUTHOR'S QUALIFICATIONS	24
PLAN MAP (MAP NO. 2) SHOWING LOCATION OF SAMPLES (in pocket	t)

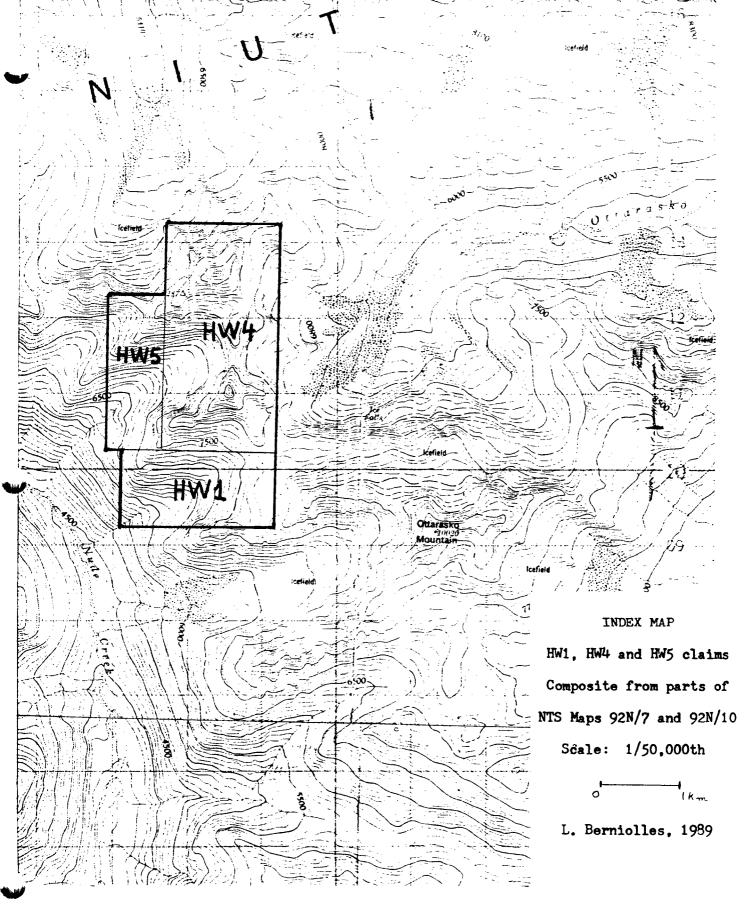
INTRODUCTION

Location of property. The HW1, HW4 and HW5 claims (group name HW) cover 850 hectares (34 units), and are located on the northwestern flank of Ottarasko Mountain, in the Niut Range of the Coast Mountains. The altitude on the claims varies between 5600 and 9900 feet, and the terrain which is extremely rugged, is partly overlain by several glaciers.

Access to the claims. The Niut Range is located in the West Chilcotin region; Tatla Lake, the local center for services, is situated 225 kms west of Williams Lake on Highway 20. In Tatla Lake meals and rooms can be had at the Graham Inn, and a helicopter charter service (Whitesaddle Air Services) operates locally. This is the most practical way to inspect the HW group which otherwise can only be accessed by four or five days of hard bushwacking via Tatlayoko Lake.



Section of B.C. Road Map showing location of Index Map area.



Property definition. The HW1 and HW4 claims (record numbers 2683 and 2686, Clinton Mining Division) were staked by the author on August 10 1988 under the Mineral Act then in force; the record and anniversary date is September 7 for both of these claims. The HW5 claim (record No. 3007) was staked on August 10 1989 under the new Mineral Tenure Act and therefore has an anniversary date of August 10. These claims represent a northern extension of a group of claims (AT2, AT3, AT4) which has been prospected by the author during the 1987 and 1988 seasons (AR16688, AR18022).

The claims are located primarily on a mesozoic series of volcanic and sedimentary rocks situated between the upper cretaceous Coast Batholith (to the west) and the Tchaikazan fault, a northwest extension of the fault system in the Bridge River area (to the east). The geology of the area has been mapped by H.W. Tipper in 1968; a program of more detailed geological mapping, by M.E. Rusmore and G.J. Woodsworth, is still in progress.

The mineralization in evidence on the claims falls under two general headings:

- 1) Gold in association with copper; gold-copper mineralization, both in place and as float, occurs on the southern half of the claim group; this mineralization is often, but not always, associated with quartz; values of over one ounce per ton gold have been obtained.
- 2) Gold in association with arsenopyrite; in the centralnorthern part of the claim group, low gold values, of the order
 of 1 gr/tonne, have been found in various quartz structures, generally networks of sub-parallel veins and veinlets of white quartz
 with minor arsenopyrite. This type of mineralization may be
 related to a richer occurence of gold with arsenic documented by
 Homestake in 1983 (AR13150). Homestake's sample, from float, was
 taken approximately 800 m east of the northeast corner of HW4, and
 assayed 2.6 oz/t Au and 1540 PPM arsenic.

It appears that most occurences of economic mineralization on the claims, and on claims AT3 and AT4 to the south, are located at or near thrust faults, which juxtapose triassic and cretaceous volcanics and sediments.

Summary of work done. All accessible areas of the 850 ha. property were prospected systematically by a three-person team, for a total of 98 man/days, over the periods August 12 to August 21 1988, and July 27 to August 25 1989. The coverage of claim HW4 was very spotty due to the topography; further prospecting work in that area could be performed with more intensive helicopter support. Thirty-four rock samples were sent to the Bondar-Clegg laboratory for multielement geochemical analysis. Sampling locations will be found on Map No. 2 (in pocket) of the present report.

