Prospecting Report

Mineral Titles

Skysong #371590 Safe #371591 Elven #371592

Legend-I #388811 Legend-II #388812

Gaea-I #389625 Gaea-II #389626

Victoria Division

N48°35'33" W123°50'13"

Owner, Operator, and Author of this report: Jeffrey O. Bucove: FMC 103609

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Introduction

A. Location

The Elven mineral properties: Home, Safe, Elven, Skysong, Legend-I, Legend-II, Gaea-I, Gaea-II, on 92B12W in the Victoria mining area. These minfile numbers are 365033, 371591, 371592, 371590, 388811, 388812, 389625, and 389626 respectively. These properties are entirely owned by the applicant. *See addendum for included maps.*

The Elven properties are situated so as to take advantage of natural topography exposing the Survey Mountain thrust contact which lies between the Leech River slate body on the west and the Colquitz wark-gneiss body forming the plateau between the Leech River valley and the Sooke Lake watershed in the east. This plateau of mostly barren light coloured granite comprises Survey Mountain on its western flank and Mount Lazar on the north, with Mt. Healy in the south overlooking Sooke Lake and Leechtown.

On map 92B12W near Weeks Lake, the first tributary entering the Leech from the east is known as Criss Creek. The Elven mineral group (along with the overlying Talus placer claim) reside on the north fork of this creek. They cover the ground from Lawrence Lake northwest along the Survey fault line to where the north fork of Criss Creek cuts across the fault and then downstream to where the creek merges with its southern fork as the terrain shallows westerly into the upper Leech River drainage.

The exploration area is the Criss Creek drainage, which falls from the saddle between plutonic Mount Lazar to the north and the northern flank of the thrust ridge; Survey Mountain, which forms the eastern boundary of the auriferous Leech River complex. Although access is possible from the east above the fault line via the New Jarvis main off the Lazar main; the easy access is now from the lower, western end of the valley due to the recent logging activities undertaken by the land owners, Timberwest. This more reasonable access is gained by travelling south past the east side of Weeks Lake and passing through the gate labelled W1000, which happens to be the first gate leading east after passing through the main gate just south of the lake access spur. The upper regions are more remote, requiring experienced navigation and four wheel driven vehicles. The most direct access is via the Survey Mountain access road, found on the east side of the mountain north of the Cragg Creek bridge. Near the top of the mountain's access road is a spur labelled C206. This leads to the small lake (Lawrence) at the south-eastern extreme of the project area. The lake can be circumnavigated via ancient skidder tracks around the east and north side. This will route will provide access to the upper regions of the Criss Creek drainage; assuming you don't mind getting your vehicle muddy and it has reasonably good articulation.

We are looking for gold; specifically, the motherload of the Leech River gold rush. The history of this region includes the documented recovery of 150,000 ounces of placer gold during the last half of the 19th century. All was recovered in the areas directly downstream from this project area. There are over two dozen current placer claims on the direct and continuous downstream path from the Elven Group. The Criss Creek drainage sources the majority of water coursing down the Leech River system upstream of Cragg Creek. For 4 months of the year it sources all of it, as Weeks Lake falls too low to drain into this system during the summer.

B. Summary

Project Area: Elven Group, eight 2 post units (including Home #365033, completed in 1998 and not eligible for credit via prospecting report)

Geochemistry survey and targeted detail of surface outcrops local to anomalous area sourcing Leech River system.
32 Samples Analyzed: 13 Bedrock; 19 unconcentrated streambed mossmat sediment samples, +80 -3mm
Total of 2 square kilometres of ground covered, defined topographically, not rectilinear. (extensive GPS useage)

This phase of the BUCX exploration project was completed satisfactorily. Exploration continues.

Claims Staked during prospecting activities in 2001:
Legend-I 388811, Legend-II 388812, Gaea-I 389625, Gaea-II 389626

Technical Report

Work Performed

Extensive conventional prospecting (about 4 square kilometres were covered, 2 of those in detail) and geochemical sampling (35 samples both bedrock streambed sediment and bedrock stone) was performed during the course of this program. Some light trenching (physical work) was also performed, about 4 cubic meters. As well, there were four mineral claims staked.

Report on Results

1. Program Objective

The topography of the westerly Criss Creek drainage forms a perpendicular cut across the north south Survey Mountain thrust fault exposing the boundary between the Leech River complex and the Colquitz wark-gneiss geological units of southern Vancouver Island. I have lots of exceedingly coarse placer gold in a bedrock streambed mainly composed of argillitic and graphitic schist; while upstream the bedrock is almost exclusively wark-gneiss and the stream is generally barren although near the boundary zone double terminated quartz crystallizations and well defined cubic pyrite clusters are common enough to suggest something more interesting may lie beneath. There are several topographic features which demark the path of the Survey thrust fault as it dives under Survey Mountain to the south of the Elven properties. Paralleling the thrust fault about 400 meters off the eastern side is a band of pyritic depositions.

We want to determine if large scale hydrothermal recirculation occurred here. Although conventional wisdom discounts this possibility, there is extensive feild evidence to the contrary. Preliminary assays (HD-01,02,03) and geophysical examination provide clear evidence of hydrothermal activity. Although previously this particular region of the Survey Fault zone has not been closely examined, it has not traditionally been thought to have a large intrusive plutonic dike system forming a clearly delineated separation between the two local rock types. However; both Boston Industries, Minfile 092B 077 (to the west by some hundreds of metres), and Cominco (at the peak of Survey mountain to the south) Minfile 092B 147 located massive sulphide deposition and they also both asserted engineer's opinions that hydrothermal activity did occur here.

