FILMED

LOG NO: 'JUN 2 1 1994 RD.

ACTION.

FILE NO:

ASSESSMENT REPORT ON DIAMOND DRILLING DIAMOND DRILLHOLES LB93-1 TO LB93-8

CONSOLIDATED RAMROD GOLD CORPORATION

LIBBY PROPERTY

LIBBY 1 CLAIM

SALMO AREA

NELSON MINING DIVISION

NTS 82 F/3E

Latitude: 49° 00'N

Longitude: 117° 11'W

OPERATOR

CONSOLIDATED RAMROD GOLD CORP.

Suite 104, 135 - 10th Avenue South Cranbrook, B.C. V1C 2N1

Work performed from October 31, 1993 to November 30, 1993

Report by: E.G. Olfert, P. Geo. (B.C.), P. Geol. (Alta) May 1994

> GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

23,397

TABLE OF CONTENTS

							PAGE
1.00	INTRODUCTION 1.10 Location and Access 1.20 Physiography. 1.30 Property . 1.40 History . 1.50 Scope of Present Progr		•				1 1 4 4 5
2.00	GEOLOGY 2.10 Regional Geology 2.20 Property Geology DIAMOND DRILLING	•	•				5 5 6
4.00	CONCLUSIONS '.	•	•		•	•	8
5.00	REFERENCES	•	•	•	•	•	9
STATEMEN	NT OF EXPENDITURES .	•	•	•	•	•	10
AUTHOR'S	QUALIFICATIONS	•	•	•	•		11
APPENDIX	I - DRILL LOGS & CROSS-SECTI	ONS.					attached
APPENDIX	II - GEOCHEMISTRY ANALYSES	•	•	•	•	•	attached
	LIST OF ILLU	STRAT	TONS				
Figure 2 - P	Property Location Map Property Claim Map (1:50,000) .	√Ian (1:	.5.000)	•	•		2 3 arrached

CONSOLIDATED RAMROD GOLD CORPORATION

ASSESSMENT REPORT ON DIAMOND DRILLING

LIBBY PROPERTY

NELSON MINING DIVISION

E.G. Olfert, P. Geo., P. Geol.

May 1994

1.00 INTRODUCTION

1.10 Location and Access

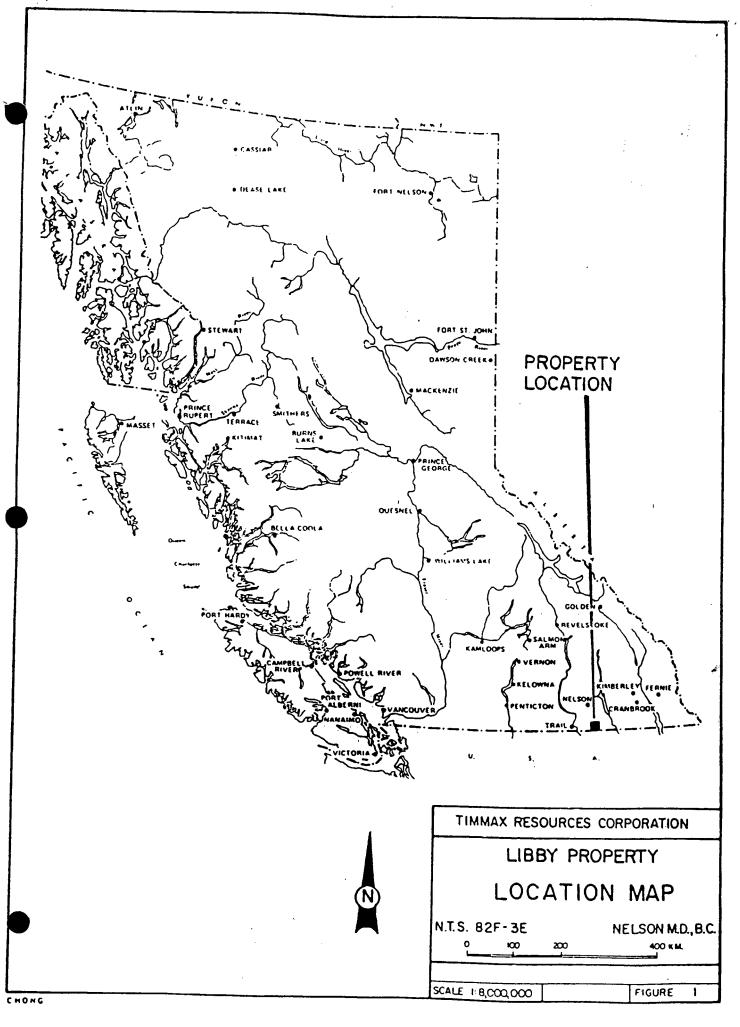
The property is located in the Nelson Mining Division south-central British Columbia (Figure 1). The claims are centered near geographic coordinates 49° 00'N, latitude, and 117° 11' W. longitude, on NTS map sheet 82F/3E, about 20km southeast of Salmo, B.C. The Canada-U.S.A. border forms the southern property boundary.

Access is via Highway #3 which passes through the center of the property. Old mining roads extend south to the B.C.-Washington border on the Libby 1 claim.

1.20 Physiography

The Libby property is situated in the Nelson Range subdivision of the Selkirk Mountains. It covers the southern flank of Lost Mountain, the westerly flank of Ripple Mountain and is dissected by the South Salmo River, Lead Creek and Stagleap Creek. Elevations range from 792m (2600') in the South Salmo River to over 1500m (5000') on several ridge tops. The area is heavily wooded with conifers including cedar. The property has steep terrain which can generally be traversed except for occasional cliff outcrops. The lower area of the property near the South Salmo River is slated for logging in the near future.

....2



1.30 Property

The Libby property consisting of 4 modified grid claims, totalling 63 units, covers about 1575ha (3892 acres). The property is held under option by Consolidated Ramrod Gold Corporation from Timmax Resources Corporation. The claims are located on Figure 2 with pertinent claim data summarized in the following table.

NAME	<u>UNITS</u>	RECORD NO.	EXPIRY DATE
Libby 1	20	234483	*Oct. 24/97
Libby 2	18	301293	*June 18/97
Libby 3	15	301998	*July 4/97
Libby 4	<u>10</u>	301999	*July 3/97
Total Units	63		

^{*}Expiry date before filing of work in this report.

1.40 History

The Libby property covers the Old Ed lead/zinc prospect with B.C. Government Mineral Inventory Number 83F/SW-3. The property was first explored in the 1950's by International Lead and Zinc Mines Ltd. of Vancouver, B.C. It is first reported in the 1952 Minister of Mines Report. In 1952, a jeep road was built to the showings and some Bulldozer stripping was conducted. In 1953, hand-cobbed high-grade was mined from a shallow shaft and 1.5 tons was shipped containing a total of 5 oz silver, 2357 lbs lead, and 44 lbs zinc (Fyles and Hewlett, 1959, p.94)

The B.C. Government Mineral Inventory reported a shipment of 255 tonnes in 1970 yielding 124 grams gold, 1,306 grams silver, 577kg lead, and 764kg zinc.

The Ed showing has been covered by claims since 1970 but no reports of work on the claims have been found. In 1989, the Libby 1 claim was staked by Victor Guinet and optioned to Worthington Resources Ltd. In 1990, an initial geological and geochemical sampling was conducted whereby 196 soils and 19 rocks were analyzed. The best mineralization located returned 9.2% zinc across 1.2m.

In 1991, the property was acquired under option by Timmax Resources Corp. An exploration program consisting of prospecting, trenching and extensive soil sampling was conducted (a total of 1690 soil samples). A new mineral showing known as the Yellow Zinc showing was discovered during this program with assays up to 37% zinc in grab samples.

In 1992, the property was optioned by Consolidated Ramrod Gold Corporation from Timmax.

1.50 Scope of Present Program

In November 1993, Consolidated Ramrod Gold Corp. drilled 833m (2732') in 8 drillholes, LB93-1 to 8, subsequent to an I.P. survey which was conducted on the Libby 1 claim to cover all the mineralized areas and geochemical anomalies discovered on the property.

2.00 GEOLOGY

2.10 Regional Geology

The Libby property is situated in the Kootenay Arc subdivision of the Omineca Tectonic Belt of the southern Canadian Cordillera. The Kootenay Arc is a curved belt of deformed sedimentary, volcanic and metamorphic rocks trending southeasterly near Revelstoke, southerly along Kootenay Lake and southwesterly in Washington State. The south end is covered by the Columbia River basalts. The Arc, with a stratigraphic sequence from Cambrian to late Mesozoic, lies between the Purcell Anticlinorium on the east and gneiss of the Shuswap metamorphic complex on the west.

The geology of the Salmo area has been mapped by Fyles and Hewlett (1959) for the B.C. Department of Mines and by Walker (1934) and Little (1964) for the Geological Survey of Canada.

2.20 Property Geology

The area of the Libby property is underlain by early Palaeozoic Cambrian carbonates of the Laib and Nelway Formations and dark graphitic argillites of the Ordovician Active Formation. Rock units trend north-northeast with generally steep easterly dips. The property is situated between the axis of the Sheep Creek Anticline to the west and the Laib Syncline to the east. A number of faults trend southwest/northeast and northwest/southeast across the area of the property.