DETAILED TECHNICAL DATA AND INTERPRETATION

Purpose of investigation. During the summer of 1988 a prospecting program on the AT3 claim (just south of HW1) led to the discovery of gold mineralization, in association with copper and quartz, near the northern boundary of that claim. The ground to the north was therefore staked and prospected briefly to see if there was any northward extension to the known mineralization. Good values in float samples justified a much more intensive prospecting program during the summer of 1989, to try to locate the origin of these float samples. All the work done to date on the HW1, HW4 and HW5 claims is documented in the present prospecting report.

Description of observations made during investigation. The claims prospected are located just to the east of the contact between the upper cretaceous Coast Batholith and a series of mesozoic volcanic and sedimentary rocks. These triassic and cretaceous rocks have been intruded by numerous northwest-trending felsic dykes and stacked in a complex imbricate series by thrust faulting. On the claims, the thrust fault juxtaposes triassic volcanics over beds of shale and limestone a few hundred feet thick at most. Locally the sedimentary beds are intensely deformed and the overlying volcanics exhibit book structures of quartz veining and quartz-filled tension cracks in areas of folding related to the thrust. Sulfides and gold mineralization are sometimes associated with the quartz in these structural traps. major control to the east of the claims is the Tchaikazan transcurrent fault, which is the northwest-trending extension of the fault system in the Bridge River gold camp.

Map No. 2, scale 1/5000th, shows the surficial geology of the claims and the location of the samples which were sent for analysis, as well as the nature of these samples (bedrock outcrop, sub-outcrop or localized float, glacier transported float).

Moving from the south to the north on the claim group we have, first, to the southwest, a section of shale and limestone beds which has been intensely folded and intruded by a massive north-northwest-trending light-grey dyke and by a narrower (1 to 2 metres) brownish coloured dyke, strike 80°, dip vertical. The limey shales contain widely disseminated pyrites, with occasional fist-sized aggregates of crystals.

Samples HW88-1, HW88-2, HW88-3

To the east of the above, we find large blocks of white quartz (vein remnants?) aligned in a north-south direction. No mineralization is visible.

Sample HW88-5

Further east, still on claim HW1, several parallel quartz carbonate veins were sampled. Strike approximately 340°, dip vertical.

Sample HW88-5

Near the southeastern corner of claim HW1, several small quartz veinlets contain minor sulfides. Some float with a similar appearance was found 200 metres west of, and uphill from these veinlets.

Samples HW88-4, HW88-30

Moving north, on either side of the ridge located near the boundary of claims HW1 and HW4, we find large blocks of grey volcanic rock with mottled quartz indurations. Sulfides are present in thin sheets which tend to provide cleavage planes for the rock.

Samples HW89-23, HW89-29

Further north, on claim HW5, we have a group of float samples found at the foot of a glacier, and which could originate almost anywhere within the cirque of this glacier. Almost all of these samples are anomalous in gold and copper. Values range up to 1.73 oz/ton Au, 3.54 oz/ton Ag and 1.28% Cu. The samples are dissimilar in aspect, and may represent different mineral occurences (see sample descriptions below).

Samples HW88-7, HW88-8, HW88-10, HW88-11, HW88-13, HW88-14

Still on the southern half of claim HW5, several samples were taken on the talus slope and on the lateral moraine where metallic mineralization was indicated. No anomalous values in precious metals were detected.

Samples HW88-9, HW88-12, HW89-31, HW89-32, HW89-33, HW89-34

Moving to the north, in the central part of claim HW5, we have a group of samples taken from subparallel quartz veins and veinlets located in Triassic volcanics close to the thrust fault. The samples are anomalous in gold, but the values are very low (398 PPB maximum). A good correlation exists between gold and copper contents.

Samples HW89-15, HW89-16, HW89-17, HW89-18

Moving to the northwest, onto claim HW4, several samples were taken near the highest point that could be reached on the glacier. At 7600' elevation, a block of quartz float with minor galena was sampled on the talus slope. At 7700', a sample was taken from a small horizontal quartz vein containing arsenopyrite. Just above that a large (100+ m²) exposure of reddish weathering quartz arranged in parallel sheets was also sampled. No significant mineral values are associated with the occurences in this group.

Samples Hw89-19, Hw89-20, Hw89-21

Further north and to the west, near the upper reaches of claim HW5, we have one quartz sample from float situated on a small glacier and four samples from quartz structures reminiscent of those seen further south (i.e. networks of sub-parallel veins located in proximity to the thrust fault). In this area, the two regional modes of occurence for gold can be seen: two samples have gold in association with copper, and two contain gold in association with arsenopyrite. The values in gold are, however, quite low, with a maximum of 1261 PPB for sample -24.

Samples Hw89-22, Hw89-24, Hw89-25, Hw89-26, Hw89-28

To the northeast of the last group of samples, at approximately 8700' elevation, a large rusty zone of quartz carbonates was sampled.

