

REPORT ON THE
OTTO PROJECT
LIKELY AREA
CARIBOO MINING DIVISION
BRITISH COLUMBIA

20062

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OTTO PROJECT
LIKELY AREA
CARIBOO MINING DIVISION
BRITISH COLUMBIA

LOG NO: 0618	RD.
ACTION:	
FILE NO:	

Latitude 52 deg 38 min North, Longitude 121 deg 25 min West
NTS 93A/11W

for

Priority Ventures Ltd.
617 Lilac Ave.
Kamloops, B.C.

by

David A. Thompson, B.Sc.
Project Geologist

January 20, 1990

David A. Thompson, Consulting Geologist
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GEOLOGICAL BRANCH
ASSESSMENT REPORT

20,062

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

SUMMARY

1.0	INTRODUCTION	1 /
1.1	Location and Access	1 /
1.2	Physiography	1
1.3	Property and Ownership	2
2.0	HISTORY AND PREVIOUS WORK	2 /
3.0	GEOLOGY	3 /
3.1	Regional Geology	3 /
3.2	Property Geology	4 /
4.0	1989 DRILL PROGRAM	4 /
5.0	RESULTS	5 /
6.0	CONCLUSIONS	6 /
7.0	RECOMMENDATIONS	8 /

LIST OF APPENDICES

APPENDIX I	References ✓
APPENDIX II	Statement of Qualifications ✓
APPENDIX III	Diamond Drill Hole Logs ✓
APPENDIX IV	Geochemical Results for Diamond Drill Core Samples ✓
APPENDIX V	Statement of Costs ✓

LIST OF FIGURES

		After Page
Figure 1	General Location Map	1 ✓
Figure 2	Claim Map	2 ✓
Figure 3	Regional Geology Map	3 ✓
Figure 4 a, b	Property Geology and Drill Hole Locations	in pocket ✓
Figure 5(a, b, c)	Cross Sections: 1+84S, 2+30S, 2+80S	in pocket ✓

SUMMARY

In November 1989, a 1159 foot (294.4 m) diamond drilling program was carried out on the Otto, China and Boomer claim group, held by Mr. Peter Slominski and under option to Roper Resources Inc. and Priority Ventures Ltd. The claim group, consisting of 96 mineral claim units is located in the Cariboo Mining Division approximately eight kilometres northeast of Likely, B.C., between Blackbear and Collinsby Creeks.

The Likely area lies within the Quesnel Trough, a belt of volcanic and sedimentary rocks bounded to the west by the Pinchi Fault and to the east by the Omineca Crystalline Belt. The subject property is underlain predominantly by the basal argillite unit of the Quesnel Trough near the eastern contact with the Omineca Crystalline Belt. The argillite in the area of the main showings is highly graphitic and deformed with abundant quartz veining throughout. Veins reach over 30 feet in thickness in outcrop and are mineralized with galena and pyrite.

In 1988 the quartz veins of the main showings were sampled returning assays up to 66.5% Pb, 73.79 oz/ton Ag and 0.023 oz/ton Au. A follow-up geochemical soil sampling program over the area outlined a significant silver-lead anomaly over the main showings with results as high as 14.4 ppm Ag and 4000 ppm Pb.

The diamond drilling program attempted to test the below-surface extension of the mineralized quartz veins and determine the geometry of the geological structure at the main showing.

The drilling revealed a southwest dipping orientation for the host argillite unit. Several quartz-carbonate veins and quartz-carbonate flooded zones were intersected with sparse, patchy galena and pyrite mineralization. Significant silver-lead values were encountered in narrow zones of strong galena mineralization with assays up to 14.9 oz/ton Ag and 14.5% Pb.

The trend of mineralized quartz veining at the main showing remains open to the northwest and southeast. A grab sample of mineralized quartz vein was collected near 0+00S on the baseline which assayed 18.4 oz/ton Ag, 20.1% Pb and 0.002 oz/ton Au. It is recommended that the baseline be extended to the north and south with short (200 m) cross-lines. A program of VLF-EM geophysical surveying and geochemical soil sampling should be completed to further outline the trend of mineralization and quartz veining leading to the establishment of possible diamond drill hole targets. Trenching should be carried out in the area of 0+00S on the baseline to uncover the mineralized quartz vein sampled in this area.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Pursuant to a request by Mr. Terry P. Dobroshinsky, CMA of Priority Ventures Ltd. and Mr. Peter Slominski, owner of the claims, a 1159 foot (294.4 m) diamond drill program was conducted on the Otto, China and Boomer claim group during November 1989. The program was an attempt to confirm the presence at depth and determine the the dimensions of a major Pb - Ag -Au - bearing quartz vein outcropping on the western facing slope of the Otto claim. The surface exposure of the quartz vein is greater than 30 feet (7.62 m) in width and carries assays up to 66.5% Pb, 73.79 oz/ton Ag and 0.023 oz/ton Au in selected grab samples. A soil geochemical sampling program conducted in 1988 outlined a major silver-lead anomaly directly over the outcropping veins, with values reaching 14.4 ppm Ag and 4000 ppm Pb. The author traced the extent of the quartz vein(s) for over 1000 feet (254 m) along a strike of approximately 157 degrees. Diamond drill hole locations were chosen based on mineralized quartz vein outcrop localities, soil geochemical anomalies and road access.

1.2 Location and Access

The Otto, China and Boomer claims are located approximately eight kilometres northeast of Likely, British Columbia between Blackbear and Collinsby Creeks, south of the Cariboo River and three kilometres north of Spanish Lake (Figure 1). The claims are located on NTS map 93A/11W, centered on latitude 52 degrees 38 minutes North and longitude 121 degrees 25 minutes West, in the Cariboo Mining Division of British Columbia.

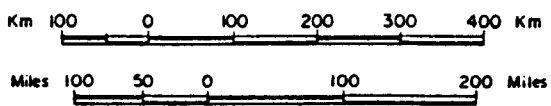
The claim group is accessed from Likely via good gravel roads along the Cariboo River, Spanish Creek and Poquette Lake to Blackbear Creek. The area of the main showings is along the eastern boundary of a recently logged cut-block and is accessed via a series of dirt roads by four-wheel-drive vehicle.

1.2 Physiography

The subject property is situated in the moderate relief Cariboo Mountains. The elevations range from 2000 feet above sea level on the Quesnel River to 4767 feet at Kangaroo Mountain, with the slopes and valleys heavily treed. Main streams and rivers have created deep, narrow valleys in a general east-west direction with tributaries flowing north-south. The majority of the area covered by the claims consists of the higher ground between Blackbear and



PROPERTY LOCATION



PRIORITY VENTURES LTD.
OTTO PROJECT
PROPERTY LOCATION MAP
CARIBOO MINING DIVISION
BRITISH COLUMBIA

Drawn: J.R.P.	Checked: J.R.P.	Plan No.
Scale: As shown	Date: JAN. 1990	1

Collinsby Creeks, including China Mountain. Vegetation is predominantly coniferous commercial forest with valleys hosting poplar and alder.

1.3 Property and Ownership

The Otto, China and Boomer claim group comprises seven mineral claims, totaling 96 units, held by Mr. Peter Slominski (Figure 2). Roper Resources Inc. has earned a 30% interest in the mineral claims by completing \$50,000 worth of exploration on the property and issuing 200,000 shares. Roper can earn a further 40% interest in the property by completing \$300,000 worth of exploration on the property and making a payment of \$75,000 to the vendor.

Priority Ventures Ltd. has entered into an agreement with Roper whereby Priority can earn a 7.5% interest in the property by completing \$70,000 worth of exploration on the property, making a payment of \$25,000 to the vendors and issuing 50,000 shares to Roper. These terms are subject to rules of the regulatory bodies, and are properly defined in a formal agreement.

The property is recorded at the British Columbia Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources as follows:

