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PROSPECTING

REPORT

HUNT CLAIM

OMINECA MINING DIVISION

TELKWA MAP SHEET 93L/11

54' 31" N 127' 10" W

FOR

VAN ALPHEN EXPLORATION SERVICES LTD.

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GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

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#### LOCATION

The HUNT 1 CLAIM is located in the Telkwa area NTS map 93L/11 of the Omineca Mining Division, west central B.C..

Approximate location of the center of the claims is 54' 31" N, 127' 10" W.

The HUNT claim is situated in Hunter Basin, which is at the headwaters of Cabinet creek, 22 km SSW of Telkwa by air.

#### ACCESS

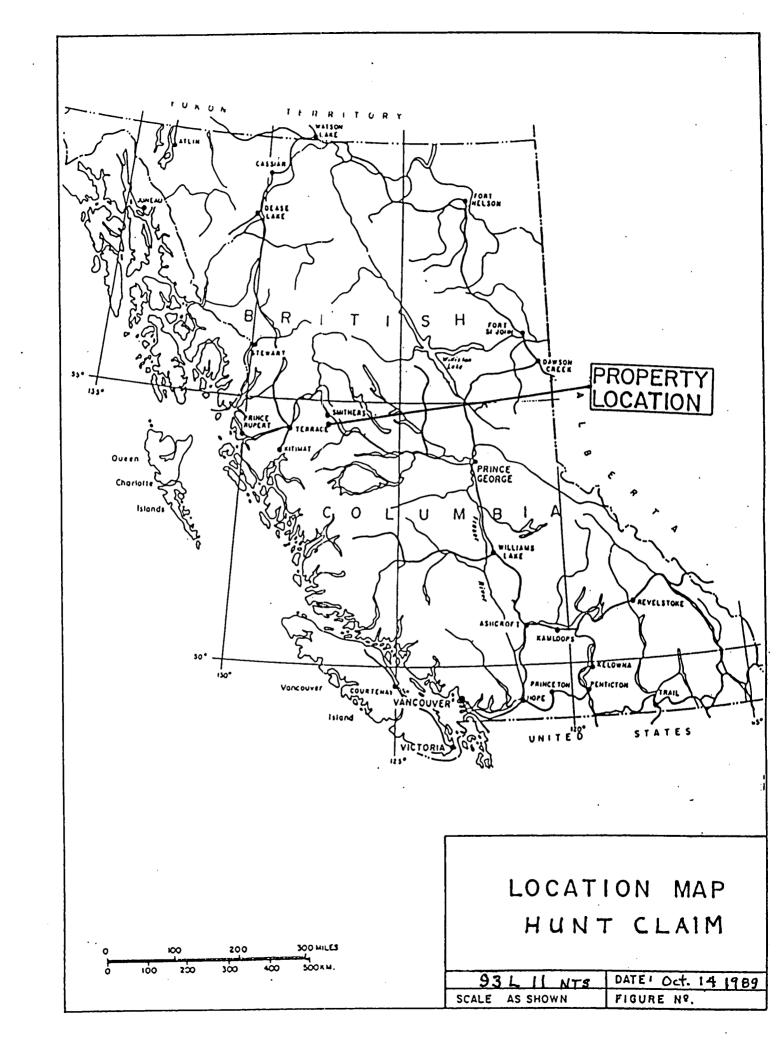
By road, from the town of Telkwa head south along the Coal Mine Rd. for 6.5 km, to a fork in the road. The south fork that travels beside Goathorn creek is followed for 5 km.

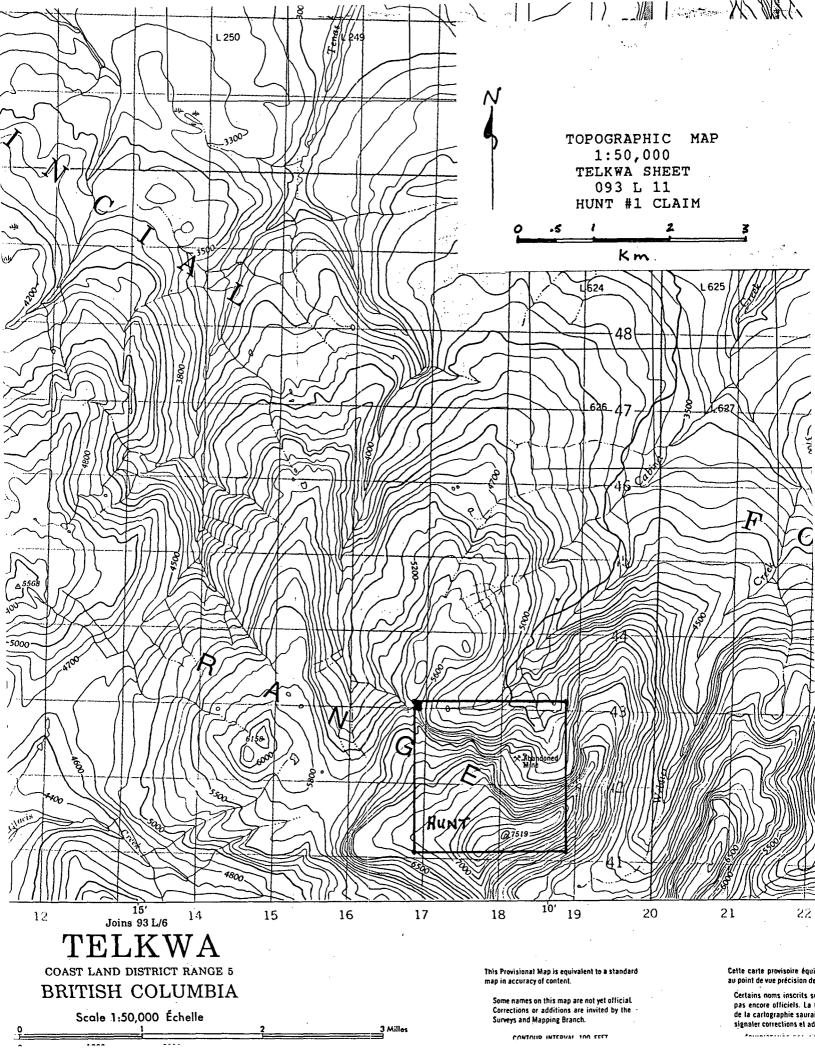
Extensive logging sales are throughout the area and the old road that leads to this abandoned mine is obscure.

