

Assessment Report

Diamond Drilling

on the

Silver Lynx Property
(Silver Lynx 1, 3, 5, 6, 8, 11, 12, 14, 16 – 21; Rover 7, 8)
Nelson Mining Division

N.T.S. 82F/6W
Latitude 49° 25' N
Longitude 117° 27' W

Owner/Operator:

Cassidy Gold Corp.
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and

Delta Exploration Inc.
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MINING BRANCH
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1.0 Summary

Four diamond drillholes totalling 706.2 metres tested four Induced Polarization anomalies on the Silver Lynx volcanogenic massive sulphide target. The Silver Lynx Property covers two showings of banded disseminated, semi-massive and massive sulphides, discovered in the fall of 2000. This mineralization is interpreted to be part of a volcanogenic massive sulphide occurrence consisting of pyrrhotite, sphalerite, galena, and chalcopyrite.

The Silver Lynx Property covers approximately 850 hectares in the Rover Creek – Snowwater Creek drainage, 14 kilometres southwest of Nelson, B.C. The centre of the property sits at 49 25'N and 117 27'W, or UTM Zone 11U, 5474000mN and 467000mE (NAD 83). The property consists of one 20-unit modified grid mineral claim and 15 2-post mineral claims, all contiguous. Cassidy Gold Corp. had signed a Mineral Property Option Agreement to acquire 100% interest in the Silver Lynx Property from Bruce Doyle of Nelson, B.C., and had subsequently optioned 50% to Delta Exploration Inc. Delta terminated its option agreement with Cassidy following completion of the diamond drilling program in June. Cassidy then terminated its option agreement returned 100% of the property back to Mr. Doyle.

The Rover Creek area is underlain by basinal sedimentary rocks of Ymir Group, correlated as a distal equivalent of the Archibald Formation, the lowermost assemblage within the Rosslund Group volcanics. Rosslund Group rocks comprise the easternmost belt of Quesnel Terrane, accreted to North America in Middle Jurassic time (Hoy and Dunne, 1997).

Results from the 2004 drill program were somewhat disappointing. Although weak to moderate mineralization was encountered coincident with chargeability highs and resistivity lows, only scattered low grade, thin banded and vein mineralization was discovered.

Highlights from the 2004 program include three mineralized horizons in SL-04-05 that assayed up to 0.88% Zn with highly anomalous values of Au, Ag, As, Cu, and Pb. Two sections of quartz-carbonate alteration in the QM returned results up to 6720 ppm As, 1230 ppm Pb, and 4293 ppm Zn. Mineralization is scattered in several weak horizons over a core length of some 80 metres in SL-04-06. Results ran as high as 4950 ppm Zn, 1020 ppm Pb, 7215 ppm As, 3.0 g/t Ag, and 135 ppb Au, typically in altered fine-grained sediments.

Similarly, weak mineralization occurs in a number of weakly defined zones throughout SL-04-07. A 1.8-metre interval from 102.2 – 104.0 metres averaged 0.76% Zn, with Pb values up to 1850 ppm and Cu up to 1153 ppm. Two galena-sphalerite-chalcopyrite intervals between 152.8 – 160.1 metres returned assays up to 1.04% Pb, 0.73% Zn, and 34.7 g/t Ag. One sample between 41.3 – 41.9 further up the hole assayed 0.52% Pb with 1960 ppm Zn and 13.4ppm Ag. Only minor sulphide mineralization is evident in SL-04-08

Mineralization is widespread in a mixed sedimentary – felsic volcanic panel of rocks that hosts the Upper and Lower Lynx Showings. Structural mapping, detailed petrography, and relogging of some of the drill core should be undertaken to reinterpret the stratigraphic and structural setting of this mineralized panel. Reinterpretation of IP data is also recommended prior to any additional diamond drilling.

2.0 Introduction

2.1 Terms of Reference

The author was contracted by Cassidy Gold Corp. to conduct exploration on behalf of Delta Exploration Inc. on the Silver Lynx Property. This report describes the results of a four-hole diamond drilling program conducted on the Silver Lynx during June 2004. The author directly supervised the program, logged all the core described in this report and is responsible for all geological interpretations resulting from this fieldwork.

2.2 Property Description and Location

The Silver Lynx Property covers approximately 850 hectares in the Rover Creek – Snowwater Creek drainage, 14 kilometres southwest of Nelson, B.C. The centre of the property sits at 49° 25'N and 117° 27'W, and 5474000mN and 467500mE, UTM Zone 11U, (NAD 83).

The property consists of one 20-unit modified grid mineral claim and 15 2-post mineral claims, all contiguous (Figure 2). Table I contains information on the individual claims. Cassidy Gold Corp. had signed a Mineral Property Option Agreement to acquire 100% interest in the Silver Lynx Property from Bruce Doyle of Nelson, B.C., and had subsequently optioned 50% to Delta Exploration Inc. Delta terminated its option agreement with Cassidy following completion of the diamond drilling program in June. Cassidy then terminated its option agreement returned 100% of the property back to Mr. Doyle.

The Upper Lynx and Main or Lower Lynx Showings, are located near UTM coordinates 5474000mN and 468000mE near the centre of the property (Figures 3). The showings consist of semi-massive to disseminated pyrrhotite, sphalerite, galena, and chalcopyrite. An old cut around 4 metres by 4 metres in size is located on the Upper Lynx Showing. A small showing of pyrrhotite, located 200 metres north of the bridge across Snowwater Creek, was not tested. No resource inventories have been calculated for any mineralized zones on the property.

The property falls within the Blewett Community Watershed and is subject to no known environmental liabilities.

Table 1
 Silver Lynx Property Mineral Claims

Claim Name	Tenure No.	Units	Area (ha)	Expiry Date	Map Number
Silver Lynx 1	386738	20	500	Sept 15, 2009	082F043
Silver Lynx 3	381521	1	25	Sept 15, 2009	082F043
Silver Lynx 5	381523	1	25	Sept 15, 2009	082F043
Silver Lynx 6	381524	1	25	Sept 15, 2009	082F043
Silver Lynx 8	381526	1	25	Sept 15, 2009	082F043
Silver Lynx 11	382908	1	25	Sept 15, 2009	082F043
Silver Lynx 12	382909	1	25	Sept 15, 2009	082F043
Silver Lynx 14	382911	1	25	Sept 15, 2009	082F043
Silver Lynx 16	382913	1	25	Sept 15, 2009	082F043
Silver Lynx 17	386739	1	25	Sept 15, 2009	082F043
Silver Lynx 18	386740	1	25	Sept 15, 2009	082F043
Silver Lynx 19	387595	1	25	Sept 15, 2009	082F043
Silver Lynx 20	387596	1	25	Sept 15, 2009	082F043
Silver Lynx 21	387597	1	25	Sept 15, 2009	082F043
Rover 7	380873	1	25	Sept 15, 2009	082F043
Rover 8	380874	1	25	Sept 15, 2009	082F043

Expiry date upon acceptance of Assessment Report

2.3 Accessibility, Climate, Local Resources, Infrastructure and Physiography

Silver Lynx Property covers the middle portion of Rover Creek and its tributary Snowwater Creek, both of which occupy moderately steep, glacial-carved, U-shaped valleys. Elevations range from 820 metres in Rover Creek in the northwest corner of the property to 1760 metres on the steep ridge between Rover and Snowwater Creeks in the southeast corner of the property. Vegetation consists of mature stands of cedar, hemlock, balsam, and spruce with slide alder around the creeks. Approximately 10% of the property has been clear cut logged.

Access to the property is excellent via the Rover Creek Forestry Road 12 kilometres from the community of Blewett. The Rover Creek road and its branches provide excellent access to most of the property.

Access is year-round via four-wheel drive vehicle, subject to snow removal. Nelson, 15 kilometres to the northeast; Castlegar, 22 kilometres to the southwest; and Trail, an additional 24 kilometres south of Castlegar, are all major supply centres for the area.

Summers are generally warm and dry; winters are moderate with snow on the ground between late October and May. Annual precipitation averages 597.1 millimetres, including 116 centimetres of snow. Temperatures range from a low of -22.5°C in January to a maximum of 38.5°C in July.

The project area lies only 11 kilometres from paved road, close to major supply centres as mentioned above, and less than 50 kilometres from Teck-Cominco's lead-zinc smelter complex at Trail. In addition, the project area is less than 20 kilometres from West Kootenay Power's hydroelectric power generation facilities on the Kootenay River.

2.4 Property History

Prior to the discovery of zinc-lead-copper mineralization in Rover Creek in the fall of 2000, exploration in the area was limited to prospecting. Although a number of claims have been staked over the area in the past, no Minfile occurrences are located on the property. One assessment report, AR 26673, describes geological mapping completed on the property by the author in 2001.

Several Minfile occurrences are located in the Rover Creek area. To the west, Connor Creek hosts a couple of showings including the Hungry Man (Minfile No. 082FSW235), Root (082FSW303), and Debbie (082FSW356) which all appear to be related to Nelson Intrusions (Bonnington Pluton) in contact with Rossland Group volcanics and Ymir Group sediments. To the south, the Whitewater gold-bearing veins (082FSW222) are hosted mainly in granitic rocks of the Bonnington pluton near the headwaters of Snowwater Creek. To the southwest, the Aurous showing (082FSW358) consists of gold-silver-copper veins hosted in mafic tuffs intruded by Nelson Intrusions.

Fall 2000: Bruce Doyle discovered two showings of banded disseminated, semi-massive and massive sulphides. This mineralization is interpreted to be part of a volcanogenic massive sulphide occurrence consisting of pyrrhotite, sphalerite, galena, and chalcopyrite. Grab samples from road cut material immediately below the showing assayed up to 24.59% zinc, 22.35% lead, 0.21% copper, and 556.4 grams per tonne silver. Soil samples collected from a small grid established over the Main or Lower Lynx and Upper Lynx Showings were successful in delineating a strongly anomalous zone over 800 metres long and around 125 metres wide.

Shortly after Mr. Doyle made his discovery, Cassidy Gold Corp. signed an option agreement to acquire 100% of the Silver Lynx Property from Mr. Doyle.

Spring 2001: Soil samples were collected from an expanded grid, following up on the 2000 program. A moderate intensity zinc-lead-copper-silver-arsenic anomaly was defined extending to the northwest from the Lower Lynx Showing and a weaker parallel trend was identified northwest of the Upper Lynx Showing. A similar broad lead-zinc-copper-silver anomaly is located to the east in a thick package of dark

mudstones and interbedded turbiditic siltstones. Ground magnetic, VLF-EM surveys were also run over the grid. Transient EM, and limited Induced Polarization surveys were run over parts of the grid. The author conducted a program of geological mapping over 13.625 kilometres of flagged grid and along 20.1 kilometres of logging roads on and adjacent to the property, between May 18th and June 23rd, 2001 (Wild, 2001).

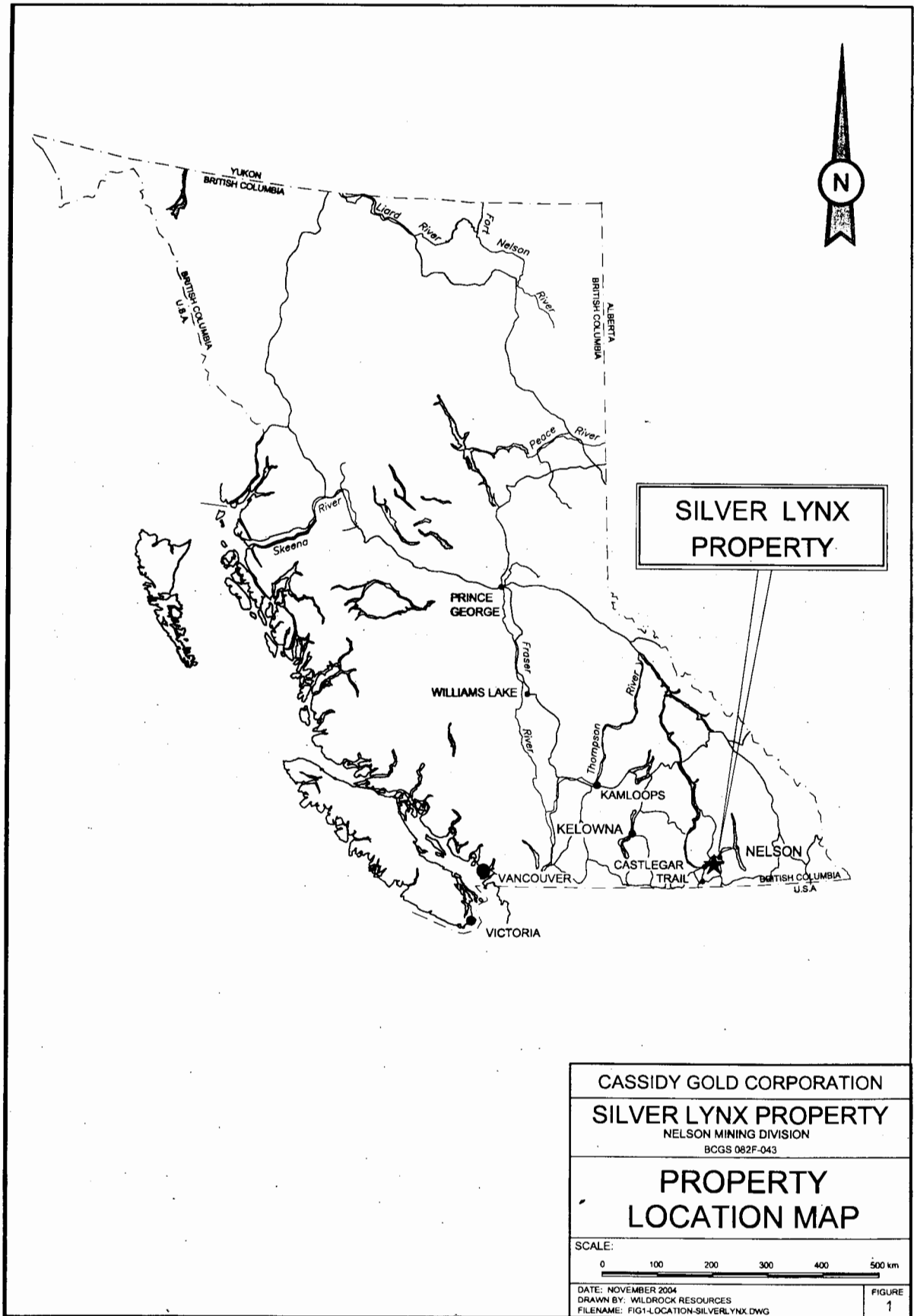
Fall 2001: Four diamond drillholes, totalling 642.5 metres, tested the two inferred mineralized trends. Three of the holes were drilled adjacent to the Lower Lynx Showing and a fourth hole tested the northwestern projection of the two mineralized trends. Two of the holes drilled adjacent to the Lower Lynx encountered significant zinc-lead mineralization on a couple of horizons, while the fourth hole intersected two weak mineralized trends on strike from both the Lower and Upper Lynx Showings (Wild, 2002).

August 2002 Delta Exploration Inc. signed an option agreement to acquire 50% of the Silver Lynx Property, subject to conditions in the underlying agreement.

Fall 2003 A new re-oriented grid was cut over the Silver Lynx showing area. Peter E. Walcott & Associates Limited completed an induced polarization (IP) survey over the grid (Walcott, 2004).

2.5 2004 Diamond Drilling Program

Four diamond drill holes targetted 4 separate IP anomalies within the package of mixed sedimentary and felsic volcanic rocks hosting the Silver Lynx showings. A total of 706.2 metres tested moderate intensity chargeability highs and coincident resistivity lows, over 800 metres of strike.



SILVER LYNX
PROPERTY

CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
 SILVER LYNX PROPERTY
 NELSON MINING DIVISION
 BCGS 082F-043

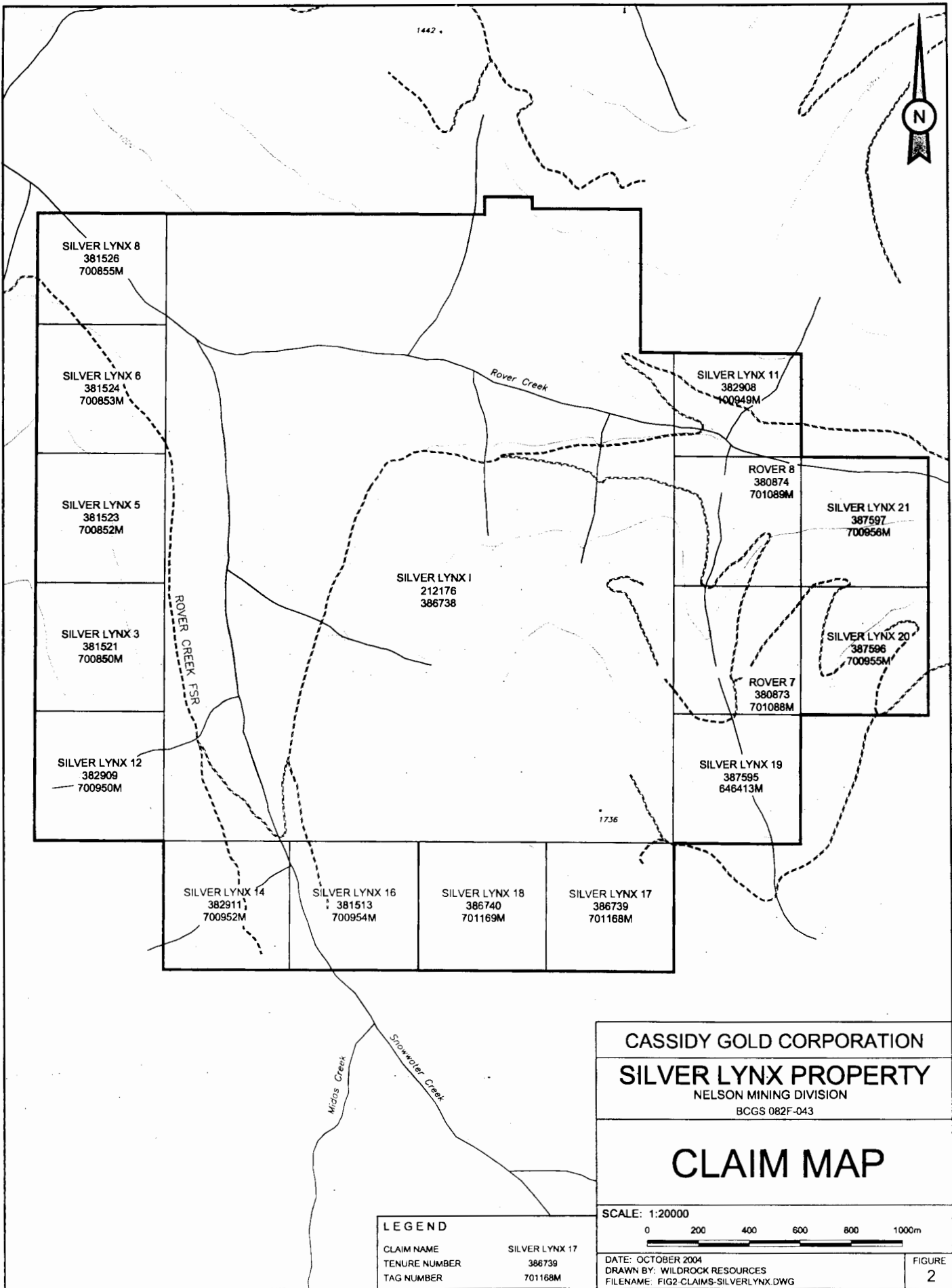
PROPERTY
 LOCATION MAP

SCALE:



DATE: NOVEMBER 2004
 DRAWN BY: WILDROCK RESOURCES
 FILENAME: FIG1-LOCATION-SILVERLYNX.DWG

FIGURE
 1



CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX PROPERTY
 NELSON MINING DIVISION
 BCGS 082F-043

CLAIM MAP

SCALE: 1:20000



DATE: OCTOBER 2004
 DRAWN BY: WILDROCK RESOURCES
 FILENAME: FIG2-CLAIMS-SILVERLYNX.DWG

FIGURE
2

LEGEND

CLAIM NAME	SILVER LYNX 17
TENURE NUMBER	386739
TAG NUMBER	701168M

3.0 Geological Setting

3.1 Regional Geology

Rossland Group rocks comprise the easternmost belt of Quesnel Terrane, accreted to North America in Middle Jurassic time (Hoy and Dunne, 1997). Tholeiitic basalts, serpentinite, siliceous argillite and volcanoclastic sediments of the Kaslo Group and the McHardy assemblage of the Milford Group represent Slide Mountain Terrane, which separates Quesnellia from North America. Kootenay Terrane rocks, including the Lardeau Group, Eagle Bay Assemblage, eastern assemblages of the Milford Group and portions of the Shuswap Metamorphic Complex overlie Paleozoic to Proterozoic North America.

