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LC-1 and HOM 1 to 6 Claims

Logan Lake Area Kamloops Mining Division

92I-7E (50° 26' N. Lat., 120° 42' W. Long.)

for

GRANT F. CROOKER Box 404 Keremeos, B.C. VOX 1NO (OWNER AND OPERATOR)

by

GRANT F. CROOKER, B.Sc., P.Geo, CONSULTING GEOLOGIST

> GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

May, 1992

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SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Dupont Lake property consists of one modified grid and six two post mineral claims covering 26 units in the Kamloops Mining Division. The property is located approximately 14 kilometers southeast of Logan Lake in southern British Columbia. Grant Crooker of Keremeos B.C., is the owner of the property.

The general area of Kamloops-Merritt has been the scene of intense exploration and mining activity for over 100 years. The exploration culminated with the discovery and development of the bulk tonnage copper-molybdenum deposits at Craigmont, Afton and the Highland Valley.

Exploration has been carried out in the vicinity of the Dupont Lake property since the late 1880's with six mineral occurrences (figure 5) having been documented. These include the Bertha/Molly, Plug (Meadow Creek), Chatrands, JHC, Rhyolite and Pom Pom. Shaft sinking, trenching, drilling, prospecting and geological, geochemical and geophysical surveying have been carried out on the showings.

The Dupont Lake property covers the area of the Bertha/Molly and JHC showings. Upper Triassic Nicola Group volcanic and sedimentary rocks underlie the property. Copper mineralization occurs within shears and as fracture fillings within the Nicola Group. Previous work on the showings up until the 1970's has included shaft sinking, trenching and diamond drilling.

During the period 1986 through 1988 Western Resource Technologies Inc. carried out geological, geochemical and geophysical surveys over the Dupont Lake Grid (figure 4). This work outlined a number of copper soil geochemical anomalies in the general vicinity of the Bertha/Molly showing. An Induced Polarization survey over the Bertha/Molly showing indicated a low intensity chargeability zone which could be caused by concentrations of sulphide minerals such as pyrite and chalcopyrite.

The 1992 program consisted of establishing fill in grid lines south of the Bertha/Molly showing and carrying out magnetometer and VLF-EM surveys on them.

Magnetic data indicated high magnetic data over the survey area and most magnetic trends strike northwest-southeast. The magnetic highs are mostly narrow, linear features probably indicating more basic volcanic units within the volcanic pile. The magnetic lows are also narrow, linear features caused by less basic volcanic units or structural features. A number of the magnetic lows occur coincidentally with VLF-EM conductors. A large number of mainly weak to moderate, northwest-southeast trending VLF-EM conductors were outlined by the survey. Many of the conductors coincide with magnetic trends and are therefore considered to represent bedrock conditions. Several of the conductor systems occur coincidentally with the linear magnetic lows and are probably outlining fracture or shear zones, or faults.

Recommendations are as follows:

1) The grid should be extended several lines to the north to cover the Bertha/Molly and an unnamed showing, and magnetometer and VLF-EM surveys carried out over the grid lines.

2) Geological mapping and prospecting should be carried over the property, with particuliar emphasis on checking the geophysical features outlined by this survey and the Induced Polarization survey carried out in 1988.

3) A soil geochemical survey should be carried out over the grid.

Respectfully submitted,

Grant Crooker, B.Sc., P.Geo., Consulting Geologist



1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 GENERAL

Field work was carried out on the property by Grant Crooker, geologist from May 3 to May 6 1992.

The work program consisted of establishing grid lines and carrying out VLF-EM and magnetometer surveying.

1.2 LOCATION AND ACCESS

The property (figure 1) is located approximately 14 kilometers southeast of Logan Lake in southern British Columbia. The property lies between $50^{\circ}25'40''$ and $50^{\circ}26'40'''$ north latitude and $120^{\circ}41''$ and $120^{\circ}43''$ west longitude (NTS 921-7E).

A network of roads give excellent access to the property. The Logan Lake-Kamloops Highway passes approximately 5 kilometers north of the claims and the Coquihalla Highway passes 6 kilometers east of the claims.

Access to the property is first along the Surrey Lake forest access road which turns off the Logan Lake-Kamloops Highway 14 kilometers east of Logan Lake and then along a four wheel drive road on a B.C. Hydro powerline. A number of four wheel drive roads give access to all areas of the property.