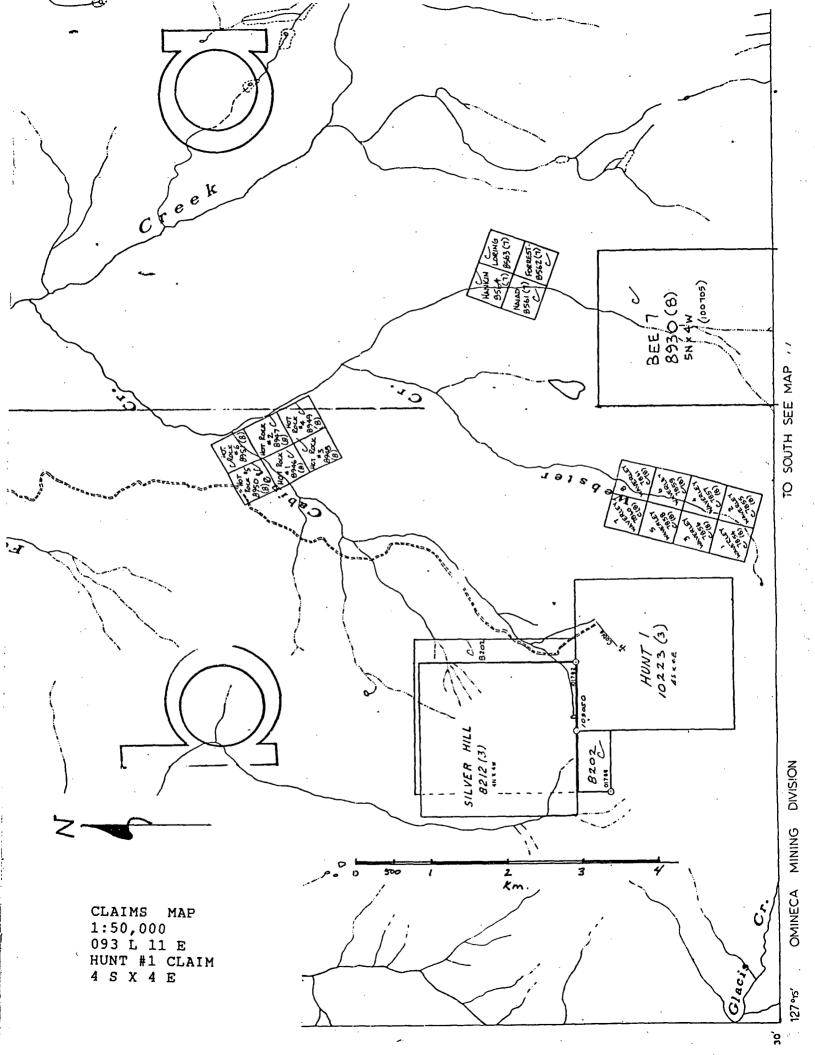
From this junction travel is by  $4\times 4$  truck for 12 km. which locates the party in the sub-alpine zone of Hunter Basin, near the headwaters of Cabinet creek.

The old bridge is not in working order, and the road deteriorates from this point as it rises above timberline, especially after the first switchback, where several rocks that have shifted from above now sit in the roadway impeding the progress of trucks.

Walking or an ATV from the bridge along the road to the old loading dock and buildings is about one kilometer in length and rises 500 ft in elevation. There is a fork in the road at the bridge travel the southbound one.







#### PHYSIOGRAPHY

The claim is predominantly within the alpine region of the mountain rising to 7520 ft. and as low as 5100 ft. in the sub-alpine zone near the bridge on the north boundary of the claim.

The principal basin that has the dominant showings is one kilometer square. Flat bottomed near the creek with the road build to this point and several old non-serviceable buildings still standing.

The showings are best seen along the ridges to the west.

Water is plentiful, while wood must be brought in from 2 km distance.

Snow cover is extensive from October to June, allowing a 3 month snow-free period.

A small snowpac persists along the road at 5300 ft.

# PROPERTY HISTORY

This property was first discovered in 1905 by William Hunter and was called the KING claim. Several other strong shows in the vicinity are also included in the Hunt claim, they are called,

KING	M.I.	093L	041
WEST SHOWING	M.I.	093L	041
RAINBOW	M.I.	093L	044
моноск	M.I.	093L	040
IDAHO	M.I.	093L	040

Commodities are copper, silver, and gold.

The King Show has been a producer, in 1914, 1940, and 1962.

1914 KING	30 ton shipment vein width 1.2 meters AU 1.0 grams/ tonne AG 164.5 grams/ tonne CU 2.0 %
1914 WEST	AU 6.8 grams/ tonne AG 884.5 grams/ tonne CU 29.0 %
1914 RAINBOW	5.4 tonnes AU 2.0 grams/ tonne AG 171.4 grams/ tonne CU 2.9 %
1940 KING	6.3 tonnes shipped AU 240 grams AG + CU 4183 grams
1941 KING	225 tonnes mined AU 7,166 grams AG + CU 193,779 grams
1962	24.5 tonnes shipped AU 8,160 grams AG 283,366 grams CU 1,647 Kgrams

#### PROPERTY GEOLOGY

"In general it may be said that the rock formation consists dominantly of altered volcanic rocks showing incipient bedded structures and having intercalated sedimentary bands. These rocks are intruded by dykes and apophyses from a body of granite porphyry which lies two miles to the south. These dykes have shattered and fissured the rocks, and thereby provided channels by means of which the mineral bearing solutions were able to attack and replace the shattered zones of rocks with metallic sulfides. The veins are generally of the replacement sheared zone type, but in some places mineralization has taken place on the walls or in the bodies of the dykes themselves. It is probable in these later instances that movement has taken place along the dyke after its injection due to its being a line of weakness, thus crushing the dyke rock and making it permeable to infiltrating solutions."

> Report of the Minister of Mines 1914 page 218

Note; Minfile 93L -040, 041, 044 for further information regarding Geology

#### MINERALIZATION

COMMODITIES :

COPPER SILVER GOLD

SIGNIFICANT MINERALS :

EORNITE
CHALCOPYRITE
CHALCOCITE
TETRAHEDRITE
PYRITE
PYRRHOTITE
GALENA
SPECULARITE

Copper minerals predominate, occurring in the form of bornite, chalcopyrite, chalcocite, and tetrahedrite.

MAGNETITE

The bornite and tetrahedrite generally carry good values in silver.

Gold is present in values greater than 1000 ppb in over 1/2 of the samples taken. The consistence of the gold values is indicative of a property of merit, in today's market.

During the course of the exploration program conducted in July 1989, six major showings were reviewed and sampled, these showings are presented in the following section, with accompanying sketches.

KING SHOW
WEST SHOW
UPPER WEST SHOWING
RAINBOW SHOW
MOHOCK SHOW
IDAHO SHOWING

#### KING SHOW

The KING SHOW has had the most work done on it in the past. First discovered in 1905 by William Hunter, it has experienced continual attention since.

The KING was mined in 1914, 1942, and 1962. Details concerning production are to be found in the mineral inventory 93L 041.

The vein on the King show is an irregular fissure situated in a line of crushing and not far from an intrusive dyke. The vein can be followed for 150 meters, and strikes 070' vertical. Bornite, chalcopyrite, and tetrahedrite are distributed throughout the siliceous gangue of the fissure. Widths vary from 15 cm to 61 cm. {6-24 in.}

Sampling began from the eastern end of the trenches that follow the strike, located above the old cable anchour. This main trench is 40 meters long, the ore has been removed probably during 1914 mining operations, where a shaft 20 feet deep was put in and the vein was stoped from the surface downwards on both sides.

The 1915 report gave values for this vein as 1.2 meters wide assayed at 1.0 grams /ton Gold 164.5 grams / ton Silver, 2% Copper. There is apparently 10 inches of solid ore , in the bottom of the trench.

However, surface remains after the trench had caved in amounted to two separate ore dumps, the hanging wall and a parallel vein, described below.

89 DE 010: grab sample of the dump material 4 meters west of the eastern end of the trench [ 0 meters ]

<u>Au 4800ppb</u>, Ag 135.9ppm, Cu 3093ppm, Zn 12,400ppm.

89 DE 011: at the 19.5 m a vein parallel to the main trench exists, approx. 12.7cm wide consists of pyrite, chalcopyrite, bornite, in qtz. Channel sample of vein.

Au 4600ppb, Ag 26.2ppm, Cu 92,440ppm.

89 DE 012: at 15 m the hanging wall was noted to contain concentrations of pyrite, chalcopyrite, bornite, and epidote in andesite. A channel sample 61 cm wide was taken to note whether the previous mining width of 1.2 m could be expanded.

Au 1080ppb, Ag 49.4ppm, Cu 7890ppm.

89 DE 013: at 32.5 m the hanging wall contains sufficient mineral to do another channel sample over 0.6 m, the main vein appears to have swollen and infiltrated into the wall, bornite, chalcopyrite, pyrite, magnetite, pyrrhotite; malachite and azurite. The trench is still 1 meter wide and is close by a cribbed shaft at 30 m.