The Rover Creek area is underlain by basinal sedimentary rocks of the Ymir Group, correlated as a distal equivalent of the Archibald Formation, the lowermost assemblage within the Rossland Group volcanics. Southwest of Nelson, mafic volcanic rocks of the Elise Formation, the middle succession of the Rossland Group, are in contact with Ymir rocks just east of Rover Creek in the vicinity of Bird Creek. Near the property, Rossland Group rocks are intruded by Middle Jurassic quartz monzonite to granodiorite of the Bonnington Pluton. Early to middle Jurassic Silver King intrusions intrude to the east of the property, and Lower Jurassic Eagle Creek Complex mafic intrusions occur to the northeast of the property. In the centre of the property, Hoy and Andrew (1989) mapped a plug of the Eocene Coryell Intrusions.

3.2 Property Geology

The southeastern half of the Silver Lynx property is underlain by fine-grained, dark, pyritic argillite and interbedded siltstones of the mid-Jurassic Ymir Group. These sediments overlie a package of phyllitic felsic rocks, interpreted to be tuffaceous in character (Harris, 2001). Mineralization appears to be stratabound within 10 metres of the sedimentary - felsic volcanic contact. A large south-plunging antiform may wrap the mineralized horizon around an axis located near both principal showings.

3.2.1 Rock Descriptions

Mudstone (Argillite and Siltstone)

In outcrop this unit is grey to black, generally fine-grained and massive with locally fissile mudstone interbedded with medium grey, fine to medium-grained siltstone. Massive mudstone and siltstone forms large cliff-forming outcrops. In core near the mineralized horizons, mudstone is finely laminated and interbedded with felsic crystal and lapilli tuffs and breccias. Some clasts of mudstone are found in some of the felsic fragmental units.

Felsic Tuff

Felsic tuffs range from pale grey to brown and pale green, and from ash to coarse lapilli to local tuff breccia. Tuff layers are usually finely laminated, often interlayered with fine mudstone. In general, this unit can be subdivided into crystal ash, lapilli and tuff breccia subunits of rhyolite to dacite composition.

Petrographic analysis of three samples of felsic tuff from near the Main Showing showed two of the samples with 47% quartz and much of the rest as hornblende +/- biotite. The third sample was composed of plagioclase, lesser quartz and minor chlorite, with "the aspect of a bedded tuffite of dacitic composition" (Harris, 2001). The other two samples contain between 10-20% sulphides; one is described as "a metamorphically recrystallized chemical sediment (impure chert) of volcanic exhalative origin". Pyrrhotite is the most common sulphide, ranging from 1 - 5% of the rock.

Limestone

Limestone occurs immediately west of L19E, south of TL 16+00N. The unit is pale greenish grey and fine-grained to massive, occurring as small outcrops with argillite and possible felsic tuff. No limestone was noted in core.

Quartz Monzonite to Quartz Diorite

Granitic rocks are medium grey, medium-grained to weakly porphyritic. Dykes are typically parallel to the principal foliation and are often themselves weakly foliated. A stock of leucocratic granitic rocks sits west of the grid, overlooking Snowwater Creek. The wide compositional range particularly along the contacts, suggests considerable crustal contamination and post-intrusion dyking. These granitic rocks appear to belong to the mid-Jurassic Bonnington pluton.

Andesite Dykes

Several non-descript medium green, fine-grained to very weakly porphyritic dykes intrude the mudstone and felsic tuffs. The dykes are generally concordant and sometimes weakly foliated.

Hornblende Porphyry

A few dykes of hornblende-biotite porphyry are found around the margins of the quartz monzonite to quartz diorite stocks and plugs. Phenocrysts include distinctive long tabular hornblende and hexagonal brown biotite in a fine-grained greenish-grey groundmass.

Gabbro

The southwest corner of the grid is underlain by a distinctive round-weathering gabbro plug oriented north to northwest, disappearing under the glacial till around Rover Creek. A second smaller plug lies at the south ends of L16E and L17E. The gabbro is dark green with coarse grains of pyroxene, biotite, and plagioclase. The relationship between gabbros and other intrusive rocks is uncertain. A plug of the plagioclase and biotite-rich gabbro was intersected in diamond drillhole SL-01-03, immediately south of the Lower Lynx Showing (Figure 3).

Augite Porphyry

Brown to dark green, fine-grained porphyry with augite phenocrysts altered to chlorite and calcite. Augite porphyry dykes are likely closely related to gabbro plugs and dykes. Orientations are difficult to determine.

Syenite

A large syenite stock forms much of the upper portions of the ridge between Rover and Snowwater Creeks, in the southeast corner of the property. Round syenite boulders are found scattered throughout the grid, having originated upslope. The syenite is very distinctive, strongly porphyritic, with large pink orthoclase megacrysts (>1 cm) and smaller quartz phenocrysts. It is weakly fractured, unoxidized, and of possible dimension stone quality. Its fresh, unaltered look suggests it may be part of the Eocene Coryell suite. A medium-grained dark grey-green diorite and possibly coarser-grained gabbro may constitute border phases of the stock.

3.2.2 Structure

Most of the grid is underlain by well-layered felsic tuffs under a thick sequence of argillite with silty turbiditic interbeds and minor limestone. A strong foliation is developed in all units with a consistent northwest strike and moderate to steep southwest dip. Bedding, where identified, is usually parallel to or indistinguishable from the principal foliation. This foliation is axial planar with a tight to isoclinal phase of folding. Bedding-cleavage angles are difficult to discern due to the massive nature of both the argillite and felsic tuff.

An upright, steep southeast-plunging antiform is apparent from the map pattern. A mineralized horizon near the top of the felsic unit is exposed on the northeast limb (Lower Lynx showing) and repeated on the southwest limb (Upper Lynx showing). To the immediate west, a partner synform and paired synform-antiform are inferred from the outcrop distribution. Several stacked tight to isoclinal closures are evident near the Lower Lynx showing, separated by small faults. Locally, well-developed crenulation folds with

vertical axial planar cleavage and moderately southeast plunging fold axes represents a second phase of folding within the argillite unit.

Large faults can be interpreted along Snowwater and Rover Creeks and some of their smaller tributaries. Fault breccias are found in exposures along the east side of Snowwater Creek, along a north flowing tributary near L20E, and near L22E on the grid. The direction and amount of displacement along these brittle structures is unknown. Diamond drillhole SL-01-04 intersected a significant fault of uncertain orientation. Drag folding is evident along the footwall of that fault.

3.2.3 Mineralization

Several showings are aligned near the top of the felsic volcanic unit, within 10-20 metres of the argillite contact. The most significant is the Main or Lower Lynx Showing, exposed in a rock cut at 11.3 kilometres on the Rover Creek Forestry Road. A dump of mineralized boulders below the lower branch of the road was likely blasted and pushed from the Lower Lynx Showing. Many boulders host semi-massive to massive bands and lenses, disseminations, and minor crosscutting veins of fine to medium-grained pyrrhotite, sphalerite, galena, and chalcopyrite. Massive bands of sphalerite and galena range up to 2 centimeters thick. Pyrrhotite and chalcopyrite occur as patches, blebs and disseminations, and occasional wispy bands. Mineralization exposed in the road cut consists of disseminated to semi-massive pyrrhotite with lesser blebby sphalerite and minor galena and chalcopyrite. Mineralization appears to be stratiform.

The Upper Lynx is located 170 metres south and uphill from the Lower Lynx. Sporadic mineralization consisting of blebby and veinlet sphalerite and disseminated pyrrhotite is found in moderately altered ash and lapilli felsic tuff. The showing is well exposed in an old undocumented working. A very small showing, sometimes called the Western Lynx, consisting of blebby to veinlet sphalerite is found near the 11-kilometre mark on the road. A fourth showing, approximately 280 metres downstream from the bridge across Snowwater Creek, also has an old small working with minor pyrrhotite. Minor sphalerite is found just below the road in the drainage below the Upper Lynx and in a few locations in the argillite up to 750 metres to the southeast.

4.0 Diamond Drilling

Detailed core logging shows that the section of rocks hosting the Silver Lynx showings is dominated by pale grey siltstone and dark grey argillite interlayered with siliceous intervals which are likely felsic tuffs, including crystal and lapilli tuffs and tuff breccia. Much of the tuff logged in the first phase of drilling (SL-01-01 to SL-01-04) appears to be the pale grey siltstone. Mineralization is hosted within siliceous intervals of sediments and felsic tuff.

Several distinctive dykes and sills cut this sedimentary sequence. Though numerous, these dykes constitute only a small percentage of the tuff-mudstone section. Variably porphyritic quartz monzonite sills (QMp) are relatively common. Significant mineralization encountered in these sills in SL-01-04 and minor mineralization was noted in QMp in SL-04-05. Andesite and hornblende porphyry dykes are less numerous and clearly post-date mineralization and deformation. Augite porphyry and gabbro dykes are later still, related to Coryell gabbro and syenite stocks mapped nearby.

Lead-zinc-copper mineralization occurs as layers, wisps, disseminations, and veinlets associated with pyrrhotite mainly in fine-grained felsic tuff layers. Thin bands of dark brown sphalerite occur scattered through the felsic package. Pyrrhotite and arsenopyrite bands are also relatively common, coincident and proximal to lead-zinc mineralization. Less mineralization was encountered in the 2004 drill program than in the 2001 drill program.

Structurally, drilling confirms a consistent moderately southwest dipping foliation, and largely parallel bedding which where folded suggests a large antiformal closure to the southwest. Bedding is best seen in silty interbeds within the mudstone intervals. Bedding is also visible in lapilli layers within the felsic tuff.

A core splitter was used to split sample intervals with half the core retained in the core boxes for reference. Sample intervals ranged from 0.3 to 1.9 metres, averaging around 1.0 metre in length. A total of 38 core samples were split and analyzed at EcoTech Laboratory in Kamloops. All 38 were analyzed for 28-elements by ICP methods and for gold by fire assay and A.A. finish (see Table 2 and Appendix 5). In addition, 9 whole rock analyses were completed to determine the chemical composition of different rock types (see Table 3).

4.1 SL-04-05

SL-04-05 was collared approximately 100 metres east of the Lower Lynx Showing, and drilled at a dip of -55° to the northeast to test a significant IP chargeability high – resistivity low in the structural footwall of the main mineralized trend. The hole is dominated by a 48-metre thickness of porphyritic quartz monzonite (QMp), locally moderately foliated, separating dark banded argillite over the top third of the hole from paler, coarser siltstone over the bottom 17 metres of the hole.

Mineralization consists of a weak stockwork of pyrite, chalcopyrite and sphalerite over 20-30 centimetres in the immediate hangingwall of the QMp dyke. A 30-cm sample assayed 0.88% Zn with highly anomalous values of Au, Ag, As, Cu, and Pb (see Table 2). Two sections of quartz-carbonate alteration in the QMp returned results up to 6720 ppm As, 1230 ppm Pb, and 4293 ppm Zn. Below the QMp, only traces of sphalerite associated with 1-2% pyrrhotite were discovered.

4.2 SL-04-06

SL-04-06 was collared 100 metres west of SL-01-01 and 02, and about the same distance east of SL-01-04, and drilled parallel to SL-01-02 and 04 at a dip of -52° . The hole was completed to a depth of 175.56 metres. The two holes to the east had intersected the main mineralized horizon, returning assays of up to 6.87% Zn, 1.13% Pb, and 42.5 g/t Ag over 0.6 metres. SL-01-04 had intersected the upper mineralized horizon in felsic tuff together with similar mineralization in an adjacent QMp sill, as well as a lower horizon in mixed sediments and tuff, which assayed up to 1.03% Zn and 3302 ppm Pb over 0.55 metres. This lower horizon was the target of hole 6.

While no definitive mineralized horizon was intersected, several weakly to moderately mineralized narrow intervals were sampled over the bottom half of the hole. This broad zone lines up with the trend of the lower mineralized horizon. Results ran as high as 4950 ppm Zn, 1020 ppm Pb, 7215 ppm As, 3.0 g/t Ag, and 135 ppb Au, typically in altered fine-grained sediments.

4.3 SL-04-07

SL-04-07 was collared 100 metres west of SL-01-04 to test the northwest-trending strike of the upper mineralized horizon. That horizon is effectively mapped by IP as a broad chargeability high – resistivity low that extends from the Upper Showing 400 metres to the southeast to the northwest an additional 300 metres. The hole was drilled at -55° to the northeast to a depth of 175.8 metres.

The hole is dominated by siltstone and lesser argillite intruded by a series of quite thin QMp, gabbro, and andesite dykes and sills. The upper mineralized horizon was intersected between 102 – 120 metres downhole as a series of thin lenses or veinlets of sphalerite, galena, chalcopyrite, and arsenopyrite. A 1.8-metre interval from 102.2 – 104.0 metres averaged 0.76% Zn, with Pb values up to 1850 ppm and Cu up to 1153 ppm. Two galena-sphalerite-chalcopyrite intervals between 152.8 – 160.1 metres returned assays up to 1.04% Pb, 0.73% Zn, and 34.7 g/t Ag. One sample between 41.3 – 41.9 further up the hole assayed 0.52% Pb with 1960 ppm Zn and 13.4 ppm Ag.

4.4 SL-04-08

SL-04-08 was drilled some 220 metres east of SL-04-05 to test a broad IP anomaly coincident with Rover Creek valley, in an area devoid of outcrop. The east-trending anomaly gradually climbs up the slope to the east, out of the valley bottom. The hole was drilled at an average dip of -55° to the northeast to a depth of 230.73 metres.

The hole encountered only weakly mineralized argillite and lesser siltstone intruded by several QMp dykes or sills near the top and bottom of the hole, at least four hornblende porphyry dykes over the middle third of the hole, and a number of thinner gabbro dykes and sills over the bottom third of the hole. Only a few samples were split in moderately silicified argillite, returning values only weakly anomalous in As, Cu, and Zn.

Table 2
Silver Lynx 2004 Drill Core Samples

DDH	From	To	Interval	Sample No.	Au	Ag	As	Cu	Pb	Zn
SL-04-05	20.60	22.10	1.50	14451	25	0.5	1835	78	20	180
SL-04-05	33.60	35.30	1.70	14452	75	2.1	3760	174	302	440
SL-04-05	45.70	46.70	1.00	14453	10	0.8	55	80	14	44
SL-04-05	59.60	59.90	0.30	14454	115	10.3	5685	1989	2782	8600
SL-04-05				14454						0.88%
SL-04-05	69.60	70.60	1.00	14455	225	0.7	6720	27	150	1002
SL-04-05	85.40	86.10	0.70	14456	90	4.1	2680	395	1230	4293
SL-04-05	123.05	124.05	1.00	14457	5	0.5	15	55	44	70
SL-04-06	29.00	30.00	1.00	14458	5	<0.2	10	9	16	56
SL-04-06	59.00	60.00	1.00	14459	5	0.4	175	45	24	136
SL-04-06	78.50	79.50	1.00	14460	30	0.7	690	91	46	261
SL-04-06	87.25	88.25	1.00	14461	25	1.3	4005	60	270	4168
SL-04-06	95.00	96.00	1.00	14462	5	0.8	220	81	76	370
SL-04-06	96.00	97.00	1.00	14463	30	1.5	230	105	414	789
SL-04-06	103.00	104.00	1.00	14464	20	3.0	720	56	1020	4950
SL-04-06	111.80	112.90	1.10	14465	10	1.0	435	46	142	910
SL-04-06	112.90	114.80	1.90	14466	5	0.7	515	47	62	254
SL-04-06	114.80	116.00	1.20	14467	10	0.6	575	55	36	340
SL-04-06	121.00	122.00	1.00	14468	10	1.7	410	157	32	573
SL-04-06	135.00	136.00	1.00	14469	5	1.0	605	117	130	444
SL-04-06	137.80	138.60	0.80	14470	15	2.5	2795	252	392	1345
SL-04-06	151.00	152.00	1.00	14471	30	2.2	705	287	132	256
SL-04-06	166.00	167.00	1.00	14472	135	2.3	7215	146	216	2900
SL-04-07	34.10	34.90	0.80	14473	20	2.3	80	188	318	992
SL-04-07	41.30	41.90	0.60	14474	5	13.4	30	90	5138	1960
SL-04-07				14474						0.52%
SL-04-07	89.20	89.70	0.50	14475	75	1.0	>10000	182	46	194
SL-04-07	102.20	102.90	0.70	14476	15	3.6	220	323	670	7632
SL-04-07				14476						0.77%
SL-04-07	103.50	104.00	0.50	14477	95	10.6	1515	1153	1850	7472
SL-04-07				14477						0.75%
SL-04-07	104.00	105.00	1.00	14478	10	2.0	155	258	124	751
SL-04-07	105.00	106.20	1.20	14479	15	2.4	335	359	218	655
SL-04-07	106.80	108.00	1.20	14480	10	1.3	35	206	52	584
SL-04-07	108.00	108.65	0.65	14481	60	6.7	510	976	180	1381
SL-04-07	108.65	110.10	1.45	14482	10	1.1	35	203	22	46
SL-04-07	119.20	120.00	0.80	14483	50	2.3	735	135	426	1782
SL-04-07	152.80	154.00	1.20	14484	100	>30	1445	185	9856	2924
SL-04-07				14484		34.7	g/t			1.04%
SL-04-07	159.50	159.85	0.35	14485	40	11.0	5	1142	2310	7290
SL-04-07				14485						0.73%
SL-04-08	135.50	136.80	1.30	14486	20	0.3	215	130	12	34
SL-04-08	171.50	171.90	0.40	14487	20	1.7	70	318	32	103
SL-04-08	227.70	228.20	0.50	14488	5	0.3	5	46	54	156

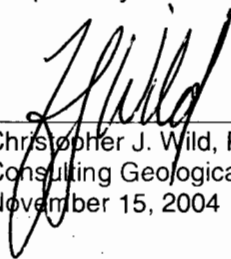
Table 3
 Silver Lynx 2004 Whole Rock Results

DDH	From	To	Length	Sample	BaO	P ₂ O ₅	SiO ₂	MnO	Fe ₂ O ₃	MgO	Al ₂ O ₃	CaO	TiO ₂	Na ₂ O	K ₂ O	L.O.I
SL-04-05	45.70	46.70	1.00	14453	0.31	0.40	67.14	0.04	4.74	1.60	13.24	1.87	0.97	2.38	3.90	3.41
SL-04-05	123.05	124.05	1.00	14457	0.04	0.25	62.06	0.06	2.74	2.03	16.11	4.04	1.65	6.67	0.93	3.42
SL-04-06	59.00	60.00	1.00	14459	0.14	0.20	65.88	0.12	3.94	1.65	13.59	2.92	1.53	4.70	1.17	4.15
SL-04-06	151.00	152.00	1.00	14471	0.08	0.14	71.97	0.21	7.52	2.57	7.41	3.88	1.05	2.42	1.17	1.58
SL-04-07	34.10	34.90	0.80	14473	0.12	0.71	77.41	0.07	3.69	1.10	9.00	2.96	0.90	1.62	2.19	0.24
SL-04-07	108.65	110.10	1.45	14482	0.09	0.32	65.22	0.08	4.57	2.18	13.78	4.72	1.26	4.15	1.48	2.15
SL-04-07	119.20	120.00	0.80	14483	0.11	0.02	78.99	0.08	5.09	1.21	7.95	2.70	0.75	1.44	1.51	0.15
SL-04-08	135.50	136.80	1.30	14486	0.04	0.15	68.23	0.03	4.73	1.38	12.65	3.47	2.01	4.26	0.75	2.28
SL-04-08	227.70	228.20	0.50	14488	0.34	1.91	50.88	0.17	8.45	8.08	9.21	8.00	4.20	1.83	2.80	4.12

5.0 Conclusions and Recommendations

1. A program of 4 diamond drillholes totalling 706.2 metres tested four different potentially mineralized horizons identified by an Induced Polarization survey completed in late 2003. Drilling focussed on locating high grade zinc-lead-copper-silver mineralization similar to that found at the Lower Lynx Showing.
2. The 2004 drill holes complement a similar program of four drill holes completed in 2001. That initial phase of drilling encountered significant mineralization just west and down dip of the Lower Lynx Showing and in 2 horizons corresponding to the Lower and Upper Lynx Showings 300 metres to the west of both showings.
3. Results from the 2004 drill program were somewhat disappointing. Although weak to moderate mineralization was encountered coincident with chargeability highs and resistivity lows, only scattered low grade, thin banded and vein mineralization was discovered.
4. Highlights from the 2004 program include three mineralized horizons in SL-04-05 that assayed up to 0.88% Zn with highly anomalous values of Au, Ag, As, Cu, and Pb. Two sections of quartz-carbonate alteration in the QMp returned results up to 6720 ppm As, 1230 ppm Pb, and 4293 ppm Zn. Mineralization is scattered in several weak horizons over a core length of some 80 metres in SL-04-06. Results ran as high as 4950 ppm Zn, 1020 ppm Pb, 7215 ppm As, 3.0 g/t Ag, and 135 ppb Au, typically in altered fine-grained sediments.
5. Similarly, weak mineralization occurs in a number of weakly defined zones throughout SL-04-07. A 1.8-metre interval from 102.2 – 104.0 metres averaged 0.76% Zn, with Pb values up to 1850 ppm and Cu up to 1153 ppm. Two galena-sphalerite-chalcopyrite intervals between 152.8 – 160.1 metres returned assays up to 1.04% Pb, 0.73% Zn, and 34.7 g/t Ag. One sample between 41.3 – 41.9 further up the hole assayed 0.52% Pb with 1960 ppm Zn and 13.4ppm Ag. Only minor sulphide mineralization is evident in SL-04-08
6. Mineralization is widespread in a mixed sedimentary – felsic volcanic panel of rocks that hosts the Upper and Lower Lynx Showings. Structural mapping, detailed petrography, and relogging of some of the drill core should be undertaken to reinterpret the stratigraphic and structural setting of this mineralized panel. Reinterpretation of IP data is also recommended prior to any additional diamond drilling.

