	JAN 16 1995
Gold	Commissioner's Office

ASSESSMENT REPORT

FILE NO:

ACTION:

LOG NO:

JAN 2 6 1995 U

VANCOUVER, B.C.

1994 EXPLORATION PROGRAM

BONSAI PROPERTY

SKEENA MINING DIVISION

NTS: 104B/10 LATITUDE: 56° 37' LONGITUDE: 130° 34'

OWNED BY:

TEUTON RESOURCES CORP. #509 - 675 West Hastings Street Vancouver, B.C. V6B 1N2

OPERATED BY:

PRIME RESOURCES GROUP INC. #1000 - 700 West Pender Street Vancouver, B.C. V6C 1G8

> Submitted by: K.M. Patterson A.W. Kaip D.L. Kuran, P.Geol.

December 16, 1994

FILMED

Distribution: Homestake File Teuton Resources GEOLOGICAL BRANCHA. Kaip ASSESSMENT REPORTD.Kuran Field Copy



TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXEC	CUTIVE SUMMARY
1.	INTRODUCTION11.1LOCATION AND ACCESS11.2LAND STATUS11.3PHYSIOGRAPHY21.4EXPLORATION HISTORY21.51994 EXPLORATION PROGRAM2
2.	GEOLOGY32.1REGIONAL GEOLOGY32.2PROPERTY GEOLOGY52.2.1Stratigraphy52.2.2Structure7
3.	TRENCHING PROGRAM 7
4.	GEOCHEMISTRY94.1SOIL GEOCHEMISTRY94.1.1Method of Survey94.1.2Results and Discussion94.2ROCK GEOCHEMISTRY114.2.1Method of Survey114.2.2Results and Discussion11
5.0	ALTERATION AND MINERALIZATION125.1TWISTED ANKLE SHOWING125.2BONSAI SHOWING12
6.0	CONCLUSIONS AND DISCUSSION
7.0	RECOMMENDATIONS 14
8.0	REFERENCES
9.0	STATEMENT OF COSTS 16
10.0	STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

LIST OF FIGURES

after page

1.I	LOCATION AND ACCESS MAP	,	. 1	l
1.2	CLAIM MAP		. 1	l
2.1	TECTONIC ASSEMBLAGE MAP OF THE CANADIAN CORDILLERA	-	 3	3
2.2	REGIONAL GEOLOGY MAP		. 3	3
2.3	PROPERTY GEOLOGY MAP		 . 5	5

LIST OF FIGURES IN POCKET

2.4 1:2500 SCALE PROPERTY	GEOLOGY MAP
---------------------------	-------------

- 2.5 SECTION A-A'
- 3.1 :100 SCALE TRENCH MAP
- 4.1 GEOCHEMISTRY Au, Ag, As, Hg IN SOILS
- 4.2 ROCK SAMPLE LOCATIONS

LIST OF TABLES

	on	page
1.1	CLAIM STATUS	1
4.1	DISTRIBUTION OF SOIL Au VALUES	. 10
4.2	DISTRIBUTION OF ROCK Au VALUES	. 11

APPENDICES

APPENDIX I: ROCK SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS APPENDIX II: SOIL SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS APPENDIX III: ASSAY CERTIFICATES

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Bonsai property is located within the Skeena Mining Division in northwestern British Columbia, approximately 80 kilometres north-northwest of Stewart (Figure 1.1). The claims lie on NTS map sheet 104B/10, at latitude 56° 37', longitude 130° 34'. Access to the property is by helicopter from the Eskay Creek mine 8 kilometres to the east.

The Bonsai property consists of 8 claims totalling 62 units (Table 1.1, Figure 1.2), owned by Teuton Resources Corp. and operated by Prime Resources Group Inc. Prime currently has an option to earn a 60% interest in the property over a 5 year period.

The 1994 exploration program included 1:2500 scale geologic mapping, 11.2 line kilometres of grid soil sampling, and two trenches totalling fourteen metres. This work was designed to test the property for the presence of economic quantities and grades of gold mineralization in the form of an epithermal and/or stratabound Eskay-style deposit.

The Bonsai property is underlain by a succession of basaltic to andesitic flows, epiclastics, and generally fine-grained sediments, intruded by felsic to intermediate dykes and sills and tentatively correlated with the Betty Creek and Salmon River Formations of the Lower Jurassic Hazelton Group. Stratigraphy strikes north and dips moderately to the east. On the west side of the mapped area, in the vicinity of the north trending Harrymel Fault Zone, strata is highly disrupted and rotated parallel to foliation. Outcrop patterns and small scale observations of contact relations between the large intrusive sill-like body (Unit 5int) and stratified units exposed on the property suggest that the intrusion cuts these units and may truncate down dip potential of mineralized units (Figure 2.4 and 2.5).

Two trenches totalling fourteen metres were completed on the Twisted Ankle Showing. The trenches were excavated to sample across the contact between Units 5rhy and 4 and to determine the continuity of precious metal mineralization within the sericitized rocks of Unit 5rhy hosting banded and crustiform quartz-pyrite veining. Results from the trenching were mixed with one sample of 429 ppb gold (#10260) and others ranging from <5 to 96 ppb gold. Sampling elsewhere on the property returned similar results; of 55 sample taken, two assayed greater than 100 ppb gold, six assayed between 50 and 100 ppb gold, and the remainder returned values of less than 50 ppb gold.

The soil sampling program delineated several anomalous zones, the most interesting of which is located above the Twisted Ankle Showing and is underlain by massive to laminated siltstones of Unit 4. This anomaly covers an area of approximately 5000 square metres and has a highest gold value of 320 ppb. The source of this anomaly has not been identified in outcrop.

Detailed mapping of the Bonsai property has failed to identify key aspects of either an Eskay style stratabound deposit or an epithermal deposit with significant precious metal enrichment. Potential for down dip continuation of mineralized units or favourable horizons higher in stratigraphy is limited due to the presence of Unit 5int and proximity of the mineralized felsic rocks to the eastern claim boundary.

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 LOCATION AND ACCESS

The Bonsai property is located approximately 80 kilometres north-northwest of Stewart, British Columbia, at the head of Harrymel Creek, a southerly flowing tributary of the Unuk River (Figure 1.1). The Eskay Creek mine is situated 8 kilometres to the east of the claims. The claims lie on NTS map sheet 104B/10, at latitude 56°, 37', longitude 130°, 34', in the Skeena Mining Division.

During 1994 field work no claim posts affixed to the ground were located. Claim lines shown on figures 2.4 and 2.5 are derived from the government claim map with the exception of the eastern boundary which is defined by the position of the Tom 1 claim and subsequent Mack 24 legal corner post. The position of these posts was determined from the legal survey plan of D.L. 7167 (Aftom 10 mineral claims) and D.L. 7168 (Aftom 11 mineral claims) by Rathbone and Goodrich, B.C. land surveyors (104B.068 file 10440-20-492). Based on these sources, portions of the 1994 work were completed outside the boundary of the Bonsai claims. Although all work done during the 1994 field season is presented here, only costs incurred from work done inside the boundary are shown on the statement of costs in section 9.

Access to the property is by vehicle to the Eskay Creek mine site, then by helicopter to the Bonsai claims. Naturally occurring heli-pads are abundant on the property. An alternate route is a 35 kilometre direct helicopter flight from the Bob Quinn helicopter base on Highway 37, 400 kilometres north of Smithers, B.C.

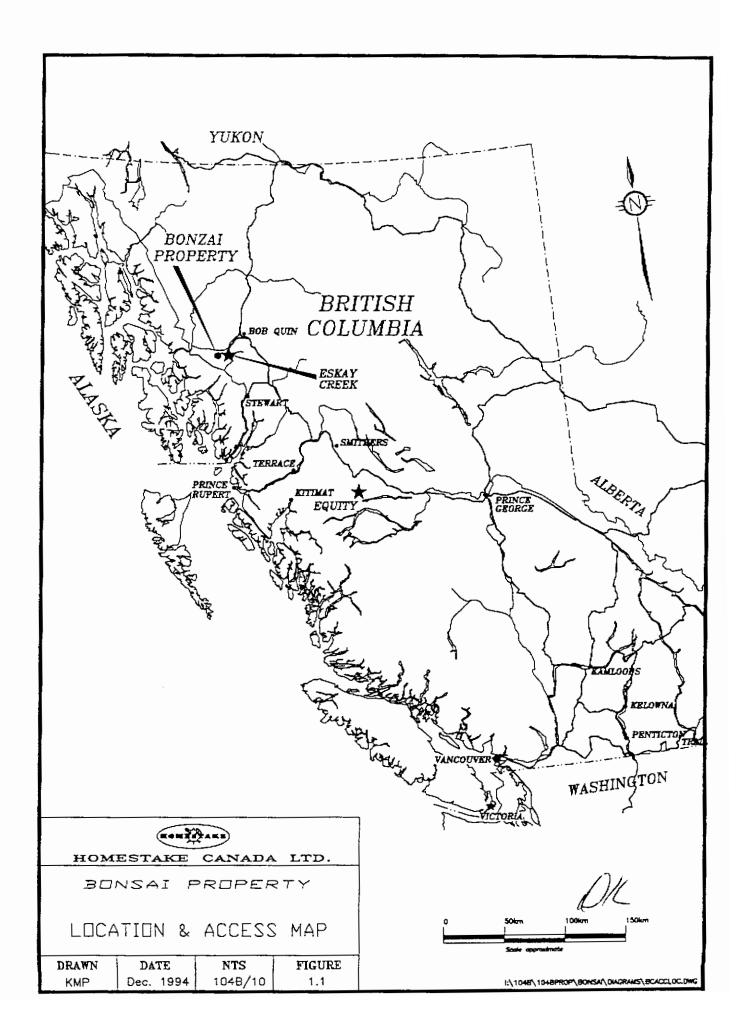
1.2 LAND STATUS

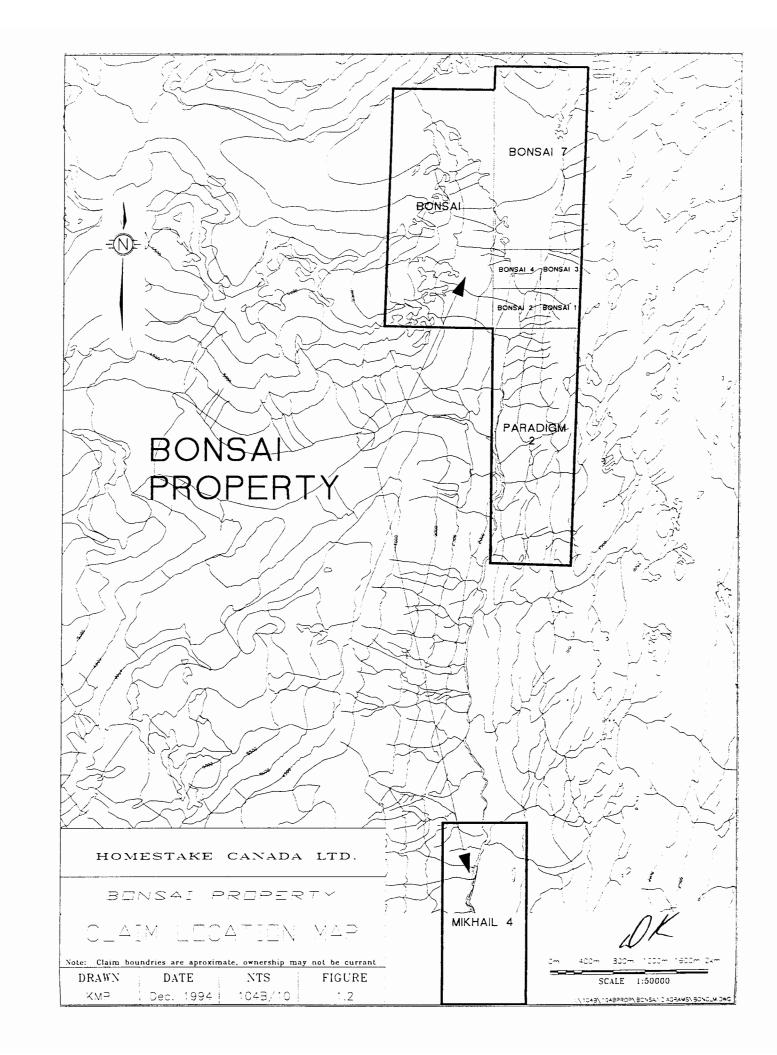
The Bonsai Property consists of 8 claims totalling 62 units (Table 1.1, Figure 1.2), owned by Teuton Resources Corp. and operated by Prime Resources Group Inc. Prime currently has an option to earn a 60% interest in the property over a 5 year period.

RECORD NUMBER	CLAIM NAME	UNITS	RECORD DATE	EXPIRY DATE*
251838	PARADIGM 2	12	1987.04.28	2000.04.28
252278	MIKHAIL 2	18	1988.12.05	2000.12.05
307389	BONSAI	18	1992.01.17	2000.01.17
307390	BONSAI 7	10	1992.01.17	2002.01.17
307391	BONSAI 1	1	1992.01.17	2002.01.17
307392	BONSAI 2	I	1992.01.17	2002.01.17
307393	BONSAI 3	1	1992.01.17	2002.01.17
307394	BONSAI 4	1	1992.01.17	2002.01.17

TABLE 1.1

*note: Expiry dates indicated are based on MEMPR approval of 1994 assessment report.





1.3 PHYSIOGRAPHY

The Bonsai Property lies within the Boundary Ranges of the Coast Mountains and primarily occupies the steep to cliff-like eastern slope of Harrymel Creek. Elevations range from 700m (2300') at the base of the Harrymel Valley, to 1140m (3740') in the northeastern corner of the claims. The recent retreat of the Melville Glacier is evidenced by the dominantly moraine covered lower slopes of the northern portion of the property. Rock exposure is generally confined to the steeper sections of this slope. Vegetation consists of dense thickets of slide alder on the slope and sub-alpine spruce and juniper on the plateau above. Climate is typical of the Iskut region with frequent precipitation throughout the year and heavy snowfall in the winter months which remains until mid-May to June.

1.4 EXPLORATION HISTORY

The Bonsai property was staked between 1987 and 1992 by Teuton Resources Corp. to cover a north-south trending belt of felsic stratigraphy along the east side of Harrymel Creek which shows similarities to the felsic stratigraphy hosting the Eskay Creek deposit. The property was optioned to Cassandra Resources in 1989 who carried out a limited program of prospecting, geochemical sampling, and geophysics that year. Pyrite mineralization with anomalous gold values in felsic volcanics and coincident magnetometer and EM-16 anomalies were noted, however, Cassandra relinquished the option in 1991. A small rock sampling program by Teuton Resources Corp. in 1991 confirmed the Cassandra results. In 1992, Teuton undertook a program of trenching and chip sampling on the Bonsai showing, as well as reconnaissance sampling nearby. Three trenches were completed, totalling 27.8 metres. 27 chip samples were taken from the trenches, including four samples assaying 695-775 ppb gold, and 13 samples in the 100-480 ppb gold range. Samples were consistently high in mercury (23 samples > 1000 ppb, to a maximum of 19000 ppb) and in arsenic (20 samples > 500 ppb, to a maximum of 4620 ppb). Prospecting near the Bonsai showing also yielded generally high mercury and arsenic values in addition to three gold values of note (2540, 1800, and 1410 ppb) (Cremonese, 1993).

1.5 1994 EXPLORATION PROGRAM

Prime Resources Group Inc. optioned the Bonsai property in June, 1994. Between July 22 and September 5, a program of 1:2500 scale grid controlled geologic mapping, 11.2 line kilometres of grid soil sampling, and two trenches totalling fourteen metres on the newly discovered Twisted Ankle showing was completed on the Bonsai 1, 2, 3, 4, and 7 claims. A two kilometre north-south trending base line and fourteen 400-700 metre cross lines at 100 and 200 metre spacing were established to facilitate this work. Cross lines were spaced 100 metres apart in the central portions of the grid and 200 metres at the north and south ends. In total, 55 rock samples and 174 soil samples were collected.

No work was completed on the Mikhail 2 claim, located to the south of the main claim group. Work focused on tracing the felsic volcanics and their contact with the overlying sediments to determine the economic potential of this strata and its down-dip potential. Two target types were considered as possible hosts for ore grade mineralization; a stratabound, Eskay style deposit hosted by sediments overlying the felsic volcanics, and an epithermal deposit hosted by strongly altered felsic volcanics. Anomalous arsenic, antimony, and mercury values both in previous sampling and in RGS data supported these target types. Initial reconnaissance located a new showing, named the Twisted Ankle showing, which contains colloform quartz-pyrite veins with minor galena-sphalerite-tetrahedrite within pervasive sericite-quartz-pyrite altered felsic volcanics.

All work was done from the exploration camp at Eskay Creek using daily set-outs and pick-ups by helicopter.