Au 2150ppb, Ag 65.9ppm, Cu 2565ppm

89 DE 014: at approx. 25 m there is a dump of ore on the downhill side of the trench, this was hoped to be representive of the main vein now buried, as it contains approx. 80% bornite.

Au 490ppb, Ag 12.2ppm, Cu 14,442ppm.

At 40 m the intense trenching ended, a walkabout towards the east showed the vein continues in the float train, three other trenchs had been dug and are presently caved in, these were sampled as well as an open cut located 150 m from the beginning of the original workings.

89 DE 016: at 86 m to 99.6 meters there is another trench still following the 10 - 15 cm vein. There is a marked increase in the magnetite, 6.3 cm of solid magnetite, very similar to a occurrence in the West show, which is likely the extension of the same system. Sample is a grab from the immediate area, qtz, magnetite, bornite, chalcopyrite. The vein has been gutted. The hanging and footwall are mineralized with Cu family and the overall width would be 1 metre.

Au 5,200ppb, Ag 308ppm, Cu 17,149ppm

89 DE 017: at 113 meters there is outcrop, and the 20 cm vein has been heavily altered, what remains is a clayish muddy gouge with evidence of shearing. Strike 080' vertical. Heavy weathering, dense malachite and limonite in the 20cm gouge.

Au 1270ppb, Ag 170.8ppm, Cu 23,713ppm, Zn 9732ppm.

89 DE 018: Same location as 017, north wall is stained with malachite and limonite, dense pyrite, and fine disseminations of pyrite, chalcopyrite, magnetite. Believe most of the staining is from fracture fills. South wall is predominantly barren, noted epidote in andesite. Sample is a channel over 86 cm in the north wall. Zn 2690ppm.

120 meters a rock cairn on top of a height of land that the vein passes through. Line of strike goes over a small bluff.

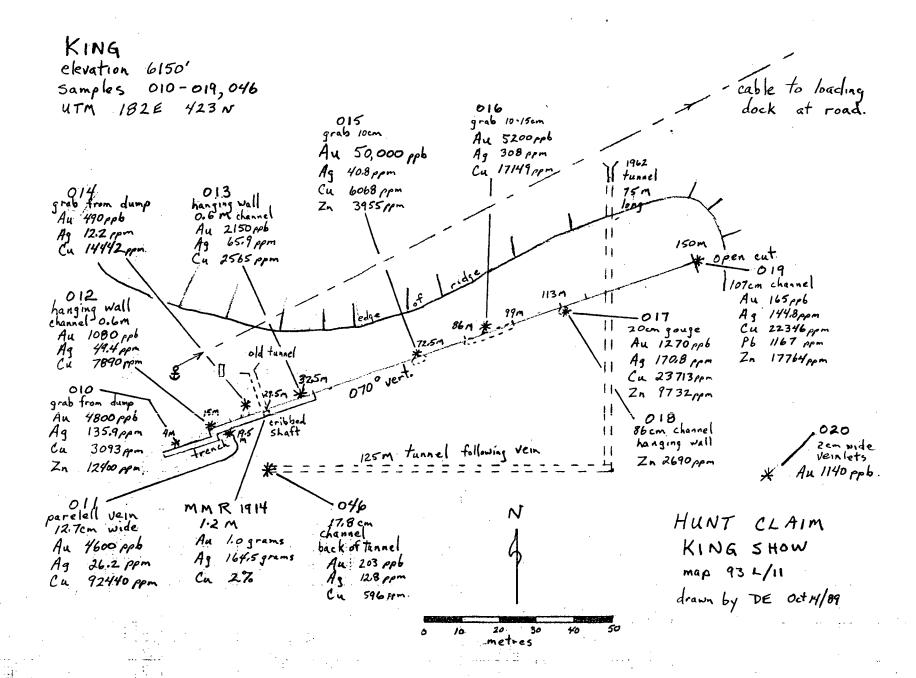
89 DE 019: At 150 meters there is a rock cut in the bluff. The vein is well exposed here. It is on average 1.83 meters wide. The main zone of mineralization is lenticular, the upper portion is 25cm, swelling to 1.22 meters in the central section, and shrinking to 0.6 meters near the bottom of the cut. Vertical exposure is approx. 2.5 metres. A channel sample over 107 cm width, in the central section carried pyrite, chalcopyrite, bornite, sphalerite, galena, tetrahedrite and qtz. A portion of the structure 15cm thick has the clayish gouge texture similar to # 017 again showing evidence of shearing. Au 165ppb, Ag 144.8ppm, Cu 22,346ppmb Zn 17,764ppm, Pb 1167ppm.

The vein at this point is lost in the overburden, however it was observed that a linear structure exists and continues across the valley, up the near vertical wall of the basin. There is a gossan in the upper 7/8 ths of this wall some 500 feet higher in elevation and approx. 600 metres distant. There appears to be a hole dug in the fissure below the gossan. The strike of the linear is 090'.

The area around 019 was investigated and mineralization was noted to the south about 60 meters, here there are numerous small veinlets 1-2cm cross hatching through the andesite bedrock.

89 DE 020: sample of veinlets cross hatching andesite. Predominantly magnetite, limonite and malachite. Strike 054' seems to dominate the cross hatching pattern.

Au 1140ppb.



RUN DATE: 88/08/12 MINISTRY OF ENERGY, MINES AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES MINERAL RESOURCES DIVISION - GEOLOGICAL SURVEY BRANCH RUN TIME: 01:11:21

MINEILE - REPORT

- Underground

Located on the southeast side of Hunter Basin, at the head of

Chalcocite

Specularite

Silver

MINEILE NO.: 093L 041

NATIONAL MINERAL INVENTORY NO.: 93L11 Cu4

6042334

618498

STRATIGRAPHIC AGE: Lower Jurassic

MINING DIVISION: Omineca

Tetrahedrite

Magnetite

UTM ZONE:

HITM NORTHING.

UTM EASTING:

Gold

PAGE .

Pyrite

NAME(S):

KING. JACKPOT. MEG. WEB

STATUS: N.T.S.: Past Producer 093L11F

LATITUDE: LONGITUDE: FIEVATION COMMENTS:

54 31 00 127 10 10 1900 Metres

Cabinet Creek. 21 kilometres south-southwest of Telkwa.

LOCATION ACCURACY:

Within 500 M

Pvrrhotite

Copper

0uartz Silicific'n

COMMODITIES:

SIGNIFICANT MINERALS: Bornite

ASSOCIATED MINERALS: ALTERATION TYPE(S). AGE OF MINERALIZATION: Unknown

DEPOSIT CHARACTER:

DEPOSIT CLASS.:

Vein Epigenetic

STRIKE/DIP: 65 10S Mineralized fissure vein infilling.

DOMINANT HOST ROCK: Volcanic

GROUP: Hazelton

COMMENTS:

FORMATION: Telkwa

STRATIGRAPHIC AGE: Upper Cretaceous

Chalcopyrite

Disseminated

Hydrothermal

Galena

IGNEOUS/METAMORPHIC/OTHER: Bulkley Intrusion LITHOLOGY: · Andesite

Rhyolite Tuff Araillite

Grevwacke Porphyritic Granite

Felsic Dyke

TECTONIC BELT: TERRANE:

PHYSIOGRAPHIC AREA:

Intermontane Stikinia Hazelton Ranges

Plutonic Rocks

GEOLOGY:

The claims are underlain by Lower to Middle Jurassic Hazelton Group volcanics comprised of andesitic to rhyolitic flows, tuffs, and breccia with minor intercalated sediments. To the south, the volcanics are intruded by a Late Cretaceous to Eocene porphyritic granite and associate satellitic felsite dykes. Mineralization occurs as disseminations and fissure vein fillings with the vein-type predominating. The mineralization includes bornite, chalcopyrite. chalcocite, and tetrahedrite with minor amounts of pyrite, pyrrhotite, galena, specularite, and magnetite.

