REYNOLDS GEOLOGICAL

F	I	L	ſ	M	E	C	

LOG NO: ACTION.	ISEP 2 6 1994	RD.	
FH F NO)
FILE NO:			-

GEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT REPORT

on the

OK PROPERTY

Vancouver Mining Division British Columbia

N.T.S. 092F/15E, 092K/02E Latitude 50° 02' N Longitude 124° 39' W

for

 SUB-RECORDER ANQUEST RESOURCE CORP.

 RECFIVED
 # 830 - 470 Granville Street

 VANCOUVER, B.C.
 Vancouver, B.C.

 VANCOUVER, B.C.
 by

 P. REYNOLDS, B.Sc., P.Geo.

SEPTEMBER 5, 1994

GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT



4034 West 39th Avenue Vancouver, B.C.

V6N-3B2

PHONE/FAX: 228-9991

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	SUMMARY	2
2.	INTRODUCTION	2
3.	LOCATION, ACCESS AND PHYSIOGRAPHY	3
4.	CLAIM STATUS	4
5.	REGIONAL GEOLOGY	5
6.	HISTORY	7
7.	PROPERTY GEOLOGY AND MINERALIZATION	10
8.	1994 WORK PROGRAM	10
9.	CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS	12
10.	REFERENCES	15
11.	CERTIFICATE	16

LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE 1	LOCATION MAP	APPENDIX III
FIGURE 2	CLAIM MAP	APPENDIX III
FIGURE 3	REGIONAL GEOLOGY	APPENDIX III
FIGURE 4	PROPERTY GEOLOGY	APPENDIX III
FIGURE 5	GEOLOGY - SOUTH BRECCIA AREA	APPENDIX III

APPENDICES

APPENDIX I STATEMENT OF COSTS

APPENDIX II ROCK SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS AND ANALYTICAL RESULTS - 1994 PROGRAM

:

APPENDIX III FIGURES 1 - 6

1. SUMMARY

- 1.1 The Magnolia property consists of eight contiguous mineral claims totalling 143 units. The claims are located approximately 25 kilometres north of Powell River, British Columbia. The claims are accessible by a combination of logging roads and higway 101 from Powell River. The property is bordered by navigable ocean inlets on the north and west.
- 1.2 Since its discovery in 1965, the OK property has been explored by a number of geological, geochemical and geophysical surveys and by more than 14,000 metres of percussion and diamond drilling. Geostatistical analyses of previous drilling results suggest a possible resource of more than 200,000,000 tonnes grading 0.32% copper and 0.002% molybdenite at a copper equivalent cut off grade of 0.20%.
- 1.3 The property is underlain by Coast plutonic Complex granitic rocks of mid-Cretaceous age which have been intruded by a middle to late Tertiary multiphase granitic complex which hosts copper and molybdenum mineralization. Several mineralized porphyry phases are evident. Post mineral basic dyke swarms and possible andesite flows are numerous and present a potential dilution problem.
- 1.4 Several copper-molybdenum mineralized zones have been identified over a northerly trend some five kilometres in length.

2. **INTRODUCTION**

- 2.1 This report was prepared at the request of Mr. John Bissett, President of CanQuest Resource Corporation for the purpose of filing assessment on the OK claims. The work program essentially followed (but did not complete) recommendations made by N.C. Carter, Ph.D., P.Eng., in his report dated January 7, 1994.
- 2.2 The information for the accompanying report was obtained from sources cited under references and from a personal examination of the property from June 5 10, 1994. CanQuest provided some private reports together with other historical geological data including government reports and maps.
- 2.3 Pertinent information such as extent and character of ownership as set out in section 4, was submitted by the Company and the Company's representatives and is believed to be true. No attempt was made to verify this information as this is beyond the scope of this report.
- 2.4 This report is prepared for the exclusive use of CanQuest Resource Corp., and shall not be reproduced, distributed or made available to any other persons or companies without the knowledge and written consent of the author.