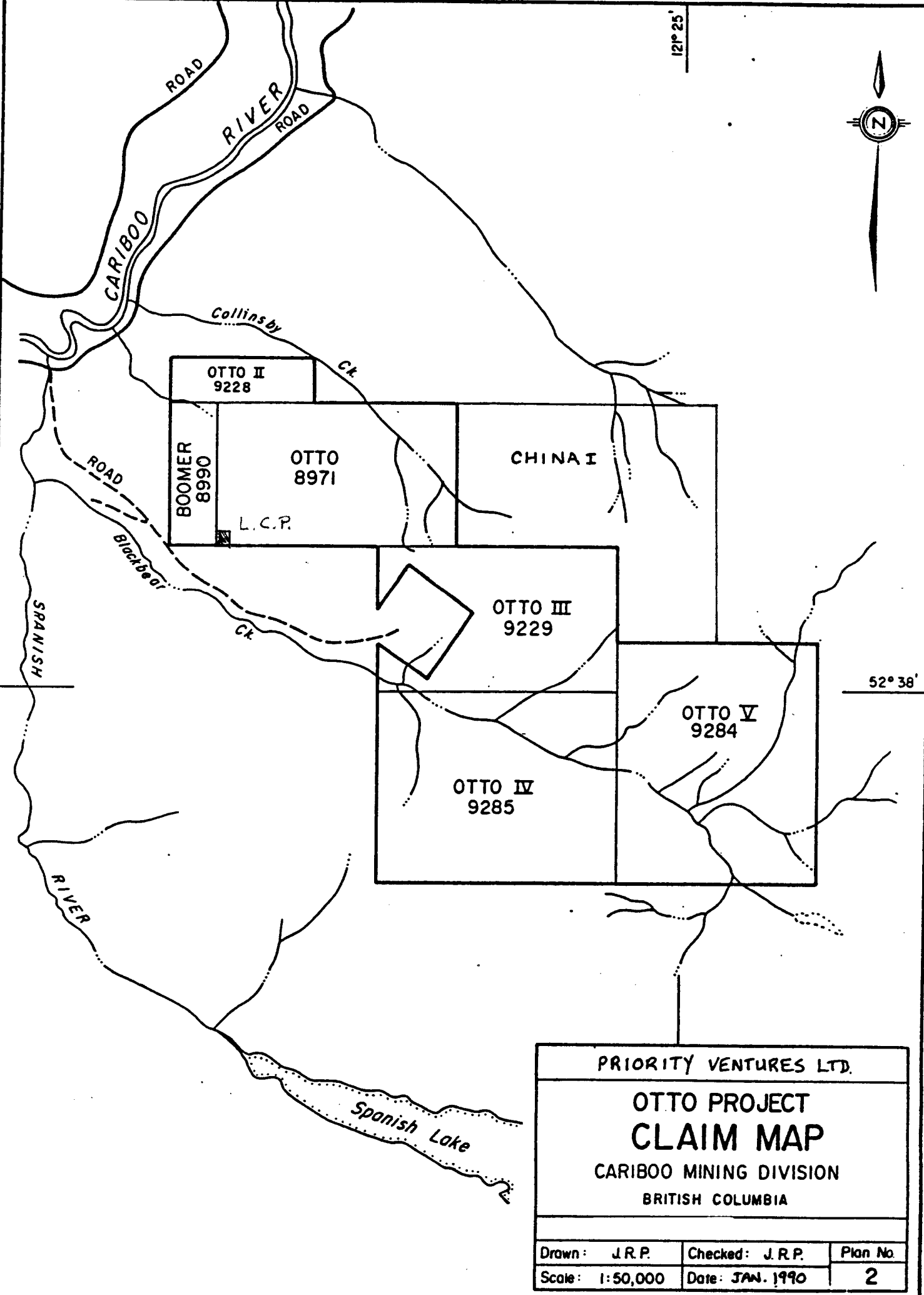
<u>CLAIM NAME</u>	<u>RECORD NO.</u>	<u>UNITS</u>	<u>RECORD DATE</u>
OTTO	8971	15	December 4, 1988
OTTO 2	9228	3	June 21, 1989
OTTO 3	9229	15	June 21, 1989
OTTO 4	9285	20	August 3, 1989
OTTO 5	9284	20	August 3, 1989
CHINA 1	9163	20	June 3, 1989
BOOMER	8990	3	January 27, 1989

2.0 HISTORY AND PREVIOUS WORK

A concise history of the exploration in the Cariboo District and the subject property itself is taken from Poloni (1988):

" The history of the Cariboo District was initiated by the migration of placer miners up the Fraser River in the late 1850's and the discovery of gold on the Quesnel River at Quesnel Forks in 1860. The gold rush is of particular importance since it brought a great influx of miners into the area. Initially, work was concentrated in the discovery and mining of easily accessible placer deposits and it wasn't until these were well developed and some exhausted before concentration was placed on the lode deposits of the area.

121° 25'



52° 38'

PRIORITY VENTURES LTD.		
OTTO PROJECT CLAIM MAP		
CARIBOO MINING DIVISION BRITISH COLUMBIA		
Drawn: J.R.P.	Checked: J.R.P.	Plan No.
Scale: 1:50,000	Date: JAN. 1990	2

Lode gold mineralization was reported as early as 1902 when placer miners drove tunnels on pyrite-bearing quartz veins near Freegold and Eureka Creeks. These areas were re-examined in the 1930's and at about the same time gold and galena-bearing quartz veins were discovered on Spanish Mountain southeast of Likely and at Mekee Lake, 5 kilometres west of Crooked Lake.

A Minister of Mines Report for 1926 describes the development of quartz veins with galena and silver. The veins are characterized by the occurrence of galena and pyrite with mineralization being in "bunches" so that selective mining can result in quantities of a few pounds or tons of selective high grade with interspersed lower grade materials. At that time, it was apparent that the galena carried about two ounces of silver per unit of lead.

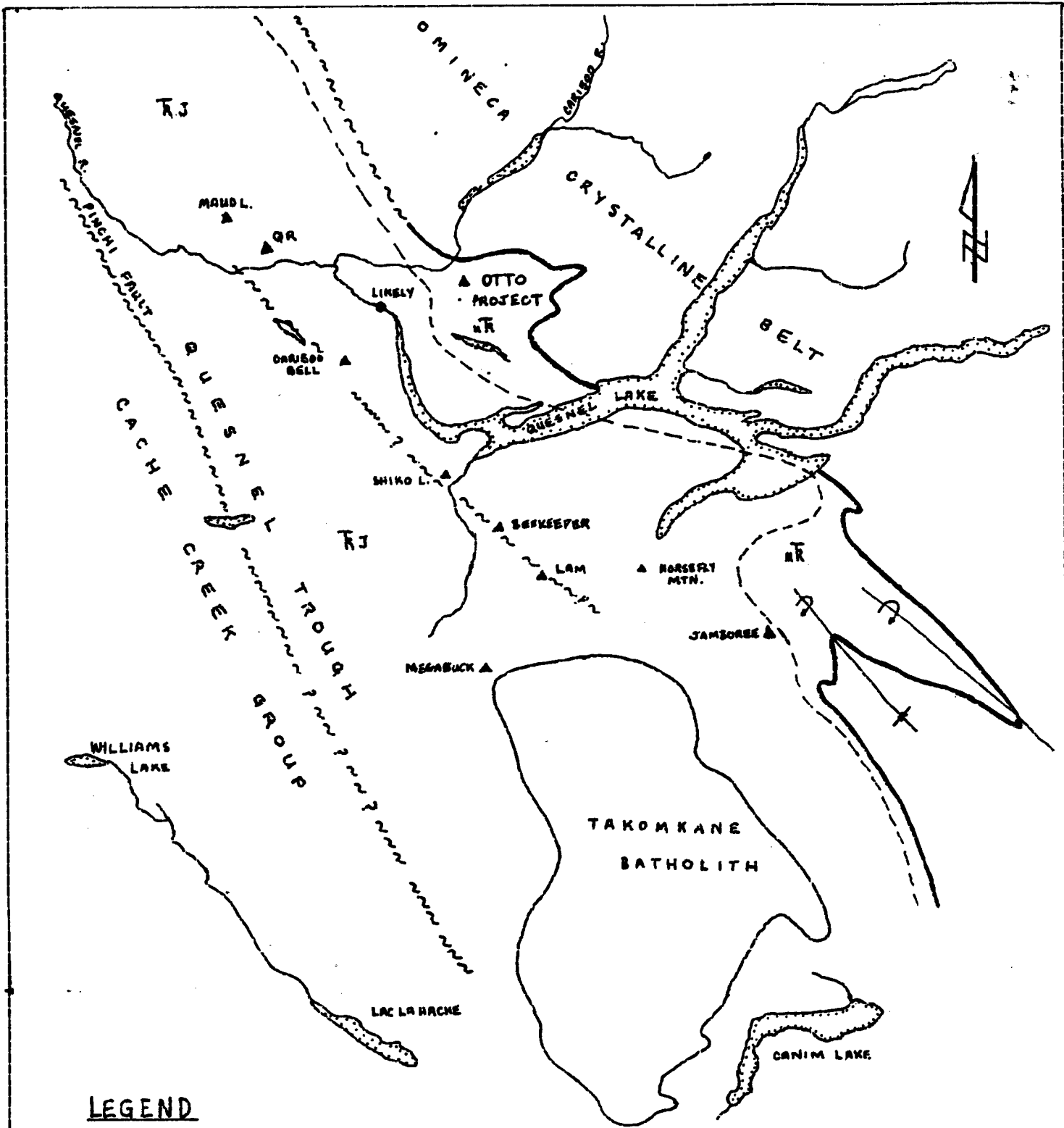
Very little work was undertaken on these veins as the major concentration in the area was for gold placer deposits. Minister of Mines Reports through the years mention the Blackbear Creek occurrences up to the late 1940's. The 1948 report describes the work of the Providence Mining and Milling Syndicate which held eight claims over the quartz veins. At that time, a 32 degree winze had been sunk for a slope distance of 100 feet, and at a point 90 feet down slope, a 300 foot crosscut driven. The 1949 report describes the shipment of 4.5 tons of sorted ore with gross contents of 319 oz Ag, 3,294 lbs. lead and 12 lbs. zinc. "

The Otto, China and Boomer claims were located in 1987, 1988, and 1989 to cover these veins and others recently examined. Several outcrop samples were collected from mineralized zones and barren quartz veins. A small soil geochemical sampling program was completed over the area of the main showings in 1988, resulting in the discovery of a major Ag/Pb anomaly outlined around the areas of mineralized quartz vein outcrops.

3.0 GEOLOGY

3.1 Regional Geology

The Likely area lies within the Quesnel Trough, a 35 km wide linear belt of early Mesozoic volcanic and sedimentary rocks extending from Canim Lake on the south, northwest to the town of Quesnel (Figure 3). The trough is bounded to the west by the Pinchi Fault which separates it from Paleozoic rocks of the Cache Creek Group. To the east the trough is bounded by the western margin of the Omineca Crystalline Belt. The trough is a possible island-arc assemblage, formed above an easterly dipping subduction zone at a plate margin.



LEGEND

- QUESNEL TROUGH
- UPPER TRIASSIC LOWER JURASSIC
- KJ** BRECCIAS, FLOWS, TUFF, SANDSTONE, CONGLOMERATE AND LIMESTONE, INCL. STOCKS, SILLS, DYKES
- UPPER TRIASSIC
- UR** ARGILLITE, ADGITE PORPHYRY BRECCIA TUFFS, POSS. DYKES AND SILLS
- ▲ MINERAL SHOWINGS AND DEPOSITS
- == GEOLOGICAL CONTACTS
- ~ ~ FAULTS

FROM POLONI, 1988

PRIORITY VENTURES LTD.	
OTTO PROJECT	
REGIONAL GEOLOGY & MINERAL SHOWINGS	
SCALE: AS SHOWN	FIGURE
DATE: JAN. 1990	3
DRAWN: D.T.	



