



TITLE OF REPORT [type of survey(s)] Geophysical-Induced Polarization/Resistivity	TOTAL COST \$119,770
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AUTHOR(S) Lorne A. Bond SIGNATURE(S) *Lorne Bond*

NOTICE OF WORK PERMIT NUMBER(S)/DATE(S) KAM94-1500444-173 YEAR OF WORK 1994

STATEMENT OF WORK - CASH PAYMENT EVENT NUMBER(S)/DATE(S)  
Nos. 3063242 and 3063244 filed Dec. 9, 1994

PROPERTY NAME Highland Valley Copper - Highmont Tailings Pond Area

CLAIM NAME(S) (on which work was done) Lynn 4-5, Lynn FR, Jericho 2, 3, 5, 14, 15, Cu Nos 17-20, Gaza 1, 2, Sheba No 23-24, #25-26, Ind 1-3, 5-9, Ind 4 FR, Ind 10 FR, DO #6, DO 4FR, DO 6FR, Ann # 17FR, Colin Fraction, Stevie Fraction, Mikey Fraction

COMMODITIES SOUGHT Cu, Mo

MINERAL INVENTORY MINFILE NUMBER(S), IF KNOWN

MINING DIVISION Kamloops/Nicola NTS 92I/7W, 92I/10W

LATITUDE 50 ° 28 ' . . . LONGITUDE 120 ° 41 ' . . . (at centre of work)

OWNER(S)

1) Highland Valley Copper Corp. 2) \_\_\_\_\_

MAILING ADDRESS

Box 1500

Logan Lake, B.C.

VOK 1W0

OPERATOR(S) [who paid for the work]

1) Highland Valley Copper Corp. 2) \_\_\_\_\_

MAILING ADDRESS

PROPERTY GEOLOGY KEYWORDS (lithology, age, stratigraphy, structure, alteration, mineralization, size and attitude):

Induced Polarization/Resistivity surveys over portions of the calc-alkaline Guichon Batholith of Triassic age. Exploration target is porphyry type copper molybdenum sulfide mineralization.

REFERENCES TO PREVIOUS ASSESSMENT WORK AND ASSESSMENT REPORT NUMBERS 3639, 2181, 2052, 922

TYPE OF WORK IN THIS REPORT	EXTENT OF WORK (IN METRIC UNITS)	ON WHICH CLAIMS	PROJECT COSTS APPORTIONED (incl. support)
<b>GEOLOGICAL (scale, area)</b>			
Ground, mapping _____			
Photo interpretation _____			
<b>GEOPHYSICAL (line-kilometres)</b>			
<b>Ground</b>			
Magnetic _____			
Electromagnetic _____			
Induced Polarization _____	87.1 km	Lynn, Jericho	\$65,868
Radiometric _____			
Seismic _____			
Other _____			
<b>Airborne</b> _____			
<b>GEOCHEMICAL</b>			
(number of samples analysed for ...)			
Soil _____			
Silt _____			
Rock _____			
Other _____			
<b>DRILLING</b>			
(total metres; number of holes, size)			
Core _____			
Non-core _____			
<b>RELATED TECHNICAL</b>			
Sampling/assaying _____			
Petrographic _____			
Mineralographic _____			
Metallurgic _____			
<b>PROSPECTING (scale, area)</b> _____			
<b>PREPARATORY/PHYSICAL</b>			
Line/grid (kilometres) _____	105.44 km	Lynn, Jericho	\$53,902
Topographic/Photogrammetric (scale, area) _____			
Legal surveys (scale, area) _____			
Road, local access (kilometres)/trail _____			
Trench (metres) _____			
Underground dev. (metres) _____			
Other _____			
			<b>TOTAL COST</b>
			\$119,770

LOG NO:	JAN 26 1995	U
ACTION:		
FILE NO:		

**INDUCED POLARIZATION AND RESISTIVITY REPORT**

on the

Lynn 4-5, Lynn FR, Jericho 2, 3, 5, 14, 15,  
Cu Nos 17-20, Gaza 1, 2, Sheba No 23-24, #25-26,  
Ind 1-3, 5-9, Ind 4 FR, Ind 10 FR, DO #6, DO 4 FR,  
DO 6 FR, Ann # 17 FR, Colin Fraction, Stevie Fraction,  
Mikey Fraction

**Mineral Claims**

**Highmont Tailings Pond Area**

**KAMLOOPS MINING DIVISION  
NICOLA MINING DIVISION  
NTS 92 I/7W, 92 I/10W**

Latitude 50° 28'

Longitude 120° 41' W

for

**Highland Valley Copper Corp.  
Box 1500  
Logan Lake, BC  
V0K 1W0**

Report By

Lorne A. Bond

Logan Lake, BC

January 20, 1995

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Figure 8 - Chargeability/Resistivity Pseudosections Lines 3600 - 4800 W	

## **1. Introduction**

During the period April 12 to July 15, 1994, a program of induced polarization and resistivity surveys was conducted over a portion of the property holdings of the Highland Valley Copper partnership. The grid was centered around the tailings impoundment area of the former Highmont operation.

The Highmont Tailings Pond Area grid is located in the Highland Valley Area of British Columbia some 10 kilometers west of the town of Logan Lake, and immediately adjacent to the active mining operations of Highland Valley Copper. Figure 1 shows the general location of the survey grid and Figure 2 illustrates the position of the grid relative to the mineral claim holdings at Highland Valley Copper. Earlier geophysical work in this area has been reported in assessment reports 3639, 2181, 2052, and 922.

The objective of the survey was to test for large tonnage, porphyry type sulfide mineralization in the grid area. This report describes procedures used for this survey, presents the data, and discusses the results.

Expenditures on this program have been applied to property mineral claims on Statement of Work 3063242 (Group HVC 94-1) and 3063244 (Group HVC 94-2) filed on December 9, 1994.

## **2. Survey Parameters and Equipment**

Daryl Calder of Cranbrook was contacted to carry out the grid preparation program. Line cutting commenced on the Highmont Tailings Area grid on April 12. Maps of the completed grids with actual gridline locations were prepared by the contractor. A total of 105.44 kilometers of gridlines, baselines, and tielines were cut and chained on the Highmont area grid.

The contract for the IP/Resistivity survey was awarded to Scott Geophysics Ltd. of Vancouver. Field work on the Highmont Tailings area grid began on May 31 and was completed on July 12. Surveying was continuous with the exception of a one week period from June 23-30, when the transmitter was out for repair and the field crew returned to Vancouver. A total of 87.1 line kilometers of data were collected on the Highmont grid on 17 east-west gridlines.

The exploration target was a large tonnage, low grade, porphyry copper system. For this reconnaissance type program, the gridlines were 300 meters apart. A pole-dipole array was used for the IP/Resistivity surveys, with an electrode spacing of  $a = 100$  meters and separations of  $n = 1-6$ . The on-line current electrode was to the west of the potential electrode on the Highmont Tailings Area grid.

A Scintrex TSQ4-10 kw transmitter and a Scintrex IPR-12 receiver were utilized in a 2 second ON/OFF mode with the receiver measuring between 120 and 1,020 msec after current interruption.