Geological Survey of Canada Map 1553A suggests that the Survey Mountain thrust fault contact dips at 60 degrees easterly underneath the overlying Colquitz gneiss of Lazar and Healy mountains. There is also a huge aquifer available in the Cascadia limestones capable of providing a transport mechanism for the concentration of fine atomic gold suspended in the Leech complex. If I am right, a process occurred deep under this plate of barren granite wherein the auriferous slates percolated their precious burden upward via hydrothermal action to deposit an ore body against the impermeable wark-gneiss hanging wall above. Later, an aeons long cold process would then continue transporting evidence of these deposits upward along the sloping granite roof following the artesian water movements which now continuously replenish the ground waters throughout this highland area. The last Geological Age could have provided the physical conditions necessary to build an ore body capable of supporting large underground mining operations, and the last Ice Age cycle would have processed some of this ore body into the large placer deposit which provided the basis of the Leechtown gold rush.

The objective of this prospecting program was to provide some evidence giving factual context for these theories. In the long term this program shall require as a primary objective tracing the path of the thrust fault as it traverses the valley and mapping the auriferous anomalies sourcing the coarse native gold present in the drainage. This is to be accomplished by mapping the phases of rock chemistry across the claims and locating the many smaller ultramafic dikes and crevasses which appear to be associated with the fault line.

3. Prospecting Results

We found that on the west of the boundary area the associated dikes and veining occurred at shallow angles to the fault line. However, on the east side all of the associated features are at high angles, even tending to the perpendicular in most cases. The final result of this years project is the definition of a suspiciously anomalous feature comprised of a large crevice running across approximately 1.2 Km of countryside varying from 2 to 60 feet in width. There is also another similar and parallel feature to the southeast which is more topographically pronounced and which is as yet unexplored.

4. Geochemical Results

These are not as clear as one might like. Firstly, the larger visible native gold was not directly proportional to the amount of gold found in the analyses of any given sample. This misassumption led the investigator to follow the path of the visibles east along a tributary falling from a steep walled box canyon which follows the main fault line along its eastern flank. The deposition of coarse nugglets of various shapes and sizes (some holding silicate inclusions) led the investigator up through the length of this kilometre long canyon to its head and beyond, to the source of the year round water flowing in it. At one point near the top (TE02-M7) the visible evidence became significantly rarefied, but upon closer examination did continue above the upper rim and all the way to a point very near the edge of the small lake which is the flowing water's source. A road was constructed across the creek at this point and may contain auriferous material washing into the creek. This might provide an explanation for the pinhead nuggets present in some moss mat sediments which have almost no Au in assay. Other explanations might be that increased hydraulic pressure in certain areas blow out the fines, but this can only hold true for creekbed samples lower down the canyon where water power becomes a significant effect. TE02-M9 is a radical departure from this model. It shows only 1.3 ppb and yet provided a very angular nugget 1/2 mm in diameter. This site does not have the topography to provide significant water pressure although the flow might be large during the freshet. It is only 20 metres downstream from the surface disturbance of the road construction and immediately on the upstream side of the road construction a slow water marsh defines the edge of the lake.

It appears that in general the coarse visibles found in the creekbed mossmats for the most part could not have travelled by natural forces more than a few tens of meters from their origin in virtually every case. This implies to the observer that the numerous quartz veins criss-crossing the creekbed are very probably the source of these rough chunks. The fact that these continued unabated across two kilometres of terrain suggests a very large source object for which these veins define a periphery.

5. Geophysical Results

Combining the past experience of the double terminated crystal lens with the geochemical evidence mounting near the end of the summer while examining the aerial photo 30BC84025_#021 a surface feature becomes relevant which appears to be a crevice apx. 1.2 kilometres long. Upon identification of this feature samples were taken from the old crystal mine site and whatever bedrock exposures could be found along its length.

At the end of this year's project, those samples collected from the few bedrock exposures available along this feature indicate the presence of AU (sample HD-19, site HRKMRN), AG (sample HD-18, site CREV3C) and when combined with the evidence of significant native gold feeding into the alluvial drainage from the southern end of the structure, as well as elevated Ag in the hardrock of the basin at its southern end; all combine to indicate the next exploration target.

6. Best Discoveries

Bedrock Samples

	Lat	Long	Zn ppm	Ag ppb	Co ppm	Fe %	Au ppb	Cr ppm
HD-08	48° 35' 18.15"	123° 49' 16.58"		794				
HD-09	48° 35' 21.90"	123° 49' 21.05"		259				104.8
HD-09a	48° 35' 22.02"	123° 49' 21.03"		247				
HD-10	48° 35' 21.89"	123° 49' 21.05"		198		5.35		
HD-12	48° 35' 21.13"	123° 49' 21.23"		351				
HD-13	48° 35' 20.82"	123° 49' 20.47"	120.1					
HD-14	48° 35' 52.80"	123° 49' 07.54"						109.4
HD-17	48° 35' 17.40"	123° 49' 16.79"	147.5	218	144.3	7.57		145.1
HD-18	48° 35' 47.65"	123° 49' 20.94"		582				
HD-19	48° 35' 57.46"	123° 49' 21.73"					197.8	

HD-08 was taken from a lava-like foliated granular mafic area at the base of the waterfall at the top of the canyon. HD-09 and HD-09a were taken from the streambed at the site of TE02-M7. This rock was vertically foliated and consisted of mafic and granite layers. It was also heavily striated with quartz veins ranging from small to 3 inches thick. There were two sets of these at shallow angles to each other and tending northeast and and north-northeast. HD-09a was centred on one of these. HD-10 was an amorphous rock of small grained mixed quartz and mafic nature taken from the southern wall of the canyon about 3 metres above TE02-M7. HD-12 is from a dike forming an overhang and small waterfall between TE02-M7 and TE02-M8; it was mostly wark gneiss. HD-13 is bedrock streambed from the same site as TE02-M8, and is a foliated and vertically fractured granular mafic formation. HD-14 was taken from a quarry near the north end of the project area, and was a grey granite mixed with quartz. HD-18 (map site CREV3C) is the only bedrock sample that could be acquired from the entire length of the now suspect surface feature and was found towards the north end of the project area near a road crossing. HD-19 (map site HERKMN) was a pure quartz sample removed from the Herkimer Diamond (i.e. doubly terminated quartz crystals) mine site this owner operated in 1995 at the extreme northern end of the project area and which appears to be associated topographically with the large crevice which the identification of as a target zone has been the result of this year's survey.

Sediment Samples

These analyses do not reflect the presence of the very coarse pinhead nuggets found.

	Lat	Long	Ag ppb	Au ppb	+80 coarse Vis Au Nuggets (see feild notebook)
SB-01	48° 35' 14.87"	123° 50' 8.82"	958	1560	1/2 gram various sizes
SM-03	48° 35' 26.96"	123° 50' 2.46"		402.6	2 large 2 small pinheads, 6 pinpoints
SM-04	48° 35' 28.37"	123° 50' 1.38"	285	495.9	1 pinhead 1 pinpoint
SM-05	48° 35' 28.51"	123° 50' 3.93"	1197	4538.7	2 large pinheads 4 pinpoints
SM-06b	48° 35' 32.45"	123° 49' 50.01"		1228.8	No visible Gold
TE02-M1	48° 35' 31.11"	123° 49' 50.59"		30.1 (low)	2 large coarse pinheads
TE02-M2	48° 35' 29.4"	123° 49' 39.69"		38.8 (low)	1 wire shaped pinhead
TE02-M3	48° 35' 28.7"	123° 49' 38.76"		76.8 (low)	2 pinheads 1 pinpoint
TE02-M4	48° 35' 28.03"	123° 49' 35.73"		72.1 (low)	1 pinhead 1 pinpoint
TE02-M5	48° 35' 25.46"	123° 49' 29.94"		430.9	1 large pinhead 1 wire shaped pinhead
TE02-M6	48° 35' 22.10"	123° 49' 23.01"		16.2 (low)	1 large very coarse pinhead
TE02-M7	48° 35' 21.90"	123° 49' 21.05"		347	1 very coarse 2mm nugget, 1 pinpoint
TE02-M8	48° 35' 20.82"	123° 49' 20.47"		854.2	1 2mm nugget @ inclusions, 1 pinpoint
TE02-M9	48° 35' 15.45"	123° 49' 12.37"		1.3 (very low)	1 very coarse pinhead

SB-01 was the -80 from a streambed sediment sample concentrated from apx 250Kg of gravel. SM-05 was a -80 sample sifted from the sluiced heavies of about 5 Kg of stream centre boulder moss mat sand at the downstream end of a gorge where the stream bends at right angles between shear rock walls. This is also the site of the official rock sample taken by Jacques Houle. SM-04 was from one litre of moss taken from the upstream end of this gorge. All the others were -80 sifted from unconcentrated moss mats taken from bedrock stream centre, averaging about 1 Kg (+/- 20%) of sand. The analyses do not reflect the presence of the very coarse pinhead nuggets found in the +80 from many locations.

Expenditures

Jeffery O. Bucove FMC 103809

1. Wages, Food and Accommodation

Worker	Days Worked	Wages	Food/Accom
Jeffery O. Bucove (owner)	23 days	$100/day	$35/day
William Shamblin (labour)	7 days	$60/day	$35/day
Carl Dueck (labour)	7 days	$60/day	$35/day
Sandoval Bradisch (labour)	3 days	$60/day	$35/day
Subtotals		$3320	$1400

Total wages, food and accommodation:_____$4720

2. Travel Costs

Mileage for personal vehicle: 6 round trips at 250km/trip and $.38km_____ $570

3. Assay Costs

Shipping_____$20
Laboratory_____$790

Total_____$810

3. Equipment Rentals/Supplies

Generator_____$125
Chain Saw_____$125
Spiral Concentrator_____$350
Grizzly/Sluice_____$125

Total_____$725

4. Report Preparation

Costs_____$400

Total Expenditures: **$7,225**

ACME ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD. (ISO 9002 Accredited Co.) 852 E. HASTINGS ST. VANCOUVER BC V6A 1R6 PHONE(604)253-3158 FAX(604)253-1716

GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS CERTIFICATE

Bucove, Jeff File # A103749

3000 Colquitz Ave, Victoria BC V9A 2M3 Submitted by: Jeff Bucove

SAMPLE#	Mo ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	Ag ppb	Ni ppm	Co ppm	Mn ppm	Fe %	As ppm	U ppm	Au ppb	Th ppm	Sr ppm	Cd ppm	Sb ppm	Bi ppm	V ppm	Ca %	P %	La ppm	Cr ppm	Mg %	Ba ppm	Ti %	B ppm	Al %	Na %	K %	W ppm	Sc ppm	Tl ppm	S %	Hg ppb	Se ppm	Te ppm	Ga ppm	Sample gm
SI	.27	1.00	.29	2.1	5	.8	.1	9	.05	.4	<.1	.6	<.1	2.8	.01	.02	<.02	<2	.12	<.001	<.5	4.8	<.01	3.3	.001	<1	.01	.519	<.01	<.2	.1	<.02	.01	<5	<.1	<.02	<.1	30
HD-19A	2.65	6.47	.89	1.8	11	7.5	.7	50	.44	.5	<.1	4.8	<.1	.9	.01	.08	<.02	6	.01	<.001	<.5	125.6	.01	13.5	.001	3	.05	.007	.03	2.4	.1	<.02	.01	<5	<.1	.36	.2	30
STANDARD DS3	9.25	123.97	34.66	154.9	298	35.8	12.2	787	3.13	31.8	6.3	22.5	4.0	28.0	5.72	5.25	5.72	78	.50	.098	17.5	188.1	.58	150.9	.088	2	1.81	.029	.17	4.0	2.8	1.12	.02	259	1.0	1.13	6.2	30

GROUP 1F30 - 30.00 GM SAMPLE LEACHED WITH 180 ML 2-2-2 HCL-HNO3-H2O AT 95 DEG. C FOR ONE HOUR, DILUTED TO 600 ML, ANALYSED BY ICP/ES & MS.
UPPER LIMITS - AG, AU, HG, W, SE, TE, TL, GA, SN = 100 PPM; MO, CO, CD, SB, BI, TH, U, B = 2,000 PPM; CU, PB, ZN, NI, MN, AS, V, LA, CR = 10,000 PPM.
- SAMPLE TYPE: ROCK R150

DATE RECEIVED: OCT 23 2001 **DATE REPORT MAILED:** Oct 31/01 **SIGNED BY.....** D. TOYE, C.LEONG, J. WANG; CERTIFIED B.C. ASSAYERS

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GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS CERTIFICATE

Bucove, Jeff File # A004591

1754 Whiffenspit Road, Sooke BC V0S 1N0 Submitted by: Jeff Bucove

SAMPLE#	Mo ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	Ag ppb	Ni ppm	Co ppm	Mn ppm	Fe %	As ppm	U ppm	Au ppb	Th ppm	Sr ppm	Cd ppm	Sb ppm	Bi ppm	V ppm	Ca %	P %	La ppm	Cr ppm	Mg %	Ba ppm	Ti %	B ppm	Al %	Na %	K %	W ppm	Sc ppm	Tl ppm	S %	Hg ppb	Se ppm	Te ppm	Ga ppm	Sample gm
2	3.77	44.35	4.59	38.5	74	24.5	6.1	330	1.15	1.9	.2	.2	2.8	8.9	.20	.16	.11	6	.17	.020	10.3	16.5	.44	56.6	.020	2	.61	.006	.13	.7	.8	.03	.16	7	1.0	.03	2.2	30
4	3.96	48.87	4.29	46.8	84	31.6	7.1	561	1.56	2.3	.1	.3	2.0	4.6	.18	.13	.10	12	.19	.011	8.6	23.5	.59	57.7	.053	3	.87	.003	.13	.8	1.2	.05	.04	8	.2	.03	2.9	30
5	3.43	55.69	2.26	46.4	51	26.1	6.8	676	1.88	1.6	<.1	.3	2.1	2.3	.08	.09	.05	16	.10	.014	5.5	22.7	.82	46.5	.063	1	1.01	.003	.10	.8	1.5	.03	.25	8	1.2	<.02	3.3	30
RE 5	3.24	54.55	2.24	46.1	49	26.6	7.1	670	1.87	1.2	<.1	.5	2.0	2.0	.08	.09	.05	16	.09	.013	5.2	22.8	.81	47.1	.060	2	1.00	.003	.10	.7	1.5	.03	.22	8	1.3	<.02	3.2	30
STANDARD	14.65	125.99	34.81	150.6	270	32.9	12.6	791	2.98	56.2	19.4	206.6	4.0	27.9	10.31	10.14	11.25	72	.50	.086	17.0	155.8	.57	144.3	.092	2	1.82	.029	.15	7.7	2.7	1.86	.01	229	2.2	1.82	6.1	30

Standard is STANDARD DS2.

GROUP 1F30 - 30.00 GM SAMPLE, 180 ML 2-2-2 HCL-HNO3-H2O AT 95 DEG. C FOR ONE HOUR AND IS DILUTED TO 600 ML, ANALYSIS BY ICP/ES & MS.

UPPER LIMITS - AG, AU, HG, W, SE, TE, TL, GA, SN = 100 PPM; MO, CO, CD, SB, BI, TH, U, B = 2,000 PPM; CU, PB, ZN, NI, MN, AS, V, LA, CR = 10,000 PPM.

- SAMPLE TYPE: ROCK R150 60C Samples beginning 'RE' are Reruns and 'RRE' are Reject Reruns.

DATE RECEIVED: NOV 14 2000 **DATE REPORT MAILED:** Nov 24/00 **SIGNED BY** C. Leong .D. TOYE, C.LEONG, J. WANG; CERTIFIED B.C. ASSAYERS

From ACME ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD. 852 E. HASTINGS ST. VANCOUVER BC V6A 1R6 PHONE(604)253-3158 FAX(604)253-1716 @ CSV TEXT FORMAT

To Pucove, Jeff

Acme file # A103112 Received: SEP 11 2001 * 14 samples in this disk file.

Map Loc	Lat	Long	ELEMENT / SAMPLES	Mo ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	Ag ppb	Ni ppm	Co ppm	Mn ppm	Fe %	As ppm	U ppm	Au ppb	Th ppm	Sr ppm	Cd ppm	Sb ppm	Bi ppm	V ppm	Ca %	P %	La ppm	Cr ppm	Mg %	Ba ppm	Ti %	B ppm	Al %	Na %	K %	W ppm	Sc ppm	Tl ppm	S %	Hg ppb	Se ppm	Te ppm	Ga ppm	Sample gm
SM-01	48° 35' 14.87	123° 50' 8.82"	HD-01	16.32	766.45	33.55	91.6	751	417.9	134	2615	14.18	8.5	0.4	10.8	0.6	22.2	0.12	0.19	0.99	185	0.7	0.302	8.8	46.5	0.95	21.2	0.022	17	1.91	0.006	0.01	9.3	2.8	0.02	11.36	43	18.3	0.21	6.4	12
SM-04	48° 35' 28.61	123° 50' 02.93	HD-02	8.84	43.3	158.22	200.5	443	12.8	1.9	122	1.19	8.2	1.9	7.5	1.6	2.4	9.76	0.8	1.43	25	0.05	0.008	1.5	152.7	0.22	104	0.076	1	0.39	0.017	0.21	5	1.4	0.08	< .01	218	2	0.11	1.8	15
SM-05	48° 35' 29.05	123° 50' 03.25	HD-03	5.02	72.79	975.76	104.7	828	15	2.5	567	1.76	4.3	0.2	7.8	2.7	4.4	0.35	0.36	1.32	9	0.13	0.016	6.2	27	0.58	77.7	0.092	2	0.81	0.01	0.15	2	1.9	0.04	< .01	161	0.5	0.15	3.1	30
HD-08	48° 35' 18.15	123° 49' 16.58	HD-08	10	91.95	14.5	59.4	[illegible]	19.1	25.7	675	1.57	0.7	0.4	1	2.8	4.6	0.81	1.2	0.33	23	0.15	0.045	7.5	91.1	0.36	106.2	0.121	2	0.61	< .001	0.18	1.5	1.7	0.07	< .01	18	2.4	0.13	2.4	30
TP02-M7	48° 35' 21.90	123° 49' 21.05	HD-09	3.09	7.85	1.33	10.1	239	7.5	7.9	107	0.51	0.8	< .1	1.1	0.3	1.3	0.01	0.56	0.02	6	0.01	0.003	0.7	104.8	0.1	23.4	0.023	2	0.18	0.004	0.02	1.2	0.5	< .02	< .01	11	0.1	< .02	0.6	30
TP02-M7			HD-09A	2.4	33.81	5.75	28.7	247	15.7	19.8	286	1.25	1.2	0.2	12.7	2.4	2.7	0.08	0.53	0.15	13	0.08	0.017	6.8	88.7	0.32	71.6	0.077	2	0.62	0.002	0.13	0.2	1.8	0.03	< .01	16	0.3	0.03	1.9	30
TP02-M7	48° 35' 21.89	123° 49' 21.05	HD-10	0.9	49.52	1.6	78.5	198	23.2	38.3	1095	[illegible]	0.5	< .1	3	0.1	33.9	0.07	0.31	0.05	172	1.33	0.073	3.1	66	2.27	77.7	0.378	2	3.13	0.04	0.03	< .2	9.2	< .02	< .01	14	0.7	< .02	8.8	30
HD-11	48° 35' 48.52	123° 49' 25.81	HD-11	2.09	11.11	8.83	19.3	127	14.3	11.7	306	1.6	0.5	< .1	0.6	< .1	7.8	0.03	0.38	< .02	41	0.88	0.017	< .5	111.1	0.61	3.6	0.083	2	1.17	0.018	0.01	1	1.1	< .02	< .01	6	0.1	< .02	2.6	30
HD-12	48° 35' 21.13	123° 49' 21.23	HD-12	3.35	61.56	7.04	39.5	340	8	6.1	781	3.06	5.3	0.1	2.8	0.9	6.4	0.03	0.74	0.32	36	0.3	0.036	1.7	69.1	0.45	53.8	0.079	2	0.99	0.019	0.06	0.2	2.8	< .02	< .01	9	3	0.12	6.4	30
			RE HD-12	3.89	63.13	7.6	39.5	391	8	5.6	812	3.09	5	0.1	4.1	1	6.6	0.03	0.73	0.35	38	0.21	0.035	1.9	65.7	0.45	58.4	0.096	1	1.01	0.027	0.07	0.3	2.8	< .02	0.01	8	3.1	0.14	6.8	30
TP02-M8	48° 35' 20.82	123° 49' 20.47	HD-13	1.77	34.02	10.63	120.1	129	22.2	14.1	1439	3.39	1.1	0.2	3.7	1.7	9.6	0.11	0.23	0.18	44	0.06	0.039	5.6	37	0.62	243.1	0.233	1	2.01	0.06	0.18	< .2	4.5	0.04	< .01	9	0.3	0.08	6.3	30
HD-14	48° 35' 52.80	123° 49' 07.54	HD-14	2.67	12.46	0.75	6.2	153	9.3	11.2	106	0.5	0.2	< .1	0.3	0.1	2.5	0.01	0.36	< .02	6	0.54	0.002	1.2	109.4	0.12	7.7	0.024	1	0.56	0.006	0.01	2.3	0.4	< .02	0.01	< 5	0.1	< .02	1.8	30
HD-15	48° 35' 12.32	123° 49' 08.41	HD-15	2.52	38.45	9.06	46.4	188	12	6	541	2.06	1.2	0.3	1.6	2.2	3.2	0.03	0.54	0.29	38	0.03	0.02	2.8	45.1	0.82	139.3	0.186	2	1.57	0.004	0.17	< .2	3.3	0.04	< .01	29	0.3	0.08	4.7	30
HD-16	48° 35' 15.57	123° 49' 12.35	HD-16	4.7	48.21	6.82	48.2	134	24.9	26	830	1.86	3.8	1	0.7	2.4	9.3	0.44	0.24	0.25	40	0.25	0.076	8.9	78.5	0.79	115.9	0.276	3	1.09	0.022	0.13	< .2	2.7	0.06	< .01	56	0.5	0.11	4.8	30
HD-17	48° 35' 17.40	123° 49' 16.79	HD-17	0.83	86.47	1.12	[illegible]	218	72.1	[illegible]	1539	[illegible]	21.6	0.1	2.5	0.3	8.3	0.14	0.19	0.04	167	0.82	0.086	4.9	[illegible]	2.97	64.9	0.784	2	3.59	0.072	0.06	< .2	12	0.02	0.07	9	0.9	0.04	13.7	30
CREV3C	48° 35' 47.65	123° 49' 20.94	HD-18	0.86	62.72	1.14	42.5	[illegible]	12	19.3	528	3	1	< .1	0.9	< .1	24.7	0.06	0.89	< .02	94	1.48	0.144	1	37.9	1.28	63.6	0.13	3	2.18	0.063	0.07	0.5	2.8	< .02	< .01	< 5	0.2	< .02	5.4	30
HRKMR1	48° 35' 57.46	123° 49' 21.73	HD-19	1.87	6.39	1.1	13.1	106	6	22.1	200	0.98	1.9	< .1	[illegible]	< .1	3	0.07	0.21	< .02	40	2.44	0.004	0.5	86	0.29	10.6	0.047	3	2.18	0.006	0.01	1.7	1	< .02	< .01	< 5	0.1	0.22	5.6	30
			STANDARD	9.54	124.16	35.75	154.3	260	35.8	12.1	779	3.02	28.2	6.2	25.1	3.8	16.4	5.4	5.52	5.44	74	0.5	0.096	17.1	182	0.57	146	0.091	1	1.63	0.026	0.16	3.9	2.6	1.04	0.02	227	1.4	1.08	6.2	30

Acme file # A103113 Received: SEP 11 2001 * 21 samples in this disk file.

Map Loc	Lat	Long	ELEMENT / SAMPLES	Mo ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	Ag ppb	Ni ppm	Co ppm	Mn ppm	Fe %	As ppm	U ppm	Au ppb	Th ppm	Sr ppm	Cd ppm	Sb ppm	Bi ppm	V ppm	Ca %	P %	La ppm	Cr ppm	Mg %	Ba ppm	Ti %	B ppm	Al %	Na %	K %	W ppm	Sc ppm	Tl ppm	S %	Hg ppb	Se ppm	Te ppm	Ga ppm	Sample gm
SB-01	48° 35' 14.87	123° 50' 8.82"	SB-01	0.54	55.07	7.53	72.9	958	29.9	17.6	451	3.52	3.7	0.2	1560.9	0.6	22.2	0.16	0.2	0.04	125	0.69	0.051	3.1	48	0.88	40.6	0.143	2	1.6	0.007	0.02	0.3	3.1	< .02	< .01	19	0.2	0.04	4.5	30
SB-02	48° 35' 28.55	123° 50' 2.08"	SB-02	0.24	26.62	4.55	42.2	75	27.3	16.8	430	2.88	3.2	0.1	10.7	0.5	23.9	0.11	0.15	0.03	100	0.75	0.044	2.8	42.5	0.94	41.8	0.14	1	1.77	0.008	0.02	< .2	3.3	< .02	< .01	12	0.1	0.02	4.6	15
SM-01	48° 35' 21"	123° 50' 9.49"	SM-01	0.38	38.16	2.22	46.3	37	30.7	22.5	748	3.06	5.1	0.2	80.9	0.6	26.9	0.16	0.22	0.03	104	0.81	0.065	4	43.1	0.92	53.7	0.139	2	1.86	0.01	0.04	< .2	3.6	0.02	< .01	17	0.4	0.03	5	30
SM-03	48° 35' 26.96	123° 50' 2.46"	SM-03	0.43	39.31	2.64	46.7	105	30.5	26.1	1034	3.26	4.2	0.2	402.6	0.6	26.6	0.15	0.16	0.03	117	0.8	0.072	4.3	46.5	0.89	51.3	0.143	2	1.87	0.01	0.04	< .2	3.8	0.03	0.01	28	0.3	< .02	5	30
SM-04	48° 35' 28.37	123° 50' 1.38"	SM-04	0.35	38	4	40.6	285	26.8	16.9	449	3.14	3.3	0.2	495.9	0.6	24.8	0.14	0.78	0.03	116	0.76	0.048	3.2	45.9	0.89	40.2	0.146	2	1.65	0.008	0.02	< .2	3.3	< .02	< .01	15	0.2	0.03	4.7	30
SM-05	48° 35' 28.51	123° 50' 3.93"	SM-05A	0.35	33.21	2.87	46.4	1197	24.8	17.6	395	4.46	3.6	0.2	4538.7	0.8	22.7	0.1	0.18	0.04	195	0.68	0.049	3.2	56.8	0.75	29.1	0.162	1	1.41	0.007	0.02	< .2	3.1	< .02	0.01	57	0.2	0.02	4.7	30
SM-06	48° 35' 32.45	123° 49' 50.01	SM-06A	0.29	44.71	2.3	45.5	42	26.9	20.7	710	3.29	3.3	0.2	115.7	0.4	28.6	0.1	0.15	0.02	110	0.73	0.036	2.4	43.8	1.08	32.2	0.163	3	2.14	0.006	0.02	< .2	3.7	< .02	< .01	15	0.2	< .02	5.4	30
			SM-06B	0.35	46.78	2.95	56.2	108	30.5	27.3	1234	3.43	3.6	0.2	963	0.5	30.4	0.13	0.14	0.03	113	0.76	0.046	2.7	45.1	1.08	36.2	0.164	2	2.27	0.008	0.03	< .2	3.6	0.02	< .01	25	0.2	0.02	5.7	30
			RE SM-06B	0.34	46.87	2.81	56.3	151	30.8	28.9	1263	3.43	3.6	0.2	1228.8	0.5	28.2	0.13	0.14	0.03	112	0.73	0.045	2.7	44.9	1.09	37.5	0.16	2	2.24	0.009	0.03	< .2	3.8	0.02	< .01	24	0.2	0.03	5.6	30
TE02-M1	48° 35' 31.11	123° 49' 50.59	TE-02-M1	0.27	35.15	1.95	38.1	28	27.2	19.1	535	2.95	4.1	0.1	30.1	0.6	21.7	0.11	0.13	0.03	103	0.77	0.068	3.8	41.6	0.89	42.3	0.122	2	1.7	0.009	0.03	< .2	3.7	< .02	< .01	13	0.3	< .02	4.8	30
TE02-M2	48° 35' 29.4"	123° 49' 39.69	TE-01-M2A	0.28	37.77	2.18	42.4	30	28.6	19.6	597	2.93	4.1	0.2	23.7	0.6	25.9	0.11	0.15	0.03	101	0.86	0.083	4.4	41.7	0.9	58.9	0.123	1	1.83	0.011	0.03	< .2	3.9	< .02	< .01	21	0.3	0.04	5.1	30
			TE-02-M2B	0.29	36.18	2	38	26	27.1	19.2	536	2.96	4.2	0.2	38.8	0.7	23.5	0.1	0.13	0.03	103	0.81	0.073	3.9	43	0.88	40.8	0.127	1	1.77	0.011	0.03	< .2	3.7	< .02	< .01	15	0.1	0.02	4.9	30
TE02-M3	48° 35' 28.7"	123° 49' 38.76	TE-02-M3	0.27	35.27	2.03	35.2	26	26.6	17.8	506	2.91	3.9	0.1	76.8	0.6	22.5	0.09	0.1	0.03	104	0.8	0.076	3.8	41	0.84	35.1	0.123	1	1.66	0.009	0.03	< .2	3.6	< .02	< .01	16	0.2	0.03	4.7	30
TE01-M4	48° 35' 28.03	123° 49' 35.73	TE-02-M4	0.25	34.74	1.85	35.1	28	25.4	18.2	509	2.87	4.2	0.1	72.1	0.6	21.3	0.1	0.11	0.03	102	0.75	0.078	4	40.9	0.81	38	0.117	2	1.61	0.009	0.03	< .2	3.5	< .02	< .01	19	0.1	0.03	4.6	30
TE02-M5	48° 35' 25.46	123° 49' 29.94	TE-02-M5	0.51	43.12	3.11	45.3	84	32.3	21.6	712	3.05	4.2	0.2	430.9	0.8	23.2	0.12	0.12	0.05	101	0.74	0.067	4.5	47.2	0.96	48.2	0.132	2	1.93	0.011	0.04	< .2	3.9	0.02	0.01	25	0.3	0.04	5.4	30
TE02-M6	48° 35' 22.10	123° 49' 23.01	TE-02-M6B	0.25	37.94	3.37	42.9	45	32.6	24.5	1093	2.75	3.7	0.1	16.2	0.3	29.7	0.13	0.11	0.03	89	0.89	0.071	3.5	46.7	0.99	67.1	0.103	3	1.91	0.014	0.03	< .2	3.5	0.02	0.01	30	0.4	0.02	4.7	30
TE02-M7	48° 35' 21.90	123° 49' 21.05	TE-02-M7	0.11	28.08	2.62	30.9	60	25.0	14.8	358	2.41	2.7	0.1	347	0.5	24.8	0.09	0.13	< .02	88	0.79	0.041	2	44.6	0.9	31.2	0.111	1	1.47	0.009	0.01	< .2	2.5	< .02	< .01	8	0.1	0.02	3.9	30
TE02-M8	48° 35' 20.82	123° 49' 20.47	TE-02-M8	0.11	31.6	1.63	37.7	91	32.8	18.4	449	2.69	3	0.1	854.2	0.4	23.5	0.06	0.1	< .02	93	0.82	0.054	2.1	51.8	1.1	36.9	0.103	1	1.68	0.009	0.02	< .2	2.6	< .02	0.01	14	0.1	< .02	4.3	30
TE02-M9	48° 35' 15.45	123° 49' 12.37	TE-02-M9	0.2	26.56	2.72	42.1	12	26.5	13.3	339	2.38	2.4	0.1	1.3	0.3	23.8	0.15	0.09	0.02	96	0.67	0.024	1.5	42.4	0.84	30.2	0.123	1	1.84	0.008	0.01	< .2	2.9	< .02	< .01	13	0.1	0.02	4.8	30
TE01-B1	48° 35' 24.65	123° 50' 02.28	TE-01-B1	0.43	35.1	6.91	82.9	163	46.8	19.5	683	3.11	3.1	0.1	1	0.5	24	0.41	2.41	0.03	96	0.75	0.035	3.1	53.8	1.13	64.4	0.119	1	2.02	0.009	0.02	< .2	3.4	0.02	< .01	11	0.1	0.03	5.7	30
TW01-M	48° 35' 28.66	123° 50' 02.37	TW-01-M2	0.5	37.77	4.94	62.3	211	38.2	19.7	652	2.92	6.6	0.1	2.4	0.5	19	0.23	1.28	0.04	81	0.58	0.033	3.2	50.8	0.97	52	0.125	1	1.87	0.007	0.03	< .2	3.3	0.02	< .01	14	0.2	0.03	5.2	30
			STANDARD	9.31	123.13	34.95	154.3	269	36.6	12.5	813	3.16	30.8	5.6	20.4	4	28	5.69	5.31	5.66	78	0.53	0.095	17.9	187.8	0.6	154.6	0.09	1	1.69	0.027	0.17	3.9	2.8	1.02	0.02	240	1.3	1.1	6.5	30

MINERAL & PLACER RESERVE
B.C. REG 64/94
1994 MAR 03
NO STAKING

MT.
LAZAR

GREATER
VICTORIA
WATER BOARD
RES. MIN.
& PLACER
NO
STAKING

AREA of
BLOCK BRAMMER R.C

ELVEN
371592
690007M

SKYSONG
371590

LEGEND-II
388812
690006M

HOME
365033
687876M

690008M

LEGEND-I
388811

GAEA-I
389625
690011M

SAFE
371591
690005M

690009M

GAEA-II

690016M

Weeks
Lake

KAREN

Jarvis
L.

Cragg

Jordan
Meadows

B S R
383044
703109M

5379264

SURVEY
MTN.

Creek

Leech

86354

JORDAN GOLD 5
260414

LUSTER #2
260415

West

737
3SX6W

742
3NX6W

55179

BLAZE #4
260306

870

DORAN 5 FR
261042
2000

BPEX 9
260381
665
2NX8E

72273

3NX1E

85009
LUSTER #1
260418
747 1SX2E

54919

Bear Cr

River

River

GREATER VICTORIA WATER BOARD
NO ENTERING OR STAKING

MINERAL RESERVE
OIC 247 3-2-78
SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS

5372928

437184

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48°30'00"
123°45'00"

ELVEN GROUP GEOCHEM SURVEY 2002

SCALE: 6,879:1

1 KM

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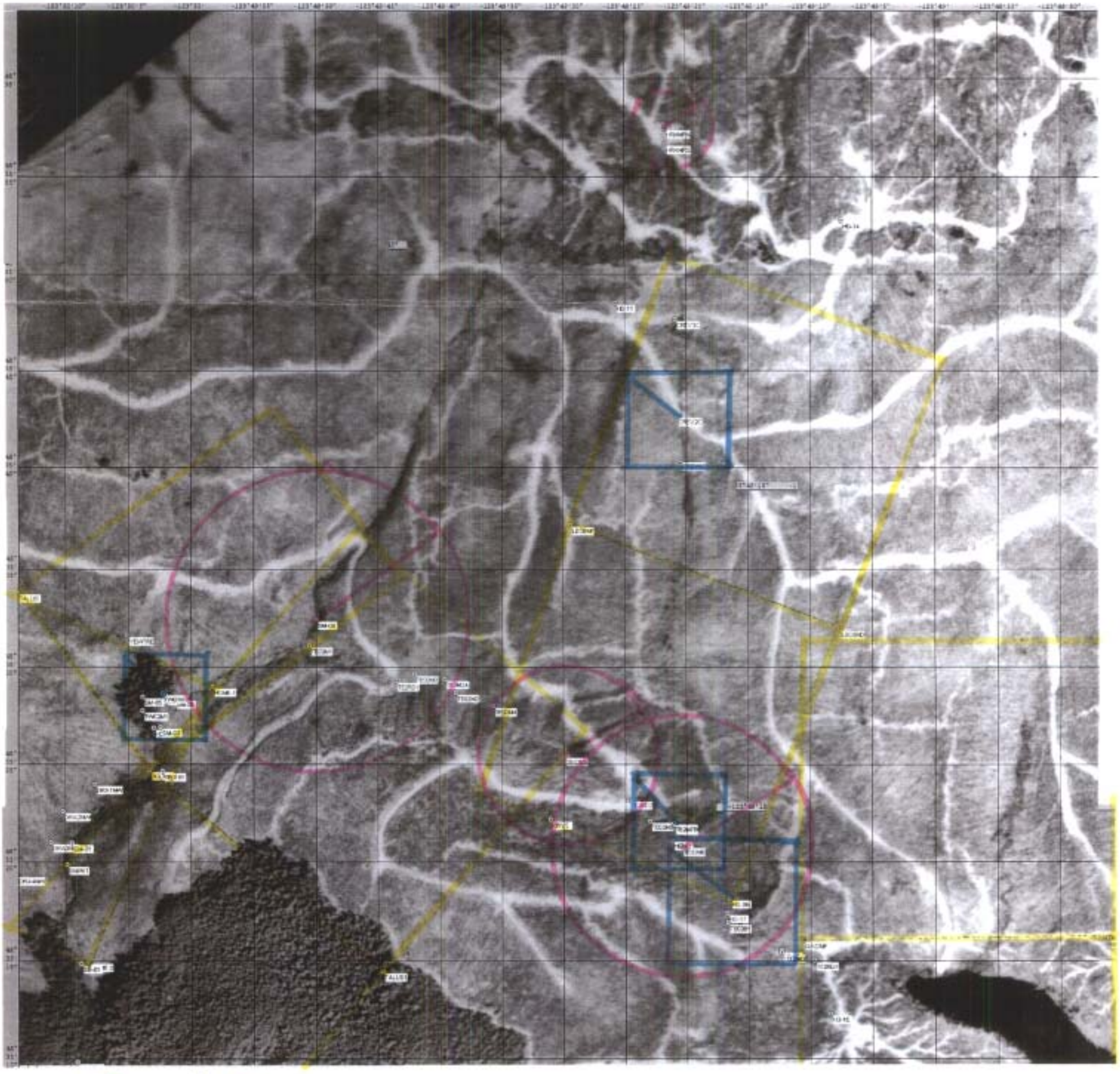

Au ○ Ag □

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA AND YUKON CHAMBER OF MINES

Prospectors Mining School

This is to Certify that JEFF O. BUCOVE

of Vancouver, B.C. *has attended the Prospectors Mining School conducted by the British Columbia and Yukon Chamber of Mines at Vancouver, B.C., Canada.*

Term: September 18, 1984 *to* December 6, 1984

BRITISH COLUMBIA & YUKON CHAMBER OF MINES

PRESIDENT

MANAGER