The trough is characterized by alkalic volcanic, volcanoclastic and sedimentary rocks intruded by comagmatic stocks and dyke complexes, in the Likely area. The basal argillite unit is of upper Triassic age and is located along the eastern margin of the trough. Deformation of the argillite unit is due to structural movement and weak metamorphism in the Omineca Crystalline Belt.

3.2 Property Geology

The claim group is predominantly underlain by varieties of the basal argillite unit of the Mesozoic Quesnel Trough. The unit is often highly deformed due to both a regional deformation caused by structural movement in the neighbouring Omineca Crystalline Belt to the east and by local shear/fault zones.

The area of the main showings is located on the Otto claim along the baseline of the previously established grid. The host rock to mineralization and multiple quartz-carbonate veining is predominantly a black, strongly graphitic argillite with horizons of bleached light grey/green sericitic schist commonly associated with mineralized quartz-carbonate veins. The strike of the layering in the host rock at the main showings is approximately 012 degrees dipping 40 degrees to the west. Quartz-carbonate veining is exposed in outcrops in widths of more than 30 feet and in diamond drill core in thicknesses up to 12 feet (refer to drill logs, appendix III).

The author examined several barren to weakly mineralized quartz veins within 300 metres of the main showings and found them to be narrow, poorly exposed and generally bounded by argillite and weakly sericitized schist.

In the area of the main showings, at least three outcrops of a major (and presumably continuous) mineralized quartz-carbonate vein are exposed along a strike of approximately 157 degrees for at least 250 metres. The baseline of the existing grid was established along this trend. The vein is at least 30 feet wide at 2+50S along the baseline of the grid. Mineralization is patchy with clots of coarse galena and pyrite. The exposed vein contains approximately 5-6% sulphide minerals overall, with galena predominating.

4.0 1989 DRILL PROGRAM

A 1159 foot (294.4 m) diamond drilling program was conducted on the property during November 1989. The area of the main showings was tested at depth to determine the extent and size of the mineralized quartz-carbonate vein exposed in outcrop and along a road cut at 2+50S along the baseline of the existing grid.

A total of six NQ-diameter holes were drilled using a Longyear Super 38 diamond drill. The drill was moved with a D6 Caterpillar bulldozer along existing bulldozer tracks. Drill hole locations were chosen based on their proximity to the main quartz vein outcrop and geochemical anomalies, grid location and accessibility.

A summary of the drill holes completed is as follows; detailed drill logs are included in Appendix III.

<u>DRILL HOLE</u>	<u>GRID LOCATION</u>	<u>AZIMUTH</u>	<u>DIP</u>	<u>TOTAL DEPTH</u>
DDH89-1	2+25S, 0+38E	232 DEG.	-45	153 FT. (38.9m)
DDH89-2	2+40S, 0+54E	242 DEG.	-60	286 FT. (72.6m)
DDH89-3	2+80S, 0+35E	237 DEG.	-65	296 FT. (75.2m)
DDH89-4	2+30S, 0+37W	057 DEG.	-45	94 FT. (23.9m)
DDH89-5	2+30S, 0+37W	VERTICAL		82 FT. (20.8m)
DDH89-6	1+84S, 0+44W	057 DEG.	-45	248 FT. (63.0m)

All drill holes were oriented as close to parallel with the grid cross-lines as possible which are approximately perpendicular to the strike of the main quartz-carbonate vein.

The drill core recovered from the program was logged in detail by the author and mineralized sections were split and sent to Kamloops Research and Assay Labs Ltd. in Kamloops, B.C. The core samples and one outcrop grab sample were assayed for lead, zinc, silver and gold.

The core is currently stored in a garage at the Likely Hotel.

5.0 RESULTS

The six diamond drill holes completed during November 1989 on the Otto, Boomer and China claims tested the below-surface extension of the main showing, located around 2+00S to 2+50S along the baseline of the existing grid. Intersections of narrow zones of massive galena and pyrite were encountered along with quartz-carbonate veins up to 12 feet thick. Zones of quartz-carbonate flooding were frequent and extensive, reaching 40 feet in thickness in hole DDH89-2. Mineralization in these zones is poor and patchy, consisting of predominantly pyrite.

While quartz-carbonate veining was extensive, only those zones carrying appreciable galena returned significant silver/lead values. A summary of the significant intersections is as follows:

<u>DRILL HOLE</u>	<u>INTERSECTION (FT.)</u>		<u>Ag oz/ton</u>	<u>Pb %</u>
DDH89-2	53.5-54.4	0.9	14.90	14.50
	60.0-61.2	1.2	0.11	0.87
	108.0-110.0	2.0	1.17	0.86
	125.0-131.0	6.0	0.47	0.39
	136.0-141.5	5.5	0.17	0.25
DDH89-3	60.7-61.2	0.5	4.96	6.15
	107.5-109.7	2.2	1.46	1.50
	142.0-148.5	6.5	0.17	0.20
	190.5-191.2	0.7	8.46	6.66
DDH89-6	192.0-194.0	2.0	0.26	0.18

No significant gold or zinc values were encountered.

More information regarding the geology of the property was gathered from the drill core. It is apparent that quartz and/or quartz-carbonate veining containing galena and pyrite mineralization is encountered where the country rock exhibits strong deformation, shearing and alteration. Regionally, the country rock is a light to medium grey, well bedded/banded moderately hard argillite. In proximity to quartz veining, the argillite becomes strongly graphitic, black, soft and deformed. In contact with the quartz veins, on either side, the rock becomes very strongly sericite-altered and bleached to a light grey/green. These sericite-altered zones are generally less than five feet in thickness. Pyrite mineralization was pervasive throughout most of the host argillite, occurring in varying amounts as small (<1cm) disseminated euhedral cubes. A syngenetic origin with the argillite is suggested by this occurrence.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS

The subject property is situated within the Quesnel Trough near it's eastern boundary with the Omineca Crystalline Belt. It is predominantly underlain by varieties of black to grey, often intensely graphitic and deformed argillite, intermixed with zones of light grey/green sericite schist associated with zones of intense quartz-carbonate flooding and veining.

The Otto, China and Boomer claims have been subjected to minimal exploration in recent years. Formerly, small quantities of high grade silver and galena were extracted from small pods existing within the largely barren quartz veins present on the property. During 1988, several mineralized quartz veins were discovered and sampled. The encouraging results of this sampling, returning silver and lead values up to 73.79 oz/ton Ag and 77.20% Pb, lead to the

establishment of a grid over which a program of geochemical soil sampling was carried out. A major silver-lead anomaly was outlined over the area of the main showing with values of 14.4 ppm Ag and 4000 ppm Pb obtained. A limited diamond drill program was recommended to test the extension of this zone at depth.

In November 1989 a 1159 foot diamond drill program was completed over the area of the main showing to determine both the geological structure at depth and the possible below-surface extension of the mineralized quartz veins. Several quartz-carbonate veins were intersected as well as thick (up to 40 feet) zones of intense quartz-carbonate flooding. Pyrite mineralization is generally disseminated throughout in euhedral cubes, suggesting a syngenetic association with the argillite.

Mineralization within the quartz-carbonate veins is sporadic and patchy with pyrite dominating galena. Only those zones containing appreciable galena returned significant silver-lead values (refer to previous section 5.0).

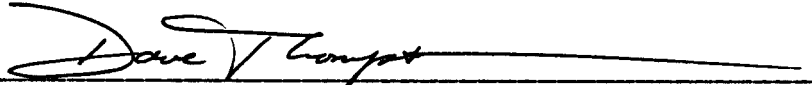
With the geometry of the mineralized quartz veins still not defined and due to the patchy nature of the galena mineralization, the potential remains for a significant near-surface deposit of high grade silver and lead.

7.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

The area of the main showing (figure 4) has been sufficiently tested at depth, outlining a few narrow zones of significant silver-lead mineralization. The potential remains for the discovery of a significant deposit of near surface high grade lead-silver and possibly gold mineralization, since the extension of the main quartz vein is open at both ends. A grab sample was collected during November 1989 near 0+00S on the baseline of highly rust-oxidized quartz vein material which returned an assay of .002 oz/ton Au, 18.4 oz/ton Ag and 20.1% Pb. This outcrop, along a recent road-cut deserves further evaluation.

A program of VLF-EM geophysical surveying, geochemical soil sampling and prospecting extending north and south along the baseline with short (200 metre) cross-lines is recommended on the property. This would outline any possible extension of the mineralized quartz veins and lead to the establishment of excellent drill hole targets. Further diamond drilling and trenching could be carried out in the area of 0+00S on the baseline where mineralized quartz veining outcrops and grab samples have returned significant lead, silver and gold values.

Respectfully submitted,


David A. Thompson, B.Sc., Project Geologist

January, 1990

APPENDIX I

REFERENCES

REFERENCES

Poloni, J.R., October 3, 1988. Report on the Otto Project,
Likely Area, Cariboo Mining Division, British Columbia,
MEMPR Assessment Report No. 18,626.

APPENDIX II


STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, DAVID A. THOMPSON, of the City of Kelowna, Province of British Columbia, hereby certify that:

1. I am a consulting geologist commissioned by Priority Ventures Ltd. of Kamloops, British Columbia.
2. I obtained a Bachelor of Science degree in Geology from the University of British Columbia in 1986.
3. I worked as a geological assistant for four seasons prior to my graduation.
4. I have practiced my profession since 1986.
5. I have no interest in the property described herein, nor in securities of any company associated with the property, nor do I expect to receive any such interest.
6. I consent to the use of this report in a Prospectus or Statement of Material Facts for the purpose of private or public financing.

Dated in Kamloops, British Columbia, this 20th day of January, 1990.


David A. Thompson, B.Sc., Project Geologist

APPENDIX III

DIAMOND DRILL HOLE LOGS

Date Started:
Date Finished:Grid Location:
Azimuth:

Dip:

Total Depth:

Hole #: DDH89-1
Logged by: D. Thompson

From (ft)	To (ft)	Description	Graphic Log	Sample Length (ft)	Sample Interval		Assay Results					
					From	To	Tag#	Au OZ/ton	Ag OZ/ton	Pb%	Zn%	
20.5	121.5	<u>QUARTZ VEIN</u> - barren white quartz with trace carbonate - contacts @45° to C.A., minor patchy Py along contacts										
121.5	124	<u>TUFFACEOUS SCHIST</u> - light grey very fine grained, well banded @ 40° to C.A. alternating with darker grey bands, slightly calcareous <1% dissem Py, bands are 3-6 mm wide.										
124	131	<u>ARGILLITE</u> - black to verydark grey banded, weakly schistose with up to 5% patchy dissem med-coarse pyrite. - fairly hard with some graphite along frac's // to bedding @ 30-35°, trace mud clasts - gradational contacts, minor qtz stringers up to 2 cm wide.										
131	133.8	<u>TUFFACEOUS SCHIST</u> - gradational contact over 15 cm - light grey, very fine grained banded tuff(?) with strong spotty carbonate alteration, up to 4% dissem. Py.										
133.8	136.2	<u>QUARTZ VEIN</u> top contact @45° - mainly white barren quartz with minor carbonate and trace molybdenite and pyrite near contacts		2.4	133.8	136.2	79556	<.001	.14	.10	<.01	

Date Started:
Date Finished:Grid Location:
Azimuth:

Dip:

Total Depth:

Hole #: DDH89-2
Logged by: D Thompson

From (ft)	To (ft)	Description	Graphic Log	Sample Length (ft)	Sample Interval		Assay Results				
					From	To	Tag#	Au OZ/ton	Ag OZ/ton	Pb%	Zn%
106	119	<u>QUARTZ-CARBONATE FLOODED SCHIST</u> - light grey/green, fine grained, sericite rich (minor chlorite) with up to 60% qtz-carb flooding; up to 5% disseminated py and trace galena <u>Quartz-Carb Vein @ 108-110ft containing 3-4% galena & up to 10% Py (gradational contacts) trace fuchsite/mariposite</u> 110-112: 60-70% qtz-carb with 10% Py, trace gal. 112-119: rusty brown schist w/ 50% qtz-carb 5 - 6% Py mottled, deformed layering		2.0 2.0 2.0 7.0	106 108 110 112	108 110 112 119	79560 79561 79562 79563	<.001 <.001 <.001 <.001	<.01 1.17 <.01 .03	<.01 .86 <.01 <.01	<.01 <.01 <.01 <.01
119	131	<u>QUARTZ-CARBONATE VEIN</u> - massive white quartz with 50% carb (Ank?) conc. around top & bottom contacts - 119 - 120.5 50% carb 40% quartz 5-6% coarse Py, 2-3% fine galena 120.5 - 125 massive barren quartz (trace galena) 125 - 131 local concentrations of carb. and galena (up to 10% locally) in massive white quartz; <3% coarse Py. - contacts mottled & gradational // to bedding @ approx 60° to C.A.		1.5 4.5 6.0	119 120.5 125	120.5 125 131	79564 79565 79566	<.001 <.001 <.001	<.01 <.01 .47	<.01 <.01 .39	<.01 <.01 <.01
131	141.5	<u>QUARTZ-CARB FLOODED SCHIST</u> - 30-40% qtz & carb in light grey/green fine grained schist; local quartz stringers up to 3 cm wide with 3-4% galena & 5% Py; trace fuchsite along fract's; bedding mottled & deformed; 3-4% Py throughout		5.0 5.5	131 136	136 141.5	79567 79568	<.001 <.001	<.01 .17	.07 .25	<.01 <.01

Date Started:
Date Finished:Grid Location:
Azimuth:

Dip:

Total Depth:

Hole #: DDH89-2
Logged by: D Thompson

From (ft)	To (ft)	Description	Graphic Log	Sample Length (ft)	Sample Interval		Assay Results				
					From	To	Tag#	Au OZ/ton	Ag OZ/ton	Pb%	Zn%
157	286	<u>BANDED ARGILLITE (cont'd)</u> - light grey ruffaceous, calcareous zone surrounding 6" quartz-carb veinlet (183-186ft) - well banded with some deformation; up to 5% med-coarse py throughout - <1% galena in veinlet - black argillite has frequent (10-15%) carb. stringers // to banding throughout <u>205-211 ft</u> : very strong (up to 30%) clear barren qtz stringers up to 2 cm cross-cutting bedding & themselves. 10-15% associated carbonate within stringers - trace fine Py - very strong graphite and sericite in 6" qtz-carb veinlet @ 215 ft. minor Py (deformed bedding for 12" either side) <u>226-231 ft</u> : light grey tuffaceous(?) zone with strong carb alteration; up to 75% qtz-carb flooding @ 228-229 ft with up to 10% Py, 1-2% fuchsite and strong sericite - bedding @ 35° to C.A. <u>242-245 ft</u> : similar to above - zone of light grey tuffaceous(?) calcareous alteration; 3" qtz-carb veinlet in center (2-3% coarse Py, trace Moly) *very common alteration zone surrounding quartz carbonate veining - some deformation of bedding @ 252-254 ft with • strong graph. along frac's and bedding planes. <1% dissem Py throughout		1.0 1.7	176 183.8	177 185.5	79572 79573	<.001 <.001	<.01 <.01	<.01 <.01	<.01 <.01

Date Started:
Date Finished:Grid Location:
Azimuth:

Dip:

Total Depth:

Hole #: DDH89-3
Logged by: D Thompson

From ft)	To (ft)	Description	Graphic Log	Sample Length (ft)	Sample Interval		Assay Results				
					From	To	Tag#	Au Oz/ton	Ag Oz/ton	Pb%	Zn%
51	162	<u>GRAPHITIC ARGILLITE/SCHIST</u> - black weakly schistose argillite with up to 20% pervasive carbonate alteration giving unit a banded white/grey appearance - mottled deformed bands @ 153-155 ft up to 3% med to coarse Py throughout minor qtz rich stringers @ 157 ft. - well banded @ 45° to C.A. @ 157-162 ft - gradational contacts									
162	168.5	<u>QUARTZ-CARBONATE FLOODING</u> - 50-60% carbonate, 20% qtz flooding light grey sericite schist; 3 six inch sections of <u>qtz-carb vein</u> containing 10% coarse Py & 3% very fine grained dark grey sulphides(?) along frac's - poss tetrahedrite - up to 6% Py throughout zone		6.5	162	168.5	79584	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
68.5	179.5	<u>QUARTZ-CARB FLOODED SERICITE SCHIST</u> <u>168.5 - 173</u> weakly banded very unusual med. grey with spotty carbonate alteration - possible alt'd phenocrysts(?) +1% dissem cubic Py <u>173 - 176</u> qtz-carb flooding up to 80% with distinct veining up to 8" - 10% Py & 3-4% dark grey, f.g. sulphides(?) on fract's <u>176-179.5</u> very strong carb-alt'n with 6-7% Py and occ. qtz stringers up to 3 cm.		3.0 3.8	173 176	176 179.5	79585 79586	<.001 <.001	<.01 <.01	<.01 <.01	<.01 <.01

Date Started:
Date Finished:

Grid Location:
Azimuth:

Dip:

Total Depth:

Hole #: DDH89-4
Logged by: D Thompson

From (ft)	To (ft)	Description	Graphic Log	Sample Length (ft)	Sample Interval		Assay Results				
					From	To	Tag#	Au oz/ton	Ag oz/ton	Pb%	Zn%
40	94	<p><u>GRAPHITIC ARGILLITE (cont'd)</u></p> <p>- strong (>50%) qtz-carb stringer zone @ 60-62 ft with barren stringers up to 1 cm</p> <p>- bedding steepens to 70° to C.A. @ 68-69 ft.</p> <p><u>69-70 ft: QTZ-CARB VEIN</u> with minor sericite schist and up to 3% Py</p> <p>- minor spotty carb alt'n throughout due to mud clasts(?)</p> <p><u>81-82 ft: two ½-2" qtz-carb stringers w/ 1% Py</u></p> <p><u>81-88 ft: up to 20% carb stringers (<1cm)</u></p> <p><u>90-92 ft: strongly deformed banding</u></p> <p>- up to 1% fine to coarse dissem Py throughout</p> <p><u>94 ft END OF HOLE</u></p> <p>*NOTE: Lost hole due to dropped drill bit</p>		1.0	69	70	79590	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01

Date Started: Nov. 28, 1989
Date Finished: Nov. 28, 1989

Grid Location: 2+30S, 0+37W
Azimuth: N/A

Dip: Vertical

Total Depth: 82ft

Hole #: DDH89-5
Logged by: D. Thompson

From (ft)	To (ft)	Description	Graphic Log	Sample Length (ft)	Sample Interval		Assay Results					
					From	To	Tag#	Au Oz/ton	Ag Oz/ton	Pb%	Zn%	
0	14	<u>CASING</u>										
14	31	<u>GRAPHITE SCHIST</u> -argillaceous, graphite-rich achistose; black broken; 1-2% dissem Py, finely bedded/banded @ 60° to C.A. - sheared, intensely graphitic @ 14-22 ft. - some deformed banding and 1-2 inch sericitic sections (broken); 5-10% carb. stringers (<1cm) throughout & minor spotty carb alt'n due to mud clasts(?)										
31	43.5	<u>SERICITE SCHIST WITH SOME QTZ-CARB FLOODING</u> -light grey/green sericite-rich, minor oxidized, rusty sections; <u>34-40 ft</u> : very strong qtz-carb flooding, some shearing with numerous x-cutting carb stringers <1cm wide; up to 5% pyrite dissem throughout, trace galena conc in qtz-carb veinlets; <u>40-42.5</u> : intense (75-80%) qtz-carb flooding with 6-7% dissem & patchy Py; 1-2% galena, fine grained in fractures; trace bright green fuchsite <u>42.5-43.5</u> : poorly banded, 30-40% carb and 2-3% dissem Py throughout; gradational into lower unit		6.0 2.5	34 40	40 42.5	79591 79592	<.001 <.001	<.01 <.01	<.01 <.01	<.01 <.01	

Date Started:
Date Finished:Grid Location:
Azimuth:

Dip:

Total Depth:

Hole #: DDH89-5
Logged by: D Thompson

From (ft)	To (ft)	Description	Graphic Log	Sample Length (ft)	Sample Interval		Assay Results				
					From	To	Tag#	Au ^{oz} /ton	Ag ^{oz} /ton	Pb%	Zn%
43.5	82	<p><u>GRAPHITIC ARGILLITE</u></p> <p>-generally, black, hard, well banded @ 60-70° to C.A. - frequent & abundant (to 20%) lighter carb-alt'd banding; 2-3% dissem med gr Py throughout - minor sericite rich sections (<16cm) surrounding small (<4cm) qtz-carb veinlets <u>54-55 ft:</u> 5 cm qtz-carb veinlet with 3-4% Py and 1-2% very fine grained black sulphide (galena?) surrounded by carb-qtz flooded sericitic schist <u>61-62 ft:</u> 30% qtz-carb stringers up to 3 cm wide, one stringer very vuggy with well developed qtz xtals in vugs - barren <u>65-66 ft:</u> 10 cm qtz-carb veinlet with broken graph arg. "xenoliths" - <1% fine gr Py along fract's <u>71-75 ft:</u> deformed banding</p> <p><u>82 ft END OF HOLE</u></p>		1.0	54	55	79593	<.001	<.01	.01	.01

Date Started: Nov. 28, 1989

Grid Location: 1+84S, 0+44W

Hole #: DDH89-6

Date Finished: Nov. 29, 1989

Azimuth: 057°

Dip: -45°

Total Depth: 248 ft

Logged by: D Thompson

From (ft)	To (ft)	Description	Graphic Log	Sample Length (ft)	Sample Interval		Assay Results					
					From	To	Tag#	Au OZ/ton	Ag OZ/ton	Pb%	Zn%	
0	31	<u>CASING</u> - no core										
31	46	<u>BROKEN CORE - OVERBURDEN/BOULDERS?</u> (30% recovery) - mixed iron stained graph schist and qtz vein pebbles; minor Py in schist, barren qtz										
42	62	<u>CASING</u>										
62	68	<u>SERICITE SCHIST</u> - very strong sericite & talc in well banded light grey/green schist; very strong qtz-carb alt'n with occasional qtz-carb veinlets up to 5 cm wide with 3% Py and 1-2% dark grey galena(?) and/or tetrahedrite(?) along fract's		6' rec	62	68	79594	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01	
68	92.5	<u>GRAPHITIC ARGILLITE</u> - black strongly layered & banded @ 60-70° to C.A. some (<20%) bands carb-alt'd light grey; bands <1cm thick; 1-2% med. gr. Py dissem throughout - strong graph. along bedding planes; occasional sericitic schistose sections around narrow (5-9 cm) qtz-carb stringers // to bands containing up to 5% coarse Py <u>80-83 ft</u> : very strong deformation; 25% qtz-carb stringers up to 5% dissem & patchy Py throughout <u>85-88 ft</u> : sericite & talc-rich zone with 25% qtz-carb stringers and up to 7% Py; patchy & conc along layers			3.0	80	83	79595	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
					3.0	85	88	79596	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01

Date Started:
Date Finished:Grid Location:
Azimuth:

Dip:

Total Depth:

Hole #: DDH89-6
Logged by: D Thompson

From (ft)	To (ft)	Description	Graphic Log	Sample Length (ft)	Sample Interval		Assay Results					
					From	To	Tag#	Au OZ/ton	Ag OZ/ton	Pb%	Zn%	
92.5	115.5	<u>SERICITE SCHIST WITH QUARTZ-CARBONATE FLOODING AND VEINING</u>										
		92.5-98 Light grey/green well foliated & banded with intense carb & qtz flooding (70-80%) 8-10% pyrite conc in veinlets & dissem throughout; <1% fine grained grey black sulphides - poss galena - some deformed bands, most @ 60° to C.A.		5.5	92.5	98	79597	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01	<.01
		98-100: <u>QUARTZ-CARBONATE VEIN</u> : mottled contacts with 10% patchy coarse pyrite and 2-3% f.g. dissem galena & tetrahedrite(?)		2.0	98	100	79598	<.001	<.01	.01	<.01	<.01
		100-101.7: sericite schist with strong carbonate alteration		1.7	100	101.7	79599	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01	<.01
		101.7-104.8: up to 50% qtz-carb stringers with 6-8% dissem Py and <½% f.g. dissem black sulphides(?) - trace galena - stringers/units up to 30cm		3.1	101.7	104.8	79600	<.001	<.01	.04	<.01	<.01
		104.8-109.5: 30-40% qtz-carb stringers up to 5cm in very strongly carb-alt'd sericite schist containing 5-6% dissem Py, 1-2% v.f.g. galena conc in qtz.		4.7	104.8	109.5	79601	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01	<.01
		109.5-115.5: well banded green/grey sericite schist with very strong (to 60%) qtz-carb flooding and veinlets up to 4cm; contains up to 7% Py & 2% f.g. black sulphides: galena & tetrahedrite(?)		6.0	109.5	115.5	79602	<.001	<.01	.02	<.01	<.01

Date Started:
Date Finished:Grid Location:
Azimuth:

Dip:

Total Depth:

Hole #: DDH89-6
Logged by: D Thompson

From (ft)	To (ft)	Description	Graphic Log	Sample Length (ft)	Sample Interval		Assay Results				
					From	To	Tag#	Au OZ/ton	Ag OZ/ton	Pb%	Zn%
186	195	<u>QUARTZ-CARB FLOODED SERICITE SCHIST</u> 186.5 - 189 ft: light green/grey, very strong pervasive carbonate alt'n & weak (<10%) qtz-carb flooding - up to 7% dissem Py; one 2" qtz-carb stringer w/ Py to 8% & poss 1% Galena 189-192 ft: intense (80% qtz-carb flooding, almost completely obliterating layering - 3" distinct q-c vnl't with 10% coarse Py & 3-4% black sulphides in fract's - poss galena & tetrahedrite 192-194 ft: 1- one foot q-c VEIN, containing 5-7% Py and 3-4% f.g. black sulphides (poss galena & tetrahedrite); 2" stringer @ 194 w/ 10% galena, 5% Py (sericite schist in between w/ 5-7% Py & trace galena)		2.5 3.0 2.0	186.5 189 192	189 192 194	79604 79605 79606	<.001 <.001 <.001	<.01 <.01 .26	<.01 .03 .18	<.01 .01 <.01
195	203.5	<u>GRAPHITIC ARGILLITE</u> -black strongly graphitic and carb-alt'd in distinct layers - highly deformed banding - some minor brcciation with q-c healing - some broken core - possible turbidite? - abundant mud clasts(?) alt'd to carb; trace Py									
203.5	204.5	<u>SERICITIC SCHIST</u> - gradational increase in sericitic & carb alt'n to light green/grey unit containing up to 10% dissem Py and poss trace - 1% galena (fine grained)		1.0	203.5	204.5	79607	<.001	<.01	.01	<.01

ate Started:
ate Finished:

Grid Location:
Azimuth:

Dip:

Total Depth:

Hole #: DDH89-6
Logged by: D Thompson

From (ft)	To (ft)	Description	Graphic Log	Sample Length (ft)	Sample Interval		Assay Results				
					From	To	Tag#	Au oz/ton	Ag oz/ton	Pb%	Zn%
204.5	208	<u>QUARTZ CARBONATE VEIN</u> contacts // to bedding @ 75-80° to C.A. - massive white quartz with 40-50% carbonate and 10% very coarse Py (cubes to 2cm); mottled black material along fract's possible galena & tetrahedrite (3-4%) - minor spotty fuchsite & sericite		3.5	204.5	208	79608	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
208	211	<u>SERICITE/GRAPHITE SCHIST</u> - gradational decrease in sericitic and increase in graphitic content in light to med grey schistose unit; abundant calcareous mud clasts(?) throughout; bedding not distinct - poss turbidite (?), trace Py									
211	217	<u>GRAPHITIC ARGILLITE</u> - relatively hard, black unit with increasing lighter grey calcareous layers developing into distinct banding @ 75-80° to C.A.; Abundant calcareous mud clasts(?) near top gradational contact; 1-2% Py									
217	220.4	<u>SERICITE SCHIST W? QUARTZ-CARB FLOODING</u> - light grey fairly sharp lower contact // to bedding @ 75° to C.A. - gradational upper contact; 2-3% dissemin Py, strong spotty & pervasive carb alt'n 218.5-219.6: zone of intense qtz-carb flooding veining with qtz-healed brecciated texture; strong sericite, 5-6% Py, trace galena		1.1	218.5	219.6	79609	<.001	.14	.16	<.01

Date Started:
Date Finished:

Grid Location:
Azimuth:

Dip:

Total Depth:

Hole #: DDH89-6
Logged by: D. Thompson

From (ft)	To (ft)	Description	Graphic Log	Sample Length (ft)	Sample Interval		Assay Results				
					From	To	Tag#	Au oz/ton	Ag oz/ton	Pb%	Zn%
220.4	248	<p><u>GRAPHITIC ARGILLITE</u></p> <p>- black hard strong graph. conc. along fract's - strongly banded with lighter grey/white calcareous layers; 220.4-224 ft: 2-3% coarse disseminated Py</p> <p><u>224-224.3ft: 4" qtz-carb stringer (barren) very spotty carb-alt'n in arg @ 224-225 (poss mud chips?)</u></p> <p><u>225-226.3: - massive white QUARTZ-CARBONATE VEIN</u> with up to 5% coarse Py and trace galena</p> <p><u>226.3-231: deformed banding, minor carb, trace Py</u></p> <p><u>231-244: strong banding @ 60-70° to C.A.; 15-20% carb alt'n in bands; occasional (5%) qtz-carb (barren) stringers up to 4 ccm wide</u></p> <p><u>244-248: broken, sheared, deformed banding; intense graphite, tract to 1% Py</u></p> <p><u>248 ft END OF HOLE</u></p>		1.3	225	226.3	79610	<.001	<.01	.01	.01

APPENDIX IV

GEOCHEMICAL RESULTS

**KAMLOOPS
RESEARCH &
LABORATORY**

B.C. CERTIFIED ASSAYERS

****Assay Certificate****

To: Priority Ventures
517 Lillard Ave.
Kamloops, B.C.
V2E 3S1

Number: K 9954

Date: 12/14/89

Attn: J. Simpson

Proj:

No.	Description	Au ozs/ton	Ag ozs/ton	Pb percent	Zn percent
01	79551	<.001	<.01	.07	.05
02	79552	<.001	<.01	.06	.03
03	79553	<.001	<.01	<.01	.01
04	79554	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
05	79555	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
06	79556	<.001	.14	.10	<.01
07	79557	.006	14.9	14.5	<.01
08	79558	<.001	.11	.87	<.01
09	79559	<.001	<.01	.03	<.01
10	79560	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
11	79561	<.001	1.17	.86	<.01
12	79562	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
13	79563	<.001	.03	<.01	<.01
14	79564	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
15	79565	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
16	79566	<.001	.47	.39	<.01
17	79567	<.001	<.01	.07	<.01
18	79568	<.001	.17	.25	<.01
19	79569	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
20	79570	<.001	<.01	.01	<.01
21	79580	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
22	79580	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
23	79590	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
24	79591	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
25	79592	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
26	79593	<.001	<.01	.01	.01
27	79594	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
28	79595	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
29	79596	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
30	79597	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
31	79598	<.001	<.01	.01	<.01
32	79599	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01

**KAMLOOPS
RESEARCH &
LABORATOR**

B.C. CERTIFIED ASSAYERS

1150 11th Street, Kamloops, B.C. V2C 5P5 PHONE (604) 372-2731 FAX (604) 372-2732

ASSAY CERTIFICATE

To: Priority Ventures
617 Lilac Ave.
Kamloops, B.C.
V2B 3S1

Number: K 9954
Date: 12/14/89
Proj.:

Attn: J. Simpson

No.	Description	Au ozs/ton	Ag ozs/ton	Pb percent	Zn percent
33	79600	<.001	<.01	.04	<.01
34	79601	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
35	79602	<.001	<.01	.02	<.01
36	79603	<.001	<.01	.04	<.01
37	79604	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
38	79605	<.001	<.01	.03	.01
39	79606	<.001	.26	.18	<.01
40	79607	<.001	<.01	.01	<.01
41	79608	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
42	79609	<.001	.14	.16	<.01
43	79610	<.001	<.01	.01	.01
44	TR 89-13	.002	10.4	20.1	.02

B.C. Certified Assayer

KAMLOOPS

B.C. CERTIFIED ASSAYERS

RESEARCH & ANALYTICAL

101 LAVAL CRESCENT, KAMLOOPS, B.C. V2C 5P5 PHONE (604) 372-2754 FAX 372-1112

LABORATORY LTD.

Assay Certificate



To: Priority Ventures
617 Lilac Ave.,
Kamloops, B.C.
V2B 3S1

Number: K 9936

Date: 12/05/89

Attn: J. Simpson

Proj.:

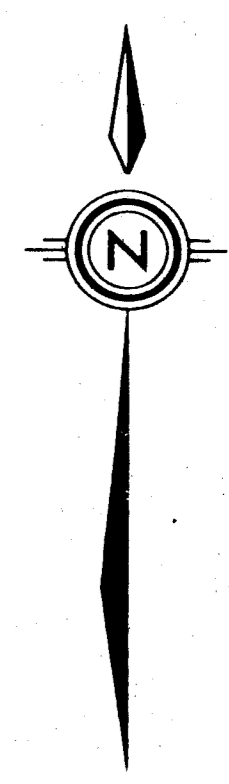
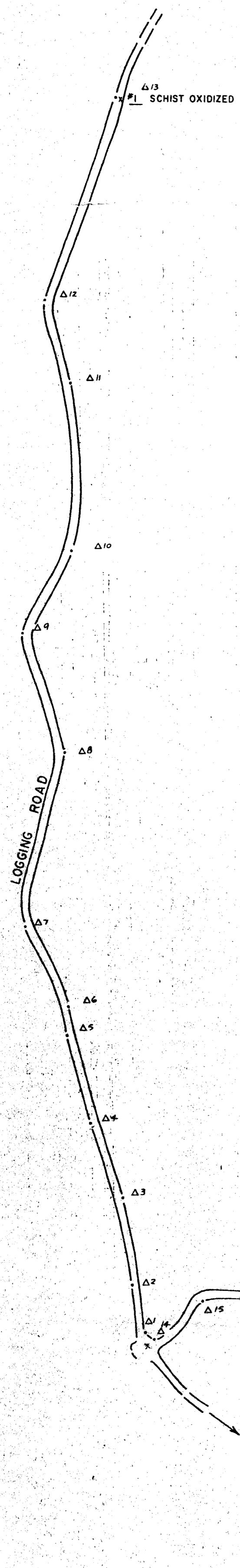
No.	Description	Au ozs/ton	Ag ozs/ton	Pb percent	Zn percent
01	79571	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
02	79572	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
03	79573	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
04	79574	.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
05	79575	.003	4.96	6.15	<.01
06	79576	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
07	79577	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
08	79578	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
09	79579	<.001	<.01	.04	<.01
10	79580	<.001	1.46	1.50	<.01
11	79581	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
12	79582	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
13	79583	<.001	.17	.20	<.01
14	79584	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
15	79585	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
16	79586	<.001	<.01	<.01	<.01
17	79587	.004	8.46	6.66	<.01

APPENDIX V

STATEMENT OF COSTS

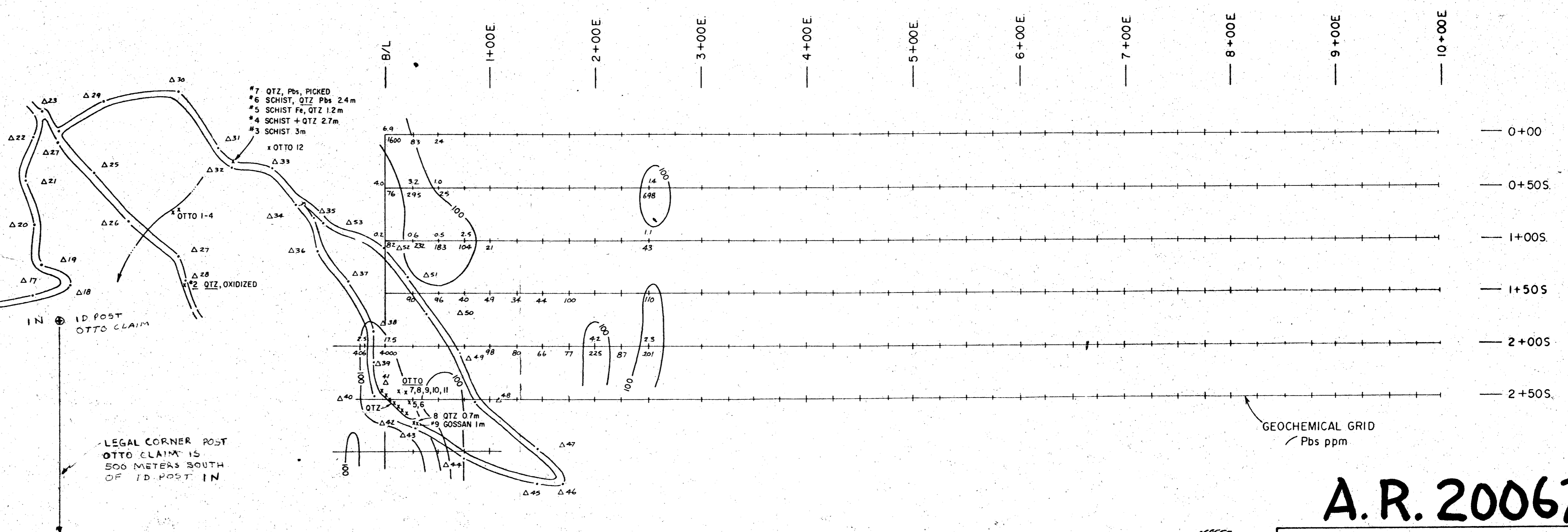
STATEMENT OF COSTS

Diamond Drilling - NQ	1159 feet @ \$17/ft	\$19,703
Core Logging	12 days @ \$125/day	1,500
Core Splitting	12 days @ \$50/day	600
Site Preparation	33 Hrs @ \$65/Hr	2,145
Gold/Silver Assays	61 samples @ \$11.50	702
Lead Assays	61 samples @ \$6.25	381
Zinc Assays	60 samples @ \$6.25	375
Mobilization of Bulldozer		500
Accomodation and meals (1 person)	12 days	929
Vehicle Rental	12 days @ \$50/day	600
Sample Freight		18
Report Compilation and Drafting		1,540
		<hr/>
		\$28,993
		=====



