LOG NO:	DEC 0 7 1992	RD.
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FILE NO:

> PROSPECTING REPORT ON THE IROQUOIS GROUP

NELSON MINING DIVISION BRITISH COLUMBIA NTS 82F/6W

LATITUDE 49 25'.3N" LONGITUDE 117 18'.2E"

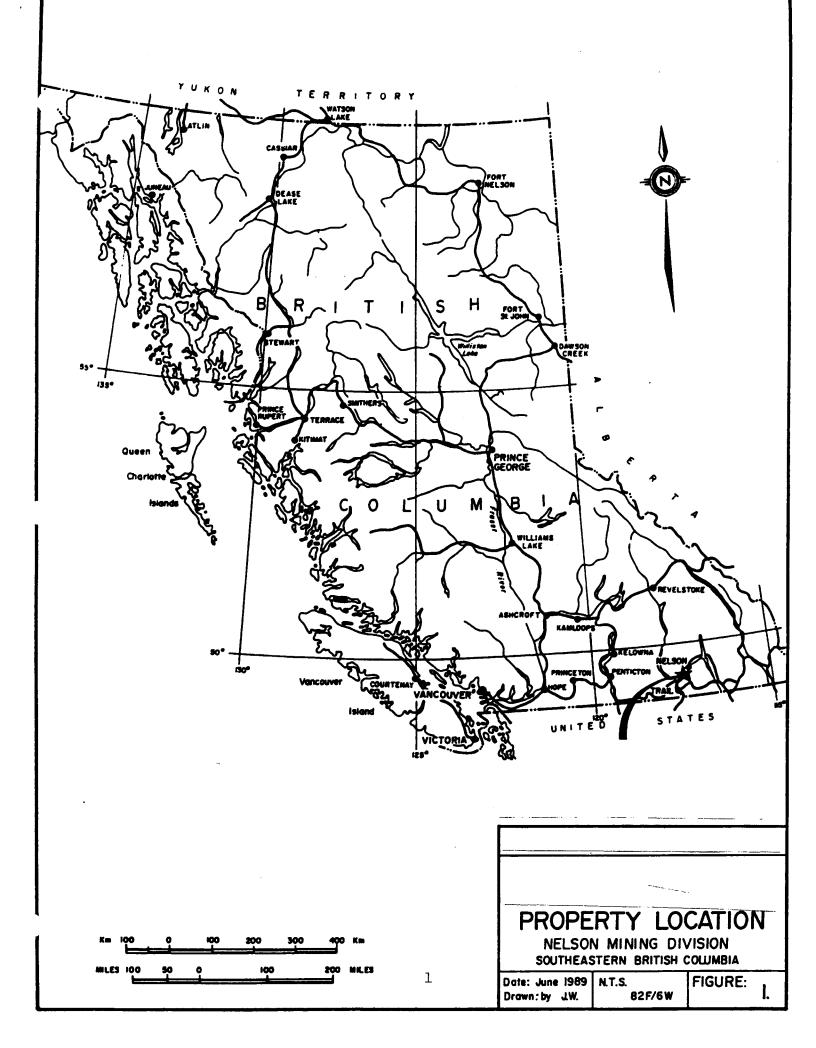
> BY LLOYD ADDIE NOVEMBER 20, 1992

> > GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

22.662

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LOCATION AND ACCESS

The Iroquois Group is located on Toad Mountain (NTS 82F 6W), 6 km south of the city of Nelson, B.C. access to the property is by mainline logging road off the Nelson-Salmo Highway 4 km south of Nelson.

TOPOGRAPHY AND VEGETATION

The topography of the project area is moderately steep, with elevations ranging from 1650 m to 1900 m. The main showings are on a north easterly trending steep sided ridge with a plateau like top. Mature second growth larch, douglas fir, and hemlock cover much of the property. Kootenay valley sawmills plans to log a portion of the area around the Golden Dale claim in 1993.

EXPLORATION HISTORY

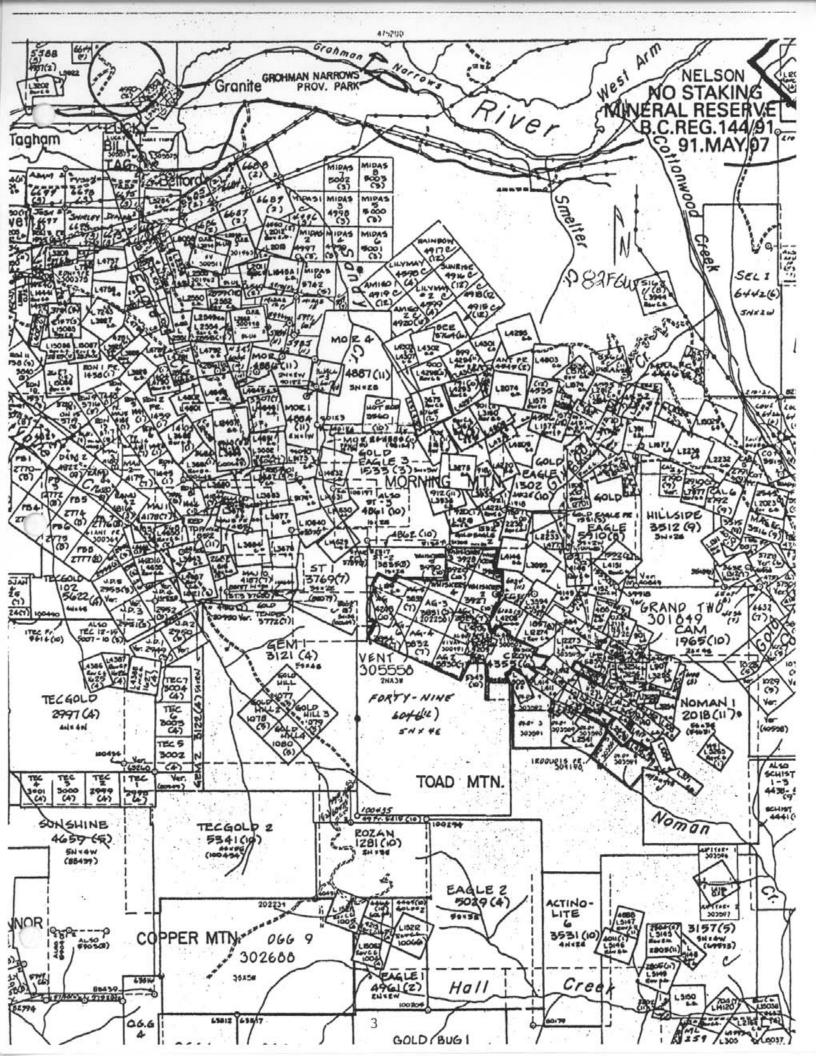
The Iroquois Group has had little exploration despite the fact that it is only 400 m away from the Silver King Mine. The Iroquois Claim had two adits driven on the zone in the 1890's, little was done on the property until 1967 when 5 ax diamond drill holes were drilled by New Coronin Babine Mines Ltd. The results of the 1967 drilling were disappointing to the operator. No assay results were listed in the report on the 1967 drilling, only the statement that the drill intercepts were from 6 to 32 feet and that no commercial mineralization was located. In 1973, Sproatt Silver Mines carried out a soil sample survey as well as an induced polarization survey (assessment report #4701). The property remained dormant until 1981 when hectate gold corporation undertook an evaluation of the property and a report was written by G. Wiswall.

