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GEOLOGICAL, GEOCHEMICAL, AND TRENCHING REPORT ON THE FLAPJACK 1-6, FLAP 1,2 CLAIMS TADPOLE LAKE, WESTBANK, B.C.

Nicola Mining Division

PREPARED FOR:

Veto Resources & Verdstone Gold Corp./Molycor Gold Corp., 310-1959 152nd St., Surrey, B.C. V4A 9E3

PREPARED BY: GEO-FACTS, Andris Kikauka, P.Geo, 6439 Sooke Rd., Sooke, B.C. V0S 1N0

Dec. 31, 1996

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

24,944

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APPENDIX A- GEOCHEMICAL CERTIFICATES

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report was prepared at the request of Verdstone Gold Corp./Molycor Gold Corp./ Veto Resources to describe and evaluate the results of geological mapping, rock & soil sampling, and trenching carried out on the Flap claim group in the Nicola Mining Division, 40 km. NW of Kelowna, B.C.

Field work was undertaken for the purpose of evaluating economic mineral potential of the Flap 1,2 and Flapiack 1-6 claims.

Field work was carried out from Oct. 25 to Nov. 1, 1996 by Andris Kikauka (geologist), Roy Walleen (geotechnician) and Pacific Rim Equipment (trenching contractors) under the supervision of Larry Reaugh and John Fisher.

This report is based on published and unpublished information and maps, reports and field notes.

2.0 LOCATION, ACCESS & PHYSIOGRAPHY

The claims are located 40 km. northwest of Kelowna (Figure 1), and can be accessed via Bear Lake Main and then either Esperon or Whiterocks Main logging roads to Tadpole Lake. The claims are 1.5 km west of Tadpole Lake (Figure 2).

The claims are located on Map Sheet NTS 82 L/4 W at latitude 50 07' N and longitude 119 46' W. The property ranges from 1,450-1,708 m. (4,800-5,600 ft.) elevation. The claims are situated on a high plateau, with mountains of over 1,000 ft. (305 m.) relief (e.g. Whiterocks Mtn.), that separates the watersheds of the Columbia R. and Fraser R. drainage basins. Since the claims are at relatively high elevation, there are heavy snowfall accumulations in winter. The recommended field season for moutaintop areas of the southern Intermontane Region is May-November.

Erosion has exposed silicified "knobs" (topographic positive features) whereby zones of silica depletion form gulleys (topographic negative features).

3.0 PROPERTY STATUS

CLAIM	RECORD NO.	UNITS	RECORD DATE	EXPIRY DATE
Flapjack 1	339910	1	Sept. 4, 95	Sept. 4, 98*
Flapjack 2	339911	1	Sept. 4, 95	Sept. 4, 98*
Flapjack 3	339912	1	Sept. 4, 95	Sept. 4, 98*
Flapjack 4	339913	ì	Sept. 4, 95	Sept. 4, 98*
Flapjack 5	339914	1	Sept. 4, 95	Sept. 4, 98*
Flapjack 6	339915	1	Sept. 4, 95	Sept. 4, 98*
Flap 1	341150	1	Oct. 18, 95	Oct. 18, 97*
Flap 2	341151	1	Oct. 18, 95	Oct. 18, 97*

The property consists of 8 claims owned 100% by Verdstone Gold Corp./Molycor Gold Corp.(Fig.2). Veto Resources has optioned the property and can earn 40% by completing a schedule of work programs over several years.

The claims listed above are contiguous and have been grouped together to form the Flap Claim Group. * The expiry date listed for each claim does not include current work applied (i.e. 1996 work program which is the subject of this report).

The total area covered by the claims is 200 hectares (496 acres). The writer is not aware of any regulatory problem that would adversely affect mineral exploration and development on the property.

4.0 AREA HISTORY

The area within 50 kilometers of the Flap claims has numerous gold occurrences. A new discovery located at the dege of the Pennask batholith (south of Pennask Lake) is known as Elk (AKA Siwash North). Fairfield Minerals Ltd. has underground development and small scale production (several truckloads of high grade shipped to Trail, B.C.). The Elk deposit has reserves estimated at 122,500 tonnes @ 54.5 g/t Au and 24.7 g/t Ag. High grade gold ore (up to 5 oz/t Au) was found while prospecting new roadcuts on logging roads (Rowe, J., personal communication 1993).

The Brett claims Bonanza Zone is being developed by Huntington Res. and Liquid Gold. An adit was driven on the main gold bearing shear zone in 1995. A reserve of 2,300 tonnes @ 100 to 200 g/t Au was calculated from recent data.

The Blue Hawk and White Elephant Au-Ag occurrence is located at the headwaters of Shorts Creek situated 10 km. north of the Flap claims. Four km. to the east there are Ag-Bi showings (local skarnification) on the east flank of Whiterocks Mountain.

The Dobbin (AKA Bard) Mo prospect is immediately east of the Flap claims. Molybdenite occurs in K-spar altered, silicified quartz porphyry and with quartz stockwork veining. A percussion hole, drilled for Cominco Ltd. cut 180 ft. (55 m.) of .105% MoS2. About 1.5 km. to the southeast of the Dobbin Mo is the Dobbin 2 Cu/Pt/Pd prospect. Fe,Mg rich peridotite (and/or related ultramafic) hosts Pt/Pd bearing chalcopyrite-pyrite-magnetite mineralization. Previous work includes drill hole #4 which resulted in 400 ft. of .3% Cu. Values up to 1 g/t Pt were also reported over widths of 10 ft. There are also Cr showings N of Cameo Lake (worked by Pan Ocean Oil Ltd., 1978).

5.0 PROPERTY HISTORY

Gold bearing quartz was reported by prospectors but no recorded work was carried out until Rea Gold Corp. acquired the property in 1988. Over the course of two years, geological mapping, rock and soil sampling, HLEM and IP geophysics and over 10,000 feet of diamond drilling were performed.

Some highlights of previous work on the Flap claims include:

- 1) Quartz stringers hosted in chloritic greenstone return assay values up to 0.770 oz/t Au (26.4 g/t Au). The quartz stringer zone is developed over a radius of 100 meters (Medford,G., 1988).
- 2) A 400 X 600 meter area of anomalous Au soil samples coincides with the quartz stringer zone (Medford,G., 1988).

3)	The following	g results	were	obtained	from	core drilling	э.
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DDH#	INTERVAL (FT.)	WIDTH (FT.)	oz/t Ag	oz/t Au
88-4	266.5-268.0	1.5		0.098
88-4	281.5-282.0	0.5		0.112
88-6	290.0-295.0	5.0	0.07	0.067
88-6	370.0-372.0	2.0	0.11	0.044
88-6	669.0-669.5	0.5	1.53	0.211
88-6	693.0-696.0	3.0	7.79	1.614
89-13	177.5-178.0	0.5		0.198
89-13	326.0-326.5	0.5		0.199

In 1995, Verdstone/Molycor carried out hand trenching in the 300 X 300 meters area of previous diamond drilling. Eleven trenches were excavated and 40 rock chip samples were taken across widths of 0.25 m. Zones of up to 20% quartz as 0.1 to 1,500.0 cm. wide qtz. stringers & veins were mapped. Significant results from 1995 trenches include:

TRENCH	SAMPLE #'s	WIDTH (m.)	g/t Au	oz/t Au
F-1	66501-08	2.0	0.61	0.018
F-1	66501	.25	2.60	0.076
F-2	66509-14	1.5	0.29	0.008
F-3	66515-16	0.5	0.27	0.008
F-4	66517-18	0.5	2.23	0.065
F-4	66517	.25	3.15	0.092
F-5	66519	.25	0.11	0.003
F-6	66520	.25	1.75	0.051

6.0 REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The area covered by the Flap claim group is underlain by Lower Jurassic and/or Triassic(?) Nicola Group volcanics and sediments (Fig.3). Lithologies of the Nicola Group include rhyolite to basalt tuffs/flows, red and green volcanic breccia, agglomerate, argillite and limestone. The Nicola Group volcanics and sediments form an elongate, NW trending belt which was subsequently deformed by the intrusion of the Cretaceous-Jurassic Okanagan Batholith (portions of which form the Pennask batholith) which consists of granodiorite, quartz diorite, granite, and related felsic (aplitic) & intermediate dykes/sills, and minor feldspar & quartz-feldspar porphyry.

Subsequent Tertiary fault-bounded basins developed along the axis of Okanagan Lake during a period of abrupt slice tectonics, Rocky Mountain thrust faulting, and Intermontane Belt fluvial and lacustrine deposition related to rifting and associated felsic tuffs/flows and Tertiary (Eocene) quartz monzonite, granite, syenite and feldspar porphyry plugs and stocks. Many of these Tertiary geological formations and plugs & stocks are outliers (i.e. erosional remnant features, in the order of several square km. surrounded by older bedrock).

7.0 1996 WORK PROGRAM

7.1 METHODS AND PROCEDURES

Trenching, geological mapping, rock & soil geochemical sampling were carried out on the Flap 2 and Flapjack 1,2 claims (Figure 4A-E).

A total of 845 ft. (257 m.) of backhoe trenching was excavated across a width of 6.6 ft. (2 m.) and depth of 8.3 ft. (2.5 m.). A total of 151 rock samples were assayed for Au at International Metallurigical and Environmental, Kelowna, B.C. (Appendix A). Rock samples were taken with hammers and chisels. Each rock sample weighed 3-4 kilograms and consisted of 1-15 cm. sized clasts. Sample width varied from 1 to 2 meters and the longest of the 4 trenches was 102 meters (334.6 ft.). All trenches were mapped and sampled in detail prior to backfilling.

Geological mapping was carried out over a 0.25 X 0.20 km. area centered at Flapjack 1,2 and Flap 1,2 initial post., at a scale of 1:500 (Fig.4).

A grid was established using the 1988 co-ordinates and using the casing of DDH 88-4, DDH 89-7 as reference points (Fig.4). Seven E-W grid lines were surveyed. The lines ranged from 0.1 to 0.45 km. in length. Using the grid as a reference, a total of 41 soils were taken from a depth of 30 cm. using a grubhoe and placed into marked kraft envelopes. The samples were dried and shipped to International Metallurgical, Kelowna, B.C.(Au assay, see Appendix A).

7.2 PROPERTY GEOLOGY

The Flapjack 1-6, Flap 1,2 claims are underlain by the following lithologies:

TERTARY AND OLDER PLUTONIC ROCK

- 2 Diorite stock, fine to medium grained
- 2B Granite/qtz.monzonite dyke

NICOLA GROUP JURASSIC/TRIASSIC VOLCANICS-SEDIMENTS

- Volcaniclastics, crystal & lithic tuff/flow, minor arenaceous sediments, chert
- 1B Metamorphosed equivalent of unit 1 (i.e. schist, phyllite)

The gold bearing quartz stringers and stockwork are hosted in green volcaniclastic, crystal and lithic tuff, minor volcanic breccia, which contain traces of talc-serpentine, epidote and chlorite alteration. At the north end of this gold bearing quartz stringer zone, a granite/quartz monzonite dyke (related to the emplacement of the Tertiary Tadpole Lake stock) contains elevated Mo values (Medford,G., 1988). This dyke can be traced along a ENE trend for 600 meters and appears to cut off the gold bearing quartz since only trace Au has been detected in rock and soil samples north of the dyke.

The diorite stock (unit 2), located 100 m. SE of the trenches, is not highly altered but does contain 0.1-0.5% magnetite. The chloritic greenstone (volcaniclastics, tuffs/flows, sediments of unit 1) has been subject to contact metamorphism and hornfels from the close proximity of the diorite stock. In the area of the trenches, the chloritic greenstone is characterized by NNW trending, steeply dipping weak foliation. The formation of lenses and wedges of schist and phyllite within the greenstone indicates deep burial (in the order of several km.). The combination of deep burial with subsequent intrusion of younger stocks and dykes (which cut the Nicola Group), deformed the volcanic-sediment sequence and established a NNW trending fabric. The dominant trend of quartz stringers is perpendicular and, to a lesser degree, parallel to the NNW trend.

All the drill holes from 1988-89 were targeting NNW trending quartz stringers (except for DDH 89-13, which intersected two 6" sections of 0.2 oz/t Au). The trenching program demonstrated that the dominant trend of stringers (070) is parallel to the main drilling direction (also 070). Therefore, further drilling should be preferentially oriented in a 340 trending azimuth, to test the 070 trending, steep-flat south dipping quartz veins and stringers.

7.3 SURFACE ROCK CHIP SAMPLING

A total of 151 rock chip samples taken at 1 and 2 meter (3.3 & 6.6 ft.) intervals were taken to identify gold bearing zones, and yielded the following results:

SAMPLE#	WIDTH (FT.)	WIDTH (M.)	oz/t Au	g/t Au
9412	3'3"	1.0	0.015	0.51
9423-9428	19'8"	6.0	0.031	1.06
9459-9460	13'2"	4.0	0.029	1.00
9462-9463	13'2"	4.0	0.285	9.77
9478	6'6"	2.0	0.077	2.64
9482-9483	13'2"	4.0	0.014	0.48
9495	6'6"	2.0	0.013	0.45
9498	6'6"	2.0	0.019	0.65
9527-9529	19'8"	6.0	0.091	3.12
9535	6'6"	2.0	0.026	0.89

This listing only shows values greater than 0.4 g/t Au. Distribution of all Au values obtained from trenching are shown in plan view at a scale of 1:500, see Figure 4A,B.

7.4 SOIL GEOCHEMISTRY

The soils were taken to verify the extent of the previous anomaly and to trench any unusally high Au values that may lead to "Bonanza Grades". Results show that 21 out of 40 soil samples gave values between 50 and 260 ppb Au (Fig.4A,B). The average value of soils in the higher half of the population is 92 ppb Au, while the lower half has a mean value of 25 ppb Au. A distinct 50/50 split (ironically occurring at 50 ppb Au), forms an above average and below average group, and reflects the widespread distribution of gold in soil. The highest Au value in soil (260 ppb Au) was located 10 m. W of the the best Au value from rock chip samples taken in the trenching program (sample #9462-63, 13'2" or 4 m. @ 0.285 oz/t Au or 9.77 g/t Au).

8.0 DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The formation of a disseminated gold deposit, as opposed to a vein, depends on the degree and scale which hydrothermal solutions can penetrate the host rock, which in turn depends on the nature of fracturing. The Nicola volcanics-sediments which host the gold bearing quartz stringers of the Flap claims have responded to directed stresses by yield and fracture in perpendicular and parallel directions to regional NNW fabric. Fracturing may be in response to stresses produced by nearby diorite stock and/or granite/qtz.monzonite dyke emplacement.

The absence of base metals and lack of strong alteration zoning within the 200 X 300 m. trench and drill area of the Flap 1,2 & Flapjack 1,2 suggests that this mineral zone is a transition between moderate to shallow depth of emplacement, and that vein and/or porphyry base and precious metal bearing mineralization may occur at depth or in close proximity to the trench/drill zone (based on models for ore deposits, Panteleyev, A., 1990)

9.0 CONCLUSION

The Flapjack 1-6, Flap 1,2 claims are underlain by favourable structures (e.g. quartz vein and stockwork) and chemistry (close association of gold and pyrite, and very low abundance of Cu-Pb-Zn) which are favouable features of a disseminated Au deposit(s) (Romberger, S.B., 1990).

The information gained from the 1996 work program and interpretation of data from previous work suggests that there is potential for numerous zones of 0.5-10.0 g/t Au to coalesce and form a quartz stringer/stockwork disseminated Au deposit(s).

The trenching program demonstrated that the dominant trend of stringers (070) is parallel to the main drilling direction (also 070). Therefore, further drilling should be carried out in a 340 trending azimuth, to test the 070 trending, steep-flat south dipping quartz veins and stringers.

10.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

The area on the Flapjack 1,2 and Flap 1,2 claims where drilling and trenching has been carried out is considered the primary target for future exploration. Approximately 2,000 feet of core drilling is recommended for the area in the vicinity of DDH 88-6, 88-4 (Fig.4C) and 500 feet in the area of DDH 89-13 (Fig.4D).

Since there were values of 0.5-10.0 g/t Au found in all of the trenches, the determination of increased quartz stringers/stockwork and related fault/fracture zones at depth is recommended. The west zones, which gave the best assay values (Fig.4A,C)in trenching and core drilling, are worthy of further detailed mapping, sampling, and core drilling. Four 500 foot deep drill holes collared about 25 meters SE of DDH 88-6 and 88-4 should be oriented NNW, and inclined -45 and -60 degrees. A fifth 500 foot deep hole should be collared 35 m. SSE of DDH 89-13, oriented NNW and inclined -60 degrees.

PROPOSED BUDGET:

FIELD CREW- Geologist, 2 geotechnicians, 30 days	\$ 16,500.00
FIELD COSTS- Drill contractor 2,500 feet (762.5 m.)	76,250.00
Assays 375 rock samples	7,500.00
Food & Accomodation	11,000.00
Equipment, supplies, communication	3,500.00
Report	750.00
	Total= 115 500 00

REFERENCES

Medford, G., 1988, Geological, Geochemical and Geophysical Survey of the Flap 1 & 2 Claims, Rea Gold Corp. unpublished company report.

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Preto, V., 1979, Geology of the Nicola Group between Merrit and Princeton, B.C. E.M.& P.Res., Bulletin # 69

Roddick, J.A., 1985, Field Guide to Geology and Mineral Deposits in the Southern Cordillera, G.S.A. Publication, edited by Dirk Tempelman-Kluit, G.S.C.

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATION

I Andris Kikauka, of 6439 Sooke Rd., Sooke, B.C., hereby certify that:

- 1) I am a graduate of Brock University, St. Catharines, Ontario, with an Honours Bachelor of Science Degree in Geological Sciences, 1980.
- 2) I am a Fellow in good standing with the Geological Association of Canada. Registration # 5,717.
- 3 I am registered in the Province of British Columbia as a Professional Geoscientist Registration # 18,275
- 4) I have practised my profession for fifteen years in precious and base metal exploration in the Cordillera of North, Central and South America, and for three years exploring for uranium within the Canadian Shield.
- 5) The information, opinions and recommendations in this report are based on fieldwork carried out in my presence on the subject properties.
- 6) I have no direct or indirect interest in the holdings of Verdstone Gold Corp., Molycor Gold Corp., Veto Res. and I consent to the use of this report for the purpose of filing a prospectus or statement of material facts.

Andris Kikauka, P.Geo.,

Jan. 3, 1997

ITEMIZED COST STATEMENT- FLAPJACK 1-6,FLAP 1,2, OCT.25-NOV.1, 96

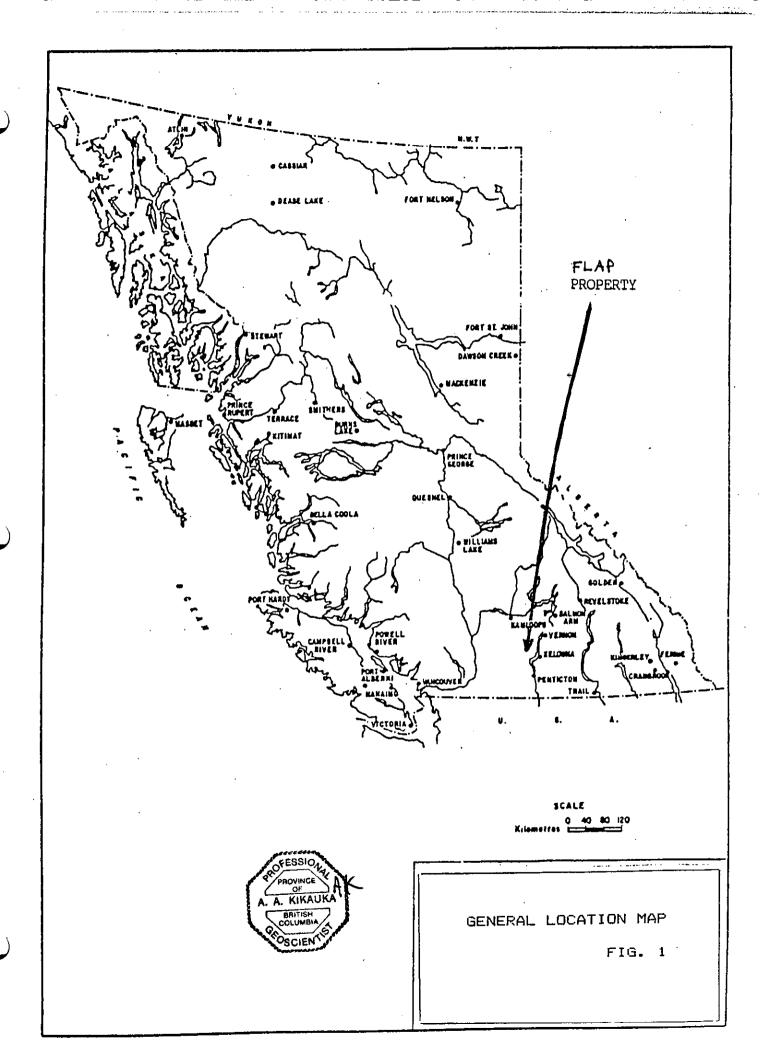
FIELD CREW:

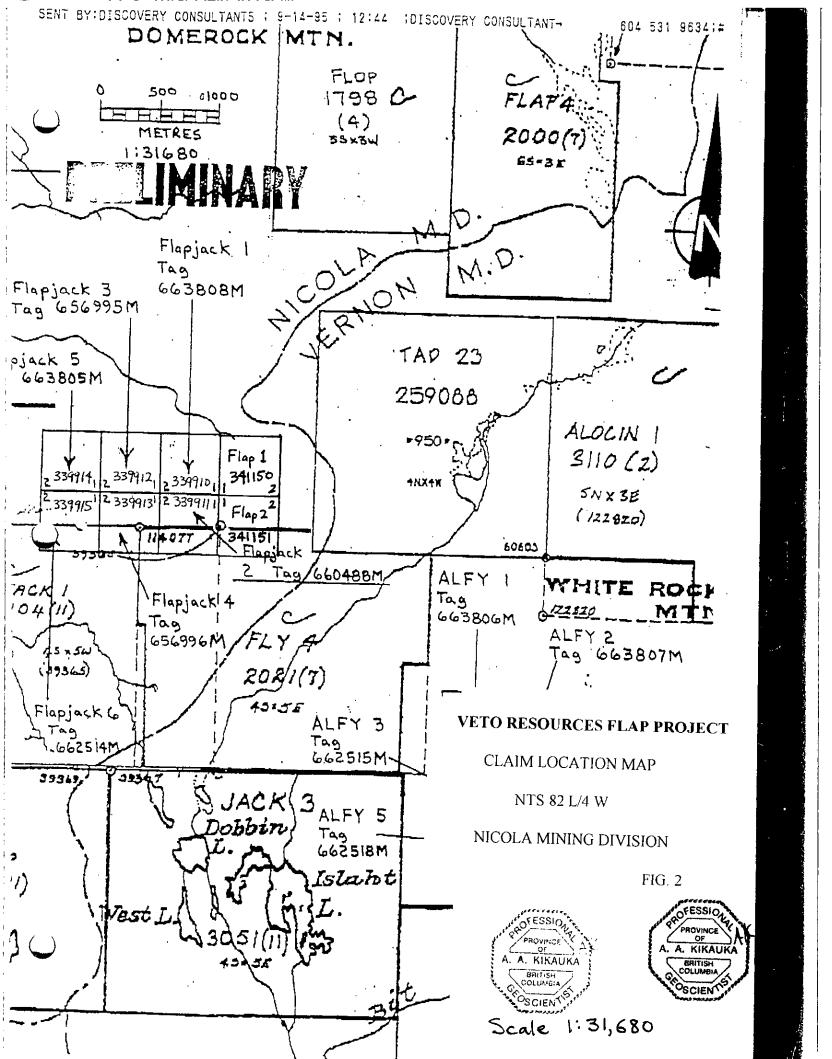
Geologist, A.Kikauka (7days @ \$ 175/day)	\$ 1,225.00
Geotechnician, R. Walleen (7 days @ \$ 150/day)	1,050.00

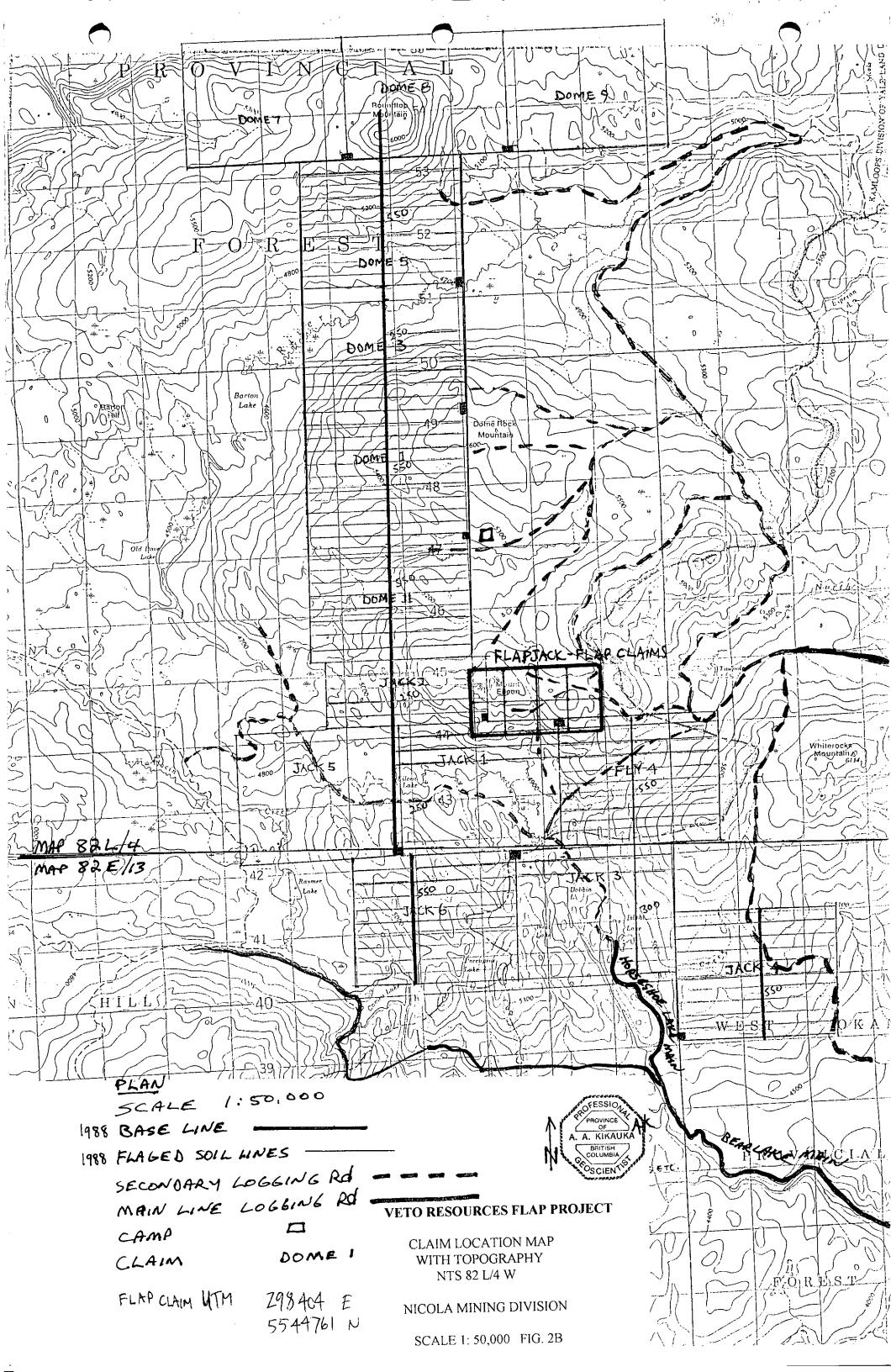
FIELD COSTS:

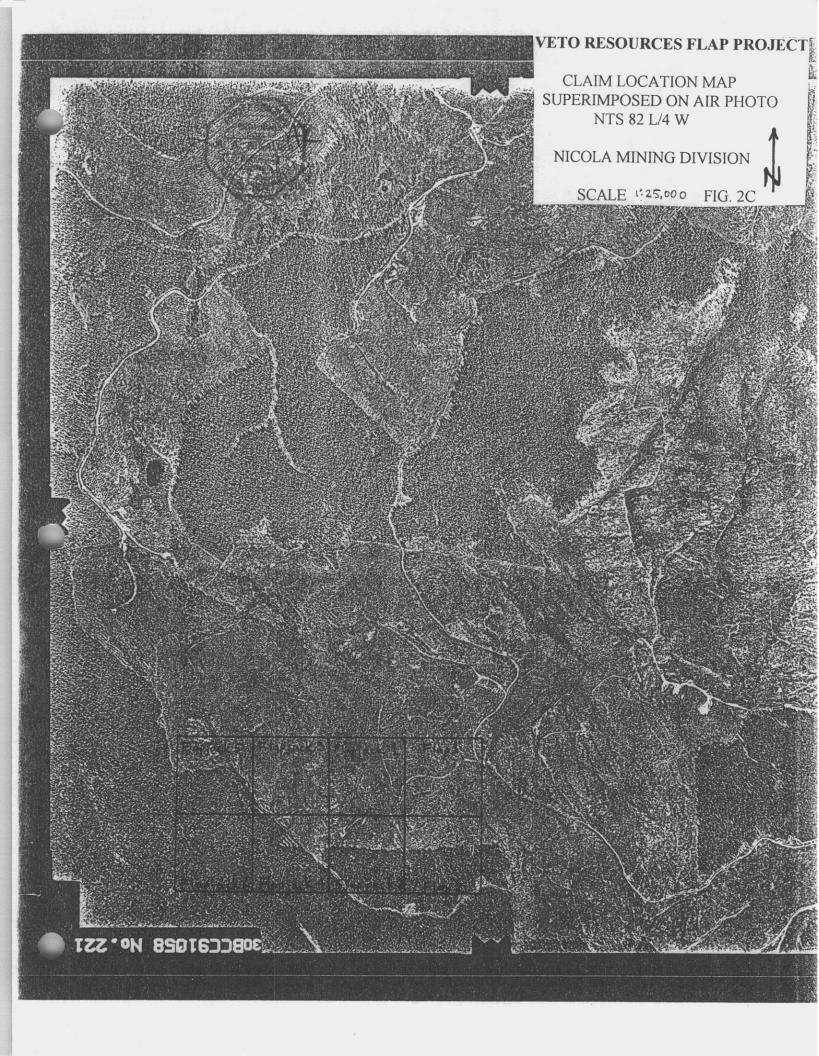
D-6 Crawler Dozer & Hitachi Backhoe (1,285 cubic meters	trenched and
backfilled) 93 hours operating time	13,510.00
Assays 151rock (Au assay)	2,265.00
47 soil	705.00
Report	325.00
Food and Accomodations	650.00