1.3 PHYSIOGRAPHY

The property is located in the Interior Plateau of southern British Columbia. Topography is gentle to moderate with several steeper hills and elevation varies from 1280 to 1525 meters above sea level. Numerous swamps are found on the property and Dupont Lake is within the southern boundary of the LC-1 claim with Homfray Lake at the northeast corner of the property.

Vegetation varies from open grassy meadows to a forest cover of jackpine and fir trees.

1.4 PROPERTY AND CLAIM STATUS

The LC-1 and Hom 1 to 6 mineral claims (figure 2) are owned by Grant Crooker of Keremeos, B.C..

The property is located in the Kamloops Mining Division and consists of 1 modified grid claim and 6 two post claims covering 26 units.



Claim	Units	Mining Dívision	Tenure Number	Record Date	Expiry Date
LC-1	20	Kamloops	219911	05/10/91	05/10/95*
Hom-1	1	Kamloops	304771	09/17/91	09/17/95*
Hom-2	1	Kamloops	304772	09/17/91	09/17/95*
Hom-3	1	Kamloops	304773	09/17/91	09/17/95*
Hom-4	1	Kamloops	304774	09/17/91	09/17/95*
Hom-5	1	Kamloops	304775	09/17/91	09/17/95*
Hom~6	1	Kamloops	304776	09/17/91	09/17/95*

* Upon Acceptance of this report.

1.5 AREA AND PROPERTY HISTORY

The area encompassed by a triangle with apices at Ashcroft, Kamloops and Merritt has been, over the past century the scene of intense exploration activity. This activity culminated with the discovery and development of the porphyry copper-molybdenum mines in the Highland Valley, the Craigmont mine near Merritt and the Afton mine near Kamloops. Earlier smaller mines with good copper-gold values were worked south of Kamloops Lake.

Prospecting and development has been carried out in the vicinity of the property for almost 100 years. The documented showings near the property (figure 5) include the Pom Pom, Chatrandts, Plug and Rhyolite. The LC-1 and Hom claims cover the former Bertha/Molly and JHC showings.

Trenching, shaft sinking, drilling, prospecting and geophysical and geochemical surveys have been carried out on the showings adjacent to the property. A brief summary of the showings is given below.

Plug Showing

In 1972 Texada Mines Ltd. acquired the claims in the area of the Plug showing (west central and south central zones, Meadow Creek Grid). Texada conducted geological mapping, magnetic and induced polarization surveying and soil geochemical sampling (Cu, Zn, Ag) over 14 line miles of grid. The coincidental targets were percussion drilled with eight holes totalling 1400 feet. The results are not documented and presumed to be unsuccessful in locating ecomomic concentrations of copper.

During the period 1985 through 1988 Western Resource Technologies Inc. carried out prospecting and geochemical and geophysical surveys on the Meadow Creek grid. Anomalous copper, lead, zinc, gold, silver and arsenic values were found in the silt and soil surveys. Rock sampling in old trenches also gave gold and silver values of 7500 ppb (0.282 oz per ton) and 67.5 ppm respectively.



Pom Pom Showing

Newmont Mining Corporation of Canada staked the Pom Pom claims in 1973 after copper mineralization grading 0.17% Cu was discovered. A small grid was established and mapping, geochemical sampling and magnetic and IP surveying (one line mile) were conducted. Follow-up investigations were not conducted.

Chatrandts Showing

The Minister of Mines Report for 1916 describes the showing as consisting of several deep open cuts and a 40 foot long adit. The location is not well documented and no further information is available on the showing.

Rhyolite Showing

A number of old trenches were found during the staking of the WRT claims for Western Resource Technologies Inc. during 1985. Work programs carried out between 1985 and 1988 consisted of geological mapping, prospecting, soil and rock geochemical sampling and VLF-EM, magnetometer and Induced Polarization geophysical surveying.

The showing occurs near a flow-pyroclastic contact within Nicola volcanics. A coincidental copper-zinc soil geochemical anomaly has been outlined and mineralization is related to quartz-carbonate veinlets and shearing within basalt. Pyrite is present in concentrations up to 20%, with minor chalcopyrite, azurite, malachite and sphalerite. Sampling indicated weakly anomalous gold (41 ppb), silver (4.1 ppm), copper (3770 ppm) and zinc (2183 ppm) values.