2. GEOLOGY

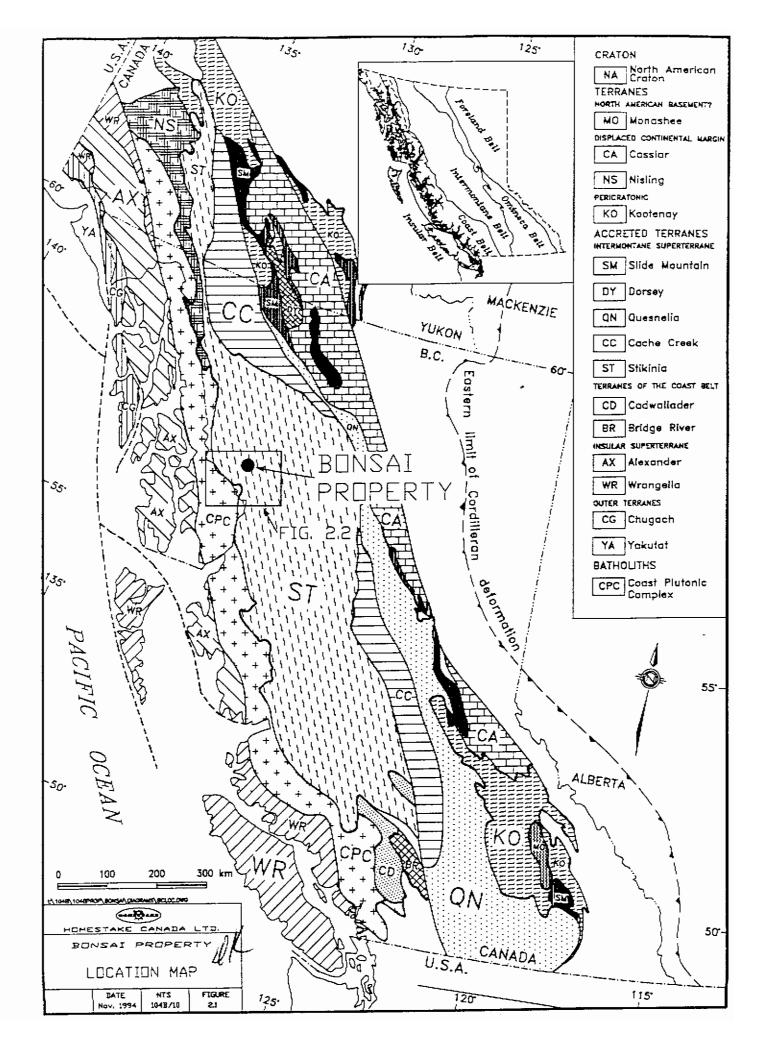
2.1 REGIONAL GEOLOGY

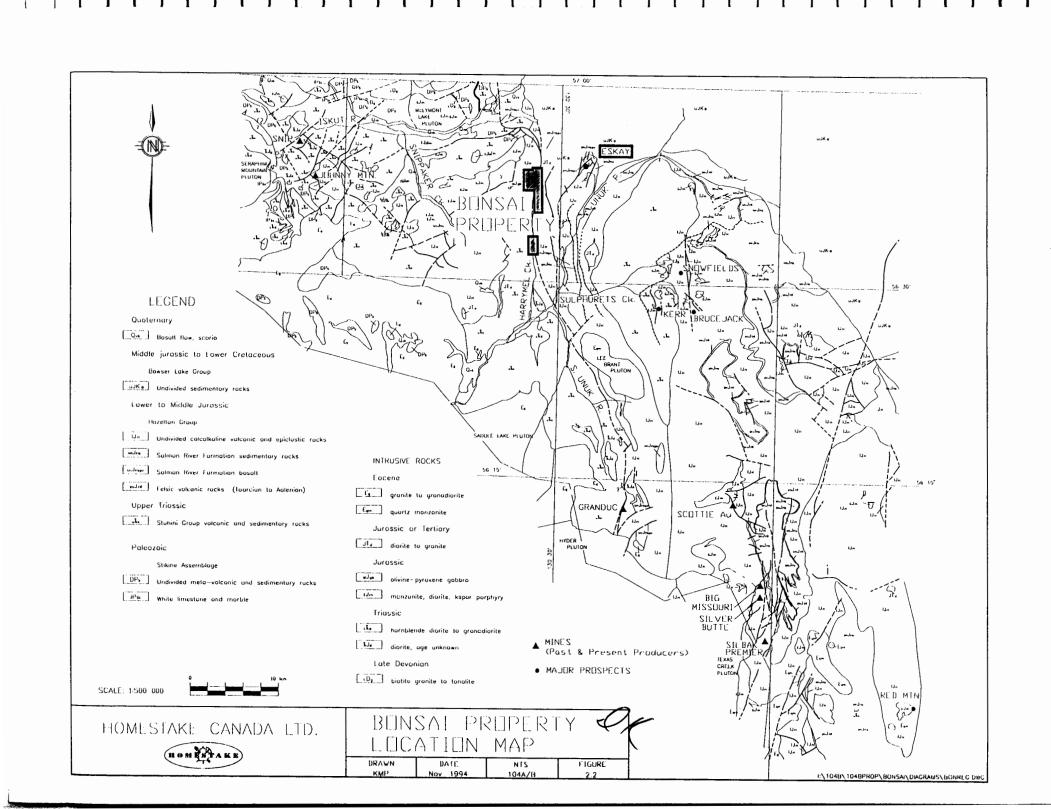
The Bonsai property is located at the western margin of the Intermontane geomorphological belt, within Stikinia, the largest of the accreted terranes that form the northern Canadian Cordillera (Fig. 2.1). Stikinia is characterized by Paleozoic sedimentary and volcanic rocks of the Devonian to Permian Stikine Assemblage, Upper Triassic volcanic and sedimentary rocks of the Stuhini Group and Jurassic volcanic and sedimentary rocks of the Hazelton Group. Overlying Middle to Upper Jurassic sediments of the Bowser Lake Group, the Cretaceous Sustut Group and Tertiary volcanic fields are post accretionary overlap assemblages that link Stikinia to adjacent terranes.

The Iskut River map area (Fig. 2.2) is characterized by the Triassic to Mid-Jurassic volcanoplutonic arc complex of the Stuhini and Hazelton Groups. These igneous and sedimentary rocks are part of an extensive volcanic field exposed around the periphery of the large Mid to Late Jurassic Bowser Lake Group post-volcanic marine sedimentary basin.

The Stuhini Group consists of marine sedimentary rocks, predominantly argillite with calcareous siltstone or sandstone laminae and beds of coarse arenitic sandstone, intercalated with mafic volcanic rocks, predominantly feldspar-augite phyric volcaniclastic rocks. Regionally, volcanic flows and volcaniclastic rocks can dominate the Stuhini section.

The Hazelton Group has been traditionally divided into four main formations: the Unuk River, the Betty Creek, the Mount Dilworth, and the Salmon River Formations (Grove, 1986; Alldrick, 1987; Anderson and Thorkelson, 1990). Recent mapping by the MDRU (Lewis, 1992;1993) has demonstrated that the extension of these formations from the Salmon River valley to the Iskut and Unuk River valleys is tenuous and instead utilises five regional units without formal formational divisions; Lower Hazelton strata, intermediate volcanics,





upper sedimentary sequence, Jurassic Hazelton volcanics (mafic and felsic), Jurassic mudstones and the Bowser Lake Group.

The oldest rocks are marine clastic rocks of Hettangian to Sinemurian age, designated the Unuk River Formation by Alldrick (1987), and designated the Lower Hazelton strata of Lewis (1993). These rocks are almost entirely sedimentary and comprise medium to coarse-grained arenitic sandstone interbedded with mudstone and pebble to cobble conglomerate. Henderson et al. (1992) noted the presence of a distinctive conglomeratic marker unit with granitoid and volcanic cobbles (Jack Formation) that marks an erosional unconformity at the base of the Hazelton Group strata.

These basal sedimentary and volcanic rocks (the Unuk River Formation) are conformably overlain by a section of andesitic to dacitic volcanic rocks termed the Betty Creek Formation by Alldrick (1987) and the intermediate volcanic package by Lewis (1993). Hornblende+ feldspar-phyric flows, breccias and volcaniclastic rocks intercalated with volcaniclastic sandstone/wacke characterize this volcanic package. Some sections are typically oxidized to a maroon colour suggesting subaerial exposure during deposition or redeposition of the volcanic and sedimentary rocks. The age of these rocks is constrained by the underlying Hettangian to Sinemurian rocks and Pliensbachian fossil collections from the overlying sedimentary section. Locally, felsic ash tuffs appear to form part of the section, possibly overlying the hornblende-feldspar volcanic rocks.

The Betty Creek Formation (intermediate volcanics) in the Unuk River area is overlain by a regionally distinctive sequence of sedimentary rocks correlated with the upper part of the Betty Creek Formation. These sedimentary rocks comprise mudstone, calcareous sandstone, pebbly conglomerate and minor limestone. They are commonly fossiliferous and have yielded several good fossil collections that define a Toarcian to Pliensbachian age.

In the Unuk River area, there is a large section of felsic to mafic volcanic strata that occupies an intermediate position between the Toarcian sediments of the Betty Creek Formation and overlying Aalenian to Bajocian sediments. The felsic volcanic rocks have been defined by Alldrick and Britton (1991) as the Mt. Dilworth Formation and the mafic volcanics as the Eskay Creek member of the Salmon River Formation by Anderson and Thorkelson (1990). Fossil collections and radiometric age dates indicate an Aalenian age.

The uppermost volcanic rocks are gradationally overlain by well bedded argillite, siliceous argillite, tuffaceous siltstone and dark limestone of Aalenian to Bajocian age Salmon River Formation. These sedimentary rocks appear to grade upwards into the overlying Bowser Lake Group sedimentary rocks.

The Bowser Lake Group consists of well bedded mudstone to siltstone with laminations of calcareous siltstone to sandstone, overlain by sandstone and chert pebble conglomerate intercalated with mudstone. Fossil collections indicate a Bathonian to Callovian age.

2.2 PROPERTY GEOLOGY

2.2.1 Stratigraphy

The Bonsai property is underlain by a succession of basaltic to andesitic flows, epiclastics, and generally fine grained sediments which have been intruded by felsic to intermediate dykes and sills. Stratigraphy dips moderately and youngs to the east but is strongly structurally disrupted on the west side of the mapped area within, and marginal to the Harrymel Fault zone. Rocks have been informally divided into four stratified units (units 1-4, oldest to youngest) and four intrusive units broken out based on composition and timing of intrusion (figures 2.3 and 2.4).

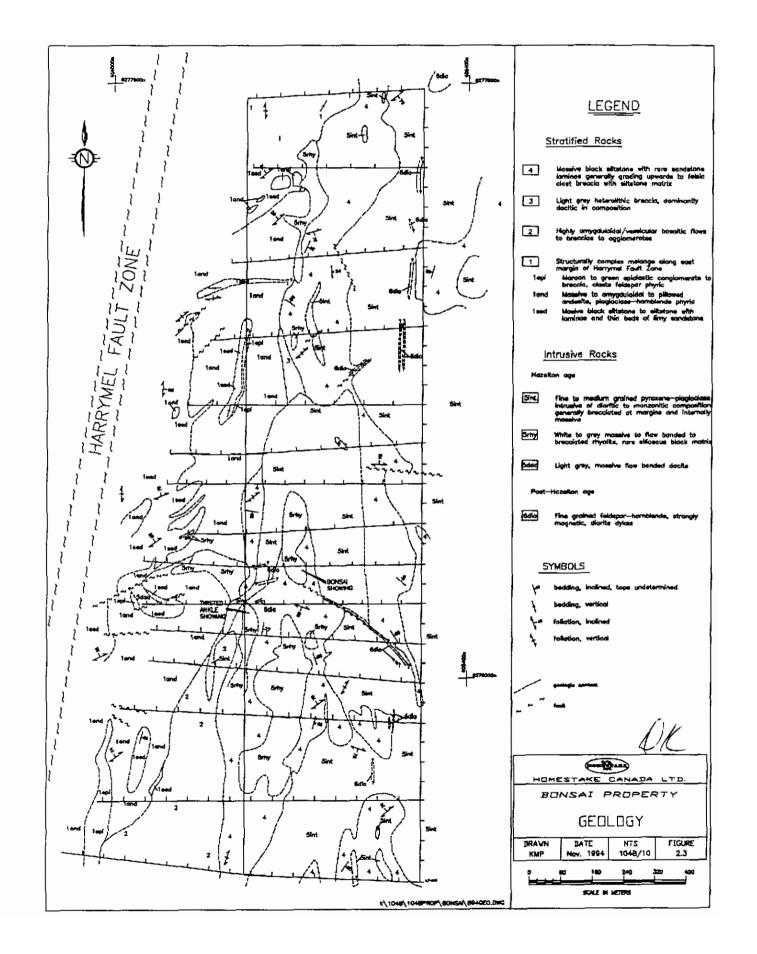
Stratified Rocks:

UNIT 1: The oldest unit exposed on the Bonsai property is a structurally complex and therefore difficult to interpret melange of fine grained sediments, andesite, and andesitic epiclastics exposed along the margin of the Harrymel Fault Zone. The sediments (Unit 1sed) are dominantly massive, black siltstone with rare calcareous sandstone laminae and beds. They are commonly strongly carbonate altered. Volumetrically, the andesite (Unit 1and) is the most abundant member of this unit, it is dominantly pale green in colour, aphyric to plagioclase+hornblende-phyric, and moderately to strongly carbonate altered. Unit land varies from massive to locally pillowed and amygdaloidal. Small lenses of siltstone (1sed) are common within the andesite. Contact relations with the sediments show portions of Unit land to be shallowly intrusive, indicating that Unit land is composed of both intrusive and extrusive phases. Intercalated with the andesite is a dominantly maroon coloured volcanic conglomerate (Unit lepi). Clasts are feldspar-phyric, well to sub-rounded, and 0.1 to 20 cm in size. This conglomerate is likely derived from emergent portions of the andesite and deposited sub-aerially giving the maroon colour. It bears a strong resemblance to maroon epiclastics of the Betty Creek Formation but this interpretation is uncertain due to limited age control on strata in the Harrymel Valley.

UNIT 2: Conformably overlying Unit 1, are highly amygdaloidal basalts exposed in the southern portion of the mapped area. Unit 2 is strongly bleached due to intense carbonate alteration. Common coarse breccias and agglomeratic textures indicate a very proximal source for this unit. It is pale green to white and aphyric. Breccias contain clasts 0.2 to 15 cm in diameter in a matrix of massive basalt and/or fine ash.

UNIT 3: Underlying the north central portion of the map area is a thin discontinuous lens of heterolithic dacitic breccia (Unit 3). This unit lies along the contact between units 1 and 4, occupying the same stratigraphic position as Unit 2. Timing relations between units 2 and 3 are undetermined. Unit 3 is pale to medium green with fragments that vary from pumiceous felsic clasts to black siltstone to flow-banded clasts in a matrix of chloritized ash. Clasts are angular and poorly sorted.

5



UNIT 4: The uppermost of the stratified rocks exposed in the mapped area are sedimentary rocks designated as Unit 4. The basal portions of this unit are dominantly a massive black mudstone to siltstone with rare pyritic ash laminae. Above the trace of Unit 5rhy lenses of felsic breccia clasts in a siltstone matrix become common and are thought to represent the shedding of felsic material from nearby topographic highs. This material may have originated from extrusive equivalents or exposed portions of Unit 5rhy. The apparent stratigraphic thickness of this unit has been expanded considerably by the intrusion of units 5rhy and 5int (figure 2.4). Unit 4 is interpreted to be part of the Aalenian to Bajocian Salmon River Formation sedimentary rocks which are host to the Eskay Creek deposit.

Intrusive Rocks:

UNIT 5dac: Exposed near the base of the slope is a small body of strongly flow banded dacite with small areas of auto-brecciation along its western margin. It is fault bounded on the northern and southern sides. It is interpreted that this body may represent a portion of a feeder dyke or stock to Unit 3.

UNIT 5rhy: Along the upper slopes of the mapped area lies a discontinuous but laterally persistent series of rhyolite lenses intercalated with the sediments of Unit 4. This rhyolite is host to the known mineralization on the property. In general, it is white to grey, massive to flow banded, and contains 1-2% finely disseminated pyrite. It is also commonly autobrecciated with massive rhyolite matrix, or, less commonly and generally along the upper contact, a siliceous black matrix. The main trace of the rhyolite is thought to represent a shallow intrusive sill complex, with the black matrix breccia representing interaction with soft, wet sediments. Rhyolite exposed below this horizon is massive to auto-brecciated and is interpreted to be dykes feeding the sill complex. One such body in the northern portion of the mapped area (at L10+00N 3+50W) appears to cut massive andesite of Unit 1 and and has an envelope of strongly silicified andesite. Unit 5rhy is likely part of the Salmon River Formation rhyolite which underlies, and is intimately related to the Eskay Creek deposit. On the east limb of the Eskay Anticline this unit has been dated at 175.6 +5.6/-0.5 Ma by U-Pb methods (Childe, 1993).

UNIT 5int: The prominent cliff forming unit exposed along the top of the slope is a fine to medium-grained, pyroxene+plagioclase-phyric intrusive of dioritic to monzonitic composition. It is moderately to weakly carbonate altered, generally brecciated along its margins and internally massive. The trace of Unit 5int is broadly conformable to stratigraphy but locally can be observed to cut bedding of Unit 4. Additionally, unit 5int cuts units 2, 5rhy and 3 and may restrict the down-dip extent of mineralized portions of Unit 5rhy and is discussed in section 2.2.2.

UNIT 6dio: Observed throughout the mapped area are north and northeast trending dioritic dykes. These are fine-grained, feldspar+hornblende-phyric, strongly magnetic and generally 0.5 to 3 meters wide. They are observed to cut all of the upper units on the property and often follow pre-existing structures cutting foliation. Due to this cross-cutting of foliation

Unit 6dio is interpreted to be post-Cretaceous and is likely associated with Tertiary magmatism in the Iskut River Valley region.

2.2.2 Structure

The Bonsai property is characterized by moderately east-dipping strata that has been strongly disrupted by the Harrymel Fault Zone and intruded by several cross cutting to strataform intrusive bodies. Foliations dominantly trend northeast and dip steeply to the northwest, although there are localized northwest trending fabrics which may be related to a second deformational event.

Approximately the lower (western) third of the mapped area can be considered as a part of the Harrymel Fault Zone. Apparent structural intercalation of Units 1sed and 1and is common as is boudinage of competent layers (generally sandstone) within the siltstones of Unit 1sed. Additionally, in the northern portion of the property many of the siltstones contain graphite possibly as an alteration product. Many northeast trending faults are exposed in this area and are interpreted as splays off the north trending Harrymel Fault.