### **3. Data Presentation**

The chargeability and resistivity results are presented in standard pseudosection format and as contour plans for the triangular filtered values. The results for each survey line are displayed in standard pseudosection form for chargeability expressed in mV/V (Ma for 120 - 1,020 msec) and apparent resistivities in ohm-m. Horizontal scale is 1:10,000 and contours are at 2.5 mV/V and 250 ohm-m increments for chargeability and apparent resistivity respectively. The results are also presented in contour plan for the averaged values of chargeability and resistivity. The average values were obtained using a moving triangular filter comprising one  $n=1$  to six  $n=6$  values. The weighting factor for each data point is one. The average value is therefore emphasizing the effects of deeper  $n$ -separations, thereby minimizing the effects of overburden and/or near surface weathering effects.

### **4. Descriptions of Results and Conclusions**

On the Highmont Tailings Area grid, background chargeabilities are in the  $5 \pm 1.5$  mV/V range, which can be considered as non-anomalous. A set of anomalies were obtained trending from Line 2100 N - Station 1800E across the grid in a NNE direction, the strongest response being at Line 3600 - Station 4300E. This narrow zone is a reflection of man-made infrastructure, including a 20 in. metal water pipe and pumping station.

One weak chargeability high was recorded in the northwest corner of the grid on Lines 3600N and 3900N. This weak anomaly ties into the Sheba mineralized zone covered in a 1984 Cominco IP survey. The strongest response was 8.5 mV/V for n=2 on line 3900N - Station 1900E. Sufficient drilling has been done in this area to reveal the source as sporadic vein type mineralization. Limited drilling and surface work has previously been carried out at scattered locations on this grid. However, the current survey does not suggest any anomalous Cu-Mo sulphide concentrations indicative of a large tonnage porphyry system.

Resistivities range from 300 to 1,200 ohm-m with most values near the lower end. Locally, higher values are recorded with most of these along the eastern edge of the grid; some are weakly associated with topography. The lowest values are recorded over the tailings pond and along Line 4800N; this is along the southern edge of the valley. The resistivity data indicates a structure running ENE through Line 3000N - Station 4000E.

92-I/7

121°00'

643000m. E.

44

45

46

47

55.48

48

49

1:

50°30'

5595000m. N.