Locally the Libby 1 claim is primarily underlain by the Nelway Formation which hosts all of the surface mineralization known to date. The lithology consists of steep easterly dipping cherty shallow-water dolomites and minor limestones which are extensively brecciated and locally mineralized with sphalerite and galena. To the south of the border the Nelway Formation (metaline formation) is mineralization along 2 productive stratigraphic horizons:

- i) The Josephine Horizon, near the top of the sequence contains reddish sphalerite and galena in a cherty brecciated dolomite and
- ii) The Yellowhead Horizon, occurs about 300m (1000') below the Josephine Horizon and contains stratabound fine grained pyrite and yellowish sphalerite.

On the Libby property these two horizons are not as well defined.

The best mineralization known to date occurs within the so called Yellow Zinc showing. Mineralization consists of massive to semi-massive sphalerite layers in siliceous cherty dolomite exposed by trenching over a 20m width. The best chip samples returned 4.0m of 12.82% zinc and 1.7m of 23.51% zinc (Timmax Report, 1991). Other mineralized showings consist of lead/zinc mineralized shears (adit and shaft showing) and galena and sphalerite mineralized cherty brecciated dolomitic (north ridge showing) all of which occur stratigraphically higher within the Nelway Formation.

3.00 DIAMOND DRILLING

Eight NQ diamond-drillholes totalling 833m (2732') were drilled on the Libby 1 claim during November 1993. The drilling was conducted to test a number of I. P. anomalies from a survey conducted earlier in 1993 and several surface showings including the Yellow Zinc showing and the shaft and adit showing.

No significant lead/zinc sulphide intersections were encountered. The I.P. targets tested proved to be argillaceous graphitic material and pyritic pyrrhotite bands and disseminations within brecciated dolomites without lead/zinc sulphides. The surface showings tested contained only traces of amber to yellow sphalerite associated with secondary dolomitization and brecciation. Details of individual holes are as follows:

....7

LB93-1 (24+64N, 42+40E) (-45°)

This hole was designed to test a recessive area and several structure controlled sphalerite/galena showings in the vicinity of the shaft (about 150 meters east of the yellow Zn showing). Trace amounts of crystalline sphalerite associated with silica healed dolomite breccia were encountered in two intervals about ½ meter wide each.

LB93-2 AND 3 (24+40N, 41+05E) both at -45°)

A 150m (500') hole (LB-2) was drilled directly beneath the yellow Zn showing, and encountered a 1.77m (5.8') interval containing fine-grained oxidized pyrite (2-3%) and traces of weathered sphalerite; a 15cm section of the above interval may contain + 5% sphalerite. The mineralization occurs within a cherty dolomite solution collapse breccia zone with secondary dolomite which extends to a depth of 32.6m. LB93-2 intersected approximately 7.6m below the surface showing. Three additional zones between 55m and 100m encountered 15-30cm sections of amber to yellow replacement sphalerite (5-10%) associated with white dolspar.

A short hole, LB93-3, was drilled from the same location as LB-2 to intersect the southern edge of the yellow Zn showing but only encountered a 0.6m zone of pyritic (5%) sulphides rimming breccia fragments in a matrix of white secondary white dolspar.

LB93-4 (L26N, 53+58.5E) (-45°)

This hole tested an I.P. anomaly at the contact of the Active Formation slates with the Nelway Formation. Extensive limonitic fault gouge occurred in the overlying shales but without any positive reaction to Zn test solution. The underlying dolomites were extensively brecciated, presquilized and infilled with argillaceous material but without sulphide mineralization.

LB93-5 (L28S, 50+29E) (-45°)

This hole tested an I.P. target more removed from the shale/carbonate contact encountered in LB93-4. Again extensive solution collapse brecciation and recrystallization was encountered but with an argillaceous matrix which accounts for the I.P. anomaly.

.....8

LB93-6 (29+94N, 48+50E (-90°)

This hole tested a weak I.P. anomaly, also within the upper carbonate package and encountered extensive sections of brecciated chert with minor amounts of argillaceous carbon. Deeper within this hole (63-78m) traces of oxidized pyrite were found associated with secondary dolomitization.

LB93-7 (L30N, 38+64E)(-45°)

This hole tested an I.P. anomaly at the lower contact of the Nelway Formation. Besides grey phyllite and black argillite this hole intersected a medium grained tan-coloured dolomite with disseminated to lensey massive pyrrhotite and minor pyrite over a thickness of 15m (50') (approximately 5% pyrrhotite, pyrite). Some weakly anomalous geochemical values of Cu, Pb, Zn, Co are associated with the sulphides.

LB93-8 (33+03N, 46+75E) (-45°)

This was the final hole drilled to test I.P. anomalies located in the upper carbonate package. This hole encountered an extensive zone of mixed argillaceous dolomitic breccias, presquilization and disseminated pyritic sulphides over 46m (150') but without any visible Pb/Zn sulphides. Included in the above is a 25cm section of massive pyrite. Geochemically anomalous lead is associated with the pyrite.

4.00 CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the known showings and I.P. anomalies appear to be adequately tested and do not appear to hold any immediate potential Pb/Zn sulphide mineralization. However, the Yellow Zinc showing appears to be located lower within the Nelway Formation and has similarities to mineralization in the Yellowhead horizon across the border. Some additional work is recommended along Lead Creek, between the Yellow Zinc showing and the International border especially in areas containing anomalous Pb/Zn geochemical values in soils stratigraphically close to the Yellowhead horizon which is documented south of the border.

....9

REFERENCES

PAGE 9

- Christopher, Peter A., 1991. Report on the Libby Property. Prospectus Qualifying Report for Timmax Resources Corporation.
- Little, H.W., 1949. Preliminary Map, Nelson (West Half), British Columbia. Geological Survey of Canada, Paper 49-22.
- Little, H.W., 1960. Nelson Map-area (West Half). Geological Survey of Canada, Mem. 308.
- Little, H.W., 1964. Geology, Salmo, British Columbia. Geological Survey of Canada, Map 1145A.
- Fyles, J.T., and Hewlett, C.G., 1959. Stratigraphy and Structure of the Salmo Lead-Zinc Area. B.C. Department of Mines, Bulletin No. 41, page 162.
- Fyles, J.T., 1970. Geological Setting of the Lead-Zinc Deposits in the Kootenay Lake and Salmo Areas of British Columbia. In Soc. Econ. Geol. Bull. 61, pages 41-53.
- Yorston, R., 1990. Geology and Geochemistry Report on the Libby 1 Claim. Assessment Report for Worthington Resources, dated September 1990.

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES

DIAMOND DRILLING PROGRAM

ON LIBBY 1 CLAIM Nelson Mining Division NTS 82F/3

Covering the period of October 31, to November 30, 1993

DIRECT			
	c Drilling Ltd		
Box 9		B.C., V0H 1A0	
	LB93	3-1 to 8	\$ 45,856.64
NIDIDECT			
INDIRECT		F:- Olf Cli	
Geolo	gical Consulta	nt: Ernie Olfert Consulting	
		Supervision, core logging, report writing	0.005.00
_		17 days @ \$225/day	3,825.00
Labou	rer:	Brian Collison	
		Haul core from Salmo to Cranbrook,	
		cut core, build core racks, etc.	
		10 days @ 175/day	1,750.00
Assays: Rossl	acher Labora	tories Ltd., Burnaby, B.C.	
•	ples @ 13.50/	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	67.50
Domicile:	Food	ı	135.59
	Lodging		189.00
	Phone Calls		161.13
Fuel:	i none cano		77.57
	arges: AutoC	ad	77.57
Computer Ci	•	e Map and draw drillhole sections	
	•	<u>-</u>	2 400 00
C D		\$50/hour (computer + operator)	2,400.00
Core Boxes:	178 boxes @		1,112.50
Transportatio	n: 1 4x4 trucl		
	10 days @ 1	•	1,000.00
Rent core log	ging facility, S	Salmo B.C.	250.00

TOTAL

\$ 56,824.93

Ernest G. Olfert P.Geo., P.Geol.

AUTHOR'S QUALIFICATIONS

As author of this report I, Ernest G. Olfert, certify that:

- I am a consultant geologist with Consolidated Ramrod Gold Corp. whose office is at 104
 135 10th Ave. S., Cranbrook, B.C.
- 2. I am a Member in good standing of the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of the Province of British Columbia.
- 3. I am a fellow member of the Geological Association of Canada.
- 4. I am a member in goodstanding of the Association of Professional Engineers, Geologists and Geophysicists of the Province of Alberta.
- 5. I have been actively involved in mining and exploration geology, primarily in Western Canada, for the past 24 years.
- 6. I have been employed by a major mining company.

Dated at Cranbrook, British Columbia, this May 1994.

Ernest G. Olfert P.Geo., P.Geol.

APPENDIX I

Drill logs and Cross-sections

PROPERTY: LIBBY

HOLE NO.: **LB93-1**

COMMENCED: 11/02/93

LOCATION: 7.13 m @ 343° FROM STAT. 00

CORR. DIP: -45°

COMPLETED: 11/03/93

GRID LOCATION: (42+40E, 24+64N)

CLAIM: Libby 1

LOGGED BY: E. OLFERT

LENGTH: 62.8 m

AZIMUTH: 343°

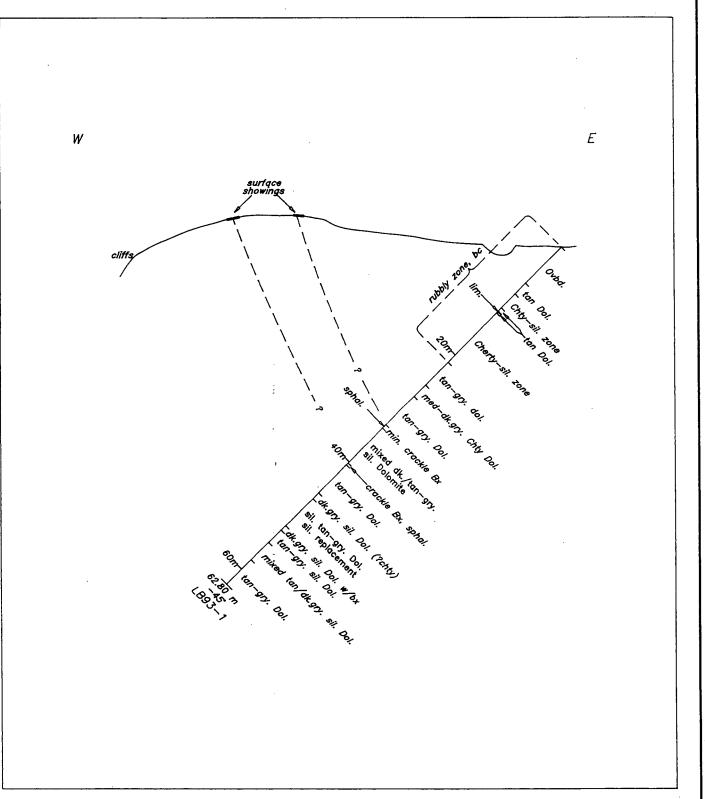
DATE LOGGED: 11/03/93

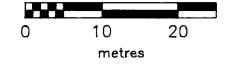
CORE SIZE: NO

TESTS: TO TEST MINERALIZED ZONES AROUND THE SHAFT

DATE LOGGED: 1	11/03/93 CORE SIZE: NQ	IESIS: 10 IES	I MINER	ALIZED Z	ONES AROUI	NO THE SH	AF i
LATITUDE:	LONGITUDE: HOR. COMP:	VERT. COMP.:					
METERAGE FROM TO	DESCRIPTION		Au ppb	Ag ppm	Pb %	Zn %	Cu ppm
0-6.71 m	OVERBURDEN (CASING)						
	BROKEN SHEARED ZONE FROM 0-21.34 M.						
6.71-8.69 m	DOLOMITE: Tan grey rubbly broken core; hairline white silica veinlets, fi grained, fault breccia near base; sparry subrounded organic forms 1 cm in 7.95 m.	ne to medium diameter at					
8.69-11.28 m	CHERTY SILICEOUS ZONE: Medium to dark green, rubbly zone, several thin spiveinlets.	arry dolomite					
11.28-11.89m	<u>DOLOMITE:</u> As 6.71-8.69 m interval with some organic sparry rounded for rubbly core.	ms. Broken,					
11.89-11.98m	LIMONITE:					ļ	
11.98-12.2 m	AS 11.28-11.89 M INTERVAL: More ground up and more cherty.						
12.2-21.34 m	CHERTY SILICEOUS ZONE: Medium to dark grey; brittle fractured and rubbly contexture at 19.5 m, fault breccia textures near base; fractures at 45° to c				1		
21.34-25.6 m	<u>DOLOMITE:</u> Tan grey to creamy; dark grey bands at Lower Contact with 1 cm ro forms. Local crackle breccia above 22.87 m with light grey silica matrix. base approximately 45° to the core axis.	unded organic Banding near					
25.6-27.74m	MEDIUM TO DARK GREY CHERTY DOLOMITE: Mottled textures; bioturbated near intraformational breccia near top with banding approximately 50° to the corwhite sparry dolomite veining.						
27.74-33.08m	TAN GREY DOLOMITE: Banding at 32.31 m of 40-45°, siliceous especially i zones. Organic rounded forms to 1.5 cm are silica replaced. Minor crackle grey silica healing (one occurrence of trace ZnS with silica at 32.35 m.)	e breccia with					
33.08-33.75m	MINERALIZED CRACKLE BRECCIA: Tan to medium grey dolomite breccia (solut healed by grey silica. Isolated amber ZnS crystals to 1 cm associated approximately ½% ZnS.	ion collapse) d with silica					
33.75-40.21m	MIXED DARK GREY AND TAN GREY DOLOMITE ZONE: Dark zones more siliceous, f grained, bioturbated mottled textures, algae banded forms 45° to the core to 1 cm spheriods, minor zebra textures with open vugs, minor dolspar her	axis. Also up					
40.21-40.55m	MINERALIZED CRACKLE BRECCIA: Dark grey + sparry dolomite healed with s amber ZnS except concentrated disseminations in the basal 7 cm.	ilica. Trace		: 			
40.55-45.79m	TAN GREY DOLOMITE: As 27.74-33.08 m, minor mottled and zebra textures. Ro 1.5 cm, some are silica replaced.	unded forms to					
45.79~46.86m	DARK GREY SILICEOUS DOLOMITE (? CHERTY): Fine to medium grained; some veining (5%).	white dolspar					
46.86-51.92m	SILICEOUS TAN GREY DOLOMITE: Local sections have mottled and solution co textures with mostly silica + minor dolspar healing. Some rounded spher also replaced by silica.	llapse breccia roids to 1 cm,					

_	PR	OPERTY: LIBBY HOLE NO.: LB93-1		PA	GE:	2	
	METERAGE FROM TO	DESCRIPTION	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Pb %	Zn %	Cu ppm
	51.92-52.74m	DARK GREY SILICEOUS DOLOMITE: Subrounded breccia textures up to several cm fragments. Matrix siliceous with minor dolspar.					
	52.74-55.03m	TAN GREY SILICEOUS DOLOMITE AS ABOVE: Silica veinlets + breccia healing.					
	55.03-58.23m	MIXED TAN GREY AND DARK GREY SILICEOUS DOLOMITE AS ABOVE: Subrounded breccia texture in grey dolomite 55.03-55.5 m, texture at 55.8 m shows silica rimming void with dolspar in center; rounded spheroids 1 cm common also mottled algae mat textures.					
	58.23-62.8m	TAN GREY MEDIUM GRAINED DOLOMITE: Numerous organic subrounded forms up to +1 cm replaced by silica.					
	62.8 m	END OF HOLE					
		Core is stored in racks at Vine property.			į		
		SUMMARY			ı		
	-	 Weak ZnS mineralization associated with healed silica crackle breccia 33.08- 33.75 m and 40.21-40.55 m (Josephine type). 					
		 Extensive cherty brittle zones probably sheared up near top of hole. 					
		 Silica replacement and breccia healing common but breccia is too localized and silica is usually without mineralization. 					
		 Surface showings are probably not directly connected to mineralization in core. 					
		1					
)		ı					
	·						
		·					
		·					
)							
•							
	ll .		İ				1







LIBBY PROPER Libby (Shaft Target) DDH: LB93-1

94/06/14 am This Plot: Map Ref.: 82F.005

Date: 94/06/10 by REA

Scale: 1:500

PROPERTY: LIBBY

HOLE NO.: LB93-2

COMMENCED: 11/03/93 LOCATION: 23.5 m at 119° FROM

STAT. 24

CORR. DIP: -45°

COMPLETED: 11/05/93

GRID LOCATION: (41+04E, 24+41N)

CLAIM: LIBBY 1

LOGGED BY: F OLFERT

27.13-32.71m

32.71-53.02m

53.02-57.35m

57.35-57.65m

57.65-61.13m

61.13-64.08m

specks after py.

(approximately 10% ZnS)

TAN DOLOMITE: Medium grained - (clean).

at 59.45 m.

1 FNGTH: 152 44 m

A71MITH: 300°

LOGGED BY: E. O	JLFEKI	LENGIH: 152.44 M	AZIMUIH: 3	VV				1	
DATE LOGGED: 11	1/05/93	CORE SIZE: NQ	TESTS: TO	TEST SURF	ACE YELLO	OW ZINC SI	SHOWING		
LATITUDE:	LONG! TUDE:	HOR. COMP:	VERT. COMP	.:					
METERAGE From to		DESCRIPTION		Au ppb	Ag ppm	Pb %	Zn %	Cu ppm	
0-6.1 m	OVERBURDEN								
6.1-10.37 m	DOLOMITE/CHERT BRECCIA: (So dolspar and silica matrix,								
10.37-12.13m	oxidized to limonitic. ZnS	t rock as above; disseminated fine gr +5% over 15 cm section (amber color)(ZnS in rest of interval, some subround	10.67 m) Limonitic 2-						
12.13-13.41m	TAN CREAMY DOLOMITE: Fine t	o medium grained, local banding at 45	to the core axis.			1			
13.41-19.36m	healed solution collapse ty	BRECCIA: Breccia includes both intra pe. Some algae mat banding texture (70 bous matrix. Oxidized coarse py (limon where.	o to core axis). Dark						
19.36-21.65m	TAN CREAMY DOLOMITE: Mediu breccia fragments near base	m grained, except in sparry zebra sec e of unit; weak rusty traces along fra	tions; fine dark grey ctures.		,				
21.65-26.37m	TAN DOLOMITE WITH SECTION commonly 1 cm or less. Ear	<u>S OF DARK GREY CHERTY BRECCIA:</u> Fragr thy limonite/quartzite at 24.39 m.	ments up to 4 cm but						
26.37-27.13m	WEAK OXIDIZED PYRITE ZONE: coarse cubes. (<5%)	Host rock as above; oxidized rust a	long fractures and as						
14							1		

MOTTLED GREY AND WHITE DOLOMITE: More dolspar and pseudo-zebra textures near top with light colored silica. Minor breccia textures; some cherty dark grey zones; few rusty

CHERT BRECCIA DOLOMITE: Dark grey fragments up to 2-3 cm in tan dolomite matrix; some

dolomite fragments as well; minor white dolspar locally; last meter of unit is a tan dolomite without chert breccia, local rusty specks, trace py at 46.34 - 47.56 m.

MEDIUM TO DARK GREY DOLOMITE: Some banding near top of unit 70° to the core axis; some

YELLOW ZINC ZONE: Fine-grained replacement yellow ZnS + minor amber ZnS in grey dolomite. Several veinlets of white dolspar associated with mineralization.

TAN DOLOMITE WITH LOCAL DARK CHERT BRECCIA: Local banded texture at 70° to the core axis; some zebra sparry sections, disseminated oxidized py specks at 60.06 m. Fresh py

mottled breccia textures with white dolspar. Only minor dark chert.

PROPERTY: LIBBY LB93-2 HOLE NO.: PAGE: 2 METERAGE DESCRIPTION Pb Zn Cu Δu Ag FROM TO daa ppm DDM 64.08-69.51m MIXED DOLOMITE ZONE: Tan-medium to dark grey; bedding locally 70° to the core axis; dark grey dolomite has organic textures dolspar filled. 68.7-69.2 m has oxidized by 5% associated with white dolspar section. TAN DOLOMITE: Medium grained few bio-worm textures, rusty fracture parallel to core 69.51-76.22m axis at 73.48-73.78 m. 76.22-77.13m MINERALIZED ZONE: Replacement yellow ZnS of rounded organic forms (1-2 cm) in white dolspar 76.22-76.52 (5% Zn). 76.9-77.13 m oxidized yellow and rusty zone (reacts to Zn Zap) barren zone in between grey and sparry dolomite. 77.13-80.43m TAN GREY DOLOMITE: Medium grained, 15 cm grey cherty breccia zone near top; few veinlets of crackle brecciated grey silica, rusty oxidized fractures locally. 80.43-88.12m DARK GREY BANDED LIMY DOLOMITE: Banding at 65° to core axis; organic blebs replaced by dolspar; minor mud seam (5 cm) at 83.23 m. 88.12-89.63m TAN DOLOMITE: Non-breccia; banded dark grey dolomite at lower contact. MIXED DOLOMITE BRECCIA: Tan dark in upper zone becoming more dark grey towards base angular dark fragments are chert, breccia matrix is siliceous. Subrounded organic 89.63 100.46m forms - some dolspar replaced. 100,46-100,67m YELLOW ZINC ZONE: Fine grained replacement along interfragment cracks and voids associated with light silica and minor spar. (+5% ZnS) 100.67-109.6m MIXED DOLOMITE BRECCIA AS ABOVE: Zebra texture (107.47-107.77 m) trace ZnS at 101.22m. MEDIUM TO DARK GREY DOLOMITE: Locally brecciated, including dark chert fragments. Some banded textures near base 65-70°. Local dolspar healed breccia; occasional 109.6-119.82m oxidized by traces. BRECCIATED TAN DOLOMITE: (? solution collapse or sediments) grey brecciated matrix is 119.82-121.8m dark grey siliceous dolomite. DOLOMITE RUBBLE FAULT ZONE: Weak yellow-orange rust 2-3% (no Zn Zap). Minor grey clay 121.8-124.39m gouge from 122.71-122.87 m. TAN DOLOMITE: Breccia fragments of grey siliceous dolomite and chert; oxidized fractures and coarse cubes after py (1-2%) similar to fault zone above (no Zn Zap). 124.39-128.2m 128.2-131.37m DARK GREY DOLOMITE: Minor sediment breccia; small dolspar replaced organic bio-forms ((1 cm) 131.37-133.23m MIXED DOLOMITE FAULT ZONE: Rubbly core, minor rusty traces. 133.23-139.02m RUBBLY DOLOMITIC FAULT ZONE: Limonitic traces 2-3% (pebbly to sandy + minor gouge). 139.02-140.24m DARK GREY DOLOMITE: Calcite healed fault breccia, traces of rust. 140.24-148.23m SANDY GOUGE FAULT ZONE: Localized limonitic rust to 5% (no Zn Zap)(recovery down to 50% in 143.60-145.12 m) TAN GREY DOLOMITE: Some mottled dark grey banding and minor sediment brecciation. 148.23-152.44m Banding at 75° to core axis; limonitic fractures and broken core 148.48-152.44 m) 2-3% 152,44m END OF HOLF Core is stored in racks at Vine property.

LKのTEKAA:

LIBBY

HOTE NO:

LB93-2

PAGE:

METERAGE DESCRIPTION Au Ag Pb Zn Cu FROM TO ppb ppm ppm SUMMARY LB93-2 Only two weak mineralized zones (10.37-12.13 m and 26.37-27.13 m) are related to the surface yellow Zn showings. Several additional narrow mineralized zones are located deeper in the hole at 2. 57.35-57.65 m, 76.22-77.13 m and 100.46-100.67 m. Major faulting encountered between 121.8-148.23 m with frequent limonitic 3. traces. The py (limonite) association with ZnS is more indicative of the Yellowhead 4. Horizon. Solution collapse dolspar sections occur in zones beneath the surface showing 5. but are less frequent deeper in the hole.

3

Date: 94/06/10 by REA Scale: 1:500

Map Ref.: 82F.005

CONSOLIDATED RAMROD GOLD CORP.

PROPERTY: LIBBY

HOLE NO .: **LB93-3**

COMMENCED: 11/05/93

LOCATION: 33.5 m @ 269'

CORR. DIP: -45°

COMPLETED: 11/06/93

FROM STAT. 29

GRID LOCATION: (24+39N, 41+05E)

CLAIM: LIBBY 1

LOGGED BY: E. OLFERT

LENGTH: 38.41 m

AZIMUTH: 269°

DATE LOGGED: 11/06/93

CORE SIZE: NO

TESTS: TO TEST SUBFACE VELLOW ZING SHOWING

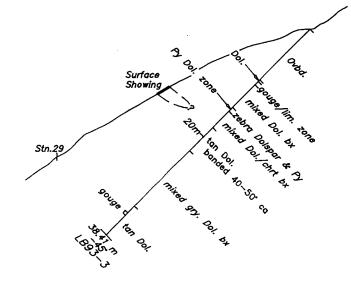
DATE LOGGED: 11/06	5/93 CORE SIZE: NQ TESTS: TO TEST SURFACE YELLOW ZINC SHOWING								
LATITUDE:	LONGITUDE: HOR. COMP: VERT. COMP.	VERT. COMP.:							
METERAGE From to	DESCRIPTION	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Pb %	Zn %	Cu ppm			
0-9.45 m	OVERBURDEN: Rubbly dolomite pebbles (7.01-9.15 m) are probably subcrop.								
9.45-9.76 m	DOLOMITE: Mottled tan and grey.								
9.76-10.37 m	RUBBLE GOUGE AND LIMONITE ZONE: Tan grey rubble dolomite. 3-4% limonite concentrations near base of unit.								
10.37-14.57 m	MIXED LIGHT AND DARK GREY DOLOMITE BRECCIA: Approximately 20% dolspar in matrix; most of the breccia is sedimentary dolspar with coarse limonitic rust (2%) in 11.73-12.15m.	1							
14.57-15.27 m	PYRITIC DOLOMITE ZONE: Zebra dolspar to dolspar healed sedimentary breccia including cherty fragments. 4-5% coarse py blotches and finer grained py rimming zebra fragments.								
15.27¬18.29 m	MEDIUM TO DARK GREY DOLOMITE/CHERT BRECCIA: 1-2% medium grained py to oxidized py disseminations. Minor dolspar.								
18.29-22.62 m	TAN DOLOMITE: Sections are coarse spar healed (solution collapse breccia); banding at base 45° to core axis. Some silica replaced subrounded forms up to 1 cm; also silica veinlets. Few limonitic traces; concentrated limonitic 19.82-20.12 m.								
22.62-33.05 m	MIXED GREY DOLOMITE BRECCIA: Dark sections and fragments are cherty. 5-10% dolspar. Minor banding at 40-50° to the core axis. Some light grey silica blotches as well.				i i				
33.05-38.41 m	$\frac{\text{TAN DOLOMITE:}}{34.30-34.76 \text{ m}} \text{ bose open vugs just above gouge zone.}$								
38.41 m	END OF HOLE								
	Core is stored in racks at Vine property.								
	SUMMARY								
	1. Limonitic zones probably reflect the Yellowhead Horizon.								
ł	}		1	1	1	1			