On the King claim a silicified fracture zone 15 to 61 centimetres

MINFILE NO.: 093L 041 CONTINUED... 5 T

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# MINISTRY OF ENERGY, MINES AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES MINERAL RESOURCES DIVISION - GEOLOGICAL SURVEY BRANCH MINFILE - REPORT

PAGE:

950

wide, striking north 65 degrees east and dipping very slightly to the southeast, is heavily mineralized with bornite, chalcopyrite, tetrahedrite, and specularite with minor magnetite in pockets or irregular lenses. In 1915, a whole vein sample 1.2 metres in width assayed 1.0 grams per tonne gold, 164.5 grams per tonne silver, and 2.0 per cent copper. Also a sample from the "West showing", the western end of the vein, comprised of bornite mixed with magnetite assayed 6.8 grams per tonne gold, 884.5 grams per tonne silver, and 29.0 per cent copper.

In 1940, 41 tonnes of ore was mined and 6.3 tonnes were shipped and produced 240 grams of gold, 4183 grams of silver and copper. In 1941, 225 tonnes were mined and produced 7166 grams gold, 193,779 grams silver and copper. Production from the King and Rainbow (093L 044) claims for the period 1915 to 1941 totals 269 tonnes of sorted ore which produced 8160 grams gold, 283,366 grams silver, and 42710 kilograms copper.

In 1962, Canadian Mining Co. Inc., shipped 24.5 tonnes of ore which produced 8160 grams gold, 283,366 grams silver, and 1647 kilograms copper.

**BIBLIOGRAPHY:** 

EMPR AR 1904-102; 1905-83,126; 1906-98; 1908-64; 1909-85; \*1911-111; \*1914-219; \*1925-139,140; 1939-99; \*1940-74,84; 1941-72; 1962-A46; \*1967-91
EMPR ASS RPT \*1086

GSC SUM RPT 1906, p. 40; \*1915, p. 64

EMPR MAP 69-1

EMPR MAP 09-1

EMR MP CORPFILE (Hunter Basin Mines Ltd.)

GSC MAP 971A GSC OF 351

GSC P 44-23

DATE CODED: 850724 DATE REVISED: 870806 CODED BY: GSB REVISED BY: LLC FIELD CHECK: NO

FIELD CHECK: NO

MINFILE NO.: 093L 041

#### RAINBOW SHOW

The Rainbow has had considerable work in the past. During the 1914 mining phase of this property, ore had been extracted in two locations.

The vein in this instance is a shattered zone, occurring in a porphyritic lava rock which in composition is somewhat of a diabase. This shattered zone can be up to 6 meters wide, and has been mineralized with chalcopyrite, bornite, and specularite, which occur in bunches, lenses, and fracture fills. In places there are 0.6 m. of solid ore, principally copper.

A number of open cuts and trenchs have exposed mineralization, there is also the remnant of a shaft that was 10 feet deep. Apparently in this shaft there are two pay streaks of ore ranging from one to two feet wide separated by a four foot strip of waste. An average sample from the dump assayed Au 0.06oz., Ag 5 oz., Cu 2.9%.

North of the shaft there is a large open cut, there has been stripping and underhand stoping, to get at a small seam of ore a few inches wide said to be very rich copper silver ore.

A characteristic of the Rainbow show is the considerable quantity of specularite exposed along fractures and disseminated in the rock. There are also epidote and quartz bubbles in the red volcanics.

The Rainbow is south west from camp at the road head; UTM coordinates 6042634 N - 618131 E.

After initially locating the show and assessing sample density, it was determined to set out a small grid 85 meters long to aid in sketches and sample locations. The 0 meter is located at the first visible occurrence of mineral which is along the ridge in a small saddle, it is a quartz carbonate zone, and the line travels on a bearing of 020'.

89 DE 021: There is a large fracture system on the ridge west of camp, the rock is best seen on the west side of the ridge, here it is a deep steep gulley. Elevation 5800 ft. Bearing 290' to a pond and it's outflow located in the west side of Hunter Basin. Fractures are common, specularite abundant, sometimes mixed with the copper minerals. Sample 021 is a grab of a fracture fill 7.6 cm wide containing specularite, chalcopyrite, bornite. Strike 093'vert. 021 is 84 meters on the mini grid.

Au 3850ppb, Ag 523ppm, Cu 15,925ppm.

89 DE 022: at the 64 meter mark, channel sample over 0.6 meters, strike 064' vertical. Hemetite, magnetite, bornite, and chalcopyrite.

Au 4800ppb, Ag 260ppm, Cu 23,866ppm.

89 DE 023: at 26 meters from saddle in ridge [0m], channel sample 1.0 meters wide, strike 297'@ 45'N. Magnetite, specularite, pyrite, chalcopyrite. Near 0.6m of solid iron mineralization. Large zone of altered volcanics trending north while the mineral appears to be following the bedding.

Au 3100ppb, Ag 29ppm, Cu 7541ppm, Fe 135,630ppm.

89 DE 024: at 59 meters, old tunnel presently caved in, sample is a grab from the dump where several tons of ore are piled. "Apparently in this shaft there are two pay streaks of ore ranging from one to two feet wide separated by a four foot strip of waste. An average sample from the dump assayed Au 0.06oz., Ag 5 oz., Cu 2.9%" [1915 annual report Minister of Mines]. Bornite, chalcopyrite, chalcocite, specularite, pyrite, and quartz. Au 820ppb, Ag 194.3ppm Cu 37,865ppm, Fe 180,900ppm.

Intense weather, high winds, rain, sleet, blinding snow, made difficult working conditions. While seeking shelter in the lee of the wind a large trench was located on the ridge top. This is the main Rainbow show. "North of the shaft there is a large open cut, there has been stripping and underhand stoping, to get at a small seam of ore a few inches wide said to be very rich copper silver ore." [M of M annual report 1915.]
"A fracture zone with quartz infilling in a shattered porphyritic volcanic rock hosts mineralization up to 6 meters in width. Mineralization consists of chalcopyrite, bornite, specularite, which occur as irregular bunches or lenses." [minfile 93L 044].

89 DE 025: at 84 meters, grab sample of concentrated mineral within the 6 meter mineral zone chalcopyrite, bornite, specularite.

Au 605ppb, Ag 467.3ppm, Cu 35,960ppm.

89 DE 026: at 84 meters, grab sample of concentrated mineral within the 6 meter mineral zone chalcopyrite, bornite, specularite.

Au 403ppb, Ag 119.5ppm, Cu 11,674ppm.