L 5500

94

93

92

91

90

89

88

87

86

85

B.L. 2400 E

TP 18 R. 22 W 6

BETHLEHEM EAST GRID

6600 N

INDIAN RESERVE 14

INDIAN RESERVE 15

TP 17 R. 22 W 6

HIGHMONT TAILINGS AREA GRID

B.L. 3000 E

ON

Gnawed L

GNAWED MTN

Tupper

Billy Lake

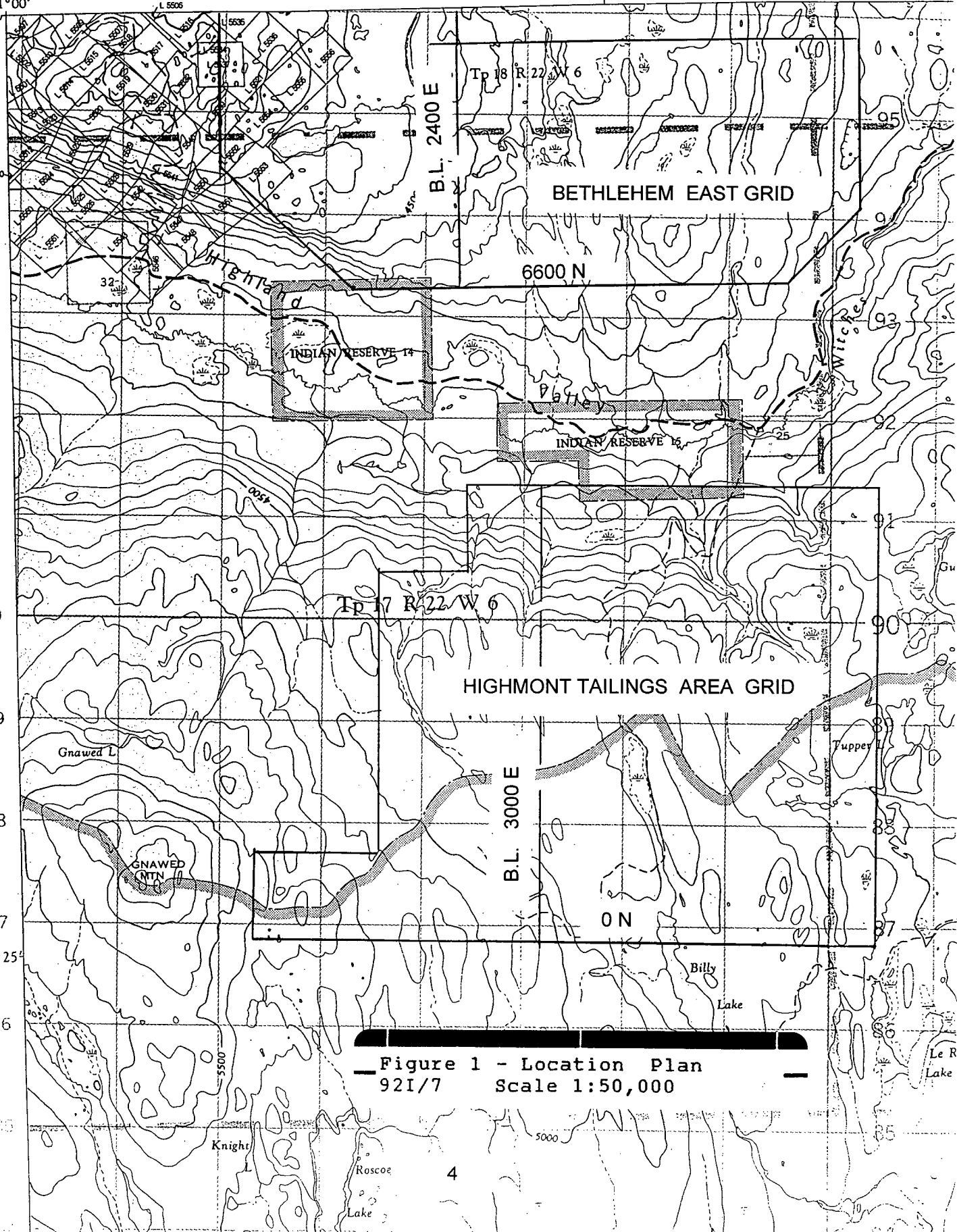
Le R Lake

Knight

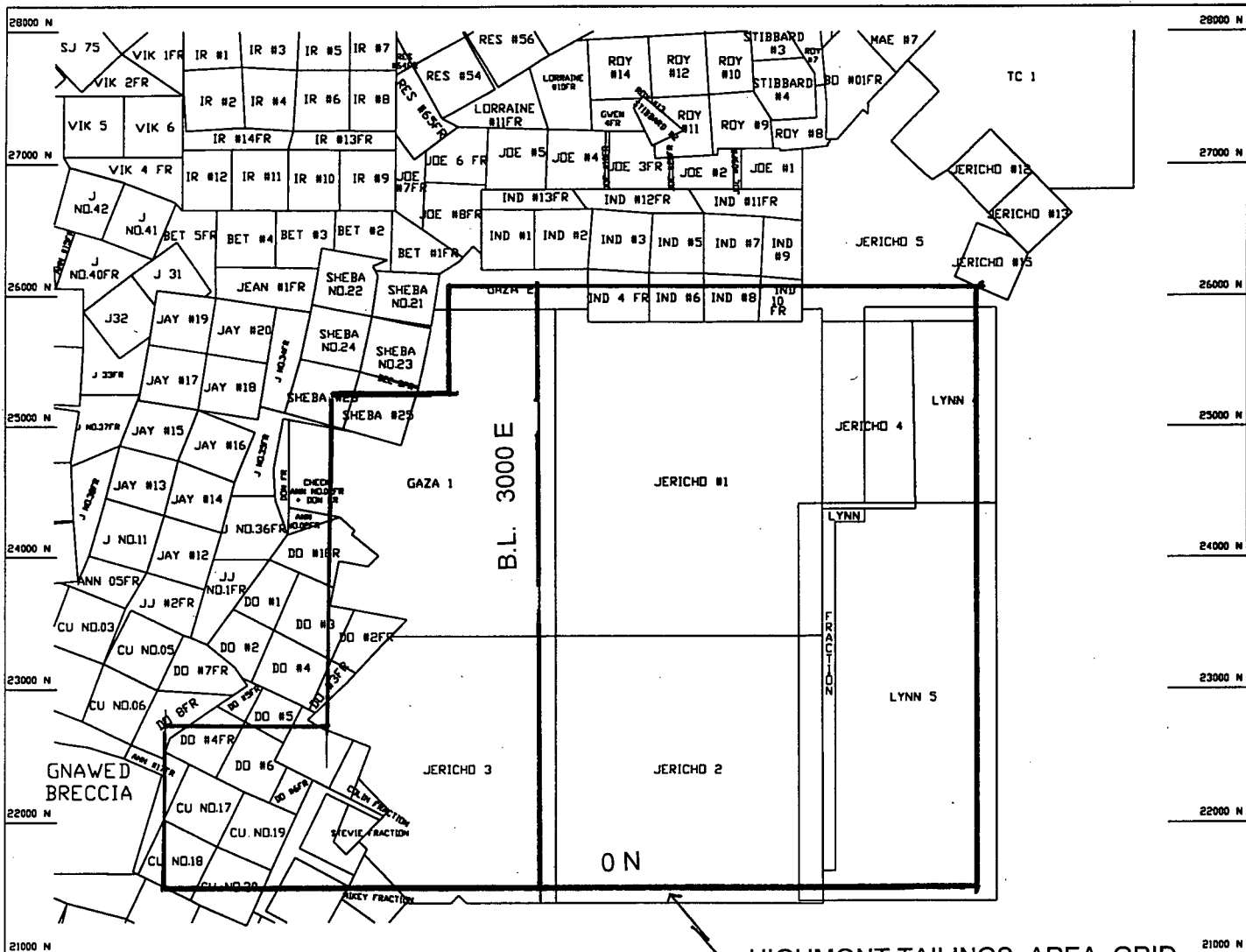
Roscoe Lake

4



Figure 1 - Location Plan  
92I/7 Scale 1:50,000







HIGHMONT TAILINGS AREA GRID

		Highland Valley Copper	
<b>HIGHMONT TAILINGS AREA CLAIM AND GRID LOCATION</b>			
DRAWN	K.L.B.	CHECKED	
DATE	11 JAN 1995	SCALE	1:5000
			 2 T.C.

**5. Statement of Costs**  
**Highmont Tailings Area Grid**

Linecutting - grid preparation - 105.44 kilometers

Daryl Calder and associates

\$ 53,902

Geophysics

IP/Res survey - 87.1 kilometers

conducted by Scott Geophysics Ltd.

63,368

Project management planning,

supervision, report preparation

Lorne Bond, HVC, 10 days @ \$250/day

2,500

\$ 119,770

## Statement of Qualifications

I, **Lorne Allan Bond**, of the city of Kamloops, British Columbia do hereby certify that:

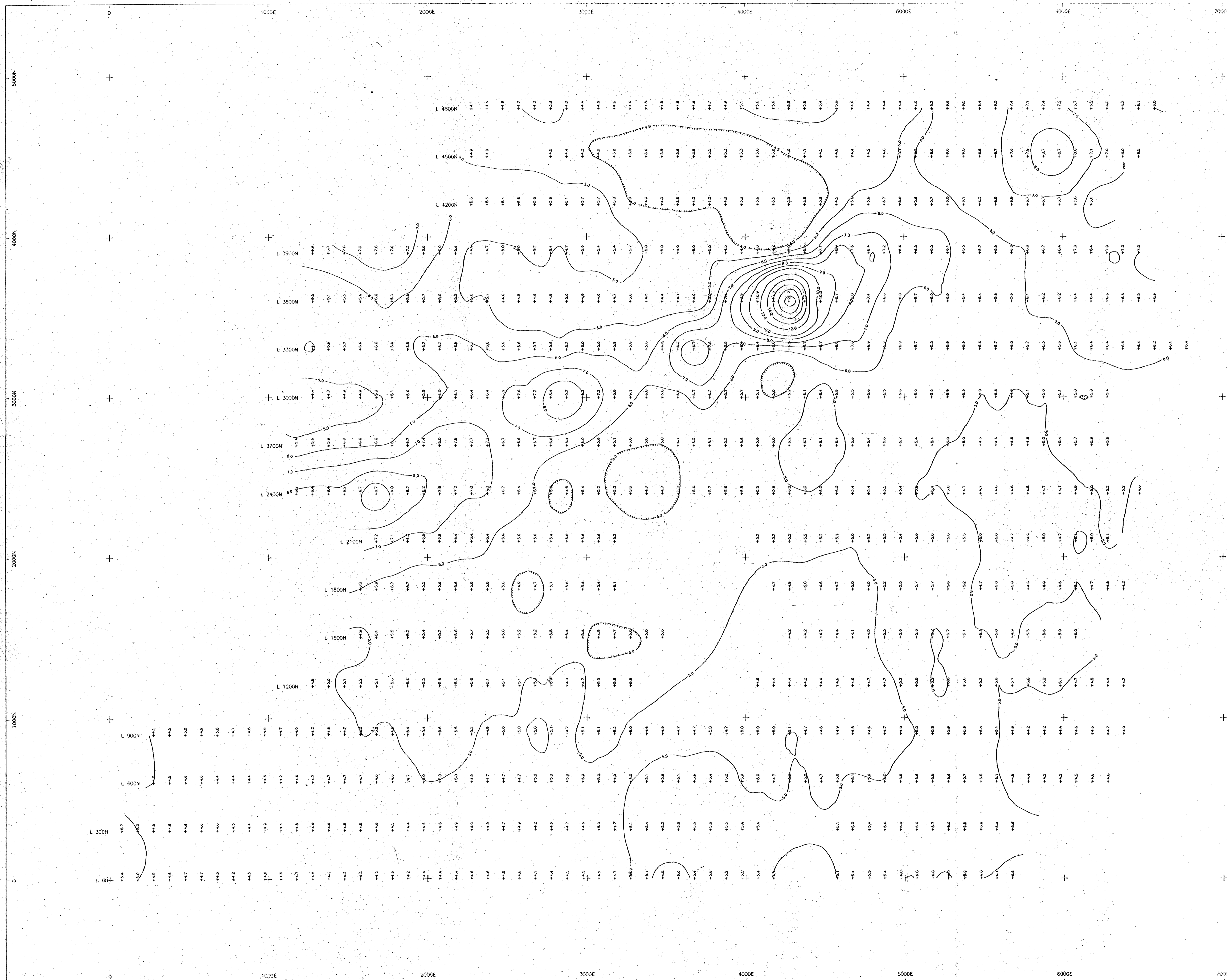
1. I am a qualified, Practicing Geologist.
2. I am a graduate of Loyola College (Concordia University), with a B.Sc. (1967) in Geotechnical Sciences.
3. I have practiced my profession since 1967 while employed with Sherritt-Gordon Mines Ltd., Cominco, Afton Operating Corporation, and Highland Valley Copper.
4. This report describes geophysical exploration performed under my direction during the period April 12 - July 12, 1994.