Respectfully submitted,



Christopher J. Wild, P.Eng.
Consulting Geological Engineer
November 15, 2004

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Appendix 1

Statement of Costs

Diamond Drilling

Frontier Diamond Drilling Ltd.
Drilling 2317 ft @ \$22.605 per ft (all-in) \$ 48,948.50

Assaying

EcoTech Laboratory Ltd.
38 core samples: ICP+ Au-geochem, 9 whole rock analyses
4 Zn, 2 Pb, 1Ag assay \$ 932.45

Personnel

Christopher J. Wild, P.Eng. 11 days @ \$350 per day \$ 3,850.00
Bruce Doyle 11 days @ \$200 per day \$ 2,200.00

Vehicles

Travel 2473 kilometres @ \$0.50 per km \$ 1,236.50
Pick-up 11 days @ \$60 per day \$ 660.00

Report

C. Wild 3 days @ \$350 per day \$ 1,050.00
Drafting \$ 450.00

\$ 59,327.45

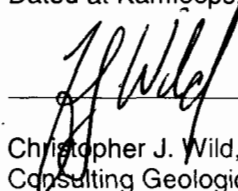
Appendix 2

Statement of Qualifications

I, Christopher J. Wild, P.Eng., am a Professional Engineer, of 2416 Abbeyglen Way in the City of Kamloops, in the Province of British Columbia.

- 1 I am Registered Member of the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of the Province of British Columbia (1994), and am a member of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (CIM).
- 2 I am a graduate of the University of British Columbia, Geological Engineering, Mineral Exploration Option (1984), and I have practiced my profession continuously since 1985.
- 3 Since 2000, I have been involved in mineral exploration for copper, gold, zinc, lead and silver in British Columbia, Nunavut, and Guinea. Between 1997 and 2000, I was Chief Mine Geologist at Mount Polley Mine, Likely B.C.; and from 1995 to 1997, I was Project Geologist for Mansfield Minerals exploring for copper – gold in Salta Province, Argentina; and from 1991 to 1995, I was Chief Mine Geologist at Goldstream Mine, Revelstoke, B.C. Between 1985 and 1991, I worked as an exploration geologist for a number of mining companies, including Falconbridge Nickel Ltd., Noranda Inc., Minnova Inc., and Bethlehem Resources Corp.
- 4 As a result of my education, professional experience and professional qualifications, I am a qualified person as defined in National Instrument 43-101.
- 5 I am presently a Consulting Geological Engineer and have been so since January, 2000. I am also Director and Vice-President, Exploration for Cassidy Gold Corporation and Director and Chief Operating Officer for Delta Exploration Inc.
- 6 I first visited the property on November 16, 2000. Subsequently, I have directed exploration programs described in this report between May 18 – 22, 2001; June 15 – 23, 2001; December 9 – 13, 2001; January 8 – 10, 2002; and June 13 – 23, 2004.
- 7 I prepared this report based on data collected during the exploration programs noted in section (6)
- 8 In the disclosure of information relating to permitting, legal title, action, and related issues, I have relied on information from the Ministry of Sustainable Resource Management, Mineral Titles, Tenure Details. The author disclaims responsibility for such information.
- 9 I am not aware of any material fact or material change with respect to the subject matter of this technical report that is not reflected in this report, the omission to disclose which would make this report misleading.

Dated at Kamloops, British Columbia, this 15th day of November, 2004.



Christopher J. Wild, P.Eng.
Consulting Geological Engineer

Appendix 3
 Diamond Drill Logs

Abbreviations used in logs:

Ovbn	Overburden		
Arg	Argillite		
Silt	Siltstone		
Ft	Felsic Tuff		
	Fct	Felsic Crystal Tuff	
	Flt	Felsic Lapilli Tuff	
	Ftb	Felsic Tuff Breccia	
QMp		Quartz Monzonite – Porphyry	
	PP	Plagioclase Porphyry	
Dr		Diorite	
And		Andesite Dyke	
HP		Hornblende Porphyry Dyke	
Gb		Gabbro	
AP		Augite Porphyry Dyke	
FLT		Fault	
sph	sphalerite	altn	alteration
po	pyrrhotite	bx	breccia
py	pyrite	diss	disseminated
gal	galena	fol	foliation
cp	chalcopyrite	minl	mineralization
aspy	arsenopyrite	phenos	phenocrysts
lim	limonite	por	porphyry
		stwk	stockwork
		vnlts	veinlets
qv	quartz vein		
silic	silicification		
qtz	quartz	c.a.	core axis
plag	plagioclase	l/c	lower contact
bi	biotite	u/c	upper contact
cal	calcite		
chl	chlorite		
epi	epidote	assoc	associated
gar	garnet	decr	decreasing
		incr	increasing
		med	medium
f-gr	fine-grained	min	minor
m-gr	medium-grained	mod	moderate
c-gr	coarse-grained	poss	possible

**CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX PROJECT**

Date Collared: June 13, 2004
Date Completed: June 15, 2004

Date Logged: June 15 & 16, 2004
Hole No. SL-04-05

UTM Grid Zone: 11U
Northing (m): 5474565
Easting (m): 468651
Elevation (m): 1233
Length (m): 124.05

Comments:
To test moderate IP (high chargeability - low resistivity) anomaly, a possible fold repetition of the Lower Lynx.

Correct Dip: collar -54.5
True Azimuth. 38
Survey at: 124.05
Core Size: NQ

Page: 1 of 6
Logged by: Chris Wild, P.Eng.
Core stored at: On site (Snowwater landing)

From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Mini	Recovery	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis						
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	
-	12.2	Casing	No recovery														
12.2	18.6	Ovbn	Recovered, then triconed and cased. 12.2-13.0: Massive granitic porphyry block in till. Brown clay with pieces of dark grey mudstone over bottom 1.5 metres.														
18.6	47.9	Arg	Generally finely laminated, dark grey mudstone with interlayered pale grey bands of biotite-sericite altn. (Possible felsic lapilli to ash tuff). Fine-grained throughout. 18.6-20.6: Dark grey to slightly purplish, mod to finely laminated, soft (h=3-4). Local purplish hue due to f-gr bi; up to 3-5% py. Numerous limonitic fractures usually parallel to S ₂ @ 67° to c.a. (18.8m) and 60° to c.a. (19.8m). Fine 1-2mm bands of py-aspy @ 19.8m.	bi-chl	py-sph- aspy-cp	-95%											
			20.6-22.1: Finely laminated section with dark to medium grey mudstone and siliceous (felsic ash tuff?) bands. Up to 10% fine diss aspy assoc with siliceous bands. Possible lapilli @ 21.4m. White clay-altered vnlts, 1-2cm thick @ 50-60° to c.a. (21.7m).				20.6	22.1	1.5	14451	25	0.5	1835	78	20	180	
			22.1-27.0: Medium to dark grey, finely laminated mudstone with thin (<1cm) pale grey siliceous bands. Fine py-po vnlts, finely diss sx. Siliceous layers appear to cut S ₂ at low angle.														
			27.0-27.2: Siliceous layer with mudstone, fractured and mod limonitic, vuggy.														
			27.2-28.2: Paler grey mudstone reflecting either higher silica content or stronger altn. Wispy py vnlts, <1mm, common 1-2mm "spots", pyritic with chl? (27.2m).	chl-py													
			28.2-28.9: Vuggy, limonitic, weathered out py cubes.														
			28.9-29.2: Strong py flood, local py-chl spots, typically 1-3mm in diameter.														
			29.6: Wavy S-folds outlined by 1mm pale siliceous bands.														

CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION

SILVER LYNX

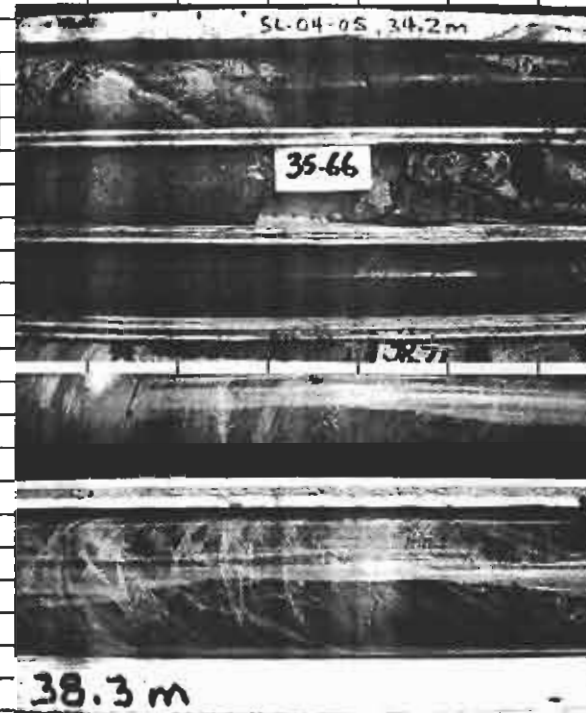
Hole No.

SL-04-05

Page:

2 of 6

From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Alt'n	Minl	Rec	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis						
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	
			29.7-30.2: Limonitic vugs to 1cm.														
			30.7: Strong planar S ₂ @ 70° to c.a.														
			30.8-31.3: FAULT ; Coarse, weathered, limonitic rubble; intensely altered, poss a porphyry dyke. Lower silp @ 50° to c.a.														
			32.5-32.9: FAULT ; well-fractured, pale siliceous interval, strongly limonitic, angular rubble.														
			33.6-35.3: Pale grey to purplish, f-gr siliceous interval, very strongly altered with significant py, aspy, poss po, sph. Mottled brown biotite throughout; hardness -5.	bl-chl		py, po?	33.6	35.3	1.7	14452	75	2.1	3760	174	302	440	
			34.2: 12cm band of strong py, po, tr sph, aspy in bl-rich groundmass. Very competent, less fractured.														
			35.3-35.8: QMp Dyke ; strongly weathered, limonitic plagioclase porphyry with pale green clay-altered round phenos. Upper contact @ 30°, lower @ 40° to c.a., strongly sheared with lim + clay.														
			35.8-41.6: Continuing Kf-alt'n (?) in mudstone - alt'n forms stwk pattern. Pinkish Kf & mottled bn bi?	Kf		5% py											
			41.6-41.8: QMp Dyke ; strongly limonitic, plag porphyry with altered plag phenos to 5mm. Mainly rubble.														
			41.8-42.1: Zone of intense alt'n, pale grey to slightly pink with dark grey spots throughout, min py. Single piece with sharp contacts.	Kf, ser													
			42.4: Pale pink Kf(?) stwk alt'n surrounding py (+cp?) stringers.														
			43.3: Wispy & diss py + aspy assoc with Kf-alt'n.														
			44.7: Dark 1-6mm bands @ 30° to c.a. -> looks like mud-silt bedding.														
			45.0: Lim fracture (S ₂) @ 75° to c.a., 5mm band of lim, Kf-alt'n @ 25° to c.a. Back to med to dark grey laminated.														
			46.8: 12cm band of Kf-alt'n @ 50° to c.a.; patchy brown py-po (non-mag).														
			47.15-47.85: Zone of intense Kf-alt'n; silic, very hard (6-7), locally bx'd appearance. Occasional dark pyritic spots.	Kf		py-po	45.7	46.7	1.0	14453	10	0.8	55	60	14	44	



**CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX PROJECT**

Date Collared: **June 16, 2004**

Date Logged: **June 17 & 18, 2004**

Date Completed: **June 18, 2004**

Hole No. **SL-04-06**

UTM Grid Zone: **11U**
 Northing (m): **5474521**
 Easting (m): **468360**
 Elevation (m): **1238.5**
 Length (m): **175.56**

Comments:
To test moderate IP (high chargeability - low resistivity) anomaly, a possible fold repetition of the Lower Lynx.

Correct Dip: collar -52
 True Azm. 36
 Survey at (m): 160.63 -51
 Core Size: NQ

Page: **1** of **7**
 Logged by: **Chris Wild, P.Eng.**
 Core stored at: **On site (Snowwater landing)**

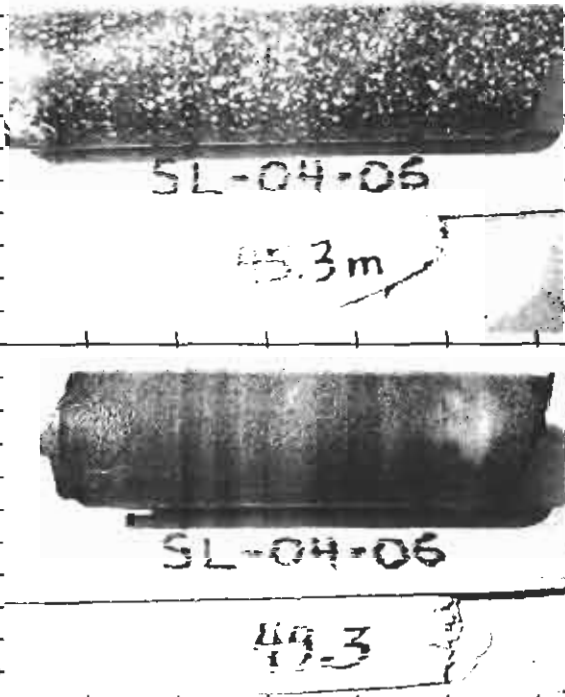
From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Mini	Recovery	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis							
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm		
0.0	3.1	Casing	No recovery.															
3.1	19.1	Ft	Poor recovery, subsequently cased. 3.05-4.0(?): Rubble. 4.0-4.3: Piece of dominantly siliceous or felsic unit with inclusion or remnant of dark grey laminated mudstone. 4.3-5.2: Pieces of dark grey mudstone in dark brown clay till. 5.2-8.2: Pale grey recrystallized limestone, does not react strongly with 10% HCl. 8.2-11.3: 5-10% recovery. 11.3-19.1: Mainly pale grey to cream & white, f-gr, hard, siliceous unit, very well-fractured & strongly limonitic - possibly a felsic lapilli tuff (rhyolite). Very brittle, locally vuggy. 18.45-19.1: Cm-size rhyolite rubble.		tr py-lim	5-10%												
19.1	23.9	Gb	Med to dark green, f-med gr, rubby and well-fractured dyke. No contact relations, likely fault bound. Lim-rich fractures from 20.5-21.4m. 21.4-23.9: Harder, more competent bi-Gb, uniform & dense. 21.6-21.7: Minor fault, dark gouge.															
23.9	27.6	Fit/Gb	Strongly gougy, locally compact. Sharp l/c, dense gouge. 26.55-26.7: Calcite veining - more competent.															
27.6	35.6	Silt	White to cream, non-layered but massive and well-fractured, soft (4). 32.4: Transition from massive rubby silt (sand) to finely layered siltstone & mudstone. Fracturing becomes less intense, weak lim along S ₂ develops. Slightly purplish layers, some cherty, reflecting incr sx content.				29.0	30.0	1.0	14458	5	<0.2	10	9	16	56		
35.6	36.0	And	Sharp, broken contact @ 65° to c.a. Medium green, cloudy groundmass with 5-10% chloritized mafic phenos. Texturally distinct from above gabbro and mafic phenos are not common in andosite dykes. Fracture on l/c @ 65° to c.a.															



CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX

Hole No. SL-04-06
Page: 2 of 7

From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Mini	Rec	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis					
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm
36.0	36.8	Silt	Similar to above but with common dark 1-2cm layers. Much softer than rhyolite - likely silty mudstone.													
36.8	47.3	QMp	Gradational foliated contact @ 60° to c.a. Appearance of increasing 1-2mm plag phenos in mod foliated, mod ser groundmass. Remains mod-str foliated with distinct schistose texture with phenos acting as augen, decreasing -40m. Greenish colour, grungy look. <u>39.8</u> : 2x3cm knot of sph-py, coarse with vuggy epidote. <u>43.5-45.7</u> : Coarse, crowded PP. <u>41.9-42.0</u> : 6-cm siltstone. <u>43.3-43.5</u> : Siltstone, mod chl. <u>45.6-46.0</u> : Green chloritic seds, mod lim. Lower contact is unsheared @ <10 to c.a.	bi-chl-ser												
					sph-py-gal											
					chl											
47.3	49.4	And	Med green, f-gr, weakly mottled, fine greenish, sausseritized plag phenos (<0.5mm). Weak to mod lim fracturing. Lower contact marked by 6cm of strongly chloritized and pyritized shear @ 70° to c.a.													
49.4	51.2	Ft	Pale cream to pinkish grey, hard and weakly layered, mixed siliceous tuff and siltstone, increasing sediment downhole. Continued ilmonitic fractures, mostly on S ₂ @ 70° to c.a.	ser	tr py											
51.2	57.7	Arg/Silt	Finely laminated, dark to pale grey, fine mud to siltstone, weak to variable chlorite with continuing ilmonitic fractures. Very competent but soft (3-5). Coarser silts more purplish (bi?). <u>57.0</u> : I/S ₂ @ 60° to c.a.													
57.7	60.9	Silt	Pale grey to weakly purplish with fine lenses & layers of dark mudstone and clasts or lapilli of siliceous felsic volcanics. Becoming more uniform finely layered purplish silts (see bottom of SL-04-05). <u>60.9</u> : Occasional fine bands of sulphide.		min sph, po		59.0	60.0	1.0	14459	5	0.4	175	45	24	136
60.9	62.0	Silt	Pale green mottled & patchy, wkly foliated, locally vuggy (& ilmonitic). F-gr altered seds with S ₂ @ 75-80° to c.a. <u>61.0</u> : Weak po-sph band, 1-2mm.	chl	po-sph											
62.0	75.2	QMp	Grungy to crowded PP, as before. Lim fractures continue but interval is relatively weakly fractured.													



CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX

Hole No. SL-04-06
Page: 3 of 7

From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Minl	Rec	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis					
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm
			64.0: 20 cm of strong fracturing.													
			64.7-65.0: Fracture zone surrounding minor (5cm) gougy fault.													
			65.4: Scattered discontinuous limonitic vnits (after py).													
			Weak foliation imparted by pulses of bi-chl-ser altn. Green colour due to chlorite.													
			68.3: 1-2cm layer of altered sed @ 45° to c.a.													
			70.6-71.3: Bright orange lim vnits & fractures, locally vuggy.													
			71.6: 5cm shear with remobilized py-sph, followed by 30cm of mod lim fracturing - continues to fault.													
75.25	75.5	Fit	Dark green chloritized shear zone, likely gabbro dyke now clay gouge with late coarse cal. Polished black lower slip plane @ 20° to c.a.													
75.5	77.4	Qmp	Hard, competent, unoxidized, weakly fractured, and strongly porphyritic. Low angle calcite vnits, 1-5mm thick are common. Sharp, unshered and unchilled l/c @ 70° to c.a. Plag phenos don't fine at contact and dyke is healed to lower phyllite.													
77.4	106.7	Silt	Laminated, f-gr pale brownish grey fine gritty siltstone, same as 57.7-62.0m Very competent, hardness 4-5 incr.													
			78.6: Py-po blebs & streaks along S ₂ @ 60° to c.a.		py-po		78.5	79.5	1.0	14460	30	0.7	690	91	46	261
			79.2: Bands of py-po in discontinuous streaks parallel to S ₂ @ 65° to ca.		py-po											
			Increasing sx content coincident with increasing hardness.													
			80.7-82.0: More massive greenish and pale green & brown layering, quite soft.													
			82.0-84.3: Harder, more siliceous interval.													
			82.3: Po-sph vnits, subparallel to S ₂ .													
			84.6-85.0: Dark ax-rich interval, f-gr and harder, more massive than mudstonea.		10% py-po-sph											
			85.0: 1mm band of dark brown sph, c-gr @ 70° to c.a.		sph											
			85.8-86.0: White qv, bleba of sph <1cm. U/c @ 50° to c.a., c-gr po-cp along l/c @ 25° to c.a.; cp more in vein. Cut by minor late cal stringers.		sph-po-cp											
			86.2-86.4: 10cm of fine S ₂ -parallel sph stringers.		sph-po											
			Continuing fine wispy bands of sph-po.													
			88.1: 10cm section of incr sph-po. Note blebby aspy.		sph-po-asy		88.25	89.25	1.0	14461	25	1.3	4005	60	270	4168



SL-04-06

88.1m

CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX

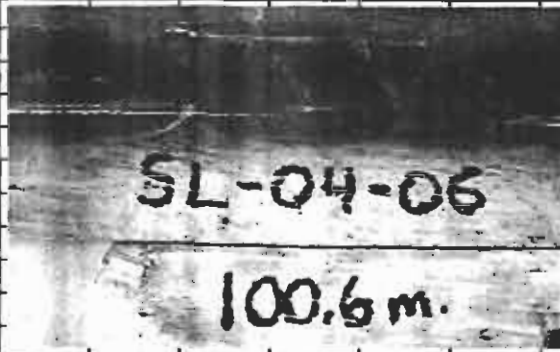
Hole No.

SL-04-06

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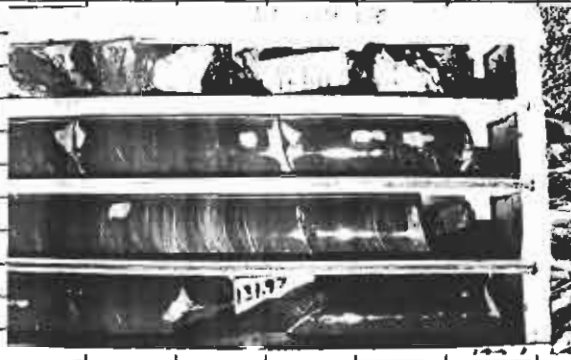
From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Minl	Rec	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis						
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	
			89.4: 10cm white qv, hgh angle to c.a. with blebby po on w/c and minor sph-po on l/c.		sph-po												
			90.6: Very f-gr sph-po in fine dark bands.		sph-po												
			91.3-91.7: Individual po & sph bands parallel to S ₂ .		sph-po												
			92.7: 1cm dark chl layer hosting 20% py-po-sph.														
			Continuing well-layered with many fine wisps of po-py-sph, trace cp-gal.		po-py-sph (cp, gal)												
			95.2: 2-3cm dark chloritic layer with po-py-(cp-sph-gal).				95.0	96.0	1.0	14462	5	0.8	220	81	76	370	
			96.1: Coarse po-sph in 2cm band.		po-sph		96.0	97.0	1.0	14463	30	1.5	230	105	414	789	
			96.3: Blebby po, str magnetic.														
			98.0: Wispy sph-po-gal, tr cp - intermixed.														
			98.7-99.2: Siliceous section hosting f-gr mx.		po-aspy-py-aph												
			100.3-101.0: Min f-gr sph stringers. L ₀ parallel to c.a., S ₂ @ 70° to c.a.														
			103.0: 1cm sph band @ 60° to c.a.														
			103.6: Fine beads of sph along S ₂ .														
			104.0: Braided 1mm stringers of sph, distinct po.														
			105.1-105.9: 10-20cm sections of wispy po bands.		po												
106.7	108.3	QMp	Uniform, unfractured, crowded por, occasional po stringers.		1% po												
108.3	111.8	Silt	As above, increasing dark argillite. Pale brown bi-altn surrounding arg. Continuing fine bands, vnltls, wisps of po, lesser sph (eg 110.0, 110.5m).		po-sph		103.0	104.0	1.0	14464	20	3.0	720	56	1020	4950	
			110.5-111.0: Darker, coarser, incr diss po-sph.														
111.8	112.9	Arg	Dark grey, f-gr to massive with S ₂ marked by fine cal-po stringers. Po more evenly distributed as disseminations & stringers.		5-10% po		111.8	112.9	1.1	14465	10	1.0	435	46	142	910	
112.9	114.8	Silt	Grades out of dark arg to harder, pale brown silty siliceous unit. Some bx gives lapilli tuff look. Continuing po-rich as bands & stringers in weak stwk, coarser than in arg. Notably less sph.		5-10% po min sph		112.9	114.8	1.9	14466	5	0.7	515	47	62	254	
114.8	118.3	Arg	As 111.8-112.9m. Increasing coarser silts ~117.4m. Continuing f-gr diss po throughout, along S ₂ . No obvious sph.		5-10% po		114.6	116.0	1.2	14467	10	0.6	575	55	36	340	



CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX

Hole No. **SL-04-06**
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From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Minl	Rec	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis							
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm		
118.3	123.7	Silt	Pale brownish, quite hard and locally siliceous but with soft silt and argillite beds (eg 118.4m), quite gritty. U/c @ 55° to c.a.															
			119.4: Sig f-gr (1mm) gal in fine patches.															
			119.7: Sph + po in wispy stringers.															
			120.0: Strong sph-py-po-gal along S2 @ 60° to c.a.															
			120.5: Wispy fine sph-py-po (poss gal).															
			121.3: Wispy to stringer stwk po, blebby cp, f-gr sph.															
			122.5: Po band, min sph, tr cp.															
			123.6: 2cm band of po, lesser sph, min cp.															
123.7	137.0	Arg	Mainly dark grey, hard, massive to well-foliated, interlayered with lesser pale grey siltstone.				121.0	122.0	1.0	14468	10	1.7	410	157	800	573		
			123.7-126.1: 60% arg, 40% silt, minl continues f-gr, along S2.															
			125.2: Mainly po, wispy over 10cm, min f-gr sph.															
			126.0: Aspy grains, 1-2mm.															
			126.1-132.8: >90% arg, 10% silt. Very uniform with few silty interlayers. Foliation defined by bi along S2. Po-sph very f-gr.	bl														
			129.2: S2 (bi) @ 75° to c.a.															
			130.4: 1mm grains of aspy aligned along S2.															
			130.6: S2 (bi) @ 62° to c.a.															
			132.8-137.0: 70% arg, 30% silt. Slightly higher sph + po.															
			132.9: Po remobilized into pressure shadows surrounding 1-2cm angular pieces of silt.															
			134.9: F-gr wispy po, min sph, poss silvery aspy.															
			135.1-135.3: Wispy cp assoc with po stringers & fine bands of sph.				135.0	136.0	1.0	14469	5	1.0	605	117	130	444		
			135.7: 3mm bleb of cp, thin streaks of cp assoc with po bands.															
			Gradational l/c, pale brown - looks like altn.															
137.0	138.6	Silt/Ft	Pale grey, f-gr mod lam, poss exhalite or fine siliceous tuff.				137.8	138.6	0.8	14470	15	2.5	2795	252	392	1345		
			138.0: Wispy to net po, lesser sph.															
			138.1: Possible aspy.															
138.6	139.6	Gb	Medium green, med-gr with patchy bl and needle-like hbd. Massive and unfractured. Sharp, unshered, unchilled contacts; u/c @ 65° & l/c @ 80° to c.a.															



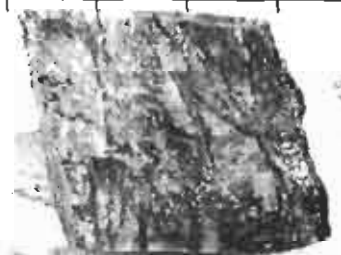
CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX

Hole No. SL-04-06
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From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Minl	Rec	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis						
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	
139.6	139.9	Silt/Ft	As above; 137.8-138.6m.														
139.9	146.7	Arg	75% arg, 25% silt; siltstone defined by fine (<1cm) pale brownish to grey layers. Brown tint is local altn. Continues well-mineralized with po, min sph, and traces of cp and aspy. <u>140.8</u> : 5mm layer of red-brown sph with po, min cp. <u>141.1</u> : Pair of 2-5mm layers of sph. <u>144.3-145.0</u> : Pale grey silt, lacking brown or siliceous altn. <u>145.4</u> : S ₂ (phyllitic sheen) @ 68° to c.a. <u>145.4-145.6</u> : 10% fine po stwk.	bi													
146.7	149.6	HP	Distinctive grey-green unit with 10% 2-5mm laths of dark green hbd throughout. Irregular, weakly chilled intrusive contacts are sharp, clearly post metamorphic, and 60-70° to c.a. Hard and very competent, unfractured.														
149.6	153.0	Ft	Pale grey, hard & siliceous, highly contorted - almost brecciated, very distinctive. <u>149.9</u> : Stwk of po, min cp, assoc with green chl-ser. Similar minl scattered throughout with min sph-gal-asy. <u>152.1-152.9</u> : Clearly defined bedding, contorted, @ 0° to c.a., cut by S ₂ @ 60° to c.a. L ₃ and S ₂ are mineralized.				151.0	152.0	1.0	14471	30	2.2	705	287	132	256	
153.0	156.6	And	Medium green, med-gr with occasional rounded chl-altered phenos, ~3mm diameter and 1mm plag phenos; mottled. U/c @ 50° to c.a., weakly fractured, relatively hard & competent. L/c @ 50° to c.a., very sharp, weakly chilled.	chl													
156.6	156.8	Ft	Same as above dyke; very hard & siliceous; not as contorted, fades into siltstone.														
156.8	158.6	Silt	Medium green-grey to pale brown, f-gr to gritty, mod interlayered but lacking dark argillite. Quite hard, mod foliated with streaky brown altn, dark wavy 2-3mm bands. Fine streaky stringers of po-sph, mainly along S ₂ (60° to c.a. at 157.3m), occasional grain of cp & aspy.	chl-bi													
158.6	159.6	Gb	Medium green with patchy silt inclusions up to 30cm adjacent to contacts. Relatively hard (5-6) and unfractured with patchy po (min sph-cp) assoc with irregular qtz-cal veining throughout.	wk chl													



SL-04-06 147.5m



SL-04-06 151.5

CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX PROJECT

Date Collared: June 18, 2004
Date Completed: June 19, 2004

Date Logged: June 19 & 20, 2004
Hole No. SL-04-07

UTM Grid Zone: 11U
Northing (m): 5474523
Easting (m): 468085
Elevation (m): 1206
Length (m): 175.86

Comments:
To test moderate IP (high chargeability - low resistivity) anomaly, Upper Lynx trend, coincident with moderate geochem anomaly. Hole is west of SL-01-04.

Correct Dip: collar -55.5
True Azm. 038
Survey at (m): 139.29
Core Size: NQ

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Logged by: Chris Wild, P.Eng.
Core stored at: On site (Snowwater landing)

From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Minl	Recovery	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis								
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm			
0.0	9.1	Casing	No recovery.																
9.1	9.6	QMp	Pale grey, med-gr, plag porphyritic with 30-40% weakly sausseritized phenos 3-4mm in diameter. U/c @ 60° to c.a.; weak fracturing with orange limonite. Weakly to moderately foliated.																
9.6	10.2	Silt	Pale purplish-brown, fine to med grained phyllite, mod foliated, quite uniform and baked (contact metamorphism). Very f-gr disseminated sx.	bi		2-3% po-py													
10.2	12.1	QMp	Locally well-foliated granitic prophyry, as above, with incorporated sections of brown phyllite, as described above. Very fuzzy grain boundaries & foliation give gneissic texture. U/c @ 40°, l/c @ 50° to c.a.			1-2% po													
12.1	20.4	Silt	Pale purplish, f-gr to sugary texture with local white quartzose layers parallel to S ₂ . Weakly fractured with increasing limonite. Again looks quite baked by porphyry stock. <u>13.5-13.7:</u> Pale grey to cream, siliceous layer with a few dark vnlt of f-gr po. <u>14.1:</u> 1-2cm band/vnlt of chl-cal with min po. <u>14.3:</u> S ₂ @ 60° to c.a. <u>14.8-15.0:</u> Rubby siliceous band. <u>17.9-18.0:</u> Finger of pale greenish crowded PP.	bi		1% po													
20.4	21.9	Gb?	Dark green, fine to med-gr with chl-altered mafic phenos to 3mm and plag phenos altered to cal-epi. Unfoliated, weakly fractured, mod soft but competent. U/c fracture @ 20° to c.a., slight fining of phenos; l/c is sharp, chilled @ 45° to c.a.	cal-ser-epi															
21.9	22.2	Silt	As above (12.1-20.4m).																
22.2	23.3	Gb	Medium green, med-gr, mafic-rich dyke, mineralogically similar to but texturally distinct from above (20.4-21.9m). Sheared u/c with minor lim gouge @ 40-50° to c.a. <u>23.0:</u> 10cm minor gougy fault @ 30° to c.a.																

CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX

Hole No. SL-04-07
Page: 2 of 9

From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Minl	Rec	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis					
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm
			l/c on healed shear, slip @ 50° to c.a.													
23.3	25.0	QMp	Foliated granitic porphyry, as at top of hole, quite uniform 30-50% altered plag phenos (ser). Foliated @ 45° to c.a. Sharp l/c, intrusive finger into phyllite @ 50° to c.a.													
25.0	32.8	Silt	Pale grey to purplish brown phyllite, fine metamorphic bl, f-gr with silty or gritty look. Pale green sericite superimposed along stringers.	bl-ser	1% po											
			25.2: Planar S ₂ @ 50° to c.a.													
			27.8-30.2: Modest limonitic fracture zone.													
			29.0-29.5: Strongest fracturing coincident with white to cream, weakly layered siliceous zone.													
			30.0-30.2: Rubbly section, less limonitic.													
			30.2-30.8: Siliceous zone, greenish (ser) grey.													
			30.8: Irregular muddy limonitic fracture @ 10-20° to c.a.													
			31.9-32.2: Fault; minor, limonitic rubble, clays washed out.													
32.8	33.4	Gb	Dark green, granular-looking with much fine to med bl with plag & px. Mod fractured w/c, l/c sharp @ 60° to c.a.													
33.4	34.1	Silt	Brownish phyllite, weakly layered, as before.													
34.1	34.9	Ft	Strongly siliceous section, pale green to cream, very f-gr. Looks like breccia with cm-size bands and irregular blocks separated by dark stwk that includes po, min cp, sph-gal.	Sil	po-sph-gal-cp		34.1	34.9	0.8	14473	20	2.3	80	188	318	992
			34.5: 3-5cm layer of brown sph.		sph											
34.9	35.6	Gb	Bi-rich, fine to med-gr dark ultramafic dyke, as above.													
			U/c @ 45° to c.a., l/c @ 50° to c.a., both weakly chilled.													
35.6	42.7	Silt	Back to monotonous brownish f-gr bi-phyllite, as above.	bl	1% po											
			38.7-38.8: Gb finger-like dyke @ 50° to c.a.		tr cp											
			39.0: 1cm po band, wispy with trace cp.													
			40.6: Several gal grains up to 1mm with very f-gr po.		gal											
			40.8: 7cm layer of strong chl with po, min cp.		po-cp											
			41.5: Significant galena along vein/layer.		gal		41.3	41.9	0.6	14474	5	13.4	30	90	5138	1960
			41.9: F-gr sph in discontinuous stringer assoc with f-gr gal.		sph-gal											

CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX

Hole No.

SL-04-07

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From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Minl	Rec	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis					
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm
42.7	43.9	QMp	Med green, grungy-looking porphyry with crowded sericitized plag and occasional tabular Kf phenos near the centre. Grungiest near contacts but very competent.	ser	tr											
43.9	46.7	Silt	Same as before (35.6-42.7m), sugary brown, massive to moderately layered. Weak stwk of calcite stringers over bottom 30cm. Weak, f-gr sx, mainly po.		<1% po											
46.7	47.1	Gb	Dark green, med-grained, weakly chilled w/c @ 55° to c.a., fractured over top 10cm; l/c @ 55° to c.a. also weakly chilled, sharp, planar. Moderate to strong magnetism - quite anomalous.	bl-chl	mt											
47.1	51.0	Silt	Same mod-layered, f-gr, pale brownish contact metamorphosed sedimentary rock. Increased fine bands, wisps, and stringers of po, min sph. 47.9: S ₂ @ 60° to c.a. 48.7: Stringers and bands are strongly contorted. 49.8-50.8: Increased fine pale greenish bands. 50.1: 1-2mm band or vnit of brown sph+py.	bi	po-sph											
51.0	52.8	QMp	Grungy green porphyry, as before; weakly foliated. 51.5-52.2: Qtz-cal-epi veining & flooding. Both contacts @ 60° to c.a., sharp and weakly chilled.	ser												
52.8	54.7	Silt	Same as 47.1-51.0m. Mod fractured to 53.9m.	bi	po-sph											
54.7	56.8	Gb	Dark green, med-gr (coarser than 46.7-47.1m), 10% white calcite infilled phenos to 3mm, 5-10% dark green, chl-altered mafic phenos with diffuse grain boundaries. Competent, weakly fractured, uniform, fractured at contacts, w/c @ 65° to c.a., l/c @ 45° to c.a. Moderate to strong magnetism. Same as 20.4-21.9m.	chl	mt											
56.8	68.6	Silt	Same as 47.1-51.0m - qtz-bl-phyllite - chloritic fractures. 58.5: S ₂ @ 65° to c.a. 59.2: 2-3mm band of po, min sph @ 65° to c.a. 62.8-63.5: Pale grey fine grit or sand. 65.1: S ₂ @ 60-65° to c.a.; chl, min lim. 65.2-65.9: Weak fracture zone mainly along S ₂ .	chl	1% po, min sph											

CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION

Hole No.

SL-04-07

SILVER LYNX

Page:

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From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Minl	Rec	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis					
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm
			67.2: Weak blebby po, assoc weak siliceous zone.													
68.6	71.2	And	Pale to med green, f-gr to weakly porphyritic, pale green epi-altered phenos, occasional cal stringers. Weakly fractured, competent; weakly magnetic. U/c along fracture @ 70° to c.a.	chl-epi	tr											
			69.0: 2-3cm wide vuggy qv with min cal-chl-py, vnlnt @ 45° to c.a.													
			70.2: Pale greenish-cream vnlnt, 3-5mm thick @ 35° to c.a. Patchy chl-po.		po											
			70.6: 5cm phyllite @ 75° to c.a. Moderate fracturing increasing to contact.													
71.2	90.2	Silt	Same as above - monotonous sequence of pale brown, weakly layered silty phyllite.	chl	po, wk cp											
			71.3-71.4: Calcite blow-out surrounded by cal-epi altn.													
			72.6: Trace cp with po.		po-cp											
			74.9: 2-3mm brown bi band with f-gr po, tr cp @ 60° to c.a.		po-cp											
			77.0-77.4: Weak fracture zone, weakly lim.													
			78.1: Py grains.		py											
			78.2: Siliceous zone with occasional patchy po & assoc cp.													
			78.6-78.9: Weak fracture zone, peaking at 82.6-83.0m.													
			84.4: Increasing fine layering and occasional siliceous bands @ 65-70° to c.a.													
			86.7: Silvery mineral grain, <1mm.													
			86.9: L ₀ turns from parallel to S ₂ to 0° to c.a. - fold.													
			87.3-87.6: Siliceous band, pale brown with po.		po											
			88.3-89.0: Brown altn weakening, begin to see relict dark argillite - clearly fining downhole.													
			89.2: 1cm band of net-textured po + min assoc cp in siliceous section @ 65° to c.a.		po-cp		89.2	89.7	0.5	14475	75	1.0	>10000	182	1670	194
			89.4: 1cm layer of massive, med-gr aspy in same siliceous interval.		aspy											
			89.7: 1mm vnlnt of po+cp.		po-cp											
			89.9-90.2: Siliceous band - 5% po.		po											
90.2	91.8	Arg	Finely layered (cm-scale), dark argillite with pale grey silty interbeds and local siliceous altn. Wispy layers of po assoc with both dark and pale grey bands.		2% po											
			90.5: S ₂ @ 58° to c.a., planar.													

CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION

SILVER LYNX

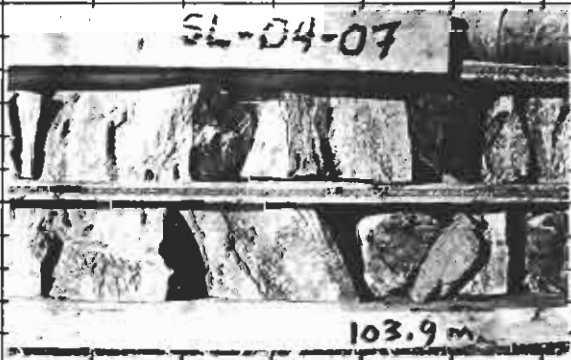
Hole No.

SL-04-07

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From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Mini	Rec	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis						
											Au ppt	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	
			91.0: Fine sub-millimeter scale layering.														
91.8	92.0	Gb	F-gr, dark green, mod magnetic, layered dyke; strong chilled margins, both contacts @ 55° to c.a.														
92.0	92.5	Arg	As above.														
92.5	92.9	QMp	25-30% plag phenos >1mm in pale green, med-gr groundmass of bi+plag. Weak chill at u/c @ 60° to c.a. Sharp l/c @ 60° to c.a., slightly cutting S ₂ .														
92.9	93.8	Arg	As above, lower half much more contorted.			1-2% po											
93.8	94.5	Gb	Dark green, f-gr, bi-rich, coarsening down, weakly magnetic. Sharp chilled u/c @ 70° to c.a., fractured l/c @ 65° to c.a.														
94.5	95.5	Arg	As above.														
			94.7: 2.5cm dyke of bi-rich Gb.														
			94.9-95.5: Siliceous interval, looks superimposed on dark mudstone. Wispy po along S ₂ , patchy po along epi stringer @ 15-20 to c.a., isolated aspy grains.			po, aspy tr cp											
95.5	96.0	Gb	Chilled contacts @ 70° to c.a.; same as 93.8-94.5m.														
96.0	96.7	Arg	Siliceous dark grey and brown, cherty interval, as 94.9-95.5m.			2-3% po											
96.7	97.5	Gb	As 95.5-98.0m; u/c on chl fracture @ 65° to c.a. l/c on polished slp @ 60° to c.a.														
97.5	102.9	Arg	Continuing contorted, siliceous, altered dark mudstone.				102.2	102.9	0.7	14476	15	3.6	220	323	670	7632	
			98.6-100.4: Weak fracture zone, local "poker chips".														0.77%
			99.4: 3-4mm po band, min cp.														
			101.6-102.9: Pale brown & green siliceous interval, imposed on black mudstone (altn).														
			102.3: Po band, min f-gr sph-cp in fractures, within a clast of purplish mudstone.			chl											
			102.7: 1+cm chloritic band min po-sph-gal-cp.			chl											
			102.8: Bands of po-sph-cp-gal (3-5mm).			chl											
102.9	103.5	Gb	Slightly finer than 96.7-97.5m. U/c @ 55° to c.a., l/c on chl fracture @ 50° to c.a.														
103.5	106.2	Ft	Pale grey to cream, brittly fractured, reheated and fractured siliceous unit, possibly rhyolite tuff.			3% po	103.5	104.0	0.5	14477	95	10.6	1515	1153	1850	7472	
							104.0	105.0	1.0	14478	10	2.0	155	258	124	751	
			103.9: Chloritic layer hosting po-sph-aspy-gal-cp.				105.0	106.2	1.2	14479	15	2.4	335	359	218	655	



CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION

SILVER LYNX

Hole No.

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From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Minl	Rec	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis						
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	
			104.0: Po-cp band, 5-10mm thick, po commonly blebby & non-conformable - in siliceous unit.														
			104.3-106.2: Largely coarse, brittle rubble. No qtz eyes identified but looks very rhyolitic.														
106.2	106.8	Gb	Medium green, f-gr to med-gr and weakly porphyritic with grungy cal-ser altered plag phenos and significant bi-phenos and matrix - variation of gabbro. Both contacts steep to c.a. but highly fractured.														
106.8	110.1	Ft	As above with chaotic banding becoming more uniform.														
			107.6: 5cm of po stwk with min cp, sph.														
			108.4: 4cm (true) massive po with wispy cp in cal.				108.8	108.0	1.2	14480	10	1.3	105	206	52	584	
			108.4-108.6: Po-stwk & fine layers, min cp.				108.0	106.65	0.65	14481	60	6.7	510	976	180	1381	
			109.1: Fine, siliceous layering.				108.65	110.1	1.45	14482	10	1.1	35	203	22	46	
			109.2-109.7: Discordant contact with possible grit unit or foliated felsic intrusive.														
			109.4: Wispy stwk of po, min cp.														
110.1	115.6	Arg	Dark grey, finely laminated & foliated argillite, f-gr & quite uniform, locally quite contorted.			3-5% po											
			111.0: Typical 1-2mm wispy po bands, tr cp. S ₂ @ 50° to c.a.														
			113.0: Fine bands of wispy po; fine orthogonal vnits. S ₂ @ 60° to c.a.														
			114.2: Po bands are strongly and erratically folded.														
			115.0-115.6: Siliceous altn (bi) appears related to dyke contact; locally dark mudstone is preserved.														
115.6	116.0	And	Pale grey-green, chilled f-gr brown to green over top 10cm; 15% chloritized phenos, fuzzy grain boundaries.														
116.0	116.4	Silt/Arg	60% pale brown-grey, 40% dark grey.														
116.4	116.7	And	Similar to 115.6-116.0m, chilled contacts @ 60-65° to c.a., not conformable to S ₂ .														
116.7	116.8	Silt/Arg	Bleached.														
116.8	117.5	And	Similar dyke as above but distinct fine bi-rich section.														
117.5	118.7	Arg	Dark grey (95%), po-rich, f-gr argillite. Po occurs mainly as fine vnits & lenses along S ₂ .														
			118.0: S ₂ @ 60° to c.a.														
118.7	119.2	And	Same grungy but unfractured porphyritic (chl-altered) dyke. Weakly chilled contacts @ 70° to c.a.														



CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX

Hole No. **SL-04-07**
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From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Minl	Rec	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis					
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm
119.2	120.0	Arg	80% dark grey, 20% pale grey layers. <u>119.4</u> : 1cm layer of po with fine wispy cp @ 65° to c.a. <u>119.9</u> : 1.5cm layer of po with fine wispy cp @ 60° to c.a.				119.2	120.0	0.8	14483	50	2.3	735	135	426	1782
120.0	120.5	QMp	Greenish brown, grungy, 20-25% 1-2mm plag phenos. Chilled ambiguous contacts, no significant foliation.													
120.5	125.0	Arg	75% dark grey, 25% pale siltstone, relatively soft and not siliceous, locally well-layered. <u>121.5-122.5</u> : Pale grey siltstone (qtz-bi phyllite). <u>122.5-122.7</u> : Brownish bi-altn. <u>122.7</u> : 1mm band of sph-gal @ 65° to c.a. <u>123.65-123.9</u> : 1.5-2.0cm vein bx with 1-3cm angular argillite clasts, clast-supported, @ 15° to c.a.	bi		3% po										
125.0	128.2	Silt	Pale grey to brown, relatively soft (4-5), 75% silt, 25% dark grey argillite layers. Sx content weakening to fine stringers and disseminations. <u>127.0</u> : S ₂ @ 60° to c.a. <u>128.0-128.2</u> : Increasing brown bi altn to contact.			2% po										
128.2	128.5	QMp	Medium grey with 25-30% plag and 10% chloritized mafic phenos in diffuse matrix. U/c @ 70°, l/c @ 60° to c.a.													
128.5	130.55	Silt	Same baked bi-rich phyllite as above. <u>129.25-130.1</u> : Highly altered section with chl-epi-cal flooding host, locally brecciated but foliated.													
130.55	131.6	QMp	Uniform pale greenish (ser) crowded porphyry with 40% plag phenos >1mm, <5% chloritized mafics. <u>131.1</u> : 1-2mm po stringer.													
131.6	134.7	Silt	Pale purplish brown qtz-bi phyllite, silty to gritty, soft, weakly fractured; wispy po-py. Incr siliceous sections, pale grey and harder but little textural difference - weakly layered.	bi		po>py>cp 1-2% total										
134.7	135.0	Flt/Gb	Dark green, med-gr, bi-gb, mainly rubble and sandy gouge. Intrusive u/c @ -50° to c.a. Minor core loss at l/c.													

CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX

Hole No.

SL-04-07

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From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Minl	Rec	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis						
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	
			Fault is late and relatively minor.														
135.0	143.7	QMp	Mottled greenish, med-gr porphyry with 30% sausseritized plag phenos, chloritized mafics. Competent, weakly fractured & relatively hard. Scattered stringers & vnlt of chl-epi, min po, min cal. Intrusive 1/c @ 35-40 to c.a.	ser-bi-chl	1% po												
143.7	167.5	Silt	Pale purplish-brown, f-gr to weakly gritty, quite unifrom with occlaisional siliceous sections and darker argillite sections. Variable hardness, depending on siliceous nature. Weakly to mod fractured. F-gr po. 146.8: Gb dyke, bi-rich, 12cm wide, 10% feldspar phenos and laths, 5% chl-bi altered mafics in med-gr bi-chl groundmass. Intrusive w/c & 1/c @ 65° to c.a. Host sedd are siliceous (silicified?) 147.4-148.9: Dark grey, f-gr mudstone cut by weak brown stwk altn. 149.1-149.5: Brittle, rehealed siliceous section. Continuing mainly siliceous to 150.9m. 150.9-153.0: Mottled pale brown & green with 10% white altered plag grains - may be fingered in foliated granitic por (QMp) in places with related fracturing and qtz-ser-cal veining. No significant sx down to....	bi-chl	1% po												
			152.9: Coarse crystals of gal with cal-ser veining or weak stwk. Min po-sph.		gal-sph-po		152.8	154.0	1.2	14484	100	34.7 g/t	1445	185	9856	2924	
			153.4: Wispy & vnlt po, fine diss cp, 1mm crystals of aspy, min sph.														1.04%
			153.8: 1-2cm band of po-aspy-sph-py-cp in weak chloritized host @ 45° to c.a. Host remains quite siliceous to 154.5m.		aspy-po-sph-py-cp												
			155.0-155.7: Siliceous section (Ft?)														
			157.0-157.6: Siliceous section (Ft?)														
			157.9-158.9: Siliceous section (Ft?)														
			159.5-159.85: Series of massive po bands assoc with strong chl altn. 2-3cm band at 159.5m, hosts minor wispy cp, increased at 159.6m, patchy along margins - post-po. Hosted in pale silty to siliceous sedd -> significant horizon.	chl	po-cp-sph		159.5	159.85	0.35	14485	40	11.0	5	1142	2310	7290	
			160.1: Narrow (<1mm) sph bands @ 60° to c.a.														0.73%
			160.5-160.6: Three chl bands with assoc po.														
			Continues more finely interlayered softer silts & siliceous sections and occasional dark mudstone increasing downhole.														
			161.7-163.1: More finely layered siliceous sedd (tuffs?).														
			164.9-> Increasing dark interlayered mudstone.														



CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX

Hole No. SL-04-07

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From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Minl	Rec	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis					
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm
167.5	170.4	Arg	60% dark grey argillite, 40% fine grey siltstone, locally finely interlayered & fairly hard. Wispy po along S ₂ and as fine blebs and disseminations. Mod fractured - increased from above. 167.5: S ₂ @ 60° to c.a.;		2-3% po											
170.4	175.1	Silt/Arg	Pale grey, locally brownish (bi) silts (60%) and fine darker grey sections of argillite (40%), similar to above. Dark sections show tan stwk altn. Po occurs as thicker 1-2mm lenses and bands, esp at 172.7-173.1m. 173.2-173.8: Weakly altered dark grey mudstone. 173.8-175.1: Pale grey, mainly siliceous and locally finely layered sed.		2-3% po											
175.1	175.8	Arg	Grades to contorted l-gr interlayered dark mudstone, as 167.5-170.4m. 175.86 metres = END OF HOLE													



**CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX PROJECT**

Date Collared: **June 20, 2004**
Date Completed: **June 21, 2004**

Date Logged: **June 21 - 23, 2004**
Hole No. **SL-04-08**

UTM Grid Zone: **11U**
Northing (m): **5474595**
Easting (m): **468934**
Elevation (m): **1211**
Length (m): **230.73**

Comments:
To test moderate IP (high chargeability - low resistivity) anomaly where it crosses Rover Creek.

Correct Dip: **collar -56**
True Azm. **035**
Survey at: **230.73**
Core Size: **NQ**

Page: **1 of 10**
Logged by: **Chris Wild, P.Eng.**
Core stored at: **On site (Snowwater landing)**

From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Minl	Recovery	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis								
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm			
-	6.1	Casing	No recovery.																
6.1	10.3	Silt	Pale greenish grey to purplish brown, f-gr, weakly layered, moderately soft with no siliceous or obviously tuffaceous sections. Mod fractured to 8.5m. Weak f-gr disseminated po, limonitic on fractures; fine black dendrites emanating from cracks. 9.0: Subtle foliation @ 45° to c.a.	ser	1% po														
10.3	14.2	Dr	Medium green-grey, med-gr, salt & pepper texture, weak ser + chl altered, weakly fractured, minor diss po, very uniform, not magnetic. U/c is sharp, unchilled @ 45° to c.a.; l/c @ 50° to c.a. - finer grained at both contacts (weak chill).	ser-chl	1% po														
14.2	15.0	Flt	Highly fractured, some loss of core. F-gr green intrusive, possibly a phase of diorite above.																
15.0	17.0	Silt	Pale greenish grey to purplish brown, as 6.1-10.3m, f-gr and more distinctly layered, scratched with knife, not strongly siliceous but mod sericitized. 15.6-16.1: Increasing irregular stringers of fine py. 15.8: 5-7mm cal-sph vnlit @ 45° to c.a.	ser	1% po min sph														
17.0	18.5	Dr	Similar to 10.3-14.2m, finer grained and paler green, esp at contacts. U/c on lim fracture @ 60° to c.a.; l/c well-chilled @ 55° to c.a.																
18.5	19.5	Silt	Pale grey, f-gr and mod to well-fractured, many limonitic.	ser	<1% po														
19.5	20.7	Dr	Pale grey, finer grained, as 17.0-18.5m, with local chloritized mafic patches to 3mm diameter. 20.2-20.3: Qtz-flooding, dyke fines on both sides. L/c @ 55° to c.a.																
20.7	31.1	Arg	Med dark grey, f-gr, weak to mod layering, pale greenish grey ser altn overprint. Lenses, vnits, thin layers of po.	ser-bi	2% po														

CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX

Hole No. **SL-04-08**
 Page: **3** of **10**

From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Minl	Rec	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis					
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm
			Green groundmass is likely plag+ser+qtz, locally with gneissic texture. Po occurs as blebs, vnits, & disseminations as in seds. U/c on fracture parallel to S ₂ @ 65° to c.a.													
			50.0-50.7: Irregular qtz veining cut by later cal stringers. Incr po in vein selvages.													
			50.9-51.0: Fractured, more sericitic.													
			51.8: 10cm of sericitic rubble.													
			53.4: Fractured, weakly limonitic qv 2cm thick.													
			54.9: Weak po (non-mag) or dark py stwk over 5-10cm assoc with cal-epi.													
			56.5-56.8: Milky white qv's with 2-3% py, irregular but @ low angle to c.a.													
			57.6-58.2: Gneissic border of dyke. l/c @ -45° to c.a.													
58.2	72.9	Arg	Mainly f-gr, dark grey with fine pale grey interlayers, many due to altn fluids along S ₂ . Strongly metamorphosed over 50cm adjacent to dyke. Looks relatively unaltered, consistent with local brown bi-altn. F-gr dls magnetic po.	weak	2-3% po											
			60.4-60.6: Outlined folds in green-grey silt, cut by later brown bi-altn along S ₂ @ 65° to c.a.													
			61.0-61.45: Pale green & brown, weakly siliceous with bi-altn in siltstone.													
			62.1-62.3: Fine pale brown & dark grey interlayers on mm-scale.													
			62.6-64.1: Mod-str fracturing, most intense ~63.0m in dark grey mudstone.													
			61.45: >90% dark grey to black, f-gr argillite. F-gr po in <1mm bands and lenses along S ₂ .													
			72.6-72.8: Strongly fractured.													
72.9	73.4	HP	Pale grey to slightly purplish, f-gr porphyry dyke, with 10% irregular dark green, chl-altered (hbd?) phenos to 5mm. F-gr diss py. Highly fractured w/c, l/c intrusive with younger gabbro @ 75° to c.a.	chl	1-2% py											
73.4	75.6	Gb	Dark to med green, fine to med-gr, 10% pale round plag phenos, 1-2mm diameter; chl-altered mafics.	chl	-											
			73.6: Series of weakly gougy calcite sheers @ 45-65° to c.a., becoming rubbly.													
			73.9-74.3: Med grey mudstone rubble in centre of dyke.													

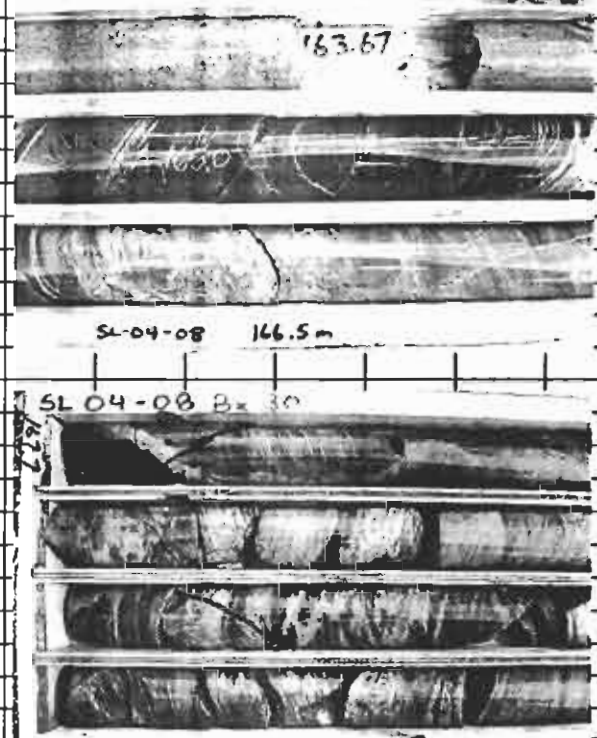


60.4 SL-04-08 60.4

CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX

Hole No. SL-04-08
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From meters	To meters	Lithology	Description	Altn	Mint	Rec	From meters	To meters	Lgth.	Tag. Number	Analysis					
											Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm
			Argillite becomes increasingly pale green as lower contact is approached.													
			152.3: Weak po-py stwk at contact; strong cal veining.													
152.4	157.0	HP	Same as 114.6-120.1m; pale grey bi-hbd phenos in pale, f-gr groundmass. Very uniform, competent, virtually unfractured. Strong cal - pervasive cb-altn. L/c on rough chl fracture @ 25° to c.a.													
157.0	160.3	Arg	Similar to 143.7-152.4m; increasing altn superimposed on dark-banded argillite(DBA). F-gr diss to wispy po, occasional coarser (2-5mm) bands (eg 158.7m). Altn overpowers DBA -159.0m, only minor dark grey to 160.3m. S ₂ @ 72° to c.a.	ser-sil												
160.3	160.7	Qmp	Pale green, cloudy & indistinct dyke with 10% white plag phenos, variable cb-altn. L/c @ 80° to c.a., relatively sharp & planar.													
160.7	161.0	Arg	Pale grey, siliceous, weakly banded, min fine po-py, tr cp.	qtz-ser												
161.0	164.1	HP	Same as 152.4-157.0m. Rough fracturing parallel to c.a. U/c sharp @ 80° to c.a.; l/c @ 85-90° to c.a., both weakly chilled.	bi?												
164.1	170.7	Arg	Similar to 157.0-160.3m. At least 50% dark grey, altered qtz-ser-cal. Interval is only weakly fractured, strongly foliated.	qtz-ser-cal												
			164.9: HP; 4cm dykelet @ 55° to c.a.													
			165.0-165.2: F ₂ outlined by pale silty layers in dark argillite, cut at high angle by S ₂ @ 60° to c.a.													
			165.2: 15cm pale brown-grey siliceous zone, also retained possible l _o @ high angle to S ₂ .													
			168.0: 2cm silt layer, near parallel to c.a., at high angle to S ₂ .													
			170.4: Two folded po vnlt in siltstone - F ₂ .													
170.7	174.0	Arg	Altered mudstone, contorted, flooded with qtz-ser giving streaky pale grey and brown appearance. Likely previously misidentified as felsic & lapill tuff.	qtz-ser												