RAINBOW SHOW elevation 5800 ft samples 89 DE 021-026 64m 59m 15 UTM 182E 426N top of ridge grab 9055an 403 ppb carbonate 9tg venlets Ag 119.5 ppm numerous, cutting across ridge 11674 ppm annel 1.0 m Ag 467.3 ppm caved in 3100 pp6 Cu 35960 ppm tunnel 29 ppm grab from dump Cu + Fe Au 820 pp6 7541 ppm East Ag 194.3ppm Cu 37865 ppm 022 hannel o.bm hem. mag. Cpy 7.6cm Specularite 4800 ppb Au Au 3850 pph 260 ppm Ag 523 ppm .23866 ppm HUNT CLAIM Cu 15925 ppm RAINBON SHOW CROSS SECTION Map 93 L/11 very steep shute drawn by DE Oct 12/89

RUN DATE: 88/08/12 RUN TIME: 01:11:21

MINFILE NO.: 093L 044

MINISTRY OF ENERGY, MINES AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES MINERAL RESOURCES DIVISION - GEOLOGICAL SURVEY BRANCH

- Underground

Silver

MINFILE - REPORT

NATIONAL MINERAL INVENTORY NO.: 93L11 Cu4

6042634

618131

STRATIGRAPHIC AGE: Lower Jurassic

MINING DIVISION: Omineca

Specularite

UTM ZONE:

UTM NORTHING:

Gold

UTM EASTING:

NAME(S):

RAINBOW. HUNTER BASIN

STATUS:

Past Producer

N.T.S.: 093L11E

LATITUDE: I DNGTTUDE:

COMMENTS:

54 31 127 10 1524 Metres ELEVATION

Located on the southeast side of Hunter Basin, at the head of Cabinet Creek. 21 kilometres south-southwest of Telkwa. The claim adjoins the King (093L 041) which is south at a higher elevation.

Chalcopyrite

Disseminated

Hydrothermal

Within 500 M

LOCATION ACCURACY:

Copper

COMMODITIES: SIGNIFICANT MINERALS: Bornite

Quartz ASSOCIATED MINERALS:

AGE OF MINERALIZATION: Unknown DEPOSIT CHARACTER:

DEPOSIT CLASS.:

Vein

Epigenetic

DOMINANT HOST ROCK:

Volcanic

GROUP: Hazelton

FORMATION: Telkwa

STRATIGRAPHIC AGE: Upper Cretaceous IGNEOUS/METAMORPHIC/OTHER: Bulkley Intrusion

Chalcocite

LITHOLOGY:

Rhvolite Tuff Breccia **Argillite** Greywacke

Andesite

Porphyritic Granite

Felsic Dyke

TECTONIC BELT:

Intermontane Stikinia

TERRANE: PHYSIOGRAPHIC AREA:

Hazelton Ranges

Plutonic Rocks

GEOLOGY:

The Rainbow claim is underlain by Lower to Middle Jurassic Hazelton Group volcanics comprised of red, purple, green to grey andesitic to rhyolitic flows, tuffs, and breccia with minor intercalated sediments. The volcanics are intruded by a Late Cretaceous to Eocene porpyritic granitic stock and felsite dykes.

A fracture zone with quartz infilling in a shattered porphyritic volcanic rock hosts mineralization up to 6 metres in width. Mineralization consists of chalcopyrite, bornite, and specularite which occur as irregular bunches or lenses. Approximately 5.4 tonnes of ore taken from a 3 metre shaft along this vein in 1914, assayed 2.0 grams per tonne gold, 171.4 grams per tonne silver, and

2.9 per cent copper.

MINFILE NO.: 093L 044 CONTINUED... В С 5 Y S Ε RUN DATE: 88/08/12 RUN TIME: 01:11:21 MINISTRY OF ENERGY, MINES AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES MINERAL RESOURCES DIVISION - GEOLOGICAL SURVEY BRANCH

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MINFILE - REPORT

Production from the King (093L 041) and Rainbow claims (listed under Hunter Basin) for the period 1915-1941 totalled 269 tonnes of sorted ore which produced 8160 grams gold, 283,366 grams silver, and 42,710 kilograms copper.

BIBLIOGRAPHY:

EMPR AR 1904-102; 1905-83,127; \*1906-98; 1908-64; 1909-85; 1911-111;

\*1914-219; \*1925-140

GSC SUM RPT 1906, pp. 40-41

EMPR MAP 69-1 GSC P 44-23 GSC DF 351

DATE CODED: 850724 DATE REVISED: 870806 CODED BY: GSB REVISED BY: LLC FIELD CHECK: NO FIELD CHECK: NO

MINFILE NO.: 093L 044

C SYSTEMS

#### MOHOCK SHOW

At this show mineral occurs in a dyke of reddish brecciated volcanic rock lying between highly chloritized greenish andesites. The dyke hosts disseminated bornite, chalcopyrite and tetrahedrite across a width of 1.2 to 1.5 metres. The only work noted here has been open cuts. A sample across the dyke where it is 3 ft.6in. wide assayed Au 0.08 oz. Ag 20.6 oz. Cu 5.4% [1914].

Roaming the hillside east of camp a gossan of carbonate colouring is seen across the creek and 100 metres east. There is evidence of some digging, and a trail that leads to the bottom hole. There was only one small piece of float heavy with malachite, however following the gossan uphill other slight depressions were noted spaced approx. 20 meters apart from each other. Most likely previous sample pits. The fourth pit approx. 60 m from the first contained sufficient hygrade to sample.

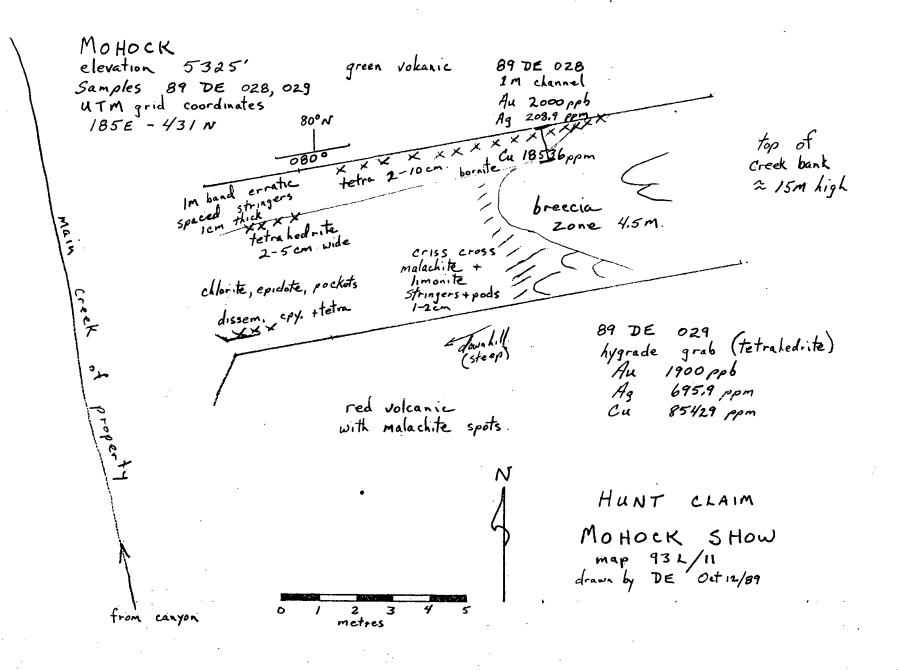
89 DE 027: 150 metres east of camp. Grab sample of float coming from small sample hole #4. Assuming vein to be small 4-5 cm, overburden difficulties. General trend of gossan is 090'. Bornite in quartz. Au 7000ppb, Ag 775.2ppm, Cu 106,033ppm.

Further prospecting on the east side of the creek traveling north produced little mineralization a few small pieces of malachite float, until returning to the creek bed area where increases in the float train lead to the Mohock show which is on the east bank of the creek approx. 15 metres above water level. Strike 080' 80'N.

89 DE 028: elevation 5325 ft. UTM 185 E--431 N Breccia zone 4.5 metres with disseminated Cu minerals, approx. 1 metre of hygrade Cu ore. Sample is channel over the 1 metre, bornite, chalcopyrite, tetrahedrite.

Au 2000ppb, Ag 208.9ppm, Cu 18,536ppm.

89 DE 029: same location as 028, sample is selected hygrade of tetrahedrite and bornite. Au 1900ppb, Ag 695.9ppm, Cu 85,429ppm.



#### IDAHO SHOWING

The Idaho show at an elevation of 5250 ft.