The LC and Hom claims cover the old Bertha/Molly (Dupont Lake Grid) and JHC showings. A brief description of the historical information available on the showings is given below.

Bertha/Molly Showing

This showing was first staked in 1888 by Wright and Fletcher. A shaft was sunk on the Main Showing (No. 1 Showing) and lodes 3 feet to 4.5 feet in thickness were discovered. In 1928 Meadow Creek Mines worked the Number 1 Showing and a few tons of high grade copper ore were sorted for shipment. Dunmore Mines Ltd. carried out road building, trenching and diamond drilling in 1954. A small mill was erected but the supergene copper minerals were not amenable to gravity concentration. Dunmore Mines reported drilling 17 diamond drill holes with no information retained but F.J. Hemsworth reported in 1957 that the holes encountered only sparse mineralization. Highhawk Mines Ltd. and Consolidated Standard Mines Ltd. acquired ground in the vicinity in 1972. Approximately 17 line miles of grid was established northwest of Dupont Lake to encompass Showings No.2 and No.4. Soil geochemical and Induced Polarization surveys were conducted and two diamond drill holes totalling 750 feet were drilled to test the IP anomalies flanking copper geochemical responses. Both holes encountered fracture related and disseminated pyrite with no visible copper mineralization. The holes were not assayed and the claims were allowed to lapse.

Western Resource Technologies Inc. carried out soil geochemical Polarization surveys and VLF-EM. magnetometer and Induced geophysical surveys over the Dupont Lake grid. The soil geochemical survey gave a number of geochemical responses for copper, silver and gold. These responses are concentrated on lines 0+00 through 4+88S. The Induced Polarization survey in the vicinity of the Bertha/Molly showing indicated a low intensity zone of high chargeability which could be caused by disseminated sulphides such as pyrite and chalcopyrite within bedrock.

JHC Showing

Vanex Minerals Ltd. acquired claims covering the JHC showing in 1958. They conducted magnetic surveys and physical work under the direction of Hill, Stark and Associates, Consulting Engineers. In 1959 Vanex drilled two holes in the JHC Showing area:

Hole No. 1

This hole was located approximately 3000 feet north of Homfray Lake and was drilled verticaly to a depth of 358 feet to test a magnetic high. The lower portion of the hole encountered a silicious, altered grey-green rock with considerable pyrite. No assays were reported but the recommendation was made to extend the hole to 1000 feet.

Hole No. 2

This hole was located on the west shore of Homfray Lake and was drilled at minus 45 degrees to a depth of at least 293 feet. Altered volcanics were noted but no mineralization was reported and no reason was given for drilling the hole.

Craigmont Mines Limited staked claims in the area of the JHC showing in 1970. A small survey consisting of geological mapping, geochemical sampling and magnetic and IP surveying was conducted. Two holes totalling 800 feet were drilled but the location and results of the drilling are unknown.

Western Resource Technologies Inc. carried out a small program of soil geochemical sampling in the area with limited results.



2.0 EXPLORATION PROCEDURE

During this program fill in grid lines were put in on the Dupont Lake grid previously established by Western Resource Technologies Inc. VLF-EM and magnetometer surveys were then carried out over the grid lines.

GRID PARAMETERS

-baseline direction 145°-325° -declination 21½° -survey lines perpendicular to baseline -survey line separation 122 meters -survey station spacing 25 meters -survey total - 7.4 kilometers

GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY PARAMETERS

TOTAL FIELD MAGNETIC SURVEY

-survey line separation 122 meters -survey sample spacing 25 meters -survey total - 7.4 kilometers -measured total magnetic field in nanoteslas (gammas) -instrument - Scintrex MP-2 Magnetometer -instrument accuracy ± 1 nanotesla

Readings were taken along the baseline to obtain standard readings for all baseline stations. All loops ran off the baseline were then corrected to these standard values by the straight line method. The operator faced north for all readings.

The total field magnetic contours were plotted on figure 6 at a scale of 1:5,000 and the data listed in Appendix II.