Sample HW89-27

Sample description:

- HW88-1 sample from fractured and distorted limey shale bed with fairly abundant disseminated pyrites. the sediments have been intruded by a massive N-NW trending felsic dyke, and by a smaller dun-coloured basalt dyke, strike 80°, dip vertical
- HW88-2 similar to -1, but pyrites form larger aggregates, and white mica is present this sample comes from higher up in the shale and limestone beds
- HW88-3 similar to -1, source location 100 metres south in the shale beds
- HW88-4 composite sample of several small northwest-trending quartz veinlets and fracture fillings, a few centimeters wide at most, situated next to small bedrock lake and above ice falls
- HW88-5 composite sample of 3 parallel quartz-carbonate veins, strike approximately 340°, dip near-vertical
- HW98-6 sample from several large boulders of white quartz aligned north-south sericite and limey inclusions
- HW88-7 quartz float from outwash area at foot of glacier blebs of pyrite and chalcopyrite host rock is a grey limestone
- HW88-8 float sample limey shale, minor sulfides and sericite from outwash at foot of glacier
- HW88-9 float rusty weathering, slaty shale with disseminated sulfides and limey inclusions talus sample
- HW88-10 orange weathering quartz float with sericite from glacial outwash
- HW38-11 float limestone with massive aggregates of pyrite from glacial outwash
- HW88-12 sample from surface of the glacier orange weathering quartz with sericite and inclusions of shale fragments
- HW88-13 orange quartz with blebs of chalcopyrite from outwash at foot of glacier
- HW88-14 dark grey volcanic rock with blebs and clusters of chalcopyrite - from outwash at foot of glacier

- HW89-15 mottled quartz, minor calcite and sulfides, from small outcrop at 7100' elevation
- HW89-16 rusty quartz with calcite and minor sulfides from outcrop at 7250°
- HW89-17 quartz fragments from large exposure of veins and veinlets forming a book structure in folded volcanic rocks - small amounts of calcite, sericite and sulfides
- HW89-18 composite sample from talus quartz fragments with minor chalcopyrite
- HW89-19 talus sample fractured beige quartz with a few crystals of galena 7600 elevation
- HW89-20 sample from narrow horizontal quartz vein in limey dark shale minor sulfides including arsenopyrite
- HW39-21 drusy rusty quartz from a large exposure (probably over 100 m²) between 7830' and 7900' elevation on a cliff face structure unclear, but probably consists of parallel veins with a vertical dip, strike unknown the sample was collected at the foot of the vertical cliff
- HW39-22 quartz sample taken from the surface of the glacier massive quartz with a few beige limestone inclusions and sizeable clusters of sulfides, with bornite and chalcopyrite
- HW89-23 grey volcanic rock with quartz inclusions stringers and sheets of sulfides tend to provide cleavage planes for the rock these rocks are freshly broken talus forming a lateral moraine on the glacier
- HW39-24 rusty mottled quartz sample, from outcrop several near-horizontal, sub-parallel quartz veins are to be seen in the area, from 7750' elevation on up the sample comes from the lowest vein in the stack
- HW89-25 rusty zone with quartz stringers just above shaley limestone bed minor sulfides 7600' elevation
- HW89-26 composite sample from several quartz veinlets small amounts of sulfides and calcite are present
- HW89-27 sample from quartz carbonate zone on west flank of Hwang Wan Mountain between 8600' and 8700' elevation bright gossan the quartz carbonate material makes up a 10 to 15 metre thick layer, strike 105°, dip vertical
- HW89-28 composite sample from talus, made up of several fragments of quartz and shaley rock with small amounts of chalcopyrite and traces of malachite
- HW39-29 grey volcanic rock with small quartz lenses and inclusions sericite and pyrite associated with the quartz
- HW89-30 quartz float with small amount of copper sulfides
- HW89-31 orange coloured drusy quartz with sulfide clusters originates from a lens which can be seen on the rock face above

- HW89-32 schistose grey rock with small amount of fine disseminated sulfides
- HW89-33 black slate with thin layer of pyrite from freshly broken float found on glacier
- HW39-34 sulfide clusters with quartz in a light grey rock from surface of glacier the area where samples -12,
 -33 and -34 were taken should be considered dangerous
 because of numerous rock slides with unpredictable
 trajectories on the glacier

Signature of the prospector who performed the work:

Louis M. Berniolles



Geochemical Lab Report

السالا

REPORT: V88-09325.0 (COMPLETE)

CLIENT: TCHAIKAZAN EXPLORATIONS

PROJECT: HH88

REFERENCE INFO:

SUBMITTED BY: L. BERNIOLLES

DATE PRINTED: 18-NOV-88

				NUMBER OF	LONER		
•	DRDER	EL	EHENT	analyses	DETECTION LIMIT	EXTRACTION	NETHOD
	1 A	U	Gold	14	1 PPB	FIRE-ASSAY	FIRE ASSAY DCP
		g	Silver	14	0.2 PPN	MULT ACTD TOT DIG	PLASMA EMISSION SPEC
	3 A		Arsenic	14	5 PPM	MULT ACID TOT DIG	PLASMA EMISSION SPEC
	4 8		Boron	14	2 PPM	MULT ACTO TOT DIG	PLASHA ENISSION SPEC
	5 8		Barium	14	1 PPM	MULT ACID TOT DIG	PLASHA ENISSION SPEC
	6 B		Beryllium	14	0.5 PPM	MULT ACID TOT DIG	PLASMA EMISSION SPEC
	7 B		Bismuth	14	2 PPH	MULT ACID TOT DIG	PLASMA FNISSION SPEC
		d	Cadmium	14	1 PPH	MULT ACED TOT DIG	PLASHA ENISSION SPEC
	9 0		Cerium	14	5 PPN	MULT ACID TOT DIG	PLASMA FHISSION SPEC
	10 C	-	Cobalt	14	1 PPN	MULT ACTO TOT DIG	PLASHA EMISSION SPEC
	11 C		Chromium	14	1 PPH	MUIT ACID TOT DIG	PLASMA EMISSION SPEC
	12 C	u	Copper	14	1 PPM	MULT ACID TOT DIG	PLASMA EMISSION SPEC
	13 6	a	Gallium	14	2 PPM	MULT ACID TOT DIG	PLASMA FHISSION SPEC
	14 L	a	Lanthanum	14	1 PPM	MULT ACTO TOT DIG	PLASHA ENISSION SPEC
	15 L	i	Lithium	14	1 PPM	MUIT ACID TOT DIG	PLASNA ENISSION SPEC
	16 H	0	flo l ybdenus	14	1 PPM	MULT ACID TOT DIG	PLASMA EMISSION SPEC
	17 N	b	Niobium	14	1 PPH	MULT ACID TOT DIG	PLASMA FHISSION SPEC
	18 N	-	Nickel	14	1 PPH	MULT ACTD TOT DIG	PLASMA EMISSION SPEC
	19 P		Lead	14	2 PPH	MULT ACID TOT DIG	PLASMA EMISSION SPEC
	20 R	_	Rubidium	14	20 PPH	MULT ACTD TOT DIG	PLASMA EMISSION SPEC
	21 \$		Antimony	14	5 PPH	MULT ACID TOT DIG	PLASMA EMISSION SPEC
	22 S		Scandium	14	1 PPH	MULT ACTO TOT DIG	PLASHA ENISSION SPEC
			7.	4,	20.00#	ATO TAT OTAL THIM	DI ACMA ENTOCTON COCC
	23 S		Tin	14	20 PPM	MULT ACID TOT DIG	PLASMA EMISSION SPEC
	24 S		Strontium	14	1 PPH	MULT ACID TOT DIG	PLASHA EMISSION SPEC
	25 1		Tantalum	14	10 PPN	MUIT ACID TOT DIG	PLASMA EMISSION SPEC
		e	Tellurium	14	10 PPH	MULT ACTO TOT DIG	PLASMA EMISSION SPEC
- Address - Barrers - Address	27 1	i	Thallium	14	10 PPH	MUIT ACID TOT DIG	PLASHA FHISSION SPEC
	28 V		Vanadiu:	14	1 PPM	MULT ACTD TOT DIG	PLASMA EMISSION SPEC
	29 W		Tungsten	14	10 PPM	MUIT ACID TOT DIG	PLASMA FHISSION SPEC
	30 Y		Yttrium	14	1 PPM	MULT ACTD TOT DIG	PLASMA EMISSION SPEC
	31 Z	n	Zinc	14	1 PPH	MULT ACID TOT DIG	PLASMA FMISSION SPEC
	32 Z	r	Zirconium	14	1 PPN	MULT ACID TOT DIG	PLASMA EMISSION SPEC

Bondar-Clege & Company Ltd. 130 Pemberton Ave. North Vancouver, B.C. V7P 2R5 (604) 985-0681 Telex 04-352667



Geochemical Lab Report

REPORT: V88-	REPORT: V88-09325.0					PR	PROJECT: HW88			PAGF 1A			
SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT AU UNITS PPB	Ag PPN	As PPM	B PPH	Ba PPM	Be PPN	Bi PPM	Cd PPM	Ce PPN	Co PPM	Cr PPM		
		····											
R2 HW88-1	26	1.3	132	<2	79	<4.0	< 5	<1	15	40	46		
R2 HW88-2	19	2.9	57	<2	279	<4.0	< 5	2	9	157	76		
R2 HW88-3	2	1.1	<50	<2	8 6	<4.0	< 5	<1	10	20	67		
R2 HW88-4	1033	7.2	<50	<2	23	<4.0	< 5	4	20	178	220		
R2 HW88-5	1	<0.5	<50	<2	191	<4.0	<5	<1	20	14	68		
R2 HN88-6	3	0.8	<50	2	49	<4.0	<5	<1	6	2	296		
R2 HW88-7	316	3.4	60	<2	15	<4.11	< 5	2	5	68	278		
R2 HW88-8	217	1.2	<50	<2	249	<4.0	<5	<1	23	34	94		
R2 HN88-9	9	<0.5	<50	<2	183	<4.D	< 5	<1	11	25	8 9		
R2 HW88-10	4	0.8	<50	<2	139	<4.0	<5	<1	6	3	149		
R2 HN88-11	571	1.3	319	<2	41	<4.0	<5	<1	7	55	163		
R2 HW88-12	9	0.7	<50	<2	82	<4.0	< 5	<1	8	6	177		
R2 HW88-13	>10000	>50.0	<50	<2	13	<4.0	14	3	6	3	279		
R2 HH88-14	>10000	37.9	<50	<2	304	<4.0	7	5	24	5 0	69		

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd. 130 Pemberton Ave. North Vancouver, B.C. V7P 2R5 (604) 985-0681 Telex 04-352667