The upper (eastern) portions of the property consist of relatively undeformed sediments of Unit 4 which are intruded by the large sill-like body of Unit 5int and smaller, discrete bodies of Unit 5rhy. These intrusions have probably inflated the stratigraphic thickness of Unit 4 considerably. Cross cutting relations between Unit 5int, 5rhy and 4 are of economic importance as the potential exists for the rhyolite and sediments to be truncated down dip by Unit 5int. Although contacts observed in outcrop between Unit 5int and Unit 4 sediments are generally sub-parallel with bedding, outcrop patterns suggest that the upper portions of Unit 4 are cut off by the bulk of Unit 5int. Similarly, although less well constrained, the portions of Unit 5rhy containing the Bonsai and Twisted Ankle showings appear likely to be truncated by the surrounding Unit 5int. However, data collected through detailed mapping of the area does not conclusively define the spatial relationships between these units below surface. Figure 2.5 shows a cross section through this region showing the possibility of Unit Sint cross cutting and truncating the mineralized portions of Unit 5rhy and the surrounding sediments. Another equally valid interpretation would show Unit 5int as a series of strataform sills which extend parallel to stratigraphy or possibly pinch out at depth providing the potential for down dip continuity of Units 5rhy and 4.

3. TRENCHING PROGRAM

Two blast trenches totalling 14 metres and a continuous chip line totalling 7.5 metres were completed on the Bonsai property during the 1994 exploration program. The trenches are located on the newly discovered Twisted Ankle showing, 40 metres south of L0+00, 4+25W, and approximately 170 metres southwest of the Bonsai showing (Figure 2.4). The showing is underlain by intensely sericite+quartz+pyrite altered massive rhyolite of Unit 5rhy and black carbonaceous and pyritic siltstones at the eastern margin (Figure 3.1). The

altered rhyolite forms a series of outcrops which can be traced 200 metres south from the Twisted Ankle showing to 2+50S on the tie-line where it is obscured by overburden. Original textures within Unit 5rhy are difficult to discern in the vicinity of the Twisted Ankle showing, however a faint feldspar-phyric texture is preserved. On the property Unit 5rhy is typically aphanitic to flow-banded and locally brecciated. Feldspar-phyric textures within this unit have not been identified in less altered rocks of Unit 5rhy suggesting that the showing is in part hosted by Unit 1and. The contact between Units 5rhy and 4 varies from a sharp contact in trench TR94-2 to more gradational in trench TR94-1.

Altered rocks of unit 5rhy host a stockwork of quartz+pyrite veining. Veins are typically less than 1 centimetre in width and are either composed of symmetrical bands of pyrite and white quartz or crustiform quartz with minor galena, sphalerite and tetrahedrite mineralization. Associated with veins are small pods (<10 cm) of bladed quartz and finely disseminated pyrite. The quartz is probably pseudomorphed calcite and/or barite.

A total of 18 rock samples were taken from the Twisted Ankle showing for analysis. The best result was obtained from the west end of trench TR94-1 which assayed 429 ppb gold over 1.5 metres. Descriptions for each sample are listed in Appendix I. Below is a summary of trenches TR94-1 and 2, and chip-line CL94-1.

Trenches TR94-1 and 2 were excavated to sample across the contact between Units 5rhy and 4 and to determine the continuity of precious metal mineralization within sericitized rocks of Unit 5rhy hosting banded and crustiform quartz-pyrite veining. In trench TR94-1, the contact between Units 5rhy and 4 is diffuse, occurring over two metres (in sample intervals 10263 and 10264) with the proportion of rhyolite decreasing eastward. On the west end of trench TR94-1 sericite+quartz+pyrite altered Unit 5rhy comprises grey to apple green sericite and 10-15% finely disseminated pyrite. Quartz-pyrite veins are randomly oriented and the amount of veining is greatest on the western edge of the trench and decreases eastward. Sphalerite and galena mineralization was identified within a small pod of bladed quartz on the west end of the trench and yielded the best result (sample #10260 which assayed 429 ppb Au over 1.5m). Gold values in the rest of the trench range between 7 and 37 ppb.

Trench TR94-2 is located 8 metres north of Trench TR94-1 and was positioned to determine the continuity of mineralization identified in trench TR94-1. In this trench the contact between Units 4 and 5rhy is abrupt, occurring over several centimetres. Siltstones of Unit 4 are carbonaceous, contain up to 50% finely disseminated pyrite, and are slightly disrupted. Unit 5rhy is altered to sericite+quartz+pyrite and hosts rare quartz veinlets. Assays from this trench were sub-anomalous averaging less than 20 ppb gold. The decrease in gold values is likely due to the absence of quartz-pyrite veining.

Chip-line CL94-1 is oriented north-south and is situated between the two trenches (Figure 3.1). The chip line was located to determine the extent of precious metal mineralization

related to the abundance of quartz-pyrite veining and bladed quartz within sericitized rhyolite. Samples collected from this chip-line were slightly anomalous ranging between 21 and 96 ppb gold.

4. GEOCHEMISTRY

4.1 SOIL GEOCHEMISTRY

4.1.1 Method of Survey

A total of 174 soil samples were collected over 11.2 line kilometres of grid (Figure 4.1). The grid was designed to cover the ground surrounding the trace of the rhyolite (Unit 5rhy). The 2 kilometre cut base line trends north-south and runs along the top of the slope on the eastern edge of the property. The cross lines are spaced at 100 and 200 metres and run west from the base line down to the Melville Glacier or to glacial till below the toe of the glacier. A cut tie line at 4+50N provides control on the cross lines which deviate somewhat due to the extreme slope and bush conditions. Soil samples were collected at 50 metre intervals.

Samples were collected with a mattock, placed in standard Kraft paper sample bags, and air dried before shipment to Bondar Clegg & Company Ltd. of North Vancouver, B.C. Analyses were performed for Au (by 30g fire assay/atomic absorption), Ag, Cu, Pb, Zn, As, Sb (by I.C.P. after extraction with a hydrochloric-nitric acid solution), and Hg (by cold vapour/AA). Prior to analysis samples were oven dried and sieved to -80 mesh. Appendix II gives geochemical results from the soil program.

Where present, samples were taken from the B-horizon at depths of 15 to 50 centimetres. However, for much of the lower portions of the grid, soil development is poor to nonexistent with only glacial till and talus present. Where fine material was obtainable, a sample was taken in an attempt to locate any down-slope dispersion anomalies present.

4.1.2 Results and Discussion

Results of the 1994 soil program are presented in Appendix II and Figure 4.1. Gold values range from below detection level (<5 ppb) to 320 ppb with the majority of samples in the <5 to 15 ppb range. The distribution of gold values are shown in Table 4.1. In general, correlation between gold, silver, arsenic, antimony and mercury is good. Several distinct anomalies are present as shown on Figure 4.1.

TABLE 4.1

RANGE (ppb Au)	NUMBER OF SAMPLES
<5	93
5 - 15	54
16 - 50	20
> 50	5
I.S.	2
total	174
I.S insuffici	ent sample

Anomaly A is located between lines 0+00 and 1+00S at 3+50W to 4+00W. It consists of four anomalous samples and covers an area of approximately 5000 square metres. Gold values range from 18 to 320 ppb with correspondingly elevated silver, arsenic and mercury. This area lies directly above the Twisted Ankle showing and is underlain by sediments of Unit 4. Follow-up in this area is warranted as no source for the anomaly has been located and it is positioned above mineralized rhyolite in permissive strata for Eskay-style strataform mineralization.

Anomaly B comprises seven samples with gold values of 16 to 119 ppb and moderately elevated arsenic and mercury. Silver is below detection in all but one sample. This area is underlain by Unit 4 sediments higher in the stratigraphy than those underlying anomaly A.

Anomaly C is a single sample highly elevated in gold (277 ppb), arsenic (1178 ppm), and mercury (2.92 ppm). It is located downslope from the Twisted Ankle showing and is likely sourcing from mineralization associated with the showing.

Anomaly D comprises two samples on the baseline at 9+00N and 9+50N which returned gold values of 25 and 63 ppb, respectively. This occurs along the contact between Unit 4 sediments and the Unit 5int intrusion.

Other samples of interest include L5+00S, 3+00W to 4+50W which are elevated in mercury and moderately anomalous in gold, these are again underlain by unit 4 sediments. Also worth noting is the absence of anomalous samples in the vicinity of and downslope from the Bonsai showing. This can be attributed to poor soil development and the presence glacial till.

4.2 ROCK GEOCHEMISTRY

4.2.1 Method of Survey

A total of 55 rock chip samples were collected on the Bonsai property during the 1994 field season. Samples were taken from all types of altered and mineralized material encountered, concentrating on mineralized portions of Unit 5rhy and sediments immediately above the trace of the rhyolite. The Bonsai showing had been previously sampled in detail by Teuton Resources, and therefore was not sampled (see Cremonese, 1993 for details). Samples collected from trenching on the Twisted Ankle showing are described in Section 3.

Rock samples were analyzed at Bondar Clegg & Company and at International Plasma Labs of Vancouver, B.C. They were analyzed for the same elements, using the same techniques as described for the soil samples in section 4.1.1 with the exception of the I.P.L. Hg analyses, which were done by I.C.P. methods rather than the cold vapour methods used by Bondar Clegg. This gave rise to the higher lower limit of detection (3 ppm) shown for samples processed by I.P.L. Rock sample descriptions and assays are presented in Appendix I, sample locations are shown on Figure 4.2.

4.2.2 Results and Discussion

Overall, assay results from the property were low. Of the 55 samples collected, two samples returned values of over 100 ppb gold; samples 10260 and 11979 assayed 429 and 344 ppb gold respectively. Table 4.2 shows the distribution of gold values.

TABLE 4.2

RANGE (ppb Au)	NUMBER OF SAMPLES
0-50	47
50-100	6
>100	2

All samples which assayed greater than 50 ppb gold were from the quartz-sericite-pyrite altered rhyolite in the vicinity of the Twisted Ankle showing. Elsewhere on the property, sampling failed to identify new zones of significant gold mineralization.

Silver showed strong correlation with gold, with six samples of over 10 ppm, again all from the Twisted Ankle showing. Arsenic, antimony, and mercury show strong correlation with each other, but correlate poorly with gold and silver. Arsenic values ranged from less than 5 to 1230 ppm with 21 samples of over 100 ppm. Antimony returned values of less than 5 to 36.5 ppm and mercury ranges from 0.022 to 5.601 ppm.

Results from previous work on the Bonsai showing by Teuton Resources Corp. remain the most promising to date on the property with numerous gold values of over 1000 ppb (see Cremonese, 1993).

5.0 ALTERATION AND MINERALIZATION

5.1 TWISTED ANKLE SHOWING

The Twisted Ankle showing consists of strongly sericite + quartz + pyrite altered rhyolite of Unit 5rhy and a thin layer of altered Unit 4 siltstones overlying the rhyolite. The siltstone contains up to 50% finely disseminated pyrite, is carbonaceous and shows fine laminations which are planar to disrupted. The rhyolite is host to a stockwork of quartz-pyrite veining and colloform quartz-pyrite open space filling. Veins are commonly less than 1 centimetre wide and contain symmetrical quartz and pyrite bands. Also present are pods of bladed quartz with finely disseminated pyrite. Associated with the pyrite are rare blebs of galena, sphalerite, and tetrahedrite which appear to elevate gold values significantly.

Assays from the Twisted Ankle showing were the most anomalous of all samples taken on the Bonsai property during the 1994 field season, however, none contained significant amounts of gold. The two most anomalous samples assayed 344 and 429 ppb gold and both came from quartz-pyrite veined rhyolite with minor galena, sphalerite, and possible tetrahedrite. Other samples on the Twisted Ankle showing returned less than 5 to 96 ppb gold.

5.2 BONSAI SHOWING

The Bonsai showing consists of massive to disseminated fine to coarse-grained pyrite in massive to brecciated to flow banded rhyolite. At the top of the showing a black matrix breccia with rhyolite and rare banded pyrite clasts is exposed. Other than a brief examination of the area, no work was done on the Bonsai showing during the 1994 project. Trenching and chip sampling performed by Teuton in 1992 returned significantly higher gold values than any returned from 1994 work, with a best sample of 2540 ppb gold over 1.5 metres. See Cremonese (1993) for further details of work done here during the 1992 field season.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS AND DISCUSSION

The Bonsai property consists of 8 claims totalling 62 units, in two non-contiguous blocks, located approximately 8 kilometres west of Eskay Creek, owned by Teuton Resources Corp. and currently under option to Prime Resources Group Inc. Previous work includes prospecting and trenching on the Bonsai showing.

The property is underlain by a succession of basaltic to andesitic flows, epiclastics possibly derived from these flows, and generally fine grained sediments which have been intruded by felsic to intermediate dykes and sills. Strata is generally dipping moderately to the east, but is increasingly structurally disrupted downslope towards the Harrymel Fault Zone.

A large intrusion (Unit 5int) of intermediate composition underlies the eastern portions of the property and cuts both the rhyolite (Unit 5rhy) and upper sediments (Unit 4). This is interpreted to truncate Units 4 and 5rhy at depth, however there is no geologic evidence that this occurs. Separate bodies of the intrusion may represent strataform sills and may terminate at depth rather than coalescing into one large cross cutting body as interpreted.

Two trenches were completed on the Twisted Ankle Showing which exposed the upper contact of Unit 5rhy with the overlying sediments of Unit 4. The sediments are black carbonaceous siltstones and contain up to 50% disseminated pyrite. The rhyolite is strongly sericite+quartz+pyrite altered and contains banded quartz-pyrite veins and minor galena, sphalerite, and tetrahedrite. The best sample (429 ppb Au) taken during trenching came from altered rhyolite at the west end of trench TR94-1.

174 soil samples were collected on the Bonsai property over 11.2 kilometres of grid. This delineated several anomalous areas, the most interesting of which is located above the Twisted Ankle showing and is underlain by massive to laminated siltstones of Unit 4. The anomaly covers an area of approximately 5000 square meters and has a highest gold value of 320 ppb. Rock sampling on the property produced no significantly elevated gold values with only two samples above 100 ppb gold (429 and 344 ppb Au).

Two main target types have been proposed for the Bonsai property: Eskay style stratabound mineralization, and epithermal mineralization. Although the property shows potential for both styles of deposit, detailed mapping has failed to identify key features of either a VMS or a high level, precious metal enriched epithermal deposit.

Similarities to the Eskay Creek deposit include a similar stratigraphic position, the presence of mineralized felsic dykes and sills, and rare pyritic laminations in siltstone above the felsic bodies. However, the extrusive felsic stratigraphy which underlies the deposit at Eskay is absent at surface on the Bonsai property as is the thick mafic succession which caps the Eskay deposit. Extrusive felsics must have been present in the vicinity of the Bonsai property as evidenced by the angular felsic fragments found in mudstone above the rhyolite, the logical place to expect such a body would be along strike from these occurrences of felsic chips. Soil anomaly A, if originating from Unit 4 sediments which underly the area of the anomaly, may be indicative of stratabound mineralization. Unfortunately, the potential for this stratigraphic horizon to extend down dip is seriously limited by the presence of the large intrusion of Unit 5int as described in section 2.2.2 and shown in figure 2.5.

Mineralization exposed on the property is predominantly massive to colloform open space filling pyrite with rare galena, sphalerite, and possible tetrahedrite.

7.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

Further work on the Bonsai property should include a brief follow up in the area of soil anomaly A. This should comprise a 5 or 10 metre spaced soil grid over the area of the anomaly and systematic chip sampling of Unit 4 sediments which outcrop in and above the area of the anomaly. Positive results should lead to trenching, however, the down dip potential of Unit 4 in this area is uncertain and could only be verified by drill testing. Additional further work should be done on areas of the claims not examined during the 1994 field season. This should include grid soil sampling and detailed geologic mapping of areas of felsic stratigraphy exposed to the south of the 1994 map area on the Paradigm and Mikhail claims.



8.0 REFERENCES

Alldrick, J.D., 1987, Geology and mineral deposits of the Salmon River valley, Stewart area, NTS 104 A and 104 B, B. C. Min of Energy, Mines and Pet. Res., Open File Map 1987-22.

Alldrick, J.D. and Britton, J.M., 1991, Sulphurets area geology, Iskut Sulphurets gold camp, parts of 104A/5W, 12W; 104B/8E, 9E, B. C. Min. of Energy, Mines and Pet. Res., Open File 1991-21.

Anderson, R.G. and Thorkelson, D.J., 1990, Mesozoic stratigraphy and setting for some mineral deposits in Iskut River map area, northwestern British Columbia; in Current Research, Part E, Geol. Surv. Canada, Paper 90-1E, 131-140.

Childe, F., 1993, Radiogenic Isotopic Investigations of the Eskay Creek Volcanic Hosted Massive Sulphide Deposit, B.C., Canada; in 8th International Conference on Geochronology, Cosmochronology.

Cremonese, D., 1993, Assessment report on geological and geochemical work on the Bonsai #1, #2 and #3 claims. Assessment report

Grove, E.W., 1986, Geology and Mineral Deposits of the Stewart Area, British Columbia, B. C. Min. of Energy, Mines and Pet. Res. Bull. 58, pp. 219.

Henderson, J.R., Kirkham, R.V., Henderson, M.N., Payne, J.G., Wright, T.O. and Wright, R.L., 1992, Stratigraphy and structure of the Sulphurets area, British Columbia; in Current Research, Part A; Geological Survey of Canada, Paper 92-1A, p 323-332.

Lewis, P.D., 1993, Stratigraphic and structural setting of the Iskut River Area: in Mineral Deposit Research Unit "Metallogenesis of the Iskut River Area, British Columbia", Annual Technical Report year 3, University of British Columbia, Vancouver.

Lewis, P.D., 1992, Structural evolution of the Iskut River Area: Preliminary results: in Mineral Deposit Research Unit "Metallogenesis of the Iskut River Area, British Columbia", Annual Report year 2, University of British Columbia, Vancouver.

Childe., (1993), Radiogenic Isotopic Investigations of the Eskay Creek Volcanic Hosted Massive Sulphide Deposit, B.C., Canada; in International Conference on Geochronology, Cosmochronology and Isotope Geology Program with Abstracts, Berkely CA, June 1994.