Last Update (Y/M/D); 84/06/14 am

e: d:\!lbby\dwg\189384.dwg

W

Ε



0

10

20

metres



LIBBY PROPERTY

DDH:

LB93-3

This Plot: Map Ref.:

94/06/14 am

82F.005

Date: 94/06/10 by REA

Scale: 1:500

:40 Filename: d:\IIb

PROPERTY: LIBBY

HOLE NO.: **LB93-4**

COMMENCED: 11/06/93

LOCATION: L26N, 5358.5E

CORR. DIP: -45°

COMPLETED: 11/08/93

ELEVATION:

CLAIM: LIBBY 1

LOGGED BY: E. OLFERT

LENGTH: 150.3 m

AZIMUTH: 286°

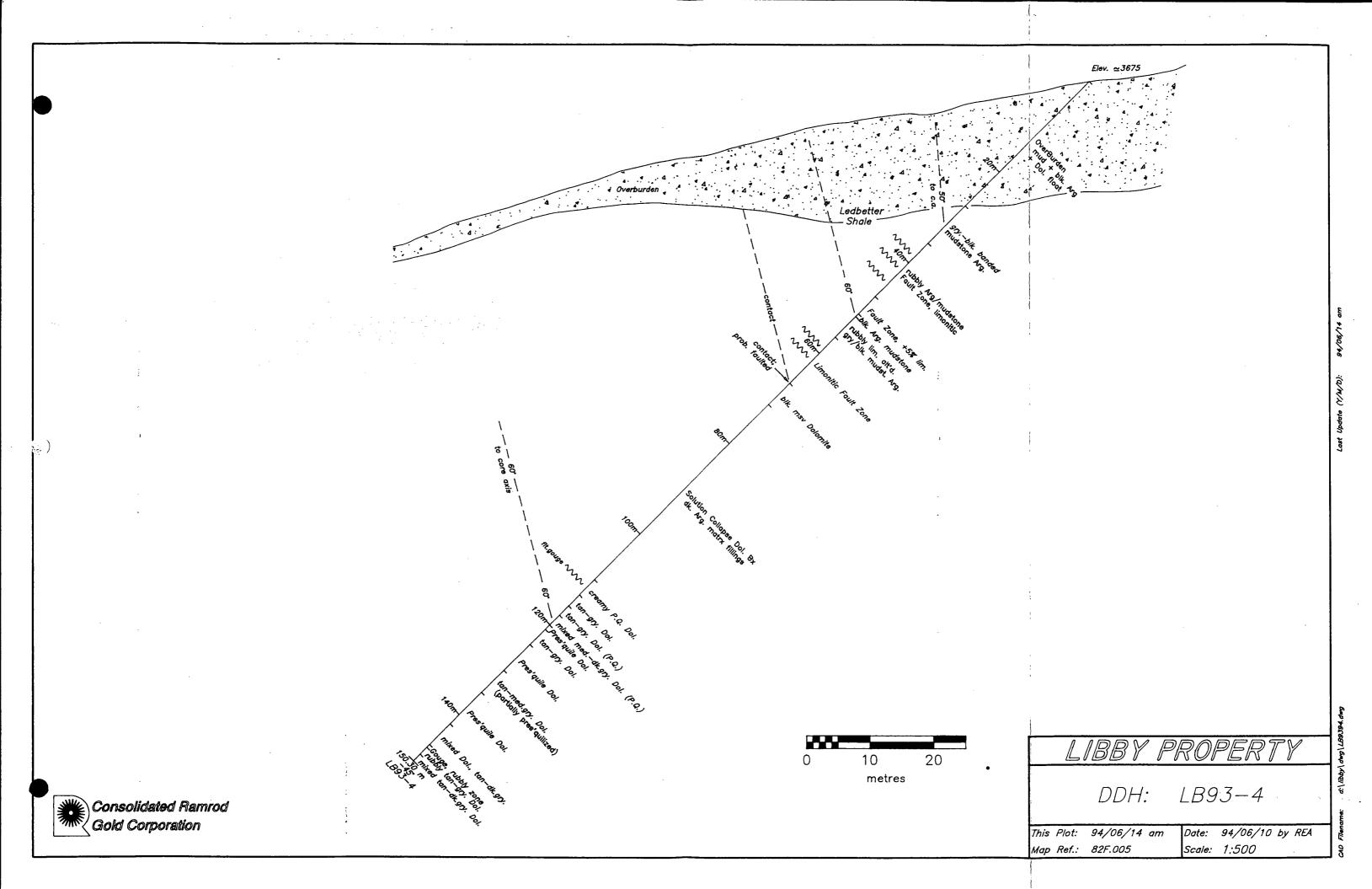
DATE LOGGED: 11/08/93

CORE SIZE: NO

TESTS: TO TEST I.P. ANOMALY AT ARGILLITE/DOLOMITE

DATE LOGGED: 11/08	1/08/93 CORE SIZE: NQ TESTS: TO TEST I.P. ANOMALY AT ARGII							
LATITUDE:	LONGITUDE: HOR. COMP: VERT. COMP.	*****						
METERAGE From to	DESCRIPTION	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Pb %	Zn %	Ci ppi		
0-27.44 m	OVERBURDEN: Mud + black argillite + dolomite float.							
27.44-35.67 m	GREY AND BLACK BANDED MUDSTONE ARGILLITE: Banding 50° to the core axis. Rusty limonitic traces (2-3%).							
35.67-47.41 m	RUBBLY ARGILLITE/MUDSTONE FAULT ZONE: Sections of mud and gouge - locally limonitic (85% recovery).							
47.41-51.22 m	FAULT ZONE: As above but more limonitic (+5%).							
51.22-51.83 m	BLACK ARGILLITE MUDSTONE: Banding at 60° to the core axis.							
51.83~56.40 m	RUBBLY LIMONITIC ALTERED GREY/BLACK MUDSTONE ARGILLITE: +5% Limonite, banding at 60°.							
56.4-66.62 m	<u>LIMONITIC FAULT ZONE:</u> Oxidized mudstone/argillite; 10% limonite - some gouge, clay and mud zones (70% recovery).							
	-CONTACT-			İ	ļ			
66.62-71.34 m	BLACK MASSIVE DOLOMITE: Medium grained ? argillaceous; gouge fault zone 68.25-68.6 m. Sparry traces and brecciation near base of unit.							
71.34-110.06 m	SOLUTION COLLAPSE DOLOMITE BRECCIA: Mixed grey dolomite brecciated with frequent dark argillaceous fillings in matrix (probably 1.P. anomaly). Extensive presquile type spar replacement including zebra textures. Dolspar content about 25% overall. Breccia fragments up to 5-10 cm. Also minor grey silica veinlets; grey chert band at 108.0-108.23 m. Organic rounded forms at 90.55 m; also fossil fragments at lower contact. Rare py specks, concentrated blebs py at 108.75 and 109.63 m.				î			
110.06-113.41 m	CREAMY PRESQUILE DOLOMITE: Ghosty fragments of unreplaced darker grey dolomite. Replacement bands at lower contact.							
113.41-115.85 m	TAN GREY DOLOMITE: Fine to medium grained; trace py.							
115.85-117.90 m	TAN GREY DOLOMITE, PARTIALLY PRESQUILIZED: Some silica veinlets.							
117.90-120.06 m	MIXED MEDIUM TO DARK GREY DOLOMITE, PARTIALLY PRESQUILIZED: At 119.5 m is a 5 cm band of dark argillite matrix breccia. Remnant banding at 60° to core axis (traces of yellowish? sericite in fractures).							
120.06-121.04 m	PRESQUILE DOLOMITE: 75% altered to secondary dolomite.							
121.04-124.39 m	TAN GREY DOLOMITE: Rubbly broken sections, (gouge fault zone 121.64-122.1 m). 10 cr zone of black matrix breccia 123.8 m with rusty specks (py).	n						
124.39-130.18 m	PRESQUILE DOLOMITE: Remnant fragments and bands of tan and grey dolomite; minor silication healed breccia at 128.51 m (10 cm); traces of yellowish mineralization (sericite along fractures. Traces of oxidized py locally.	a)						