Geochemical Lab Report

V

PORT: V88-()9325.0 		j				PROJECT: HW88		PAGE 1B			
NPI F 1BER	ELEMENT Units	Cu PPM	Ga PPM	la PPM	l i PPM	No PPN	Nb PPN	Ni PPM	Pb PPM	Rb PPn	Sb PPM	Sc PPM
HW88-1		204	15	<1	20	<5	3	11	27	<50	7	15
HW88-2		1609	13	<1	24	< 5	4	9	13	<50	<5	18
HW88-3		117	16	<1	18	(5	4	8	21	<50	<5	16
HW88-4		593 5	4	<1	2	<5	2	5	<10	<50	<5	5
HN88-5		88	9	<1	43	<5	<1	9	12	<50	6	12
HW88-6		3 5	6	<1	2	<5	2	6	<10	<5N	<5	2
HU88-7		2706	4	<1	<1	< 5	2	24	<10	<50	<5	1
HN88-8		919	14	3	12	< 5	4	33	11	<50	<5⋅	8
HW88-9		132	13	<1	11	<5	4	6	12	<50	<5	23
HW88-10		33	7	<1	1	< 5	2	7	<10	<50	<5	5
HW88-11		313	3	<1	3	< 5	1	7	<10	<50	<5	9
HW88-12		64	11	1	12	< 5	3	3	<10	<50	<5	3
HW88-13		12841	6	<1	<1	< 5	2	5	<10	<50	< 5	<1
HW88-14		4186	19	4	8	< 5	6	20	11	<50	< 5	9
1	HU88-1 HU88-2 HU88-3 HU88-3 HU88-4 HU88-5 HU88-6 HU88-7 HU88-8 HU88-9 HU88-10 HU88-11 HU88-11	HH88-1 HH88-2 HH88-3 HH88-4 HH88-5 HH88-6 HH88-7 HH88-8 HH88-9 HH88-11 HH88-11 HH88-11	HH88-1 204 HH88-2 1609 HH88-3 117 HH88-4 5935 HH88-5 88 HH88-6 35 HH88-6 35 HH88-8 919 HH88-9 132 HH88-10 33 HH88-11 313 HH88-12 64 HH88-13 12841	HH88-1 204 15 HH88-2 1609 13 HH88-3 117 16 HH88-4 5935 4 HH88-5 88 9 HH88-6 35 6 HH88-7 2706 4 HH88-8 919 14 HH88-9 132 13 HH88-10 33 7 HH88-11 313 3 HH88-12 64 11 HH88-13 12841 6	HH88-1 204 15 <1 HH88-2 1609 13 <1 HH88-3 117 16 <1 HH88-4 5935 4 <1 HH88-5 88 9 <1 HH88-6 35 6 <1 HH88-7 2706 4 <1 HH88-8 919 14 3 HH88-9 132 13 <1 HH88-10 31 3 7 <1 HH88-11 313 3 <1 HH88-12 64 11 1 HH88-13 12841 6 <1	HUBB-1 204 15 <1 20 HUBB-2 1609 13 <1 24 HUBB-3 117 16 <1 18 HUBB-5 88 9 <1 43 HUBB-7 2706 4 <1 <1 HUBB-8 9 13	HH88-1 204 15 <1 20 <5 HH88-1 1 204 15	HH88-1 204 15 <1 20 <5 3 HH88-2 1609 13 <1 24 <5 4 HH88-3 117 16 <1 18 <5 4 HH88-4 5935 4 <1 2 <5 2 HH88-5 88 9 <1 43 <5 <1 HH88-6 35 6 <1 2 <5 2 HH88-7 2706 4 <1 <1 <5 2 HH88-8 919 14 3 12 <5 2 HH88-9 132 13 <1 11 <5 4 HH88-10 31 3 3 <1 11 <5 2 HH88-11 313 3 <1 1 <5 2 HH88-12 64 11 1 12 <5 3 HH88-13 12841 6 <1 <1 <5 2	HU88-1 204 15 <1 20 <5 3 11 HU88-2 1609 13 <1 24 <5 4 9 HU88-3 117 16 <1 18 <5 4 8 HU88-5 88 9 <1 43 <5 <1 9 HU88-5 88 9 <1 43 <5 <1 9 HU88-7 2706 4 <1 <1 <5 2 <6 2 <6 HU88-7 2706 4 <1 <1 <5 2 <4 33 HU88-8 9 132 13 <1 11 <5 4 6 HU88-9 132 13 <1 11 <5 4 6 HU88-9 132 13 <1 11 <5 4 6 HU88-10 33 7 <1 1 <5 2 7 HU88-10 313 3 <1 1 1 <5 2 7 HU88-11 313 3 <1 3 <5 1 7 HU88-12 64 11 1 12 <5 3 3 3 HU88-13 12841 6 <1 <1 <5 2 5	HARR UNITS PPH P	HARR-1	HURBS-1 204 15 31 20 33 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

Bondár-Clegg & Company Ltd. 130 Pemberton Ave. North Vancouver, B.C. V7P 2R5 (604) 985-0681 Telex 04-352667