The latest work was --

--In 1983 when Mine Quest Exploration Associates Ltd. carried out drilling program for Host Ventures Ltd. on the property. (Assessment Report #12611)

PROPERTY STATUS

The Iroquois Group consists of modified grid and two post claims as well as reverted crown grants. The property contains 21 units, all of which are owned by Lloyd Addie except the two reverted crown grants which are owned by Richard Palmer.



CLAIM NAME	TENURE #	EXPIRY DATE
LA	303595	Aug 25/94
OKO #1	303589	Aug 27/94
OKO #2	303590	Aug 27/94
OKO #3	303591	Aug 27/94
OKO #4	303592	Aug 27/94
ОКО #5	303593	Aug 27/94
ОКО #6	303594	Aug 27/94
IROQUOIS FR. IVANHOE	304198 310445 205558	Sept 12/94 June 14/95
VENT	305558	Oct 2/93
CROW	233416	June 19/2000
DELIGHT	L.4206	March 15/93
ATLANTIC	L.4209	March 15/93

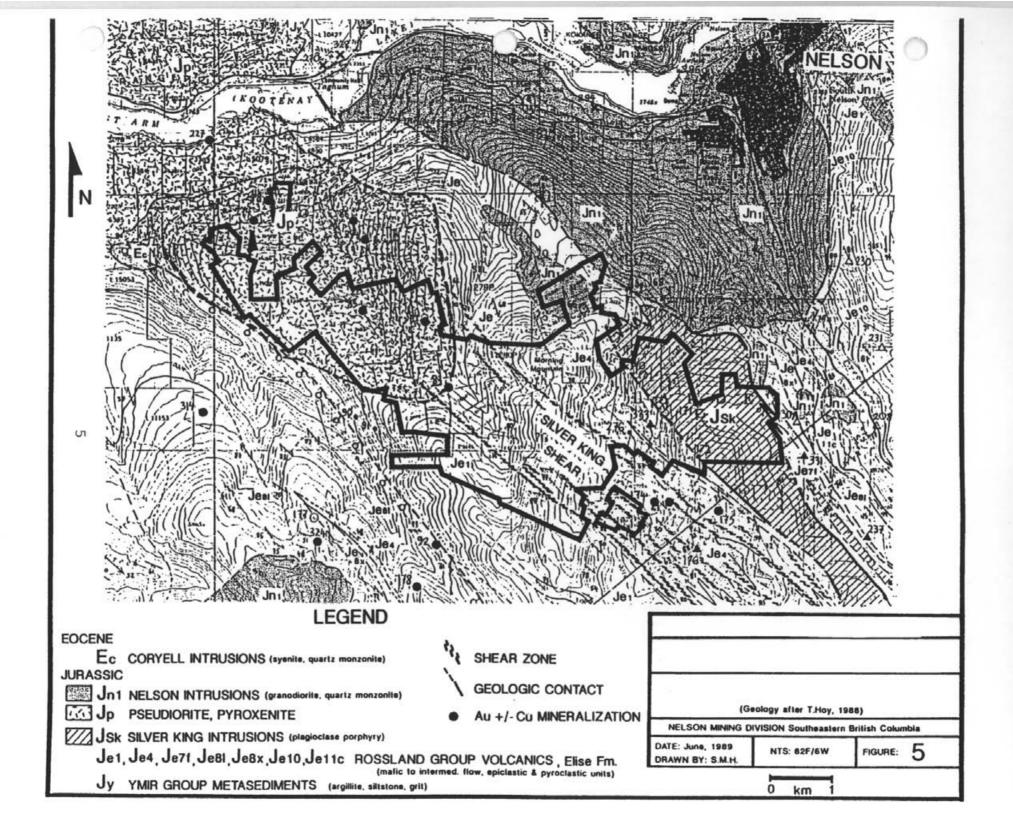
REGIONAL AND PROPERTY GEOLOGY

The region south west of Nelson is underlain by Jurrasic Rossland volcanics consisting of andesitic to basaltic flows and flow breccias with subordinate agglomerate, arginite, and tuff which have been intruded by numerous small stocks ranging from Jurrassic to Eocene in age.

On the Iroquois properties the two main rock groups are the Silver King Porphyry stock, (Plasioclase Porphyry), which is usually proximal to mineralization but not yet seen to be a host to any of the copper, lead, zinc style of mineralization, and the Rossland volcanics which range from augite porphyries and basalts to andesites and possibly trachyte.

The geology of the property is complicated by a large shear zone which has turned most of the property into chlorite schist. The shear which crosses both rock groups is presently thought to be approximately 180 million years old, the same age as the Silver King porphyry stock whereas the Rossland volcanics are thought to be in the 205 million year old range. The shear is thought to occupy the core of a southeast plunging syncline. The shear zone and the geology both trend north west and dip to the south.

All of the rock types are boudinaged and sheared so it is difficult to draw lines from one outcrop to another but one contact that I found to be a good marker was the contact between a thick unit of Augite Porphyry (+300 m thick) and a Hetrolithic Breccia. This contact is located near the southern boundary of the Golden Dale Claim (Lot 236). From this point, the Hetrolithic Breccia consists of angular fragments ranging in size from 1 cm to 30 cm. The rock types in the Breccia are mainly andesite, basalt, and arginite. The rock is fragment supported with no obvious matrix, this leads me to believe that this is a base surge deposit. The fact that there were no augite porphyry fragments in the breccia leads me to believe that tops is to the south.



This contact can be seen again on the ridge 1 km north west of Lot 236 near the northern boundary of Lot 623, and again 400 m north west in the west fork of Giveout Creek. The rock type immediately north of the Hetrolithic Breccia is vesicular basalt, followed by trachyte, then a thin unit of augite porphyry. These units are shown in section X -x1. The only rock type to host the Cu, Pb, Zn style of mineralization is trachyte.

South is a thick unit of augite porphyry. From the hetrolithic breccia north the geology is more andesitic with only minor augite porphyry units.

WORKDONE

Over the period of one year soil sampling was undertaken directly on top of the known Iroquois zone in order to locate any high grade areas not already exposed. Rock samples were analyzed for their mineral content as well as for their whole rock components. Ten polished thin sections with stained offcuts were interpreted by Dr. Ken Northcote. Three geological sections were made by the author in order to understand the geology better.

3 days sections July 20,21,22/92 1 day soil sampling Nov.1/91 2 days hand trenching July 16,17/92 2 days collecting rock samples for thin sections Nov.2,3/91 2 days collecting rock samples for assay July 18,26/92 10 days 4 x 4 rental

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

During the work period, every known showing within a 5 km radius was visited by the author. Every showing of the Cu, Ag, Zn, Pb style of mineralization was hosted by trachyte, based on thin section analysis. However, whole rock analysis done on these same rocks and plotted on the Winchester and Floyd charts show these rocks to plot in the basalt field. Either way, the mineralization is intimate with the potassium feldspar horizons. These horizons are sheared and boudinaged to the same extent as the surrounding Rossland volcanics. Although the shearing continues through the 180 million year old Silver King porphyry, both the potassium feldspar horizons and the mineralization are cut off by the Silver King porphyry stock.