UTM coordinates 193 E - 440 N. Bornite and chalcopyrite occur sparingly over better than 1 metre width. The host rock is amygdaloidal andesite. A shaft has been dug that is 2.4 metres deep. Apparently another shaft exists that is 5.5 metres deep but reconnaissance of the area did not find it. There are several narrow clefts in the vicinity approx. 2 m deep and 50 m long, they parallel the vein trend of 070'. Five sample pits were dug in the past, now caved in, one of which was the prospect hole mentioned above.

An overview of the area occurred first and sampling was done on the return.

89 DE 030: past the main Idaho show easterly at the same elevation, at a drainage gulley, no stream sediments were available so a soil sample was taken. No anomalous values were obtained.

A mini grid was established to tie it together 122m. starting from the 1 st hole [most west].

89 DE 031: 122 metres vein trend 070' showing appears to be an extension of the main, it is in one of the narrow clefts, along its north wall. Strike is approx. 040 @ 66' SE. Disseminations and fracture fills of bornite and chalcopyrite over 1 metre. Sample is a grab due to overburden. Au 120ppb, Ag 13.3ppm, Cu 25,422ppm.

89 DE 032: 50 m. #4 pit on the Idaho, channel sample 1.0 metres wide, bornite and chalcopyrite with quartz.

Au 20,000ppb, Ag 60ppm, Cu 6863ppm.

89 DE 033: 36 m. #3 pit, 1.2 metre channel bornite and chalcopyrite with quartz. Au 795ppb, Aq 18ppm, Cu 13,815ppm.

IDAHO SHOW. elevation 5250ft Samples 89 DE 031, 032, 033 UTM grid coordinates 193 - 440

narrow clefts in area 22 A deep 5DM long natural occurance paretell to vein trend cross cutting slope of Lill

Muister of Mines Report 1914 - prospect hole 8ft deep 3-4ft mineralization 50 M

andesite (amygdaloidal)

OM

89 DE 032 1.2 M channel 1.0 m channel 20,000 ppb \* Au 795ppb 18 ppm 60 ppm Cu 13815 ppm. 6863 ppm.

89 DE 031 7 120 000 13.3 ppm 25422 ppm

122 M

HUNT CLAIM. IDAHO SHOW map 93 L 11 drawn by DE Oct 12/89

metres

RUN DATE: 88/08/12 MINISTRY OF ENERGY, MINES AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES 947 RUN TIME: 01:11:21 MINERAL RESOURCES DIVISION - GEOLOGICAL SURVEY BRANCH MINFILE - REPORT

MINFILE NO.: 093L 040

NATIONAL MINERAL INVENTORY NO.: 93L11 Cu4

6044212

MINING DIVISION: Omineca

UTM ZONE:

UTM NORTHING:

Gold

NAME(S):

IDAHO, MOHOCK

STATUS: N.T.S.:

Showing 093L11E

LATITUDE: LONGITUDE:

54 32 00 127 09 20 1623 Metres FLEVATION

COMMENTS:

UTM EASTING: 619349 Located on the southeast side of Cabinet Creek in Hunter Basin.

approximately 20 kilometres south-southeast of Telkwa.

LOCATION ACCURACY:

Within 500 M

COMMODITIES:

Copper

Silver

Chalcopyrite

SIGNIFICANT MINERALS: Bornite ASSOCIATED MINERALS:

Quartz Chlorite ALTERATION MINERALS: Chloritic ALTERATION TYPE(S): AGE OF MINERALIZATION: Unknown

DEPOSIT CHARACTER: DEPOSIT CLASS.:

Epigenetic

Disseminated Hydrothermal

STRIKE/DIP: 55 80S

COMMENTS:

Mineralized quartz vein on the Idaho claim.

DOMINANT HOST ROCK:

Volcanic

GROUP: Hazelton

FORMATION: Telkwa

STRATIGRAPHIC AGE: Lower Jurassic

IGNEOUS/METAMORPHIC/OTHER: Bulkley Intrusion

LITHOLOGY:

Andesite

Rhyolite

Amvadaloidal Andesite

Tuff Breccia

Porphyritic Andesite

Felsic Dyke

TECTONIC BELT:

Intermontane

TERRANE:

Stikinia Hazelton Ranges Plutonic Rocks

STRATIGRAPHIC AGE: Upper Cretaceous

PHYSIOGRAPHIC AREA:

GEOLOGY:

The claims are underlain by Lower to Middle Jurassic Hazelton Group volcanics comprised of andesitic to rhyolitic flows, tuffs, and breccia with minor intercalated sediments. South of the claims a Late Cretaceous to Eocene porphyritic granitic stock intrudes the volcanics with associated felsite dykes.

The Idaho workings at elevation 1623 metres, consists of a 2.5 metre hole in amygdaloidal andesite which hosts minor bornite and chalcopyrite. To the south, a quartz vein up to 30 centimetres in width strikes north 55 degrees east and dips steeply southeast. Mineralization consists of bornite over 2.5 to 10 centimetres width

> MINFILE NO.: 093L 040 CONTINUED...

RUN DATE: 88/08/12 RUN TIME: 01:11:21

MINISTRY OF ENERGY, MINES AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES MINERAL RESOURCES DIVISION - GEOLOGICAL SURVEY BRANCH

MINFILE - REPORT

on the hanging wall.

The Mohock adjoins the Idaho farther up the hill. The Mohock showing is a breccia zone striking south 85 degrees east in highly chloritized, green andesite. The reddish, brecciated dyke rock hosts disseminated bornite and chalcopyrite across a width of 1.2 to 1.5 metres. In 1914, a sample taken across 1.0 metres assayed 2.7 grams per tonne gold, 706.3 grams per tonne silver, and 5.4 per cent copper.

**BIBLIOGRAPHY:** 

EMPR AR 1904-102; 1905-84; 1908-64; 1909-85; 1911-112; \*1914-219; \*1925-140

EMPR MAP 69-1 GSC MAP 971A GSC OF 351 GSC P 44-23

DATE CODED: 850724 DATE REVISED: 870806 CODED BY: GSB

REVISED BY: LLC

FIELD CHECK: NO FIELD CHECK: NO

MINFILE NO.: 093L 040

PAGE:

948

С 5 S T E

#### UPPER WEST SHOWINGS

A traverse was made in the north west quadrant of the claim block above Hunter basin, between elevations 6000 - 7300 ft. In several places there were trenches dug with a machine, and evidence of a grid. Large gossan zones colour the ridges.

89 DE 034: 7100 ft. below the peak in the 90' corner of Hunter basin. Large gossan, pyrite in rhyolite some pyrrhotitte and quartz as veinlets and some silicification. No anomolous results.

89 DE 035: 7000 ft. 3 cat push trenches in a series. Quartz and pyrite vein float from the trench 4 cm. thick. UTM 179 - 418.
No anomolous results.

89 DE 036: 6800 ft. over the ridge into Hunter basin proper checking on the gossan which exists just below the ridge. The rock here is a brown volcanic with limonite staining, some pyrite crystals, there is no malachite in the outcrop, however the copper stain exists in the talus above the o/c. Structure is trending 340' dipping 44'west Sample is a grab of the gossan material.

Au 1700ppb, Ag 6.7ppm, Cu 624ppm.

89 DE 037: just above 036, 9 metres, 2 cm vein of qtz. pyr. and malachite. 344' @ 40' east, opposite dip to 036. Best grab sample is actually float picked up below the vein.

Au 1020ppb, Ag 45.4ppm, Cu 9327ppm, Zn 4269ppm.

89 DE 038: 6800 ft. UTM 178-421, 4.6 metres above 037, malachite in vuggy green epidote mash, within red volcanics, 3-5 cm wide.
Au 280ppb, Ag 6.4ppm, Cu 1459ppm.