Geochemical Lab Report



REPORT: V88-	09325.0						PR	OJECT: HA	88		PAGF 1C
SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Sn PPM	Sr PPM	Ta PPM	Te PPM	T I PPM	V PPM	N PPH	Y PPM	Zn PPM	Zr PPN
R2 HN88-1		<30	255	<10	<20	<20	8 9	<10	13	50	8
R2 HU88-2		<30	126	<10	<20	<20	134	<10	12	64	12
R2 HN88-3		<30	333	<10	<20	<2₽	87	<10	13	51	14
R2 HH88-4		<30	18	<10	<20	<20	18	<10	18	76	2
R2 HH88-5		<3 0	124	<10	<20	<20	81	<10	17	91	2 5
R2 HW88-6		<30	8	<10	<20	<20	22	<10	1	9	<1
R2 HW88-7		<30	8	<10	<20	<20	9	<10	1	74	<1
R2 HW88-8		<30	331	<10	<20	<20	5 5	<10	9	59	15
R2 HW88-9		<30	136	<10	<20	<20	193	<10	18	81	8
R2 HW88-10		<30	24	<10	<20	<20	35	<10	2	40	12
R2 HW88-11		<3በ	47	<10	<20	<20	46	16	5	11	12
R2 HW88-12		<30	102	<10	<20	<20	28	<10	9	31	9
R2 HW88-13		<30	8	<10	109	<20	4	<10	<1	8 5	2
R2 HH88-14		<30	264	<10	52	<20	82	<10	7	239	2 5



Certificate of Analysis

REPORT: V88-09325.6 (COMPLETE)

REFERENCE INFO:

CLIENT: TCHAIKAZAN EXPLORATIONS

SUBMITTED BY: L. BERNIOLLES

PROJECT: HW88

DATE PRINTED: 23-NOV-98

ORDER		ELEMENT	NUMBER OF ANALYSES	LOWER DETECTION LIMIT	EXTRACTION	KETHOD
1 2	Au Ag	Gold Silver	2 1	0.002 OPT 0.02 OPT		Fire Assay Eire Assay

SAMPLE TYPES NUMBER SIZE FRACTIONS NUMBER

R ROCK OR BED ROCK 2 2 -150 2 AS RECEIVED, NO SP 2

NOTES: # indicates ERRATIC RESULTS

REPORT COPIES TO: NR. LOUIS BERNIOLLES

INVOICE TO: MR. LOUIS BERNIOLLES

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.

130 Pemberton Ave. Nofth Vancouver, B.C. Canada V7P 2R5 Phone: (604) 985-0681 Telex: 04-352667



Certificate of Analysis

						,			
	REPORT: V88-C	9325.6		THE STREET STREET, I STREET, AND		PROJECT: H	W88	PAGE 1	
	Sample Number	ELEMENT UNITS	Au OPT	Ag Opt	 				
vietinia viete	R2 HW88-13 R2 HW88-14		1.730# 0.704	3.54					
		MARIE DE LA COMPANIA							
	·								
•									
						•			
				an alakanak makanaka ilikuwaka iliku alaka ilikuwaka ilikuwaka ilikuwaka ilikuwaka ilikuwaka ilikuwaka ilikuwaka					



Geochemical Lab Report

A DIVISION OF INCHCAPE INSPECTION & TESTING SERVICES

REPORT: V89-D6030.0 (COMPLETE) REFERENCE INFO: SUBMITTED BY: L. BERNIOLLES CLIENT: TCHAIKAZAN EXPLORATIONS PROJECT: HW89 DATE PRINTED: 8-SEP-89 NUMBER OF LOWER ORDER **ELEMENT ANALYSES** DETECTION LIMIT EXTRACTION METHOD 1 Au Go!d 20 1 PPH FIRE-ASSAY Fire Assay - DCP 2 Silver 20 0.2 PPm HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Places Αg 3 5 PPM HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 As Arsenic 20 Ind. Coupled Plasma 1 PPh 4 Ra Barium. 20 HE-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plases 5 Вe Beryllium 20 0.5 PPM HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plasma Bi Bismuth 20 2 PP8 HE-HN03-HC104-HC1 6 Ind. Coupled Plasma 7 Cd Cad≢iu# 20 1 PFr HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plasma 8 Çe Ceriu# 20 5 PPM HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plasma 9 Co Cobalt 2fl 1 PPM HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plasma 10 20 Cr Chromium 1 PPH HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plasma 20 1 PPh 11 Cu Copper HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plasma 12 Ga Gallium 20 2 PPM HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plasma 13 La Lanthanum 20 1 PPM HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plases 14 1 PPM li Lithium 20 HE-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plasma 15 Ħо No lybdenus 20 1 PPH HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plasma 16 Nb Niobium 20 1 PPM HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plasma 20 1 PPM 17 Ni Nickel HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plasma 2 PPK 18 РЬ Lead 20 HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plasma 19 Rubidium 20 20 PPH Ind. Coupled Plasma Rb HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 20 Sb Antimony 20 5 PPN HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plasma Sc 21 Scandium 20 HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plases 1 PPM 22 Sn Tin 20 20 PPM HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plasma 23 Sr Strontium 20 1 PPM HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plasma 24 Tanta lum 20 HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ta 10 PPM Ind. Coupled Plasma 25 Ĩе Tellurium 20 10 PPM HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plasma 26 U Vanadius 20 1 PPM HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plases 27 Ų Tungsten 20 10 PPM HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plasma 28 Y Yttrium 20 1 PPM HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plasma 29 Zn 20 1 PP# HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Zinc Ind. Coupled Plas#a 30 Zirconius 20 1 PPB HF-HN03-HC104-HC1 Ind. Coupled Plass. Zr