The style of the mineralization is open space filling of brecciated trachyte in a carbonate gauge. Based on thin section analysis, I believe that these rocks are trachytes and that these horizons were already enriched in minerals before the Silver King shear zone overprinted and remobilized them into the present open space filling style.

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I Lloyd Addie of 604, 3rd St, Nelson, B.C. have taken and graduated from both the beginner prospecting course given by the Chamber of Mines in 1982 and from the advanced prospecting course given by the provincial government at Mesachie Lake in 1982.

In 1992, I graduated from the petrology for prospectors course given at the Chamber of Mines of Eastern B.C. in Nelson, B.C.

I have been a prospector for 10 years and I have successfully optioned out properties in the past.

COST STATEMENT

	= =	202.50 108.00 <u>120.00</u> 430.50
10 polished thin sections with stained offcuts interpreted by Dr. Ken Northcote		\$570.00
10 man days x \$100.00 per day		1000.00
10 days 4 x 4 rental at \$50.00 per day		500.00
Report Costs		100.00

\$2600.00

TRAVERS	E Numb	ER		_	PROJECT	NELSON - loguous Taughant GEO	LOGIST	(s)	. CAR	<u> </u>	. LAY	<u>cock</u>	
N.T.S				_	AREA	Southeast B.C. L. DATE	ε	JULY 1	8 192				
SAMPLE	S	AMPLE T	YPE	SAMPLE	LATITUDE,	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION		RESULT			/oz.p	er ton)	
NUMBER	<u>RX</u> Rock, Talus	<u>SX</u> Stream Silt, Soil	Grab, Chip, Channel	LENGTH, WIDTH, Area	LONGITUDE	Rock type, lithology, character of soil, stream silt, etc. Formation Mineralization, etc.							
21 52267	ROCK		GAAB	· ·		SAMPLE OF DISSEMINATED SHALFRITE CHA							
				·		PYRITE, GALENA IN FELSIC HIGHLY SHEARE MATRIX D EROQUOIS JONE	εο						·
						- do polished section							- PI
					· .	- from East addit obert? . one sample shows contented address ? contained							APPENDIX
	. <u></u>				 	discrete masses of sulphide (fragments? o	or						Ξ H
						broken up veins?)							A
RX 52268						felsic possible fragmental madenately folia - some passible guartz grains and rygoli	kd		-				
				<u> </u>		- some possible grante grains and rayour	hc :					} /	
						fragments to a few mm in diamete - may be a hift?	er						9
RX52269						V.f.g. mass ? felsic dyke ? (hiff ? eag	7						
						- also iron carbonate floods part of 2	st zone.						
Q <u>x 52270</u>					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	highly foliated andesitic rock in 715	7。						
						Iron carbinate? eyes and veinlets							
					· · · ·	- eyes resemble anygoules, but are more likely to be boudins of original ver	e istete						
			-			contry to be sources of original ver	14103						
Rx 52271						very fragmental felsic rock							
	 			- 		- rather hekrolithic-various felsic clast	<u> </u>			ļ			
	ļ					types and feldspar phenos. -possibly reworked						-{	
	}					- possibly resorred					┨		
	 	·				- from dump at Silver King			-+		+	+	<u> </u>
Rx. 53272	1					at Silver King disseminated galena ar pyrile in felsic fragmental ?	nd			<u> </u>	 	<u> </u>	
	. 	.				pyrile in felsic fragmental?				ļ			
	<u> </u>	+				-numerous quartz eyes some with fibrous of	94 ?	·				+	

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INCO LIMITED

TRAVERS	E NUMB	ER		-	PROJECT	CRANBROOK	GEOLOGIS	ST(S)_	D.	Car	Τ.	Layco	ock	
N.T.S	······································		······································	-	AREA	SouthEAST B.C.	DATE			Ju	41	8/92		
SAMPLE	S/	MPLE TY	PE	SAMPLE	LATITUDE,	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION		RES	ULTS	(р.р.т	. 1%	/oz. pe	r ton)	
NUMBER	<u>RX</u> Rock, Talus	<u>SX</u> Stream Silt, Soil	Grab, Chip, Channel	LENGTH, WIDTH, AREA	LONGITUDE and / or U.T.M.	Rock type, lithology, character of soil, stream s Formation Mineralization, etc.	ilt , etc.							
RK 52273						- hanging wall felsich sche at Si	Iver King							
	,				•									
R <u>X 52274</u>						schist at footwall at Silver Kin	9							
						& TOUGHAUT, An is associated	Marticel							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						quartz feldspar porphy that does matic xenos; therefore in trusine	EONIMEN							
RX 52275						Toughout L-0-00E 125N								
						fine grained very felsic moderated 1-2% v. fine grained disseminates	ly foliakd							
						and some Dy crystals to 30	d pyrike	·						L0
						and some py crystals to 3r - some quartz veins to Smm	wide at							
······						various angles - rock is luose obtained from o	1d 100 '							
·						deep shaft								_
Rx 52276						- tracia								
- 10-17 - 20-1-1-1-1-1					-	- considerable secondary verning	<u>clasts</u> k							
						"possible vent breccia"?								
						- considerable secondary vertility								
RX 52277						quartz porphyy, highly foliakd	@ 300'/75Sh							
RX 52278						associations toff sample								
						Unit consists predominantly o	1 orgillie							
						with minor quarte amounts of bead intermined felsic with ? containing ser	eral To							<u> </u>
·· ·· ·· ·· ·· · · · · · · · · · · · ·					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	disseminated galena and disseminated								
						clasts of sphalerile			I	1	I	I	•	

