

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY BRANCH  
ASSESSMENT REPORTS

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ASSESSMENT REPORT

for the

**CORE, FIN, and DOC CLAIM GROUPS**

GOLDEN AND FORT STEELE MINING DIVISIONS, BC  
NTS 82F/16E, 82K/1E

Latitude 50°00'N. Longitude 116°12'W.

FILMED

Prepared for

**MINER RIVER RESOURCES LTD.**  
3010, 350-5TH Ave. S.W.  
Calgary, AB T2P 3C4

and

**EAGLE PLAINS RESOURCES LTD.**  
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by

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24,380

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
ASSESSMENT REPORTS

Submitted: January 20th, 1996

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## SUMMARY

The **Core, Fin, and Doc** claim groups were staked over the period from May through October, 1995, and consist of an extensive land-holding containing preCambrian miogeosynclinal sediments of the Belt Purcell Supergroup. Numerous base- and precious metal showings are documented within property boundaries, and form a framework for further exploration. The property is considered to hold significant potential for hosting "Sedex"-type base metal deposits, based on its geology, structure, and proximity to Cominco's Sullivan deposit, located 30km to the south.

The claims were staked in conjunction with a \$600,000 airborne geophysical survey conducted during the fall of 1995 by the G.S.C. and the B.C.G.S.. The claim area covers a total of 16% of the Findlay block survey coverage.

A cursory exploration program was conducted in late 1995, and consisted primarily of prospecting and stream-sediment sampling. Early snowfall caused the postponement of work at high altitudes for the season. A number of anomalous drainages were indicated, and will see follow-up work carried out in the future. As well, areas of Sullivan-type alteration were outlined, and will also be revisited.

A 100% interest in the claims was sold to Eagle Plains Resources Ltd., and Miner River Resources Ltd., two Calgary-based companies in November, 1995. These companies plan to undertake advanced exploration of the claims in the 1996 season, using data from the airborne survey.

## PROPERTY, DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

The Core, Fin, and Doc Claim Groups consists of a total of 267 claim units staked in accordance with the Modified Grid and Two-Post Grid Systems.. The claims are located approximately 30 km north of Kimberley, B.C., and lie within both the Fort Steele and Golden Mining Divisions on NTS mapsheets 82F/16 and 82K/1E. The property is centered at 50°00' N latitude, T16°12' W longitude (Figure 1 following page).

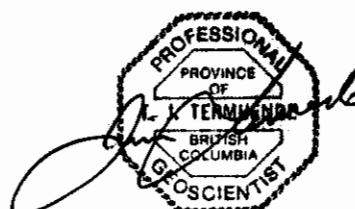
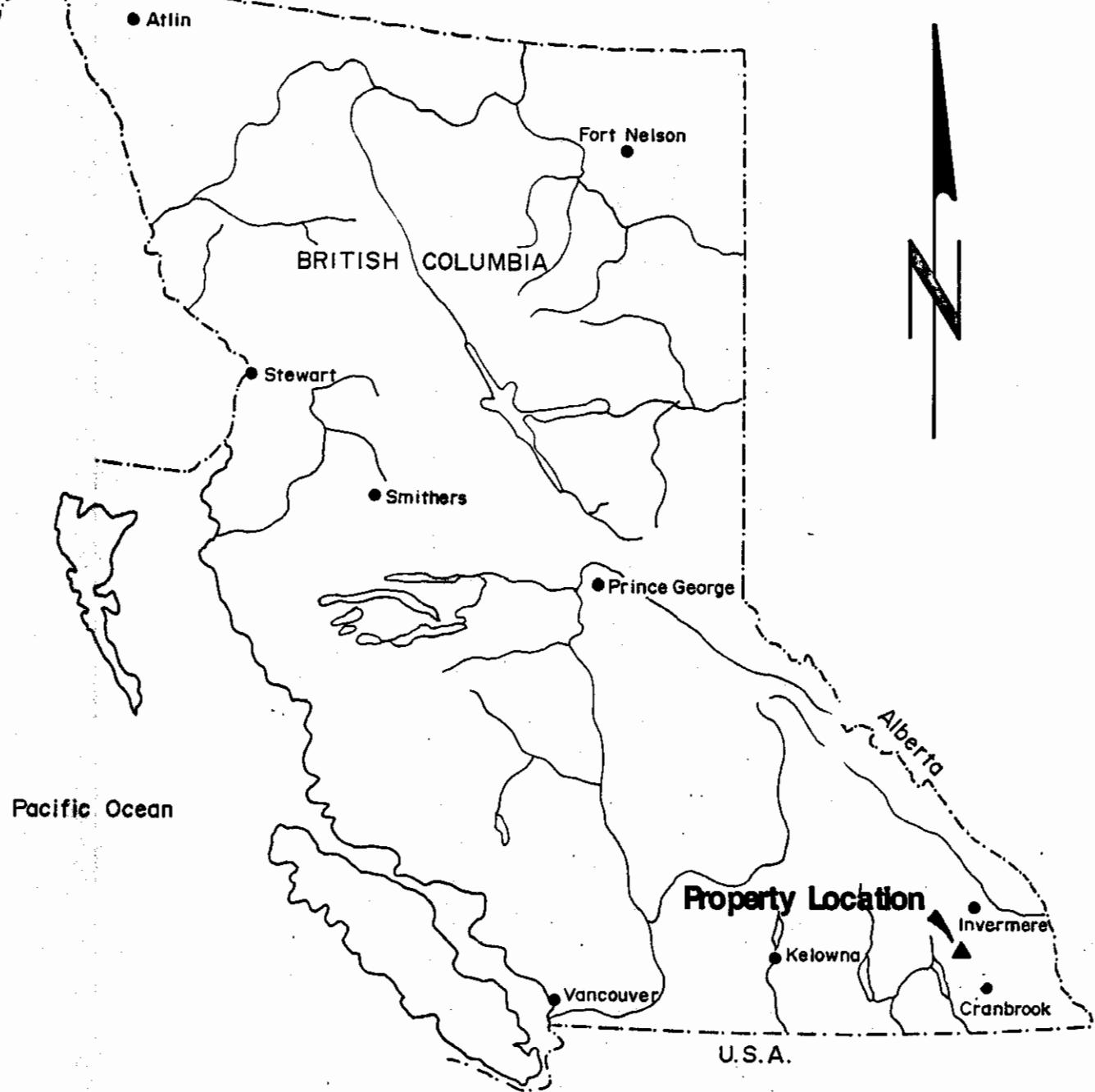
The claims cover an area of approximately 67 square km (16,611 acres), and are located along a topographic high between the Kootenay Lake valley and Rocky Mountain Trench. Elevations range from 5000 to 9000 feet, with vegetation coverage occurring at lower elevations. Vehicular access to the property area is provided by rough 4WD roads which extend up Greenland Creek to over 7000 feet, and one which extends past an existing Forest Service road to the headwaters of Doctor Creek. Terrain elsewhere in the property area is access only by helicopter from Invermere or Cranbrook, located 55 and 50 km away, respectively. Outcrop exposure is good overall, but is in some areas inaccessible due to rugged terrain. The property sees moderate precipitation, and is accessible from late-May to mid-October.

<u>Claim Name</u>	<u>Record No.</u>	<u>Claim Type</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Recording Date</u>	<u>*Expiry Date</u>
Core 1	335994	MGS	12	May 19, 1995	May 19, 1996
Core 2	335995	MGS	9	May 19, 1995	May 19, 1996
Core 3	335996	MGS	16	May 19, 1995	May 19, 1996
Core 4	335997	MGS	8	May 19, 1995	May 19, 1996
Core 5	335998	MGS	20	May 19, 1995	May 19, 1996
Core 6	335999	MGS	15	May 19, 1995	May 19, 1996
Core 7	336000	MGS	20	May 19, 1995	May 19, 1996
Core 8	336001	MGS	20	May 19, 1995	May 19, 1996
Core 9	356002	MGS	6	May 19, 1995	May 19, 1996
Core 10	336003	MGS	20	May 19, 1995	May 19, 1996
Core 11	336004	MGS	16	May 19, 1995	May 19, 1996
Fin 1	339857	MGS	20	Sept 14, 1995	Sept 14, 1996
Fin 2	339858	MGS	20	Sept 15, 1995	Sept 15, 1996
Fin 3	339859	MGS	20	Sept 15, 1995	Sept 15, 1996
Fin 4	339889	2P	1	Sept 13, 1995	Sept 13, 1996
Fin 5	339890	2P	1	Sept 13, 1995	Sept 13, 1996
Fin 6	339891	2P	1	Sept 13, 1995	Sept 13, 1996
Fin 7	339892	2P	1	Sept 13, 1995	Sept 13, 1996
Fin 8	339893	2P	1	Sept 13, 1995	Sept 13, 1996
Fin 9	339894	2P	1	Sept 13, 1995	Sept 13, 1996
Fin 10	339895	2P	1	Sept 13, 1995	Sept 13, 1996
Fin 11	339896	2P	1	Sept 15, 1995	Sept 15, 1996
Fin 12	339897	2P	1	Sept 15, 1995	Sept 15, 1996

[3]

<u>Claim Name</u>	<u>Record No.</u>	<u>Claim Type</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Recording Date</u>	<u>*Expiry Date</u>
Fin 13	339898	2P	1	Sept 15, 1995	Sept 15, 1996
Fin 14	339899	2P	1	Sept 15, 1995	Sept 15, 1996
Fin 15	339900	2P	1	Sept 15, 1995	Sept 15, 1996
Fin 16	339901	2P	1	Sept 15, 1995	Sept 15, 1996
Fin 17	339902	2P	1	Sept 15, 1995	Sept 15, 1996
Fin 18	339903	2P	1	Sept 15, 1995	Sept 15, 1996
Fin 19	339904	2P	1	Sept 15, 1995	Sept 15, 1996
Fin 20	339905	2P	1	Sept 15, 1995	Sept 15, 1996
Fin 21	339906	2P	1	Sept 15, 1995	Sept 15, 1996
Fin 22	339907	2P	1	Sept 15, 1995	Sept 15, 1996
Fin 23	339908	2P	1	Sept 15, 1995	Sept 15, 1996
Fin 24	339909	2P	1	Sept 15, 1995	Sept 15, 1996
Fin 25	340423	2P	1	Sept 18, 1995	Sept 18, 1996
Fin 24	340424	2P	1	Sept 18, 1995	Sept 18, 1996
Fin 25	340425	2P	1	Sept 18, 1995	Sept 18, 1996
Fin 26	340426	2P	1	Sept 18, 1995	Sept 18, 1996
Fin 27	340427	2P	1	Sept 18, 1995	Sept 18, 1996
Fin 28	340428	2P	1	Sept 18, 1995	Sept 18, 1996
Fin 29	340429	2P	1	Sept 18, 1995	Sept 18, 1996
Fin 30	340430	2P	1	Sept 18, 1995	Sept 18, 1996
Fin 31	340431	2P	1	Sept 18, 1995	Sept 18, 1996
Fin 32	340432	2P	1	Sept 18, 1995	Sept 18, 1996
Fin 33	340433	2P	1	Sept 18, 1995	Sept 18, 1996
Fin 34	340434	2P	1	Sept 18, 1995	Sept 18, 1996
Doc 1	340983	2P	1	Oct. 6, 1995	Oct. 6, 1996
Doc 2	340984	2P	1	Oct. 6, 1995	Oct. 6, 1996
Doc 3	340985	2P	1	Oct. 6, 1995	Oct. 6, 1996
Doc 4	340986	2P	1	Oct. 6, 1995	Oct. 6, 1996
Doc 5	340987	2P	1	Oct. 6, 1995	Oct. 6, 1996
Doc 6	340988	2P	1	Oct. 6, 1995	Oct. 6, 1996
Doc 7	340989	2P	1	Oct. 6, 1995	Oct. 6, 1996
Doc 8	340990	2P	1	Oct. 6, 1995	Oct. 6, 1996
Doc 9	340991	2P	1	Oct. 6, 1995	Oct. 6, 1996
Doc 10	340996	2P	1	Oct. 6, 1995	Oct. 6, 1996
Doc 11	340997	2P	1	Oct. 6, 1995	Oct. 6, 1996
Doc 12	340998	2P	1	Oct. 6, 1995	Oct. 6, 1996

Total: 267 Units



0 40 80 120 km

## MINER RIVER/EAGLE PLAINS

### Core/ Doc/ Fln Claims

### Location Map

TOKLAT RESOURCES INC.

NTS 82F 9E

Date: Jan/ 96

Scale: 1:8,000,000

Fig. No: 1



**HISTORY**

The East Kootenay area has long been known as a mineral resource-rich area, with numerous mineral showings documented over the years. The turn of the century discovery of Cominco's world-class Sullivan deposit near the present city of Kimberley, put the area into focus with mineral explorationists world-wide. The Sullivan massive sulphide ore body contained 160,000,000 tonnes of ore averaging 5.6% zinc, 6.5% lead, 25.9% iron, and 67g/t silver, with a mineable lifetime of over 80 years, and a contained metal value in present dollars estimated to be in excess of 25 billion dollars. The mine is scheduled for shutdown in the year 2001.

Numerous other past-producers in the area reflect the excellent mineralogic potential of the region. These include:

- 1) St. Eugene Mine (1899-1929) - 1.63 million tons grading approximately 8% lead, 1% zinc, 4.4 oz/t silver
- 2) Estella Mine (1951-1967) - 120,000 tons grading 4.8% lead, 9.0% zinc, 6.4 oz/t silver
- 3) Kootenay King Mine (1952-1953) - 14,616 tons grading 5.3% lead, 15.1% zinc, 1.94 oz/t silver.

The area is also well known for the presence of once-rich placer gold deposits, though no economic hard-rock concentrations have yet been located. The Wildhorse River saw frenzied placer mining activity beginning in 1864, with over 1,500,000 ounces of gold extracted from its gravels. Placer mining operations are still in place along the river.

**PROPERTY HISTORY AND PREVIOUS WORK**

The entire property area encompasses ground which at various times was under the control of different operators. A summary of their work, and approximate geographical locations is given below.

<u>Period</u>	<u>Operator</u>	<u>Claim Name</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Activity</u>
1959-1969	Cominco	Pico	Core 8	Trenching, drilling for tungsten.
1960	?	Pimaco	Core 7	Prospecting for cassiterite in quartz.
1965	Newconex	SKO	Core 7,9,11	Prospecting, mapping.
1969	Arrow Inter.	Val	Core 7,9,11	180m diamond-drilling.
1971-1975	Kerr-Addison	Nine Lake	Core 7	508' BQ diamond drilling-base-metal showing in quartz-monzonite.

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<u>Period</u>	<u>Operator</u>	<u>Claim Name</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Activity</u>
1977-1978	Amax	Mob	Core 7	Geological
1979-1981	Utah Mines	HRPL 1-5	Core 7	Soil sampling for tin, tungsten
1981	Minequest	Skook	Core 7	No work reported.
1983	Billiton Can.	RR1,2,6-9	Core 5,7,11	Stream-sediment sampling, prospecting.
1984	Cominco	Echo 1 to 5	Fin 22,30	UTEM geophysics.
1984	Billiton Can.	Limekiller	Core 11	Geological/geochemical for Sn,W
1988	Cominco	Echo 1 to 6	Fin 22, 30	Geologic mapping, sampling
1988	Cominco	Echo 1-11	Fin 19-34	UTEM geophysics
1992	Teck Corp	Cotton	Core 7, 9	Geologic Mapping, Soil Geochem.

## GEOLOGY

### REGIONAL GEOLOGY

Regionally the area is underlain by rocks of the Purcell Supergroup on the western flank of the Purcell Anticlinorium, a broad, north-plunging arch-like structure in Helikian and Hadrynian aged rocks. The anticlinorium is allochthonous, carried eastward and onto the underlying cratonic basement by generally north trending thrusts throughout the Laramide orogeny during late Mesozoic and early Tertiary time.

The oldest rocks exposed in the area are greenish, rusty weathering thin bedded siltites and quartzites of the + 4000m thick Lower Aldridge Formation, along with the facies-related, dominantly fluvial Fort Steele Formation (the base of which is unexposed). The Sullivan deposit is located some 20-30m below the upper contact of the Lower Aldridge Formation. Overlying the Lower Aldridge is a continuous section of Middle Aldridge quartz wackes, subwackes and argillites some 3000+ m thick. Within the Middle Aldridge formation, fourteen varved marker horizons can be correlated over hundreds of kilometers. These represent the only accurate stratigraphic control. A number of aerially extensive, locally thick gabbroic sills are present within the Lower and Middle Aldridge Formations. These sills and dykes; the "Moyle Sills", locally were intruded into wet, unconsolidated sediments, and have been dated to 1445 Ma, providing a minimum age for Aldridge sedimentation and formation of the Sullivan deposit. The Middle Aldridge is overlain conformably by the Upper Aldridge, 300 to 400 meters of thin, fissile, rusty weathering siltite/argillite.

Conformably overlying the Aldridge Formation is the Creston Formation, comprising approximately 1800 meters of grey, green and maroon, cross-bedded and ripple marked platformal quartzites and mudstones. The Kitchener-Siyeh Formation, which includes 1200 to 1600 meters of grey-green and buff coloured dolomitic mudstone are shallow water sediments overlying the Creston Formation.

The upper portion of the Purcell Supergroup consists of the Dutch Creek and Mount Nelson Formations. The Dutch Creek formation consists of approximately 1200 meters of dark grey, calcareous dolomitic mudstones. Overlying the Dutch Creek formation is the Mount Nelson formation, 1000 meters of grey-green and maroon mudstone and calcareous mudstones. This unit marks the top of the Purcell Supergroup.

The Belt Purcell Supergroup in the Sullivan area was deposited along an active tectonic basin margin. Dramatic thickness and facies variations record Purcell-age growth faults and contrast with gradual changes characteristic of most Purcell rocks elsewhere. These faults reflect deep crustal structures that modified incipient Purcell rifting, and led to the development of an intercratonic basin in middle Proterozoic time.

## PROPERTY GEOLOGY AND MINERALIZATION

The claims overlie stratigraphy of the Belt Purcell Supergroup, as described above. Rocks on the property decrease in age to the north, with rocks in the Core 10-11 area forming the contact between the granitic White Creek Batholith, and deep water marine sediments of the Lower Aldridge. The Lower/Middle Aldridge contact is located on the south side of the Doctor Creek valley, and trends northeasterly until truncated on the east by the White Creek Batholith. Throughout the property area, sediments are intruded by the primarily concordant Moyie Sills.

Structurally, the sediments form a northwest-dipping panel of a broad antiform, with shallow dips of 20°-30° noted throughout the area. North-northeast trending faults have been noted by previous operators, but are poorly documented to date. Teck Corporation sampled a northeast-trending shear structure to the north of the property area which returned 4.1 g/t Au within ferricrete, but no further work is reported.

### Mineralization

Numerous mineralized showings have been documented within property boundaries, and are included within Minfile reports. A brief summary of these occurrences is provided below:

#### Pico (Star Nine Lake) #082FNE089

Located along the boundary of the Core 8 claim, this showing consists of tungsten, lead, zinc and copper occurring in sediments within a skarn zone (likely related to White Creek Batholith). No assay results are available.

#### Val (Sko, Chuck, Cas) #082FNE090

Poorly documented- reports only tin and tungsten. No mode of occurrence given. Located within the Core 10 claims.

#### Pimaco (Cas, Sko, Chuck) #082FNE 092

Veins in diorite (Moyie Sills) reported to contain Cassiterite, Scheelite. Located within the Core 10 claims.

#### Mc # 082FNE 107

Poorly documented. Lead and Zinc showing reported within Core 7 boundary. It is believed that this area saw limited diamond drilling (500') in the early seventies, but information is unclear at this time.

Greenland Ck (Burnt Ck.) #082FNE112

Located within Core 8 boundary, this showing is reported to contain Beryllium within pegmatite.

St. Anthony # 082KSF041

Located within the Doctor Creek watershed, this showing is overlain by the Core 2 claims, and is reported to consist of an adit driven in 1963 from which 5 tons of material yielded 355 ounces silver, 55 pounds copper, 180 pounds lead, and 55 pounds zinc. No geologic description is available for this occurrence.

Silver Key (Key) # 082KSE053

This occurrence is located 500m east of the Core 2 property boundary, and has seen limited production over the past 55 years. Described as layer-parallel veins within greenstone and quartzite near the contact with the White Creek Batholith, 308 tons of ore produced 148 ounces gold, 3,816 ounces silver, 33,849 pounds lead, 33,849 pounds zinc, and 271 pounds copper.

Ace #082K\$E063

Located within the boundaries of the present Core 1 claim, this prospect is reported to have seen limited diamond drilling. Mineralization is described as being vein-hosted and contain disseminated copper, lead and zinc within both Aldridge sediments, and Moyie Sill material.

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## 1995 PROGRAM

The focus of the \$18,000 1995 program was to provide grassroots reconnaissance scale sampling and prospecting throughout the property area. A total of 39 silt samples and 57 rock samples were taken, before heavy snowfall prohibited further work. The last day spent on the property was October 8th, with 8" of snow on the ground at 5000'. Silt samples were taken of fine gravels from stream courses (some inactive). No sieving was undertaken at the sample site, though efforts were made to collect consistently-sized material.

Samples were shipped to Eco-Tech Labs at Kamloops, BC. Once at the lab, samples were dried, sieved to -80 mesh and analyzed for Au geochem and 30 element ICP using aqua-regia digestion. High-grade samples were further fire-assayed.

## 1995 RESULTS

Results of the 1995 program yielded encouraging results (see map, figure 3; in pocket), with new zones of Sullivan-type albite/tourmalinite alteration recognized in the headwaters of Doctor Creek; within the Fin 22/Fin30 claims. Within this area, a single 1m x 1m, rusty-weathering quartzitic float boulder was located which returned 2.2 g/t Ag and 664ppm Pb (#TTG95-19). As well, silt samples taken in the upper Doctor Creek area returned values anomalous in silver, copper, lead and zinc (#s TTGS-29, TTGS-30). Silt samples taken from Greenland Creek confirmed the anomalous zinc content as reported in RGS stream-sediment sampling data, with sample TTGS95-38 yielding 346 ppm Zn. Sample numbers CDCOR95-06,07,09 taken from the "Mc" showing area (Minfile 082FNE107) returned encouraging values up to 53.4 g/t Ag, 3.66% Pb, and 3.34% Zn (grab). Sample CDR-19, taken from the Silver Key workings (500m east of property boundaries) confirmed the high-grade tenor of mineralization in the area, returning values of 763.5 g/t Ag, and 1.82% Pb.

## CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The area overlain by the Core, Fin and Doc Claims covers a stratigraphic package which is known to host the Sullivan silver-lead-zinc deposit, a world-class orebody located 30km to the south. The area contains numerous documented mineral showings, with an assemblage similar to the Sullivan Deposit itself. Though numerous operators have examined the area in the past, very little drilling has occurred; considering the large spacial area, and the number of individual mineral occurrences. The occurrence and widespread distribution of Sullivan-type alteration assemblages also underscores the considerable exploration potential of the area.

At present, it appears that the most promising area encountered to date lies toward the northern boundary of the claim area, where widespread albite/tourmalinite alteration occurs in conjunction with weakly mineralized float material. In addition, detailed prospecting activity should be aimed at the Lower/Middle Aldridge contact, mapped by Reesor to occur to the south of Doctor Creek.

With the added benefit of the airborne geophysical data to be released in 1996, numerous additional targets will likely be generated. When used in conjunction with existing stream geochemical data and the extensive minfile occurrences, a more definite focus will likely develop.

## REFERENCES

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- Turner, R.J.W. and Leitch, C.H.B. (1992): Relationship of Albitic and Chloritic Alteration to Gabbro Dykes and Sills at the Sullivan Deposit and Nearby Area, Southeastern British Columbia. *in Current Research, Part E; Geological Survey of Canada, Paper 92-1E* pp 95-105.

EMPR Minfile #082FNE 089, 090, 092, 107, 112, 122 EMPR Minfile #082KSE 041, 053, 060, 063

(12)

EMPR/GSC British Columbia Regional Geochemical Survey; Kaslo, Lardeau (NTS 82F, 82K).

EMPR Assessment Reports # 5832, 11224, 11737, 12635, 12994, 13224, 15195, 16925, 18169,  
21275, 22229.

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### CERTIFICATE OF QUALIFICATION

I, Tim J. Termuende, of 2720-17th St. S. in the city of Cranbrook in the province of British Columbia do hereby certify that:

- 1) I am a Professional Geoscientist registered with the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of British Columbia.
- 2) I am a 1987 graduate of the University of British Columbia with a B.Sc. degree in geology, and have practiced my profession as exploration geologist continuously since graduation in 1987.
- 3) This report is based on my personal examination of the Core, Fin, and Doc Claim Groups, Golden and Fort Steele Mining Divisions.
- 4) This report is supported by data collected during fieldwork carried out intermittently between September 13th and October 8th, 1995.

Dated this 20th day of January, 1996.



## **APPENDIX 1**

### **Analytical Results**

ASSAYING  
GEOCHEMISTRY  
ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY  
ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING

**Eco-Tech**  
LABORATORIES LTD.

10041 E. Trans Canada Hwy., R.R. #2, Kamloops, B.C. V2C 6T4 Phone (604) 573-5700  
Fax (604) 573-4557

## CERTIFICATE OF ASSAY AK 95-942

TOKLAT RESOURCES INC.  
2700-17th STREET SOUTH  
CRANBROOK, B.C.  
V1C 4H4

20-Oct-95

ATTENTION: TIM TERMUENDE

57 rock samples received Oct. 10, 1995

PROJECT #: None given

SHIPMENT #: None given

ETL #	Tag #	Ag (g/t)	Ag (oz/t)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)
	CDCR-19	763.5	22.27	1.82	-
	CDCOR95-06	-	-	-	1.04
	CDCOR95-07	55.6	1.62	1.94	-
	CDCOR95-09	53.4	1.56	3.66	3.34

QA DATA:

Standard:

Mp-A 70.0 2.04 4.32 19.00

  
ECO-TECH LABORATORIES LTD  
Frank J. Pezzotti, A.Sc.T.  
B.C. Certified Assayer





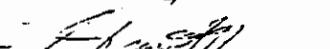




OKLAT RESOURCES INC. AK 95-942

ECO-TECH LABORATORIES LTD.

Et #.	Tag #	Au(ppb)	Ag	Al %	As	Ba	Bi	Ca %	Cd	Co	Cr	Cu	Fe %	La	Mg %	Mn	Mo	Na %	Ni	P	Pb	Sb	Sn	Sr	Tl %	U	V	W	Y	Zn
<b>C/DATA:</b>																														
<i>esplit:</i>																														
S 1 SKCR-01																														
S 36 TTG95-04																														
<i>repeat:</i>																														
1	SKCR-01	5	0.6	0.09	5	5	<5	0.02	<1	2	264	5	0.89	<10	0.03	236	<1	<.01	6	<10	22	<5	<20	<1	<.01	<10	2	10	<1	20
10	CDCR-21	10	1.2	3.16	<5	145	30	0.70	2	17	96	56	10.30	<10	0.98	808	<1	0.10	2	2540	222	<5	<20	23	0.39	<10	38	<10	<1	173
19	CDCOR95-05	5	<.2	0.41	<5	60	<5	0.22	<1	3	238	9	1.14	<10	0.19	177	25	0.03	5	970.	20	<5	<20	7	0.04	<10	11	<10	5	40
36	TTG95-04	5	<.2	4.42	<5	315	25	1.35	<1	38	148	10	8.88	<10	2.61	945	<1	0.01	33	1020	28	10	<20	23	0.39	<10	198	<10	<1	163
45	TTG95-17	5	<.2	4.69	<5	25	10	0.12	<1	27	278	6	9.08	<10	4.30	576	6	<.01	82	620	30	<5	<20	<1	0.01	<10	190	<10	<1	79
54	TTG95-35	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
<i>standard:</i>																														
EO'95																														
EO'95																														
145																														
150																														

  
 ECO-TECH LABORATORIES LTD.  
 Frank J. Pezzotti, A.Sc.T.  
 B.C. Certified Assayer

941  
 S/95 Toklat#2

**APPENDIX 2**

**Statement of Expenditures**

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The following expenses were incurred on the **Core, Fin, and Doc Claim Groups** as defined in this report for the purposes of mineral exploration between the dates of September 13, and October 8th, 1995.

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#### PERSONNEL

T. Termuende, P.Geo:	8.0 days x \$400/day .....	\$ 3,200.00
C. Downie, P.Geo:	8.0 days x \$400/day .....	3,200.00
S. Kenwood, P.Geo:	5.0 days x \$400/day .....	2,000.00

#### EQUIPMENT RENTAL

4WD Vehicle (1)	6.0 days x \$50.00/day.....	300.00
Mileage	1102 km x \$.20/km.....	220.40
4-Trax ATV (2)	.....	600.00
Radios (3)	.....	120.00
Trailer Rental	.....	200.00

#### HELICOPTER AND FUEL

Bighorn Aviation, Cranbrook (5.0 hours @ 695/hr plus fuel).....	4,100.78
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#### ANALYTICAL

Eco-Tech Labs, Kamloops (39 silt, 57 rock).....	1,300.00
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#### FIELD SUPPLY

Air Photos.....	122.31
Fuel.....	237.24
Meals.....	121.12
Maps.....	98.66
Misc.....	63.51

#### REPORT/REPRODUCTION

.....	2,000.00
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**TOTAL: \$ 17,884.02**

Total overall cost per sample: \$186.29

**APPENDIX 3**

**Rock Sample Descriptions**

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- TTG95-01: Grab: Coarse-crystalline pyrite along fracture plane within creamy-white quartzite. 1-3mm anhedral masses over 5-7mm fracture width.
- TTG95-02: Float: Biotite-rich mafic dyke material. No visible sulphides.
- TTG95-03: Float: As above.
- TTG95-04: Float: Tourmaline needles within quartz over 1.5m along fracture within gabbro.
- TTG95-05: Float: Chalcopyrite/Pyrrhotite within 2 cm-wide quartz vein hosted by quartz wacke. 8320' elev.
- TTG95-06: Float: ?Scheelite in quartz float.
- TTG95-07: Float: Extremely gossanous boulders in creek 25m south of Fin3 Post. Biotitic, chloritic, with 3-5% fine disseminated pyrite. Locally sericitized.
- TTG95-08: Silt
- TTG95-09: Float: Albited, tourmalinized material ?wacke.
- TTG95-10: Tourmaline vein over 1cm, associated with 5cm-wide quartz vein, adjacent albited material ?wacke.
- TTG95-11: Float: Bull quartz with minor rusty stain. Elev. 8380
- TTG95-12: Float: Quartz/albite vein material.
- TTG95-13: As above.
- TTG95-14: As above.
- TTG95-15: As above.
- TTG95-16: Leached, albited sediments-rusty weathering, with pyrite disseminated throughout.
- TTG95-17: Float: Rusty-weathering, chloritic, pyritic, siliceous schist.
- TTG95-18: Albited material adjacent TTG95-18.
- TTG95-19: Float: Rusty-weathering, leached quartz boulder 1m x1m.
- TTG95-20: Silt

- TTG95-21: Silver Key area: 5-10cm shear within granitic intrusive.
- TTG95-22: Dense, rusty biotitic shear material over 8cm.
- TTG95-23: As above.
- TTG95-24: Continuous chip/1.0m: Rusty wackes with intense manganese staining.
- TTG95-25: Grab: Galena within quartzite, adjacent TTG95-24.
- TTG95-26-30: Silt.
- TTG95-31: Float: Bull-quartz.
- TTG95-32: Float: Bull-quartz with green flaky mineral ?mariposite.
- TTG95-33: 5cm-wide, rusty-weathering quartz vein within gabbro.
- TTG95-34-36: Silt
- TTG95-37: Float: Fine, disseminated pyrrhotite within siltstone.
- TTG95-38,39: Silt.
- TTG95-40: Float: Silicified siltstone.
- TTG95-41: Silt.
- TTG95-42: Float: Impure quartzite, some rusty partings.
- TTG95-43: Silt.
- CDCOR95-1: Fine-grained, rusty arkose; strong gossan, weak pervasive internal stain. Outcrop is blocky and jointed; roughly 5cm spacings.
- CDCOR95-2: 20cm-wide bedded siltstone with pale yellow mineral. Upper/lower contacts thinly laminated.
- CDCOR95-3: Float: Strongly bleached fine grained siltstone with darker interbedded material. Contains fine-grained, elongate flecks with locally rusty sulphide?
- CDCOR95-4: Float.
- CDCOR95-5: Float/Subcrop?: Rusty arkosic grit with quartz veins and quartz eyes.

CDCOR95-6: Minfile Showing 107: Chip/2.5m: Across sulphide vein exposure; siliceous grit with quartz veining and possible skarn alteration. Contains galena, chalcopyrite, sphalerite, molybdenum, pyrrhotite.

CDCOR95-7: Float: Quartz with high grade mineral assemblage as above.

CDCOR95-8: Ore Dump: Material as above.

CDCOR95-9: Float: Massive sulphides as above.

CDCOR95-10: Rusty quartz vein in rusty siliceous arkose-grit. Vein is parallel to jointing, local red hematite in quartz vugs.

CDCOR95-11: Float: Quartz vein 1-4cm wide pyrite outlining lens of altered red arkose/wacke.

CDCOR95-12: Float: Micaceous schist with albite, biotite. Minor quartz stringer with pyrrhotite.

CDCOR95-13: Grab: Rusty grit with local siliceous alteration and bleaching. Abundant quartz veinlets.

CDCOR95-14: Grab. Lens of stringy limonitic quartz within local sulphide lens.

CDCOR95-15: Float: Strongly -altered siliceous siltstone/grit with quartz veins containing minor pyrite, chalcopyrite.

CDCOR95-16: Float: Bull quartz material.

CDCOR95-17: Float: Chloritic dyke (gabbro?)

CDCOR95-18: Silt.

CDCR-19: Chip: Quartz vein breccia from last chance workings.

CDCR-20: Float: Thinly bedded quartzite with galena, manganese, arsено-bloom.

CDCR-21: Grab: Rusty gritty quartzite with trace fine disseminated pyrite.

CDCR-22: Float: Rusty grey quartz with fragments of gritty quartzite.

CDCR-23: Float: Quartz with coarse biotite, fine muscovite, 1% disseminated pyrite.

CDCR-24: Float: Quartz with trace pyrrhotite, pyrite, chalcopyrite.

CDCR-25: Float: Medium grained grit with 2% fine disseminated pyrite.

- SKCR-1: Float: Quartz boulder in creek. Bull quartz with lithic fragments containing pyrite, trace chalcopyrite, minor arsenopyrite, pyrrhotite.
- SKCR-2: Float: Gritty quartzite with fine disseminated pyrite, chalcopyrite.
- SKCR-3: Float: As above.
- SKCR-4: Float: Rusty quartz vein in gritty quartzite. Contains chlorite, lithic fragments, 1% fine disseminated pyrite.