Appendix 4
Core Recovery Logs

Silver Lynx Property
DDH SL-04-05
Core Recovery Log

DDH	From	To	Interval	Measured	Recovery
SL-04-05	12.20	18.60	6.40	2.25	35%
SL-04-05	18.60	20.42	1.82	1.70	93%
SL-04-05	20.42	23.47	3.05	2.65	87%
SL-04-05	23.47	26.52	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-05	26.52	29.56	3.04	3.00	99%
SL-04-05	29.56	32.61	3.05	2.75	90%
SL-04-05	32.61	35.66	3.05	2.90	95%
SL-04-05	35.66	38.71	3.05	3.00	98%
SL-04-05	38.71	41.76	3.05	2.95	97%
SL-04-05	41.76	44.81	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-05	44.81	47.85	3.04	2.84	93%
SL-04-05	47.85	50.90	3.05	2.80	92%
SL-04-05	50.90	53.94	3.04	3.00	99%
SL-04-05	53.94	56.99	3.05	3.04	100%
SL-04-05	56.99	60.04	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-05	60.04	63.09	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-05	63.09	66.14	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-05	66.14	69.19	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-05	69.19	72.24	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-05	72.24	75.28	3.04	3.04	100%
SL-04-05	75.28	78.33	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-05	78.33	81.38	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-05	81.38	84.42	3.04	3.04	100%
SL-04-05	84.42	87.47	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-05	87.47	90.52	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-05	90.52	93.57	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-05	93.57	96.62	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-05	96.62	99.66	3.04	3.04	100%
SL-04-05	99.66	102.71	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-05	102.71	106.37	3.66	3.66	100%
SL-04-05	106.37	108.81	2.44	2.44	100%
SL-04-05	108.81	111.86	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-05	111.86	114.90	3.04	3.04	100%
SL-04-05	114.90	117.95	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-05	117.95	121.01	3.06	2.95	96%
SL-04-05	121.01	124.05	3.04	3.04	100%

**Silver Lynx Property
DDH SL-04-06
Core Recovery Log**

DDH	From	To	Interval	Measured	Recovery
SL-04-06	3.05	5.18	2.13	0.60	28%
SL-04-06	5.18	8.22	3.04	0.72	24%
SL-04-06	8.22	11.27	3.05	0.18	6%
SL-04-06	11.27	12.19	0.92	0.28	30%
SL-04-06	12.19	14.32	2.13	0.95	45%
SL-04-06	14.32	16.45	2.13	0.34	16%
SL-04-06	16.45	17.37	0.92	0.05	5%
SL-04-06	17.37	19.20	1.83	0.25	14%
SL-04-06	19.20	21.34	2.14	1.26	59%
SL-04-06	21.34	23.46	2.12	0.59	28%
SL-04-06	23.46	26.15	2.69	1.80	67%
SL-04-06	26.15	29.56	3.41	2.00	59%
SL-04-06	29.56	32.61	3.05	1.70	56%
SL-04-06	32.61	35.66	3.05	2.70	89%
SL-04-06	35.66	38.60	2.94	2.95	100%
SL-04-06	38.60	41.75	3.15	3.00	95%
SL-04-06	41.75	44.80	3.05	3.00	98%
SL-04-06	44.80	47.85	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	47.85	50.90	3.05	2.95	97%
SL-04-06	50.90	53.94	3.04	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	53.94	56.99	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	56.99	60.04	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	60.04	63.09	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	63.09	66.14	3.05	2.90	95%
SL-04-06	66.14	69.18	3.04	3.04	100%
SL-04-06	69.18	72.23	3.05	2.95	97%
SL-04-06	72.23	75.28	3.05	2.85	93%
SL-04-06	75.28	78.33	3.05	2.95	97%
SL-04-06	78.33	81.38	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	81.38	84.42	3.04	3.04	100%
SL-04-06	84.42	87.47	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	87.47	90.52	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	90.52	93.57	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	93.57	96.62	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	96.62	99.66	3.04	3.04	100%
SL-04-06	99.66	102.71	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	102.71	105.76	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	105.76	108.81	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	108.81	111.86	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	111.86	114.90	3.04	3.04	100%
SL-04-06	114.90	117.04	2.14	2.14	100%
SL-04-06	117.04	120.09	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	120.09	123.13	3.04	3.04	100%
SL-04-06	123.13	126.18	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	126.18	127.71	1.53	1.53	100%
SL-04-06	127.71	130.14	2.43	2.43	100%
SL-04-06	130.14	131.97	1.83	1.70	93%
SL-04-06	131.97	135.02	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	135.02	138.07	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	138.07	141.12	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	141.12	142.64	1.52	1.30	86%
SL-04-06	142.64	145.38	2.74	2.74	100%
SL-04-06	145.38	147.52	2.14	2.14	100%
SL-04-06	147.52	149.90	2.38	2.38	100%
SL-04-06	149.90	153.00	3.10	3.10	100%
SL-04-06	153.00	155.75	2.75	2.75	100%
SL-04-06	155.75	156.97	1.22	1.22	100%
SL-04-06	156.97	160.07	3.10	3.10	100%
SL-04-06	160.07	160.62	0.55	0.55	100%
SL-04-06	160.62	163.67	3.05	3.02	99%
SL-04-06	163.67	166.72	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	166.72	169.77	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	169.77	172.82	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-06	172.82	175.56	2.74	2.74	100%

Silver Lynx Property
 DDH SL-04-07
 Core Recovery Log

DDH	From	To	Interval	Measured	Recovery
SL-04-07	9.14	11.27	2.13	2.10	99%
SL-04-07	11.27	14.32	3.05	3.01	99%
SL-04-07	14.32	16.15	1.83	2.01	110%
SL-04-07	16.15	18.28	2.13	2.30	108%
SL-04-07	18.28	19.81	1.53	1.67	109%
SL-04-07	19.81	20.42	0.61	0.60	98%
SL-04-07	20.42	22.86	2.44	2.66	109%
SL-04-07	22.86	23.77	0.91	0.71	78%
SL-04-07	23.77	26.51	2.74	2.96	108%
SL-04-07	26.51	28.65	2.14	2.25	105%
SL-04-07	28.65	29.87	1.22	1.55	127%
SL-04-07	29.87	30.78	0.91	1.00	110%
SL-04-07	30.78	32.61	1.83	1.50	82%
SL-04-07	32.61	35.66	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-07	35.66	38.70	3.04	3.04	100%
SL-04-07	38.70	41.75	3.05	3.10	102%
SL-04-07	41.75	44.80	3.05	3.10	102%
SL-04-07	44.80	47.85	3.05	4.10	134%
SL-04-07	47.85	50.90	3.05	3.00	98%
SL-04-07	50.90	53.94	3.04	3.00	99%
SL-04-07	53.94	56.99	3.05	3.10	102%
SL-04-07	56.99	60.04	3.05	3.30	108%
SL-04-07	60.04	63.09	3.05	3.18	104%
SL-04-07	63.09	66.14	3.05	2.95	97%
SL-04-07	66.14	69.18	3.04	3.04	100%
SL-04-07	69.18	72.23	3.05	3.20	105%
SL-04-07	72.23	75.29	3.06	3.00	98%
SL-04-07	75.29	78.33	3.04	3.02	99%
SL-04-07	78.33	81.38	3.05	3.10	102%
SL-04-07	81.38	84.42	3.04	3.20	105%
SL-04-07	84.42	87.48	3.06	3.05	100%
SL-04-07	87.48	89.19	1.71	2.60	152%
SL-04-07	89.19	92.04	2.85	2.20	77%
SL-04-07	92.04	93.87	1.83	1.71	93%
SL-04-07	93.87	96.01	2.14	2.00	93%
SL-04-07	96.01	99.06	3.05	3.00	98%
SL-04-07	99.06	99.97	0.91	0.90	99%
SL-04-07	99.97	101.19	1.22	1.17	96%
SL-04-07	101.19	103.93	2.74	2.74	100%
SL-04-07	103.93	105.46	1.53	3.10	203%
SL-04-07	105.46	108.81	3.35	3.50	104%
SL-04-07	108.81	110.64	1.83	2.00	109%
SL-04-07	110.64	113.69	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-07	113.69	116.74	3.05	3.30	108%
SL-04-07	116.74	119.78	3.04	3.05	100%
SL-04-07	119.78	121.61	1.83	2.10	115%
SL-04-07	121.61	124.05	2.44	2.41	99%
SL-04-07	124.05	127.10	3.05	3.20	105%
SL-04-07	127.10	128.93	1.83	1.85	101%
SL-04-07	128.93	131.97	3.04	3.04	100%
SL-04-07	131.97	135.02	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-07	135.02	138.07	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-07	138.07	139.29	1.22	1.20	98%
SL-04-07	139.29	142.34	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-07	142.34	145.38	3.04	3.00	99%
SL-04-07	145.38	148.43	3.05	3.30	108%
SL-04-07	148.43	151.48	3.05	2.80	92%
SL-04-07	151.48	154.53	3.05	3.46	113%
SL-04-07	154.53	157.58	3.05	3.00	98%
SL-04-07	157.58	160.62	3.04	3.13	103%
SL-04-07	160.62	163.67	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-07	163.67	166.72	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-07	166.72	169.77	3.05	3.18	104%
SL-04-07	169.77	172.82	3.05	3.25	107%
SL-04-07	172.82	175.86	3.04	3.02	99%

Silver Lynx Property
DDH SL-04-08
Core Recovery Log

DDH	From	To	Interval	Measured	Recovery
SL-04-08	6.10	8.22	2.12	1.64	77%
SL-04-08	8.22	11.27	3.05	2.97	97%
SL-04-08	11.27	13.10	1.83	2.20	120%
SL-04-08	13.10	14.93	1.83	1.45	79%
SL-04-08	14.93	17.06	2.13	2.30	108%
SL-04-08	17.06	19.50	2.44	2.50	102%
SL-04-08	19.50	22.25	2.75	2.75	100%
SL-04-08	22.25	23.70	1.45	1.74	120%
SL-04-08	23.70	24.68	0.98	0.60	61%
SL-04-08	24.68	26.21	1.53	1.50	98%
SL-04-08	26.21	28.04	1.83	2.10	115%
SL-04-08	28.04	29.87	1.83	1.80	98%
SL-04-08	29.87	31.39	1.52	1.70	112%
SL-04-08	31.39	34.13	2.74	2.70	99%
SL-04-08	34.13	35.96	1.83	1.80	98%
SL-04-08	35.96	38.40	2.44	2.40	98%
SL-04-08	38.40	41.75	3.35	3.30	99%
SL-04-08	41.75	44.80	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-08	44.80	47.85	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-08	47.85	50.90	3.05	3.10	102%
SL-04-08	50.90	53.94	3.04	3.20	105%
SL-04-08	53.94	56.99	3.05	3.10	102%
SL-04-08	56.99	60.09	3.10	3.20	103%
SL-04-08	60.09	63.09	3.00	2.80	93%
SL-04-08	63.09	66.14	3.05	3.09	101%
SL-04-08	66.14	69.18	3.04	2.80	92%
SL-04-08	69.18	72.23	3.05	2.90	95%
SL-04-08	72.23	75.28	3.05	3.00	98%
SL-04-08	75.28	78.33	3.05	3.10	102%
SL-04-08	78.33	81.38	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-08	81.38	84.42	3.04	3.04	100%
SL-04-08	84.42	87.47	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-08	87.47	90.52	3.05	2.90	95%
SL-04-08	90.52	93.57	3.05	3.17	104%
SL-04-08	93.57	96.62	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-08	96.62	99.66	3.04	3.20	105%
SL-04-08	99.66	102.71	3.05	3.00	98%
SL-04-08	102.71	105.76	3.05	3.20	105%
SL-04-08	105.76	108.81	3.05	3.00	98%
SL-04-08	108.81	111.86	3.05	3.20	105%
SL-04-08	111.86	114.90	3.04	3.04	100%
SL-04-08	114.90	117.65	2.75	3.00	109%
SL-04-08	117.65	120.70	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-08	120.70	123.44	2.74	3.00	109%
SL-04-08	123.44	125.88	2.44	2.70	111%
SL-04-08	125.88	128.93	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-08	128.93	131.67	2.74	2.73	100%
SL-04-08	131.67	134.72	3.05	3.20	105%
SL-04-08	134.72	135.94	1.22	1.70	139%

Silver Lynx Property
DDH SL-04-08
Core Recovery Log

SL-04-08	135.94	137.76	1.82	1.80	99%
SL-04-08	137.76	140.51	2.75	3.00	109%
SL-04-08	140.51	142.69	2.18	2.10	96%
SL-04-08	142.69	145.38	2.69	3.20	119%
SL-04-08	145.38	148.43	3.05	3.00	98%
SL-04-08	148.43	151.48	3.05	3.00	98%
SL-04-08	151.48	154.53	3.05	3.25	107%
SL-04-08	154.53	157.58	3.05	3.00	98%
SL-04-08	157.58	159.10	1.52	1.60	105%
SL-04-08	159.10	160.32	1.22	1.10	90%
SL-04-08	160.32	163.67	3.35	3.50	104%
SL-04-08	163.67	166.72	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-08	166.72	169.77	3.05	3.20	105%
SL-04-08	169.77	172.28	2.51	3.00	120%
SL-04-08	172.28	175.86	3.58	2.80	78%
SL-04-08	175.86	178.91	3.05	3.73	122%
SL-04-08	178.91	181.96	3.05	3.50	115%
SL-04-08	181.96	185.01	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-08	185.01	188.06	3.05	3.10	102%
SL-04-08	188.06	191.10	3.04	3.05	100%
SL-04-08	191.10	194.15	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-08	194.15	197.20	3.05	3.10	102%
SL-04-08	197.20	200.25	3.05	3.15	103%
SL-04-08	200.25	203.30	3.05	3.20	105%
SL-04-08	203.30	206.34	3.04	3.05	100%
SL-04-08	206.34	209.39	3.05	3.20	105%
SL-04-08	209.39	212.44	3.05	3.00	98%
SL-04-08	212.44	215.49	3.05	3.05	100%
SL-04-08	215.49	218.54	3.05	3.00	98%
SL-04-08	218.54	221.58	3.04	3.05	100%
SL-04-08	221.58	224.63	3.05	3.00	98%
SL-04-08	224.63	227.68	3.05	3.20	105%
SL-04-08	227.68	230.73	3.05	3.35	110%

Appendix 5

Analytical Results and Procedures

CERTIFICATE OF ASSAY AK 2004-546

CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
 228-141 Victoria Street
 Kamloops, BC
 V2C 1Z5

12-JUL-04

ATTENTION: Chris Wild

Sample Name: *14454*
 Project #: *Silver Lynx*
 Shipment #: *1*

ET #.	Tag #	Ag (g/t)	Ag (oz/t)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)
4	14454 59 5-59 9			1.02	0.88
24	14454 102 5-104 (#7)				
27	14477 103 5-104 (#7)				0.75
34	14434 102 5-104 (#7)	34.7	1.07	1.04	
35	14455 159 5-159 55 (#7)				0.73

QC DATA:

Repeat:

4	14454 59 5-59 9				0.97
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Standard:

Pb106		58.8	1.72	0.52	0.84
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ECO-TECH LABORATORY LTD.

Jana Jeapouse
 50 West 10th Street

ECO-TECH
 1000 West 10th Street



WHOLE ROCK CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS AK 2004-546

CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
 220-141 Victoria Street
 Kamloops, BC
 V2C1Z5

12 Jul 04

ATTENTION: Chris Wild

Wet Sample # 14481
 Sample Type: Ore
 Project #: Silver Lynx
 Shipment #: 1

Note: Values expressed in percent

ET #	Tag #	BaO	P2O5	SiO2	MnO	Fe2O3	MgO	Al2O3	CaO	TiO2	Na2O	K2O	LOI
7	14451 123 5-124 3	0.04	0.23	62.06	0.09	2.74	2.03	11.11	4.34	1.05	0.91	1.29	4.15
8	14450 55 60	0.14	0.27	65.65	0.10	1.74	1.65	11.59	2.72	1.53	4.70	1.17	4.15
21	14471 151 152	0.29	0.19	71.57	0.21	1.62	1.61	11.41	4.17	1.35	4.42	1.01	4.15
25	14470 15 34 9 #7	0.17	0.11	77.41	0.17	3.95	1.0	11.0	2.97	0.90	1.92	2.14	4.14
32	14482 108 65-110 1 (#7)	0.09	0.32	65.22	0.08	4.57	2.18	13.75	4.72	1.26	4.15	1.43	4.15
33	14493 110 2-120	0.11	0.12	75.99	0.39	5.06	1.21	11.25	2.70	0.75	1.44	1.51	4.15
35	14498 135 5-136 8 (#8)	0.04	0.15	68.23	0.03	4.73	1.36	12.65	3.47	2.01	4.26	0.75	4.15
38	14496 227 7-228 02	0.34	0.17	50.98	0.17	2.45	3.08	11.1	3.15	4.25	1.33	2.37	4.15

QC DATA:

Standard:

Sy-2	0.04	0.15	50.55	0.11	6.64	0.59	19.64	8.41	0.92	6.53	1.85	4.56
Mt-1	0.11	0.25	36.78	0.15	17.10	1.03	11.72	14.23	10.19	0.55	1.27	4.15

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 www.ecotechlab.com

17-01-04

ECO TECH LABORATORY LTD
 71741 17th Ave SW
 KAMLOOPS BC
 V2C 1Z5

ICP - QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS - AK 2004-545

CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
 270-141 Victoria Street
 Kamloops, BC
 V2C1Z5

ATTENTION: Chris Wild

No. of samples to meter: 15
 Sample Type: Core
 Project #: Silver Lynn
 Shipment #: 1
 Samples submitted by: Chris Wild