TRAVERS	E NUMB	ER			PROJECT _	CRANBROOK	EOLOGIS	T(S)_	D .C	<u>car</u>	, î.	Lay	<u>cock</u>	
N.T.S				_	AREA	SwITHEAST B.C.	ATE							
SAMPLE	S	AMPLE T	YPE	SAMPLE	LATITUDE,	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION		RES	ULTS	(p.p.m.	/%	/oz.p	er ton)	1
NUMBER	<u>RX</u> Rock, Talus	<u>SX</u> Stream Silt, Soil	Grab, Chip, Channel	LENGTH, WIDTH, AREA	LONGITUDE and/or U.T.M.	Rock type, lithology, character of soil, stream silt, e Formation Mineralization, etc.								
RX52278cont.						- obviously some remebulization of a	ul frides							
				<u>.</u>		- obviously some remebilization of a within the "toffurenes" unit								Ŀ
						- no obvious sulfide within argillif	•							
						- sample shows contect between any + - minor guartz and iron carbonate verilet	1:40-							
					:	- minor guartz and iron corbonate verillet	i at						 	
					· · ·	various angles.								
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TRAVERS		ER	·····	-	PROJECT	SouTHEAST B.C. RECCE	GEOLOGIS	T(S)	DWAYN)E (CAR	TARA U	4 <u>700</u>
N.T.S				-	AREA	NELSON	DATE	Ju	14 20	<u>.</u>	92		
SAMPLE	S	AMPLE TY	'PE	SAMPLE	LATITUDE,	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION						. per ton	,
NUMBER	<u>RX</u> Rock, Talus	<u>SX</u> Stream Silt, Soit	Grab, Chip, Channel	LENGTH, WIDTH, Area	LONGITUDĖ and/or U.T.M,	Rock type, lithology,character of soil,stream silt,e Formation Mineralization,etc.	etc.						
						IROQUOIS TOUGHNUT PROPERTY . OVERA	(ι						
X 51321				·		IMPRESSION IS THAT SILVERKING IS							
						HYDRO THERMAL EPIGENITIC SYSTEM.							
						- SAMPLE; POSSIBLE CHLORITAED RHYO	LITE						
						PORPHYLY (FROM ROCK NORMALLY TO	ERMED					_	
- <u></u>						ANDESITE).							
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							_		
RX 51322						intensely sheared chloritic schist	from						
	····					Structure hanging wall @ IROQUOIS	·						┿╌
						- in at 140°			·····				
	,												
Rx 51323						#200 NW of Silverking							
						≠200 NW of Silverking - chlorite schist, very fine grained							┶┶
	:					- possibly augite porphry - lineation at 250° plunging 50° to 2							<u> </u>
. — Р. — 11 — Прински силики, санал ия		ļ				- lineation at 250° plunging 50° to 2	50'			·			
		ļ										_	
RX 51324	_not_	محدمهم	d			-get DAVE to check it out)		<u>.</u>				-	
		L .			~	- very chloritic argillaceous sediment	?		·				
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			from same site as RX 52278		 -					_
K 51325	not	analyse	d		<u>(</u>	-cut and etch)						-	
			·			possible chert from same or	as						
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>RX 52278</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				_		
						- highly contriked and possibly boud.							
		ļ				hoska by chluritie schist, possibly							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·				- chert masses average 8 cm in dianeter	-				_		
		<u> </u>		L		- Tollation at 140° subvertical di				_			
						- follation at 140° subvertical dup - minior disseminated pyrite in check	cnd						
		 				argilliz.							
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	TRAVERS	E NUMB	ER		_	PROJECT	SOUTHEAST BC RECCE GEOLOGIS	ST(S).	DWAY	NE C	AR, T	TARA (AYCOCI	<u> </u>
	N.T.S				-	AREA							2013 2013 2013	
	SAMPLE	S	AMPLE TY	PE	SAMPLE	LATITUDE,	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION					/oz.pe	r ton).	
	NUMBER	<u>RX</u> Rock, Talus	<u>SX</u> Stream Silt, Soil	Grab, Chip, Channel	LENGTH, WIDTH, Area	LONGITUDĖ and/or U.T.M.	Rock type, lithology,character of soil,stream silt,etc. Formation Mineralization,etc.							
R <u>K</u> 	51327	hat	analy se!				Ourickop of good graded tuff / sediment - tops are to south in one bed - bedding at 080° dip ~ 35° to south - overald foliation at 120° with dips of 80° to SW.							
R¥	51326	not	Unolycal				black very fine grained argillite with possible chert interbeds - some definite chert bands to Icm thick in outcrop - sample is from outcrop = 20m SF of Sample RX 51325.							
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ACME ANAJ ICAL LABORATORIES I	pl. & T e	ch. Se	ervices 1	NATION OF THE STREET OF TO STR	0501-8000	<u>1</u> Fi	le # 92		3-3158 FAX(604)253-1716
SAMPLE#	sio2 Al203 x x		in the last second s	K20 TiO2 P2O5 I X X X	000200	Sr Zi ppri ppr		LOI SU	M X
RX 051315 RX 051316	46.94 12.88	14.18 9.68	3 6.52 3.38 .	.07 .85 .07 .31 2.43 .31	21 .025 56	110 17	1 36 8	2.1 99.9 2.9 99.8	2
RE RX 051321 RX 051321 RX 051322	44.09 12.76	8.11 5.1	2 9 37 1.05 7. 7 9.49 1.06 7. 3 4.04 2.89 4.		.24 .019 1233 .24 .017 1241 .14 .002 890	869 133	3 11 12	10.4 99.8 10.5 99.8 2.4 99.9	31
RX 051323	55.56 17.97	9.88 2.3	5 .99 5.24 3	.77 .67 .65	.13 .002 728	333 6	1 16 6	2.5 99.8	8

.200 GRAM SAMPLES ARE FUSED WITH 1.2 GRAM OF LIBO2 AND ARE DISSOLVED IN 100 MLS 5% HNO3. - SAMPLE TYPE: ROCK <u>Samples beginning 'RE' are duplicate samples</u>

DATE RECEIVED:	AUG 5 1992	DATE REPORT MAILED:	Ang 18/92	SIGNED BY
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ACME ANAL	Ŷ	AL I	ABO	ORA!	FORI	ES	LTI	D.		852	Е.	HAS	TIN	IGS	ST.	VAI	N	УE	RB	.C.	V6.	A 11	२6		рноі	1E (6	04):	253-	3158	3 F	'AX ((604	1	3-1	1716
£ £				I	nco	<u>) E</u>	<u>tqx</u>	L. (<u>ech</u>	. s	er	vic	es		OJE	CT	6(050	RTII <u>1-8(</u> Subr	000	1	Fi	le CAR	# 9	2-2	337						1		Æ
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RX 051318 RX 051319 RX 051320 RX 051321	13 1 60 1	6792 2864 20469 87	9	81	1.0 .2 18.2 .4	8 11	11 5		2.1	7 4 2 62	7 5 6 5		23	25 10 61 756	1.9		7	36 21 284 147	.55 .19	.039 .200 .095 .207	13 7	16 79	1.62		.05 .05	3.45 2.45 1.54 7.03	.04		2 2	36 24 21 23	1 1 1	9 14 11	1 1 1	1	5.5 3.5 2.3 13.4
RX 051322 RX 051323 STANDARD HFC	1 1 22	61 12 62	11		1.3	12	26	1096 1016 1161	7.0	6 4	5 5 18	ND ND 7	2	435 238 53	.2	5	7	284	.62	.137 .290 .112	9	3	1.41	1057 812 229	.41	7.93	4.57	3.92 3.27 .16	2	31 5 4	1 1 17	13 7 7	1 1 1	1	13.1 9.0 5.7

ICP - .500 GRAM SAMPLE IS DIGESTED WITH 10ML HCL04-HN03-HCL-HF AT 200 DEG. C TO FUMING AND IS DILUTED TO 10 ML WITH DILUTED AQUA REGIA. THIS LEACH IS PARTIAL FOR MAGNETITE, CHROMITE, BARITE, OXIDES OF AL, ZR & MN AND MASSIVE SULFIDE SAMPLES. AU DETECTION LIMIT BY ICP IS 3 PPM. AS, CR, SB SUBJECT TO THE LOST OF VOLATILIZATION DURING HCLO4 FUMING. Samples beginning 'RE' are duplicate samples.

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,200 GRAN SAMPLES ARE FUSED WITH 1.2 GRAM OF LIBOZ AND ARE DISSOLVED IN 100 HLS 5% HNO3. - SAMPLE TYPE: P1 GEO P2 ASSAY <u>Semples beginning 'RE' are duplicate samples.</u> 7

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ACME ANT YTICAL LABORATORIE; LTD. 852 E. HASTINGS ST. " "COUVER B.C. V6A 1R6 PHONE(604)253-3158 FAX(6^4)253-1716 WHOLE ROCK ICP ANALYSIS Lloyd Addie File # 92-0159 604 - 3rd St., Nelson BC V1L 2P9 SAMPLE# SiO2 Al2O3 Fe2O3 MgO CaO Na2O K2O TiO2 P2O5 MnO Cr2O3 Ba Sr La Zr Y NB LOI SUM IREQUALS % % % % % % % % % % ppm ppm ppm ppm ppm % % ROCK SAMPLE 41.79 12.68 7.08 5.22 10.50 1.02 6.06 .42 .47 .33 .015 1089 930 16 31 5 20 14.0 99.89 .200 GRAM SAMPLES ARE FUSED WITH 1.2 GRAM OF LIBO2 AND ARE DISSOLVED IN 100 MLS 5% HNO3. - SAMPLE TYPE: ROCK DATE RECEIVED: JAN 21 1992 DATE REPORT MAILED: Jan 29/92 SIGNED BY D. TOYE, C.LEONG, J.WANG; CERTIFIED B.C. ASSAYERS et. Ø

ner en			<u>Lloyd Addie</u> Fi 604 - 3rd St., M		
SANPLE#	1	io Zn AjiNi ≱om ponipomiponij			P La Cr Mg Ba Ti Bi Al Na K NA* % ppnippni % ppni % ppni % % % % ppnippb
GOLDEN DALE RAINBON #30 RAINBON #31S RE GOLDEN DALE STANDARD C/AU	10 18 21 2 13 1 720 130	186 22867 7.0 44 37 49646 10.0 5 000 50329 29.0 104	3 354 15.70 57 5 ND 1 1 142 1.26 12 5 ND 1 52 12958 4.12 80 5 ND 1	56 905.3 2 2 5 14.71 .00 422 690.0 31 12 12 17.00 .03	3 2 19 5.40 7 .01 2 .01 .01 .01 1 12 7 2 1 8.61 16 .01 2 .01 .01 .01 2 5
DATE RECEIVE	THIS LEACH IS ASSAY RECOMME - SAMPLE TYPE	S PARTIAL FOR MN FE ENDED FOR ROCK AND E: ROCK AU* ANA	TED WITH BHL T-1-2 HCL-HN03-H20 SR CA P LA LA MG BA TI B W AND CORE SAMPLES IF CU PB ZH AS > 1% LYSIS BY ACID LEACH/AA FROM 10 G RT MAILED: Dec 14. [?].	LIMITED FOR NA K AND AL. AU DE , AG > 30 PPM & AU > 1000 PPB M SAMPLE. <u>Samples beginning 'F</u>	TECTION LINIT BY ICP IS 3 PPM.

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ACME AN YTICAL	LA	BORA	TORI	es lj	ED.	 8			HAST CHEN				Ngangi		IVER			V6				PHO	ONE	(604)25	3-3	158	F	AX ()253-171
£ £					<u>11</u>	<u>oyð</u>			e Pl	<u>tor</u>	ECI	' I	RO	ວບດ		F	ile			- 1-5:	303	L									A
SAMPLE#	Мо ррп	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	666666 T e	Ni ppm p		Mn ppm		As ppm			Th ppm		Cd ppm		B: ppm	V ppm	Ca %		La ppm	Cr ppm	Mg %	Ba ppm	⊺i %	B ppm	Al %	Na %	K %	W ppm	Au* ppb
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BL 0+50SE	1	146	82	674	2.2	94	29 1	502	4.66		5		1		2.5	2				.094	8	162	2.30	191	.11	2	2.80	.01	.10	1	4.8
BL 0+60SE	1	282	416	1414	22.6	101	33 1	990	6.15	18	5	ND	1	53	1.6	4	2	93	.40	.087	9	159	2.12	132	.15	2	3.44	.01	.11	2	11.1
BL 0+70SE	1	174	130	620	5.6	118	39 1	895	6.48	9	5	ND	1	50	.9	2	2	103	.55	.080	9	198	2.51	134	.15	2	3.33	.01	.11	1	2.0
BL 0+90SE	1	434	492	1223	22.7	115	35 2	2043	7.50	40	5		1		2.0	20	2	91	.22	.094	10	171	1.97	131	.14	2	3.11	.01	.10	1	9.1
BL 1+10SE	3	2142	11394	12313	138.5	242	83 32	783	12.09	158	5	ND	1	64	96.7	96	2	52	.30	.252	10	63	. 66	172	- 08	2	2.16	.01	. 11	1	150.0
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BL 1+50SE	1	69	128	540	.7			2473	6.43	- 14 E. A.		ND	1	23	- 二人名 とうしん	2	2			.141				158	- A. C.		2.39			1	2.8
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STANDARD C/AU-S	18	57	36	132	6.8	70	33 1	1058	3.95	39	18	8	37	52	18.8	14	20	55	.50	.091	36	60	.89	177	.09	33	1.90	.05	.15	11	47.2

ICP - .500 GRAM SAMPLE IS DIGESTED WITH 3ML 3-1-2 HCL-HNO3-H2O AT 95 LEG. C FOR ONE HOUR AND IS DILUTED TO 10 ML WITH WATER. THIS LEACH IS PARTIAL FOR MN FE SR CA P LA CR MG BA TI B W AND LIMITED FOR NA K AND AL. AU DETECTION LIMIT BY ICP IS 3 PPM. - SAMPLE TYPE: SOIL AU* ANALYSIS BY ACID LEACH/AA FROM 10 GM SAMPLE. <u>Samples beginping (RE' are duplicate samples.</u>

DATE RECEIVED: OCT 29 1991 DATE REPORT MAILED:

20

"A" Feldspar (quartz) porphyry

General/microscopic description

Composed of altered plagioclase phenocryst pseudomorphs (to >2.0 mm), lesser rounded partly resorbed quartz grains in a <u>very fine</u> altered plagioclase-rich groundmass.

Alteration, sericite > carbonate > tremolite replacement of plagioclase phenocrysts. Weak to moderate microgranular dusting. Partial fracture control. Some ghost-like remnant twinning. Mafics obliterated? Partial resorption of quartz. Groundmass weakly to moderately sericitic, carbonatized. Stained slab indicates absence of K-feldspar.

Disseminated pyrite (euhedral and subhedral outlines)

No photomicrograph

Hand specimen recognizable as feldspar(quartz) porphyry.

"B" Intensely <u>sheared</u>/altered infilled porphyritic trachyte. Flow or dyke? [Not dacite, quartz introduced]

General/microscopic description.

Small lithic fragments of porphyritic trachyte. In a shear fabric of <u>carbonate</u> >> sericite, quartz.

Lithic fragments, feldspar phenocrysts, K-feldspar and plagioclase(?) in a strongly altered felted groundmass of feldspar K-feldspar?/plagioclase(?) laths Carlsbad twinning, and suggestion of polysynthetic (plagioclase) but has mottled patterns suggestive of K-feldspar (weak quadrille structure/ shear?). Interstitial altered K-feldspar. <u>Shear brecciation,</u> <u>alteration overprint.</u> Alteration of lithic fragments includes <u>weak</u> dusting of phenocrysts. Weak alteration as compared to intensity of breccia/shear infilling. Semiopaque dusting of interstitial material in groundmass.