89 DE 039: 6700 ft. along same ridge, something is happening with the rock structure here that requires a geologist to look into, the authour's assumption is that the two principal structures that carry ore meet here, the Rainbow and the King. Copper minerals appear in hairline fractures in altered rock which have quartz intrusions up to 10 cm.

Amygdaloidal andesite [red], and a bleached green andesite-rhyolite? [coarse grained sandy like volcanic].

Au 6600ppb, Ag 18.8ppm, Cu 5318ppm, Zn 2204ppm

89 DE 040 : vuggy quartz vein, 240'@ 60'N, channel

sample over 56 cm, in altered red volcanic. No anomolous results.

#### UPPER WEST SHOW

89 DE 041: continuing along same ridge that forms upper edge of Hunter basin, UTM 178-423. elevation 6600 ft. A small saddle in the ridge has a carbonate coloured gossan in it's bottom, 3 metres further downhill a vein is noted, 340' vertical and 20 cm. wide. Sample is a channel of the 20 cm. Au 3000ppb, Ag 44.3ppm, Cu 12,875ppm.

89 DE 042: 20 metres north and 15 metres downhill and along the edge of the sharp pinnacle a substantial showing is found 4 metres wide. This mineral zone has extensive fracture filling and massive mineralization. Strike 344' vertical. Interesting crystals of magnetite are within the massive band along with bornite. The mineral is hosted by red volcanics, turning to brown volc. in the vein, it is strongly fractured. The sample is a channel over 0.6 metres on the north side of the vein, dense magnetite, bornite, and sphalerite.

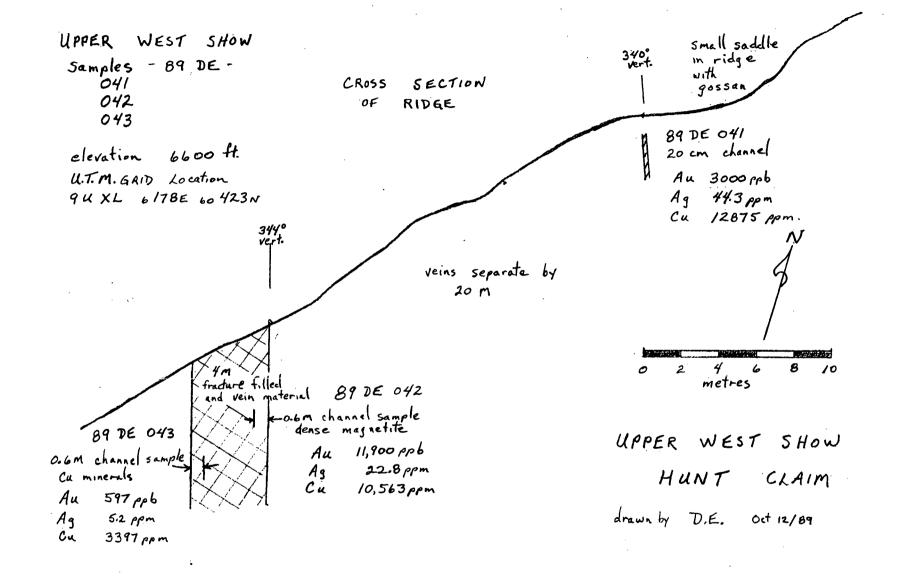
Au 11,900ppb, Ag 22.8ppm, Cu 10,563ppm, Zn 3852ppm.

89 DE 043: same vein, sample is from the south side of the vein, and is a channel over 0.6 metres, of the fracture filled area, mainly copper mineral. Au 597ppb, Ag 5.2ppm, Cu 3397ppm, Zn 2475ppm.

From the vantage point on this ridge it appears that the strong linear which is visible as a gossan extends from just below the Hunter peak and travels at 340 degrees passing through this upper west show, coming very close and parallel to the Rainbow show and extending further across Cabinet creek and up the valley to the old workings on the H.B. show. The regional 340' and 070' linears appear to have played an important role in the deposition of mineral in this locale. It is suggested that the area north of the Rainbow that is buried beneath overburden near the creek be given attention in further exploration programs.

89 DE 044: UTM 176-424 elev. 6450 ft. Malachite in small pit along ridge N.W. of upper west show, tetrahedrite?
Au 125ppb, Ag 66.7ppm, Cu 29,097ppm.

89 DE 045: UTM 175-424. elev. 6352 ft. Stream sediment first creek west of ridge. No anomolous results.



### TUNNEL

The tunnel from the 1961 mining operations was investigated, it is 75 metres from the headframe to the point the tunnel meets the vein. Turning west the tunnel follows the vein for 125 metres. Generally the vein is between 15 cm and 61 cm; the tunnel itself is 1.8 \* 2.1 metres dimension, small stopes exist, and the vein splits in two separated by a metre in the middle section.

89 DE 046: at the back wall of the tunnel, a channel sample over 18 cm. chalcopyrite, pyrite, qtz, calcite. Au 203ppb, Ag 12.8ppm Cu 596ppm.

#### WEST SHOWING

Returned to King show to check for westward extension of King towards the Upper West show. Approximately 200 metres west of the King there is a small pinnacle along a ridge. Upon approaching this area a considerable amount of malachite was noted which lead to a mineral zone approx. 20 \* 30 metres in dimension. Six veins were sampled in this zone. See the accompanying diagram for the relative positions of each vein. Elevation 6250 ft. UTM 180 E - 423 N.

- 89 DE 047: channel over 0.6 metre, strike 077' @ 65' S. Chalcopyrite in quartz.

  Au 1100ppb, Ag 19.4ppm, Cu 5376ppm, Zn 1411ppm.
- 89 DE 048: channel over 1.0 metre, strike 185' @ 58' W. Bornite, chalcopyrite, pyr., sphalerite, qtz. Au 560ppb, Ag 126.7ppm, Cu 34,893ppm, Zn 14,637ppm.
- 89 DE 049: channel over 0.6 metre, strike 225' @ 72' S. Bornite, chalcopyrite, pyrite, magnetite tetrahedrite.
- Au 2750ppb, Ag 22.2ppm, Cu 12,457ppm, Zn 1234ppm.
- 89 DE 050: channel over 1.5 metres, strike 344' vertical. there is 3 metres of mineralization here most of which is fracture fills and disseminations with a 30 60 cm. massive section. Chalcopyrite, bornite, pyrite, specularite, magnetite.

  Au 1450ppb, Ag 210ppm, Cu 32,360ppm, Zn 1848ppm, Pb 1130ppm.
- 89 DE 051: grab sample from a vein approx. 0.6 metres wide. Chalcopyrite, pyrite, sphalerite, qtz. Au 184ppb, Ag 34.8ppm, Cu 4675ppm, Zn 5038ppm.
- 89 DE 052: channel over 0.3 metres, strike 250' vertical,. Chalcopyrite in qtz. Au 1020ppb, Ag 10.1ppm, Cu 2786ppm.