VLF-EM SURVEY

-survey line separation 122 meters -survey station spacing 25 meters -survey total - 7.1 kilometers -transmitting station - Cutler - 24.0 KHz -direction faced - southerly -instrument - Geonics EM-16 -in-phase (dip angle) and out-of-phase (quadrature) components measured in percent at each station

The VLF-EM profiles were plotted on figure 7 at a scale of 1:5,000 and the data listed in appendix II.

3.0 GEOLOGY AND MINERALIZATION

3.1 GEOLOGY

The property lies within the Intermontane Belt of the Canadian Cordillera and is underlain by Triassic Nicola volcanic rocks. This belt of Nicola volcanics are in contact with the Jurassic Guichon Batholith to the west and the Jurassic Nicola Batholith to the east.

The property is underlain by the Nicola Group volcanics of Upper Triassic age (Figure 3) and these rocks are subdivided into two sub-units (UTN4 and UTN5).

UTN3

Most of the property is underlain by this unit which is a plagioclase, plagioclase-augite intermediate pyroclastic and epiclastic breccia, conglomerate, tuff, sandstone, local shale; carbonate clasts common. Local augite porphyry bodies which are probably feeders to the volcanics also occur. These rocks host the Bertha/Molly showing.

UTN4

The northeast portion of the property is underlain by this unit. It is an aphanitic pillowed basic flow and the contact with UTN3 hosts the JHC showing.

3.2 MINERALIZATION

The mineralization on the property appears to be confined to the copper minerals (malachite, azurite, chalcopyrite and cuprite) and pyrite. They are hosted by shears and fracture fillings in vesiculiar volcanics and red tuffs. The linear north-south depressions appear to have been favourable structural controls although Hemsworth (private report) notes that at Dupont Lake the zone of the copper mineralization appears to have a long axis running east-west. He reports surface assays of over 1% copper over widths ranging from 6 to 25 feet. He also reports that a drill hole, No. 17, returned two sludge assays of 0.35% and 0.50% copper over intervals of 40 and 27 feet respectively.

A common alteration noted is calcite and epidote with silicification stronger at depth.



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and have no	
UKN	NICOLA GROUP: undifferentiated
UT.NI,10	NICOLA GROUP: basic to acidic, mainly volcani- clastic rocks and intercalated argillite; la acidic flows and volcaniclastics; local schistcse equivalents mainly along Thompson River 'alley
UTNZ	NICOLA GROUP: carbonate
υτη3	NICOLA GROUP: plagioclase, plagioclase-augite intermediate pyroclastic and epiclastic breccia. conglomerate, tuff, sandstone, local shale; carbonate clasts common. Local augite porphyry bodies probably feeders to NS volcanics
UT NA	NICOLA GROUP: aphanitic, pillowed basic flows
UTNS	NICOLA GROUP: augite porphyry, augite- plagioclase porphyry volcaniclastic breccia and tuff; interbedded argillite
UTNE	HICOLA GROUP: argillite, siltstone, volcanic sandstone, local intercalated tuff. Pocks along horth Thompson River contain interbedded chert pebble conglomerate, chert arenite local carbonate, and minor augite/hornblende porphyry. Northeast of Kamloops, these strata are as old as Middle Triassic
UKN7	NICOLA GROUP: variably foliated diorite, amphibolite, metasedimentary rocks, probably equivalent to N5, N6; associated with Nicola, Wild Horse and Pennask Batholiths
	Geological boundary (defined, approximate, assymed)
	Fault (defined, approximate, assumed, extension beneath drift)



BERTHA MOLLY SHOWING (Cu-Ag)

4.0 GEOPHYSICS

4.1 MAGNETOMETER SURVEY

A total field magnetic survey was carried out on lines 488S, 610S, 732S and 854S (figure 6). The magnetic response was moderate with total field magnetic values ranging from 56953 to 58017 nT.

Magnetic data indicate high magnetic activity over the survey area and most magnetic trends strike northwest-southeast. The magnetic highs are mostly narrow, linear trends possibly indicating more basic volcanic units within the volcanic pile.

A number of narrow, linear magnetic lows were also indicated by the survey. These may be caused by less basic volcanic units or structural features. The most prominent of these are from 488S & 1250E to 854S & 1275E, 488S & 900E to 854S & 850E, 488S & 750E to 854S & 750E and 488S & 250E to 854S & 325E. Several of the linear magnetic lows coincide with VLF-EM conductors and are probably structural features.