Shear fabric intense <u>carbonate alteration</u>. Superimposed sericite stringers parallel to shear. Quartz, interlocking aggregates as late crackle breccia infilling.

Hand specimen slightly darker than C,D,E. No justification for designation as separate unit. Colour result of alteration not protolith differences.

If alteration assemblage and shear fabric is "subtracted" the protolith would be similar to C,D,E, and F, possibly G.

"C" Intensely sheared/altered, infilled porphyritic trachyte flow or <u>dyke?</u> [Not dacite, quartz introduced]

General/microscopic description

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<u>Similar to "B"</u>. Sheared altered fabric. Porphyritic trachyte lithic fragments (protolith). Obtained biaxial (-) 2V 70° interference figures <u>for K-feldspar</u> phenocrysts. Quadrille structure conspicuous in some crystals. K-feldspar phenocrysts > plagioclase? (Suggestion of polysynthetic twinning).

Felted groundmass texture <u>coarser than "B".</u> Otherwise similar protolith.

Strong to near massive carbonate alteration. Stringers of very fine and coarser sericite. Tremolite not conspicuous. <u>Quartz in late</u> crackle infilling.

Hand specimen lighter in colour than "B". Colour difference and slightly coarser groundmass is not justification for designation of "B" and "C" as separate units.

Significant sphalerite and other sulphides.

If effects of shearing and alteration/mineralization are subtracted, "C"="B". Compare photomicrographs of "C", "E" & "F".

"D" <u>Less intensely</u> sheared/altered, infilled porphyritic trachyte flow or <u>dyke?</u>

General/microscopic description

Similar to "B" and "C". Sheared, brecciated but <u>less intensely</u> than "B" and "C".

Protolith fabric is conspicuous although brecciated, crackle breccia/shearing, altered. Protolith; feldspar phenocrysts, (to >4.0 mm). K-feldspar, quadrille structure possible plagioclase(?) not supported by etching in stained slab). K-feldspar-rich matrix. Felted matrix fabric as for "B" and "C".

Patches near massive carbonate alteration, lesser quartz in most intensely brecciated areas. Quartz and calcite also fracture controlled. Strong near parallel sericitic filled shear-crackle breccia network. LESS DISRUPTION OF PROTOLITH FRAGMENTS.

Less conspicuous sulphides, associated with quartz, lesser with carbonate.

"E" Brecciated porphyritic trachyte flow/<u>dyke?</u>

General/microscopic description

Protolith as for "B", "C", "D". Brecciated, infilled with carbonate, lesser quartz. Very weak crackle brecciation with sericite infilling as compared to "D" etc.

Single and golmerophenocrysts of K-feldspar, plagioclase (which was questioned in previous sections) was not detected in "E" although similar close spaced Carlsbad twinning occurs (disappears @ 45°)

Significant sphalerite and other sulphides. Protolith fabric clearly visible. There are no conspicuous textures/structures which would prove volcanic flow. Appears to have been emplaced as a phenocryst-charged melt with static crystallization of the felted groundmass. [If these are dykes then a volcanic equivalent would be anticipated somewhere in the unit].

Compare photomicrographs "C", "E", "F".

"F" Porphyritic trachyte flow/<u>dyke.</u>

General/microscopic description

Protolith as for "B", "C", "D", "E". Weak to moderate brecciation, carbonate infilling. Sericite crackle network infilling. Protolith texture, composition clear. Stained slab indicates predominantly K-feldspar phenocrysts and groundmass.

Quartz-chlorite veinlets-strong green/yellow green colour, pleochroism like pumpellyite. Both high (masked) birefringence (very fine grained) and low anomalous birefringence (coarser bladed radiacing) are present.

Compare photomicrographs of protoliths "C", "E", "F".

"G" Porphyritic "andesite". (Quartz introduced)

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General/microscopic description Different unit than "A"; or "B", "C", "D", "E", "F".

Protolith plagioclase phenocrysts (to 5 mm) in a microgranular altered feldspathic (plagioclase?) groundmass. Mafics obliterated(?). Quartz introduced.

Plagioclase phenocrysts, cores strong sericite and less carbonate alteration. Some remnant well developed polysynthetic twinning. "Step-broken" grains.

Groundmass very fine/microgranular feldspathic (plagioclase). Almost complete masking by strong microgranular/very fine sericitic alteration. Foliated fabric because of "shear", crackled

Very minor quartz (introduced) associated with carbonate.

Stained slab indicates K-feldspar absent (weak stain of groundmass-sericite?)

Disseminated euhedral/subhedral pyrite(?)

No remnant textures to confirm flow or dyke origin.

Sample "C" 91 R XVIII-23 X-nicols

0.1 mm

Porphyritic trachyte protolith, showing K-feldspar phenocryst in felted groundmass. Brecciated, infilled with introduced carbonate, lesser sericite, quartz.

Lloyd addie.

BL 5 + 50E Tough Nut Shear vein mineralized, porphyritic trachyte protolith fragments

Summary description

Vein layered/laminated composed predominantly of carbonate, lesser segregated quartz lensoids lesser plagioclase. Foliated sericite partings following narrow shear planes.

Lithic fragments porphyritic trachyte. One fragment contains smaller trachyte lithic fragments in a tuffaceous groundmass. Protolith rather than a result of shearing.

Opaques; 10%, sphalerite, pyrite, chalcopyrite, traces hematite. Strong shear fracture control.

Microscopic description Vein

- Carbonate; 55%, anhedral (<.05 to 0.5 mm). Interlocking coarse grains, finer aggregates in shear planes associated with sericite partings. Clusters of irregular quartz grains lesser plagioclase. Mineralized stringers. Locally strong shear foliation.
- Quartz; 15%, anhedral (<.05 to 0.5 mm). Disseminated grains, segregations of lensoidal clusters of grains.
- Plagioclase; 5%, anhedral (<.05 to 0.3 mm). Disseminated grains clusters of grains in carbonate.
- Sericite; 10%, anhedral (<.05 to 0.2 mm). Foliated clusters of grains form discontinuous partings, foliated networks on shear planes in carbonate.

Lithic fragments; 5%

Porphyritic trachyte; coarser K-feldspar, lesser plagioclase(?)
 phenocrysts in a fine felted K-feldspar-rich groundmass.
 Some fragments have less obvious felted more tuffaceous
 texture.

Note: one lithic fragment contains rounded smaller lithic fragments of felted trachyte in a tuffaceous groundmass. Protolith, not a result of shearing.

Reflected light Opaques 10%

Sphalerite; 6%, anhedral (<.01 to stringers several mm).
Irregular grains, clusters of irregular grains forming
discontinuous veinlets. Interstitial to pyrite. Intergrown
with and contains minor blebs of chalcopyrite. Strong
fracture control.</pre>

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BL 5 + 50E Tough Nut Continued

- Pyrite; >3%, anhedral/subhedral (<.01 to 0.4 mm). Disseminations and irregular clusters of grains associated with sphalerite. Some interstitial chalcopyrite. Strong fracture control.
- Chalcopyrite; <1%, anhedral (<.01 to 0.3 mm). Irregular clusters associated with sphalerite. Minor minute blebs in sphalerite.
- Hematite, traces, anhedral (<.01 to <.05 mm). Clusters of grains in fractures in sphalerite. Associated with iron staining.

