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1991 Geological Reconnaissance

on the

Amazon Claims

SUB-RECURULR RECEIVED	-Westpine Vanco	Metals ouver, BC	Ltd
; 3 1948 - 3 1948			
VANCOUNTR. B.C.			

Clinton Mining Division, BC NTS 920/3W Latitude 51° 06' Longitude 123° 25'

bу

Willis W. Osborne, MSc, FGAC June 2, 1992

> GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

22,351

Summary

The four major claims are part of the Taseko Property held by Westpine Metals Ltd. They were staked to cover old Lot 5454, which is located southwest of the confluence of the Taseko River and Granite Creek.

In September, 1991, an one and one half day geological reonnaissance survey was completed over the claims. The geology consists of quartz monzonite and granodiorite with northwesterly trending feldspar porphyry dikes.

Several interesting samples were taken. A soil sample on an air photo lineament assayed 1,346 ppm copper. West of the soil sample, quartz monzonite was found with K-feldspar alteration and disseminated chalcopyrite along fractures. Samples ran up to 6,268 ppm copper. A \$6,000 program of geological mapping and soil sampling is reccommended.

Introduction

The author completed the assessment work on the four Amazon Claims as part of the program conducted by Alpine Exploration Corporation, on the Taseko Property, for Westpine Metals Ltd. and ASARCO Exploration Company of Canada Ltd., a wholly owned subsidiary of ASARCO Inc. The author completed an one and one half day, geological reconnaissance survey over part of the claims in September 1991. The four claims were staked to cover old Lot 5454 which expired in 1991.

Location

The four Amazon Claims are located approximately 225 kilometres north of Vancouver, B.C. (Figure 1) in the Clinton Mining Division. The centre of the claims is 1900 metres south southwest of the confluence of Granite Creek and the Taseko River (Figure 2) at 51° 06' latitude and 123° 25' west longitude on NTS Map 920/3W. Figure 2 also shows the rest of the Taseko Property owned by Westpine.

Access

The claims are accessible by four-wheel-drive vehicle from Williams Lake. The distance is 270 kilometres and it takes approximately six hours to drive the distance under good conditions. To drive to the property, it is necessary to go west on Route 20 to Hanceville, then southwest along a gravel road to the Taseko Lakes and finally southeasterly along the Taseko River to the Camp. It is necessary to ford a number of creeks and also the Taseko River. This can prove difficult in times of high runoff.

Physiography

The claim area extends from the top of a north-south ridge east toward Granite Creek. Elevation ranges from 2000 to 2215 metres. The western part of the claims is in alpine area whereas the rest is covered by lodgepole pine, white pine and fir. Outcrop occurs mainly on the western side of the claimed area.