9.0 STATEMENT OF COSTS

PRIME RESOURCES GROUP INC. - BUDGET COMPILATION SHEET PROJECT NAME: : BONSAL CODE: 90707 TOTAL COSTS: \$32,450 DESCRIPTION AMOUNT RATE (\$) NET (S) TOTAL (IN-HOUSE) 1.0 SALARIES 71010 Technical Ω 3332.5 A. KAIP 15.5 215 D.KURAN 4 325 1300 71020 Support 528 71030 Tem/Seasonal/Contract 0 C. DOWNIE 170 1870 11 K. PATTERSON 39 170 6630 A. WALUS 2 240.5 481 546 J. LEWIS 3.5 156 S. ANSEL 166 332 2 71040 Fringe Benefits(% Of salary) 0 Subtotal: \$15,019,50 1.1 FEES (CONSULTANTS) 71510 Geological 0 71520 Engineering/Metallurgical 0 71530 Other 0 Subtotal: \$0.00 2.0 GEOPHYSICS 72010 Ground 0 0 72020 Airborne 72030 Remote Sensing 150 Subtotal: \$150.00 3.0 DRILLING 72510 Surface 0 72520 Underground 0 72530 Mob/Demob 0 72540 Fuel/Mud Supplies 0 Subtotal: \$0.00 4.0 ANALYSIS, ASSAY, METALLURGICAL 13.5 2619 73010 Geochemical analysis & assay 194 73020 Metallurgical testwork 0 73030 Other lab/Sample prep. 57 3.75 213.75 219.2 137 1.6 5.0 FIELD/CAMP Subtotal: \$3,051.95 73510 Field supplies 644 1645 73520 Camp costs 73530 Camp construction n 163.04 73540 Expediting Subtotal: \$2,452.04

9.0 STATEMENT OF COSTS

PRIME RESOURCES GROUP INC. - BUDGET COMPILATION SHEET PROJECT NAME:: BONSAI 90707 CODE: TOTAL COSTS: \$32,450 DESCRIPTION TOTAL AMOUNT RATE (\$) NET (S) 6.0 SURFACE WORK 74010 Linecutting/Roads/Site Prep. 3108.64 74020 Trenching/Pitting 0 Subtotal: \$3,108.64 7.0 UNDERGROUND WORK 75510 Drift/X-cut/Raise development 0 75030 Materials/Supplies 0 Subtotal: \$0.00 8.0 ENVIRONMENTAL/RECLAMATION 75010 Base line studies 0 75020 Permitting 0 75030 Reclaimation 0 Subtotal: \$0.00 9.0 PROPERTY MAINTENACE 76010 Staking 0 76020 Land surveying 0 76040 Claim holding costs 0 76050 Taxes 0 76060 Lease rental payments 0 76070 Fixed advanced royalties 0 76080 Variable advanced royalties 0 Subtotal: \$0.00 10.0 TRAVEL 77010 Lodging 0 77020 Meals/Groceries 20077030 Airfare 0 0 77040 Taxi/Car rental/mileage Subtotal: \$200.00 11.0 TRANSPORTION/AIR SUPPORT 77510 Vehicle lease/Rental 0 77520 Vehicle mntec/Operating expenses/Repair 0 77530 Helicopter 723 11 7953 77540 Helicopter fuel 0 77550 Fixed wing 0 77560 Fixed wing fuel 0 Subtotal: \$7,953.00 12.0 SUPPORT ACTIVITIES 78010 Communication 318 78020 Maps/Publications/Photo 69 78030 Drafting 0 78040 Office supplies 0 78050 Freight/Shipping 128 \$515.00 Subtotal:

.

1

9.0 STATEMENT OF COSTS

PRIME RESOURCES GROUP INC. - BUDGET COMPILATION SHEET PROJECT NAME: : BONSAI

CODE:	90707	TOTAL COS	STS:	\$32,450	
DESCRIPTION		AMOUNT	RATE (\$)	NET (\$)	TOTAL
13.0 OTHER A&G	/MANAGEMENT FEE				
78510	Legal			0	
78515	Business meetings & entertainn	nent		0	
78520	Dues/Memberships			0	
78525	Professional education/Seminar	s/Conventions		0	
78530	Donations			0	
78535	Rent - Office and storage			0	
78540	Management fees	0	0	0	
78545	Office equipment			0	
78550	Computer equipment			83	
78555	Miscellaneous fees			0	
78560	Insurance			0	
78565	Date processing costs			0	
78570	Allocated administration			0	
78575	Miscellaneous A&G costs			0	
				Subtotal:	\$0.00



\$32,450.13

10.0 STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, Keith M. Patterson, of 203-3824 West 4th Avenue, Vancouver, British Columbia, do hereby certify that:

- 1. I am a geologist in the employ of Homestake Canada Ltd.
- 2. I graduated in April, 1994 from the University of British Columbia with a bachelor of Applied Science, in the Mineral Exploration option of the Geological Engineering program.
- 3. I am currently registered as an Engineer in Training with the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of the Province of British Columbia.
- 4. I have no interest in the property described herein, nor in the securities of any company associated with the property, nor do I expect to acquire any such interest.

Keith M. Patterson

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, Andrew W. Kaip, of 901-1050 Harwood Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, do hereby certify that:

- 1. I am a geologist in the employ of Homestake Canada Ltd.
- 2. I graduated in April, 1992 from Carleton University with a Bachelor of Science (Highest Honours).
- 3. I have no interest in the property described herein, nor in the securities of any company associated with the property, nor do I expect to acquire any such interest.

Damphieren For ANDREW KAIP.

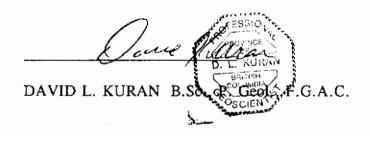
Andrew W. Kaip

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I. DAVID L. KURAN of 25630 Bosonworth Avenue, in the municipality of Maple Ridge, British Columbia, hereby certify that:

- 1. I am a graduate of the University of Manitoba(1978) and hold a B.Sc. in Geology.
- 2. I am a fellow of the Geological Association of Canada.
- 3. I am a Member in good standing of the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of the Province of British Columbia.
- 4. I have been employed in my profession as an Exploration Geologist in Canada, U.S.A., and Mexico since graduation.
- 5. I am presently employed by Homestake Canada Inc. of 1000-700 West Pender St., Vancouver, B.C. as a Senior Project Geologist.
- 6. I supervised the planning and implementation of the work described in this report, was in daily communication with the project geologists on site and was involved in the data interpretation and editing of this report on the Bonsai claims.
- 7. I consent to the use of this report concerning the 1994 exploration program carried out on the Bonsai mineral claims owned by Teuton Resources Corp.in the Skeena Mining Division, NTS 104 B10, for all corporate purposes relating to Prime Resources Group Inc. and Homestake Canada Inc. and Teuton Resources Corp.

Signed at Vancouver, British Columbia this 🔏 day of January, 1995.



APPENDIX I ROCK SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS AND ASSAYS

1994 BONSAI SAMPLES

Width Cut	Location	Sample Description Substantian Contemporation	Sample ID A						Sb (ppm)	
Grab	0+40S 4+20w	Bik rhy with vir py and < 1 cm qz sw	10252	63	5.3	35		350		
Grab	0+40S 4+20w	2 cm crustiform qz+py +tet vein in [qz+ser+py] rhy	10253	64	10	12		115		
0.6 m	0+405 4+20w	Drusy qz filled cavities with py and tet in [ser+py+qz] rhy	10254	65	183	20		92		
1.5 m	CL94-1	Qz-py-tet sw veinlets and drusy cavilies in [ser+py+qz] thy	10255	21	3	21		91		
1.5 m	CL94-1	Qz-py-tet sw veinlets and drusy cavilies in [ser+py+qz] thy	10256	64	12.2	16		95		
1.5 m	CL94-1	Oz-py-tet sw veintets and drusy cavities in [ser+py+qz] thy	10257	96	14.3	17		187		
1.5 m	CL94-1	Q2-py-tet sw velnlets and drusy cavities in [ser+py+qz] rhy	10258	65	11.5	9		72		
1.5 m	CL94-1	Qz-py-tet sw veinlets and drusy cavities in [ser+py+qz] rhy	10259	21	5.4	14		69		
1.5 m	TR94-1	(qz+ser+py) rhy, minor gal, py vigr, rare banded qz/py veins <1cm	10260	429	7.2	37		276		
1.5 m	TR94-1	[qz+ser+py] mass gry rhy with abundant coliform qz+py veins <1cm	10261	37	6	28		151		
1.5 m	TR94-1	[qz+ser+py] rhy at con with ms, rare 2mm grn ser, qz veins <1cm	10262	10	1.7	19		168		
1.0 m	TR94-1	rhy/ms contact, ms up to 20% vfgr py	10263	12	0.5	47		608		
1.0 m	TR94-1	90% ms, 10% [qz+ser+py] grey rhy, ms up to 25-50% vfgr diss py	10264	7	-0.2	38		94		
1.0 m	TR94-2	blk calcareous & graphitic ms	10265	-5	-0.2			88		
1.5 m	TR94-2	mass blk to gry ms, 10-50% fgr diss py	10266	13	-0.2			82		
1.5 m	TR94-2	contact zone btwn ms & rhy	10267	11	1.5	21		188		
1,5 m	TR94-2	s[oz+ser+py] gry rhy, mass fgr py, 20-70%, rare qz-cb veins to 4mm	10268	6	1.1	21		90		
2.0 m	TR94-2	similar to 10268	10269	20	3.1	21		134		
Grab	10+20N 2+00W	Rhy bx with 5% vfgr dis py in mx, minor cgr euhedral py	10270	-5	0.2			160		
1.0 m	9+30N 3+10W	blk sist and frg sst above rhy	10271	-5	0.3	18				
Grab	1+80N 4+90W	Rhy, locally (ser) hosting semi-massive virg py	10272	43	-0.2					
1.0 m	1+90N 4+95W	Aph thy with vfgr dis py	10273	8	-0.2			215		
1.0 m	1+20N 4+75W	Bik sitt mx, my frag bx with frg and cgr py	10274	6	-0.2			171		
1.0 m	2+95S 2+30W	Bik sist and buff sst	10319	19	0.2					
1.0 m	5+20S 4+45W	white thy breccia	10320	32	-0.1	6		51		
1.0 m	3+00\$ 3+20W	grey rhy with 1-2% fgr diss py	10321	15	0.2			47		
1.0 m	5+25S 4+50W	blk sist with rare pyilic ash laminations	10322	14	-0.1	18				
float	3+80N 2+50W	strongly silicified, limonitic breccla	10869	-5	-0.2					
float	5+50N 1+50W	strong ser-cb and cut by stock/work of qz veinlets, 10-20% lim	10870	-5 6	-0.2	-				
float	5+50N 1+50W	same as 10870	10871		-0.2					
1m	0+60S 4+10W	Massive, black mud/sittstone, 10% diss Py.	11736	16	-0.2 -0.2					
50cm	12+90N 0+80W 13+10N 1+65W	Mgr, K-spar-Hb-Qz diorite with mal staining along grain boundries	11737 11738	12 11	-0.2					
20cm 1m	12+75N 2+10W	Mudstone intercalated with andesite. Highly Qz-Py altered. Qz-Py alt mudstone.	11739	9	0.4					
75cm	7+75N 3+00W	Mudstone with 1-3cm massive Py nodules	11740	6	2.4					
40cm	8+00N 4+75W	Massive 10cm Py vein in mudstone	11740	-5	2.4	67				
50cm	8+75N 3+25W	Rhyolitic bx with 1-5% diss Py	11742	-5	-0.2					
50cm	3+25N 1+00W	Bx of intrusive clasts in mudstone matrix	11742	-5 -5	-0.2	-				
50cm	1+005 3+20W	zone of vuggy/latticework silica with fine py in rhyolite	11744	-5	4.1					
1m	0+90N 2+55W	stst 20m above rhyolite, abundant py and 0.1-1cm gz veins	11745	6	0.7					
1m	0+855 3+20W	rhy bx with sist mx at lower rhy contact with sist	11746	9	-0.2					
1m	1+00S 3+25W	sist with sst laminae, aprox 30m above twisted showing	11747	21	-0.2					
100	0+65\$ 5+25W	float? rhy bx with drk gry mx, 10-20% fine diss py in mx	11748	-5	-0.2					B 2.278
1m	3+20S 2+65W	strongly cl/d & cb att sist 25m abve rhy	11969	3	0.5					5 -3
100	5+00S 3+30W	massive stat 1m above small rhy lens	11970	3	0.1					5 -3
1.00	5+00\$ 3+30W	massive my with 1-2% diss py 2m below contact with sist	11971	-2	-0.1					5 -3
1m	TL4+50W 4+00S		11972	4	-0.1					5 -3
1m	2+50S 6+35W	float - mass rhy with 1-2% diss py	11973	2	-0.1	-				š - š
1m	2+50S 8+25W	float - mass to flow banded rhy with 2-5% diss py	11974	-2						5 -3
1m	2+75S 6+25W	float - mass rhy with 1% diss py	11975	4	-0.1		-			š - š
100	2+405 5+90W	float - mass rhy with 2-5% diss py	11976	-2						š - 3
1m		rhy with vuggy, coliform qz-py, rare 1-5mm matichite blebs	11977	48						9 -3
1m	0+85S 4+40W	mass colloform py in vuggy silica lattice in rhy unit	11978	38						5 -3
	TL4+50W 1+15S		11979	344						
1m										

. . .

٩

APPENDIX II SOIL SAMPLE ASSAYS

.

,

•

,

.

.

.

,

BONSAI SOIL GEOCHEMISTRY

location	AU(ppb)	Ag(ppm)	Cu(ppm)	Pb(ppm)	Zn(ppm)	As(ppm)	Sb(ppm)	Hg(ppm)
L13+00N 0+50W	-5	-0.2	47	20	95	9	-5	0.142
L13+00N 1+00W	-5	-0.2	79	17	135	-5	-5	0.151
L13+00N 1+50W	-5	-0.2	87	19	171	-5	-5	0.097
L13+00N 2+00W	-5	-0.2	90	18	130	6	10	0.128
L13+00N 2+50W		-0.2	79	20	186	11	7	0.119
L13+00N 3+00W		-0.2	61	15	153	-5	6	0.048
L13+00N 3+50W		-0.2	74	18	135	-5	7	0.035
L11+00N 0+50W		-0.2	24	11	98	-5	-5	0.072
L11+00N 1+00W		-0.2	47	13	123	-5	-5	0.062
L11+00N 1+50W		-0.2	66	16	141	-5	9	0.127
L11+00N 2+00W	-5	-0.2	63	21	127	-5	5	0.053
L11+00N 2+50W	-5	-0.2	57	15	112	-5	-5	0.06
L11+00N 3+00W		-0.2	59	16	124	-5	-5	0.047
L9+00N 0+50W	-5	-0.2	46	17	96	-5	-5	0.121
L9+00N 1+00W	-5	-0.2	33	13	116	9	-5	0.059
L9+00N 1+50W	-5	-0.2	36	15	152	20	-5	0.085
L9+00N 2+00W	-5	-0.2	37	25	148	36	7	0.098
L9+00N 2+50W	-5	-0.2	40	24	146	36	7	0.07
L9+00N 3+00W	-5	-0.2	59	14	132	9	-5	0.095
L9+00N 3+50W	-5	-0.2	81	20	187	5	-5	0.055
L9+00N 4+00W	-5	-0.2	65	15	111	-5	-5	0.032
L9+00N 4+50W	~-5	-0.2	56	16	122	-0 10	-5 -5	0.032
L9+00N 5+00W	-5	-0.2	75	16	130	9	-5 5	0.053
L7+00N 2+00W	-5 9	-0.2	75 27	22	130	9 39		0.053
L7+00N 2+50W	10	-0.2	49	24	129	39 49	5	
L7+00N 2+50VV	8						9	0.235
L7+00N 3+00W		-0.2	71	21	395	34	9	0.292
	-5	-0.2	50	14	193	18	-5	0.165
L7+00N 4+00W	-5	-0.2	67	14	160	8	-5	0.089
L7+00N 4+50W L7+00N 5+00W	-5	-0.2	66	19	138	14	-5	0.077
	-5	-0.2	83	17	150	10	-5	0.058
L7+00N 5+50W	-5	-0.2	101	20	200	14	8	0.05
L5+00N 0+50W	14	-0.2	52	23	109	62	-5	0.212
L5+00N 1+00W	-5	-0.2	17	14	65	22	-5	0.052
L5+00N 1+50W	-5	-0.2	45	12	123	-5	-5	0.064
L5+00N 2+00W	-5	-0.2	61	15	136	17	-5	0.102
L5+00N 2+50W	-5	-0.2	72	11	112	-5	-5	0.044
L5+00N 3+00W	-5	-0.2	56	13	120	8	-5	0.068
L5+00N 3+50W	6	-0.2	73	15	133	52	-5	0.463
L5+00N 4+00W	22	-0.2	92	14	175	34	-5	0.023
L5+00N 4+50W	-5	-0.2	90	21	136	12	5	0.027
L5+00N 5+00W	-5	-0.2	81	24	120	8	-5	0.045
L4+00N 0+50W	-5	-0.2	42	23	158	18	-5	0.244
L4+00N 1+00W	13	-0.2	61	21	129	72	9	0.189
L4+00N 1+50W	10	-0.2	40	22	102	48	7	0.119
L4+00N 2+00W	-5	-0.2	32	11	91	12	-5	0.063
L4+00N 2+50W	-5	-0.2	55	15	185	25	-5	0.207
L4+00N 3+00W	-5	-0.2	106	14	128	-5	-5	0.047
L4+00N 3+50W	-5	-0.2	75	9	84	-5	-5	0.032