Geochemical Lab Report

A DIVISION OF INCHCAPE INSPECTION & TESTING SERVICES

								IE PRINIE			•			
REPORT: V89-	06030.0						PR	OJECT: HA	189	PAGE 1A				
SAMPLE Number	ELEMENT Units	Au PP8	Ag PPM	As PPM	Ba PPM	Be PPH	Bi PPM	Cd PPM	Ce PPM	Co PPH	Cr PPK	Cu PPt		
R2 HW89-15	 	35	0.2	30	65	<0.5	<2	<1	< 5	3	289	14		
R2 HH89-16		388	1.2	104	228	4.4	<2	<1	6	109	199	91		
R2 HU89-17		7 7	<0.2	33	56	0.8	<2	<1	<5	8	304	9		
R2 H489-18		3 93	1.4	72	131	3.3	</td <td><1</td> <td><5</td> <td>25</td> <td>273</td> <td>59</td>	<1	< 5	25	273	59		
R2 HW89-19		12	6.2	21	39	<0.5	10	7	<5	2	303	3		
R2 HN89-20		144	2.?	>2000	105	2.2	<2	<1	< 5	6	216	3		
R2 HW89-21		6	0.4	122	335	4.5	<2	<1	< 5	20	21 3	25		
R2 HH89-22		652	1.2	178	6	5.0	<2	7	< 5	44	374	169		
R2 HW89-23		41	0.4	119	192	7.8	<2	<1	<5	52	97	64		
R2 HW89-24		1261	0.2	>2000	111	6.0	<2	<1	< 5	17	234	6		
R2 HH89-25		32	0.2	93	138	3.8	<2	<1	< 5	10	2 15	24		
R2 HW89-26		1084	0.4	>2000	91	6.5	</td <td><1</td> <td><5</td> <td>12</td> <td>214</td> <td>8</td>	<1	< 5	12	214	8		
R2 HW89-27		7	0.2	79	144	9.5	<2	<1	· <5	31	42	7		
R2 HU89-28	•	175	1.8	82	209	7.0	<2	<1	<5	22	145	34.2		
R2 HH89-29	_ ,,	51	0.2	29 3	197	12.0	<2	<1	17	124	146	8		
R2 HV89-30		-47	0.4	96	101	9.7	<2	<1	7	25	169	53		
R2 HW89-31		45	0.4	54	13	4.9	<2	<1	< 5	74	246	27		
R2 HW89-32		3	<0.2	106	230	4.9	<2	<1	5	10	110	5		
R2 HW89-33		5	0.8	104	273	7.4	3	14	< 5	18	169-	- 6		
R2 HH89-34		5	0.2	54	175	4.0	3	<1	12	12	118	15		

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd. 130 Pemberton Ave. North Vancouver, B.C. V7P 2R5 (604) 985-0681 Telex 04-352667



Geochemical Lab Report

A DIVISION OF INCHCAPE INSPECTION & TESTING SERVICES

	w				0	A DIVISION OF INCHCAPE INGRECTION & TEST							
	REPORT: V89-E	06030.0						P	ROJECT: HL	189		PAGE 18	
	SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT Units	Ga PPM	La P PM	Li PPM	No PPN	Nb PPH	Ni PPM	Pb PPM	Rb PPh	Sb PP#	Sc PPH	Sn PP#
	R2 HH89-15		2	<1	2	1	<1	9	<2	93	<5	2	<20
	R2 HW89-16		13	<1	11	6	?	48	<2	133	7	7	<20
	R2 HW89-17		4	<1	4	2	<1	6	2	8 5	<5	4	<20
	R2 HH89-18		6	<1	7	16	<1	18	12	141	<5	4	<2G
	R2 HW89-19		5	<1	1	2	2	6	1864	56	<5	<1	<20
	R7 HW89-20		15	<1	3	27	10	5	109	96	15	3	<20
1	R2 HW89-21		13	<1	16	2	1	5	<2	159	< 5	9	<20
	R2 HU89-22		4	<1	1	5	<1	10	11	29	<5	<1	<20
1	R2 HU89-23		27	<1	22	3	9	2 3	<2	9 5	<5	2 6	<20
	R2 HW89-24		9	<1	3	4	2	4	4	<20	17	8	<20
	R2 H489-25		12	<1	7	3	4	5	4	<20	7	3	<20
(R2 HW89-26		30	<1	8	2	9	4	<2	<20	< 5	12	<20
1	R2 HW89-27		19	<1	23	1	21	13	<2	33	20	12	<20
1	R2 HW89-28		2 9	<1	13	3	8	4	<2	51	<5	30	<20
	R2 HH89-29		84	<1	28	12	27	8	25	<20	17	27	<20
	R2 HW89-30		15	<1	4	4	3	5	7	<20	6	1	<20
1	R2 HW89-31		9	<1	5	4	3	18	9	<20	< 5	2	<20
	R2 HW89-32		27	<1	12	13	13	4	<2	<20	8	. 11 .	<2 0
1	R2 HH89-33		26	<1	17	74	16	84	3	81	12	16	<20
	R2 HH89-34		12	4	7	2	4	3	<2	<20	< 5	2	<20