_	PROPERTY: LIBBY HOLE NO.: LB93-4			PAGE	\ .	2	-
	METERAGE FROM TO	DESCRIPTION	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Pb %	Zn %	Cu ppm
	130.18-135.06 m	TAN TO MEDIUM GRAY DOLOMITE: Partially presquilized; yellow-rusty lower contact over 30 cm.					
	135.06-142.07 m	PRESQUILE DOLOMITE: Some sections are partially presquilized tan dolomite. Weak zebra texture at 139.48 m; some silica healed fractures and silica replaced organic forms (oncolites) 1 cm in size. Traces of rust (disseminated py) 135.65-136.0 m and 141.45-141.75 m.					
	142.07-146.65 m	MIXED DOLOMITE: Tan to dark grey (broken rubbly core) minor grey silica veinlets.		ł			
	146.65-147.26 m	GOUGE RUBBLY ZONE: Trace of yellowish oxidation.				.	
	147.26-148.78 m	RUBBLY TAN GREY DOLOMITE: Yellow oxidation in breccia fractures 147.26-147.75 m () 1 cm oncolites replaced by silica; weak yellow oxidation elsewhere (weak sparry alteration).					
	148.78-150.3 m	MIXED TAN AND DARK GREY DOLOMITE:					
	- 150.3 m	END OF HOLE		}		İ	
		Core is stored in racks at Vine property.					
		SUMMARY		·			
		1. Upper unit is part of the Ledbetter shales.					
		 Good dolomite host rocks occur below the shale in the form of solution collapse brecciation and presquile type sparry dolomite replacement. 					
		3. I.P. anomaly caused by overlying graphitic shales and black matrix graphitic material in breccias below the shales down to 110.0 m.			i		
							'
						j.	
		·					
					, ,		
	·						
)							
			1				



PROPERTY: LIBBY

HOLE NO .: **LB93-5**

COMMENCED: 11/08/93

LOCATION: L28N, 5029E

CLAIM: LIBBY 1

COMPLETED: 11/09/93

ELEVATION:

COLLAR DIP: -45°

LOGGED BY: E. OLFERT

LENGTH: 145.12 m

AZIMUTH: 286°

DATE LOGGED: 11/09/93

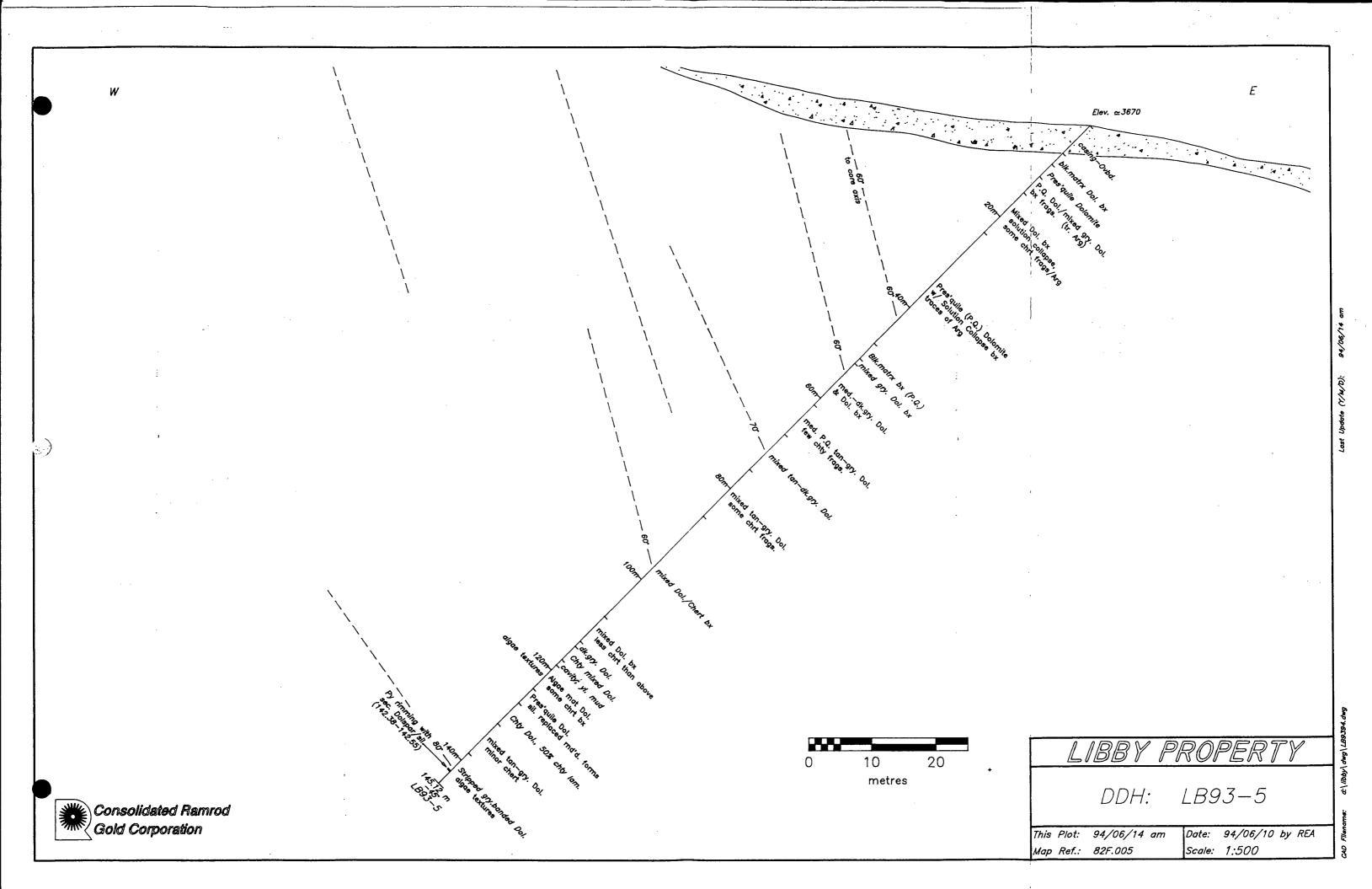
CORE SIZE: NO

TESTS: TO TEST 1.P. ANOMALY

DATE LOGGED: 11/09	793 CORE SIZE: NO TES	STS: TO TEST	1.P. A	IOMALY			
LATITUDE:	LONGITUDE: HOR. COMP: VER	RT. COMP.:					
METERAGE From to	DESCRIPTION		Au ppb	Ag ppm	Pb %	Zn %	Cu ppm
0-6.10 m	CASING - OVERBURDEN						
6.1-8.54 m	BLACK MATRIX DOLOMITE BRECCIA: Several black graphitic bands in upper par dolomite fragments are presquilized.	rt; many					
8.54-11.25 m	PRESQUILE DOLOMITE: Dark grey remnants and some zebra texture; trace of dwispy interstitial mud. Few open vugs.	ark grey					
11.25-14.79 m	PRESQUILE DOLOMITE WITH MIXED GREY REMNANT DOLOMITE BRECCIA FRAGMENTS: Few toxidized py specks; trace argillite in matrix locally.	races of		·			
14.79-23.48 m	MIXED DOLOMITE BRECCIA: Solution collapse, some chert fragments and cargillite in matrix. Extensive presquilization.	graphitic					
23.48-47.87 m	PRESQUILE DOLOMITE WITH SOLUTION COLLAPSE BRECCIA: Silica replaced organic 29.57 m, 36.43-37.2 m, 42.53-43.0 m. Argillic mudstone in matrix at 36.37 m and 39.02 m, traces elsewhere. Fresh py bleb at 47.71 m. Few traces of rust specks after py and yellowish along fractures. Relic banding 60° to the core axis at 42.38 m, trace zebra	oxidation					
47.87-51.22 m	BLACK MATRIX BRECCIA: Graphitic material in matrix; presquilized dolomite Trace rust blebs.	mostly.					
51.22-52.29 m	MIXED GREY DOLOMITE BRECCIA: Intensely fractured, weakly presquilized.					1	
52.29-61.43 m	MEDIUM TO DARK GREY DOLOMITE AND DOLOMITE BRECCIA: Weak presquilization, browner of a sedimentary nature. Banding at 60° to the core axis at 44.21 m replaced rounded forms at lower contact $(\frac{1}{2}$ cm).	ecciation n; silica				z!	
61.43-67.99 m	MEDIUM PRESQUILIZED DOLOMITE: Brecciated texture mixed tan to medium grey; for fragments also; some silica replaced rounded forms, some of which are rusty.	ew cherty					
67.99-75.76 m	MIXED TAN AND DARK GREY DOLOMITE: Weak presquilization; banding locally at 7 core axis. Graphitic suture fracture at 70.73 m; replaced organic forms (s 74.09 m, traces of rusty specks at 74.54 m.	O° to the ilica) at					
75.76-86.10 m	MIXED TAN AND GREY DOLOMITE: Brecciated textures common (sedimentary Localized dark chert fragments; fine grained py replaced lenses and small fra 84.45 m (1 cm lenses).	types). gments at					
86.10-108.17 m	MIXED DOLOMITE/CHERT BRECCIA: Approximately 1/3 chert; weak presquilization, yellowish fractures common, trace rusty py specks; some silica replaced round zebra texture at 99.39 m.	rusty to led forms;					
108.17-113.6 m	MIXED DOLOMITE BRECCIA: Less chert breccia than above. Some mottled bio- Banding locally at 60° to the core axis. Some thin chert lamination presquilization.	textures. ens, weak				Martin .	