BONSAI SOIL GEOCHEMISTRY

	location	AU(ppb)	Ag(ppm)	Cu(ppm)	Pb(ppm)	Zn(ppm)	As(ppm)	Sb(ppm)	Hg(ppm)
	L4+00N 4+00W	-5	-0.2	82	12	117	24	-5	0.085
-	L4+00N 4+50W	-5	-0.2	63	9	122	9	-5	0.074
	L4+00N 5+00W	-5	-0.2	84	17	112	11	-5	0.025
	L4+00N 5+25W	-5	-0.2	85	15	103	8	-5	0.037
	L3+00N 1+00W	-5	-0.2	23	23	130	25	8	0.093
	L3+00N 1+50W	13	-0.2	44	24	128	62	7	0.151
	L3+00N 2+00W	-5	-0.2	27	18	113	26	-5	0.069
	L3+00N 2+25W	-5	-0.2	23	14	118	16	-5	0.069
	L3+00N 3+00W	-5	-0.2	41	11	202	13	-5	0.208
-	L3+00N 3+50W	-5	-0.2	42	15	167	8	-5	0.157
•	L3+00N 4+50W	-5	-0.2	62	10	97	-5	-5	0.063
	L3+00N 5+00W	-5	-0.2	70	9	77	-5	-5	0.062
	L3+00N 5+50W	-5	-0.2	54	9	82	-5	-5	0.035
•	L3+00N 6+50W	-5	-0.2	115	35	130	26	-5	0.016
	L3+00N 7+00W	11	-0.2	104	18	119	9	-5	0.025
	L2+00N 0+50W	24	-0.2	101	76	192	98	9	0.109
	L2+00N 1+00W	16	-0.2	54	38	165	66	-5	0.086
	L2+00N 1+50W	12	-0.2	44	26	128	55	-5	0.082
-	L2+00N 2+00W	9	-0.2	40	23	143	37	-5	0.098
	L2+00N 2+50W	-5	-0.2	54	14	146	19	-5	0.132
	L2+00N 3+00W	23	-0.2	43	19	152	77	-5	0.271
	L2+00N 3+50W	19	-0.2	81	25	156	44	-5	0.11
	L2+00N 4+00W	12	-0.2	48	15	115	50	-5	0.169
	L2+00N 4+50W	8	-0.2	41	23	97	57	6	0.532
	L2+00N 5+00W	7	-0.2	62	14	131	13	-5	0.122
	L1+00N 0+50W	119	-0.2	114	84	200	199	5	0.188
	L1+00N 1+00W	28	-0.2	62	42	142	45	-5	0.09
	L1+00N 1+50W	65	-0.2	93	108	211	176	10	0.241
	L1+00N 1+75W	7	-0.2	23	24	69	-5	-5	0.135
	L1+00N 2+50W	-5	-0.2	35	17	121	-5	-5	0.075
	L1+00N 3+00W	7	-0.2	52	14	188	-5	-5	0.212
	L1+00N 3+50W	13	-0.2	44	11	145	28	-5	0.189
	L1+00N 4+00W	-5	-0.2	79	11	109	-5	-5	0.096
	L1+00N 4+50W	6	-0.2	74	12	113	-5	-5	0.071
	L1+00N 5+00W	-5	-0.2	78	9	97	-5	-5	0.049
	L1+00N 5+50W	9	-0.2	57	79	154	65	-5	0.397
	L1+00N 6+00W	-5	-0.2	57	14	103	27	-5	0.184
	L1+00N 6+50W	10	-0.2	56	21	116	38	6	0.329
	L0+00N 0+50W	28	0.3	61	50	135	124	13	0.334
	L0+00N 1+00W	26	-0.2	47	32	145	16	-5	0.242
	L0+00N 1+50W	8	-0.2	33	19	110	17	-5	0.127
	L0+00N 2+00W	6	-0.2	31	11	105	-5	-5	0.066
	L0+00N 2+50W	14	-0.2	53	32	148	51	-5	0.192
	L0+00N 3+00W	-5	-0.2	45	22	235	16	-5	0.194
	L0+00N 3+50W	320	6.5	37	76	128	236	15	0.283
	L0+00N 4+00W	18	-0.2	43	28	182	162	10	0.26
	L0+00N 4+50W	15	0.4	54	30	420	83	7	0.371
	L0+00N 5+50W	277	-0.2	56	25	108	1178	12	2.92

BONSAI SOIL GEOCHEMISTRY

•									
	location	AU(ppb) A	\g(ppm)	Cu(ppm)	Pb(ppm)	Zn(ppm)	As(ppm)	Sb(ppm)	Hg(ppm)
	L0+00N 6+00W	7	-0.2	120	42	146	27	-5	0.084
•	L0+00N 6+50W	10	-0.2	70	26	119	362	11	0.676
	L1+00S 0+50W	-5	-0.2	51	17	74	21	7	0.071
•	L1+00S 1+00W	-5	-0.2	27	14	128	7	-5	0.097
	L1+00S 1+50W	-5	-0.2	41	14	109	-5	-5	0.07
	L1+00S 2+00W	-5	-0.2	23	13	78	-5	5	0.087
•	L1+00S 2+50W	-5	-0.2	42	18	234	15	-5	0.392
•	L1+00S 3+00W	-5 -5	-0.2	20	22	107	22	-5 -5	0.213
	L1+00S 3+50W	-5	0.2	70	36	154	104	-0 12	0.694
•	L1+00S 3+00W	22	0.3	64	71	154	905	12	1.137
	L1+00S 4+50W	9	-0.2	48	20	128	73		
								6	0.15
	L1+00S 5+00W	9	-0.2	67	19	137	51	-5	0.213
	L1+00S 5+50W	9	-0.2	59	14	95	37	-5	0.119
	L1+00S 6+00W	6	-0.2	58	13	91	18	-5	0.115
	L1+00S 6+50W	24	-0.2	64	16	125	24	-5	0.114
	L1+00S 7+00W	-5	-0.2	57	15	121	30	-5	0.125
	L1+00S 7+50W	-5	-0.2	72	15	124	6	-5	0.047
	L2+00S 0+50W	-5	-0.2	49	11	59	-5	-5	0.061
	L2+00S 1+00W	-5	-0.2	36	16	64	-5	-5	0.123
•	L2+00S 1+50W	-5	-0.2	22	13	68	-5	-5	0.078
	L2+00S 2+00W	-5	-0.2	41	13	77	-5	-5	0.104
	L2+00S 2+50W	12	-0.2	15	15	147	22	-5	0.039
	L2+00S 3+00W	22	-0.2	57	25	126	81	6	0.15
	L2+00S 3+50W	IS	-0,2	26	14	42	-5	-5	0.081
	L2+00S 4+00W		-0.2	22	12	83	6	-5	0.16
	L2+00S 4+50W	6	0.3	42	17	154	44	-5	0.204
	L2+00S 5+00W	13	0.3	47	19	148	56	-5	0.215
	L2+00S 5+50W	6	-0.2	78	12	108	24	-5	0.13
	L2+00S 6+00W	12	-0.2	94	17	160	28	-5	0.201
	L2+00S 7+00W	7	-0.2	71	21	139	32	-0	0.16
	L3+00S 0+50W	-5	-0.2	31	19	103	-5	-5	0.092
	L3+00S 1+00W	-5	-0.2	54	9	61	-5	-5	0.076
	L3+00S 1+50W	-0	-0.2	33	27	121	35	-5	0.106
	L3+00S 2+00W	9	-0.2	38	20	83	24	-5	0.100
	L3+00S 2+50W	6	0.2	162	20 44				
				40		844	250	13	1.158
	L3+00S 3+00W	-5	-0.2		16	445	-5	-5	0.262
	L3+00S 3+50W	-5	0.4	33	33	159	22	-5	0.196
	L3+00S 4+00W	18	0.4	43	23	155	67	-5	0.334
	L3+00S 5+00W	9	0.3	46	32	171	105	6	0.307
	L3+00S 6+00W	7	-0.2	58	10	110	33	-5	0.136
	L3+00S 6+50W	12	-0.2	71	27	138	51	-5	0.218
	L3+00S 7+00W	11	-0.2	60	18	111	34	-5	0.159
	L5+00S 0+50W	-5	-0.2	30	23	122	21	11	0.154
	L5+00S 1+00W	-5	-0.2	17	21	110	13	-5	0.068
	L5+00S 1+50W	-5	-0.2	26	18	139	41	-5	0.04
	L5+00S 2+00W	15	-0.2	31	31	141	47	-5	0.159
	L5+00S 2+50W	-5	-0.2	37	12	84	8	-5	0.123
	L5+00S 3+00W	6	-0.2	12	9	117	-5	-5	0.071

BONSAI SOIL GEOCHEMISTRY

location		AU(ppb)	Ag(ppm)	Cu(ppm)	Pb(ppm)	Zn(ppm)	As(ppm)	Sb(ppm)	Hg(ppm)
L5+00S 3		9	-0.2	36	29	349	76	-5	0.264
L5+00S 4	4+00W	17	-0.2	66	33	191	36	-5	0.421
L5+00S 4	4+50W	12	0.6	41	19	199	31	-5	0.225
L5+00S \$	5+00W	-5	-0.2	23	13	89	7	-5	0.062
BL 0+00		8	-0.2	31	17	11	-5	-5	0.132
BL 0+501		11	-0.2	83	27	75	6	6	0.136
BL 1+00		19	-0.2	39	16	32	-5	-5	0.095
BL 2+00		-5	-0.2	62	8	73	-5	-5	0.075
BL 2+50		27	-0.2	38	17	29	-5	-5	0.082
BL 3+00I	N	14	-0.2	28	13	75	-5	-5	0.096
BL 3+50		15	-0.2	39	15	65	-5	-5	0.127
BL 4+001		-5	-0.2	28	19	84	-5	-5	0.173
BL 4+50		18	-0.2	22	15	81	-5	-5	0.078
BL 5+00		-5	-0.2	24	19	130	5	-5	0.082
BL 7+50		-5	-0.2	29	14	96	-5	-5	0.07
BL 8+00I		9	-0.2	48	23	155	-5	-5	0.091
BL 8+501		-5	-0.2	33	15	95	-5	-5	0.099
BL 9+00I		25	-0.2	27	15	108	7	-5	0.062
BL 9+501		63	-0.2	32	17	111	22	-5	0.1
BL 10+00		-5	-0.2	38	11	66	-5	-5	0.166
BL 10+50		-5	-0.2	44	7	55	-5	-5	0.081
BL 11+00		-5	-0.2	39	13	85	13	-5	0.116
BL 11+50		-5	-0.2	41	10	73	-5	-5	0.062
BL 12+00		-5	-0.2	36	11	72	-5	-5	0.098
BL 12+50		-5	-0.2	31	21	104	-5	-5	0.083
BL 13+00		9	-0.2	71	25	293	26	-5	0.437
BL 1+003		15	-0.2	51	23	130	19	9	0.116
BL 2+008		-5	-0.2	34	17	121	9	-5	0.197
BL 3+003		7	-0.2	43	18	132	- 11	-5	0.107
BL 5+00\$	S	-5	0.4	21	25	108	23	7	0.135

APPENDIX III ASSAY CERTIFICATES



CERTIFICATE ? ANALYSIS iPL 9411204

2036 Columbia 5 - :t Vancouver, B.C. Canada V5Y 3E1 Phone (604) 879-7878 Fax (604) 879-7898

* * * *

• •

Homestake Mineral Dev Out: Sep 20, 1994 Project: 90707 In : Sep 12, 1994 Shipper: Keith PO#: Shippent:	Bonsa i	R F	Samp aw Sto ulp Sto	orage: orage:	16≈ Rock 03Mon/Dis 12Mon/Dis		0= Core 	0=RC Ct 0= Pulp	0=0ther 	[047614:00:47:49092194] Mon=Month Dis=Discard Rtn=Return Arc=Archive
Msg: Au(FA/AAS 30g) ICP(AqR)07 Msg:		Analy	ntica Met 1	il Si Title I	ummary Limit Limit L	nits Descript	tion	Element	##	
Document Distribution 1 Homestake Canada Inc Eskay Creek Camp Eskay Creek BC VOJ 2NO	EN RT CC IN FX 1 2 2 2 1 DL 3D 5D BT BL 0 0 0 1 0		hođ FAAA ICP ICP ICP ICP	Au Ag Cu Pb Zn	Low High 2 9999 0.1 100 1 20000 2 20000 1 20000	ppb Au FA/AA ppm Ag 1CP ppm Cu 1CP ppm Pb 1CP ppm Zn 1CP	AS finish 30g	Gold Silver Copper Lead Zinc	01 02 03 04 05	
ATT: Doug Reddy/K Patterson c/o: Fax ONLY if available	Ph:604/521-7396 Fx:604/524-8046	06 703P	1Cti	As	5 9999	ppm As ICP	5 ppm	Arsenic	06	
2 Homestake Canada Inc 1000 - 700 W Pender St Vancouver BC V6C 1G8	EN RT CC IN FX 2 2 1 0 1 0L 3D 50 BT 8L 0 0 0 0 0	07 702P 08 732P	ICP ICP	Sb Hg	5 9999 3 9999	ppm Sb ICP ppm Hg ICP		Antimony Mercury	07 08	
ATT: Ron Britten/Shiela Kiezer	Ph:604/684-2345 Fx:604/684-9831									
3 Homestake Canada Inc If no answer at Ph=604/521-7396 Eskay Creek BC VOJ 2NO	EN RT CC IN FX 3 2 0 0 1 DL 3D 5D BT BL 0 0 0 0 0	-								
ATT: Doug Reddy/K Patterson c/o: Smithers Expediting	Ph:604/ Fx:604/847-2566									
		1								
EN=Envelope # RT=Report Style CC=Ca	-4 TN T	L				<u>-</u>		<u></u>		

CERTIFICATE J ANALYSIS

iPL 94I1204

•

* * * * * *

2036 Columbia 5 1

Vancouver, B.C.

Canada V5Y 3E1

INTERNATIONAL P													Fax (604	1) 879-7878 1) 879-7898 (
Client: Home roject: 9070	stake 7 Boe	e Min nsai	eral	Dev (E: 16 R			iP4	: 941	1204	Out: Sep 20, 1994 In: Sep 12, 1994	Page) of [047614:00:51:49092194]	l S Certif	ection 1 of 1 ied BC Assayer: David	Chiu DH
ample Name		Ли ррђ	Ag ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm		∧s ppm	Sb ppm	Hg ppm					
0319 0320 0321 0322 1969	R R R R	32 15 14	0.2 0.2 0.5	61 6 7 18 40	18 13 29 13 13	51 8 40	17 51 47 10 60	< < 6 < <	< < < < < <					
1970 1971 1972 1973 1974	RIRIRIR	3 < 4 2 <	0.1 、 、 0.7	65 3 5 4 4	15 20 16 14 19	411	23 43 76 12	* * * * *	< < < < <					
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979		4 < 48 38 344	<pre></pre>	4 16 16 18	12 17 110 32 66	× 2 27 19	۲ 6	« 9 « 10	* * * *					
980	Ŕ	38	<	2	4	35 35	6	٢	۲					
lin Limit														

FAAA 1CP ICP ICP ICP ICP ICP ICP ----No Test ins=Insufficient Sample S=Soil R=Rock C=Core L=Silt P=Pulp U=Undefined m=Estimate/1000 %=Estimate % Max=No Estimate International Plasma Lab Ltd. 2036 Columbia St. Vancouver BC V5Y 3E1 Ph:604/879-7878 Fax:604/879-7898



	FSTAKE	MINERAL DEVELOPMENT			R	UBMITTED BY: K	
PROJECT: 907	708		COMPANY			ATE PRINTED: 1	
			NUMBER OF	LOWER			
ORDER	EL	EMENT	ANALYSES	DETECTION LIMIT	EXTRACTION	METH	IOD
1	Au30	Gold	12	5 PPB	Fire Assay o	f 30g ATOM	IC ABSORPTION
2	Ag	Silver	12	0.2 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:	1) 1NDU	C. COUP. PLASMA
3	Cu	Copper	12	1 PP M	HCL:HNO3 (3:	1) 1NDU	C. COUP. PLASMA
4	РЬ	Lead	12	2 PP N	HCL:HNO3 (3:	1) INDU	C. COUP. PLASMA
5	Zn	Zinc	12	1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:	1) INDU	C. COUP. PLASMA
6	As	Arsenic	12	5 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:	1) INDU	C. COUP. PLASMA
7	SЪ	Antimony	12	5 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1	1) INDU	C. COUP. PLASMA
8	₩ġ	Mercury	12	0.010 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1	1) COLD	VAPOR AA
SAMPLE	TYPES	NUMBER	SIZE FR	ACTIONS	NUMBER	SAMPLE PREPA	RATIONS NUMBER
							2-6 KG 12
R		12	2 - 15	10		CRUSH/SPLIT	2-6.KG 12
	: Assa	y of high Au to fol	low on V94-010	105.6		PULVERIZATIO	n 12
	: Assa	y of high Au to fol	low on V94-010 N	105.6			
	: Assa	y of high Au to fol TO: MR. RON BRITTE MR. ANDREW KAII	low on V94-010 N	105.6			
	: Assa	y of high Au to fol TO: MR. RON BRITTE MR. ANDREW KAI MR. DAVE KURAN	low on V94-010	105.6			
	: Assa	y of high Au to fol TO: MR. RON BRITTE MR. ANDREW KAI MR. DAVE KURAN	law on V94-010	105.6			
	: Assa	y of high Au to fol TO: MR. RON BRITTE MR. ANDREW KAI MR. DAVE KURAN	low on V94-010	105.6			
	: Assa	y of high Au to fol TO: MR. RON BRITTEI MR. ANDREW KAI MR. DAVE KURAN	low on V94-010	105.6	INVOICE	E TO: MR. RON &	
	: Assa	y of high Au to fol TO: MR. RON BRITTE MR. ANDREW KAI MR. DAVE KURAN	low on V94-010	105.6	INVOICE	E TO: MR. RON &	BRITTEN



Geochemical Lab Report

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Pb PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM	SH PPM	Hg PPM	
						••••••				
R2 10272		43	<0.2	13	131	25	211	15	0.458	
R2 10273		8	<0.2	17	35	27	215	<5	1.358	
R2 10274		6	<0.2	4	25	18	171	35	1.747	
<u>82.10275</u>		2330		710	703	<u> </u>	271	<u> </u>	0.537	
<u>R2 10276</u>		>10000		76	251			14	0.158	
-R2-10277						14	400	5	0.150	
- R2 10278		- 852			1486		128		0.428	
~ R2 10279 -		694					158		0.215	
R2 11746		9	<0.2	17	17	35	165	14	1.589	
R2 11747		21	<0.2	60	34	148	26	<5	0.870	
RZ 11748		<5	<0.2	4	19	22	179	8	2.278	
-R2-11749			13.5	51	642			7	0.366	