SAMPLE AND ASSAY DATA

SAMPLE No	DESCRIPTION	Pb %	Zn %	Ag oz/t	Au oz/t
OTTO #1	QTZ VEIN 20' EXPOSED LIMONITE, Pbs	27.30	0.01	28.58	0.006
OTTO #2	QTZ VEIN, 40' UPSTREAM FROM OTTO #1, W/N SCHIST 15'	9.20	0.02	7.64	0.002
OTTO #3	QTZ VEIN, BULL QTZ, SPARSE Pbs, CONTIGUOUS TO OTTO #2	3.40	0.01	2.71	0.001
OTTO #4	SAME VEIN PICKED HIGH GRADE	29.10	0.01	26.19	0.001
OTTO #5	QTZ, BELOW SLIST CONTACT 3.5' EXPOSED	1.02	0.01	0.76	0.001
OTTO #6	PICKED HIGH GRADE AS @ OTTO #5	66.50	0.01	73.79	0.023
OTTO #7	SHALLOW DECLINE, QTZ, Pbs W/N 4.5'	0.57	0.01	0.05	<0.001
OTTO #8	PICKED HIGH GRADE AS @ OTTO #7	77.20	0.04	62.70	0.014
OTTO #9	QTZ VEIN 3.5'	4.68	0.01	4.75	0.001
OTTO #10	PICKED HIGH GRADE, Pbs	15.40	0.01	25.81	0.020
OTTO #11	QTZ, Pbs, PYRITE	18.90	0.02	19.25	0.005
OTTO #12	QTZ VEIN, PATCHY Pbs	15.00	0.01	14.58	0.002
#1	SCHIST, OXIDIZED 10m	0.03	-	0.19	0.025
2	QTZ, OXIDIZED 0.5m	0.12	-	0.24	0.024
3	SCHIST OXIDIZED 30m	0.04	-	0.07	0.001
4	!! QTZ, OXIDIZED 2.7m	0.06	-	0.08	0.001
5	SCHIST, QTZ OXIDE 12m	0.90	-	0.60	0.001
6	SCHIST, QTZ Pbs 2.4m	0.40	-	6.45	0.001
7	PICKED HIGH GRADE Pbs	45.90	-	40.54	0.001
8	QTZ, BULL 0.7m	0.60	-	0.48	0.001
9	GOSSAN SCHIST 10m	0.17	-	0.17	0.001



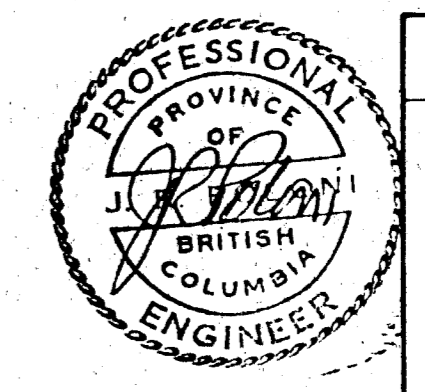
TO MAIN ACCESS ROAD AND LIKELY

LEGAL CORNER POST OTTO CLAIM IS 500 METERS SOUTH OF ID POST IN

A.R. 20062

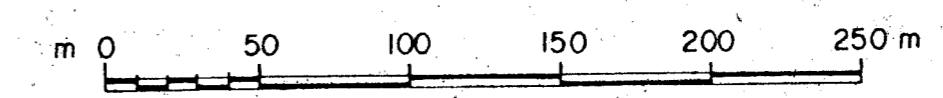
ROPER RESOURCES INC.

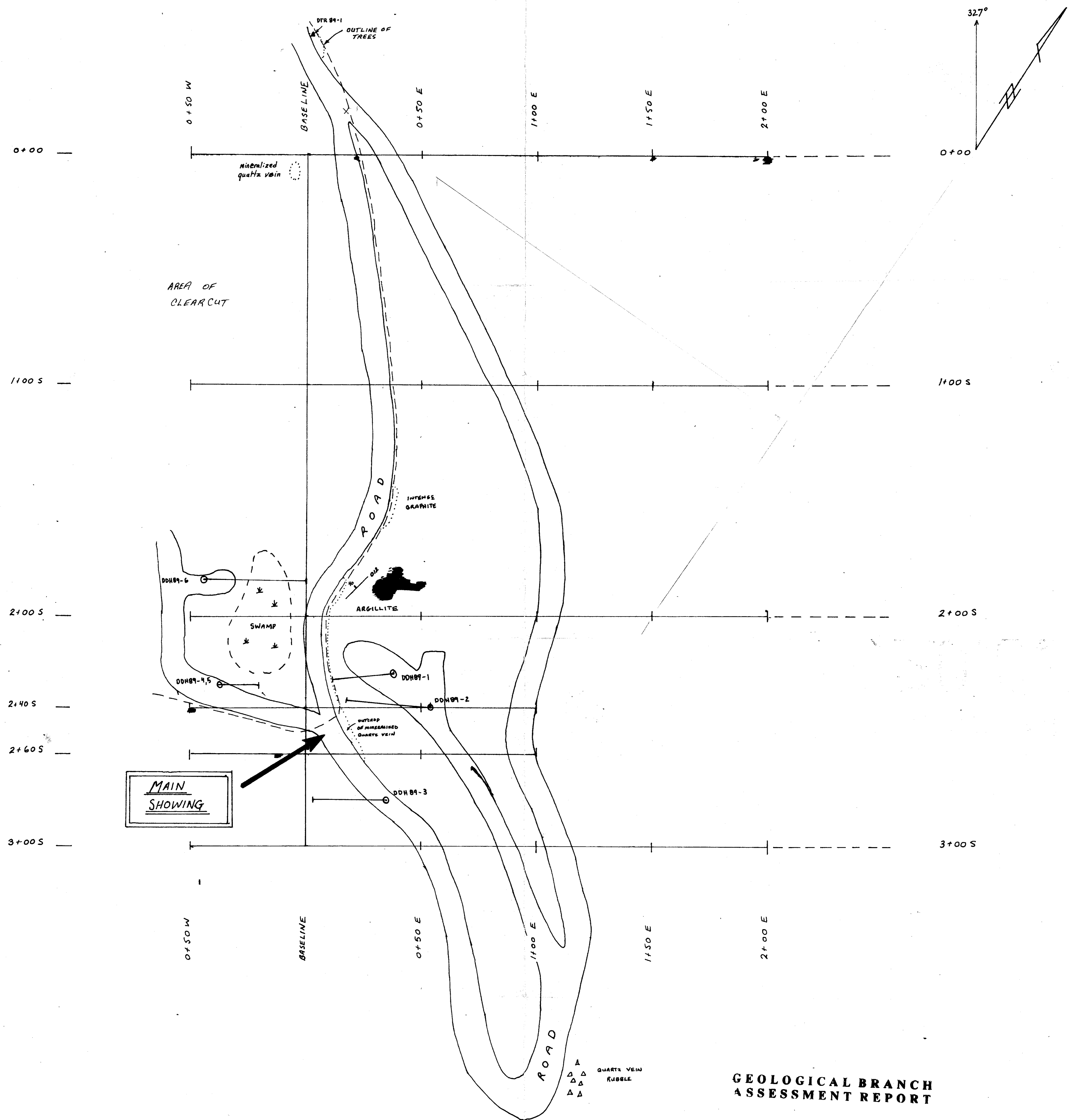
OTTO PROJECT
**ROCK & SOIL
 GEOCHEMISTRY**
 KAMLOOPS MINING DIVISION, B.C.



JOHN R. POLONI & ASSOCIATES LTD.

DRAWN	J.R.P.	CHECKED	J.R.P.	PLAN No.
SCALE	1:2500	DATE	January 10, 1989	4 a



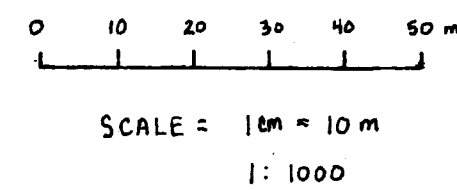


GEOLOGICAL BRANCH
ASSESSMENT REPORT

20,062

LEGEND

- DIAMOND DRILL HOLE
- OUTCROP
- ATTITUDE OF BEDDING
- ROAD OR DOZER TRAIL
- GRID OUTLINE
- ▲ OUTCROP GRAB SAMPLE



PRIORITY VENTURES LTD.

OTTO PROJECT

GEOLOGY
AND
DRILL HOLE LOCATIONS

DRAWN BY: D. THOMPSON DATE: JANUARY 1990 SCALE: 1:1000

FIGURE 4b

DDH 89-6

0+25 W

0+00

0+25 E

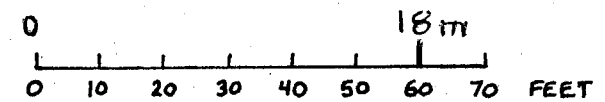
MAIN SHOWING

GROUND SURFACE

GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

20,062

CROSS-SECTION LOOKING
TOWARDS 327°



30 SCALE

1:360

BASILINE

CASING

BROKEN CORE

CASING

SERICITE SCHIST

GRAPHITIC ARGILLITE

Q.V.