Lorne A. Bond

Senior Mine Geologist

Highland Valley Copper

January 20, 1995



**SURVEY SPECIFICATIONS**

receiver: Scintrex IPR12  
 transmitter: TSQ4 (10 kw)  
 pulse time: 2 seconds  
 Mx receive window: 120-1020 msec

array: pole dipole  
 a spacing: 100 metres  
 n separations: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

current electrode located west of receiving electrodes (heading E)

Contoured value: Filtered Mx  
 Filtered values: n=1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

Contour intervals:  
 0.0 to 10.0: 1.0 msec  
 10.0 to 20.0: 2.0 msec

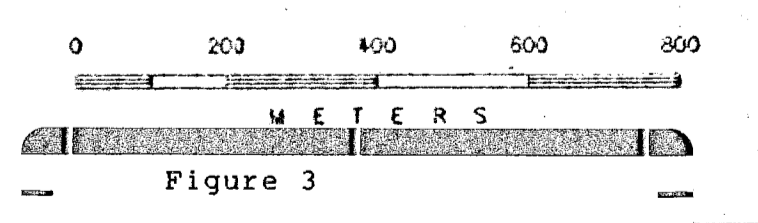
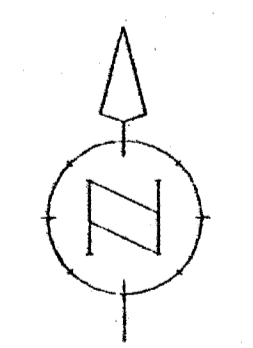
**NOTE:**  
 The plotting point for the filtered value is at the n=1 plotting point. The pseudosections must be referred to when assessing a given feature.

**Filter description:**  
 The filtered value gives equal weight to each of the n-separations, and is calculated at each n=1 data point. The filter has the effect of passing a triangle over the data set, such that one value is selected for n=1, two for n=2, three for n=3, etc.

The average of the averages for each of the n-separations is the filtered value for the given n=1 location.

Where there is only a partial set of data, such as at the ends of lines, the average for each n-separation is the average of the existing values.

**23743**



**HIGHLAND VALLEY COPPER**

HIGHMONT TAILINGS POND AREA  
 CHARGEABILITY CONTOUR PLAN  
 triangular filtered values  
 electrode spacing = 100 metres  
 first to sixth separation (n=1-6)

DRAWN BY: *ors* DATE: July/94  
 SCOTT GEOPHYSICS LTD





**SURVEY SPECIFICATIONS**

receiver Scintrex IPR12  
 transmitter 7504 (10 kw)  
 pulse time 2 seconds  
 Mx receive window 120-1020 msec

array pole dipole  
 a spacing 100 metres  
 n separations 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

current electrode located west of  
 receiving electrodes (heading E)

contoured value Filtered Res.  
 Filtered values n=1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6  
 Contour interval 100 ohm-metres

**NOTE:**  
 The plotting point for the filtered  
 value is at the net plotting point.  
 The pseudosections must be referred  
 to when assessing a given feature.

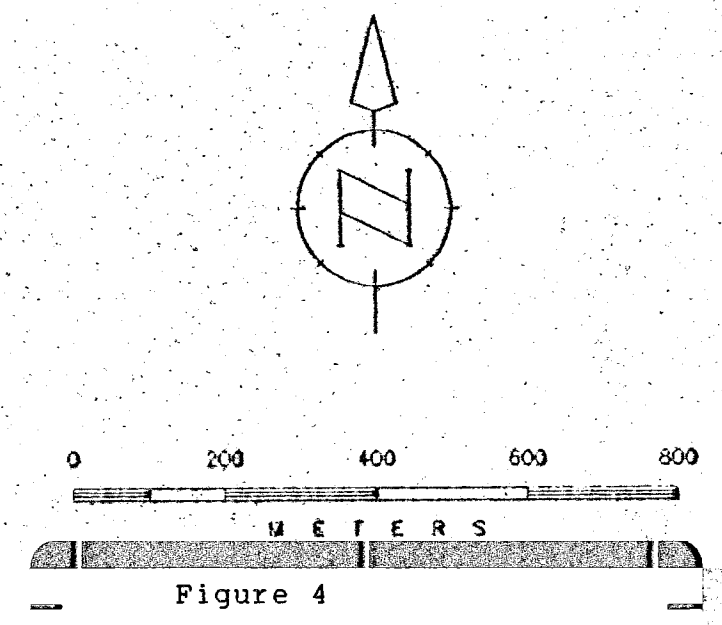
**Filter description:**  
 The filtered value gives equal weight  
 to each of the n-separations, and is  
 calculated at each n=1 data point.

The filter has the effect of passing  
 a triangle over the data set, such  
 that one value is selected for n=1,  
 two for n=2, three for n=3, etc.

The average of the averages for each  
 of the n-separations is the filtered  
 value for the given n=1 location.

Where there is only a partial set of  
 data, such as at the ends of lines,  
 the average for each n-separation is  
 the average of the existing values.

23743



**HIGHLAND VALLEY COPPER**

HIGHMONT TAILINGS POND AREA

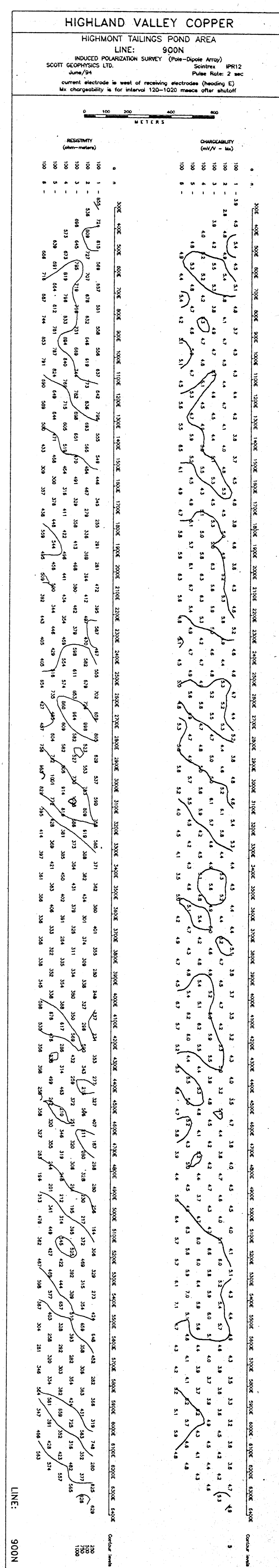
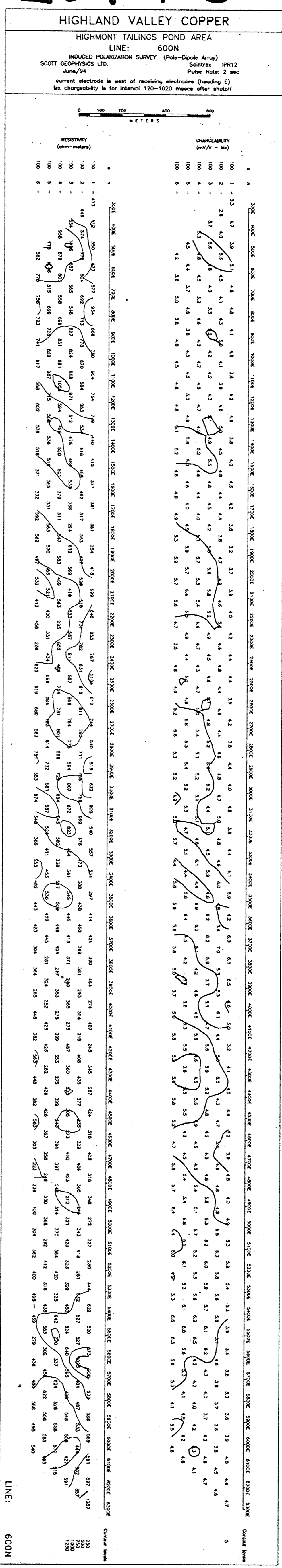
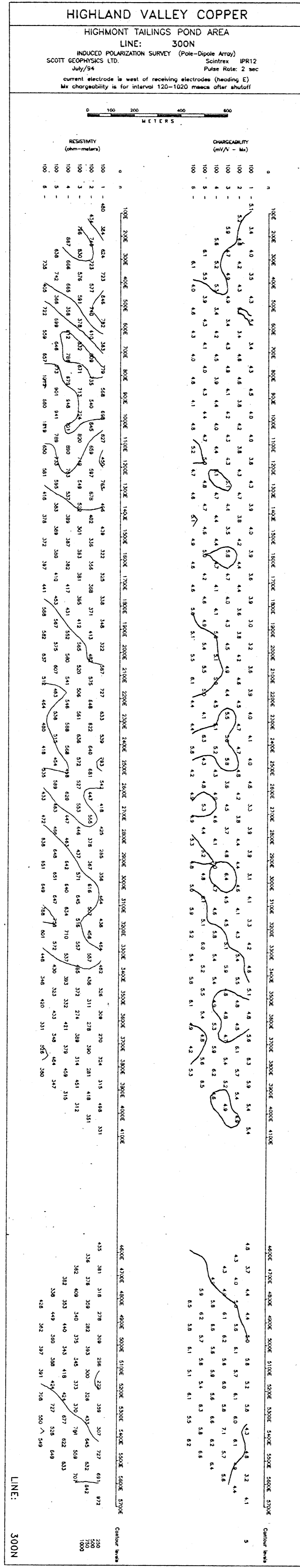
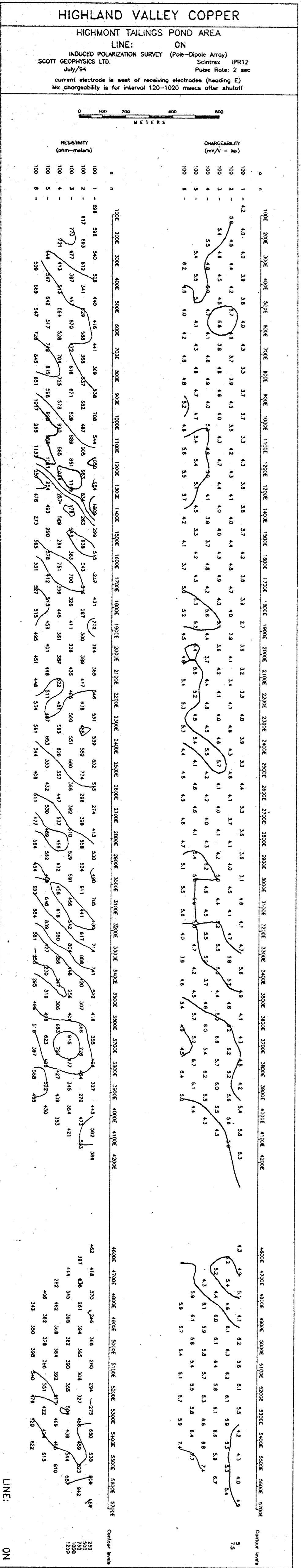
RESISTIVITY CONTOUR PLAN  
 triangular filtered values  
 electrode spacing = 100 metres  
 first to sixth separation (n=1-6)

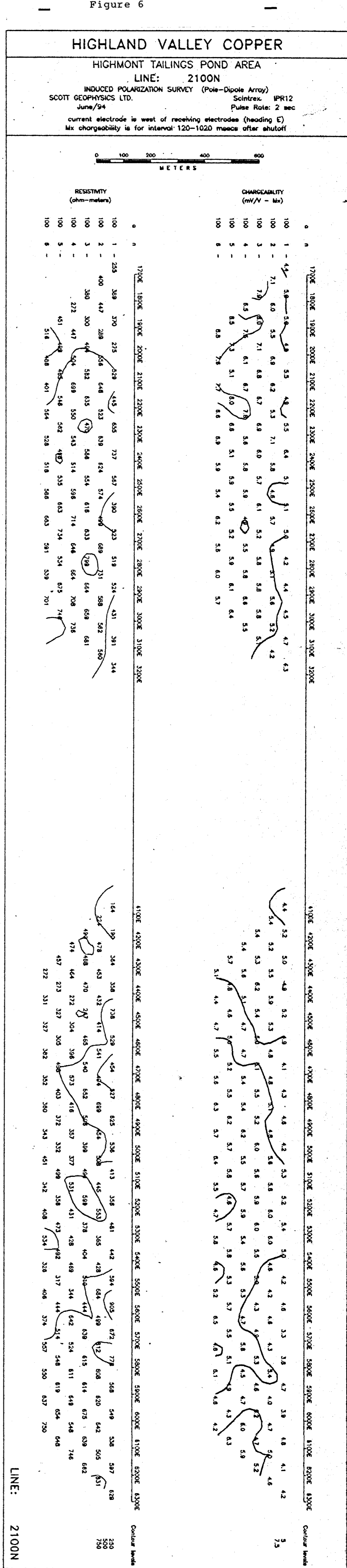
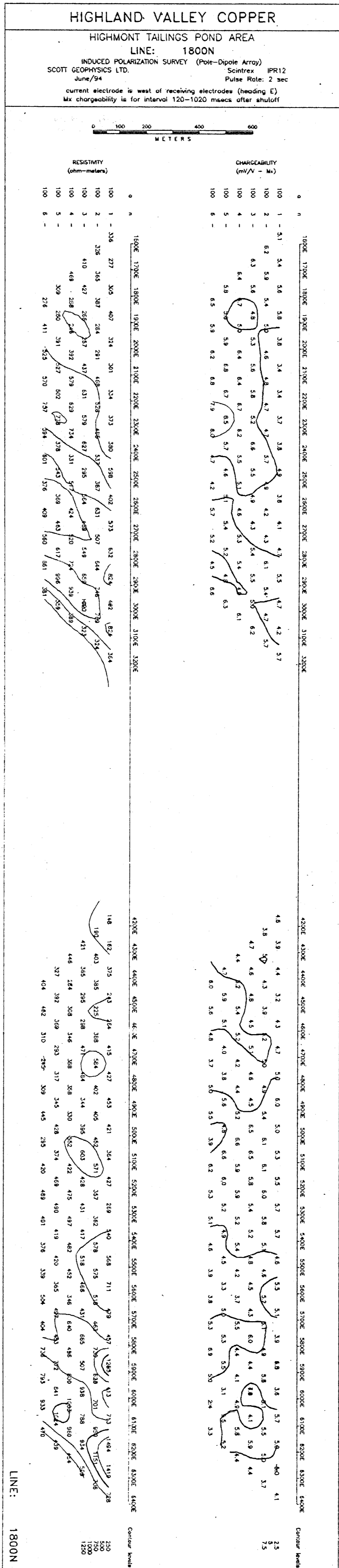
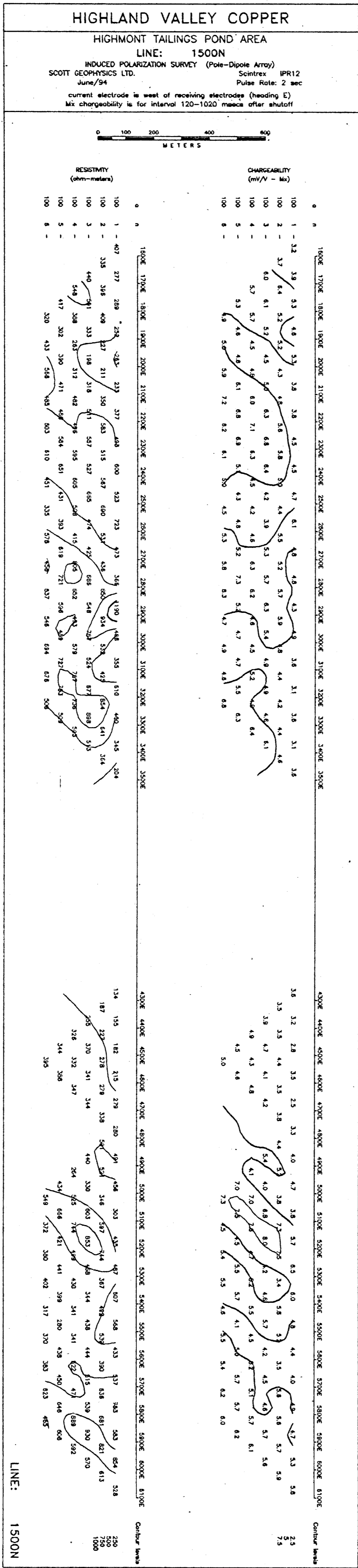
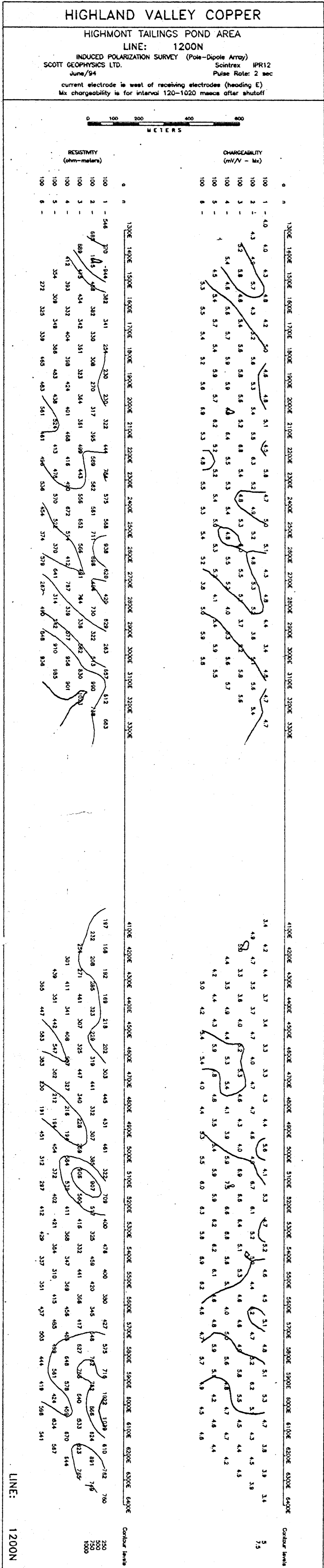
DRAWN BY: crs DATE: July/94  
 SCOTT GEOPHYSICS LTD



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Figure 5

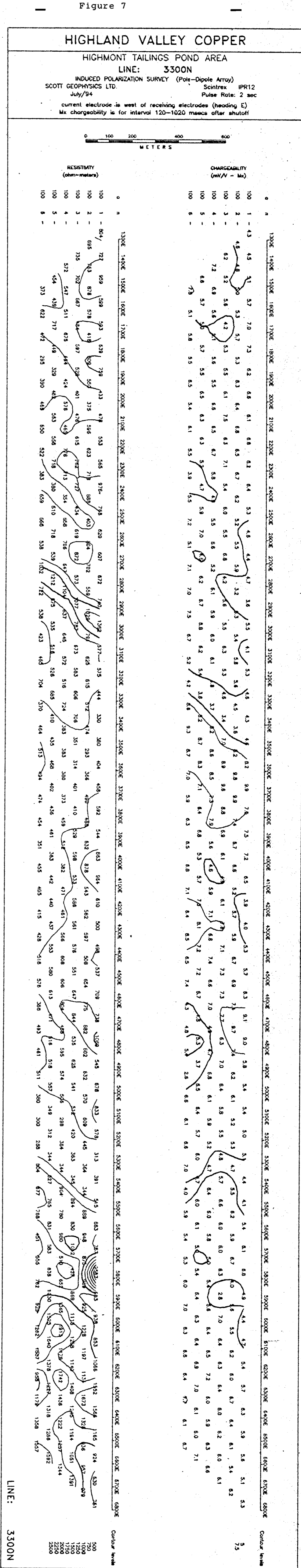
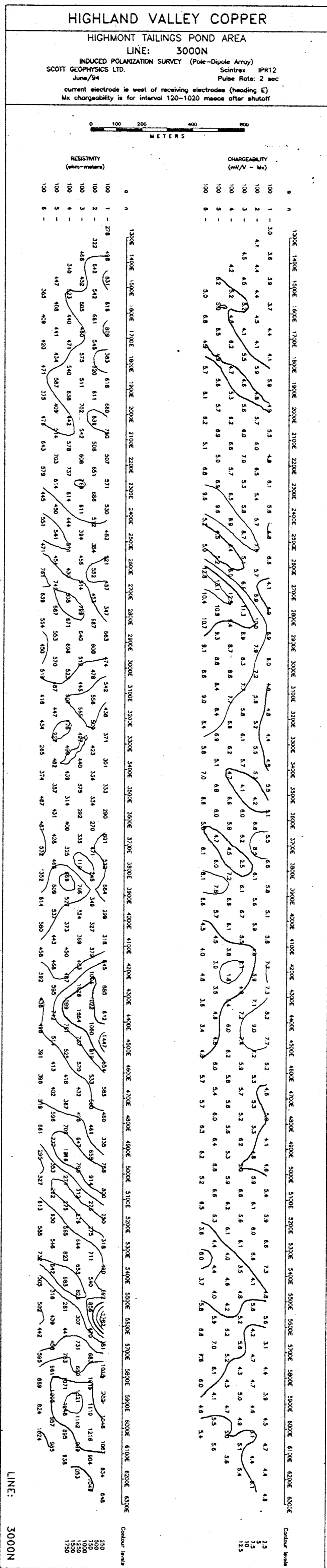
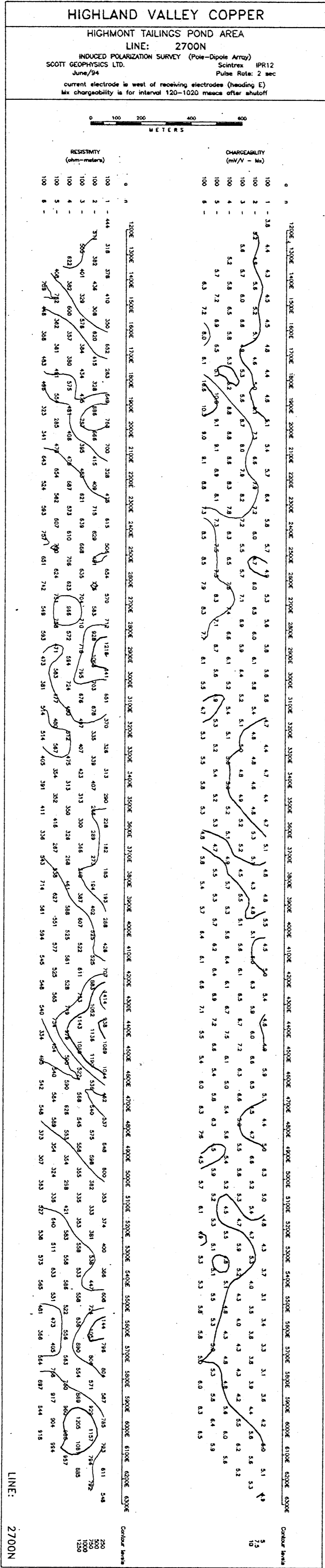
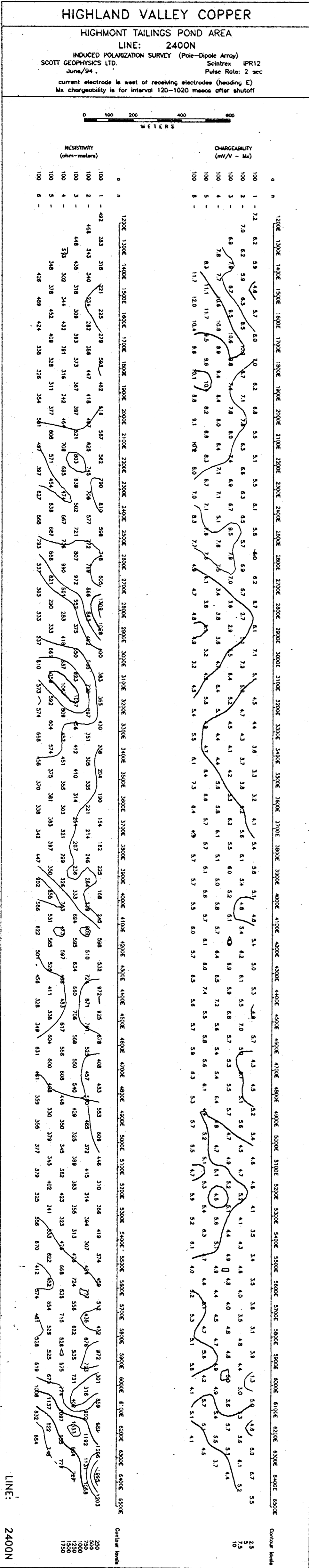