4.2 VLF-EM SURVEY

The VLF-EM survey was carried out over lines 488S, 610S, 732S and 854S (figure 7). The VLF-EM profiles were not generally influenced by topography as the survey area has little relief. Most of the conductors are weak to moderate and exhibit short wavelengths.

A number of northwest-southeast trending conductor systems were outlined by the survey. Many of these conductor systems coincide with magnetic trends and are therefore considered to represent bedrock material, probably fracture or shear zones.

Three conductor systems, A, B, and C were delineated by the survey. Conductor A is moderate to strong and caused by the cultural effect of a B.C. Hydro Transmission Line. Conductors B and C are weak to strong and occur coincidentally with linear magnetic lows. These two conductors are probably outlining fault of shear zones.

A number of individual conductors occur coincidentally with magnetic highs and lows.





5.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The 1992 program consisted of establishing grid lines southeast of the Bertha/Molly showing and carrying out magnetometer and VLF-EM surveys on them.

Magnetic data indicated high magnetic data over the survey area and most magnetic trends strike northwest-southeast. The magnetic highs are mostly narrow, linear features probably indicating more basic volcanic units within the volcanic pile. The magnetic lows are also narrow, linear features caused by less basic volcanic units or structural features. A number of the magnetic lows occur coincidentally with VLF-EM conductors.

A large number of mainly weak to moderate, northwest-southeast trending VLF-EM conductors were outlined by the survey. Many of the conductors coincide with magnetic trends and are therefore considered to represent bedrock conditions. Several of the conductor systems occur coincidentally with the linear magnetic lows and are probably outlining fracture or shear zones, or faults.

Recommendations are as follows:

1) The grid should be extended several lines to the north to cover the Bertha/Molly and an unnamed showing, and magnetometer and VLF-EM surveys carried out over the grid lines.

2) Geological mapping and prospecting should be carried over the property, with particuliar emphasis on checking the geophysical features outlined by this survey and the Induced Polarization survey carried out in 1988.

3) A soil geochemical survey should be carried out over the grid.

Respectfully submitted, TROOKER. Grant Crocker, B.Sc., P.Geo., Consulfing Geologist

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Geological Survey of Canada: Map 886A, Nicola (East Half) 1961.

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Hemsworth, F.J.,: Report on the Dunmore Mines Property, Highland Valley Area.

Hill, L.H., (March 1959): Report Covering Geophysical and Physical work on 72 Claims of Vanex Holdings, Meadow Creek Area, Kamloops M.D..

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Leith, H.C.B., (March 1959): Report of Visit to Meadow Creek Prospect, Vanex Holdings.

National Geochemical Reconnaissance Survey (19081): 92I Ashcroft B.C., B.C. Ministry of Energy Mines and Petroleum Resources and Geological Survey of Canada.

Tough, T.R., (April 27, 1972): Geological Report on the Homfray Lake Property Kamloops Mining Division for Highhawk Mines Ltd. and Consolidated Standard Mines Ltd.

7.0 CERTIFICATE OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, Grant F. Crooker, of Upper Bench Road, Keremeos, in the Province of British Columbia, hereby certify as follows:

- 1. That I graduated from the University of British Columbia in 1972 with a Bachelor of Science Degree in Geology.
- 2. That I have prospected and actively pursued geology prior to my graduation and have practised my profession since 1972.
- 3. That I am a member of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy.
- 4. That I am a Fellow of the Geological Association of Canada.
- 5. That I am a Professional Geoscientist registered with the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of the Province of British Columbia (No. 18,961).
- 6. That I am the owner of the LC-1 and Hom 1 to 6 claims.

Dated this $6 \neq h$ day of $5 \leq n \leq -1$, 1992, at Keremeos, in the Province of British Columbia.

ESSIO

Grant Crocker, B.Sc., P.Geo., Consulting Geologist Appendix I

GEOPHYSICAL EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATIONS

GEONICS LIMITED VLF EM 16

Source of Primary Field	VLF transmitting stations
Transmitting Stations Used:	Any desired station frequency can be supplied with the instrument in the form of plug-in tuning units. Two tuning units can be plugged in at one time. A switch selects either station.
Operating Frequency Range:	About 15-25 Hz.
Parameters Measured:	1- The vertical in-phase component (tangent of the tilt angle of the polarization ellipsoid). 2- The vertical out-of-phase (quad -rature) component (the short axis of the polarization ellipsoid com- pared to the long axis).
Method of Reading:	In-phase from a mechanical inclin- ometer and quadrature from a cali- brated dial. Nulling by audio tone
Scale Range:	In-phase ± 150%; quadrature ±40%
Readability:	±1%
Readability: Operating Temperature Range:	±1% -40 to 50° C.
Readability: Operating Temperature Range: Operating Controls:	<pre>±1% -40 to 50° C. ON-OFF switch, battery testing push button, station selector, switch, volume control, quadrat- ure dial ±40%, inclinometer ± 150%</pre>
Readability: Operating Temperature Range: Operating Controls: Power Supply:	<pre>±1% -40 to 50° C. ON-OFF switch, battery testing push button, station selector, switch, volume control, quadrat- ure dial ±40%, inclinometer ± 150% 6 size AA alkaline cells ≈200 hrs.</pre>
Readability: Operating Temperature Range: Operating Controls: Power Supply: Dimensions:	<pre>±1% -40 to 50° C. ON-OFF switch, battery testing push button, station selector, switch, volume control, quadrat- ure dial ±40%, inclinometer ± 150% 6 size AA alkaline cells ≈200 hrs. 42 x 14 x 9 cm (16 x 5.5 x 3.5 in)</pre>
Readability: Operating Temperature Range: Operating Controls: Power Supply: Dimensions: Weight:	<pre>±1% -40 to 50° C. ON-OFF switch, battery testing push button, station selector, switch, volume control, quadrat- ure dial ±40%, inclinometer ± 150% 6 size AA alkaline cells ≈200 hrs. 42 x 14 x 9 cm (16 x 5.5 x 3.5 in) 1.6 kg. (3.5 lbs)</pre>
Readability: Operating Temperature Range: Operating Controls: Power Supply: Dimensions: Weight: Instrument Supplied With:	<pre>±1% -40 to 50° C. ON-OFF switch, battery testing push button, station selector, switch, volume control, quadrat- ure dial ±40%, inclinometer ± 150% 6 size AA alkaline cells ≈200 hrs. 42 x 14 x 9 cm (16 x 5.5 x 3.5 in) 1.6 kg. (3.5 lbs) Monotonic speaker, carrying case, manual of operation, 3 station selector plug-in tuning units (ad- ditional frequencies are optional) set of batteries.</pre>

MP-2 PROTON PRECESSION MAGNETOMETER

Resolution:	1 gamma
Total Field Accuracy:	\pm gamma over full operating range
Range:	20,000 to 100,000 gammas in 25 overlapping steps.
Internal Measuring Program:	A reading appears 1.5 seconds after depression of Operate Switch & remains displayed for 2.2 secs. Recycling feature permits automat- ic repetitive readings at 3.7 sec. intervals.
External Trigger:	External trigger input permits use of sampling intervals longer than 3.7 seconds.
Display:	5 digit LED readout displaying total magnetic field in gammas or normalized battery voltage.
Data Output:	Multiplied precession frequency and gate time outputs for base station recording using interfac- ing optionally available from Scintrex.
Gradient Tolerance:	Up to 5,000 gammas/meter.
Power Source:	8 size D cells ≈25,000 readings at 25° C under reasonable conditions.
Sensor:	Omnidirectional, shielded, noise- cancelling dual coil, optimized for high gradient tolerance.
Harness:	Complete for operation with staff or back pack sensor.
Operating Temperature Range:	-35 to +60° C.
Size:	Console, 8 x 16 x 25 cm; Sensor, 8 x 15 cm; Staff 30 x 66 cm;
Weights:	Console, 1.8 kg; Sensor, 1.3 kg; Staff, 0.6 kg;
Manufacturer:	Scintrex 222 Snidercroft Road Concord, Ontario ÷

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Appendix II

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MAGNETOMETER AND VLF-EM DATA

Grant Crook Area: LC an	ter Data Ad Hom Cl	Listing aims	Line &	Statior	n + = no - = so	rthing/ uthing/	'easting 'westing
Grid: Dupon	nt		File Na	me: dur	ont .x	vz	
Date: May.		LF-EM and	magnet	ometer	survevs	<u> </u>	
Instrument	Type:	Details					
Scintres MP	2	Corrected	total	field m	nagnetic	values	l .
Geonics EM-	·16	Facing so	utherly	. Cutle	er		
Data Types	#1 Cor	rected to	tal fie	ld magr	netic va	lues	
	#2 VLF	-EM In-Ph	ase Val	ues. Cu	itler	2.000	
	#3 VLF	-EM Ouadr	ature V	alues.	Cutler		
N/0				,			
	E/W Ctation	н ч	н О	ш э	а н	<u>н</u> г	<u>щ : с</u>
Line #	Station	₩ 1.	₩ 4.	₩ J.	# 4.	₩ Э.	₩ 0 .
11ne -488	000	57000	~	e-			
-400	000	57205	-6	-5			
-400	025	57450	-9	-/			
-488	050	5/432	-8	-4			
-488	075	57381	-8	-6			
-488	175	5/3/6	-6	-0			
-488	1/5	57226	-8	-5			
-488	175	57026	-5	2			
-488	1/5	57822	-3	1			
-488	200	5/336	-/	U U			
-488	220	5/510	-4				
-488	250	26331	8	-4			
-488	275	57001	-13	-5			
-488	300	5/403	-8	-7			
-488	325	57550	-3	-3			
-488	350	5/582	-4	-2			
-488	3/5	5/356	-4	-3			
-488	400	57312	-5	-3			
-488	425	57226	-3	-2			
-488	450	5/35/	<u>د</u>	-3			
-488	4/5	57525	-3	-3			
-488	500	5/515	-7	-2			
-488	525	57593	-/	0			
-488	550	57599	0	-1			
-488	5/5	5/65/	Ŧ	T			
-488	600						
-488	625	FCOCO	-	•			
-488	650	56960	3	2			
-488	6/5	57832	6	4			
-488	700	5/508	L E	5			
-488	725	5/113	. 5	2			
-488	750	57130	8	د			
-400	115	5714U 57005	-T	د م			
-488	800 805	J/285 E7E11	-9	4			
-400 -400	040 050	5/511	-11	4			
-488 	0 J U 0 7 E	5/493 57200	-/	1			
-400	C/ 0	57300	4	-T			
-400 	900 025	5/19U 57335	ъ л	1 			
-400 -400	740 950	57335	4 1				
-400 -400	950 075	57340	2 T	4 6			
400	<i>91</i> 0	J/J47	5	-0			

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-488	1025	57207	9	-4
-488	1050	57077	8	6
-488	1075	56978	9	-4
-488	1100	57986	9	-2
-488	1125	57298	7	-4
-488	1150	57076	3	-2
-488	1175	57149	0	-5
-488	1200	57429	-9	-7
-488	1225	57373	-8	-2
-488	1250	57186	-2	1
-488	1275	57132	-4	-5
-488	1300	57603	0	-4
-488	1325	57461	-1	-4
-488	1350	57299	-3	-5
-488	1375	57357	-1	-5
-488	1400	57297	1	1
-488	1425	57273	ь	-1
-488	1450	5/195	8	-1
-488	14/5	51108	6	4
-488	1500	57124	4	3
-488	1545	57094	د	4
-488	1575	57107	-3	10 F
-488	10/0	5/19/	-19	-5
-488	1600		-14	-21
-400	1620		-3	. 20
-400	1675	E7214	- 2.4	-20
-488	10/5	5/314 57015	-24	0
-400	1725	57015	-17	4
-400	1750	57345	-19	2
-400	1775	57310	-13	ر ۸
-400	1000	57252	-43	44 う
-400	1000	57512	-,	4
-610	000	57025	-6	0
-610	000	57025	-0	0
-610	020	57104	_9	5
-610	075	57096	-1	4
-610	100	57163	A	2
-610	125	57081		2. 4
-610	150	57066	-1	-1
-610	175	57099	2	3
-610	200	57073	-2	4
-610	225	57441	-2	-1
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-610	275	57299	-9	Δ
-610	300	57250	-13	τ Ω
-610	325	57273	-15	-3
-610	350	57458	-10	-1
-610	375	57604	-8	-3
-610	400	57569	-11	1
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-610	450	57427	-17	
-610	475	57446	-19	9

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-610	575	58017		11	
-610	575	57021	-10		
-610	600	57631 57005	-10	5	
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-610	700	57616	-7	5	
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-610	825	57382	-2	1	
-610	850	56973	-9	-2	
-610	875	57221	-8	2	
-610	900	57286	_9 _9	2	
-610	025	57260	1	2 1	
-610	940 0e0	57300	1 1	*± 	
-010	900	5/405	<u>ل</u> ح	44 A	
-010	9/5	57753	-5	4	
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-610	1625	57110	r Q	-2	
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-010	1635		21 1 C	_T	
-010	10/5		ТР	-8	
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-610	1775	57248	4	-6	
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-732	225	57189	-2	6	
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-732	350	57316	-22	-3	
-732	375	57209	-18	-6	
-732	400	57320	-23	-7	
-732	425	57361	-20	-6	
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-732	500	57332	-17	-6	
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-732	575	57222	-12	-1	
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-732	625	57396	-13	7	
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-732	700	57186	-6	-18	
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-732	875	57277	5	16	
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-732	950	57306	-2	27	
-732	975	57293	- 3	23	
-732	1000	57587	-12	3Z 10	
-732	1025	5/363	-12	тà	
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-732	1075	5/4/2	-23		
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-132	1150	5/435 57343	-11 -11	1	
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-132	1200	5/42U 57415	-5	-3	
-132	1200	5/415 57000	1	-T 2	
-132	1225	5/28U	1	3 2	
-132	1075	5/142 57011	4	3	
-132	1200	57211 57171	4 _ 2	∠ ∧	
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-854		020	5/145 57164	-1	-2
- 254		050	57255	2	⊥ 1
-854		100	57289	-4	-1
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-854		150	57280	-8	-3
-854		175	57236	-3	-1
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-854		675	57239	-3	-15
-854		700	57206	10	7
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-854		750	57181	5	U
-854 _054		115	5/24/	-T	-4 -2
-004		000 005	57203 57202	د <u>-</u> - ۲	-2
-854		850	57274	-5	-2
-854		875	57293	-1	$-\bar{2}$

-854	900	57276	4	- 3
-854	925	57242	5	-3
-854	950	57198	10	1
-954	975	57177	ă	1
-954	1000	57076	4	3
-034	1000	57796	14 E	
-804	1025	57765	2	-2
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-854	1075	5/443	~6	4
-854	1100	57149	-12	-1
-854	1125	57285	-12	-1
-854	1150	57160	-16	1
-854	1175	57375	-12	-1
-854	1200	57435	-16	-1
-854	1225	57281	-5	1
-854	1250	57286	-7	2
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-854	1300	57269	-1	1
-854	1325	57122	-11	-1
-854	1350	57167	-8	2
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000	-600	57025		
000	-610	57182		
000	-625	57043		
000	-650	57077		
000	-675	57023		
000	-700	57061		
000	-732	57135		
000	-750	57074		
000	-775	57187		
000	-800	57066		
000	-825	56954		
000	-854	57036		
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Appendix III

COST STATEMENT

COST STATEMENT

SALARIES

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 Grant Crooker, Geologist April 23, May 3-9, 1992 8 days @ \$ 400.00/day 	\$	3,200.00
MEALS AND ACCOMODATION		
- Grant Crooker - 4 days @ \$ 60.00/day		240.00
TRANSPORTATION		
 Vehicle Rental (Ford 3/4 ton 4x4) 4 days @ \$ 60.00/day 		240.00
- Gasoline		95.00
EQUIPMENT RENTAL		
- VLF-EM - Geonics EM-16 May 3-5, 1992 3 days @ \$ 25.00/day		75.00
- Magnetometer - Scintrex MP-2		
3 days @ \$ 25.00/day		75.00
SUPPLIES - Hipchain thread, flagging, geochem bags, etc	c.	60.00
DRAUGHTING		185.00
PREPARATION OF REPORT		
 Secretarial, reproduction, telephone, office overhead etc. Totage 	tal \$	<u>285.00</u> 4,455.00