Iroquois West Mineralized <u>carbonate</u>-(quartz-plagioclase-K-feldspar) vein lensoidal lithic fragments.

Summary description

Carbonate predominates. Forms veins in a shear structure associated with lesser hydrothermal plagioclase, quartz, Kfeldspar, sericite/muscovite. Contains lithic fragments which show gradation in several grains from sericitic foliated rock like "B" to less altered trachyte with felted long narrow plagioclase crystals in a K-feldspar-rich matrix.

Fracture/shear controlled mineralization. In approximate order of abundance, consists of: pyrite > chalcopyrite, sphalerite > galena >> covellite.

Microscopic description Vein components

- Carbonate; 50%, anhedral (<.05 to >0.5 mm, generally <0.3 mm). Close packed interlocking shear fracture controlled layers containing clusters and cut by irregular segregations /stringers/lensoids of plagioclase, quartz, sericite/muscovite.
- Plagioclase; 10%, anhedral (<.05 to 0.2 mm). Occurs as irregular segregations/stringers/lensoids in carbonate. Clear, unaltered conspicuous twinning, R.I. > epoxy indicating composition in low andesine range.
- Çuartz; 10%, anhedral (<.05 to >1.0 mm, generally 0.2 to 0.4 mun).
 Irregular interlocking grains. Occurs as single grains
 clusters of grains with other components but most
 conspicuous as coarser very irregular discontinuous veins in
 carbonate.
- K-feldspar; <2%, anhedral (<.05 to 0.2 mm). Few unaltered grains associated with plagioclase. Conspicuous quadrille structure on many grains and lower relief distinguishes it from plagioclase.
- Sericite/muscovite; <5%, anhedral (<.05 to >1.0 mm, generally <0.5 mm). Foliated irregular partings in carbonate <u>closely</u> associated with lithic fragments.
- Lithic fragments; 10%, sericitized lensoidal lithic fragments similar to "B" and less altered of trachyte consisting of very fine grained narrow, diffuse felted plagioclase crystals in a microgranular feldspathic (K-feldspar-rich) groundmass. A few fragments show gradations from sericitized remnants with obliterated textures to trachyte with distinct felted textures.

Iroquois West Continued

Reflected light Opaques; 15%

- Pyrite; 8%, anhedral/subhedral (<.01 to <0:5 mm). Irregular clusters of grains (to >1.0 mm). Intergrowths with chalcopyrite and sphalerite lesser galena cut by these minerals. Shear fracture controlled.
- Chalcopyrite; 3%, anhedral (<.01 to >1.0 mm). Intergrowths with pyrite, sphalerite, lesser galena. Interstitial to pyrite, accompanied by galena.
- Sphalerite; 3%, anhedral (<.05 to >1.0 mm). Intergrowths with pyrite, chalcopyrite, galena. Interstitial to pyrite.
- Galena; <1%, anhedral (<.05 to 0.3 mm). Isolated grains, intergrowths with above metallics.

Covellite; traces, anhedral, (0.1 mm). One small cluster noted.

Golden Dale Shear breccia, veined, mineralized porphyritic trachyte.

Summary description

Lithic fragments are composed of coarse porphyritic (K-feldspar phenocrysts) in a groundmass of long bladed, loose felted, plagioclase in a microgranular K-feldspar-rich matrix. Elongate fragments are aligned parallel to shear foliation.

Vein assemblage is composed mainly of carbonate with lesser irregular clusters, segregations of quartz > twinned plagioclase. Late shears filled with coarser bladed foliated <u>sericite/</u>muscovite.

Fracture controlled sulphide mineralization in approximate order of abundance includes sphalerite, pyrite, galena, tetrahedrite(?).

Microscopic description

Lithic fragments 20%, (concentrated near one end of section)

Porphyritic trachyte; Composed of coarse (to 2.0 mm) phenocrysts of plagioclase and K-feldspar (quadrille structure) in a groundmass of fine long-bladed, loosely felted/weakly foliated plagioclase in a microgranular K-feldspar-rich matrix. Similar to lithic fragments in "B" but "B" does not show coarse K-feldspar phenocrysts. In a vein mineral groundmass. Shows weak <u>sericitic</u>-carbonate alteration and cut by vein minerals.

Vein minerals

- Carbonate; 40%, anhedral, (<.01 to >2.0 mm). Wide range of grain size. Widely scattered very coarse crystals clusters to several mm in a groundmass of shear foliated finer aggregates. Intermingling with lesser quartz, plagioclase, sericite muscovite and opaques.
- Quartz; 10%, anhedral, (<.05 to 1.0 mm). Clusters, segregations of anhedral grains among carbonate-rich groundmass.
- Plagioclase; 10%, anhedral, (<.05 to 0.5 mm). Disseminated grains, clusters of grains. Unaltered, conspicuous twinning. Composition in low andesine range.
- Sericite/muscovite; 5%; anhedral (microgranular to 0.5 mm). Narrow partings of coarse foliated grains. Fine felted alteration in lithic fragments.

Reflected light Opaques 15%

Sphalerite; 8%, anhedral, (<.01 to >1.0 mm). Disseminated grains, elongate irregular clusters and diffuse continuous

Golden Dale Continued

elongate networks/veins to several mm), fracture controlled. Intergrown with pyrite, galena. Sphalerite interstitial to pyrite.

- Pyrite; 5%, anhedral/subhedral, (<.01 to 0.5 mm). Disseminated grains elongate irregular clusters (to a few mm). Less continuous than sphalerite. Sphalerite and galena interstitial to and cutting pyrite.
- Galena; 3%, anhedral (<.01 to 1.0 mm). Irregular grains, clots associated with sphalerite. Interstitial to and veinlets in pyrite.
- Tetrahedrite(?); unconfirmed. One grain has a distinct bluish tint which may be a result of colour contrast between galena and pyrite vs galena and sphalerite. Tetrahedrite(?) and galena were not observed in contact as would be anticipated if tetrahedrite is present.

0 + 00 1 + 50N Tough Nut Brecciated porphyritic trachyte; crackle brecciation

Summary description

Plagioclase, lesser K-feldspar phenocrysts in matrix of irregular interlocking K-feldspar grains.

Few disseminated clusters of carbonate, more abundantly as veinlets in fractures, breccia infilling with quartz, sericite, opaques.

Opaques; 4%, pyrite, <1% sphalerite, <<1% galena, traces chalcopyrite.

Note: there are wide variations in percentages across short intervals in hand specimen.

Microscopic description Protolith

Phenocrysts

- Plagioclase; 20%, subhedral/anhedral (0.1 to 1.5 mm). Weak alteration dusting, slight sericite alteration. Diffuse margins. Conspicuous twinning indicates a composition in oligoclase range.
- K-feldspar(?); <5%, subhedral (0.1 to 0.5 mm). Not conspicuous. Few grains similar in appearance to plagioclase with a suggestion of quadrille structure and lacking polysynthetic twinning of plagioclase.