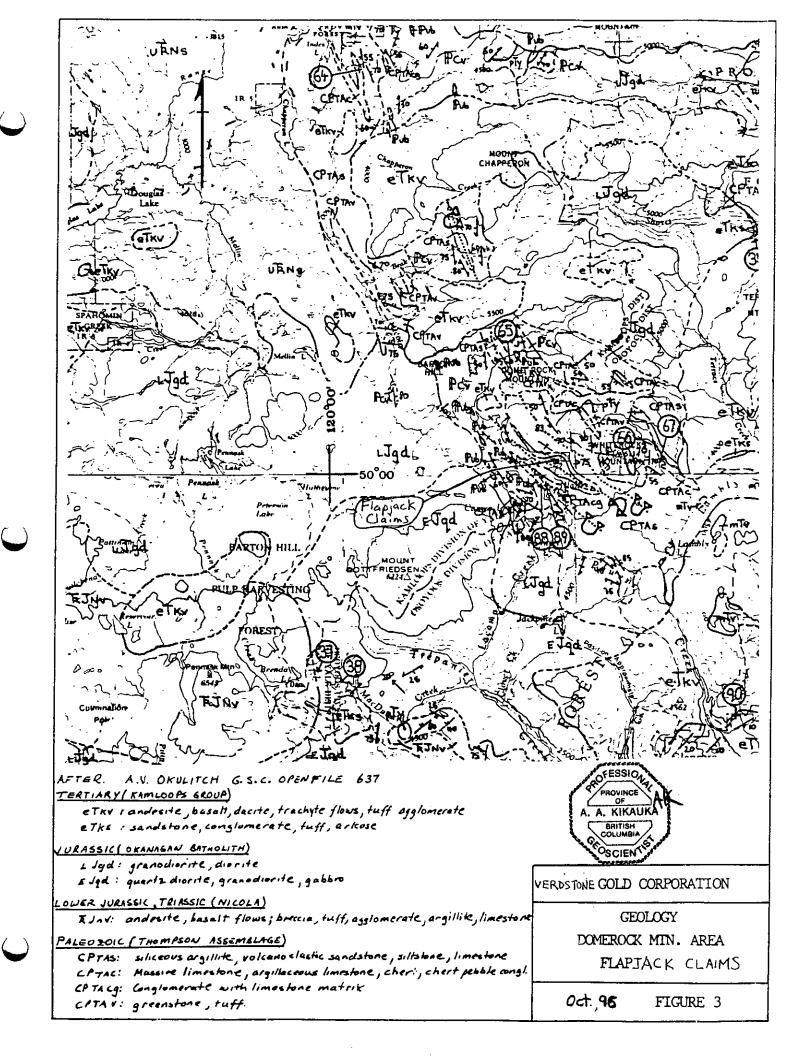
Total = \$19,730.00

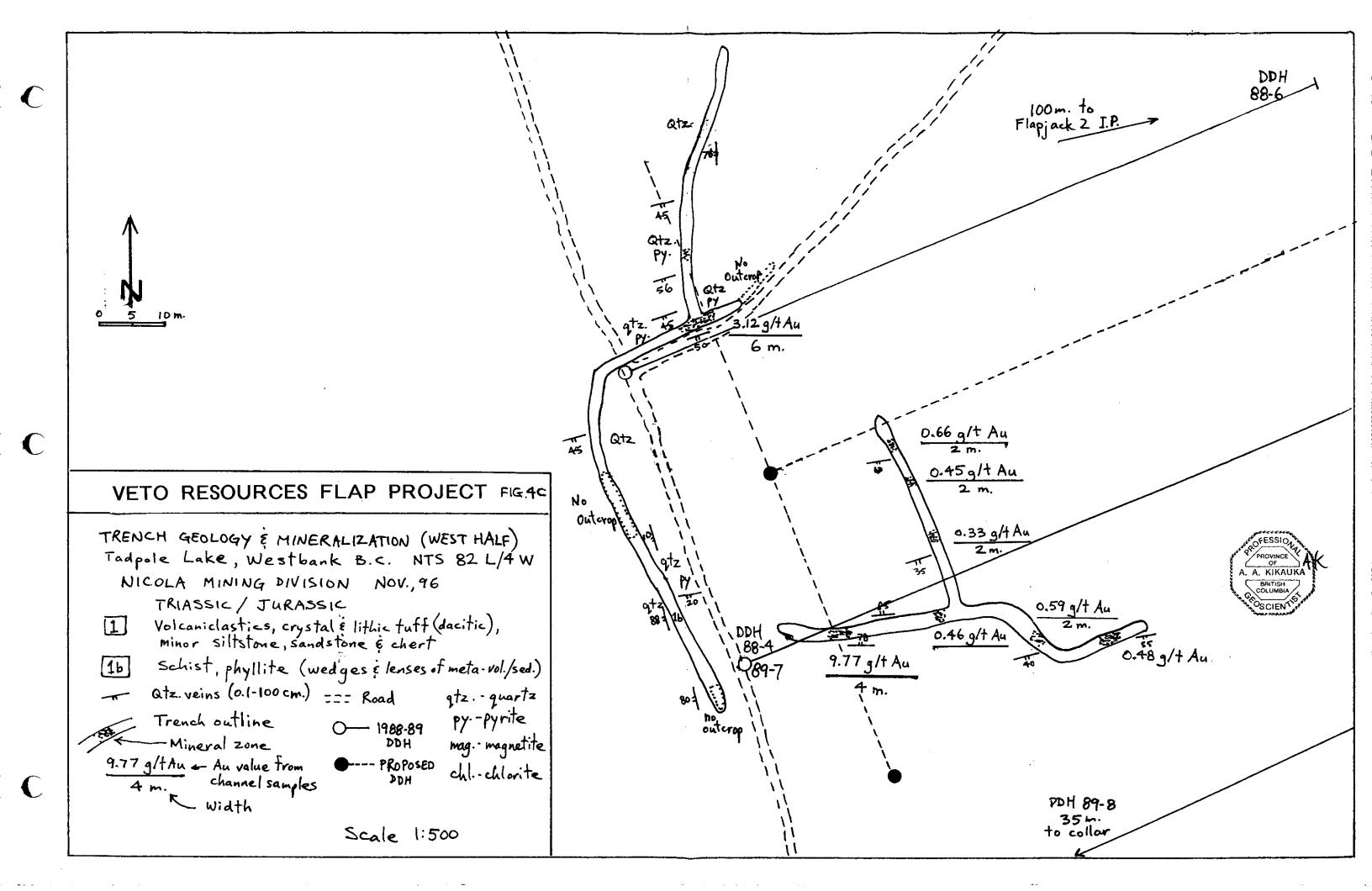


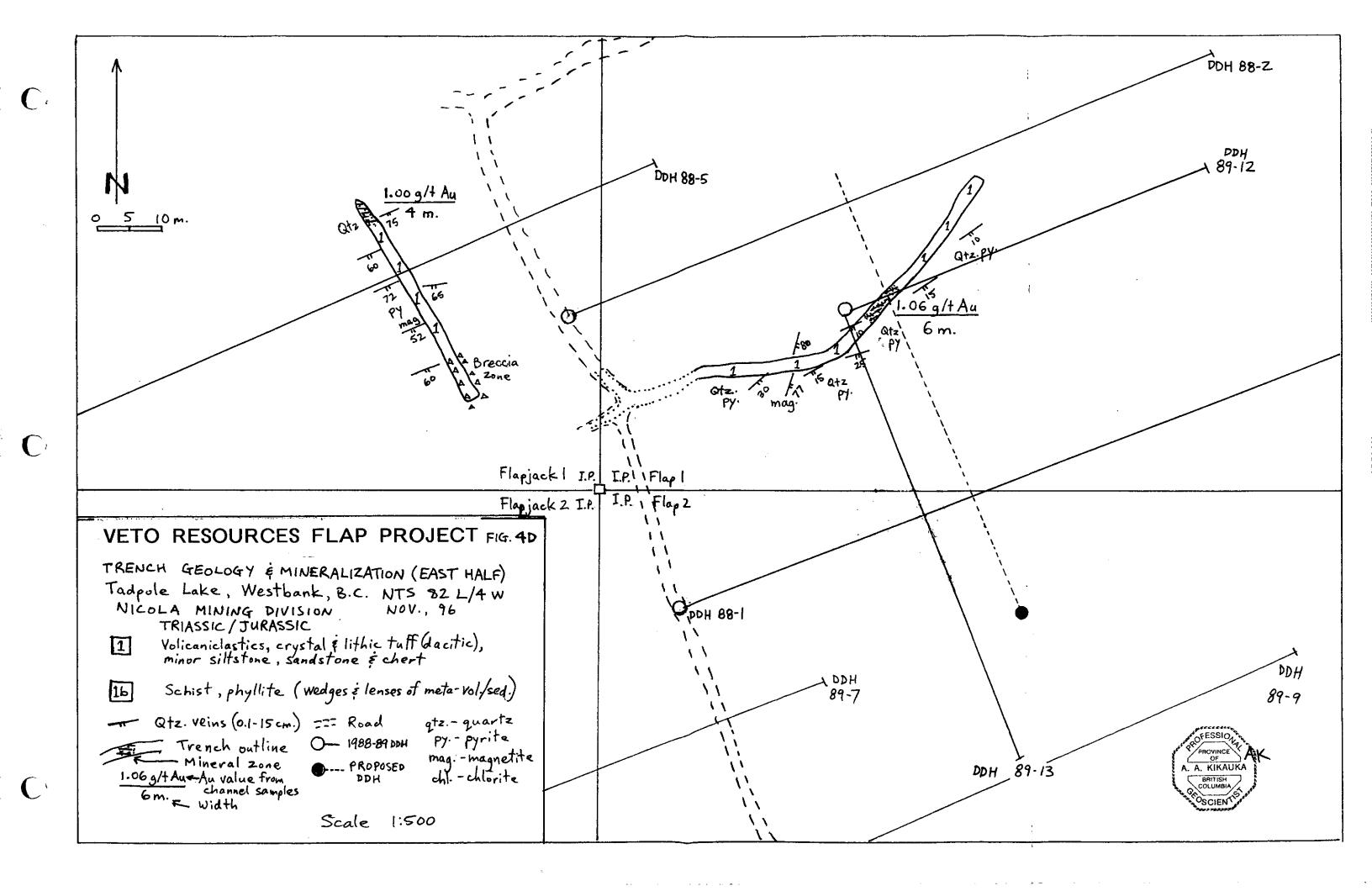


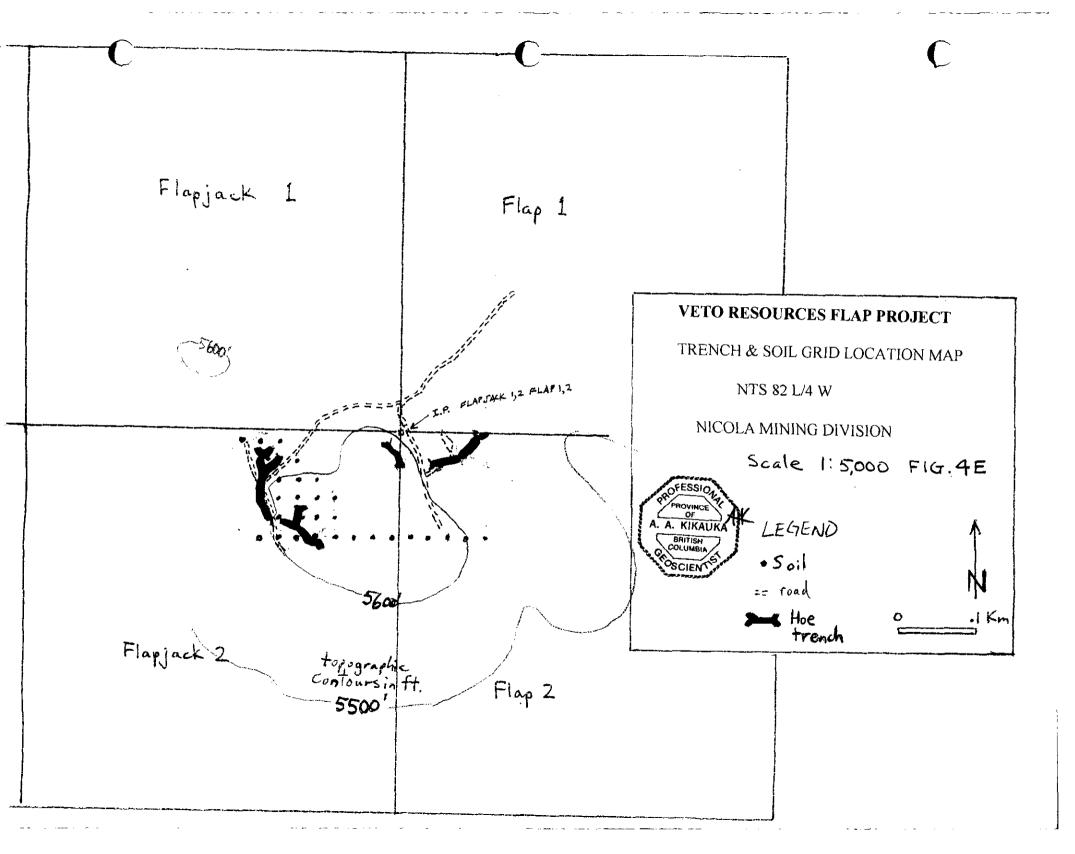






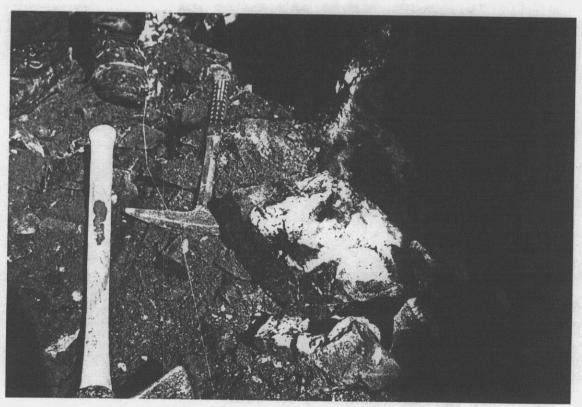








This 102 m. long trench cuts a 19'8" (6 m.) wide silicified zone in the background that assays 0.091 oz/t Au (3.12 g/t Au). The foreground is a E-W trending steep S dipping silicified metamorphic wedge of bedrock hosted by chloritic greenstone.



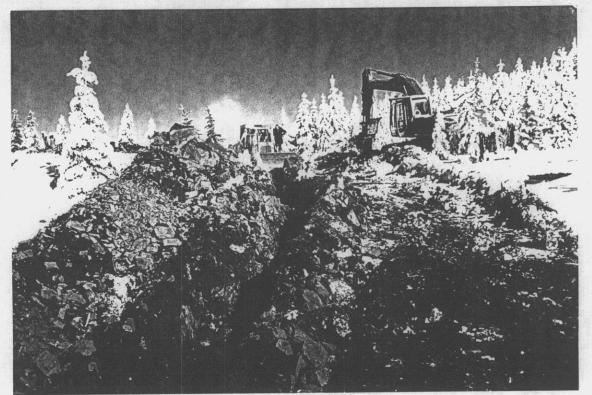
Close up of chloritic greenstone which consists of volcaniclastics, intermediate tuffs and/or flows, minor arenaceous sediments and metamorphic rock (phyllite, schist). .1-10 cm. wide quartz veins cut the green country rock in lower right of photo.