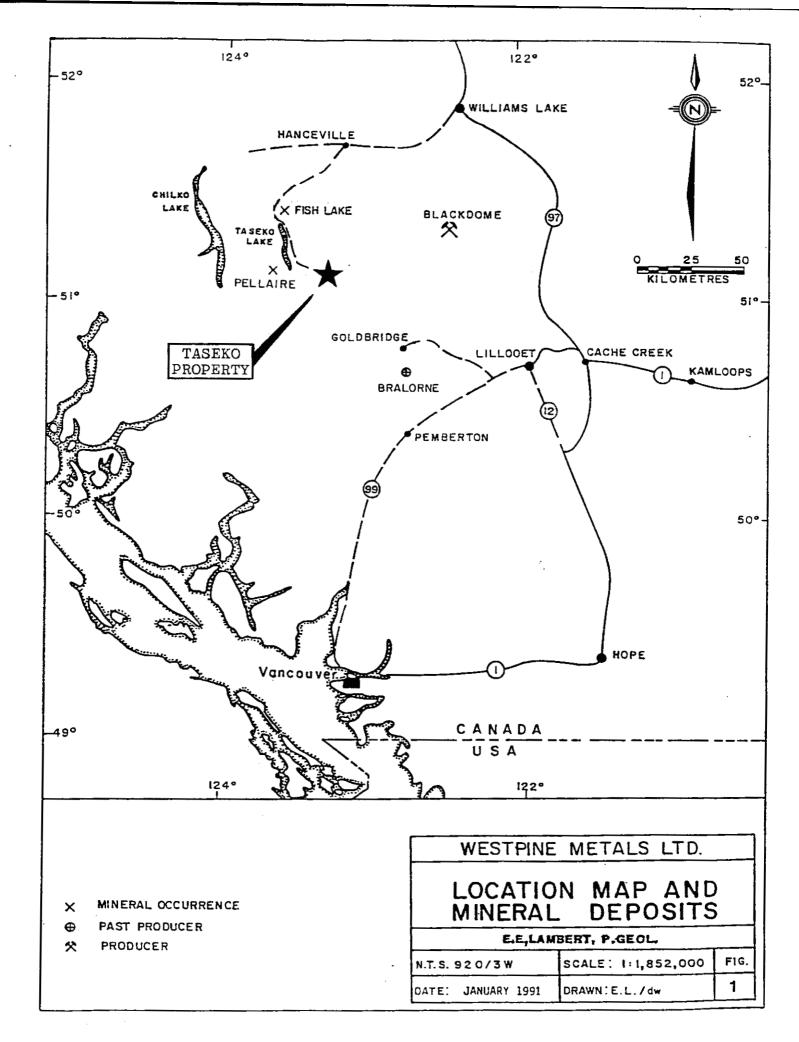
Claims

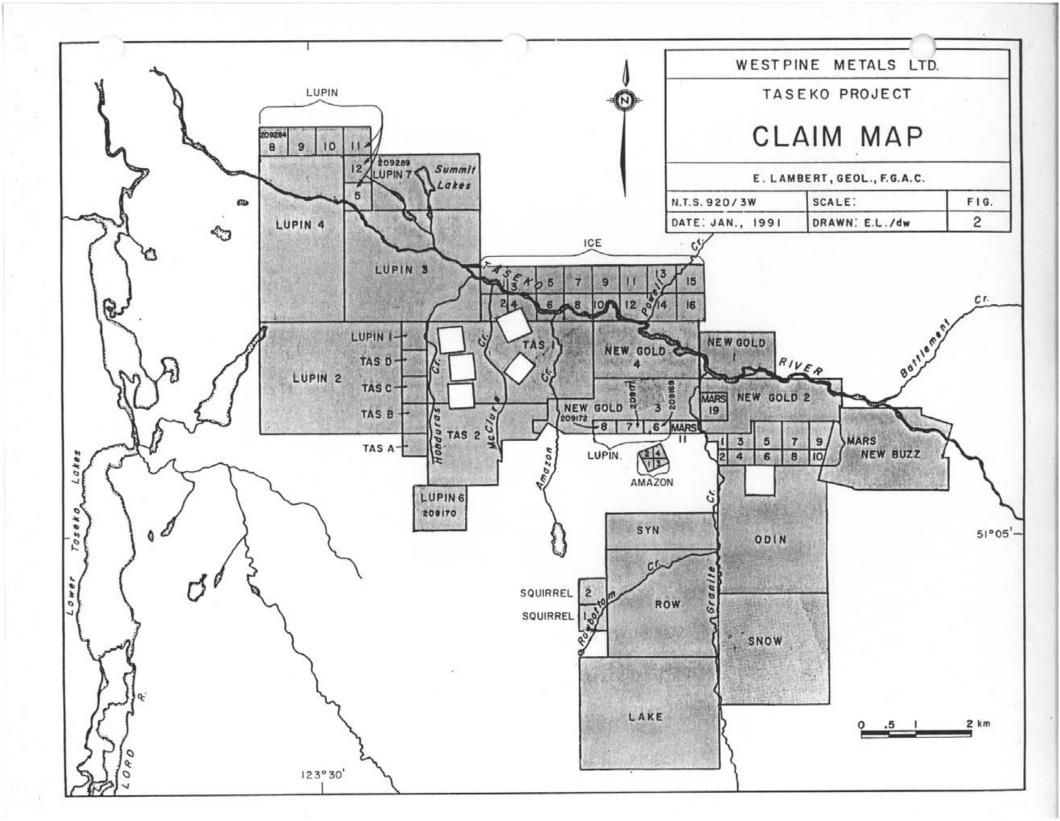
Four claims were staked to cover Lot 5454 which expired in 1991. The claims are as follows:

Name of	<u>Claim</u>	Record	Number	Expiry	7	<u>Date</u>
Amazon 1	[3002	228	June	3,	1992
Amazon 2	2	3002	229	June	3,	1992
Amazon 3	3	3002	230	June	3,	1992
Amazon 4	1	3002	231	June	3,	1992

Property History

1910's - 1920's - Between 1909 and 1920, many large, bog-iron deposits were discovered by prospectors in the Taseko Lake area. These deposits, consisting of bedded limonite, formed as a result of erosion and oxidation of heavily pyritized volcanic rocks (Crossland, 1920). In 1922, copper-gold porphyry





Property
History (cont)

mineralization was discovered in the vicinity of the current Taseko Property at the Mohawk and Spokane Showings (Figure 3; Macrae, 1984). Consolidated Mining and Smelting Co. Ltd. dug numerous trenches and drove cross-cuts on these prospects in 1927 - 1928 (Quadros, 1981). The Mother Lode, a mineralized zone situated southeast of the Mohawk Showing, was also discovered at this time.

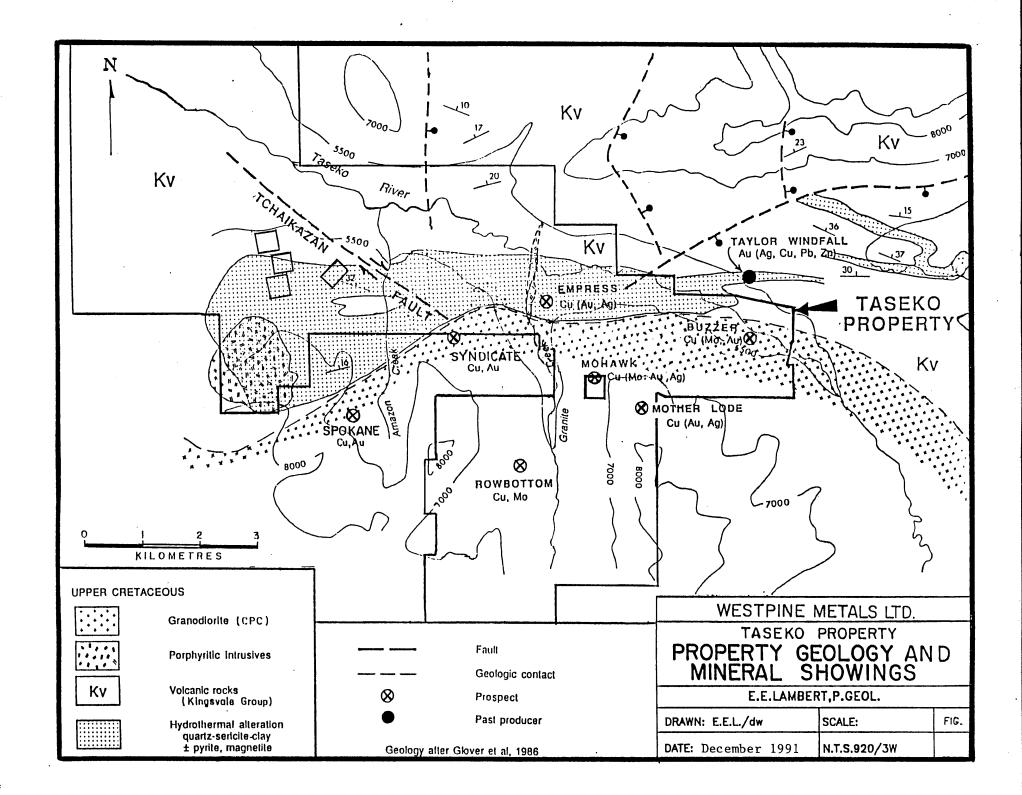
1930's - 1960's - Further work was carried out by Taseko Motherlode Gold Mines Ltd. in 1933 - 1935 on the Mohawk and Spokane Showings. Work was halted after an avalanche destroyed the exploration camp and killed seven men. No further significant work was performed in the area until 1956 when Canadian Exploration Ltd. conducted additional trenching and preliminary drilling on the Spokane Showing, as well as exploration on the Rowbottom shear zone exposed in Rowbottom Creek. Phelps Dodge (1963) drilled 8 diamond drill holes within an area extending from the Spokane Showing eastward to the Buzzer Showing in a search for Cu-Mo porphyry deposits in granodiorite.