	••••					•••••••		
ROJECT: 90		MINERAL DEVELOPMENT	COMPANY				D BY: UNKNOWN NTED: 16-AUG-94	
			NUMBER OF	LOWER				
ORDER	El	LEMENT		DETECTION LIMIT	EXTRACTIO	N	METHOD	
1 2		Gold Silver	194 196	5 PPB	Fire Assa		ATOMIC ABSORPTIO	
ے 	Ag	311421		0.2 PPM	HCL:HNO3	(3:1)	INDUC. COUP. PLA	
3	Cu	Copper	196	1 PPM	HCL : HNO3	(3:1)	INDUC. COUP. PLAS	SMA
4	Pb	Lead	196	2 PPM	HCL:HNO3	(3:1)	INDUC. COUP. PLAS	SMA
5	Zn	Zinc	196	1 PPM	HCL: HNO3	(3:1)	INDUC. COUP. PLAS	SMA
6	As	Arsenic	196	5 PPM	HCL:HNO3		INDUC. COUP. PLAS	SMA
7	SP	Antimony	196	5 PPM	HCL:HNO3	(3:1)	INDUC. COUP. PLAS	SMA
8	Hg	Hercury	196	0.010 PPM	HCL:HNO3	(3:1)	COLD VAPOR AA	
SAMPLE	TYPES	NUMBER	SIZE FR	ACTIONS	NUMBER	SAMPLE	PREPARATIONS NUME	BER
		22						
S SOIL								
	5: 1S i	174 ndicates Insufficie			174			74
	5: 1S i		nt Sample N				. RON BRITTEN	
	5: 1S i	ndicates Insufficie TO: MR. RON BRITTE	nt Sample N					
	5: 1S i	ndicates Insufficie TO: MR. RON BRITTE	nt Sample N					
	5: 1S i	ndicates Insufficie TO: MR. RON BRITTE	nt Sample N					
	5: 1S i	ndicates Insufficie TO: MR. RON BRITTE	nt Sample N					
	5: 1S i	ndicates Insufficie TO: MR. RON BRITTE	nt Sample N					
	5: 1S i	ndicates Insufficie TO: MR. RON BRITTE	nt Sample N					
	5: 1S i	ndicates Insufficie TO: MR. RON BRITTE	nt Sample N					
	5: 1S i	ndicates Insufficie TO: MR. RON BRITTE	nt Sampte N P					
	5: 1S i	ndicates Insufficie TO: MR. RON BRITTE	nt Sampte N P					
	5: 1S i	ndicates Insufficie TO: MR. RON BRITTE	nt Sampte N P					
	5: 1S i	ndicates Insufficie TO: MR. RON BRITTE	nt Sampte N P					
	5: 1S i	ndicates Insufficie TO: MR. RON BRITTE	nt Sampte N P					
	5: 1S i	ndicates Insufficie TO: MR. RON BRITTE	nt Sampte N P					
	5: 1S i	ndicates Insufficie TO: MR. RON BRITTE MR. ANDREW KAI	nt Sample N P		1NVC	DICE TO: MR		
	5: 1S i	ndicates Insufficie TO: MR. RON BRITTE MR. ANDREW KAI	nt Sample N P		1NVC	DICE TO: MR	. RON BRITTEN	
	5: 1S i	ndicates Insufficie TO: MR. RON BRITTE MR. ANDREW KAI	nt Sample N P		1NVC	DICE TO: MR	. RON BRITTEN	
	5: 1S i	ndicates Insufficie TO: MR. RON BRITTE MR. ANDREW KAI	nt Sample N P		1NVC	DICE TO: MR	. RON BRITTEN	
	5: 1S i	ndicates Insufficie TO: MR. RON BRITTE MR. ANDREW KAI	nt Sample N P		1NVC	DICE TO: MR	. RON BRITTEN	



Geochemical Lab Report

REPORT: V94-008	62.0 (COM	PLETE)						DJECT:	TED: 16-AUG-94 90707	• PAGE 1
SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Ац30 РРВ	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Pb PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM	Sb PPM	Hg PPM	
R2 10252		63	5.3	35	40	21	350	15	0.280	
R2 10253		64	10.0	12	182	113	115	12	0.375	
R2 10254		65	18.3	20	37	20	92	19	0.846	
R2 10255		21	3.0	21	84	230	91	11	0.186	
RZ 10256		64	12.2	16	42	40	95	17	0.353	
R2 10257		96	14.3	17	61	190	187	19	0.562	
R2 10258		65	11.5	9	42	26	72	13	0.279	
R2 10259		21	5.4	14	28	16	69	7	0.186	
R2 10260		429	7.2	37	569	156	276	14	0.183	
R2 10261		37	6.0	28	47	30	151	13	0.192	
R2 10262		10	1.7	19	27	63	168	<5	0.125	
R2 10263		12	0.5	47	22	208	608	24	0.384	
R2 10264		7	<0.2	38	37	201	94	6	0.198	
R2 10265		<5	<0.2	45	38	129	88	5	0.250	
R2 10266		13	<0.2	26	21	74	82	17	0.521	
RZ 10267		11	1.5	21	28	92	188	11	0.234	
R2 10268		6	1.1	21	25	64	90	12	0.218	
R2 10269		20	3.1	21	31	100	134	6	0.173	
R2 10869		<5	<0.2	26	5	29	20	<5	0.022	
R2 10870		<5	<0.2	43	9	75	522	23	0.038	
R2 10871		6	<0.2	60	13	134	573	23	0.038	
R2 11736		16	<0.2	37	29	123	85	10	0.588	
\$1 LO+00N 0+50W		28	0.3	61	50	135	124	13	0.334	
S1 L0+00N 1+00W		26	<0.2	47	32	145	16	<5	0.242	
S1 L0+00N 1+50W		8	<0.2	33	19	110	17	<5	0.127	
S1 L0+00N 2+00W		6	<0.2	31	11	105	<5	<5	0.066	
\$1 LO+00N 2+50W			<0.2	53	32	148	51	<5		
S1 10+00N 3+00W		<5	<0.2	45	22	235	16	<5	0.194	
S1 L0+00N 3+50W		320	6.5	37	76	128	236	15	0.283	
S1 L0+00N 4+00W		18	<0.2	43	28	182	162	10	0.260	
S1 L0+00N 4+50W		15	0.4	54	30	420	83	7	0.371	
S1 L0+00N 5+50W		277	<0.2	56	25	108	1178	12	2.920	
S1 L0+00N 6+00W		7	<0.2	120	42	146	27	<5	0.084	
S1 L0+00N 6+50W		10	<0.2	70	26	119	362	11	0.676	
S1 L1+00N 0+50W		119	<0.2	114	84	200	199	5	0.188	
S1 L1+00N 1+00W		28	<0.2	62	42	142	45	<5	0.090	
51 L1+00N 1+50W		65	<0.2	93	108	211	176	10	0.241	
S1 L1+00N 1+75W		7	<0.2	23	24	69	<5	<5	0.135	
S1 L1+00N 2+50W		<5	<0.2	35	17	121	<5	<5	0.075	
s1 L1+00N 3+00W		7	<0.2	52	14	188	<5	<5	0.212	

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.

130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada



Geochemical Lab Report

	REPORT: V94-0	0862.0 (C	OMPLETE)						OJECT: S	'ED: 16-AUG-94 20707	PAGE 2
	SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Ац30 РРВ	Ag PP M	Cu PPM	РЬ РРМ	Zn PP H	As PPM	SID PPM	Hg PPM	
	S1 L1+DON 3+5		13	<0.2	44	11	145	28	<5	0,189	
	S1 L1+00N 4+0		<5	<0.2	79	11	109	<5	<5	0.096	
	S1 L1+00N 4+5		6	<0.2	74	12	113	<5	<5	0.071	
	\$1 L1+00N 5+0		<5	<0.2	78	9	97	<5	<5	0.049	
	S1 L1+00N 5+5	04	9	<0.2	57	79	154	65	<5	0.397	
••••	S1 L1+00N 6+0	0w	<5	<0.2	57	14	103	27	<5	0.184	
	S1 L1+00N 6+5	0W	10	<0.2	56	21	116	38	6	0.329	
	S1 L2+00N 0+0	0¥	<5	<0.2	62	8	73	<5	<5	0.075	
	S1 L2+00N 0+5	0₩	24	<0.2	101	76	192	98	9	0.109	
	S1 L2+00N 1+0	0¥	16	<0.2	54	38	165	66	<5	0.086	
	S1 L2+00N 1+5	0U	12	0.2	44	26	128	55	<5	0.082	
	\$1 L2+00N 2+0		9	<0.2	44	20	120	37	<5	0.032	
	S1 L2+00N 2+5		<5	<0.2	54	14	146	19	<5	0.132	
	S1 L2+00N 3+0		23	0.4	43	14	152	77	<5	0.271	
	S1 L2+00N 3+5		19	<0.4	43 81	25	152	44	<5	0.271	
	31 L2+UUN 3+3	UW	17	NU.2	01	23	120	44		U .IIU	
	S1 L2+00N 4+0	0 2	12	<0.2	48	15	115	50	<5	0.169	
	S1 L2+00N 4+5	09	8	<0.2	41	23	97	57	6	0.532	
	\$1 L2+00N 5+0	0W	7	<0.2	62	14	131	13	<5	0.122	
	\$1 L3+00N 1+0	0₩	<5	<0.2	23	23	130	25	8	0.093	
	\$1 L3+00N 1+5	0¥	13	<0.2	44	24	128	62	7	0.151	
••••	\$1 L3+00N 2+0	0W	<5	<0.2	27	18	113	26	<5	0.069	
	S1 L3+00N 2+2	5₩	<5	<0.2	23	14	118	16	<5	0.069	
	S1 L3+00N 3+0	0₩	<5	<0.2	41	11	202	13	<5	0.208	
	\$1 L3+00N 3+5	0₩	<5	<0.2	42	15	167	8	<5	0.157	
	\$1 L3+00N 4+5		<5	<0.2	62	10	97	<5	<5	0.063	
	S1 L3+00N 5+0		<5	<0.2	70	9	77	<5	<5	0.062	
	S1 L3+00N 5+5		_	<0.2	54	9 9	82	<5	<5	0.035	
	S1 L3+00N 6+50		<5	<0.2	115	35	130	26	<5	0.016	
	\$1 L3+00N 7+00		11	<0.2	104	18	119	20	<5	0.025	
	S1 L4+00N 0+50		<5	<0.2	42	23	158	18	<5	0.244	
					·····						
	S1 L4+00N 1+00 S1 L4+00N 1+50		13 10	<0.2 <0.2	61 40	21 22	129 102	72 48	9 7	0.189 0.119	
	S1 L4+00N 2+00		<5 - F	<0.2	32	11	91 105	12	<5 <5	0.063	
	S1 14+00N 2+50		<5	<0.2	55	15	185	25	<5 -5	0.207	
	\$1 L4+00N 3+00	JM	<5	<0.2	106	14	128	<5	<5	0.047	
	\$1 L4+00N 3+50)	<5	<0.2	75	9	84	<5	<5	0.032	
	S1 L4+00N 4+00	ĥ	<5	<0.2	82	12	117	24	<5	0.085	
	S1 L4+00N 4+50)W	<5	<0.2	63	9	122	9	<5	0.074	
	S1 L4+00N 5+00)	<5	<0.2	84	17	112	11	<5	0.025	
	S1 L4+00N 5+25	i u	<5	<0.2	85	15	103	8	<5	0.037	

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.

130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada



Geochemical Lab Report

REPORT: V94-008	62.0 (COM	PLETE)						OJECT: 9	TED: 16-AUG-94 20707	PAGE 3
SAMPLE	ELEMENT	Au30	Ag	Cu	Рb	Zn	As	Sb	Hg	
NUMBER	UNITS	PPB	PPM	₽₽M	PPM	PPM	РРМ	PPM	PPH	
S1 L5+00N 0+50W		14	<0.2	52	23	109	62	<5	0.212	
S1 L5+00N 1+00W		<5	<0.2	17	14	65	22	<5	0.052	
S1 L5+DON 1+50W		<5	<0.2	45	12	123	<5	<5	0.064	
S1 L5+00N 2+00W		<5	<0.2	61	15	136	17	<5	0.102	
\$1 L5+DON 2+50W		<5	<0.2	72	11	112	<5	<5	D.044	
S1 L5+00N 3+00W		<5	<0.2	56	13	120	8	<5	0.068	
S1 L5+00N 3+50W		6	<0.2	73	15	133	52	<5	0.463	
S1 L5+00N 4+00W		22	<0.2	92	14	175	34	<5	0,023	
ST 15+00N 4+50W		<5	<0.2	90	21	136	12	5	0.027	
S1 15+00N 5+00W		<5	<0.2	81	24	120	8	<5	0.045	
S1 L7+00N 2+00W		ç	0.4	27	22	139	39	5	0.074	
S1 17+00N 2+50W		10	<0.2	49	24	129	49	9	0.235	
S1 L7+00N 3+00₩		8	<0.2	71	21	395	34	9	0.292	
S1 17+00N 3+50W		<5	<0.2	50	14	193	18	<5	0.165	
S1 L7+00₩ 4+00₩		<5	<0.2	67	14	160	8	<5	0.089	
S1 L7+00N 4+50W		~5	<0.2	66	19	138	14	<5	0.077	
S1 L7+00N 5+00W		<5	<0.2	83	17	150	10	<5	0.058	
S1 L7+00N 5+50W		<5	<0.2	101	20	200	14	8	0.050	
\$1 L9+00N 0+50W		<5	<0.2	46	17	96	<5	<5	0.121	
S1 L9+00N 1+00W		<5	<0.2	33	13	116	9	<5	0.059	
S1 L9+00N 1+50W		<5	<0.2	36	15	152	20	<5	0.085	
S1 L9+DON 2+00W		<5	<0.2	37	25	148	36	7	0.098	
S1 L9+00N 2+50W		<5	<0.2	40	24	146	36	7	0.070	
S1 L9+00N 3+00W		<5	<0.2	59	14	132	9	<5	0.095	
S1 L9+00N 3+50W		<5	<0.2	81	20	187	5	<5	0.055	
S1 L9+00N 4+00W		<5	<0.2	65	15	111	<5	<5	0.032	
S1 L9+00N 4+50W		<5	<0.2	56	16	122	10	<5	0.050	
S1 L9+00N 5+00W		<5	<0.2	75	16	130	9	5	0.053	
S1 L11N 0+50W		<5	<0.2	24	11	98	<5	<5	0.072	
\$1 L11N 1+00W		<5	<0.2	47.	13	123	<5	≺5	0.062	
S1 L11N 1+50W		<5	<0.2	66	16	141	<5	9	0.127	
S1 L11N 2+00W		<5	<0.2	63	21	127	<5	5	0.053	
S1 L11N 2+50W		<5	<0.2	57	15	112	<5	<5	0.060	
S1 L11N 3+00W		<5	<0.2	59	16	124	<5	<5	0.047	
S1 L13N 0+50W		<5	<0.2	47	20	95	9	<5	0.142	
S1 L13N 1+00₩		<5	<0.2	79	17	135	<5	<5	0.151	
S1 L13N 1+50W		<5	<0.2	87	19	171	<5	<5	0.097	
S1 L13N 2+00W		<5	<0.2	90	18	130	6	10	0.128	
\$1 L13N 2+50W		<5	<0.2	79	20	186	11	7	0.119	
\$1 L13N 3+00W		<5	<0.2	61	15	153	<5	6	0.048	

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.

130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada



Geochemical Lab Report

REPORT: V94-0	0862.0 (COM	IPLETE)						OJECT: 9	TED: 16-AUG-94 20707	PAGE 4
SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Pb PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM	Sb PPM	Kg PPM	
S1 L13N 3+50W		<5	<0.2	74	18	135	<5	7	0.035	
S1 L1+00S BL		15	<0.2	51	23	130	19	9	0.116	
\$1 L1+00S 0+5	0w	<5	<0.2	51	17	74	21	7	0.071	
S1 L1+00S 1+0	DW	<5	<0.2	27	14	128	7	<5	0.097	
\$1 L1+00S 1+5	OW	<5	<0.2	41	14	109	<5	<5	0.070	
\$1 L1+00\$ 2+0	0W	<5	<0.2	23	13	78	<5	5	0.087	
s1 L1+00s 2+5	04	<5	<0.2	42	18	234	15	<5	0.392	
\$1 L1+00\$ 3+0	u C	<5	<0.2	20	22	107	22	<5	0.213	
S1 L1+00S 3+5	ъc	18	0.3	70	36	154	104	12	0.694	
\$1 L1+00S 4+0	Ĵ₩	22	2.0	64	71	151	905	16	1.137	
S1 L1+00S 4+5) w	9	<0.2	48	20	128	73	6	0.150	
S1 L1+00S 5+0	0 w	9	<0.2	67	19	137	51	<5	0.213	
\$1 L1+00\$ 5+5) w	9	<0.2	59	14	95	37	<5	0.119	
S1 L1+00S 6+0	ЪМ.	6	<0.2	58	13	91	18	<5	0.115	
\$1 L1+00S 6+5	N.	24	<0.2	64	16	125	24	<5	0.114	
S1 L1+00S 7+0	ענ	<5	<0.2	57	15	121	30	<5	0.125	
S1 L1+00S 7+5	2M	<5	<0.2	72	15	124	6	<5	0.047	
S1 L2+005 0+0	ម	<5	<0.2	34	17	121	9	<5	0.197	
\$1 L2+005 0+5	ΣW	<5	<0.2	49	11	59	<5	<5	0.061	
\$1 L2+00\$ 1+0) W	<5	<0.2	36	16	64	~ 5	<5	0,123	
\$1 L2+00\$ 1+5)µ	<5	<0.2	22	13	68	<5	<5	0.078	
\$1 L2+005 2+00)W	<5	<0.2	41	13	77	<5	<5	0.104	
\$1 L2+00\$ 2+50)H	12	<0.2	15	15	147	22	<5	0.039	
S1 L2+00S 3+00)u	22	<0.2	57	25	126	81	6	0.150	
\$1 L2+00\$ 3+50)₩	IS	<0.2	26	14	42	<5	<5	0.081	
\$1 L2+00\$ 4+00)	IS	<0.2	22	12	83	6	<5	0.160	
\$1 L2+00\$ 4+50)H	6	0.3	42	17	154	44	<5	0.204	
\$1 L2+00\$ 5+00) L	13	0.5	47	19	148	56	<5	0.215	
\$1 L2+00\$ 5+50)w	6	<0.2	78	12	108	24	<5	0.130	
\$1 L2+00S 6+00	W	12	<0.2	94	17	160	28	<5	0.201	
\$1 L2+00\$ 7+00) W	7	<0.2	71	21	139	32	6	0.160	
S1 L3+005 0+00)W	7	<0.2	43	18	132	11	<5	0.107	
\$1 L3+00\$ 0+50)LL	<5	<0.2	31	19	102	<5	<5	0.092	
S1 L3+00S 1+00	W.	<5	<0.2	54	9	61	<5	<5	0.076	
S1 L3+00S 1+50	W	19	<0.2	33	27	121	35	6	0.106	
S1 L3+00S 2+00	W	ę	<0.2	38	20	83	24	<5	0.112	
\$1 L3+005 2+50	Υ.	6	0.6	162	44	844	250	13	1.158	
\$1 L3+00S 3+00	N .	<5	<0.2	40	16	445	<5	<5	0.262	
S1 L3+005 3+50	н Н	<5	0.4	33	33	159	22	<5	0.196	
s1 L3+00\$ 4+00	U.	18	0.4	43	23	155	67	<5	0,334	

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.