Values in ppm unless otherwise reported

EC#	Tag #	Al(ppm)	Ag	Al %	As	Ba	B	Ca %	Cl	Co	Cr	Cu	Fe %	La	Mg %	Mn	Mo	Na %	Ni	P	Pb	Sb	Sn	Sr	Ti %	U	V	W	Y	Zn
1	1441-000-021	10	0.1	0.90	1835	65	<0.01	<1	4	84	2.56	10	0.49	384	15	103	50	950	20	5	<20	9	0.04	<10	195	<10	8	160		
2	1441-000-053	11	0.1	1.30	3760	35	<0.49	<1	60	64	<0.49	10	1.74	160	2	101	52	1930	302	15	<20	<1	0.06	<10	210	<10	10	440		
3	1441-000-067	10	0.8	0.67	55	60	<0.40	<1	10	80	<2.36	10	<0.63	139	10	102	43	1610	14	<5	<20	2	0.04	<10	84	<10	5	44		
4	1441-000-099	11	10.1	1.26	5680	5	<0.51	<1	10	10	<0.49	30	1.55	678	10	102	48	570	2782	10	<20	<1	0.01	<10	290	<10	0	8600		
5	1441-000-106	20	0.7	0.83	6720	60	<0.15	<1	8	50	<2.96	10	<0.12	888	5	106	15	580	150	5	<20	<1	0.05	<10	88	<10	5	1080		
6	1441-000-061	8	1.1	1.04	2690	10	<0.12	<1	1	5	<0.41	10	<0.10	11	1	104	13	690	1230	<5	<20	6	0.02	<10	94	<10	4	420		
7	1441-000-124	10	0.5	0.76	15	20	<0.17	<1	10	10	<0.50	10	<0.19	10	4	105	30	930	44	<5	<20	3	0.06	<10	130	<10	8	10		
8	1441-000-06	10	1.2	0.23	10	15	<0.14	<1	10	10	<0.54	10	<0.14	10	4	104	15	80	16	<5	<20	5	<0.01	<10	3	<10	3	55		
9	1441-000-06	10	0.4	0.94	175	105	<0.15	<1	10	10	<0.41	10	<0.11	85	1	104	8	170	24	<5	<20	2	0.10	<10	44	<10	1	130		
10	1441-000-09	10	0.7	1.02	690	110	<0.09	<1	4	5	<2.36	10	0.65	146	4	104	18	550	46	<5	<20	3	0.07	<10	55	<10	1	260		
11	1441-000-06	10	1.1	0.79	4000	10	<0.49	<1	10	10	<1.71	10	0.45	192	10	105	12	200	210	25	<20	3	0.05	<10	34	<10	4	410		
12	1441-000-060	10	0.8	0.79	220	100	<0.46	<1	10	10	<1.85	10	<0.11	82	10	104	22	310	76	20	<20	<1	0.06	<10	167	<10	1	370		
13	1441-000-060	10	1.5	0.60	230	70	<0.37	<1	10	10	<1.66	10	0.19	104	10	105	10	390	414	20	<20	1	0.06	<10	136	<10	1	780		
14	1441-000-104	20	1.0	1.14	720	165	<0.16	<1	10	10	<1.11	10	0.76	165	10	104	14	580	1020	25	<20	2	0.08	<10	83	<10	3	4850		
15	1441-000-112	10	1.0	0.80	430	130	<0.28	<1	10	10	<2.04	10	0.19	89	5	102	32	630	142	25	<20	1	0.06	<10	24	<10	5	910		
16	1441-000-114	8	0.7	1.10	515	85	<0.15	<1	10	10	<0.17	10	0.49	119	10	103	19	410	62	<5	<20	2	0.09	<10	137	<10	3	250		
17	1441-000-116	10	0.6	0.75	575	60	<0.14	<1	10	10	<1.14	10	0.11	446	10	103	38	570	36	30	<20	<1	0.06	<10	155	<10	0	340		
18	1441-000-120	10	1.1	0.58	410	30	<0.62	<1	10	10	<0.80	10	0.14	81	10	103	51	800	32	25	<20	<1	0.06	<10	358	<10	5	570		
19	1441-000-138	10	1.8	0.96	605	85	<0.21	<1	10	10	<2.65	10	0.44	174	10	107	75	460	100	25	<20	3	0.08	<10	400	<10	1	444		
20	1441-000-138	10	0.9	0.93	2790	70	<0.12	<1	10	10	<0.79	10	0.67	185	20	104	60	1410	392	25	<20	<1	0.07	<10	522	<10	5	1540		
21	1441-000-152	10	0.4	0.90	700	30	<0.16	<1	10	10	<0.80	10	0.11	119	10	103	38	580	132	<5	<20	<1	0.05	<10	45	<10	4	200		
22	1441-000-167	10	0.5	1.35	7215	105	<0.19	<1	10	10	<1.14	10	0.11	194	10	103	42	630	216	<5	<20	<1	0.07	<10	565	<10	5	2960		
23	1441-000-168	10	0.3	0.69	80	35	<0.14	<1	10	10	<0.11	10	0.11	130	10	105	38	1010	318	<5	<20	7	0.05	<10	193	<10	10	660		
24	1441-000-169	10	1.6	1.62	30	125	<0.11	<1	10	10	<0.11	10	0.11	429	10	105	52	340	5138	10	<20	15	0.16	<10	178	<10	5	1660		
25	1441-000-172	10	0.1	0.59	1000	25	<0.11	<1	10	10	<0.11	10	0.11	10	10	103	10	1070	46	<5	<20	<1	0.03	<10	138	<10	5	190		
26	1441-000-174	10	0.1	1.16	220	90	<0.11	<1	10	10	<0.11	10	0.11	10	10	103	10	1070	676	<5	<20	8	0.08	<10	101	<10	1	2630		
27	1441-000-174	10	0.1	1.51	1515	95	<0.17	<1	10	10	<0.11	10	0.11	10	10	103	10	1070	1650	<5	<20	6	0.08	<10	350	<10	1	1410		
28	1441-000-176	10	0.1	1.70	180	70	<0.10	<1	10	10	<0.11	10	0.11	10	10	103	10	1070	124	<5	<20	10	0.04	<10	377	<10	5	790		
29	1441-000-176	10	0.1	0.74	100	40	<0.11	<1	10	10	<0.11	10	0.11	10	10	103	10	1070	218	<5	<20	4	0.04	<10	175	<10	4	660		
30	1441-000-176	10	0.1	1.24	80	100	<0.11	<1	10	10	<0.11	10	0.11	10	10	103	10	1070	52	<5	<20	5	0.05	<10	187	<10	5	580		

Err	Tag #	Au(ppm)	Ag	Al %	As	Ba	Bi	Ca %	Cl	Co	Cr	Cu %	Fe %	Li	Mg %	Mn	Mo	Na %	Ni	P	Pb	Sb	Sn	Sr	Ti %	U	V	W	Y	Zn	
31	14481 108-108-65 (A7)	80	0.7	1.39	510	502	4	2.67	12	23	15	7	9.81	10	1.15	287	11	0.04	47	1540	180	<5	<20	7	0.06	<10	158	<30	7	138	
32	14482 108-05-110 (A7)	14	1.1	0.84	35	30	1	1.11	4	12	53	20	2.91	10	0.42	248	3	0.05	19	1480	22	<5	<20	8	0.04	<10	84	<10	6	46	
33	14483 119-0-120	10	2.3	0.66	731	65	15	1.9	11	4	92	2	2.56	10	0.48	253	74	0.03	54	300	426	<5	<20	11	0.04	<10	477	<10	5	1782	
34	14484 152-5-154 (A7)	100	30	1.05	1445	118	45	1.11	17	4	45	4	2.58	10	0.72	555	12	0.05	12	530	9855	20	<20	2	0.07	<10	124	<10	7	2924	
35	14485 159-159-200 (A7)	40	11.0	2.11	8	45	15	1.14	52	26	66	142	71	14	1.56	1415	4	0.05	39	800	2310	<5	<20	7	0.10	<10	132	<10	6	7250	
36	14486 159-150-0 (A7)	12	0.3	0.69	215	25	15	1.26	1	1	1	1	2.75	10	0.68	152	10	0.03	41	810	12	<5	<20	8	0.05	<10	209	<10	7	34	
37	14487 171-171-9	20	1.7	0.70	70	50	85	1.17	1	1	1	1	2.79	20	0.85	544	13	0.02	80	2480	32	<5	<20	<1	0.03	<10	210	<10	6	103	
38	14488 172-1228 (A7)	5	0.3	2.81	5	970	10	1.18	1	1	1	1	4.16	10	4.42	555	1	0.04	143	7480	54	<5	<20	835	0.29	<10	81	<10	18	156	
C DATA:																															
<i>espit</i>																															
1	14489 216-22-1	25	0.5	0.92	855	60	15	1.13	1	1	1	1	2.08	10	0.69	182	12	0.03	42	840	18	<5	<20	9	0.03	<10	197	<10	8	180	
2	14490 135-136-0 (A7)	15	1.3	0.66	201	30	15	1.13	1	1	1	1	2.55	10	0.62	135	19	0.04	38	820	10	<5	<20	7	0.08	<10	187	<10	8	34	
<i>epout</i>																															
1	14491 171-22-1	45	0.3	0.65	1481	15	15	1.13	1	1	1	1	2.40	10	0.65	129	10	0.03	48	930	18	<5	<20	8	0.03	<10	196	<10	8	168	
10	14492 115-79-5	30	0.8	1.03	720	120	15	1.13	1	1	1	1	2.31	10	0.89	145	12	0.04	22	559	48	20	<20	4	0.06	<10	66	<10	7	266	
15	14493 135-136-0	5	1.0	0.85	485	80	15	1.13	1	1	1	1	2.05	10	0.77	139	39	0.03	63	420	118	5	<20	2	0.08	<10	351	<10	7	407	
<i>Induct</i>																															
EO-04		140	1.3	1.38	80	135	15	1.13	1	1	1	1	2.41	10	0.81	169	1	0.02	28	609	22	<5	<20	52	0.06	<10	65	<10	8	14	
EO-04		142	1.4	1.39	55	125	15	1.13	1	1	1	1	2.36	10	0.79	169	1	0.01	28	659	22	<5	<20	52	0.06	<10	67	<10	9	11	

Jpr
 WES
 EGS
 11/1/04


 ECO TECH LABORATORY LTD.
 Jutta Jalouse
 B.C. Certified Assayer

Analytical Procedure Assessment Report

SAMPLE PREPARATION

Samples are catalogued and dried. Soils are prepared by sieving through an 80 mesh screen to obtain a minus 80 mesh fraction. Samples unable to produce adequate minus 80 mesh material are screened at a coarser fraction. These samples are flagged with the relevant mesh. Rock samples are 2 stage crushed to minus 10 mesh and a 250 gram subsample is pulverized on a ring mill pulverizer to -140 mesh. The subsample is rolled, homogenized and bagged in a prenumbered bag.

GEOCHEMICAL GOLD ANALYSIS

Samples are catalogued and dried. Soils are prepared by sieving through an 80 mesh screen to obtain a minus 80 mesh fraction. Samples unable to produce adequate minus 80 mesh material are screened at a coarser fraction. These samples are flagged with the relevant mesh. Rock samples are 2 stage crushed to minus 10 mesh and a 250 gram subsample is pulverized on a ring mill pulverizer to -140 mesh. The subsample is rolled, homogenized and bagged in a prenumbered bag.

The sample is weighed to 30 grams and fused along with proper fluxing materials. The bead is digested in aqua regia and analyzed on an atomic absorption instrument. Over-range values for rocks are re-analyzed using gold assay methods.

Appropriate reference materials accompany the samples through the process allowing for quality control assessment. Results are entered and printed along with quality control data (repeats and standards). The data is faxed and/or mailed to the client.

MULTI ELEMENT ICP ANALYSIS

Samples are catalogued and dried. Soil samples are screened to obtain a -80 mesh sample. Samples unable to produce adequate -80 mesh material are screened at a coarser fraction. These samples are flagged with the relevant mesh. Rock samples are 2 stage crushed to minus 10 mesh and pulverized on a ring mill pulverizer to minus 140 mesh, rolled and homogenized.

A 0.5 gram sample is digested with 3ml of a 3:1:2 (HCl:HN03:H2O) which contains beryllium which acts as an internal standard for 90 minutes in a water bath at 95°C. The sample is then diluted to 10ml with water. The sample is analyzed on a Jarrell Ash ICP unit.

Results are collated by computer and are printed along with accompanying quality control data (repeats and standards). Results are printed on a laser printer and are faxed and/or mailed to the client.

BASE METAL ASSAYS (Ag,Cu,Pb,Zn)

Samples are catalogued and dried. Rock samples are 2 stage crushed followed by pulverizing a 250 gram subsample. The subsample is rolled and homogenized and bagged in a prenumbered bag.

A suitable sample weight is digested with aqua regia. The sample is allowed to cool, bulked up to a suitable volume and analyzed by an atomic absorption instrument, to .01 % detection limit.

Appropriate certified reference materials accompany the samples through the process providing accurate quality control.

Result data is entered along with standards and repeat values and are faxed and/or mailed to the client.

WHOLE ROCK ANALYSIS

Samples are catalogued and dried upon receipt. The sample is crushed to minus 10 mesh, then pulverized to 95% 140 mesh. The sample is rolled and homogenized.

A 0.1 gram of sample is weighed out with 0.5 gram of LiBO₂ (lithium metaborate) into a graphite crucible. The sample is fused in a furnace and the resultant bead is digested with nitric acid. The solution is analyzed with appropriate certified standards on a Jarrell Ash ICP instrument to a 0.01% detection limit.

Elements analyzed are SiO₂, Al₂O₃, Fe₂O₃, MgO, CaO, Na₂O, K₂O, TiO₂, P₂O₅, MnO, Cr₂O₃, BaO and LOI.

Results are collated by computer and are printed along with accompanying quality control data (repeats and standards).

Appendix 6

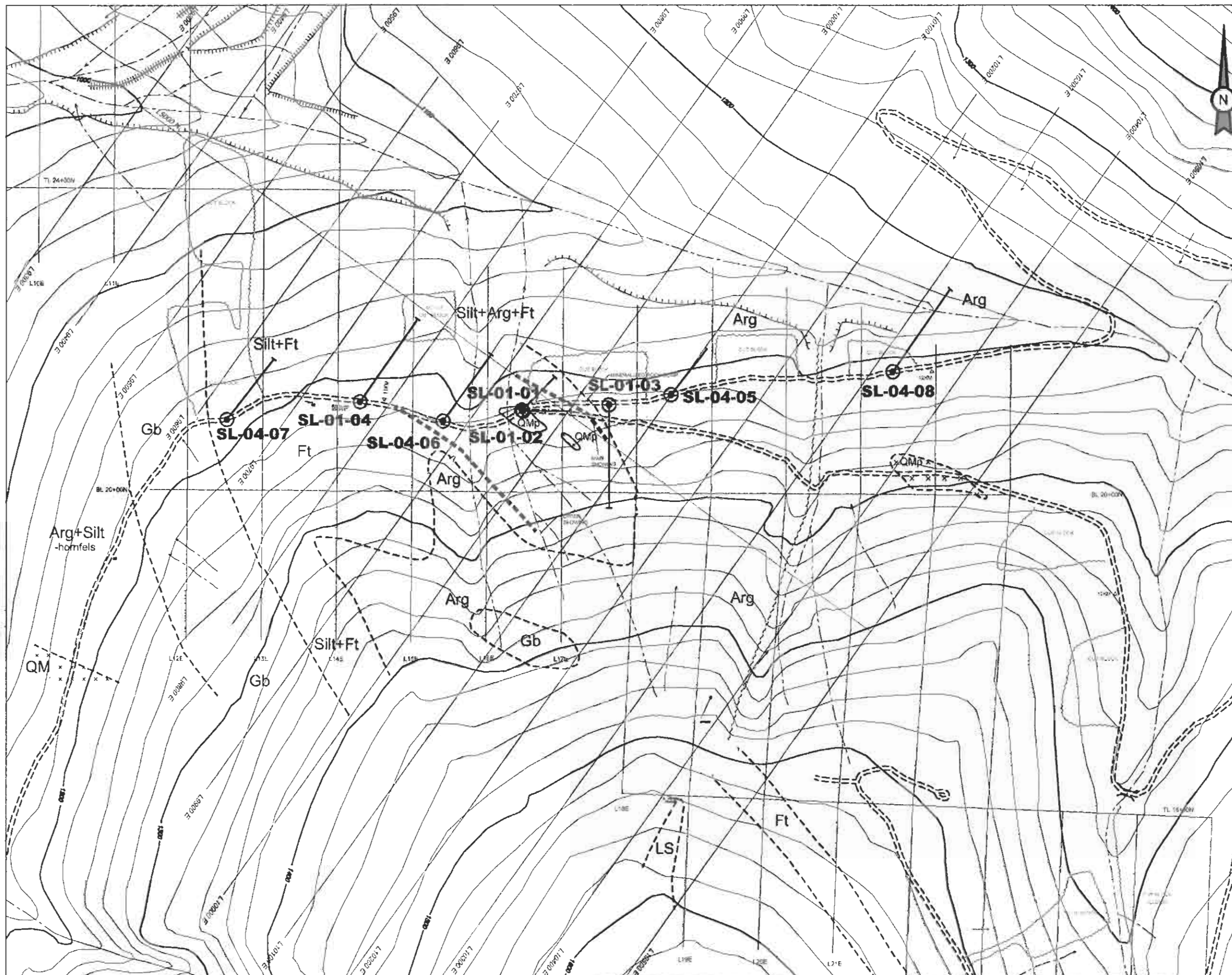
Plan Map and Drill Sections

GEOLOGY and DRILL HOLE LOCATIONS



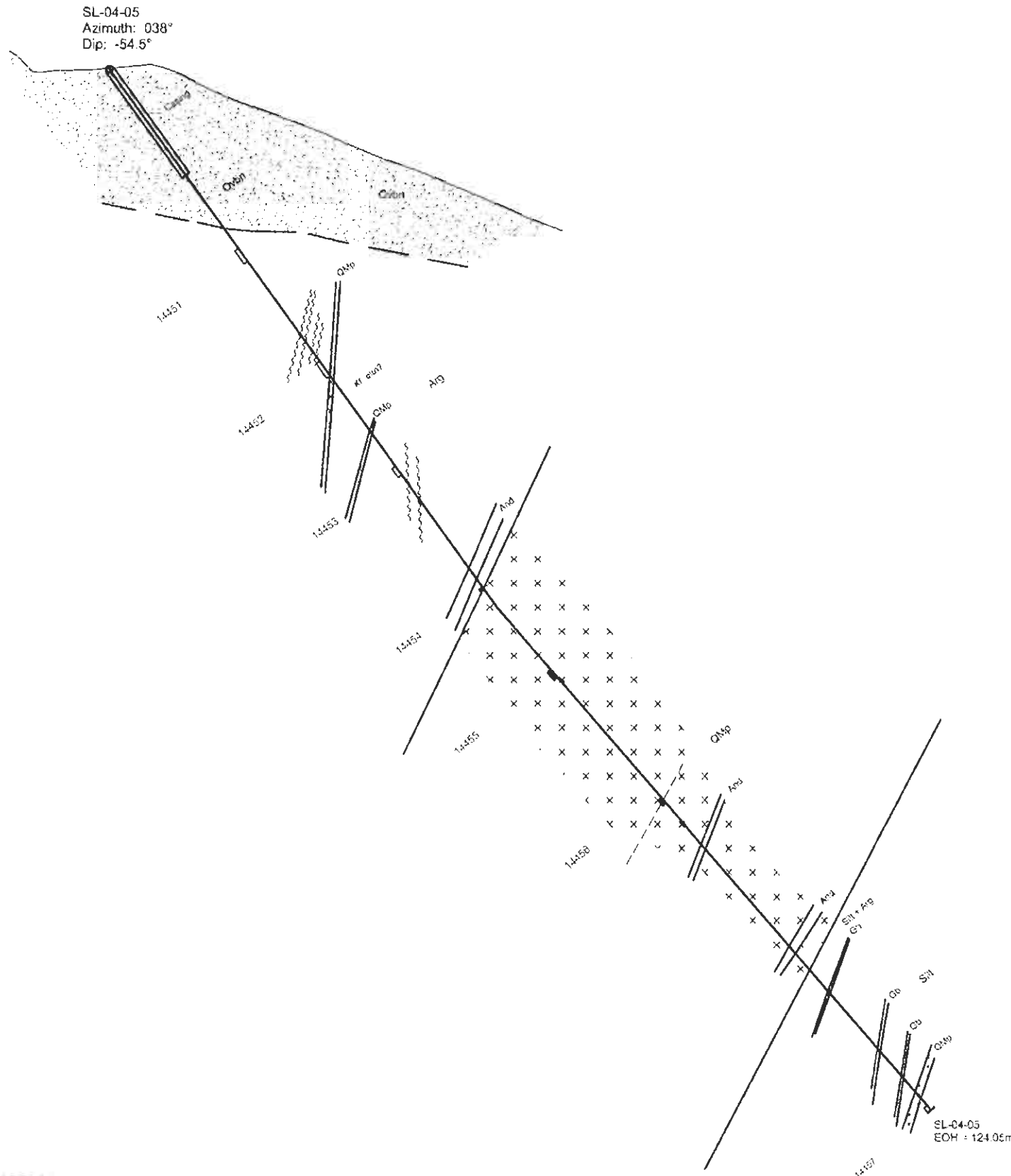
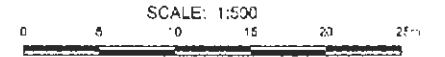
LEGEND

	Overburden		
	Argillite Dark grey to black, fine grained finely laminated (1-10mm), commonly with 1-10mm felsic layers.		
	Siltstone Medium to pale grey, fine grained; gradational with argillite, more massive.		
	Undifferentiated Felsic Tuff Pale grey to brown and green, fine grained to coarse lagged and stretched blocks generally finely laminated, often with reactions in margins and cells. Clasts to rhyolite composition, dyke-like.		
	Felsic Crystal Tuff		
	Felsic Lapilli Tuff		
	Felsic Tuff-Breccia		
	Limestone Pale greenish grey, fine grained, massive.		
	Quartz Monzonite Medium grey, medium grained, weakly to moderately porphyritic. Sharp contacts parallel to principal foliation (D2), locally steeply eroded, very weak and meagre.		
	Diorite Medium green-grey, medium grained, salt and pepper texture. Likely a phase of QMz.		
	Andesite Dyke Medium green, fine grained to weakly porphyritic, concordant and locally foliated.		
	Hornblende Porphyry Dyke A pale green to grey, fine grained with conspicuous, blocky texture to medium-like hornblende phenocrysts. Somewhat discordant with S2; sharp irregular contacts, moderately chilled.		
	Gabbro Coarse grained, equigranular to pseudoporphyratic, >50% plagioclase, 25% clinopyroxene and 25% mafic, grading to diorite.		
	Augite Porphyry Brown to dark green, altered with eugite phenocrysts variable altered by calcite and chlorite. Orientation not apparent.		
	Sphalerite		Foliation, S2 (principal foliation)
	Pyrite		Bedding
	Pyrite		Fault: Defined, inferred
	Galena		Fault: Defined, inferred
	Chalcopyrite		Supine Horizon
	Arsenopyrite		Weak Sulphide Horizon
	Limonite		
	Quartz Vein		
	Quartz		
	Sillite		
	Plagioclase		
	Garnet		
	Grossular		
	Epidote		
	Chlorite		
	Biotite		
	Feldspar		



CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
 SILVER LYNX PROPERTY
 NELSON MINING DIVISION
 BCGS 082F-043

SL-04-05 SECTION
 VIEW TO NORTHWEST



LEGEND

- Overburden
 - Argillite
Dark grey to black, fine-grained finely laminated (1-10mm), commonly with 1/2mm thick layers.
 - Siltstone
Medium to pale grey, fine grained, gradational with argillite, more massive.
 - Undifferentiated Felsic Tuff
Pale grey to brown and green, fine grained to coarse lapilli and stretched blocks generally finely laminated, often with micaceous interlayers and dikes. Dips to rhyolite composition pyroclastic.
 - Felsic Crystal Tuff
 - Felsic Lapilli Tuff
 - Felsic Tuff-Breccia
 - Quartz Monzonite
Medium grey, medium grained, weakly to moderately porphyritic. Sharp contacts parallel to principal foliation (S2), locally irregular contacts, very weak chill margins.
 - Diorite
Medium green-grey, medium grained, salt and pepper texture. Likely a phase of QMz.
 - Andesite Dyke
Medium green, fine grained to weakly porphyritic, concordant and locally foliated.
 - Hornblende Porphyry Dyke
A pale green to grey, fine grained with conspicuous black tabular to needle-like hornblende phenocrysts. Somewhat diacritic with S2, sharp irregular contacts, moderately chilled.
 - Gabbro
Coarse grained, isoperthitic to peritectic porphyritic, >30% plagioclase, 25% clinopyroxene and 25% mafic, grading to diorite.
 - Augite Porphyry
Brown to dark green, altered with augite phenocrysts variably altered by calcite and chlorite. Crystallinity not apparent.
-
- Substrate
 - Pyrrhotite
 - Pyrite
 - Galena
 - Chalcopyrite
 - Arsenopyrite
 - Limonite
 - Quartz Vein
 - Quartz
 - Sulfide
 - Pyrochlore
 - Garnet
 - Calcite
 - Epidote
 - Chlorite
 - Breccia
 - Foliation
-
- Foliation, S2 (principal foliation)
 - Bedding
 - Fold Vergence
 - Contact: Defined, Irregular
 - Fault: Defined, Irregular
 - Substrate Horizon
 - Weak Substrate Horizon

TABLE OF RESULTS

DDH	From	To	Interval	Sample No.	Au	Ag	As	Cu	Pb	Zn
SL-04-05	20.80	22.10	1.50	14451	25	0.5	1835	78	20	180
SL-04-05	33.80	35.30	1.70	14452	75	2.1	3780	174	302	440
SL-04-05	45.70	46.70	1.00	14453	10	0.8	55	80	14	44
SL-04-05	59.80	59.90	0.30	14454	115	10.3	5885	1989	2782	8900
SL-04-05				14454						0.88 %
SL-04-05	69.60	70.60	1.00	14455	225	0.7	6720	27	150	1002
SL-04-05	85.40	86.10	0.70	14456	90	4.1	2680	395	1230	4293
SL-04-05	123.05	124.05	1.00	14457	5	0.5	15	55	44	70

DRAWN BY: WILOROCK RESOURCES
 DATE: OCTOBER 2004

FILENAME: FIC4-DDH-SL-04-05.DWG

FIGURE 4

SW

NE

SL-04-06
Azimuth: 036°
Dip: -52°

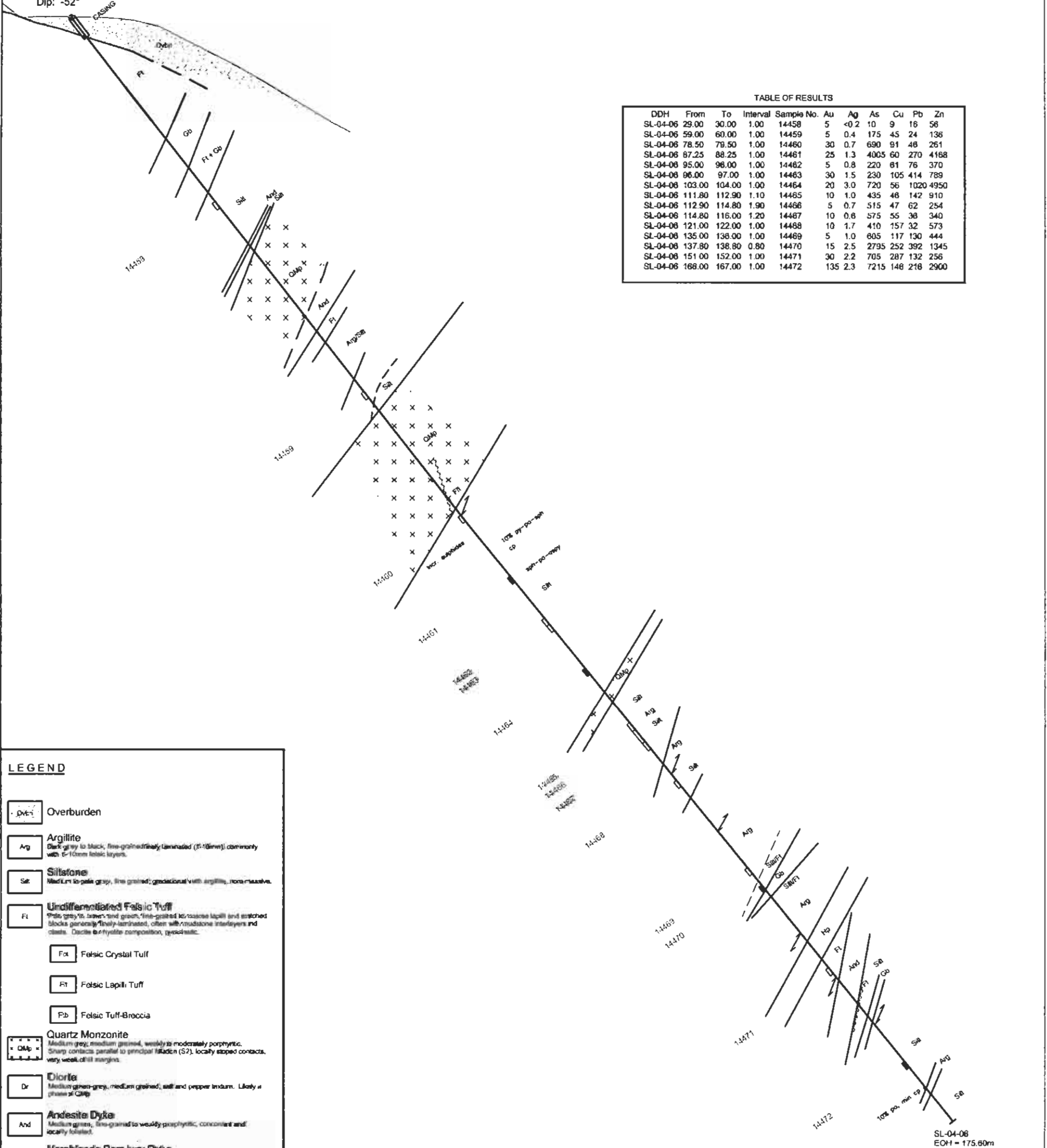


TABLE OF RESULTS

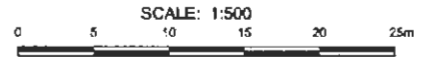
DDH	From	To	Interval	Sample No.	Au	Ag	As	Cu	Pb	Zn
SL-04-06	29.00	30.00	1.00	14458	5	<0.2	10	9	16	58
SL-04-06	59.00	60.00	1.00	14459	5	0.4	175	45	24	136
SL-04-06	78.50	79.50	1.00	14460	30	0.7	690	91	48	261
SL-04-06	87.25	88.25	1.00	14461	25	1.3	4005	60	270	4168
SL-04-06	95.00	96.00	1.00	14462	5	0.8	220	81	76	370
SL-04-06	96.00	97.00	1.00	14463	30	1.5	230	105	414	789
SL-04-06	103.00	104.00	1.00	14464	20	3.0	720	56	1020	4950
SL-04-06	111.80	112.90	1.10	14465	10	1.0	435	48	142	910
SL-04-06	112.90	114.80	1.90	14466	5	0.7	515	47	62	254
SL-04-06	114.80	116.00	1.20	14467	10	0.6	575	55	38	340
SL-04-06	121.00	122.00	1.00	14468	10	1.7	410	157	32	573
SL-04-06	135.00	136.00	1.00	14469	5	1.0	605	117	130	444
SL-04-06	137.80	138.80	0.80	14470	15	2.5	2795	252	392	1345
SL-04-06	151.00	152.00	1.00	14471	30	2.2	705	287	132	256
SL-04-06	166.00	167.00	1.00	14472	135	2.3	7215	148	218	2900

LEGEND

- Overburden
- Argillite
Dark grey to black, fine-grained finely laminated (1-10mm), commonly with 5-10cm felsic layers.
- Siltstone
Medium to pale grey, fine grained; gradational with argillite, more massive.
- Undifferentiated Felsic Tuff
Fels grey to brown and green, fine-grained to coarse lapilli and stretched blocks generally finely laminated, often with mudstone interlayers and clasts. Ductile brecciated composition, typical.
- Felsic Crystal Tuff
- Felsic Lapilli Tuff
- Felsic Tuff-Broccia
- Quartz Monzonite
Medium grey, medium grained, weakly to moderately porphyritic. Sharp contacts parallel to principal foliation (S2), locally stepped contacts, very weak drill margins.
- Diorite
Medium green-grey, medium grained, salt and pepper texture. Likely a phase of QMp.
- Andesite Dyke
Medium green, fine-grained to weakly porphyritic, concordant and locally foliated.
- Hornblende Porphyry Dyke
A pale green to grey, fine-grained with conspicuous black and white needle-like hornblende phenocrysts. Somewhat discordant with S2, sharp irregular contacts, rock rarely chilled.
- Gabbro
Coarse-grained, equigranular to pseudoporphyratic; >50% plagioclase, 25% clinopyroxene and 25% matrix, grading to diorite.
- Augite Porphyry
Brown to dark green, altered with stubble phenocrysts variable altered by calcite and chlorite. Orientation not apparent.
- Sphalerite
- Pyrite
- Galena
- Chalcopyrite
- Anseropyrite
- Limonite
- Quartz Vein
- Quartz
- Aluminosilicate
- Plagioclase
- Garnet
- Calcite
- Epidote
- Chlorite
- Biotite
- Foliation S2 (principal foliation)
- Bedding
- Fold Y-sense
- Contact: Defined, Inferred
- Fault: Defined, Inferred
- Sulphide Horizon
- Weak Sulphide Horizon

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BCGS 082F-043

SL-04-06 SECTION
VIEW TO NORTHWEST



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DATE: OCTOBER 2004
FILENAME: FJG5-CDH-SL-04-06.DWG

SL-04-07
Azimuth: 038°
Dip: -55.5°

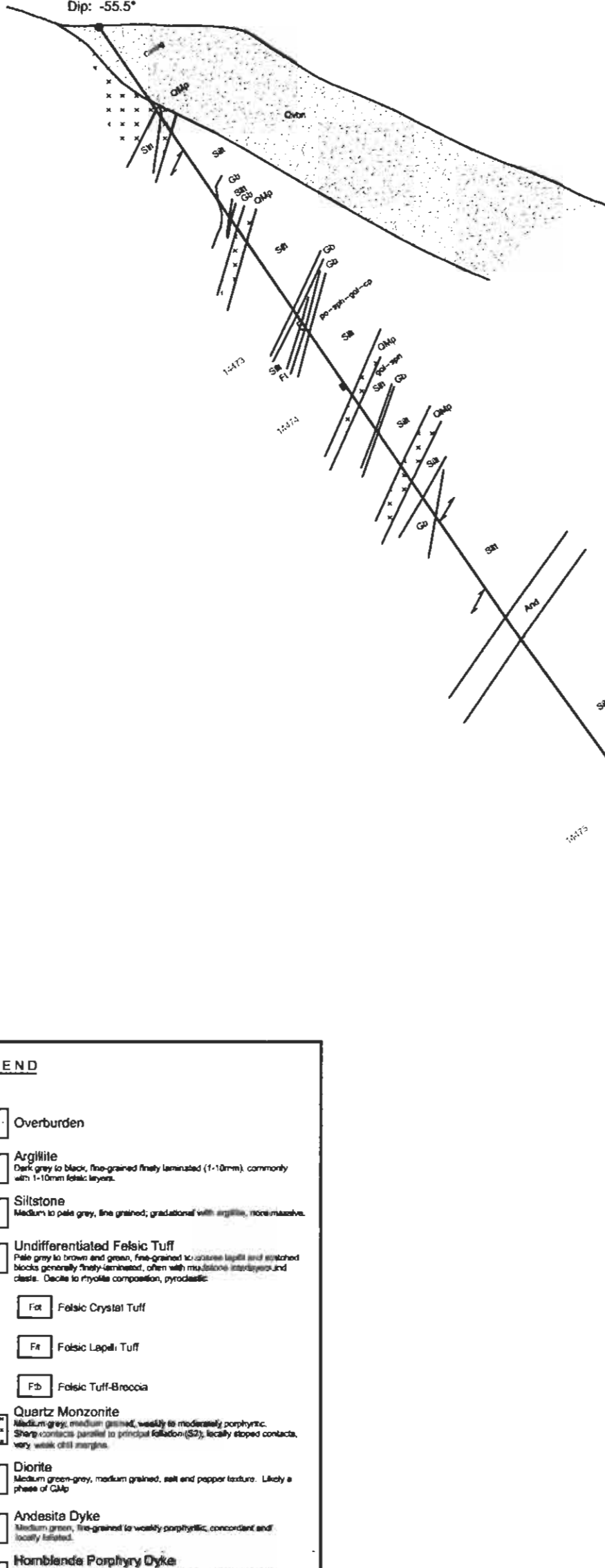


TABLE OF RESULTS

DDH	From	To	Interval	Sample No.	Au	Ag	As	Cu	Pb	Zn
SL-04-07	34.10	34.90	0.80	14473	20	2.3	80	188	318	992
SL-04-07	41.30	41.90	0.60	14474	5	13.4	30	90	5138	1960
SL-04-07				14474						0.52 %
SL-04-07	89.20	89.70	0.50	14475	75	1.0	>10000	182	46	194
SL-04-07	102.20	102.90	0.70	14476	15	3.6	220	323	670	7632
SL-04-07				14476						0.77 %
SL-04-07	103.50	104.00	0.50	14477	95	10.8	1515	1153	1850	7472
SL-04-07				14477						0.75 %
SL-04-07	104.00	105.00	1.00	14478	10	2.0	155	258	124	751
SL-04-07	105.00	106.20	1.20	14479	15	2.4	335	359	218	855
SL-04-07	106.80	108.00	1.20	14480	10	1.3	35	206	52	584
SL-04-07	108.00	108.65	0.65	14481	60	6.7	510	978	180	1381
SL-04-07	108.65	110.10	1.45	14482	10	1.1	35	203	22	46
SL-04-07	119.20	120.00	0.80	14483	50	2.3	735	135	426	1782
SL-04-07	152.80	154.00	1.20	14484	100	>30	1445	185	9858	2924
SL-04-07				14484			34.7 g/t	1.04 %		
SL-04-07	159.50	159.85	0.35	14485	40	11.0	5	1142	2310	7290
SL-04-07				14485						0.73 %

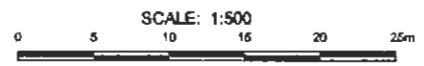
LEGEND

- Overburden
- Argillite
Dark grey to black, fine-grained finely laminated (1-10mm), commonly with 1-10mm felsic layers.
- Siltstone
Medium to pale grey, fine grained, gradational with argillite, more massive.
- Undifferentiated Felsic Tuff
Pale grey to brown and green, fine-grained to coarse lapilli and scatched blocks generally finely-laminated, often with mudstone interlayers and dikes. Dacite to rhyolite composition, pyroclastic.
- Felsic Crystal Tuff
- Felsic Lapilli Tuff
- Felsic Tuff-Breccia
- Quartz Monzonite
Medium grey, medium grained, weakly to moderately porphyritic. Sharp contacts parallel to principal foliation (S2), locally steep contacts, very weak drill margins.
- Diorite
Medium green-grey, medium grained, salt and pepper texture. Likely a phase of QMp.
- Andesite Dyke
Medium green, fine-grained to weakly porphyritic, concordant and locally foliated.
- Hornblende Porphyry Dyke
A pale green to grey, fine-grained with conspicuous black tabular to needle-like hornblende phenocrysts. Sometimes discordant with S2; sharp irregular contacts, moderately chilled.
- Gabbro
Coarse-grained, equigranular to pseudoporphyritic. >50% plagioclase, 25% clinopyroxene and 25% mafics, grading to diorite.
- Augite Porphyry
Brown to dark green, sheared with augite phenocrysts variable altered by calcite and chlorite. Orientation not apparent.
- Sphalerite
- Pyrite
- Galena
- Chalcopyrite
- Arsenopyrite
- Ilmenite
- Quartz Vein
- Quartz
- Sulfide
- Plagioclase
- Garnet
- Calcite
- Epidote
- Chlorite
- Biotite
- Foliation, S2 (principal foliation)
- Bedding
- Fold Vergence
- >1000ppm Zn
- Contact: Delineated, Inferred
- Fault: Defined, Inferred
- Sulphide Horizon
- Weak Sulphide Horizon

SL-04-07
EOH = 175.86m

CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX PROPERTY
NELSON MINING DIVISION
BCGS 082F-043

SL-04-07 SECTION
VIEW TO NORTHWEST



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FILENAME: FIG5-DDH-SL-04-07.DWG

SW SL-04-08
Azimuth: 035°
Dip: -56°

CASSIDY GOLD CORPORATION
SILVER LYNX PROPERTY
NELSON MINING DIVISION
BCGS 082F-043

SL-04-08 SECTION
VIEW TO NORTHWEST

SCALE 1:500
0 10 20 30m

LEGEND

- | | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Overburden | Overburden |
| Argillite | Dark grey to black, fine-grained finely laminated (1-10mm), commonly with 1-10mm basic layers. |
| Siltstone | Medium to pale grey, fine-grained; gradational with argillite, more massive. |
| Undifferentiated Felsic Tuff | Pale grey to brown and green, fine-grained to coarse silt and stream bed. Rocks generally finely-laminated, often with mudstone interlayers and shales. Occals to rhythmic sandstone, pyroclastic. |
| Felsic Crystal Tuff | |
| Felsic Lapilli Tuff | |
| Felsic Tuff-Breccia | |
| Quartz Monzonite | Medium grey, medium grained, weakly to moderately porphyritic. Shows contacts similar to granodiorite (G2), locally shows characteristic flow margins. |
| Diorite | Medium green grey, medium grained, well and poorly textured. Locally shows flow margins. |
| Andesite Dyke | Medium green, fine grained to moderately porphyritic, concordant and locally isolated. |
| Hornblende Porphyry Dyke | A pale green to grey, fine-grained with conspicuous black tabular or feathery hornblende phenocrysts. Somewhat discordant with S2, sharp irregular contacts, irregularly chilled. |
| Gabbro | Coarse-grained, equivalent to pseudoporphyritic, >50% plagioclase, 25% clinopyroxene and 25% mafics, grading to dikes. |
| Auquite Porphyry | Brown to dark green, altered with auge phenocrysts, locally altered by calcite and chlorite. Orientation not apparent. |
-
- | | | |
|--------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| Spindle | Spindle | Foliation: S2 (principal foliation) |
| Pyroclastic | Pyroclastic | Bedding |
| Felsic | Felsic | Fault: Variscan |
| Granite | Granite | Crustal P. 2 |
| Granodiorite | Granodiorite | Contact: Defined, inferred |
| Amphibolite | Amphibolite | Fault: Defined, inferred |
| Limestone | Limestone | Subsided Horizon |
| Quartz Vein | Quartz Vein | Weak Subsided Horizon |
| Quartz | Quartz | |
| Shale | Shale | |
| Pyroclastic | Pyroclastic | |
| Granite | Granite | |
| Andesite | Andesite | |
| Epidote | Epidote | |
| Chlorite | Chlorite | |
| Amphibole | Amphibole | |
| Calcite | Calcite | |
| Foliation | Foliation | |

TABLE OF RESULTS

DDH	From	To	Interval	Sample No.	Au	Ag	As	Cu	Pb	Zn
SL-04-08	135.50	136.80	1.30	14486	20	0.3	215	130	12	34
SL-04-08	171.50	171.90	0.40	14487	20	1.7	70	318	32	103
SL-04-08	227.70	228.20	0.50	14488	5	0.3	5	46	54	156

SL-04-08
E0H - 230.73m

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FILENAME: FIG7 DDH-SL-04-08 DWG

FIGURE 7