1960's - 1970's - From 1969 to 1976, prospects in and adjacent to the Taseko Property (including the Buzzer and Empress Showings) were extensively explored for Cu-Mo porphyry potential by the following companies:

- (1) Scurry Rainbow Oils Ltd. (1969) 16 DD holes, geological mapping, trenching, JEM-IP-MAG surveys;
- (2) Sumitomo Metals Mining Canada Ltd. (1970) 64 percussion drill holes, geological mapping, 82 km of grid layout, IP-MAG survey, 3550 soil samples;
- (3) Quintana Minerals Corp. (1975 & 1976) 9 DD holes, 39 percussion drill holes.

1980's - Esso Resources Canada Ltd. optioned part of the Taseko Property from Scurry Rainbow Oil Ltd. in 1985 and conducted a detailed program of geological mapping, geochemical sampling and geophysical surveying. The thrust of their exploration attempts was to locate economic concentrations of epithermal gold mineralization. No drilling was performed and the option was dropped.

Part of the Taseko Property was restaked by New World Mines Development Ltd. after Scurry Rainbow allowed it to expire. Alpine Exploration Corporation and Westley Mines Limited optioned the property in early 1988. A geochemical, prospecting, geological and diamond drilling program was implemented during that field season. In March 1989, Westley Mines and Alpine Exploration vended their interest in the Taseko Property to Westpine Metals Ltd., and Westpine conducted further geochemical sampling and diamond drilling that summer.



Property History (cont)

1990's - Westpine entered into an option agreement in the spring of 1990 with ASARCO Exploration Company of Canada Ltd., a wholly owned Canadian subsidiary of ASARCO Inc. (a major U.S.-based, international mining company). Funding for the 1990 and 1991 exploration programs were provided by ASARCO under the terms of the option agreement.

Regional Geology

The Taseko Property occurs on the northwestern margin of the Coast Plutonic Complex of Jurassic to Cretaceous age where it intrudes Triassic to Cretaceous sedimentary and volcanic rocks. The oldest rocks are limestones, conglomerates and sandstones of the Tyaughton Group of Upper Triassic to Lower Jurassic age. The Tyaughton Group is overlain by Middle Jurassic to Lower Cretaceous shales and sandstones of the Relay Mountain Group, and Lower Cretaceous argillites and intermediate flows and volcaniclastic rocks of the Taylor Creek Group. Triassic to Lower Cretaceous strata are tightly folded in NW? trending folds.

Gently folded Upper Cretaceous volcaniclastic sandstones, tuffs and breccias that correlate with the Kingsvale volcanics (Figure 3) unconformably overlie the older, deformed strata. These volcanic rocks are divided into 5 members (Glover and Schiarizza, 1986). Facies changes along northwest trending normal or strike-slip faults suggest that the Upper Cretaceous sedimentation occurred within a northwest-trending trough coincident with faulting.

Upper Cretaceous strata are unconformably overlain by rhyolite, dacite and basalt flows, and pyroclastic rocks of Eocene (?) age. Locally interstratified conglomerates suggest the Eocene volcanics were erupted synchronously with block-fault graben development.

Intrusive rocks in the Taseko area include quartz-diorite to quartz-monzonite of the batholithic Coast Plutonic Complex (86 my), hornblende porphyry stocks and dikes that intrude the Coast Range batholith and adjacent volcanic-volcaniclastic units, and biotite-bearing porphyry stocks and dikes that intrude strata as young as Eocene age.