3. LOCATION, ACCESS AND PHYSIOGRAPHY

- 3.1 The property is located approximately 25 kilometres north of Powell River, British Columbia. Powell River is located 120 kilometres north of Vancouver and is accessible by a combination of car and ferry or by regularly scheduled air service from Vancouver.
- 3.2 The property is centered at 50° 02' north latitude and 124° 39' west longitude on N.T.S. mapsheets 092F/15E and 092K/02E. Road access to and within the property is good. The property is accesible by following Highway 101 north of Powell River and turning right onto Southview Road. This road turns into a logging mainline and is followed for approximately 14 kilometres to the southern property area. Interior travel is aided by old logging roads traversable by 4-wheel drive vehicles and other trails suitable for foot access only.
- 3.3 Topographic relief on the property ranges from sea level along the north boundary to approximately 800 metres in the central part of the property. The central part of the property is situated on a relatively flat upland plateau which drops off very steeply into Theodosia and Okeover inlets on the north and west sides of the property.
- 3.5 The property is situated along the south coast of British Columbia and features mild winters and moderate, dry summers. Water for diamond drilling is available from the many creeks and lakes on the property. The property is partially logged. Most bedrock exposures occur within areas disturbed by logging, along roadcuts or on steep slopes.

4. CLAIM STATUS

4.1 The OK property is comprised of eight four-post claims containing 143 units. The contiguous claims form a group which is approximately 10 kilometres north-south by four kilometres east west with an area of 3,575 hectares (Figure 2). Complete claim information is as follows:

<u>CLAIM NAME</u>	TENURE NUMBER	<u>UNITS</u>	EXPIRY DATE*
OK A	258171	20	June 17, 1999
OK B	258172	20	June 17, 1997
OK C	258173	20	June 17, 2001
OK D	258174	18	June 17,1995
OK E	258175	10	June 17, 1995
OK F	258176	15	June 17, 1995
OK G	258177	20	June 17, 1995
OK H	321056	20	June 17, 1995

* Includes assessment currently being applied.

4.2 The registered owners of the claims are Mary V. Boylan of Powell River, B.C. and Robert E. Mickle of Likely, B.C. Canquest has an option on the claims. The writer is not familiar with the terms of the option thus any legal aspects of claim ownership are beyond the scope of this report.

5. **REGIONAL GEOLOGY**

- 5.1 The OK property is located near the western margin of the Coast Plutonic complex. Coast Plutonic intrusive rocks in the area of the OK claims include granodiorites, quartz diorites, monzonites as well as more basic dykes and gabbros. Screens and dykes of intermediate to basic volcanic rocks have been reported.
- 5.2 Two subcircular structures East Redonda Island to the north and Powell Lake to the east may represent collapsed calderra structures.

6. **HISTORY**

6.1 Copper-molybdenum mineralization was discovered on the OK property in 1965. Between 1966 and 1982, eight companies carried out exploration work on the property. Work consisted of a variety of geological mapping, geochemical and geophysical surveying, mechanical trenching, percussion drilling and diamond drilling. 6.2 Twelve percussion drill holes and 82 diamond drill holes have partially tested several of the known zones of copper-molybdenum mineralization on the property. The 12 percussion holes were vertical and totalled 728 metres. A total of 13,360 metres of diamond drilling was completed. Most of the diamond drill holes were inclined at -45° or less. The average vertical depth tested was 130 metres.

7. **PROPERTY GEOLOGY AND MINERALIZATION**

- 7.1 Coast Plutonic granites have been intruded by the O.K. intrusive complex, measuring approximately 3.6 kilometres north-south by 2.3 kilometres east-west. The age of this complex is unknown but it is reasonable to assume a mid-Tertiary or younger age, similar to other mineralized intrusions in southwestern British Columbia (Carter, 1994).
- 7.2 Principal geological features are shown on Figure 3 and in more detail in Figures 4 and 5. The intrusive phase features multiple intrusions, characteristic of many porphyry deposits. At least six intrusive phases have been noted on the property. A younger, variably altered granodiorite is intruded by a large northerly trending dyke-like body of leucocratic quartz feldspar porphyry.
- 7.3 Later phases include narrow quartz-eye porphyries and post mineral hornblende diorites which occur as north-northeasterly trending dykes up to several metres in width. Discontinuous fine grained andesite dykes represent the latest intrusive phase. Several of these "andesite dykes" were observed by the authors and thought to be flows.
- 7.4 In the southern property area, intrusive breccias host higher grade copper mineralization. The geometry of these bodies is unknown. Trenching and limited diamond drilling by previous operators suggest a north-northwest trend for the breccia zone. The breccia zone consists of rounded two to five centimetre clasts of varying lithologies contained in a fine grained matrix consisting of a relatively high percentage of sulphide minerals.
- 7.5 North-northeast trending faults cut both the coast granitic rocks and the O.K. intrusive complex. These faults post date the mineralization and most likely form a conduit for the post mineral dyke swarms.
- 7.6 Rocks in the vicinity of the South Breccia zone exhibit moderate to strong phyllic and argillic alteration. Elsewhere on the property, alteration was much less intense and consists predominately of chlorite and epidote. Mineralization on the property consists of pyrite, chalcopyrite and molybdenum with lesser bornite, sphalerite and magnetite. Sulphide mineralization occurs as disseminations and as quartz veinlet and fracture fillings.



9. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- 9.1 The OK property contains a large tonnage of low grade copper. Work in the past has consisted primarily of drilling in order to define tonnage. The South Breccia zone hosts higher grade copper mineralization (2-5%). The dimensions and geometry of this zone are unknown at present. In order to delineate this zone a program of excavator trenching or diamond drilling and detailed mapping will have to be undertaken.
- 9.2 It is recommended that the roads on the northern part of the property be surveyed in and used as a control for geological mapping and prospecting.

7

10. **REFERENCES**

Cardinal, D.G. Geological, Geochemical and Geophysical Assessment Report on the OK Property for Aquarius Resources Ltd. June 1983.

Carter, N.C. Geological Report on the OK Property for Canquest Resource Corporation. January 7, 1994.

Meyer, W. Summary Report, 1972. OK Property for Granite Mountain Mines Ltd. February 1973.

11. **CERTIFICATE**

I, Paul Reynolds, of the city of Vancouver in the province of British Columbia do hereby certify that:

- 1) I am a Professional Geoscientist registered with the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of British Columbia.
- 2) I am a graduate of the University of British Columbia with a B.Sc. degree in geology.
- 3) I have practiced my profession as exploration geologist since graduation in 1987.
- 4) This report is based on a review of previous reports and on field work carried out by the author during the period June 4 to June 9, 1994.
- 5) I have no interest, directly or indirectly, nor do I expect to receive any interest, directly or indirectly, in the Magnolia property or in the securities of CanQuest Resource Corp.
- 6) Permission is hereby granted to CanQuest Resource Corp. to use this report in support of any filing to be submitted to the Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources of the Province of British Columbia for the purpose of filing assessment on the OK claim group.

Dated this 5th day of September, 1994.

FESSIO P. Revholds

APPENDIX I

STATEMENT OF COSTS (JUNE 1994 PROGRAM)

STATEMENT OF COSTS JANUARY 1994 PROGRAM

WAGES

Paul Reynolds, P.Geo. 7 days @ \$350/day	2,450.00
Rod Husband, P.Geo. 6 days @ \$350/day	2,100.00
TRUCK RENTAL	
6 davs @ \$50/dav	300.00
kilometres: 703 km @ \$0.15/km	105.45
ROOM AND BOARD 13 man days @ \$75/day	975.00
ASSAYING	337.05
SUPERVISION AND PROGRAM INITIATION	1,265.67
MISC. FIELD EXPENSES	500.00
REPORT PRINTING, DRAUGHTING, BINDING, ETC.	2,000.00

TOTAL

10,033.17

APPENDIX II

ANALYTICAL RESULTS

LYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD.

. . .