Q-C FLOODED
SER. SCH.

GRAPHITIC
ARGILLITE

C-SER. SCH.

GRAPH. ARG.

SER. SCH.

QR. ARG.

SER. SCH.

Q-C VN.

SER-QR. SCH.

QR. ARG.

SER. SCH + Q-C

QR. ARG.

248 ft.

LEGEND

- Q = QUARTZ
- C = CARBONATE
- SCH = SCHIST
- GR = GRAPHITIC
- SER = SERICITE
- V, VN = VEIN
- ARG = ARGILLITE
- ALT'N = ALTERATION
- ALT'D = ALTERED
- PHYL = PHYLITIC
- ~ = SHEAR ZONE

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OTTO PROJECT

X-SECTION ALONG 1+84 S

DRAWN BY:
D. THOMPSON

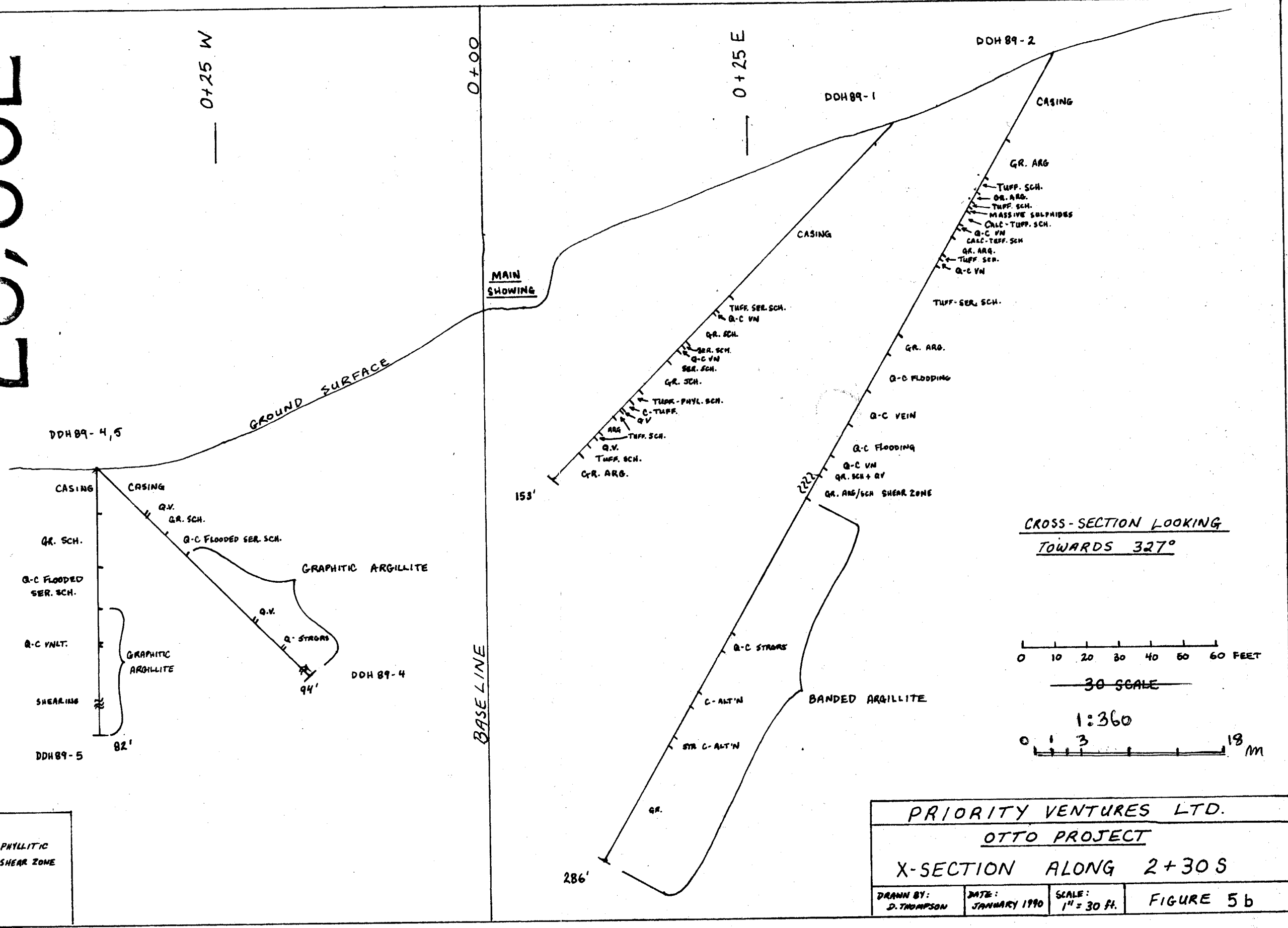
DATE:
JANUARY, 1990

SCALE:
1" = 30ft.

FIGURE 5 a

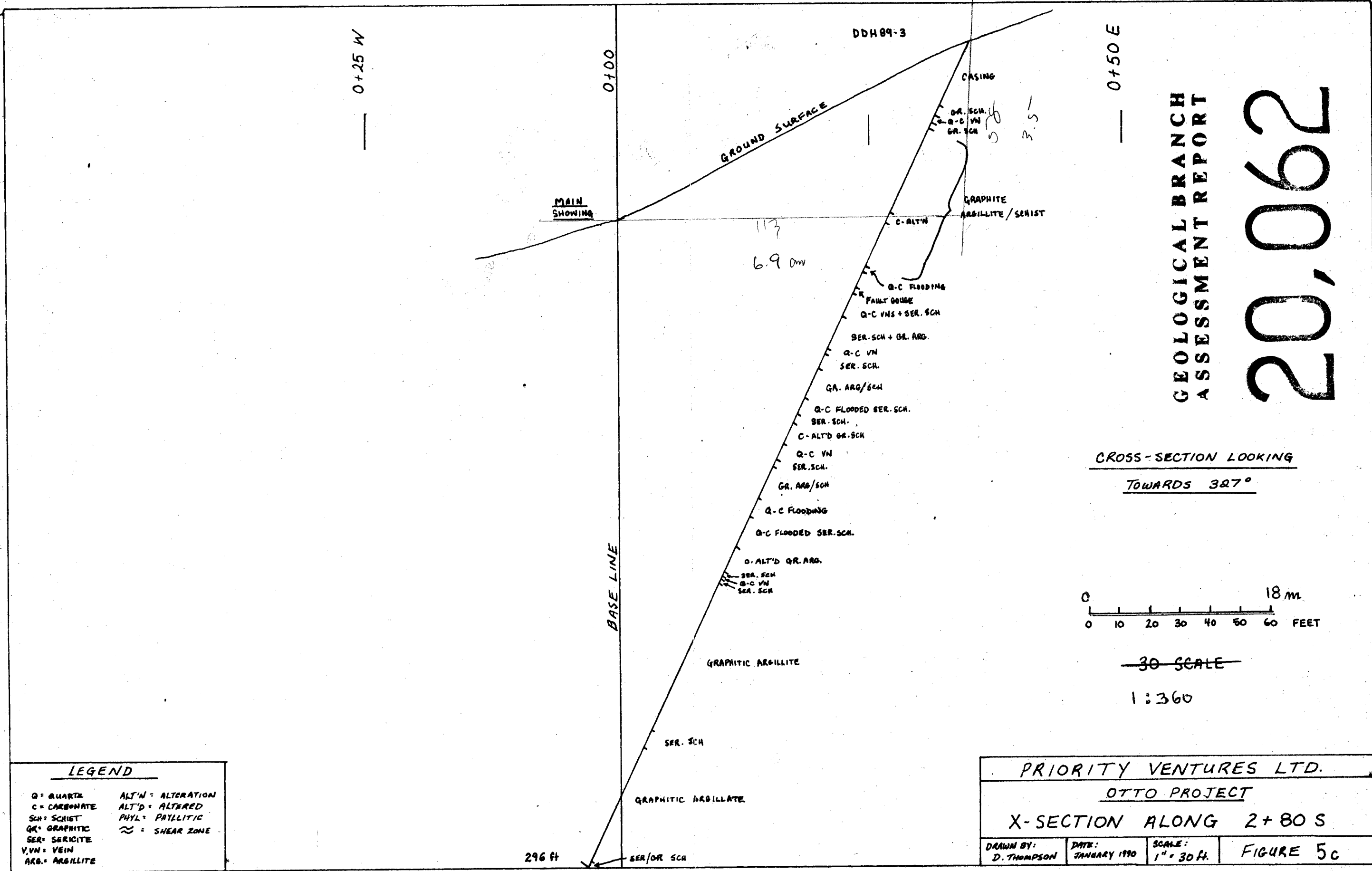
GEOLOGICAL BRANCH
ASSESSMENT REPORT

20,062

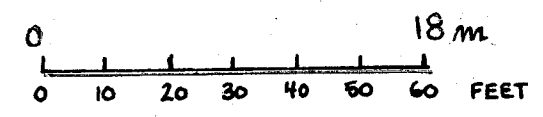


GEOLOGICAL BRANCH
ASSESSMENT REPORT

20,062



CROSS-SECTION LOOKING
TOWARDS 327°



~~30 SCALE~~
1:360

LEGEND

Q = QUARTZ	ALT'N = ALTERATION
C = CARBONATE	ALT'D = ALTERED
SCH = SCHIST	PHYL = PHYLLITIC
GR = GRAPHITIC	~ = SHEAR ZONE
SER = SERICITE	
V, VN = VEIN	
ARG. = ARGILLITE	

PRIORITY VENTURES LTD.			
OTTO PROJECT			
X-SECTION ALONG 2+80 S			
DRAWN BY: D. THOMPSON	DATE: JANUARY 1990	SCALE: 1" = 30 FT.	FIGURE 5c