Three types of mineralization occur in the Taseko River area (refer to Figure 3):

- (1) Cu-Mo +/- Au porphyry-type mineralization within the Coast Range batholith (e.g. the Buzzer, Spokane, Rowbottom, and Mohawk Showings);
- (2) Cu-Au mineralization within hydrothermally altered volcanic strata near the contact with the batholith (e.g.) the Empress Showing); and
- (3) Au-Ag epithermal mineralization in stratigraphically higher volcanic strata (e.g. the Taylor-Windfall mine, Battlement Creek area).

Local Geology The geology of the area covered by the Amazon claims consists of quartz monzonite with northwesterly trending feldspar (quartz) porphyry dikes (Figure 4). The contact between the Kingsvale volcanics and the Coast Range Batholith occurs over 1000 feet to the north of the claims.

> Before starting the geological traverse, air photos were A major lineament was noticed, and this was followed studied. at the start of the traverse. This lineament is defined on the map by samples W69R, W70R and SSAM1. A large cliff of lightcoloured quartz monzonite occurs at the site of W69R, which occurs west of the lineament. Very little chalcopyrite was seen in this rock with the exception of W69R. W70R is rhyolite which occurs near the centre of the lineament. SSAM1 is a soil sample taken within the lineament. The result of the geochemical determination was surprisingly high in copper at 1346 ppm.

> The next sample taken and assayed was W73R. contained a small quartz vein with chalcopyrite and limonite. This assayed 3400 ppb gold and 1.83% copper. Three samples were taken over a distance of 450 feet southeast of W73R. first sample was taken from the centre of the SSE trending lineament and the last two samples were taken from an outcrop along the side.

> Samples W76R and W78R are from an area consisting of relatively dark quartz monzonite with K-feldspar alteration along fractures. W78R consists of K feldspar with disseminated chalcopyrite. The alteration along the fracture here was seven centimetres wide. This zone of alteration was traced for 75 metres in a SSE direction. The best sample, W78R ran 6,628 ppm copper.