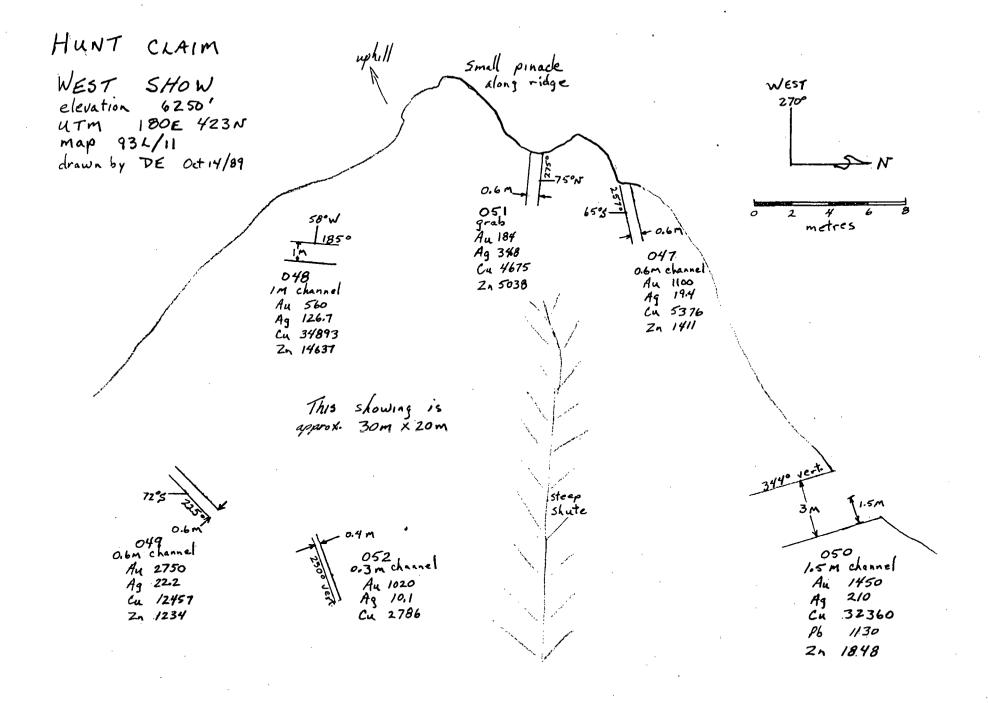
Leave the West show heading downhill.

89 DE 053: undefined vein structure in a old trench at 6100 ft., behind [uphill] the King 75 metres. 010' strike? Pyrite, chalcopyrite, qtz. with epidote. UTM 181-423. Au 126ppb, Ag 66.3ppm, Cu 32,111ppm, Zn 2922ppm.

89 DE 054: 20 cm vein, strike 275' vertical. UTM 183-428. Likely extension of the Rainbow mineralization, 150 metres downhill towards the road from the Rainbow show. 5725 ft. elev. Specularite and chalcopyrite in calcite, channel over 20 cm. Pinch and swell.

Au 6000ppb, Ag 100.5ppm, Cu 48,219ppm.

The general bedding trend is 160-170' @ 20-30' southwest.



# AUTHOUR'S STATEMENT

I, Daniel Ethier am a Prospector, with residence at 3644 3rd ave., Box 184, Smithers B.C. VOJ-2NO.

I have worked in exploration activities since 1979.

I have been an independent prospector since 1983.

I have worked as a prospector for Tom Richard's Prospecting, 1986 -1988.

I am a graduate of the Advanced Prospecting Course of Malaspina College 1987.

I am sole owner and operator of Ethier Exploration.

# STATEMENT OF COSTS

July 25 - 30 1989.

D. Ethier prospector,	6 days @ \$200./day	1200.00
Camp, supplies, grocerie	es,	
	6 days @ \$90./day	540.00
3/4 ton 4X4 truck	6 days @ \$50./day	300.00
All terrain vehicle	6 days @ \$20./day	120.00
Geochemical analysis	44 samples	799.25
Report preparation		200.00
Drafting, typing		200.00
		3359.25

# TOTAL APPLICABLE TO ASSESSMENT REPORT

\$ 3,359.25

# APPENDIX A

Rock Geochem.

Soil Geochem.

COMP: VAN ALPHEN EXPLORATION PROJ:

# MIN-EN LABS — ICP REPORT

705 WEST 15TH ST., NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C. V7M 1T2

ATTN: MR.VAN ALPHEN/MR.ETHIER

(604)980-5814 OR (604)988-4524

FILE NO: 9S-0106-RJ1+2 DATE: AUG-07-89

\* TYPE ROCK GEOCHEM \* (ACT:F31)

SA	MPLE	AG	AL	AS			BE B		CD		CU	FE	K	LI	MG	MN			NI	Р	PB			TH 1		/ ZN		SN	W CR	AU
	JMBER DE010	PPM 135.9	7900	PPM 1			9 1		98.5	PPM 66	3093	PPM 248770	230	PPM 5	6250	4059	PPM F	40 P		PPM 200	180	PPM F	PPM PI	PM PPI	1 PPI 1 57.3		PPM 1	PPM I	PPM PPM 1 1	PPB 4800
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89	DE013	65.9	40350 16210	12 98		12 1	.3 9	0 20590	14.2	53	25651	68770 137240	440	37	40810 15220	7563 2928	19	20	86	580 220	140 80	33 14	11	1		5 511	2	2 1	4 233 2 96	2150 490
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89	DE017 DE018	170.8	26410 39050			24 1. 8 1.	.1 9	0 4150 0 20170	145.7 33.7	37 43	23713 4105	65900 60050	550	22	31150	16488 7268	22 8	20	87	580 600	315 217	55 7	9 17		1 112.2	2690	4	3	3 206 3 206	6
	DE019 DE020	144.8 3.0	40610 8910	16 15		17 1 38 1	.2 14 .1	1 5150 6 2800	159.2 3.6			112760 153360		33	33580 2240	7381 488	20			740 260	1167 36	29 1	12 18	1	1 126.9	7 17764 7 534	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	3 191 1 27	165 1140
89	DE021 DE022	523.0 260.1	2240	75 22	8 1	6	.6 33 .9 22	6 19100 8 17120	22.1 6.3	19 15	23866	168740 63930	410	1 8	1080 5700	668 1566	1	10 10	1	100 330	165 410	56 29	13	1	57.1 36.	102	1	1	4 1 1 60	3850 4800
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89	DE025 DE026	467.3 119.5	34380 27270	39 28	1	37 1 32 1	.0 3	8 35900	12.1	29	35960 11674	74960 86490			20940 16230	4227 2466	6	20	31	710 530	125 73	44 12	1	3	106.8	168	3	2	3 92 2 91	605 403
89	PDE027 PDE028	775.2 208.9	1180 15490	264 483		31		5 53100	17.0	29	106033 18526	48920 42010	1580		560 10370	1031 5189	17 6	30		380	366 90	21	22 1	3		253	2	5	6 36 2 139 3 93	7000 2000 1900
89	PDE029 PDE031	13.3	9470	204 11		34	• •	4 1150	3.3	15	85429 25422	33100 34890	1140	8	930 3190	1601 2150	4	80	9	590_ 680	139 57	21	5	1	1 44.6	204	<u>1</u>	1	1 68	120
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89	9DE041 9DE042	44.3	8510 13990	11 30	1		.9 1	0 1940			12875 10563	63260 109630		6	5250 9240	1119 2755	5 6	20 20		220 500	70 75	13	4	1	1 19.9		1 2	1	1 37	3000 11900
89	9DE043 9DE044	5.2 66.7	15570 3530	14 267	1	38 75	.9 .8	9 3020 2 440	25.2	16 26	3397 29097	39430 50220	1670	3	9920 570	3279 2225	4 1 <u>0</u>	30 20	9	540 310	48 554	31	5 4	1	1 20. 1 22.	5 2475 5 377	2 2 1	1	1 34 1 70	597 125
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COMP: VAN ALPHEN EXPLORATION PROJ:

ATTN: MR.VAN ALPHEN/MR.ETHIER

# MIN-EN LABS - ICP REPORT

705 WEST 15TH ST., NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C. V7M 1T2 (604)980-5814 OR (604)988-4524

FILE NO: 98-0106-SJ1

DATE: AUG-07-89

\* TYPE SOIL GEOCHEM \* (ACT:F31)

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