LB93-5

PROPERTY: HOLE NO.: PAGE: 2 LIBBY METERAGE DESCRIPTION Ag Pb Zn Cu Au FROM TO ppb ppm ppm 113.6-114.73 m DARK GREY DOLOMITE: Wispy black laminations, maybe argillaceous. CHERTY MIXED DOLOMITE: Chert fragments, laminations and silica replaced organic forms. 114.73-117.68 m Banding at 65° to the core axis at 117.23 m. 25% white dolomite (presquilization). 117.68-118.9 m CAVITY: Yellow mud. BIO-BEDDED DOLOMITE: Algae mat bio-turbated textures, some chert breccia and light 118.9-124.09 m grey silica about 30% white presquilization. PRESQUILE DOLOMITE: Numerous silica replaced subrounded to elongated organic forms. 124.09-127.29 m Rusty limonitic yugs and laminations 124.09-125.15 m. CHERTY DOLOMITE: Up to 50% chert laminations, breccia fragments and nodules. 127.29-131.86 m Approximately presquilized dolomite, few disseminated rusty specks. MIXED TAN AND GREY DOLOMITE: Partially presquilized; silica replaced organic rounded forms. Light silica + spar infillings at 134.30 m with disseminated rusty specks 131.86-138.41 m after py; minor dark grey chert fragments. 138.41-145.12 m STRIPPED GREY BANDED DOLOMITE: Algae mat bio-textures; sub-banding at 80° to the core axis. Some chert banding, breccia and silica replacement of organic forms weak presquilization 15%; ** DOLSPAR, SILICA AND PY-RIMMING STRUCTURES AT 142.38-142.55 m and traces elsewhere, but no zinc. 145.12 m END OF HOLE Core is stored in racks at Vine property. SUMMARY 1.P. anomaly due to argillaceous material washed into breccia zones within 1. the dolomite. Good brecciated and presquilized host rocks at least to 51 meters. 2. Minor disseminated py with secondary dolspar is the only interesting ****3**. mineralization in this hole.



PROPERTY: LIBBY

HOLE NO .: **LB93-6**

COMMENCED: 11/09/93

LOCATION: 4850E, 2994N

CORR. DIP: VERTICAL

COMPLETED: 11/11/93

ELEVATION:

CLAIM: LIBBY 1

LOGGED BY: E. OLFERT

LENGTH: 105.79 m

AZIMUTH:

DATE LOGGED: 11/11/93

CORE SIZE: NO

TESTS: TO TEST EXTENSION OF 1.P. ANOMALY FROM L31S

DATE LOGGED: 11/11	1/93	CORE SIZE: NO	TESTS: TO TES	I EXTENS	ION OF 1.	P. ANOMAL	TA EKOM F	315
LATITUDE:	LONG! TUDE:	HOR. COMP:	VERT. COMP.:				т	
METERAGE FROM TO		DESCRIPTION		Au ppb	Ag ppm	Рb %	Zn %	Cu ppm
0-4.27 m	CASING - OVERBURDEN							
4.27-15.85 m	silica veinlets and rep banding 45° or less to	AND TAN DOLOMITE: Chert as fragments lacement of organic forms as well. We core axis; fragment yellow-rust oxi 10.82-13.87 m (1-2%)(recovery 80% at 4	eak presquilization minor idation in fractures and					
15.85-22.53m	rusty fractures common	ca replaced rounded forms and minor che 1-2%, minor presquile dolomite over la s and fillings; minor banding at	ast meter of unit. Minor					
22.53-23.0 m	GREY BROWN FINE GRAINY	LIMY DOLOMITE: Rusty upper contact.						
23.0-28.14 m	TAN DOLOMITE WITH CHER Banding 30° to core locally.	T AS 15.85-22.53 M: Some thin laminat axis, rusty blotches at 24.85 m.	ted chert bands as well. Moderate presquilization					
28.14-28.81 m	RUSTY LIMONITIC WEATHER	RED ZONE: (Recovery approximately 75%)						1
28.81-31.25 m	TAN DOLOMITE: Rusty of organic forms.	xidized fractures 1-2%; upper 0.5 m	contains silica replaced					
31.25-32.16 m	CHERT-DOLOMITE: 70% ch	ert fragments in tan dolomite.	!					
32.16-39.02 m	MIXED DOLOMITE ZONE: Ma (15%). Trace oxidized	assive, medium gray, chert nodules, ba py, traces of sec. dolomite + calcite	nds and fragments locally				25	
39.02-45.12 m	CREAMY TAN DOLOMITE: F cm), minor chert. Som 137.0 m) (recovery 80%	linor presquilization; silica replaced e light silica veinlets, oxidized frac)	rounded forms common (1 tures present (?cavity at					
45.12-62.80 m	and veinlets. Hairl	k cherty zones up to 1/3 m. Some sili ine secondary dolomite veining (weal ized fractures and traces of rusty spe	k presquilization)(subtle					
62.80-63.20 m	SANDY RUBBLY ZONE: Pro	bably a small cavity.						
63.20-66.46 m	PYRITIC BRECCIA ZONE: associated with dolspa	Dolspar veined chert breccia, 1–2% dis r. Traces of calcite and light silica	sseminated rusty py specks infilling as well.					
66.46-78.38 m	calcite presquilizati	<u>HERT BRECCIA (SEDIMENTS):</u> Weak to m on with trace rusty py specks. Mon calcite at 75.61 m (?diopside).	noderate dolspar, silica, re pyritic below 73.4 m,					
						İ	İ	İ
	•							

PROPERTY: LIBBY HOLE NO.: LB93-6 PAGE: 2

F===	PRO	PERTY: LIBBY HOLE NO.: LB93-6		PAG	E:	2	
	METERAGE From to	DESCRIPTION	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Pb %	Zn %	Cu ppm
	78.38-78.51m	SAND: Cavity					
	78.51-83.08m	AS 66.46-78.38 m: With presquilized zones of dolspar, calcite, silica and disseminated rusty py. Some silica replaced organic forms near base of unit. Sections of core are broken and rubbly? minor cavities.					
	83.08-88.72m	TAN GREY DOLOMITE: Fine to medium grained, frequent silica replaced rounded forms and minor cherty fragments. Rusty py blotch at 87.35 m.					
	88.72-96.65m	MIXED GREY DOLOMITE: Minor short sections of dark chert zones (10 cm), occasional short presquilized zones (10-20 cm); banding locally at 25-30° to core axis. Minor brecciated textures, some rounded organic forms partially silica replaced. Some chert silica fragments; nodules chert silica band at 92.07 m.					
	96.65-101.22m	TAN GREY DOLOMITE: Few silica replaced rounded forms. Trace py disseminations.					
	101.22-105.79m	TAN DOLOMITE: As above with dark cherty sections. 20% chert, also silica replaced organic forms. Upper contact has algae mat banding at 30° to the core axis and one thin lens of py (1/4 cm).					
	105.79 m	END OF HOLE					
		Core is stored in racks at Vine property.					
		SUMMARY					
		 The only mineralization of interest is disseminated oxidized py associated with presquilization occurring at 63.2-66.46 m as well as disseminated py above and below this unit. 					
		2. The I.P. anomaly may be caused by partially unweathered py from the above or carbon present with the dark chert.					
	i						
	:						
Į							
İ							
į							
	٠.						
-							

. . . .

Consolidated Ramrod Gold Corporation This Plot: 94/06/14 am

LB93-6 DDH:

Map Ref.: 82F.005

94/06/10 by REA Date: Scale: 1:500

Charty Dol. 0/C Cherty Dol. 0/C Casing/Ovbd. bik. Chert bx, tan Dolomite ä tan Dolomite
w/sil. replaced organic forms,
minor chert frags. gry/bm. limy Dolomite tan Dolomite/minor Chert Crusty Limonitic zone tan Dolomite _Chert/Dolomite/bx Mixed Dolomite 40m tan,creamy Dolomite tan Dolomite w/dk. cherty zones 60m tr.Py *Py* bx zone (pres'quilized) oxidized Py ?possible I.P. anomalies dk.gry. Dol./Cht/bx (some pres'quilized) -sand/cavity dk.gry. Dol./Cht/bx (some pres'quilized) 80m tan Dolomite minor chty frags. mixed gry. Dolomite dk.chty sections

ષ્ત્ર tan/gry. Dolomite 100m algae mat banding tan Dolomite w/dk. chty sections 105.79 m -90 LB93-6

10 20 metres



CONSOLIDATED RAMROD GOLD CORP.