Groundmass

K-feldspar; 50%, anhedral (<.01 to .05 mm). Irregular interlocking grains. Less altered than phenocrysts.

Carbonate; see veins/breccia below.

Veins/breccia infilling; >25%. Wide variation in percentages over short intervals in hand specimen.

- Carbonate; 5%, anhedral, (<.05 to 0.5 mm). Irregular clusters of grains. Disseminated throughout groundmass but most abundantly as fracture-breccia infillings.
- Quartz; 10%, anhedral (<.05 to 1.0 mm, generally <0.5 mm). Irregular interlocking grains. Concentrated in veinlets and breccia infillings.

Sericite; <5%, anhedral (<.01 to 0.1 mm). Foliated. In late fractures with some carbonate.

Opagues; >5% see Reflected light, below.

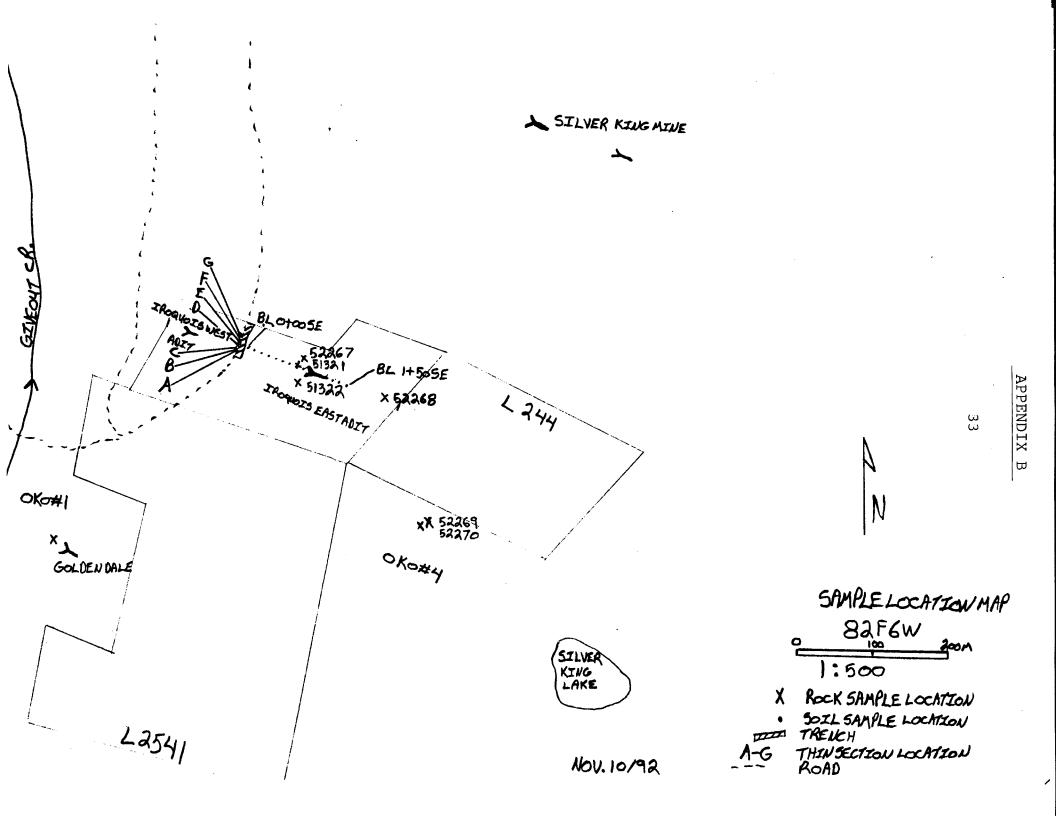
0 + 00 1 + 50N Tough Nut Continued

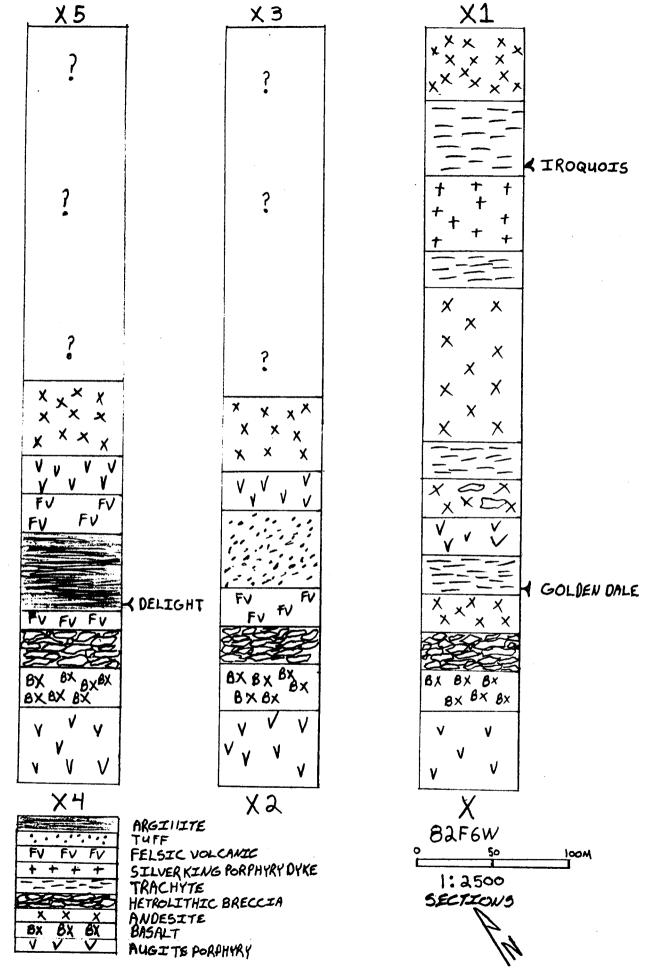
Accessories

Sphene/rutile(?); traces, anhedral/subhedral (<.05 mm). Widely
disseminated. Strong internal reflection.</pre>

Reflected light Opaques > 5%. Wide variation in percentages across short intervals in hand specimen.

- Pyrite; 4%, subhedral/euhedral (<.01 to 2.0 mm). Disseminated grains, clusters of grains. Mainly strong disseminations clusters of grains in fractures.
- Sphalerite; <1%, anhedral (<.01 to 0.7 mm). Irregular grains
 with lesser galena in fracture systems later than pyrite.
 Traces associated chalcopyrite.</pre>
- Galena; <<1%, anhedral (<.01 to 0.4 mm). Very irregular grains in fracture systems associated with sphalerite. <u>Much more</u> <u>conspicuous and abundant in hand specimen.</u>
- Chalcopyrite; traces, anhedral (<.01 to 0.1 mm). Scattered irregular grains in weak association with sphalerite.
- Magnetite; traces, anhedral (<.01 to .05 mm). Weakly disseminated. Few grains show intergrowths with hematite.
- Hematite; traces, anhedral, (<0.1 mm) small clusters of grains. Alco as intergrowths with magnetite. Silver white. Weak pleochroism. Strong anisotropic. Lacks internal reflection. (ilmenite?)





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