130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada



Geochemical Lab Report

REPORT: V94-0	0862.0 (COM	(PLETE)						ATE PRIN ROJECT:		PAGE 5
SAMPLE	ELEMENT	Au30	Ag	Cu	Рb	Zn	As	Sb	Нg	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NUMBER	UNITS	PPB	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	
s1 L3+00s 5+0	OW	9	0.3	46	32	171	105	6	0.307	
S1 L3+00S 6+0		7	<0.2	58	10	110	33	<5	0.136	
\$1 L3+00\$ 6+5	014	12	<0.2	71	27	138	51	<5	0.218	
s1 L3+00s 7+0	0H	11	<0.2	60	18	111	34	<5	0.159	
51 L5+00S 0+0	0₩	<5	0.4	21	25	108	23	7	0.135	
\$1 L5+00\$ 0+5	ŨW	<5	<0.2	30	23	122	21	11	0.154	
S1 L5+00S 1+0	0W	<5	0.7	17	21	110	13	<5	0.068	
S1 L5+00S 1+5	ÛW	<5	<0.2	26	18	139	41	<5	0.040	
\$1 L5+00\$ 2+0	OW	15	<0.2	31	31	141	47	<5	0.159	
s1 L5+00s 2+5	OW	<5	<0.2	37	12	84	8	<5	0,123	
s1 L5+00s 3+0	0₩	6	<0.2	12	9	117	<5	<5	0.071	
s1 L5+00s 3+5	OW	9	0.8	36	29	349	76	<5	0.264	
s1 L5+00s 4+0	OW	17	<0.2	66	33	191	36	<5	D.421	
S1 L5+00S 4+5	0H	12	0.6	41	19	199	31	<5	0.225	
\$1 L5+00\$ 5+0	0₩	<5	<0.2	23	13	89	7	<5	0.062	
S1 BL 0+00		8	<0.2	31	17	123	11	<5	0.132	
S1 BL D+50N		11	0.2	83	27	113	75	6	0.136	
S1 BL 1+00N		19	<0.2	39	16	117	32	<5	0.095	
S1 BL 2+50N		27	<0.2	38	17	68	29	<5	0.082	
S1 BL 3+00N		14	<0.2	28	13	75	<5	<5	0.096	
S1 BL 3+50N		15	<0.2	39	15	65	<5	<5	0.127	
S1 BL 4+00N		<5	<0.2	28	19	84	10	<5	0.173	
S1 BL 4+50N		18	<0.2	22	15	81	<5	<5	0.078	
S1 BL 5+00N		<5	<0.2	24	19	130	7	<5	0.082	
\$1 BL 7+50N		<5	<0.2	29	14	96	12	<5	0.070	
S1 BL 8+00M		9	<0.2	48	23	155	5	<5	0.091	
\$1 BL 8+50N		<5	<0.2	33	15	95	<5	<5	0.099	
\$1 BL 9+00N		25	<0.2	27	15	108	7	<5	0.062	
S1 BL 9+50N		63	<0.2	32	17	111	22	<5	D.100	
S1 BL 10+00N		<5	<0.2	38	11	66	<5	<5	0.166	
S1 BL 10+50N		<5	<0.2	44	7	55	<5	<5	0.081	
S1 BL 11+00N		<5	<0.2	39	13	85	13	<5	0.116	
S1 BL 11+50N		<5	<0.2	41	10	73	<5	<5	0.062	
S1 BL 12+00N		<5	<0.2	36	11	72	<5	<5	0.098	
ST BL 12+50N		<5	<0.2	31	21	104	<5	<5	0.083	
				•••••				••••••		

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd. 130 Pemberion Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071



Geochemical Lab Report

REPORT: V94-0	0862.0 (COM	(PLETE)	l					ROJECT:	NTED: 16-AUG-94 90707	PAGE 6
STANDARD	ELEMENT	Au30	Ag	Çu	₽b	Zn	As	sb	Hg	
NAME	UNITS	PPB	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	PP₩	PPM	
LOW AU STANDA	RÐ	17	-	-	•	-	•	-	•	
LOW AU STANDA	RD	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
LOW AU STANDA	RD	16	-	-	•	-	-	-		
Number of Ana	lyses	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mean Value		16.7	-	-	•	•	-	-	-	
Standard Devi	ation	0.58	-	•	-	-		-	-	
Accepted Value	e	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
BCC GEOCHEM S			<0.2	98	14	87	£	<5	0.038	
BCC GEOCHEM S		-	<0.2	96 95	14	86	6 <5	<5	0.029	
		_	2	2	2	2	z	2	2	
Number of Ana Mean Value	())=>	-	0.10	2 96.5	12.1	ے 86.6	4.1	2.5	0.0338	
Standard Devia	ation	-	<0.001	2.09	2.47	0.58	2.32	<0.01		
Accepted Value	•		0,7	90	11	80	8	1	0.035	
BCC GOLD STD S	90-3	775				-		-		
		775 799				-		-		
BCC GOLD STD 9	90-3		- - -	- - -			-	-	- - - -	
BCC GOLD STD 9 Number of Anal	90-3	799	- - - - -	-	-		-	- - - -	- - - - - -	
BCC GOLD STD S BCC GOLD STD S Number of Anal Mean Value Standard Devia	90-3 Lyses	799 2	- - - - - -						- - - - - -	
BCC GOLD STD 9 Number of Anal Mean Value	90-3 lyses ation	799 2 786.9	- - - - - 68.6	- - - - - - -		- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - - -	
BCC GOLD STD S Number of Anal Mean Value Standard Devia	90-3 lyses ation	799 2 786.9 16.99	- - - - 68.6		· - - - - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	-	- - - - -	
BCC GOLD STD S Number of Anal Mean Value Standard Devia Accepted Value	90-3 Lyses ation	799 2 786.9 16.99	- - - - 68.6	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - - - <0.010	
BCC GOLD STD S Number of Anal Mean Value Standard Devia Accepted Value ANALYTICAL BLA	90-3 Lyses ation	799 2 786.9 16.99 765		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		
BCC GOLD STD S Number of Anal Mean Value Standard Devia Accepted Value ANALYTICAL BLA ANALYTICAL BLA	90-3 Lyses ation e NK NK	799 2 786.9 16.99 765 765	<0.2					-	<0.010	
BCC GOLD STD S Number of Anal Mean Value Standard Devia Accepted Value ANALYTICAL BLA ANALYTICAL BLA	90-3 Lyses ation e NK NK NK	799 2 786.9 16.99 765 765 <5 <5	<0.2 <0.2	<1	<2	<1	<5	<5	<0.010 <0.010	
BCC GOLD STD S Number of Anal Mean Value Standard Devia	90-3 Lyses ation e NK NK NK NK	799 2 786.9 16.99 765 765 <5 <5	<0.2 <0.2 <0.2	<1 <1	<2 <2	<1 <1	<5 <5	<5 5	<0.010 <0.010 <0.010	
BCC GOLD STD S Number of Anal Mean Value Standard Devia Accepted Value AnalyTICAL BLA ANALYTICAL BLA ANALYTICAL BLA ANALYTICAL BLA	90-3 Lyses ation e NK ANK ANK ANK ANK	799 2 786.9 16.99 765 765 <5 <5	<0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2	<1 <1 <1	<2 <2 <2	<1 <1 <1	<5 <5 <5	<5 5 <5	<0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010	
BCC GOLD STD S Number of Anal Mean Value Standard Devia Accepted Value AnalyTICAL BLA ANALYTICAL BLA ANALYTICAL BLA ANALYTICAL BLA ANALYTICAL BLA	90-3 Lyses ation e NK NK NK NK	799 2 786.9 16.99 765 765 <5 <5	<0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2	<1 <1 <1 <1	<2 <2 <2 <2 <2	<1 <1 <1 <1	<5 <5 <5 <5	<5 5 <5 <5	<0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010	
BCC GOLD STD S Number of Anal Mean Value Standard Devia Accepted Value ANALYTICAL BLA ANALYTICAL BLA ANALYTICAL BLA ANALYTICAL BLA ANALYTICAL BLA	90-3 Lyses ation e NK NK NK NK	799 2 786.9 16.99 765 765 <5 <5 - - - - -	<0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2	<1 <1 <1 <1 <1	<2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2	<1 <1 <1 <1 <1	<5 <5 <5 <5 <5	<5 5 <5 <5	<0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010	
BCC GOLD STD S Number of Anal Mean Value Standard Devia Accepted Value AnalyTICAL BLA ANALYTICAL BLA ANALYTICAL BLA	90-3 Lyses ation e NK NK NK NK NK Lyses	799 2 786.9 16.99 765 765 <5 <5 - - - - - - 2	<0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2	<1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 6	<2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2	<1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 6	<5 <5 <5 <5 <5 <5 <5	<5 5 <5 <5 <5 6 2.9	<0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 6	

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd. 130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071



Geochemical Lab Report

REPORT: V94-00					F	PROJECT: 90707		PAGE 7		
STANDARD	ELEMENT	АЦЗО	Ag	Cu	۴b	Ζn	As	Sb		
NAME	UNITS	PPB	PPM	₽₽М	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	
BCC GEOCHEM ST			<0.2	279	31	242	25	<5		
BCC GEOCHEM ST		-	0.6	324	33	260	32	<5	0.037	
Number of Anal	yses	-	Ż	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Mean Value		-	0.34	301.4	32.0	250.9	28.5	2.5	0.0354	
Standard Devia	ation	-	0.344	31.92	1.28	12.37	5.13	<0.01	0.00246	
Accepted Value	2	-	0.5	290	33	255	30	1	0.030	
HIGH GOLD STAN		451	-	•	•	-	•	-	-	
HIGH GOLD STAN		494	-	•	-		-	-	-	
Number of Anal	yses	2	-	•	-	-	-	-	•	
Mean Value		472.6	-	-	•	•	-	-	-	
Standard Devia	tion	30.57	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	
Accepted Value		500	-	-	-	-	•	-	•	
BCC GEDCHEM ST BCC GEDCHEM ST Number of Anal Mean Value Standard Devia	D 3 yses	- - - - -	7.0 6.4 2 6.71 0.409	908 903 2 905.5 3.54	237 229 2 233.0 5.31	535 538 2 536.4 2.02	311 296 2 303.4 10.69	50 45 2 47.6 3.16	3.706 3.655 2 3.6807 0.03607	
Accepted Value		-	5.0	820	250	500	320	50	3.550	

130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071



Geochemical Lab Report

REPORT: V94-008	362.0 (COM	PLETE)						TE PRINT	PAGE 8	
SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	РЬ РРМ	Zn PPM	As PPM	Sb PP#I	Hg PPM	
10254		65	18.3	20	37	20	92	19	0.846	
Duplicate		64	20.6	15	28	18	81	19	0.896	
10870		<5	<0.2	43	9	75	522	23	0.038	
Duplicate			0.4	46	5	70	494	27	0.038	
11736		16	<0.2	37	29	123	85	10	0,588	
Prep Duplicate		14	<0.2	45	23	111	47	10	0.552	
L0+00N 2+00W		6	<0.2	31	11	105	<5	<5	0.066	
Duplicate		<5								
Prep Duplicate		14	<0.2	45	23	111	47	10	0.552	
Duplicate			<0.2	44	22	102	63	10	0.574	
L2+00N 0+00W Duplicate		<5 <5	<0.2	62	8	73	<5	<5	0.075	
popricate		~~~								
L2+00N 4+00W Duplicate		12	<0.2 <0.2	48 56	15 16	115 130	50 57	<5 6	0.169 0.177	
			NU.2	0	10	150	, ,	5	0.117	
L4+00N 1+00W Duplicate		13 13	<0.2	61	21	129	72	9	0.189	
papercate						•••••				
L4+00N 3+50W Duplicate		<5	<0.2 <0.2	75 70	9 14	84 86	<5 9	<5 6	0.032 0.041	
				,0		~	,	Ũ	01041	
L7+00N 3+00W Duplicate		8	<0.2 <0.2	71 67	21 27	395 384	34 28	9 5	0.292 0.274	
vupricare					L ,					
L7+00N 3+50W		<5 <5	<0.2	50	14	193	18	<5	0.165	
Duplicate		<5								
L11N 2+50W		<5	<0.2 <0.2	57 59-	15	112	<5	<5 <5	0.060 0.068	
Duplicate			<0.2	24.	15	116	6	<>	0.000	
L13N 1+50W		<5 <5	<0.2	87	19	171	<5	<5	0.097	
Duplicate		<5								
L1+005 4+00¥		22	2.0	64	71	151	905	16	1.137	
Duplicate			1.9	63	71	149	887	14	1.148	
L2+DOS 1+OOW Duplicate		<s <5</s 	<0.2	36	16	64	<5	<5	0.123	
oup() cale										
12+005 6+00W		12	<0,2	94	17	160	28	<5	0.201	

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.

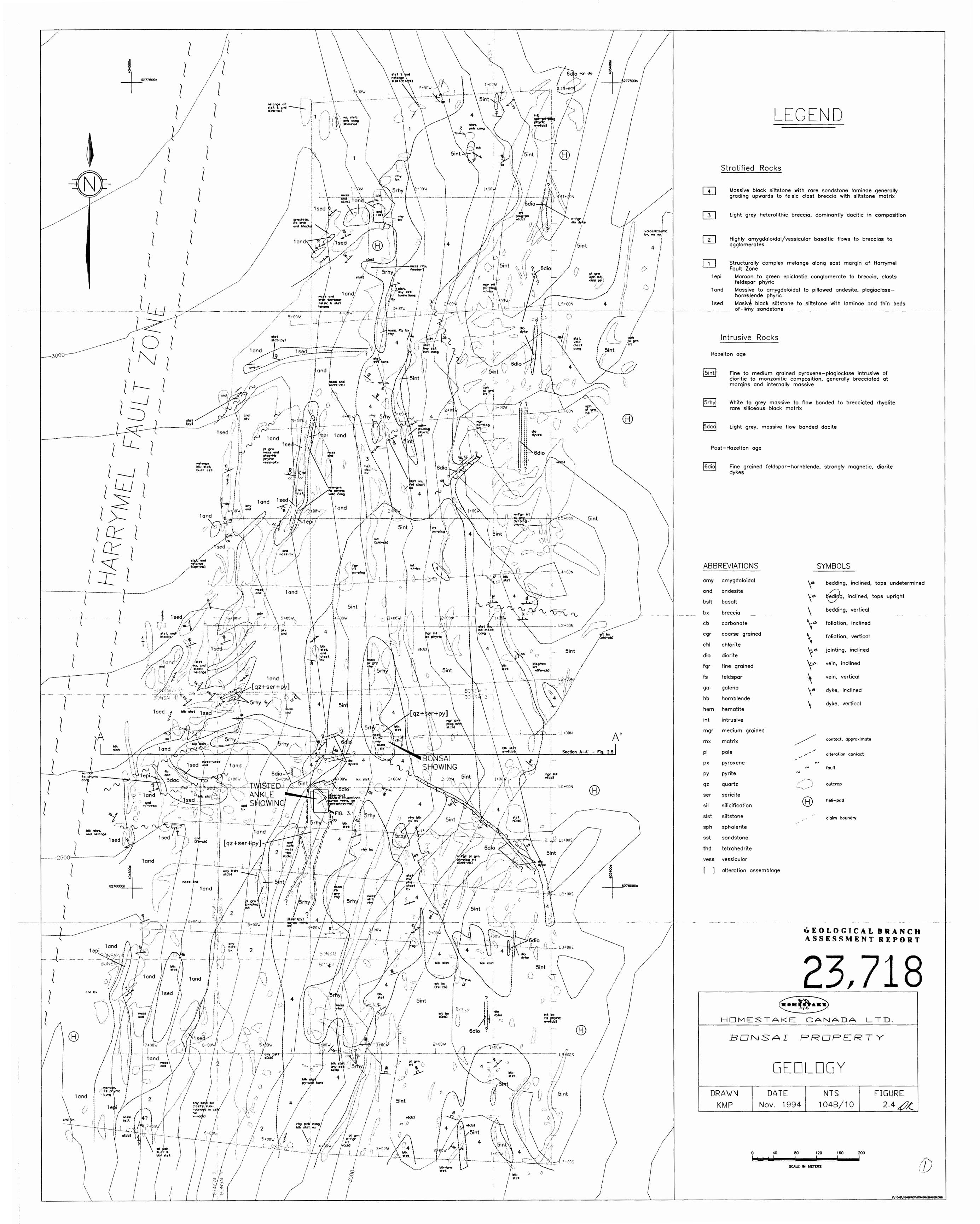
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada

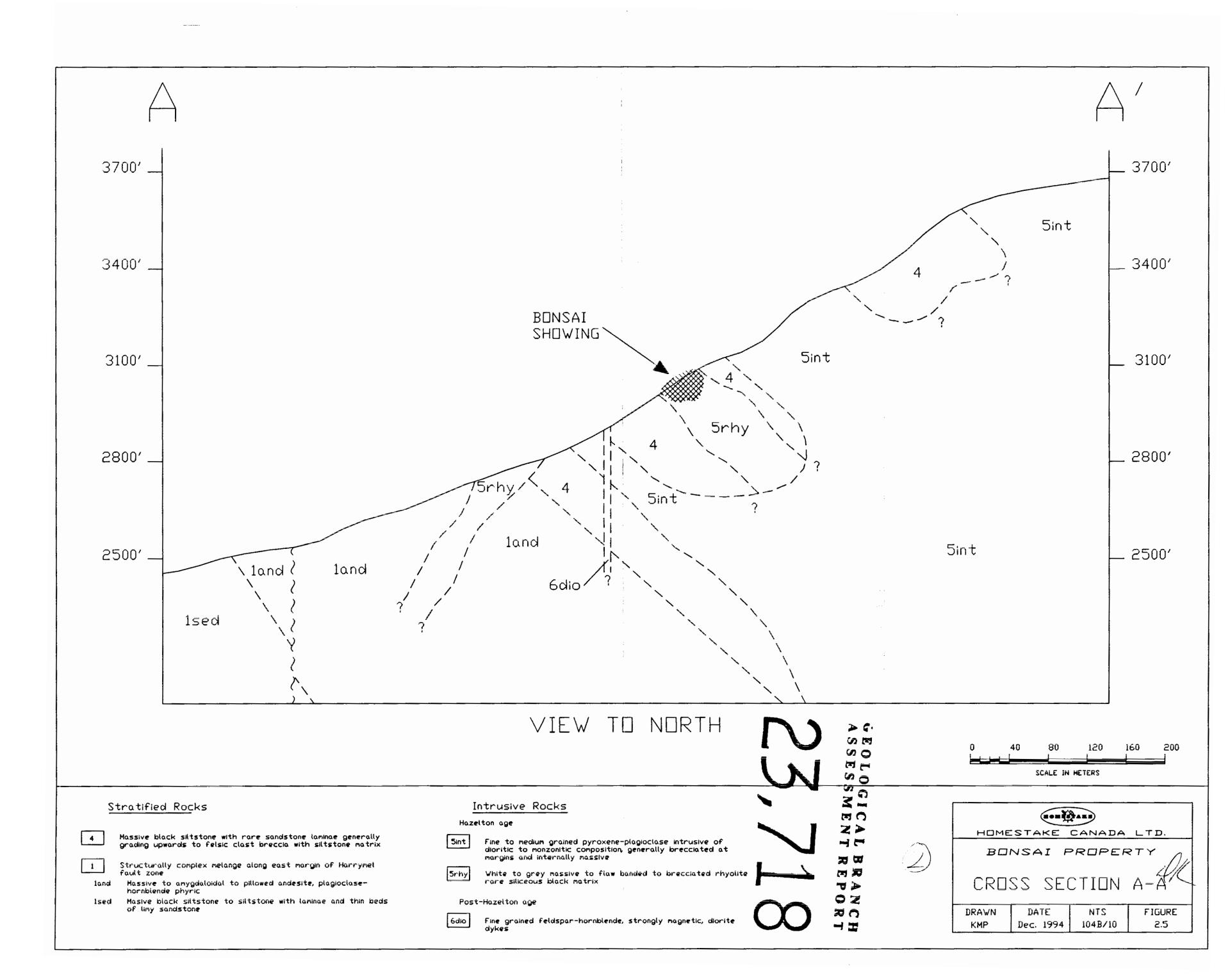


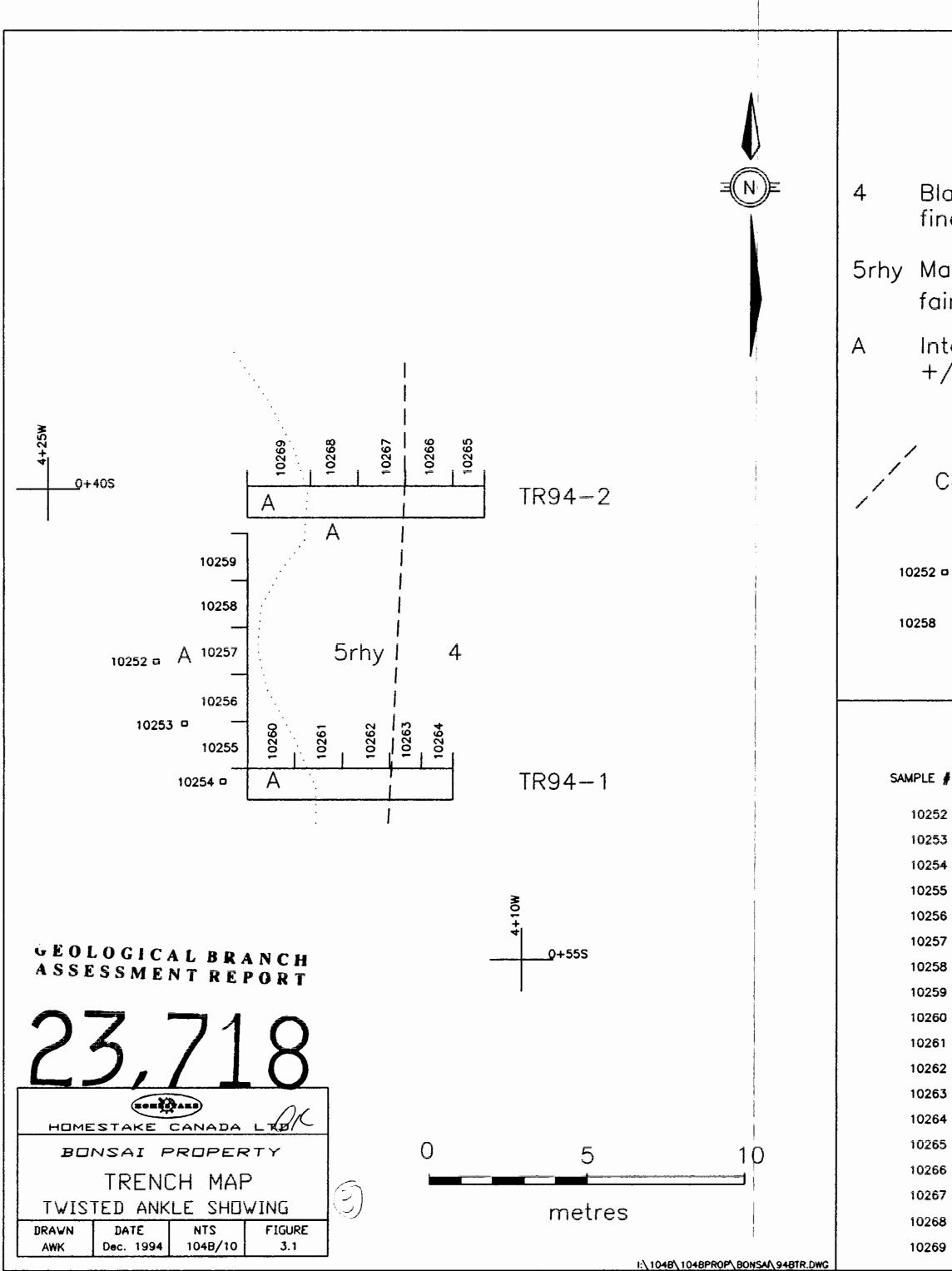
Geochemical Lab Report

REPORT: V94-00862.0 (COMPLETE)							PROJECT: 90707			PAGE 9
SAMPLE	ELEMENT	Au30	Ag	Cu	Рb	Zn	As	Sb	Hg	· ·····
NUMBER	UNITS	PPB	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	
L3+005 6+50W		12	<0.2	71	27	138	51	<5	0.218	
Duplicate		12								
L5+00s 1+00W		<5	0.7	17	21	110	13	<5	0.068	
Duplicate			0.6	17	20	711	22	<5	0.068	
BL 8+00N		9	<0.2	48	23	155	5	<5	0.091	
Duplicate		6								
BL 8+50N		<5	<0.2	33	15	95	<5	<5	0.099	
Duplicate			<0.2	34	12	95	<5	<5	0.111	

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd. 130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071







<u>LEGEND</u>

Black calcareous siltstone with 10 to 50% finely disseminated pyrite.

5rhy Massive grey rhyolite altered to ser+qz+py faint feldspar-phyric texture.

Intense ser+qz+py alteration with <1 cm qz-py +/- sph-gal-tet stockwork veining.

Contact

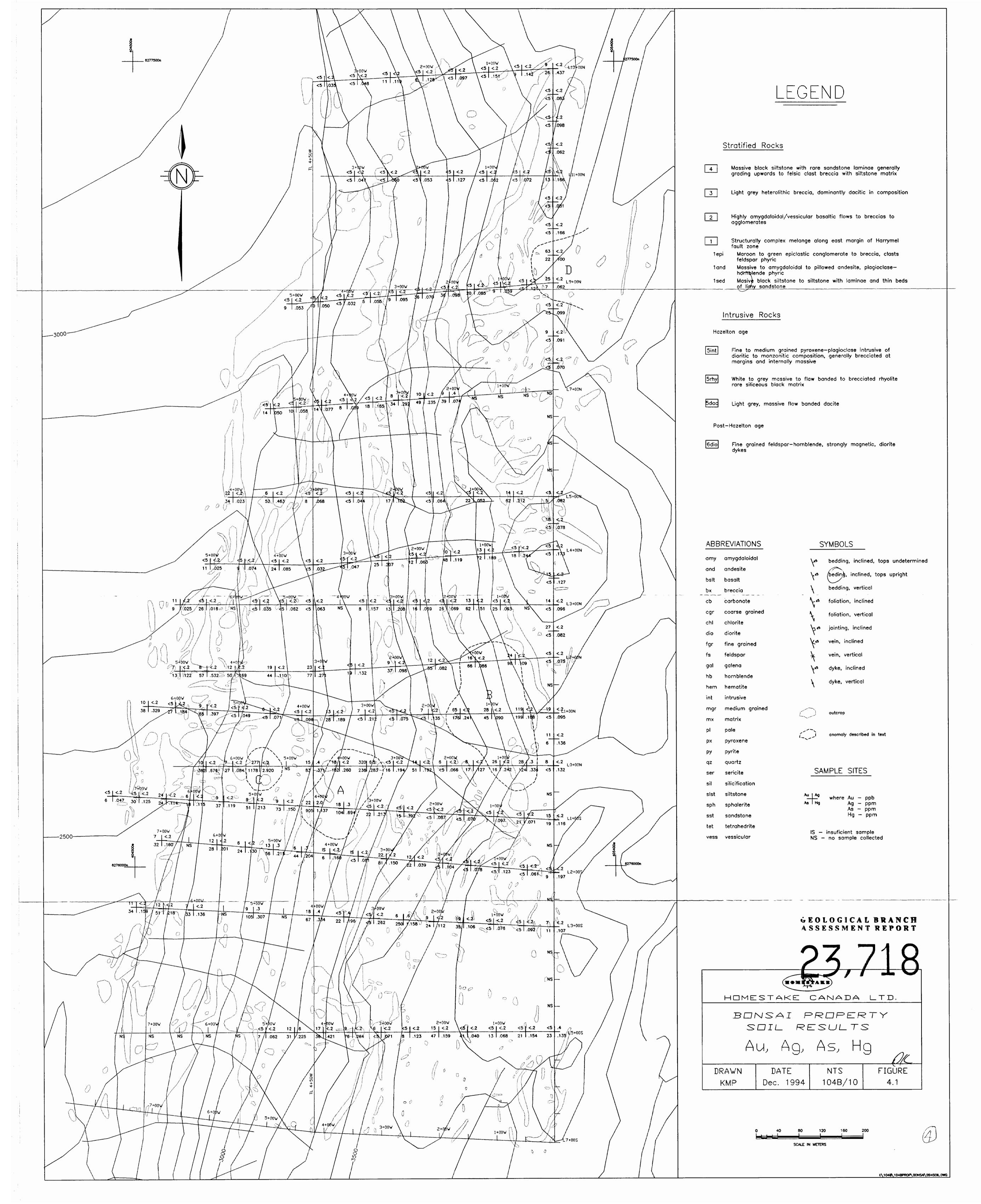
.

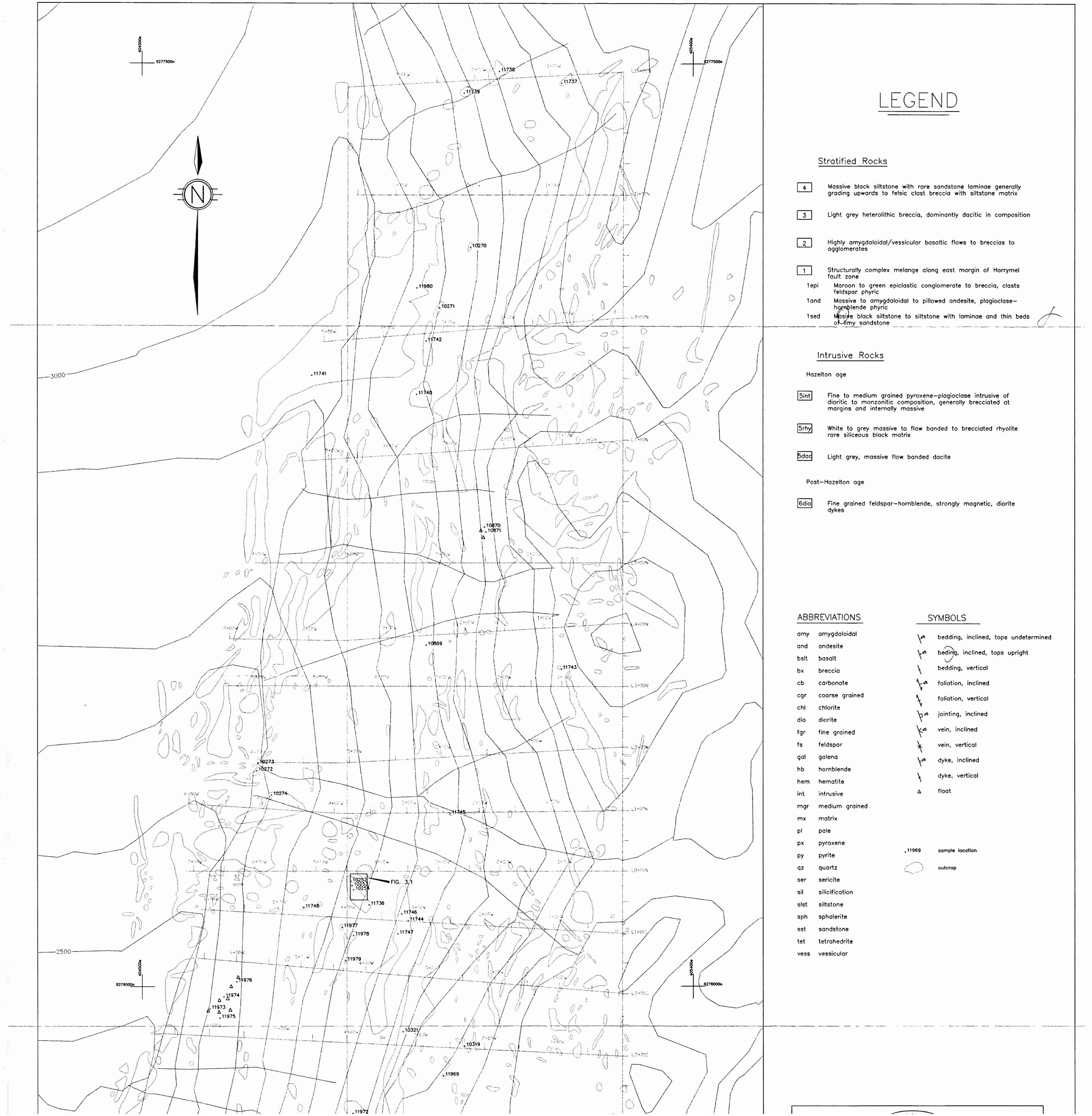
Outcrop boundary

- ² Grab sample
- Sample from trench or chip line

ASSAY VALUES

LE 🗍	Au(ppb)	Ag(ppm)	Cu(ppm)	Pb(ppm)	Zn(ppm)	As(ppm)	Sb(ppm)	Hg(ppm)	
)252	68	5.3	35	40	21	350	15	0.280	
)253	64	10	12	182	113	115	12	0.375	
)254	65	18.3	20	37	20	92	19	0.846	
)255	21	3	21	84	230	91	11	0.186	
0256	64	12.2	16	42	40	95	17	0.353	
0257	96	14.3	17	61	190	187	19	0.562	
0258	65	11.5	9	42	26	72	13	0.27 9	
)259	21	5.4	14	28	16	69	7	0.186	
)260	429	7.2	37	569	15 6	276	14	0.183	
261	37	6	28	47	30	151	13	0.192	
262	10	1.7	19	27	63	168	-5	0.125	
263	12	0.5	47	22	208	608	24	0.384	
264	7	-0.2	38	37	201	94	6	0.198	
265	-5	-0.2	45	38	129	88	6	0.250	
266	13	-0.2	26	21	74	82	17	0.521	
267	11	1.5	21	28	92	188	11	0.234	
268	6	1.1	21	25	64	90	12	0.218	
269	20	3.1	21	31	100	134	6	0.173	





3.1

1

 $\mathbf{X}_{\mathbf{y}}$