PROPERTY: LIBBY

HOLE NO.: LB93-7

COMMENCED: 11/11/93

LOCATION:

CORR. DIP: -45°

COMPLETED: 11/12/93

CLAIM: LIBBY 1

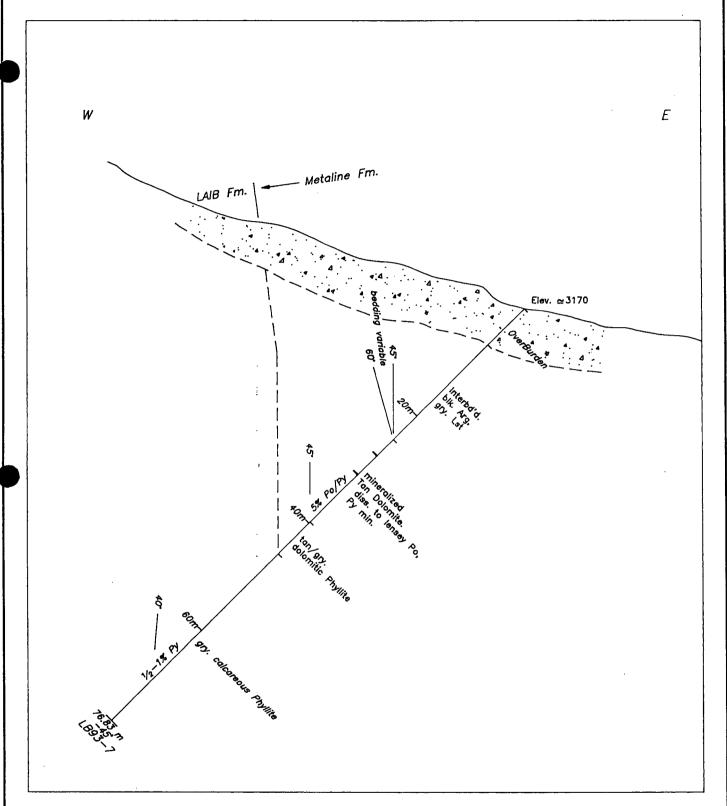
COLLAR DIP:

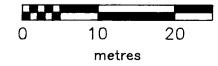
LOGGED BY: E. OLFERT

LENGTH: 76.83 m

AZIMUTH:

DATE LOGGED	11/12/93 CORE SIZE: NQ TESTS: TO PROPERTY	TEST I.P.	ANOMALY	ON WEST	SIDE OF T	ΉE
LATITUDE: 3		.;				
METERAGE FROM TO	DESCRIPTION	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	Cu ppm
0-6.71 m	OVERBURDEN					
6.71-24.39	INTERBEDDED BLACK ARGILLITE AND GRAY LIMESTONE: Limestone as floating fragments within argillite; variable 30-60% argillite. Disseminated specks and blotches of py within argillite (* 1% py). Bedding approximately 45° to the core axis - no distinct banding.					
24.39-39.79	MINERALIZED TAN DOLOMITE: Disseminated specks of po along bedding planes, 2-3% locally massive banded up to 5-10 cm together with py. Overall about 5% po py; banding at 45 to the core axis. Unit is more phyllitic and waxy near base (upper contact sharp with some limonitic oxidation). SAMPLE 7452 27.4-27.5 m (0.1 m)	5	0	137	315	347
	74\$3 30.9-31.0 m (0.1 m)	5	İ	14	144	121
39.79-45.73	DOLOMITIC TAN GRAY PHYLLITE: Gradual transition zone to phyllite. Traces of very fine grained po; faint banding at 45° to the core axis.					
45.73-76.83	GRAY LIMY PHYLLITE: Very uniform; some black laminations near upper contact with bands at 40° to the core axis. Waxy texture, very fine grained disseminated py $\frac{1}{2}$ -1%.					
76.83 m	END OF HOLE					
	Core is stored in racks at Vine property.					
	Summary					
	1. Many I.P. conductors occur in this hole including the mineralized tan dolomite at 24.39-39.79 meters.					
					ĺ	
11	· •	•	I	1	1	•







LB93-7 DDH:

94/06/14 am This Plot: Map Ref.: 82F.005

Date: 94/06/10 by REA

Scale: 1:500

PROPERTY: LIBBY

HOLE NO.: LB93-8

COMMENCED: 11/12/93

LOCATION: L33 + 03N, 46 + 75E

COMPLETED: 11/13/93

CLAIM: LIBBY 1

COLLAR DIP: -45°

LOGGED BY: E. OLFERT

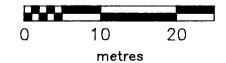
LENGTH: 101.22 m

AZIMUTH: 285°

CORR. DIP:

LOGGED BY: E. OLF	LK1	LENGIH: IVI.ZZ M	AZIMUIH: 285					
DATE LOGGED: 11/1	3/93	CORE SIZE: NQ	TESTS: TO TES	T 1.P. A	NOMALY			
LATITUDE:	LONGITUDE:	HOR. COMP:	VERT. COMP.:					. —
METERAGE FROM TO		DESCRIPTION		Au ppb	Ag ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	Cu ppm
0-7.62 m	OVERBURDEN							
7.62-34.91 m	presquilized dolomite (2 increasing to 80° to co	RGILLACEOUS, SILICEOUS DOLOMITE: S 5%) core is brittle and broken; band re axis at base of unit. Minor bre- omite; sediment breccia at 28.35-28.90	ing at top of unit 60° ccia and zebra textures					
34.91-37.50 m	TAN GREY DOLOMITE: Medium	n grained, minor presquilization; band	ing occurrence at 65° to					
37.50-44.21 m	unit. 20 cm of zebra do	<u>LLACEOUS DOLOMITE:</u> Some sed. breccia lomite at 40.40 m, banding at 41.77 m ; disseminated blebs of py at approxim	at 50° to the core axis.					
44.21-58.08 m	brecciated and filled fragments are presquili 51.83-53.35 m to approxi core axis.	C ARGILLACEOUS DOLOMITE AND TAN DOLOM (sed. breccia) by siliceous argillacted blotches of py throughout ½ -1% nately 4%. Banding at 49.4 m of 70° SAMPLE	aceous matrix. A few and concentrations at			207	1-7	
	7454 61.2-61.5 m (0			5	0	907	47	14
50 00 C4 10	7455 62.8-63.1 m (0			20		3066	97	13
58.08-64.18 m	tan colored dolomite.	CEOUS SILICEOUS DOLOMITE (?CHERT): Cor 25 cm massive py lens at 62.80 m m es elsewhere below 61.43 m (aver	edium crystalline, non- l					
64.18-80.79 m	bands of dark grey to b	IA: Mixed light to medium grey dolor ack siliceous argillaceous dolomite; zebra dolomite. Pyritic blotches and rall).	presquilization weak to					
80.79-82.01 m	RUBBLY GOUGE ZONE: Mediu	m grey siliceous dolomite, brecciated	at base of unit.					
82.01-83.23 m	DARK GREY TO BLACK ARG disseminated fine graine	I <u>LLACEOUS SILICEOUS DOLOMITE:</u> Pyritic d 7% some light grey dolomite breccia	lenses, fractures and fragments.					
	7456 82.10-82.90 m	SAMPLE (0.8 m)		5	1	728	20	11
83.23-85.37 m	RUBBLY BROKEN ZONE: Mixe veining and silicificati	d grey to black argillaceous siliceous on in lower part of unit.	dolomite. Light quartz					
85.37-94.82 m	TAN DOLOMITE With shor	t sections (20 cm) of dark siliceous	to cherty carbonaceous one occurrence of zebra					

-	KK(PERKTA: LIBBY HOLE NO.: LB93-8		RWGF		2	
	METERAGE From to	DESCRIPTION	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Pb %	Zn %	Cu ppm
	94.82-96.34 m	BLACK CARBONACEOUS CHERTY DOLOMITE: Light grey dolomite replaced organic subrounded forms (1/4 cm)? algae mat. Trace py and oxidation.					
	96.34-101.22 m	TAN GREY DOLOMITE: Presquile zebra textures below 99.70 m; silica replaced subrounded forms locally ((1 cm).		·			
	101.22 m	END OF HOLE		İ			
		SUMMARY					
		 I.P. conductor resultant from py and carbonaceous matter which is wide- spread in this hole. 					
		2. Dark rocks in this section vary from carbonaceous chert to siliceous argillaceous dolomite.					
					-		
							_'
				,			
				ı			
)		·					
						gi.	
						zi.	
					ļ 		





LIBBY PROPERTY

DDH: LB93-8

This Plot: 94/06/14 am Map Ref.: 82F.005 Date: 94/06/10 by REA

Scale: 1:500

Last Update (Y/M/D):

APPENDIX II

Geochemistry Analyses

ROSSECHER LABORATORY LTD.

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

To: RAMROD GOLD CORP.,

104 135 10th Ave. South

Cranbrook, B.C.

Project:

Libby

Type of Analysis:

ICP

2225 Springer Ave., Burnaby, British Columbia, Can. V5B 3N1 Pht(604)299-6910 Fax:299-6252

Certificate:

93227

Invoice:

50041

Date Entered: File Name:

93-11-24 RAM93227.I

Page No.:

1

KB93-7 +8

LB93-8

CERTIFIED BY

BY: 15.00000