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Figure 6





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Figure 7



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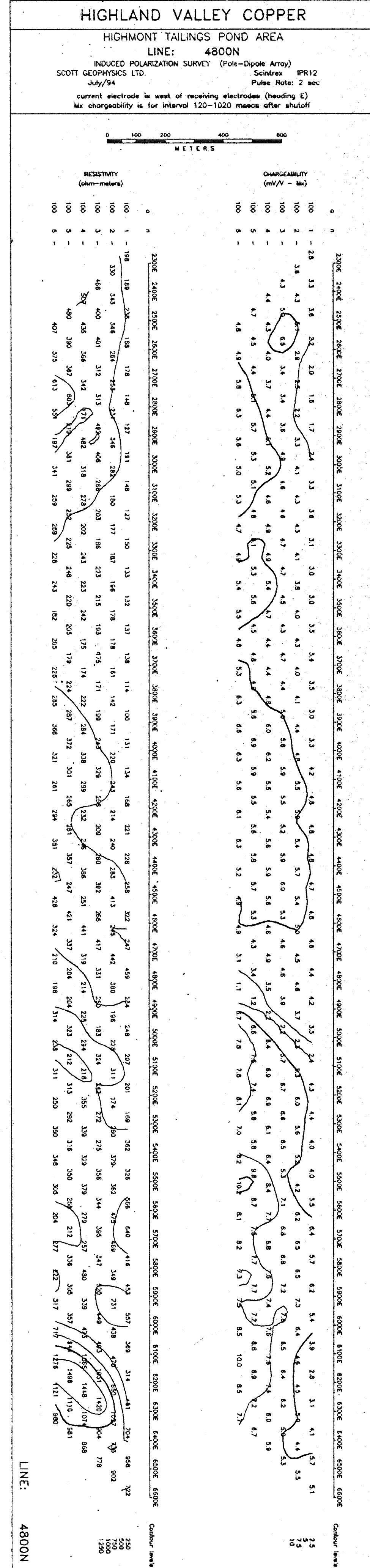
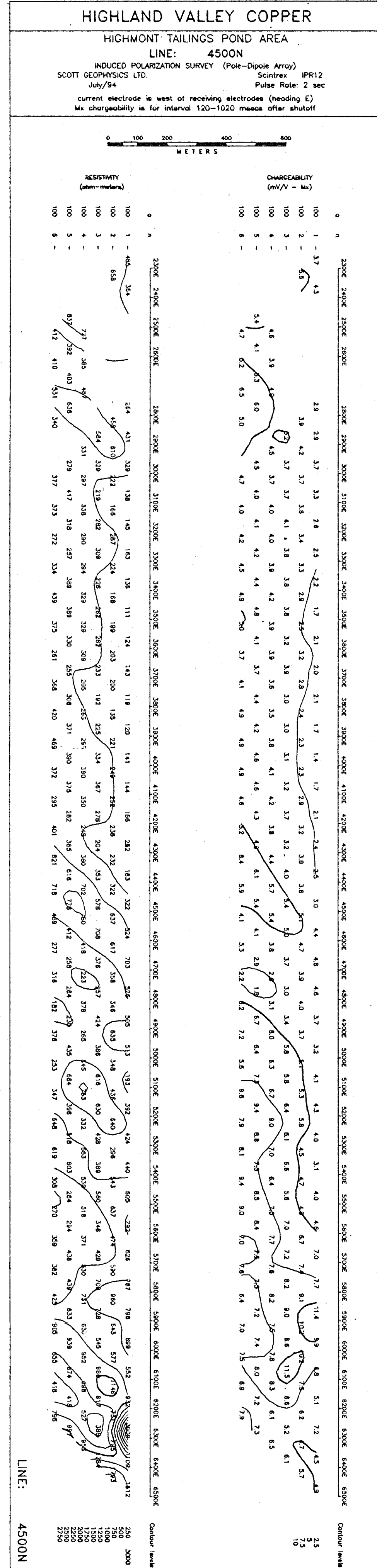
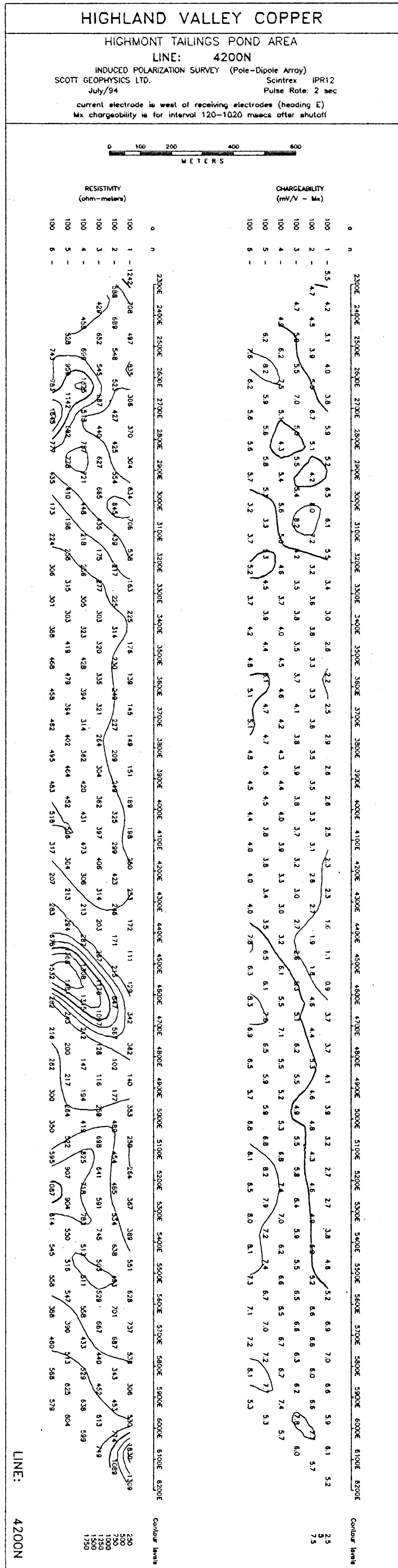
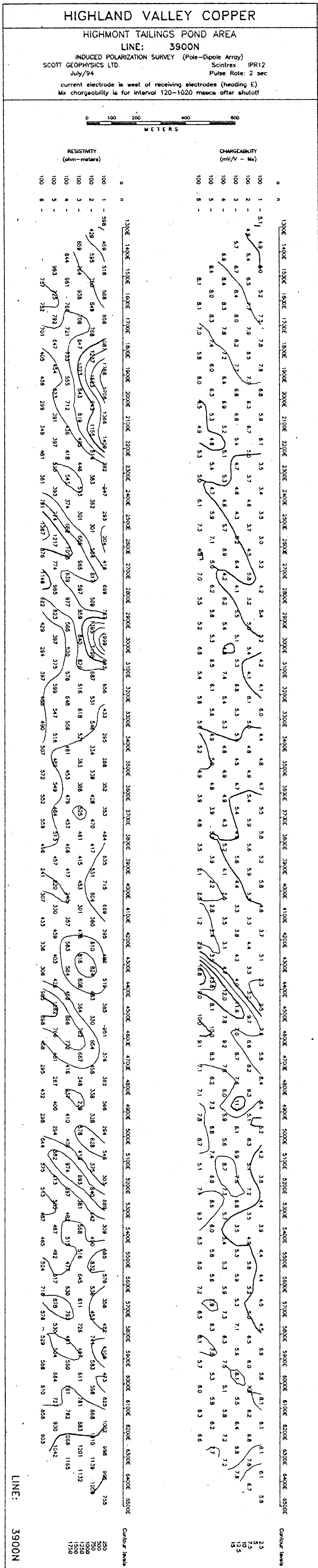
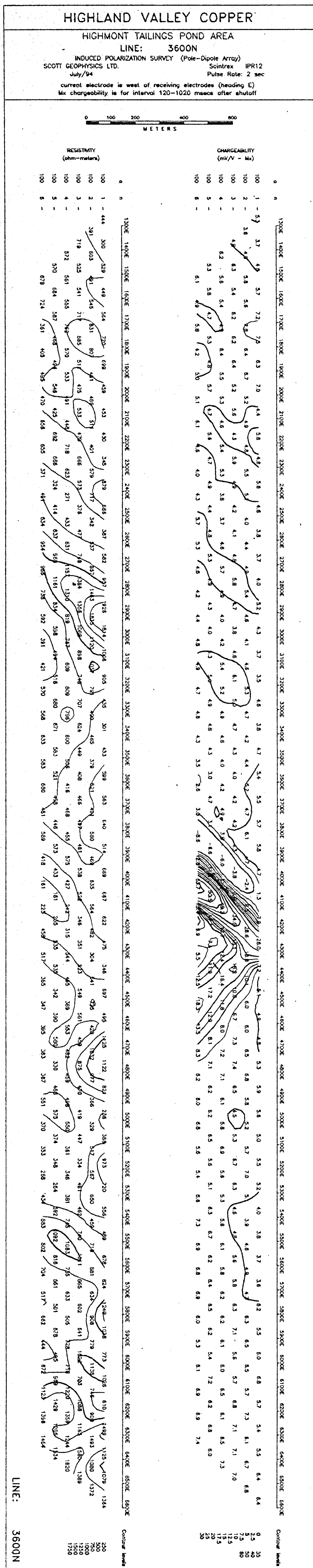


Figure 8