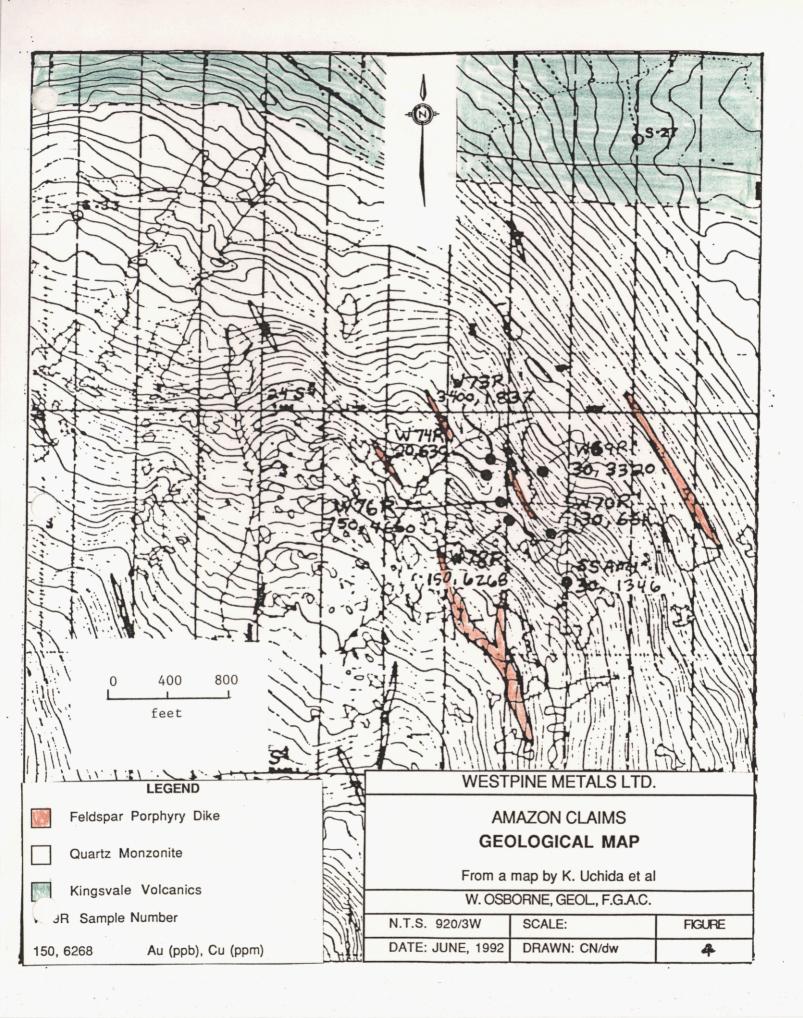
Conclusions & Recommendations

The geological reconnaissance survey located a surprising amount of copper mineralization, especially associated with Kfeldspar alteration. The old 1970 grid is still evident. recommended that the old grid be re-established and that the area be soil sampled and mapped geologically to determine the extent of copper mineralization at the cost of approximately \$6,000.

Cost of 1991 Work

The following is a breakdown of costs for the 1991 program on the Amazon Claims:

Food, lodging and transportation	\$ 90.00
Geological reconnaissance (1.5 days)	575.00
Assays	112.00
Report	<u> 192.00</u>
Total	\$969.00



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Certificate

- I, Willis Williams Osborne do hereby certify that:
- 1. I am a Consulting Geologist residing at Suite 905, 2324 West First Avenue, Vancouver, B.C. My office is at Suite 900, 475 Howe Street, Vancouver, B.C.
- 2. I graduated from the University of Minnesota in 1961 with a B.Sc. in Geology and from the University of British Columbia in 1966 with an M.Sc. in Geology.
- 3. I have no personal interest, directly or indirectly in the properties examined but I am a Director and Executive Officer of Westpine Metals Ltd. and own stock in Westpine.
- 4. The findings of this report are derived from data acknowledged and from a personal examination of the property in 1991 for one and a half days.
- 5. I have been engaged in mineral exploration work since 1963.
- 6. I am a Fellow of the Geological Association of Canada.

DATED AT Vancouver, British Columbia this 2nd day of June, 1992.

Willis W. Osborne CA

Willis W. Osborne

Description of Rock Samples

W69R	Granodiorite with hornblende and biotite. The mafics make up 20% of the rock. Malachite occurs along the fractures.
W70R	Pink rhyolite
W73R	Quartz monzonite. Probably light variety with a narrow quartz vein with much pyrite, chalcopyrite and limonite. One fraction has K-feldspar alteration
W74R	Highly weathered rock with much limonite stain. This is an intrusive rock with a high content of biotite.
W76R	Moderately dark quartz monzonite with biotite. K-feldspar alteration along fractions with chalcopyrite disseminated on the rock along fractures
W78R	K-feldspar alteration with disseminated

VANGEOCHEM '.AB LIMITED

1630 Pandora Street, vancouver, B.C. V5L 1L6 Ph:(604)251-5656 Fax:(604)254-5717

ICAP GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS

A .5 gram sample is digested with 5 ml of 3:1:2 HCL to HNO2 to H2O at 95 °C for 90 minutes and is diluted to 10 ml with water.

This leach is partial for Al, Ba, Ca, Cr, Fe, K, Mg, Mn, Na, P, Sn, Sr and W.