Looking SE at the topographic high in background. A diorite stock-greenstone country rock contact is located in the upper left portion of photo. This photo is taken prior to excavation of 102 m. long trench. DDH 88-4, 89-7 are located in right edge of photo.



Pacific Rim Equipment performed trenching along pre-existing roads to avoid disturbing vegetation, all trenches were backfilled and levelled. Immediately behind backhoe is sample 9,462-63 which returned 13.2 ft.(4 m.) of 0.285 oz/t Au (9.77 g/t Au).



A quartz stringer zone is located in the foreground of this trench line, which is trending NE. The zone consists of # 9,423-29, andassays 0.031 oz/t Au (1.05 g/t Au) over a width of 19'8"(6 m.). Trace to 3% pyrite and magnetite occur throughout chloritic greenstone.



This trench trends NNW and is located 30 m. W of DDH 88-6 which cut 3.0 ft. (0.92 m.) of 1.614 oz/t Au (55.3 g/t Au). Trench sample # 9,495 assayed 0.013 oz/t Au (0.45 g/t Au) across 6.6 ft. (2 m.), #9,495 returned 0.019 oz/t Au(0.66 g/t Au) over 6.6' (2 m.).

Project: Veto Resources Project number:9621 Purchase order number:1547 Date:November 14, 1996

Sample	start ft	end ft	Length (ft)	PPB Au	
0.44					
9440				61 /	
9441				29 /	
9442				29 /	
9443				13 🗸	
9444				29 /	
9445				92 /	
9446				24	
9447				13 /	
9448				8 _	
9449				3/	
9450			•	16 -	-
9451				8 /	
9452				3 ~	
9453				8 /	
9454				5 /	
9455		:		5 /	02/ton
9456				8 /	,
9457				92 /	
9458	Í			c 3′ ¬	
9459			41	() 936 ~ /	0.029
9460			- (•	1039	<u>'</u>
9461				37 v ¬	
9462			111	1525	0.285
9463	İ		41	/ 18 √ G/MT	0.203
9464	ŀ			19	
9465				58 ~	
9466				48 /	
9467			}	63 /	
9468				5 7	
9469				8	
9470				459 /	
9471				26 -	
9472				32 /	
9473				5-	
9474				13 -	
9475				21 -	
9476				21 - 21 - 11 -	
9477	-			14	
9478	1		, i	2m 5 585	0.017
Q-10				2 (000	'

Project: Veto Resources Inc Project number:9621 Purchase order number:1547 Date:November 14, 1996

Sample	start ft	end ft	Length (ft)	PPB Au	
9517				12 -	
9518				9 -	
9519	1 1		į	9-	
9520				12 -	
9521				27 /	
9522	Į.			6 -	1
9523				30 ′	
9524				18	
9525				44 ~	(ot/hm)
9526				134 -	' '
9527			7	8 G/MT	
9528			6M	1122	0.091
9529				276-	
9530			•	12~	
9531				24 /	
9532				9 ~	
9533				9 🗸	
9534	1 1			ہ ہے 6 ہے	,
9535	l		21	1 { 875-/	0,026
9538				74~	
9537	1 1			86 1	
9538			i	62	
9539]]		i	115	
9540	1 1			3 /	
9541				<1 ′	
9542	1			3 / 24 / 12 /	
9543	1		İ	24	
9544	}			12 ′	
9545				6 🗸	
9546				6	
9547		ļ		3 ′	
9548	-	1	, ,	6 /	
9549				3 ′	
9550				3 /	

Project: Veto Resources Inc Project number:9621 Purchese order number:1547

Date:November 14, 1996

Sample	start ft	end ft	Length (ft)	PPB Au]
9401				85 (
9402					Ì
9403					<u>, </u>
9404				53 _	
9405				45 — 48	
9406				37 ~	
9407				56 <i>-</i>	
9408				29 ~	1
9409		,		129 /	r /.
9410				119	Lot/lon
9411				56	[02/ton] 0.015
9412			4.4	₹ 510 —	0.015
9413			1 M	13 —	
9414				26 /	
9415				16 —	ļ
9416				32 -]
9417				16 /	
9418				21 ~	
9419				13 -	!
9420				16 -	
9421	·			61 /	
9422				34 <	
9423			;	(1170 - 7	
9424				29 -	
9425			1	3187	
9426			6 m	730-	0.036
9427				7 1540-	
9428				660	
9429			:	13	}
9430			•	11 _	
9431				5 -	
9432				8 /	
9433				5 ~	
9434		ļ		11 ~	
9435				69 -	
9436				56 ~	
9437				21 /	
9438				37 <	
8439			. <u></u>	16 /	

Project Veto Resources Inc Project number:9621 Purchase order number 1547 Date:November 14, 1996

Sample	start ft	end ft	Length (ft)	PPB Au]
9479				37/	1
9480				74 -	otlon
9481	4			21 ~	0 2 / 10
9482	[C 51 C	!
9483			4	M } 471 -	0,014
9484			· ·	490	
9485				27 -0	ŀ
9486			;	9/	}
9487				18 (}
9488				15 ′	ł
9489				129 /	[
9490		:		329 ~	
9491				18 🗸	
9492				12 /	
9493		•		15 /	
9494		i	_	15 7	2.17
9495			2	M 447 -J	0.013
9496				15 ~	
9497		' I		_ 55 <u></u>	
9498			219	△ 662 T	0.019
9499				27	
9500				223 /	
9501				9 ~	
9502				6/	
9503				3 /	
9504				6 /	
9505				3 -	
9506				6-	
9507				86 -	
9508				3 -	
9509				9 ~	
9510		•		21~	
9511				9 ~	
9512				9 -	
9513		•		15	
9514				9 -	
9515				6	
9516	-			9 -	
3010		1		3	

Project: Verdstone Gold Corp - FLAP

Project number: 9621 Purchase order number: Date: October 23, 1996

Sample	T			PPB Au
L 52+00 N	91+00	E		34
	91+25	E	[55
	91+50	E.	1	78
	91+75	E		118
	92+00	E		78
	92+25	E		84
	92+50	E		50
	92+75	E	1	44
	93+00	E	1	38
	93+25	E	j .	32
	93+50	E]	50
	93+75	E		38
L 52+25 N	91+00	E	1	260
	91+25	Ε		44
	91+50	E		101
	91+75	E		118
L 52+50 N	91+25	E		101
	91+50	E		89
	91+75	E		8 9
	92+00	E	ļ	55
L 52+75 N	91+25	E	}	72
	91+50	E	!	55
	91+75	E		61
L 53+00 N	91+00	E		44
	91+25	E		72
	91+50	E	[44
L 53+25 N	90+75	E		21
	91+00	E		106
	91+25	E]	61
L 53+50 N	90+75	E		175
	91+00	E		55
	91+25	E		38
Rock	F1	<u> </u>		50

Mican = 3370 = 74 Minh

Range = 21 - 260