ACKE

652 E. HASTINGS ST. COUVER B.C. V6A 1R6 GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS CERTIFICATE V6A 1R6

	2.07/1				<u>Can</u>	<u>oue</u>	<u>st</u> 830 -	<u>Res</u> 479.	our Grany	<u>C88</u> 11%e)	<u>Co</u>	CP • lanco	PR over	JJE I¢∏¥6	<u>CT :</u> F 111	<u>CAN</u> Isu	0-0 mi44	K ed by	Fi'l Phi	e f	194 nél de	-17	93								
SAMPLE#	Mo ppm	Cu ppn	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	Ag pom	Ní ppm	Co ppm	Nin ppm	fe X	Aş ppm	U ppm	Au ppm	Th ppm	Sr ppn	Cd ppin	Sb ppm	8i ppm	V ppm	Ca X	P X	Le ppm	Cr ppn	Mg X	Ba ppm	τi %	8 ppm	Al X	Ke X	K X	V ppn	Au* ppb
D 38351 D 38352 D 38353 D 38354 D 38355	2 4 53 11 90	94 77 1086 208 674	4 5 5 4 5	28 22 21 24 20	.1 .1 .7 .1 .4	6 7 7 7 6	2 2 2 2 3	197 262 135 152 130	1.09 1.40 1.19 1.40 1.06	10 7 6 5 11	ব্য ব্য ব্য ব্য ব্য	<2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2	<2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2	22 11 19 34 14	<.2 <.2 <.2 <.2 <.2 <.2	2 3 3 <2 2	2 ~2 ~2 ~2 ~2 ~2 ~2 ~2	4 2 3 3	.20 .14 .22 .21 .19	.017 .018 .014 .012 .012	5 3 3 4	6 6 8 7	.22 .17 .12 .15 .15	34 54 67 69 44	.05 .02 .03 .03 .03	<2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	.48 .42 .45 .48 .41	.05 .04 .05 .04 .04	.06 .11 .10 .11 .11	3 2 2 2 1	64423
D 38356 RE D 38356 D 38357 D 38358 D 38359	10 11 11 14 35	134 137 143 473 89	45462	18 18 11 18 15	.1 .2 .5 .2	7 6 7 6	2 2 1 1 1	171 175 96 122 142	.84 .85 1.04 1.12 1.19	9 10 4 2 3	ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	11 11 31 21 17	<.2 <.2 <.2 <.2 <.2 <.2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2 2 2 2 2 2	. 13 . 13 .08 .24 .07	.012 .013 .009 .012 .010	4 4 4 3	7 7 7 8	.13 .13 .10 .17 .13	65 66 71 69 69	.03 .03 .02 .04 .02	2 ~2 ~2 ~2 ~2 ~2 ~2	.41 .41 .36 .49 .49	.04 .05 .05 .05	.11 .11 .11 .09 .13	1 2 1 1	3 3 2 1 9
D 38360 D 38361 D 38362 D 38363 D 38364	13 1568 400 314 179	100 3878 427 147 361	6 6 7 9 4	22 16 20 43 51	.1 4.0 .7 .3 .3	7 8 7 11 6	1 4 4 2	217 94 164 212 122	1.32 1.85 1.92 1.68 .92	2 <2 33 <2	ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও	<2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <	3 <2 3 3 <2	31 6 29 7 134	<.2 .3 <.2 <.2 .6	<2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2	3 <2 <2 <2 <2 2	3 <2 2 9 4	.13 .01 .05 .08 .19	.015 .004 .013 .014 .019	5 2 4 4	8 8 15 7	.16 .04 .15 .43 .20	87 73 109 68 169	.04 <.01 .02 .03 .04	8~8 R 8	.53 .24 .50 .73 .47	.05 .01 .03 .03 .06	.11 .12 .14 .13 .08	2 <1 2 <1	6 23 7 6 3
D 38365 D 38366 D 38367 D 38368 D 38369	5 3 13 29 22	119 87 106 21361 46888	3 5 11 9 10	140 86 64 169 372	.2 .3 .2 19.1 32.9	6 7 19 9 12	3 3 18 11 19	334 344 146 201 145	1.80 1.72 6.54 5.40 7.69	23232 23232	ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও ও	<2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2	<2 <2 4 <2 <2	49 80 11 80 89	.9 .2 <.2 2.4 6.1	<2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <3	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	23 21 36 13 9	.33 .73 .08 .18 .19	.037 .039 .017 .056 .048	3 3 6 3 4	7 8 10 8 8	.51 .52 .53 .26 .15	96 128 15 39 22	.11 .11 .12 .06 .06	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	.92 1.20 1.01 .59 .42	.06 .06 .05 .05 .04	.05 .07 .03 .05 .06	<1 1 <1 1	2 1 3 14 38
STANDARD C/AU-R	18	58	41	126	6.7	71	28	1034	3.96	- 38	18	6	36	47	17.4	13	18	61	.49	. 090	39	56	.89	182	.08	33	1.88	.06	.15	11	480

ICP - ,500 GRAM SAMPLE IS DIGESTED WITH 3ML 3-1-2 HCL-HKO3-H2O AT 95 DEG. C FOR ONE HOUR AND IS DILUTED TO 10 ML WITH WATER. THIS LEACH IS PARTIAL FOR NH FE SR CA P LA CR MG BA TI B W AND LINITED FOR NA K AND AL. ASSAY RECOMMENDED FOR ROCK AND CORE SAMPLES IF CU PB ZH AS > 1%, AG > 30 PPM & AU > 1000 PPB AU* ANALYSIS BY ACID LEACH/AA FROM 10 GM SAMPLE. Samples beginning 'RE' are duplicate samples. - SAHPLE TYPE: ROCK

DATE REPORT MAILED: Une 28/94 DATE RECEIVED: JUN 22 1994

. AD. TOYE, C.LEONG, J.WANG; CERTIFIED B.C. ASSAYERS SIGNED BY

PHONE (604) 253-3158 PAR (60

×

APPENDIX III

FIGURES 1 - 5

:



FIGURE | - O.K. PROPERTY - LOCATION