Geochemical Lab Report

-

A DIVISION OF INCHCAPE INSPECTION & TESTING SERVICES

REPORT: V89-0	0.6030.0							OJECT: HU	D: 8-SEP-89 89	PAGE 1C
SANF'LE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Sr PPM	Ta PPM	Te PPM	V PPH	N PPH	Y PPH	Zn PPM	Zr PPM	
R2 HU89-15		15	<10	<10	21	<10	2	23	2	
R2 HH89-16		191	12	<10	6 2	<10	4	67	19	
R2 HW89-17		41	<10	<10	30	<10	2	25	4	
R2 HW89-18		91	<10	<10	46	<10	3	36	9	
R2 HW89-19		58	<10	<10	6	<10	<1	587	2	
R2 HW89-20		397	<10	<10	16	<10	6	152	6	
R2 HW89-21		139	11	<10	93	<10	7	81	8	
R2 HW89-22		7	<10	<10	3	<10	<1	200	1	
R2 HW89-23		105	<10	<10	144	<10	11	8 5	2 5	
R2 HU89-24		17	<10	<10	27	<10	5	71	5	
R2 HW89-25		103	<10	<10	22	<10	6	43	6	
R2 HW89-26		88	<10	<10	3 6	<10	9	54	6	
R2 HW89-27		117	<10	<10	8 6	<10	8	199	6	
R2 HW89-28		182	<10	<10	136	<10	20	109	19	
R2 HW89-29		128	<10	51	214	34	9	119	28	
R2 HH89-30		116	<10	<10	11	<10	6	42	14	
R2 H#89-31		5	<10	<10	31	<10	<1	31	1	
R2 HW89-32		333	<10	· <10	84	<10	9	52	29	
R2 HW89-33		274	<10	<10	387	<10	12	441	3 5	
R2 HH89-34		356	<10	<18	16	<10	10	31	14	•

Interpretation and Conclusions. Most in-situ occurrences of mineralization on the property are located near a fairly conspicuous thrust fault which juxtaposes volcanic rocks over a limey shale bed a few hundred feet thick at most. Until recently both sequences were thought to be Triassic; however recent work by M.E. Rusmore and G.J. Woodsworth (GSC Paper 88-1E, p. 185-190) points to a possible Cretaceous age for the upper series. It appears that certain structural traps were created in the vicinity of the fault; since one of the thrusts was intruded by a pluton of the Coast Plutonic Complex just south of Ottarasko Mountain (2 kilometers south of the HW1 claim) we may be sure that the thrusting event antedates plutonic activity; conceivably, a hydrothermal system driven by intrusive activity would have brought about the mineralization in evidence on the property, with deposition taking place in the preexisting structural traps.

According to Rusmore and Woodsworth (previously cited) the thrust faulting was not limited to the one fairly conspicuous fault, but created a complex imbricate zone of volcanic rocks, limestone and clastic rocks. Because of the considerable amount of overburden present on the claims, exposures supporting this view would be more evident a few kilometres north-east of the property, in the upper valley of Ottarasko Creek, than on the area covered by the present report. In any case the possibility of additional faults, shear zones and other areas of structural weakness at depth definitely exists.

The mineralization found on the HW1, HW4 and HW5 claims falls under two headings, gold-copper and gold-arsenic. The gold-copper occurrences are located on the southern part of the claims; the most interesting values, which exceed 1 oz/t Au and 1% Cu come, however, from a float sample whose origin could not be traced by systematic prospecting of the southern and northern boundaries of the westward oriented glacial cirque in which it occurs. Presumably, the actual occurrence is situated under the ice or in the precipitous bluffs which form the easternmost boundary at the head of the glacier. Additional prospecting by a mountaineering crew with helicopter support would be indicated in that area.

The gold-arsenic occurrences are located towards the northern end of the claim group. While the values are low, of the order of 1 gr/tonne Au, there is evidence that this mineralization extends to the northeast, since a rich float sample with gold and arsenic (2.6 oz/t Au and 1540 PPM As) was found previously 800 metres east of the N.E. corner of claim HW4, in what is now claim HW3, also owned by this writer. The discovery was made by Homestake in 1983, and documented in AR13150.

All the results from the present program point to the desirability of a detailed prospecting program on claim HW3 to the east, with a renewed effort on the eastern part of claim HW4. These conclusions tally interestingly with those expressed by the consultants for Equinox Resources Ltd., the current owner of the ground just east of HW3, in their report AR17392. The difficulties involved in that venture should not be understated, however, because of the precipitous nature of the terrain as well as the presence of several glaciers and icefields.

ITEMIZED COST STATEMENT - HW PROJECT - (HW1, HW4, HW5 CLAIMS)

Field personnel	98 man/days @ \$100	\$	9,800
Food and accomodations			1,960
Aircraft support (Bell 206B)	2.9 hrs. @ \$580		1,682
" "fuel	2.9 hrs. @ \$70		203
Ground transport (P.U.)	3100 km @ 15¢		465
Equipment and supplies			2,079
Laboratory analysis	34 samples, multielement @ \$23		782
	2 Au/Ag assays @ \$11		22
Mobilization/demobilization	8 man/days @ \$100		800
Report preparation			
writing	2 man/days @ \$100		200
typing, drafting	2 man/days @ \$100		200
office supplies, reproduction		_	58
	Total	\$	18,251

AUTHOR'S QUALIFICATIONS

- Twelve years experience as an independent prospector in France, Northern Saskatchewan and Central British Columbia.
- Attended the Third Annual Mineral Exploration Course for Prospectors, sponsored by the B.C. Ministry of Energy, Mines & Petroleum Resources, at Selkirk College, Castlegar, B.C., from April 29 to May 12, 1979.
- The author holds a B.A. in Mathematics from the University of Lyon, France, and a B.A. in Economics from the University of British Columbia.