ANALYST: 19-16

REPORT #: 910256 PA	ALPINE EXPLORATION CORP. PROJECT: TASEKO								(0			DATE	IN: OCT	07 1991	DATE	OUT: 00	T 09 199)1 A	TTENTION:	MR. BIL	L USBORN	PAGE 1 OF 1				
Sample Name	Ag	Al	As	 • Au	Ba	Bi	Ca	Cd	Co	Cr	Cu	Fe	K	Mg	Ħn	Mo	Na	Ni	Р	Pb	Sb	Sn	Sr	U	u	Zn
	ppe	Z	ppe	ppb	pp∎	ppe	Z.	ppa	ppa	pp#	ppa	Z.	7.	ĭ.	ppm	ppa	Z.	op a	Z.	рр⋒	ppa	ppa	pp a	ppa	pp€	pps
AM W91-69	0.3	2.53	9	30	155	₹3	0.64	2.0	28	208	3320	4.61	1.44	2.14	618	1	0.09	35	0.01	2	⟨2	24	24	<5	⟨3	149
AM W91-70	0.1	0.59	⟨3	130	57	⟨3	0.13	<0.1	12	245	661	1.22	0.46	0.42	179	<1	0.05	12	(0.01	7	⟨2	(2	8	₹5	(3	21
AM W91-73	2.9	1.02	61	3400	136	⟨3	0.27	<0.1	15	159	>20000	8.66	1.65	0.82	184	748	0.02	18	<0.01	<2	<2	33	14	₹5	⟨3	64
AM W91-74	0.4	1.49	29	20	>1000	⟨3	0.14	<0.1	31	166	631	5.51	1.18	0.45	1833	18	0.01	21	0.01	4	⟨2	⟨2	11	⟨5	(3	134
AM N91-76	1.0	0.77	29	750	193	₹3	0.83	<0.1	11	146	4660	2.00	1.09	0.51	517	10	0.28	8	<0.01	19	<2	⟨2	20	⟨5	⟨3	54
AM W91-78	0.4	2.46	16	150	927	⟨3	1.12	0.8	32	265	6268	4.84	2.28	2.25	434	69	0.13	42	0.01	2	⟨2	31	40	⟨5	⟨3	66
Minimum Detection Maximum Detection	0.1 50.0	0.01 10.00	2000	5 10000	1000	1000	0.01	0.1 1000.0	20000	1000	20000	0.01	0.01	0.01	20000	1000	0.01	1 20000	0.01 10.00	2 20000	2 2000	2 1000	1 10000	5 100	3 1000	1 20000
< - Less Than Minimum	> -	Greater 1	han Maxi	Laua	is - Ins	utticie	it Sampl	e ns	- No Sam	pie	#Au Anal	ysis Do	ne By Fi	e Assay	Concentr	ation /	AAS Fini	sh.								

VANGEOCHEM LAB LIMITED

1630 Pandora Street, Vancouver, B.C. V5L 1L6 Ph:(604)251-5656 Fax:(604)254-5717

ICAP GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS

A .5 gram sample is digested with 5 ml of 3:1:2 HCL to HNO₃ to H₂O at 95 °C for 90 minutes and is diluted to 10 ml with water.

This leach is partial for Al, Ba, Ca, Cr, Fe, K, Mg, Mn, Na, P, Sn, Sr and W.

ANAL VOT

																								•				
REPORT 8: 910293 PA	A ALPINE EXPLORATION CORP.						PROJECT: AMAZON						DATE IN: NOV 06 1991				OV 08 19	91 A	ATTENTION: MR. BILL OSBORNE						PAGE 1 OF 1			
Sample Name	Ag	Al	As	#Au	Ba	Bi	Ca	Cd	Co	Cr	Cu	Fe	K	Mg	Ħn	Ho	Na	Ni	P	Pb	Sb	Sn	Sr	U	W	Zn		
	pps	I.	ppa	ppb	pp a	ppe	Z	pps	ppa	opa.	ppe	l	I.	Z	ρρ α	ppe	1	pp#	I.	pp∎	ppa	ppa	ppm	pp€	ppe	ppa		
AM SS 91-1	0.1	2.28	43	30	347	20	0.45	4.8	18	37	1346	3.70	0.43	0.63	707	13	0.02	20	0.02	43	31	⟨2	21	₹5	⟨3	120		
Minimum Detection	0.1	0.01	3	5	1	3	0.01	0.1	1	1	1	0.01	0.01	0.01	1	i	0.01	i	0.01	2	2	2	1	5	3	i		
Maximum Detection	50.0	10.00	2000	10000	1000	1000	10.00	1000.0	20000	1000	20000	10.00	10.00	10.00	20000	1000	10.00	20000	10.00	20000	2000	1000	10000	100	1000	20009		
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REPORT NUMBER: 910256 AA

JOB NUMBER: 910256

ALPINE EXPLORATION CORP.

PAGE 1 OF 1

SAMPLE #

Cu

AM W91-73

1.83

DETECTION LIMIT

0.01

1 Troy oz/short ton = 34.28 ppm 1 ppm = 0.0001 %

ppm = parts per million < = less than

signed: