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2004 EXPLORATION REPORT on the BARRINGTON PROPERTY Liard Mining Division BCGS 104 G 071 for

CANADIAN EMPIRE EXPLORATION CORP.

by G. Norman, P. Geo. February 20, 2005



MOUNT BARRINGTON

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1.0 Summary

The Barrington project is located in northern B.C. approximately 100 km southwesterly from Dease Lake and 45 km west southwest from Telegraph Creek. Canadian Empire Exploration Corp. conducted a series of short property style field examinations over the course of the 2004 field season to procure sufficient data to justify continued exploration of larger scale program including diamond drilling. A total of 3 visits (two by the author (Mr. George Norman) and one by geological consultant, Rod Kirkham) were made between June 30 and Oct 5, 2004. A total of 5 field days (July 2, Sept 11, Sept 12, Oct 3 and Oct 4) were spent on the property. Helicopter trips to and from the property were generally hampered by foggy weather increasing costs of completing field work. Fieldwork consisted of mapping and re-sampling of several known showings including the Discovery, Bert, Zamba, 180 STN and Spike Showings. Hand trenching was completed on the Zamba Showing in order to expand extensive K- feldspar alteration and copper mineralization previously discovered by Dan Ethier and re-sampled by Rod Kirkham during his trip, Sept 11 and 12. As well as the property examinations, a total of 80 units were staked July 17, 2004 to cover the area to the north and west of Bob 1 (20 units) claim. The additional claims include Bob 2 (20 units), Bob 3 (8 units), Bob 4 (8 units), Bob 5 (10 units), Bob 6 (16 units) and Bob 7 (18 units).

The Bob claims are underlain by the Jurassic Limpoke pluton, a two-phase stock with a biotite hornblende quartz monzonite outer phase and medium grained hornblende monozodiorite inner phase. Leucocratic potassium feldspar megacrystic syenite dikes intrude the eastern and western borders of the pluton and surrounding Upper Triassic Stuhini Group sedimentary and volcanic rocks. The Stuhini volcanics are also host to the Galore Creek deposit located 85 km south of Telegraph Creek. The Galore Creek deposit reported resources in the order of 125 million tonnes grading 1.06% Cu, 0.40 g/t Au and 7.7 g/t Ag.

The Barrington property has seen exploration work completed since 1963 to present with Kennco (1963-66), Teck (1982) and Integrated Resources Ltd (1989-91). Kennco drilled a few holes with negative results within an IP - resistivity target and Integrated Resources drilled one hole into the Discovery showing to test a northerly trending mineralized structure exhibiting gold and copper values up to 8.1 g/t Au and 0.56% Cu over 3.0m. This hole is believed to have been lost due to bad ground conditions just short of the target zone. Dan Ethier, the present owner, staked the Bob 1 claim in 1994 and has completed sufficient assessment work to keep the claims in good standing until 04/06/2004 (excluding work to be applied by Canadian Empire Limited). During 2004, Canadian Empire concluded an option agreement Dan Ethier to further explore the claims.

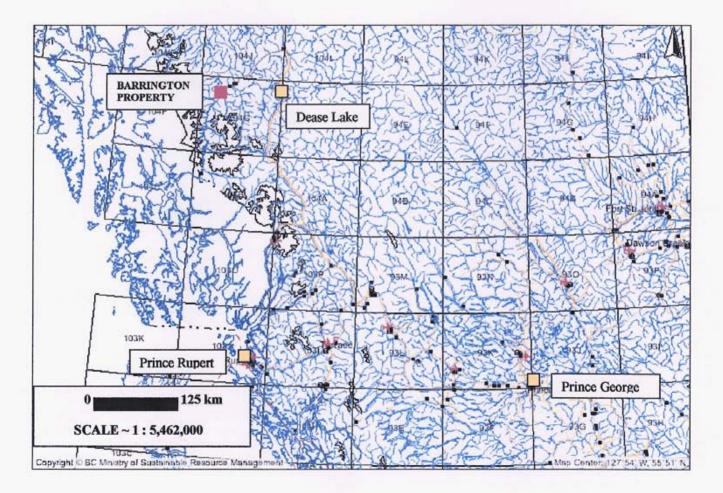
Canadian Empire Exploration Corp. procured a total of 55 rock samples from the various surface showings concentrating predominately on the Discovery, Zamba and Spike Showings. Significant results of this work on the main showings include: the Discovery Showing with 8.0 meters averaging 0.19% Cu and 0.23 g/t Au; the Zamba Showing with 6 m averaging 0.56 % Cu and 0.86 g/t Au and the Spike Showing with 4 m averaging 1.14% Cu and 0.87 g/t Au.

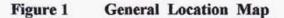
Canadian Empire Exploration Corp. does not consider the above results encouraging enough to justify on- going exploration and the property is being returned to the vendor.

2.0 Introduction

2.1 Property Description and Location

The expanded Barrington property consists of Bob 1 to Bob 7 claims (100 units) and the Poke claim (1 unit) for a total 101 units of acquired by Dan Ethier covering 2525 ha. The Barrington property is located approximately 130 km southwest of Dease Lake, and 45 km west southwest Telegraph Creek BC, lying within the Liard Mining Division on NTS map-sheet 104 G/13 (Figure 1). The Barrington property extends parallel to and 2.5 km southerly along the Limpoke Creek valley for approximately 8 km westerly from Barrington River. The property is centered at 57° 48' north latitude and 131° 51' west longitude.





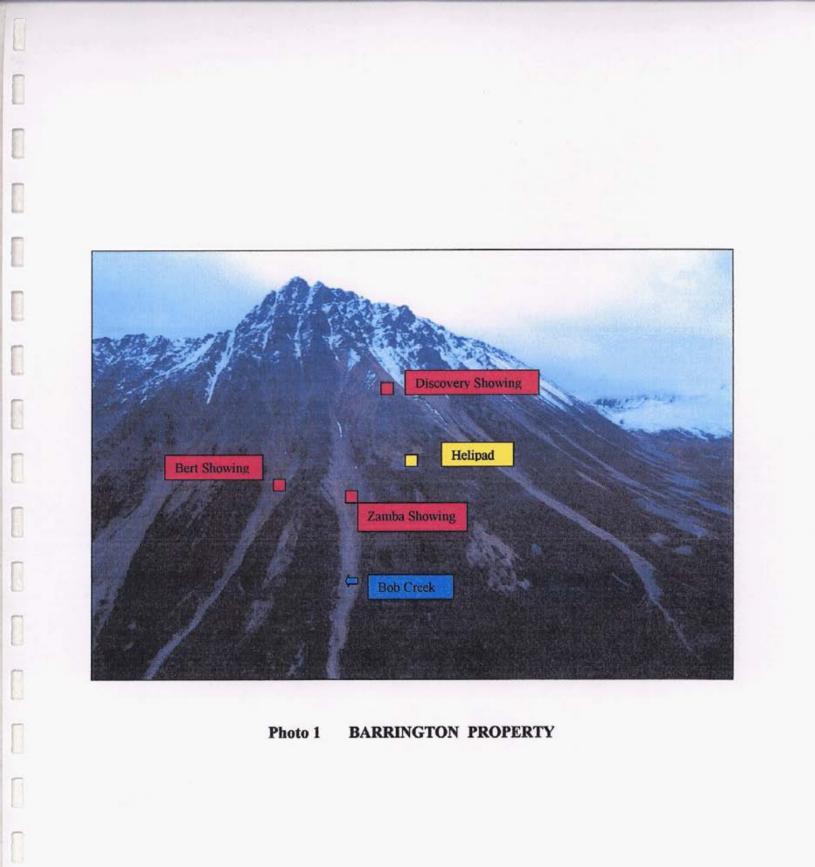
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2.2 Accessibility, Infrastructure, Climate, Physiography, and Local Resources

Dease Lake is the nearest community to the Barrington property that can adequately support exploration programs in the area, although a helicopter supported exploration camp based out of Telegraph Creek located approximately 45 km (20 minutes by helicopter) to the northeast would be the most cost effective approach to working the property for modest size exploration program or a drill job. Telegraph Creek is a village of a few hundred people and is connected to the southwest from Dease Lake by a 100 km gravel road. The small community is supported by a small RCMP detachment, motel-grocery, a two-nurse Nursing Station and is serviced by regular air and truck transportation throughout the summer months. A small float-plane base is also located near-by. The Barrington property can be accessed by helicopter from Dease Lake located approximately 130 km northeast of the property with one-hour flying time. A trail exists northwesterly from Telegraph Creek to the historical Barrington Placer operation located approximately 9 km southward from the property on Barrington River. Further south, near the mouth of the Barrington River there is a gravel airstrip.

The Barrington property lies within but near the eastern boundary of the Coast Mountains (Boundary Ranges) physiographic region and just westerly from the Tahltan Highlands. The Coast Mountains are characterized by steep, rugged topography, high relief, extensive alpine glaciers and snowfields and dense rain forest at lower elevations (< 1000m). To the south, the Scud ice field and glacier covers more than 50 square km and jagged peaks such as Ambition Mountain reach elevations of more than 2900m; adjacent to the property, Barrington Mountain reaches elevations of greater than 1900m. In contrast to the rugged Coast Mountains, the Telegraph lowlands to the east have subdued relief with forested and glacially rounded rock formations.

Precipitation within the coastal mountains zone is very high with winter precipitation resulting in heavy snowfalls. Snow covers the property from late September to late June and the effects of coastal weather strongly affects airborne access to the property during the exploration field season which typically extends from early July until late-September or early October.



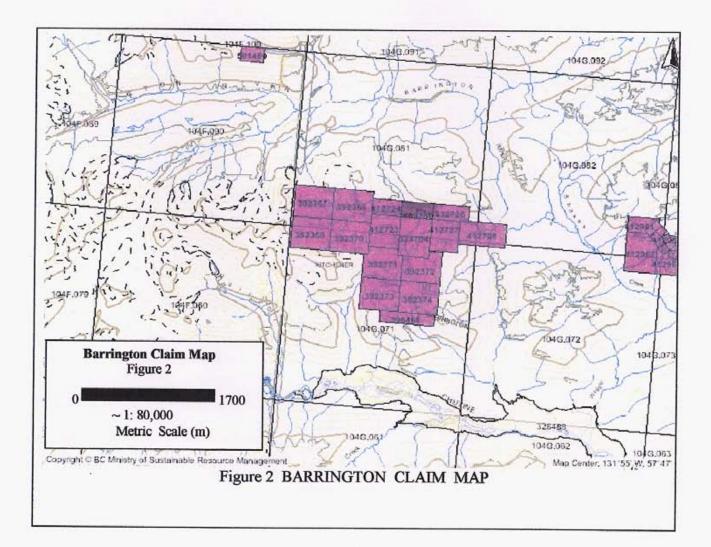
2.3 List of Claims

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Canadian Empire Exploration Corp. has optioned a total of 101 units in 8 claims (2525 ha), from Dan Ethier. The claims are listed in Table 1 and outlined in Figure 2:

Claim Name	Record No.	Expiry Date	Registered Owner	% Owned	NTS #
Poke	409280	6-Apr-06	Dan Ethier	100	104 G/13
Bob 1	324704	6-Apr-06	Dan Ethier	100	104 G/13
Bob 2	412723	17-Jul-05	Dan Ethier	100	104 G/13
Bob 3	412724	17-Jul-05	Dan Ethier	100	104 G/13
Bob 4	412725	17-Jul-05	Dan Ethier	100	104 G/13
Bob 5	412726	17-Jul-05	Dan Ethier	100	104 G/13
Bob 6	412727	17-Jul-05	Dan Ethier	100	104 G/13
Bob 7	412728	17-Jul-05	Dan Ethier	100	104 G/13

Table 1. List of claims.



2.4 Previous Work (History)

The Barrington property has seen exploration work completed since 1963 to present with Kennco (1963-66), Teck (1982) and Integrated Resources Ltd (1989-91). Kennco drilled a few holes with negative results within an IP - resistivity target and Integrated Resources drilled one hole into the Discovery showing to test a northerly trending mineralized structure exhibiting gold and Cu values up to 8.10 g/t Au and 0.56% Cu over 3.0m. This hole is believed to have been lost due to bad ground conditions just short of the target zone. Dan Ethier, the present owner, staked the Bob 1 claim in 1994 and has completed sufficient assessment work to keep the claims in good standing until 04/06/2004 (excluding work to be applied by Canadian Empire Limited). During 2004, Canadian Empire concluded an option agreement Dan Ethier to further explore the claims.

2.5 2004 Exploration Work

Canadian Empire Exploration Corp. conducted a series of short property style field examinations over the course of the 2004 field season to procure sufficient data to justify continued exploration of larger scale program including diamond drilling. A total of 3 visits (two by the author (Mr. George Norman) and one by geological consultant, Rod Kirkham- whose report "Property Examination Bob Group, Limpoke Creek, Barrington River Area, Northern British Columbia (104G/13W) is located in Appendix I) were made between June 30 and Oct 5, 2004. A total of 5 field days (July 2, Sept 11, Sept 12, Oct 3 and Oct 4) were spent on the property. Helicopter trips to and from the property were generally hampered by foggy weather increasing costs of completing field work. Fieldwork consisted of mapping and re-sampling of several known showings including the Discovery, Bert, Zamba, 180 STN and Spike Showings. Hand trenching was completed on the Zamba Showing in order to expand extensive K- feldspar alteration and copper mineralization previously discovered by Dan Ethier and re-sampled by Rod Kirkham during his trip, Sept 11 and 12. As well as the property examinations, a total of 80 unites were staked July 17, 2004 to cover the area to the north and west of Bob 1 (20units) claim. The additional claims include Bob 2 (20 units), Bob 3 (8 units), Bob 5 (10 units), Bob 6 (16 units) and Bob 7 (18 units).

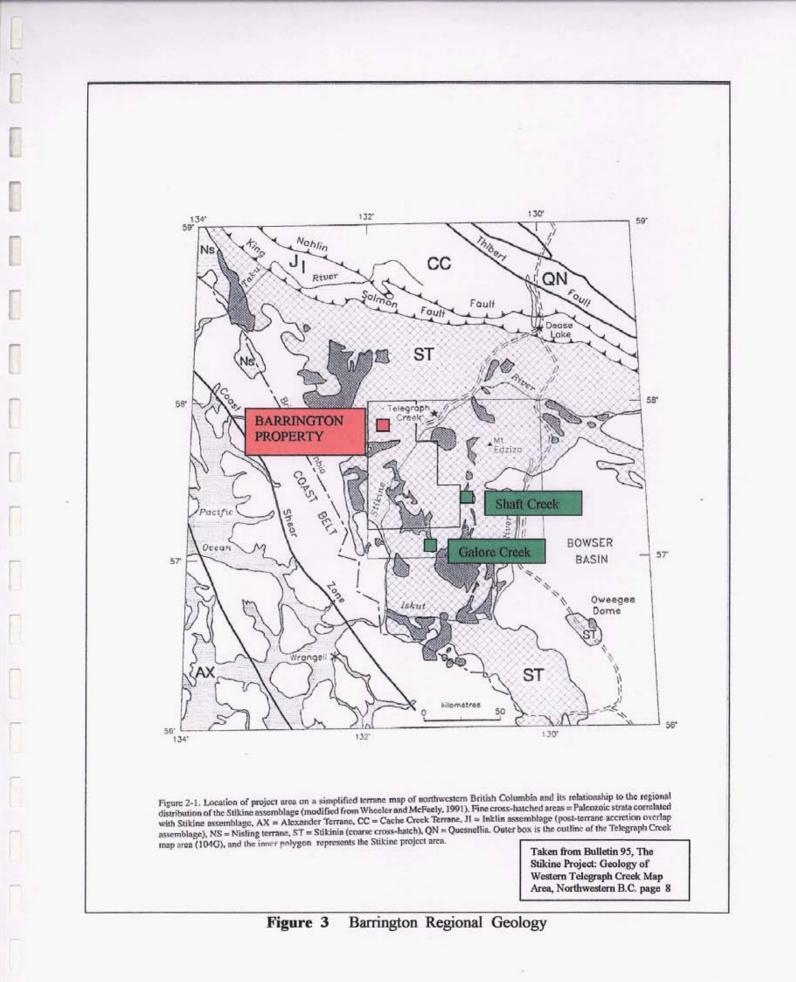
3.0 Geology and Mineralization

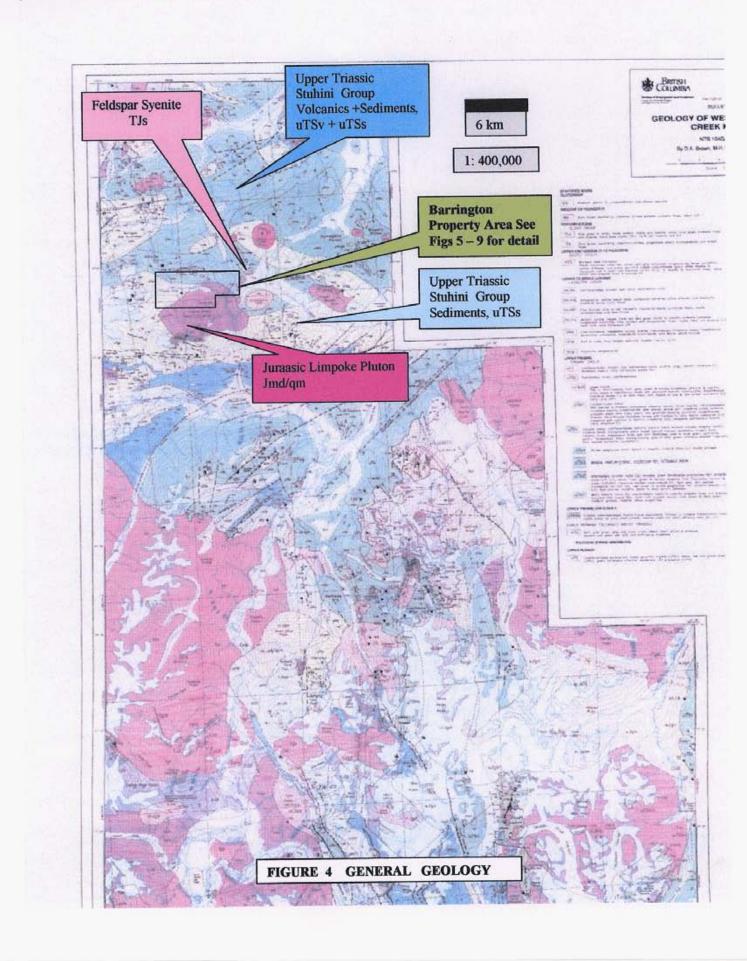
3.1 Regional Geology

The Barrington Project lies within a portion of a northwest-trending mineral-rich belt that includes important precious and base metal deposits such as the Premier, Sulphurets, Eskay Creek, Johnny Mountain, Snip, Galore Creek and Golden Bear.

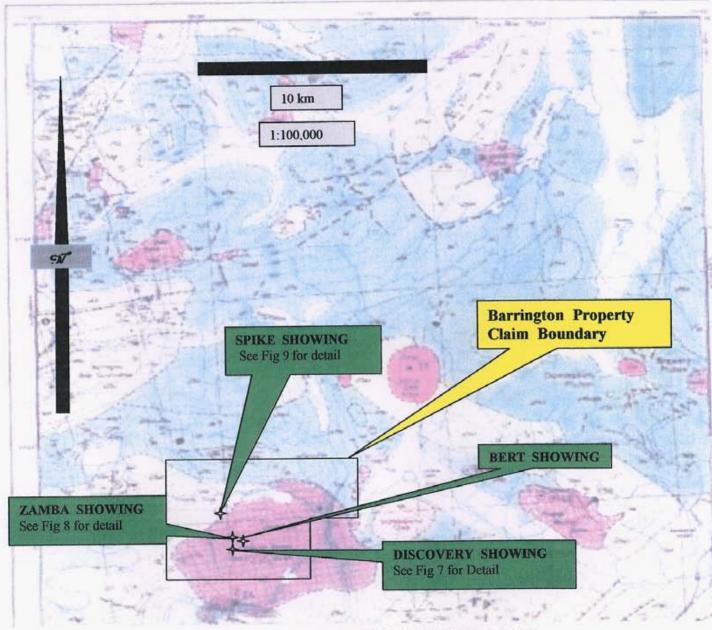
The project area lies within the Stikine Terrane (Stikinia) of the Intermontane Belt of the Canadian Cordillera between the Coast Belt and the Bowser Basin. Refer to Figure 3. In this area, Stikinia comprises Paleozoic and Mesozoic arc volcano-sedimentary rocks and coeval plutonic complexes which are overlain by marine clastic rocks of the Bowser Lake Group which are in turn overlain by continental strata of the Sustut and Sloko Groups.

The stratigraphic succession within the region consists of: 1) Carboniferous volcanic and sedimentary rocks; 2) Permian limestone, tuff and chert of the Stikine assemblage; 3) Permian to Middle Triassic chert; 4) Upper Triassic submarine mafic and felsic volcanic rocks and related sedimentary rocks of the Stuhini Group; 5) Lower to Middle Jurassic subaerial and marine volcanic and sedimentary rocks of the Hazelton Group; 6) Upper Cretaceous to Paleocene nonmarine molasses-type coarse grained clastic rocks of the Sustut Group; 7) Eocene felsic to mafic calcalkaline volcanic rocks of the Sloko Group and 8) Miocene to Recent basalt flows. A suite of Triassic to Eocene granitic to ultramafic rocks intrudes the above assemblages.











3.2 Property Geology

The Bob claims are underlain by the early Jurassic Limpoke pluton of the Texas Creek plutonic suite (189-195 Ma). Refer to Figure 4. This suite is associated with economically important precious and base metal deposits like the Premier and Sulphurets deposits in the Sewart-Iskut area. The Limpoke pluton is a two-phase stock with a biotite hornblende quartz monzonite outer phase and medium grained hornblende monozodiorite inner phase. Leucocratic potassium feldspar megacrystic syenite dikes and plugs intrude the eastern and western borders of the pluton and surrounding Upper Triassic Stuhini Group sedimentary and volcanic rocks.

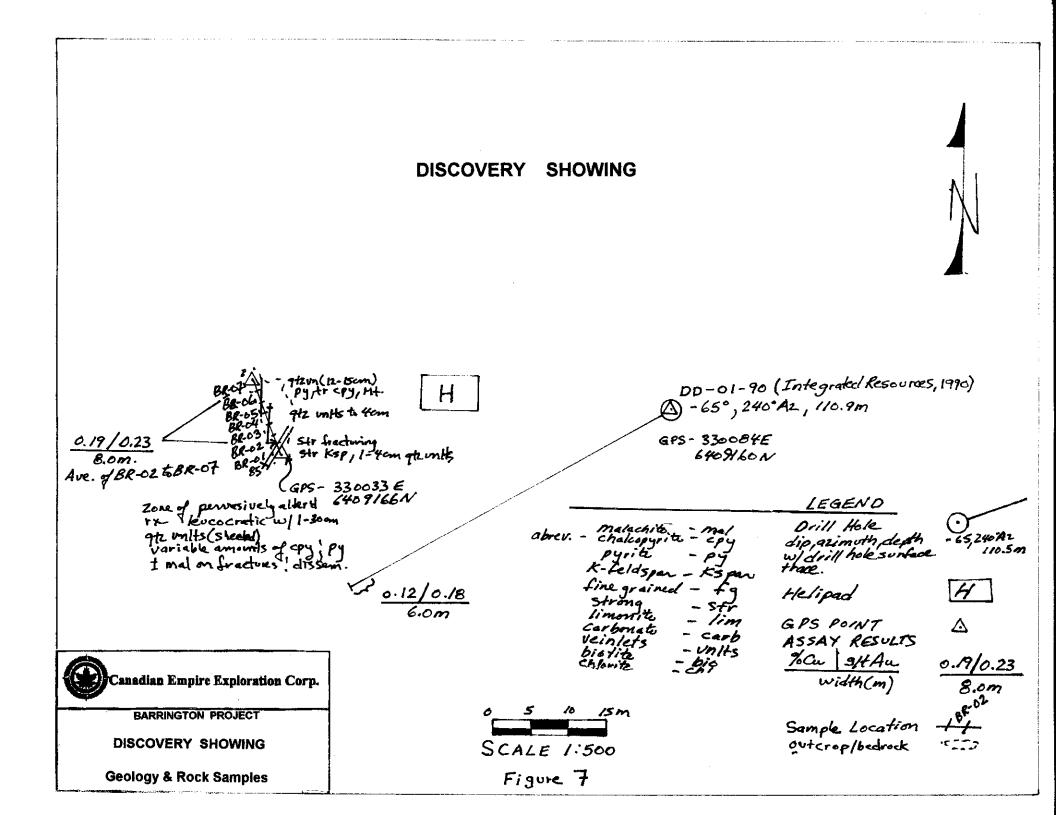
3.3 Mineralization and Results

The exploration work has focused in on potassic alteration and sheeted quartz vein systems within the syenite dykes/plugs and altered Stuhini sedimentary and volcanic rocks adjacent to the Limpoke pluton predominately within NE-SW and NW-SE trending structures with mineralization consisting of disseminated to massive pyrite +- chalcopyrite. The Limpoke area has been touted as being a Galore Creek Cu-Au target. The Galore Creek deposit (Logan & Koyangi, 1989) with reported resources of 125 million tonnes grading 1.06% Cu, 0.40 g/t Au and 7.7 g/t Ag is hosted in potassically altered Stuhini andesites and breccia pipes adjacent to syenite porphyry dykes and plugs. Potassium feldspar, biotite, anhydrite and garnet are ubiquitous and locally replace host rocks completely. Mineralization is comprised of chalcopyrite with pyrite and traces of zinc-lead sulphides. Precious metal credits include native gold and silver. Drill intercepts of 60m grading 2.0% Cu and 6.9 gm/t Au have been noted peripheral to the main zone.

The mineralized zones at the Barrington property include the Discovery, 180 STN, Zamba, Bert and the Spike showings have been the focus of several property examinations by G. Norman and R. Kirkham over the course of the 2004 summer field season from June to Oct. Refer to Figures 5 and 6. The showings were examined and sampled and in the case of the Zamba Showing, hand trenched prior to sampling. Rod Kirkham's report is given in Appendix III and is referred to in this report from time to time. The mineralized zones are discussed below:

3.3.1 Discovery Showing

The Discovery or "Bob" Showing is located at UTM co-ordinates 0330033E and 6409166N was examined separately by G. Norman and Rod Kirkham. The zone as described by Rod Kirkham, Appendix I " is a steeply dipping north-south trending sheeted quartz vein system within an intensely potassically (?) altered fine grained rock. The original rock type is uncertain". Quartz veins, 1 to 30mm wide contain variable amounts of pyrite and chalcopyrite are spaced 30 to 100 cm apart. Pyrite in amounts up to 1% with subordinate chalcopyrite occur in the quartz veins and also disseminated within the country rock. The zone was chip samples over 9m with 8.0 m averaging 0.19% Cu and 0.23 g/t Au (sampled by G. Norman). Mr. Kirkham believed that the zone was cut off to the north by one or more east-west trending faults. Previous samplers returned 8.0 g/t Au, 18.5 g/t Ag and 0.56% Cu over 2m. Refer to Photos 2 and 3 and Figures 6 and 7.



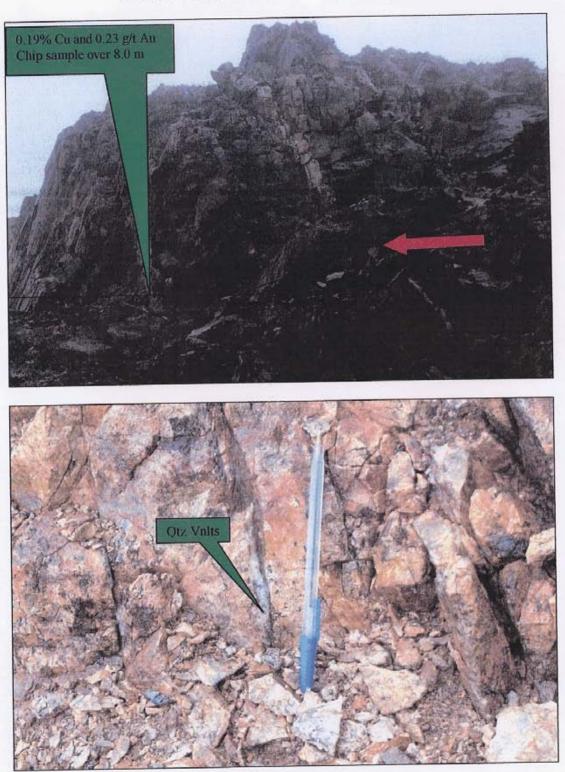


Photo 2 DISCOVERY SHOWING ("BOB")

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Photo 3 DISCOVERY SHOWING: pervasive K-spar with sheeted qtz vnlts

3.3.2 Bert Showing

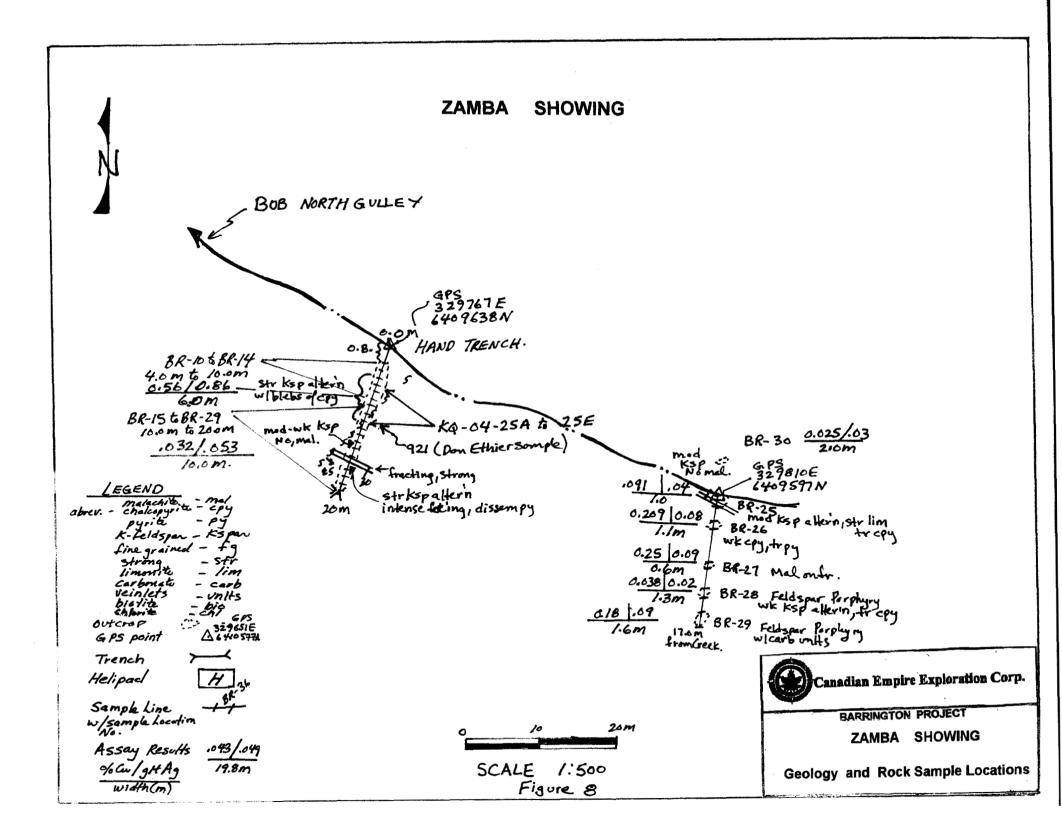
The Bert Showing is located at UTM co-ordinates 330104E and 6409314N approximately 165m northeasterly from the Discovery Zone. A 1 meter wide shear zone was sampled trending at 155° Azimuth and dipping 70 ° SE. The shear contains a narrow semi-massive sulphide zone which returned 2.4% Cu, 54 g/t Ag and 1.54 g/t Au from the 1 m wide sample. Because of snow cover at the time of the exam the full extent of the mineralization was difficult to assess. Previous sampling of the zone returned 0.66% Cu and 0.89 g/t Au from chips taken over 12.4m. It appeared from the author's observations that the shear zone weakened to the east in relatively unaltered granodiorite.

3.3.3 180STN Showing

The 180STN showing was examined and sampled by Rod Kirkham and procured three spaced chip samples (KQ-04-23A,B & C) from the base of a steep outcrop in the Bonanza Gulch dry stream valley. Rod describes the host rock as a pale pink altered, coarse-grained, trachytoid, megacrystic syenite. The altered matrix contains about 1% pyrite with a trace of chalcopyrite. A few scattered steep, north-south trending quartz veins were noted in the area. The samples returned low values in Cu and Au (~ 0.017% Cu and~ 0.03 g/t Au).

3.3.4 Zamba Showing

The Zamba showing is located on the east side of the Bob North Gulley dry stream valley at UTM co-ordinates 0329767E and 6409638N. The showing was examined and sampled by both G. Norman and R. Kirkham. Due to rusty muddy talus cover, continuous chip samples were procured only after hand trenching was completed. The host rock is intensely K-feldspar altered (+/- biotite) altered pink megacrystic syenite porphyry with blebby disseminated chalcopyrite. The zone was sampled over 20 meters. A zone of intense pervasive K-feldspar with disseminated chalcopyrite located adjacent to the creek bed averaged 0.56% Cu and 0.86g/t Au over 6 meters. The remaining trench of 10 meters averaged 0.032 % Cu and 0.053 g/t Au. The intensity of K-feldspar weakens away from the creek bed as does copper mineralization, suggesting that the control for alteration and mineralization is a NW-SE trending structure which parallels the creek valley. Refer to Photos 4 and 5 and Figures 6 and 8.



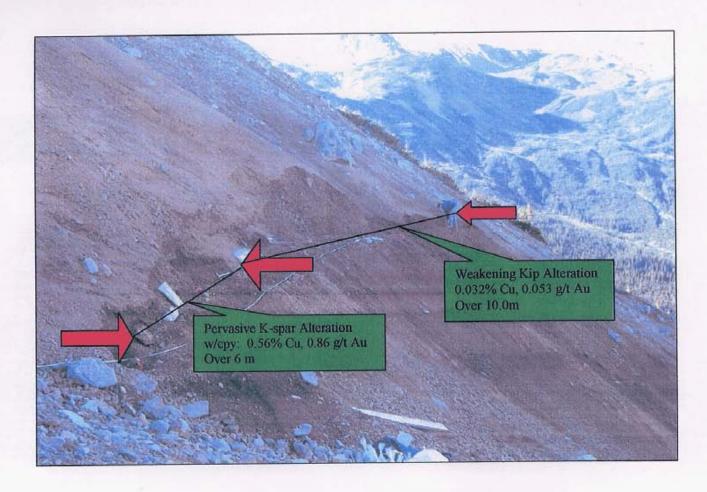


Photo 4 ZAMBA SHOWING : Hand trenching

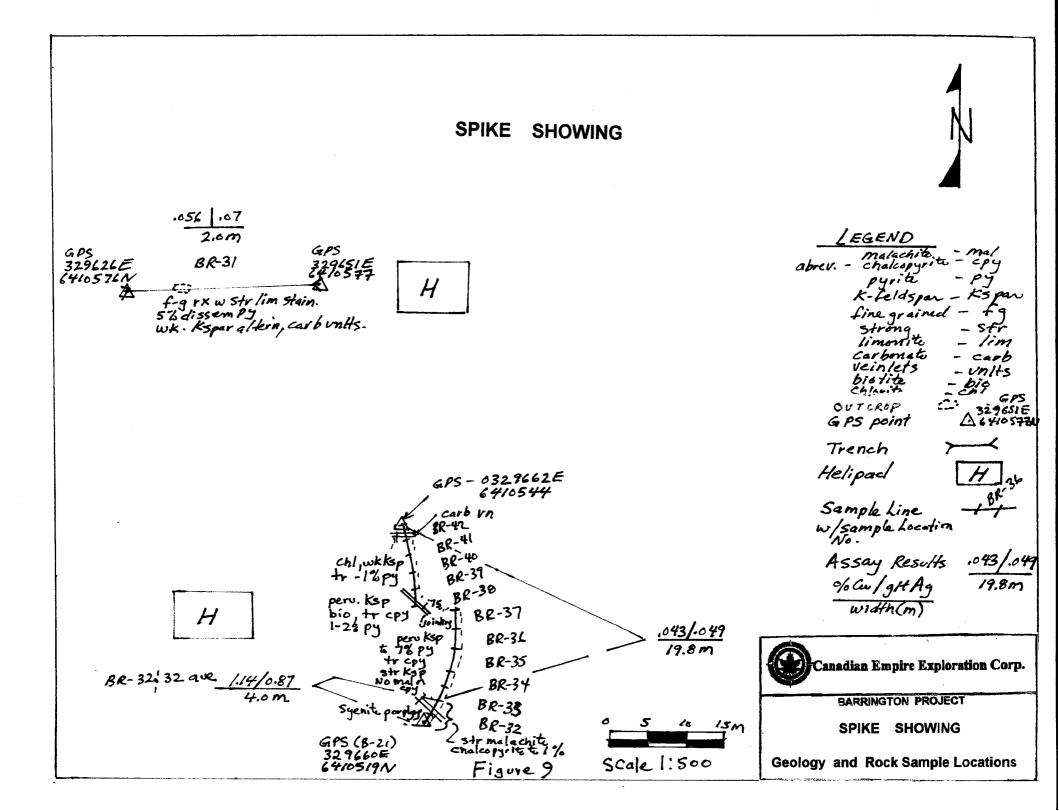


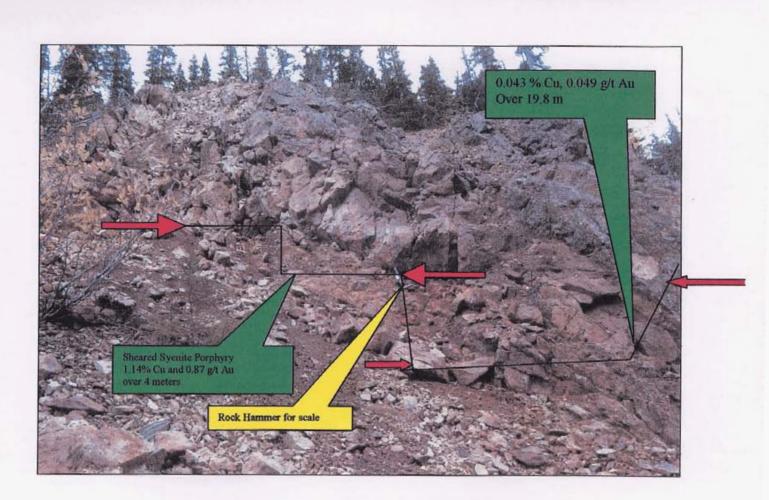


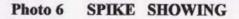
Photo 5 ZAMBA SHOWING - Hand Trench, strong K-feldspar alteration with cpy

3.3.5 Spike Showing

The Spike showing was examined and sampled by G. Norman. The showing is located adjacent to Pokey Creek at UTM co-ordinates 0329660E and 6410519N. A moderately K-feldspar altered (possible syenite feldspar porphyry) rock is sheared at N 60° W and steeply north dipping to near vertical returned values of 1.14% Cu and 0.87 g/t Au over 4 meters. An additional zone of variable alteration including pervasive K-feldspar, biotite, chlorite, hematite, pyrite (up to 7%), traces of chalcopyrite with weak malachite staining and minor calcite veining was continuously chip sampled over 19.8 meters and returned 0.043% Cu and 0.049 g/t Au. The alteration weakens northward away the strong NW – SE shearing and high grade copper mineralization. The Spike shear zone appears to trend into the Zamba zone which also returned elevated copper values over a similar widths. Refer to Photo 6 and Figures 6 and 9.







3.4 Deposit Model

The deposit model target type sought for at the Barrington Property is a Galore Creek style Cu-Au porphyry system. The Galore Creek deposit (Logan & Koyangi, 1989) with reported resources of 125 million tonnes grading 1.06% Cu, 0.40 g/t Au and 7.7 g/t Ag is hosted in potassically altered Stuhini andesites and breccia pipes adjacent to syenite porphyry dykes and plugs. Potassium feldspar, biotite, anhydrite and garnet are ubiquitous and locally replace host rocks completely. Mineralization is comprised of chalcopyrite with pyrite and traces of zinc-lead sulphides. Precious metal credits include native gold and silver. Drill intercepts of 60m grading 2.0% Cu and 6.9 gm/ t Au have been noted peripheral to the main zone.

4.0 Analysis and Assaying

A total of 55 rock samples from surface chips and grabs, were collected from the Barrington property between July 2nd and Oct. 4th, 2004. G. Norman collected 45 samples during 2 trips to the property and R. Kirkham collected 10 samples. These samples were submitted to Acme Analytical Laboratories Ltd., Vancouver, B.C. for analysis. Utilizing Acme's Group 7AR package, 23 elements were analyzed for by 1 gm sample Aqua – Regia digestion and ICP analysis and 1 A. T. fire assay with AA finish for gold and silver. A map of sample locations is located in the pocket of this report. Assay certificates are included as Appendix III.

4.1 Sampling Method and Chain of Custody

A total 55 rock samples were collected from various showings on the property. The majority of the samples were collected as a continuous chip sample with a few grab samples. The samples were procured in 6 mill plastic bags packed into rice bags and flown via helicopter from the Barrington property to Dease Lake. From Dease the samples were driven by the author to Smithers were transported via ground transportation (Bandsrta Transportation Systems Ltd.) to Acme Laboratories in Vancouver for analyses.

4.2 Sample Preparation, Analysis and Security

The samples were submitted to Acme Analytical Laboratories Ltd. in Vancouver, B.C. ACME is an ISO 9002 registered and accredited laboratory. All work is guaranteed to ISO 9002 standards. The samples were crushed and pulverized to -150 mesh and analyzed by Aqua Regia digestion and ICP techniques for 21 elements by fire assay and A.A. finish for Au and Ag. A more detailed flow sheet for the analytical procedures is given in Appendix II. The assay certificates are included as Appendix III.

5.0 2004 Exploration Expenditures

Exploration Function	2004 Expenditure
Analysis - Assays	1,611.68
Consulting - Geological	9,606.00
Drafting - Maps & Prints	127.16
Expediting - Telephone/Computer	48.32
Equipment - Consumables	329.99
Casual Salary & Wages	1,100.00
Transportation - Airlines	2,661.61
Transportation - Helicopter	14,711.66
Transportation - Vehicle	1,936.41
Transportation - Freight	266.76
Project Management Fees	5, 118.75
TOTAL EXPENDITURES :	\$37,518.34

Table 5 below summarizes the expenditures of the 2004 exploration program.

TABLE 2.0 2004 Barrington Exploration Expenditures

6.0 Conclusions and Recommendations

The Bob claims are underlain by the Jurassic Limpoke pluton, a two-phase stock with a biotite hornblende quartz monzonite outer phase and medium grained hornblende monozodiorite inner phase. Leucocratic potassium feldspar megacrystic syenite dikes/plugs intrude the eastern and western borders of the pluton and surrounding Upper Triassic Stuhini Group sedimentary and volcanic rocks. The Stuhini volcanics are also host to the Galore Creek deposit located 85 km south of Telegraph Creek. The Galore Creek deposit hosts reported resources of 125 million tonnes grading 1.06% Cu, 0.40 g/t Au and 7.7 g/t Ag.

The 2004 exploration program concentrated on the main showing from which a total of 55 rock sample were procured from surface surface outcrops and hand trenching. Results of this work on the main showings include: the Discovery Showing with 8.0 meters averaging 0.19% Cu and 0.23 g/t Au; the Zamba Showing with 6 m averaging 0.56% Cu and 0.86 g/t Au and the Spike Showing with 4 m averaging 1.14% Cu and 0.87 g/t Au.

Canadian Empire Exploration Corp. does not consider the above results encouraging enough to justify on- going exploration and the property is being returned to the vendor.

Dated at Vancouver, BC, this 20th day of February, 2004

George Norman, B.S.

CERTIFICATE OF QUALIFICATIONS 7.0

CERTIFICATE OF QUALIFICATIONS George E. Norman, B.Sc. (Honours) Geology

I, George E. Norman, of 12252 North Park Crescent in the city of Surrey, in the Province of British Columbia and of the same business address, certify that:

- 1. I am a consulting geologist registered with the association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of B. C. (#121420) and the Association of Professional Engineers, Geologists and Geophysicists of Alberta (#M23376) providing exploration services to the mining community.
- 2. I am a graduate of the University of Alberta with a Bachelor of Science (Honors) degree in Geology (1973).
- 3. I have practiced my profession continuously since 1973 and have been involved in projects and evaluations conducting exploration for precious and base metal deposits in North, Central and South America.
- 4. I have visited and performed work on the Barrington property over a 3-day period including July 1, Oct. 3rd & 4th of 2004.
- 5. I am responsible for the collection of data and its presentation in the report entitled "2004 Exploration Report on the Barrington Property".

Dated at Vancouver, BC, this 20th day of February, 2004

George Norman, B.Sc, P. Geo.

8.0 References

Angeren, P. V.

1991: Assessment Report # 20988 (1991) on the Capra Project- Goat Claims: Report written for Integrated Resources.

Ethier, D.

1994 to present: Series of summary data sheets of assessment report data including Assessment report # 535 (Kennco, 1963), # 9092 (Teck, 1982), #18486, # 19439, # 20809 (1990) and # 20988 (Integrated Resources, 1991) and compilation of assay data.

Brown, D. A., Gunning, M. H., Greig, C. J.,

1996: The Stikine Project: Geology of Western Telegraph Creek Map Area, Northwestern British Columbia (NTS 104G/5/6,11W, 12, and 13), Energy and Minerals Division, Geological Survey Branch, Bulletin 95

Kirkham, R. V.

2005: Property Examination Bob Group, Limpoke Creek, Barrington River Area, Northern British Columbia (104G/13), Private report for Canadian Empire Exploration Corp. (See Appendix III of this report.

APPENDIX I

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SAMPLE LEDGERS 2004

Rock Sample Description Sheet

Company			Sampler(s): George Norman	Date:		
Project		2004				
Assay	Location	Sample	Vendor: Dan Ethier		Assay	% ICP
Аззау	GPS Cordinates	oampic		Date:	Au	Cu
Number		Width (m)	Description		g/t	
	0330033E	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	Altered leucocratic rock ? Str fr'd @ 30/85W; 1-4cm qtz vns			
BR-001	6409166N	0-1.5m	ksp altered, black blotches poss tenorite (Cu Ox), tr cpy	2-Jul	0.10	0.054
	1556m elev		······································			
	0330033E		Str lim altered rx, strly fr'd, /lim-mal and azurite on fr's,			
BR-002	6409166N	1.5-3.0m	str qtz vns-vnlts (1-4 cm), wk Mt, qtz in vns glassy, Rx	2-Jul	0.37	0.289
	1556m elev		poss intrus w/ wk Ksp alt'n, dissem Mt, cpy, chalcocite?			
	0330033E		Str fract'd, w str lim, qtz vn/vnlts 1-3cm thick w/ py and blk			
BR-003	6409166N	3.0-4.5m	Cu oxide (tennorite) ? No visible cpy	2-Jul	0.22	0.236
	1556m elev					
· · · ·	0330033E		Str Mt, qtz vn to 2cm (360/90) w/ cpy, also dissem py and			
BR-004	6409166N	4.5-6.0m	cpy adjacent to vns	4-Jul	0.07	0.127
	1556m elev					
	0330033E		V. str lim zone- some gouge (5 cm) w mal, azur, str fr'd			
BR-005	6409166N	6.0-7.5	rx around fault, text obscurred	4-Jul	0.23	0.162
	1556m elev					
	0330033E		On west side of fault zone, structure w/			
BR-006	6409166N	7.5-9.0m	12-15cm of qtz vn w/ py, cpy, and mal, @ 360/85W, Mt on	2-Jul	0.47	0.920
DK-000	1556m elev	7.5-3.011	E side of qtz vn, some bx tex w/ frag w Ksp alt'n in blk matx		••••	
			Rx w/ Ksp alt'n, lim, py; Mt on fracts' - alt'd intrus rx leucocr			
	0330033E		Altered leucocratic rock ? Kspar alter'd w/ dissem py, Mt on			
BR-007	6409166N	9.0-10 <i>.</i> 5m	frct's & dissem, wk mal on str frctring.	4-Jul	0.04	0.115
	1556m elev					
	0330030E		Bert Showing: high grade chalcopyrite with pyrite massive			
BR-008	6409174N	OC 1.0m	sulphide in a shear zone trending 155/70 SE. Appears to	2-Jul	1. 54	2.399
			weaken easterly	1		
	0330094E	1-5cm	Bonanza Showing: Qtz vn 1 t0 5 cm thick w/ cpy and Ksp		0.04	0.11
BR-009	6409396N	Grab	within area underlain by granodiorite w/ wk ksp on frct's	4-Jul	0.94	0.11
	1462 elev		qtz vn @ 170/ 70, area with 103 g/t Au in soils	<u> </u>		
DD 040	329767	2.3-3.0	Zamba Hand Trench:	3-Oct	0.04	0.07
BR-010	6409638	2.3-3.0	Alt'd syenite porphyry?	0-001	0.04	0.01
	329767		Zamba Hand Trench:			<u> </u>
BR-011	6409638	3.0-4.0	Alt'd syenite porphyry?	3-Oct	0.03	0.052
DIX-VII	0409030	0.0 4.0				
	329767		Zamba Hand Trench:			
BR-012	6409638	4.0-5.0	Alt'd syenite porphyry? Str perv Ksp w/ cpy blebs	3-Oct	0.35	0.357
			mal on frct			
	329767	5.0-6.0	Zamba Hand Trench:	3-Oct		0.46
BR-013	6409638	5.0-0.0	Alt'd syenite porphyry? Str perv Ksp w/ cpy blebs, str frctg	0-00	1.06	0.40
			str mal on frcts @ 335/70 SW, 60/60 SE & 110/55 NE			
	329767		Zamba Hand Trench:		0.12	
BR-014	6409638	9.0-10.0	Alt'd syenite porphyry? Str perv Ksp w/ cpy blebs, str frctg	3-Oct		0.176
			mal on frcts		ļ	<u> </u>
	329767		Zamba Hand Trench:		0.05	
BR-015	6409638	10.0-11.0	Alt'd syenite porphyry? Str perv Ksp w/ cpy blebs, str frctg	3-Oct		0.08
		 	mai on frets	+	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	329767	44 0 40 0	Zamba Hand Trench:	3-Oct	0.02	0.036
BR-016	6409638	11.0-12.0	Alt'd syenite porphyry? Str perv Ksp w/ str frctg, no mal Fault Zone @ 11.4m; 45/85 SW 0.1m gouge		0.02	0.030
		<u>l</u>	Fault ZUNE (TT.418, 40/00 SW V. TH youye	<u> </u>	1	L

Rock Sample Description Sheet

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Company			Sampler(s): George Norman	Date:		
Project			Vendor: Dan Ethier	2004		
Assay	Location	Sample	Sample		Assay	% ICP
-	GPS Cordinates		•	Date:	Au	Cu
Number		Width (m)	Description		g/t	
	329767		Zamba Hand Trench:	î		
BR-017	6409638	12.0-13.0	Alt'd syenite porphyry? Str perv Ksp w/, str frctg	3-Oct	0.030	0.031
	329767		Zamba Hand Trench:			
BR-018	6409638	13.0-14.0	Alt'd syenite porphyry? Str perv Ksp no mal, str frctg	3-Oct	0.070	0.024
	329767		Zamba Hand Trench:			
BR-019	6409638	14.0-15.0	Seams of cly in str perv Ksp Alt'd rx, intensely fr'd @ 300/30	3-Oct	0.060	0.008
			SW, no cpy observ, some blk mineral poss biot or Cu Ox			
	329767		Zamba Hand Trench:			
BR-020	6409638	15.0-16.0	Alt'd syenite porphyry? Str perv Ksp no mai, str frctg	3-Oct	0.060	0.021
						
BR-021	329767	40 0 47 0	Zamba Hand Trench:		0.000	0.040
DR-VZ I	6409638	10.0-17.0	Alt'd syenite porphyry? Mod to wk Ksp no mal, str frctg	3-Oct	0.030	0.042
	329767		Zamba Hand Trench:			
BR-022	6409638	17 0-18 0	Alt'd syenite porphyry? Str perv Ksp no mal, str frctg	3-Oct	0.040	0.02
DICOLL	0403030	11.0-10.0		5-001	0.040	0.02
	329767	·····	Zamba Hand Trench:	h		
BR-023	6409638	18.0-19.0	Alt'd syenite porphyry? Str perv Ksp no mal, str frctg	3-Oct	0.150	0.038
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	329767		Zamba Hand Trench: end of trench			
BR-024	6409638	19.0-20.0	Alt'd syenite porphyry? Wk Ksp no mal, str frctg	3-Oct	0.020	0.022
			fsp phenos with no ksp alt'n			
	329810		Easterly up creek from Zamba - N side of creek			
BR-025	6409597	1.0	Mod - str ksp alt'd, str lim w/ wk mal, dissem py	3-Oct	0.040	0.091
		0 to 1.0	str frct'd @ 120/70 NE (Measured from creek BR- 25 to 29)	İ		
	329811		Old Bob 712 sample; Ksp alt'd rx, w/ wk mal on fr, wk blebs			
BR-026	6409594		of cpy w/ tr of py	3-Oct	0.080	0.209
		3.4 (0 4.5	(Measured from creek)			
BR-027	329811 6409594	0.60	Ksp alt'd rx , w/ wk mai on fr, wk blebs of cpy w/ tr tr of py	2.04	0.000	0.050
DR-027	0409394		(Measured from creek)	3-Oct	0.090	0.252
	329807	0.8 - 9.5	Fsp porphyry w/ wk calc vnits, dissem py & tr cpy, wk			
BR-028	6409586	1.30	ksp alter'n, wk cly alt'n	3-Oct	0.020	0.038
DICULO	0400000		(Measured from creek)	0.00	0.020	0.000
	329807		Wk fsp porphyry text, mod - str perv ksp, fsp to cly, mnr			
BR-029	6409584		calc vnlts, tr py	3-Oct	0.090	0.181
		15.4-17.0	(Measured from creek)			
	329811		Rubbly talus fromm 13 to 15m north from BR-025			
BR-030	6409606	2.0m	wk - mod ksp alt'd rx some tex visible, no mal, m-str lim	3-Oct	0.030	0.025
	329626		Spike Area: Subcrop found in tr bottom			
BR-031	6410576	2.0	str lim f g rx no tex obsv, dissem py, carb vnlts, wk ksp alt'n	4-Oct	0.070	0.056
		6.0-8.0	(Measured from SW end of Trench 0 to 32.5m @ 240 Az			
	329658		Spike Showing: Mod ksp alt'd w/ str mal and 1% cpy, text			
BR-032	6410521	1.3 - 3.3	suggests granodorite but poss syenite porphyry	4-Oct	0.79	1.713
		2.0	sample relativ hard rx			

Rock Sample Description Sheet

Company			Sampler(s): George Norman	Date:		
Project		2004				
Assay	Location	Sample	Sample		Assay	% ICP
-	GPS Cordinates	-		Date:	Au	Cu
Number		Width (m)	Description		g/t	
	329658		3.3 -4.0m ksp alt zone no sulp			
BR-033	6410521	3.3-5.3	4.0-5.3m v high lim zone w/ pods & blotches of cpy w/ mal	4-Oct	0.94	0.572
BR-033			Str shear lineament @ 4.0m - 310/vert, 5.3m - 294/68 N		:	
		2.0	old sample - 877854 (6/1990)		•	
	329668		Ksp alt'd rx no visible mai/cpy, calc vn @ 290/80 N, 1.0 cm			
BR-034	6410526	5.3- 7.3		4-Oct	0.08	0.075
		2.0				
	329668		Hem alt'd w/ wk - mod ksp, carb vnlt @ 295/85 N;			
BR-035	6410526	7.3- 9.3	Str frct's @ 240/66 SE	4-Oct	0.07	0.06
		2.0				
	329668		Pesvasive Kspar alt'n w lim no mal, up to 7% dissem py			
BR-036	6410526		poss tr of cpy	4-Oct	0.04	0.032
		2.0				
	it end of sample	3	Intense pervsive Kspar alt'd rx, tr cpy and mal			
BR-037	329667		Picture taken; Old sample 02424; 7/90	4-Oct	0.09	0.063
	6410534	2.3				
	329668		Up slope ~ 5.0 from previous samples			
BR-038	6410516	0-2.0	perv Kspar alt'd rx w/ biot - py; str fracts (316/75 NE),	4-Oct	0.01	0.028
		2.0	tr cpy on frct's			
	329668		Ksp alter'd w/ hem on frcts; w blotches of biot ?, tr py			
BR-039	6410516	2.0-3.0		4-Oct	0.04	0.074
		1.0				
DD 444	329668		Chi rx w/ wk kspar alter'n; tr to 1% py			
BR-040	6410516	5.0-7.0	Poss alt'd volc	4-Oct	0.02	0.009
BR-041	329668	7000	Fine gr'd rx (poss volc), w/ chl and wk Kspar alt'n, tr cpy w/	4-Oct	0.02	0.013
DR-041	6410516	7.0-9.0 2.0	py; frcts @ 280/90	4-OCI	0.02	0.013
	200660	<u> 2.0</u>	9.5 - 10.7m Carb alt'd rx	╉╍╍╍╍┥		
BR-042	329662 6410544	05115	10.7-11.2m Wht calc vn @ 270/90	4-Oct	0.04	0.033
011-042	end of sample	2.0		4-0 00	0.04	0.035
	end of sample	2.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· .
	329661		Well mded crk blder, 5m down from Spike Showing BR-33			
BR-043	6410518	Bider	V smooth, v str lim, pyritic, very hard rx	4-Oct	0.03	0.145
	0710010		Just up from the creek		0.00	
	329683		Extremely Kspar alter'd rx, Zone at 248 AZ w/ bio vnlts			
BR-044	6410534	Grab		4-Oct	0.03	0.022
		over 1.0m			0.00	
	329677		Poss syenite fsp porphyry, mod alt'd Kspar on fr's & flooding			
BR-045	6410534	Grab	tr py, alt'n w/ kspar, chi, hem and < 1% py,	4-Oct	0.03	0.009
			near 10cm carb vn @ 270/90			

APPENDIX II

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CERTIFICATES OF ASSAY

ACME ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD.

2004

Ê				<u>Ca</u>	nadi 1205 -	<u>an</u> 675	Emr W. Ha	<u>oir</u> sting	∋ Ex	plo	CE <u>rat</u>	ion	Lt	d.	Fil bmitte	e # d by:	A40 George	3239 Norma) n						A
SAMPLE#	Mo %	Cu %		Zn	Ag** gm/mt	Ni %	Со	Mn %	Fe %	As	Sr	Cd %	Sb	Bi %	Ca %	P %	Cr	Mg %	Al %	Na %	K %	W %		Au** gm/mt	Sample kg
SI BR-01 BR-02 BR-03			<_01 <_01	<.01 .01	3 9	.001< .002	.003	.03 .07	1.11	<.01 <.01	.011<	.001 .001<	.001	<.01 <.01	1.38 1.85	.043 .140	<.001 .001 <.001 <.001	<.01 .31 .76 35	.02 .87 1.92 1.33	.28	.49	<.001 .006 .006 .002	<.001 <.001	<.01 .10 .37 .22	3.93 4.52 4.78
BR-04 BR-05	.071	.127 .162	<.01	<.01	2 11	.006	.001	.05 .08	12.99 18.55	<.01 .01	.009<	.001< .001	.001 .007	<.01	.78 .84	.136	<.001	.40	1.32		.48	.001	<.001	.07	5.31 4.19
BR-06 BR-07 BR-08 BR-09	¢.001	2.399	<.01 <.01	<.01 .02	15 3 54	.002 .004 .006	.002 .002 .001	.06 .05 .01	14.88 5.48 12.20	<.01 <.01 <.01	.006< .009< .005<	.001 .001 .001	.002 .001 .002	<.01 <.01 <.01	1.19 1.29 .22 1.63	.098 .056 .055	.001 <.001 .005	.48 .47 .18	1.47 1.51 1.58 1.63	.35	.22 .35	.005 .002	<.001 <.001 .001	.47 .04 1.54 .94	4.52 3.40 2.54 .75
STANDARD R-2a/AU-1	.048	.565	1.55	4.31	159													1.67	1.34	.23	.59			3.41	-
ata FA					R150 60 VED:		4 200	и т	ነልጥድ	DED(ר דיסר	43.TT	.vn.(Ar	ln 11	5/0.	ť			-	TĂ	Tà	Tom		
)ata <u>\</u> FA		DATI	E RE	CEIV	VED:	JUL	6 200	4 I	DATE	REP	ORT 1	ATI	'ED:'	///	~		!		Ô	MELC		1	CER		
																			HE		laren		ong		
																					Z		1 al		

All results are considered the confidential property of the client. Acme assumes the liabilities for actual cost of the analysis only.

<u>Can</u>	<u>adi</u> :	<u>an F</u>	t qm/	<u>ire</u>	Exp] 1205 -	<u>Lor</u> 675	<u>ati</u> W. H	<u>on</u>] astin	<u>Ltd</u> gs St,	. <u>P</u> F , Vanc	<u>tOJ</u> souve	ECT r BC 1	<u>Ba</u>) v68 11	<u>crin</u> N2 s	<u>igton</u> ubmitte	⊥ F :d by:	ile Georg	∦ A∕ e Norm	4061 an	18	Р	age	1		Î
SAMPLE#	Mo %				Ag** gm/mt					e As %%		Sr Cc % %		b Bi % %		P %								Au** gm/mt	Sample kg
SI .		<.001						<.01						1 <.01		.001	<.001	<.01					1 <.001		-
BR-10 BR-11		.070			<2<	- 001	.002	.04	2.82	· <.UI	Uli 101	0<.007	1<.001	. <.01	1.46 1.78	.048	<.001	.58	1.21				1 <.001		
BR-12		.052 .357			~~~ 5.	- 001	.002	.04	2.70	· · · ·	ינט. מה י	U<.UU	1<.001	· <.UI	1.78	.040	<.001	.51	1.18						
BR-12 BR-13					4<	:.001	.002	.02	2.35	+ <.01	1.00	3<.00	1<.001	<.01 1 <.01	1.15 .48	.034	<.001 <.001	.34 .21	.93 .68				1 <.001 1 <.001		
		.176			<2<	.001	.001	.04	2.08	3 <.01	1.00	5<.00	1<.001	1 <.01	1.08	.046	<.001	.47		.09			1 <.001	.12	
		.080			<2<	.001	.001	.05	2.36	<.01	.00/	6<.00	1.001	<.01	1.01					.09			1 <.001		
		.036 .031												1 <.01	.66 .58		<.001			.05			1 <.001		
		.024			<2<	:.001	.001	.06	2.28	3 <.01	1.00	6<.00	1<.001	1 <.01	1.01	.048	<.001	.31 .31		.04 .05			1 <.001 1 <.001		
		.008			<2<	<-001	<.001	.04	2.06	5 <.01	i .00	4<.00	1<.001	1 <.01	.69		<.001						1 <.001		4.94
BR-20		.021			<2<	:.001	.001	.05	2.60	1 <.01	.00	7<.00	1<.001	1 <.01	.51		<.001						1 <.001		
BR-21		.042												1 <.01			<.001						1 <.001		
BR-22 BR-23		.020 .038													1.04 .57								1 <.001 1 <.001		
BR-24	<.001	.022	<.01	<.01	<2+	<.001	<.001	.05	2.3	5 <.0'	1.01	1<.00	1<.00	1 <.01	.95	049	.001	.29					1 <.001		4.18
BR-25		.091			<2<	<.001	<_001	.03	1.38	8 <.01	1.01	1<.001	1<.001	1 <.01	2.17	.026	<.001	.01	.31	.01	.28	<.001	1 <.001	.04	3.10
BR-26		.209			<2<	<.001	<.001	.03	1.34	4 <.01	1 .01	0<.001	1<.001	1 <.01	2.04	.045	<.001	.05					1 <.001		
BR-27		.252			<2<	.001	<.001	.04	1.70) <.01	i .01	1<.001	1<.001	<.01	2.60	.034	<.001	.07					1 <.001		
BR-28	₹.001	.038	<.01	<.01	<2<	4.001	.001	.08	2.83	; <.01	.01	3<.001	1<.001	/ <.01	4.28	.132	<.001	.12	.53	.03	.30	<.001	1 <.001	.02	2.51
		.038 .181			<2<	<.001	.001	.08 80	2.84	+ < 01 Z < 0	1.01 1.01	3<.00	1<.001	1 < 01	4.31 4.34	. 132	< .001	.12 .12		.03 .04			1 <.001 1 <.001		
		.025			<2.	< 001	001	. 08	2.7	/ ~ .0/	1 00	17<.00	1< 00	1 < 01	4.54		> < .001			.04			1 <.001		
BR-31	1	.056			<2+	<.001	< 001	.10	2.7	J < 0'	1 .00	14<.00	1< 00'	1 <.01	.40		<.001			.05			1 <.001		
BR-32	1	1.713			17	.001	.001	.01	4.79) <.01	00	7<.00	1< 001	<.01	3.38				.40	.05			1 <.001		
BR-33		.572			25*	<.001	.001	.01	5.6	7 <.0'	1.00	17<.00	1<.00'	1 <.01	1.42	.109	<.001	<.01		.05			1 <.001		
BR-34		.075			<2<	1.001	<.001	.05	2.93) <.U)	1 .UZ	0<.00	1<.007	(<.01	3.04	.081	<.001	.10					1 <.001		
		.050													3.31 2.01				. 30 5/	,U1 /0	.20	< 001	1 <.001 1 <.001	.07	
				1 <.01											2.51								1 <.001		
		.028													2.91								1 <.001		3.65
BR-39		.074													2.52										
BR-40		.009													4.18				1.37						
BR-41 BR-42		.013 .033													3.93 9.71				1.38 .47						
BR-43 STANDARD R-2a/AU-1		. 145			<2 9 161	.008 .343	.004	.02 .20	5.2; 22.5	2 <.0' 5 .2	1 .00 3 .1 <i>6</i>	.5<.00 52.02	1<.00' 8.12	1 < 01 6 < 01	1.92 2.33	.491 .084	.006	.13	.58 1.34	.07 .19	.04 .51	-01/ -06;	4 <.001 8 .173	.03 3.34	1.31
Data FA	AG**	& AU** MPLE TY	* BY YPE:	FIRE / ROCK		E, AQI FROM OC	UA - 1 1 A.T <u>Sam</u> j	REGIA SAMP	(HCL- IPLE. beginn	-HNO3- ning (-H2O) 'RE') DIGES <u>are R</u> e	STION	TO 100	RRE GAT	ANALYS	ED BY 1	ICP-ES.				0		5 16 . 1	10. F



Canadian Empire Exploration Ltd. PROJECT Barrington FILE # A406118 Page 2



					·																					C LITTORE
SAMPLE#	Mo	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag**	Ni	Co	Mn	Fe	As	Sг	Cd	Sb	Bi	Ca	Р	Сг	Mg	AL	Na	к	W	Hg	Au**	Sample	
	%	%	%	%	gm/mt	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	gm/mt	kg	
BR - 44	4.001	.022	<.01	<.01	<2	.001<	.001	.07	1.37	<.01	.020<	.001<	.001	<.01	3.67	.066	<.001	.13	.62	.07	.27 <	<.001	.001	.03	1.40	
BR-45	4.001	.009	<.01	<.01	<2<	.001	.001	.12	3.29	<.01	.025<	.001	.001	<.01	3.54	.128	<.001	.83	1.50	.07	.29 <	<.001	<.001	.03	2.51	
STANDARD R-2a/AU-1	.049	.564	1.53	4.26	161	.378	.046	.20	22.71	.24	.169	.029	. 129	<.01	2.39	.086	.074	1.65	1.36	- 19	.51	.069	- 182	3.45	-	

Sample type: ROCK R150 60C.

All results are considered the confidential property of the client. Acme assumes the liabilities for actual cost of the analysis only.

SAMPLE#	Mo	Cu	Pb	7n	Ag**	Ni	Co	Mn	Fe	As	Sr	Cd Si	o Bi	Ca	Р	Cr	Ma	A 1	Na	r	W	Ц <i>а</i>	A
	%				gm/mt	%	%	%	%		%	% 3		۲a %	۳ %	%	Mg %	Al %		×	w %		Au** gm/mt
SI	4.001	<.001	<.01	<.01	<2<,	.001<.			.04	<.01	<.001<.	001<.00	<.01	.11	<.001	<.001	<.01	<.01	.41	.02	<.001	<.001	<.01
KQ-04-23A			<.01			.001	.001	.04	3.21	<.01	.022<.	001<.00	<.01	1.74	.110	.001	.24				<.001		.02
KQ-04-23B			<.01			.001 .	.001	.03	3.01	<.01	.025<.	001<.00	<.01	1.04	.056	<.001	. 19	.79	.09	- 19	<.001	<.001	.04
KQ-04-23C			<.01			.001 .	.001	.04	2.22	<.01	.036<.	001<.00	<.01	2.60	.060	<.001	.26	.81	.06	.25	<.001	<.001	.02
KQ-04-24	₹.001	.074	<.01	<.01	<2 .	.002 .	.002	.14	5.75	<.01	.021<.	001<.00	<.01	5.98	.236	.002	.52	.67	<.01	.33	<.001	<.001	.04
KQ-04-25A			<.01			.001 .						001<.00			.036	<.001	.34	.85	.06	.12	<.001	<.001	.61
KQ-04-25B			<.01		9	.001 .	.003	.03	3.74	<.01	.007<.	001<.00	<.01	.46	.050	<.001	.36	.91	.07	.14	<.001	<.001	2.25
KQ-04-25C			<.01			.001	.001	.03	2.14	<.01	.008<.	001<.00	<.01	.83	.048		.31					<.001	
KQ-04-25D			<.01		6<	.001	.002	.03	2.26	<.01	.003<.	001<.00	<.01	.54	.053	<.001	_41	.71	.07	.14	<.001	<.001	.64
KQ-04-25E	4.001	.717	<.01	<.01	6	.001	.002	.03	2.41	<.01	.004<.	001<.00	<.01		.044		.50	.80			<.001		.48
KQ-04-26A	. 129	.674	<.01	<.01	27	.001	.003	.04	3.68	<.01	.006<.	001<.00	<.01	1.36	.048	<.001	.34	.58	<.01	.09	.026	<_001	. 28
RE KQ-04-26A	.129	.675	<.01	<.01	27	.001	.003					001<.00					.33					<_001	
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All results are considered the confidential property of the client. Acme assumes the liabilities for actual cost of the analysis only.

APPENDIX III

R. V. KIRKHAM

FIELD EXAMINATION REPORT

SEPT. 19, 2004

Property Examination Bob Group, Limpoke Creek, Barrington River Area, Northern British Columbia (104G/13W)

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By R. V. Kirkham

A private report for Canadian Empire Exploration Corp.

September 19, 2004

Introduction

The author was retained to do a quick reconnaissance examination of the Bob group of claims for Canadian Empire Exploration Corp. This brief report is an account of this claim examination. The author traveled via Smithers to Dease Lake on September 10th, examined the property with D. Ethier on the 11th and 12th and returned to Vancouver on the 13th. We flew by helicopter to the property from Dease Lake, B. C. Because of mountain fog we could not land on the showings on the 11th but examined stream boulders near the confluence of Pokey and Limpoke creeks (Fig. 1; specimens KQ-04-21A&B). On the 12th we were successful on landing on both the upper and lower helipads and were able the make rapid examinations of the Discovery, 180 STN, and Zamba showings (Fig. 1, 2, 3, & 4; specimens and assay sample KQ-04-22, 23A, B, & C; 24; 25A,B.C,D, & E; and 26A, B, & C). New wet snow was present above about 1370 m. Most of the showings are on the upper slope east of Pokey Creek. The lower slopes are thick accumulations of vegetation-covered talus and other valley fill with little or no outcrop.

Showing Descriptions

Discovery: A spaced steeply-dipping, approximately north-south-trending sheeted quartz vein system in an intensely potassically(?) altered, fine-grained rock. The original rock type is uncertain. The quartz veins with scattered pyrite and chalcopyrite range from 1 to about 30 mm in width (Fig. 7) and are about 30 to 100 cm apart. About 0.5 to 1 % pyrite and subordinate chalcopyrite occur in the quartz veinlets and also disseminated in the host rock. According to D. Ethier, this sheeted vein system, with low copper and gold values, could be a few hundred metres wide. The writer's initial impression is that this vein system is sufficiently intense that it should have extended across the hillside to the north. The fact that it does not suggests to the writer that it has been cutoff by one or more approximately east-west-trending faults.

180STN: The writer examined the 180 STN for about 15 m at the base of a steep outcrop in the Bonanza Gulch dry stream valley (Fig. 8) and took three spaced chip samples for analyses. The host rock comprises pale pink altered, coarse-grained, trachytoid, megacrystic syenite. The phenocryst foliation dips gently to moderately to the east. The altered matrix contains about 1% disseminated pyrite with perhaps a trace of chalcopyrite. This rock is very similar to many of the boulders of trachytoid, megacrystic syenite examined near the confluence of Pokey and Limpoke creeks (KQ-04-21A & B). A few scattered steep, north-south-trending quartz veinlets occur in the area.

Zamba: The area comprises rusty, muddy talus on the east side of the Bob North Gully dry stream valley and the showing could only be exposed by hand digging a trench into the top of weathered crumbly subcrop (Fig. 6, 9, & 10). The host rock is intensely K-feldspar (+/- biotite?) altered, pink megacrystic sygnite porphyry with blebby disseminated chalcopyrite (KQ-04-25).

Conclusions

The Bob showings south of Limpoke Creek are of a porphyry Au-Cu type. However, without drilling, systematic exploration could be very difficult with few or no outcrops in key areas and extensive, thick, vegetation-covered, transported talus and other valley fill cover.

The Zamba showing is the best one that the writer examined and comprises intensely potassically-altered syenite porphyry with copper and gold. More work is justified in the Zamba area.

Recommendations

- If more work is to be done this year, several more hand trenches should be dug in the vicinity of the Zamba showing in an attempt to determine the extent, orientation, and grades of gold and copper in the area. A geologist should be on site at the time of trenching for mapping and sampling (shallow trenches in the area tend to cave while being dug).
- 2) More helipads should be constructed near work sites.
- 3) With favourable results and weather permitting, one or more diamond drillholes could be considered for the Zamba area.
- 4) The Spike area (Fig. 5) should be examined in future trips and, if justified, trenches should be dug there similar to the Zamba area. For such work a good helipad will have to constructed in the Spike area.

Assay sample descriptions

KQ-04-23A- 4 scattered representative chips over 1.5 m, 180 STN base of rock face in the Bonanza Guich (Fig. 8) dry stream valley; pale pink pyritic (about 1 %) altered trachytoid, megacrystic syenite porphyry

23B- base of outcrop 3 m south of 23A; 2 representative chips 0.5 m apart; same rock type and alteration as 23A

23C- base of outcrop 7 m south of 23B; 3 representative chips over 2 m; same rock type and alteration as 23A

KQ-04-24- about 70-80 m south of 23C at about the same elevation on the south side of the Bob North Gully dry stream valley; about a 3 by 4 m crumbly, weathered outcrop about 50-60 m east of the Zamba showing; same rock type as 23A

KQ-04-25A- Zamba showing-hand dug trench (Fig. 9), 1 m continuous chip sample of crumbly deeply weathered top of subcrop about the same location as chip sample 98 Bob 917 about 4 m south of the dry stream in an area of rusty, muddy talus; bright pink-red, intensely K-feldspar altered megacrystic syenite porphyry with blebby disseminated chalcopyrite

25B- continuous 1 m chip sample same as 25A; about same location as 98 Bob 918 chip sample

25C- continuous 1 m chip sample same as 25A; about same location as 98 Bob 919 chip sample

25D- continuous 1 m chip sample same as 25A; about same location as 98 Bob 220 chip sample

25E- continuous 1 m chip sample same as 25A; about the same location as 98 Bob 221 chip sample

KQ-04-26A- talus float grab sample at lower helipad of typical 2-3 cm-wide laminated quartz vein with scattered pyrite and chalcopyrite (similar to veins to the east up the hill in the Discovery zone)

Appendix I- Chemical Analyses

Figures

Figure captions

Figure 5. Spike showing west of Pokey Creek; Limpoke Creek in the background.

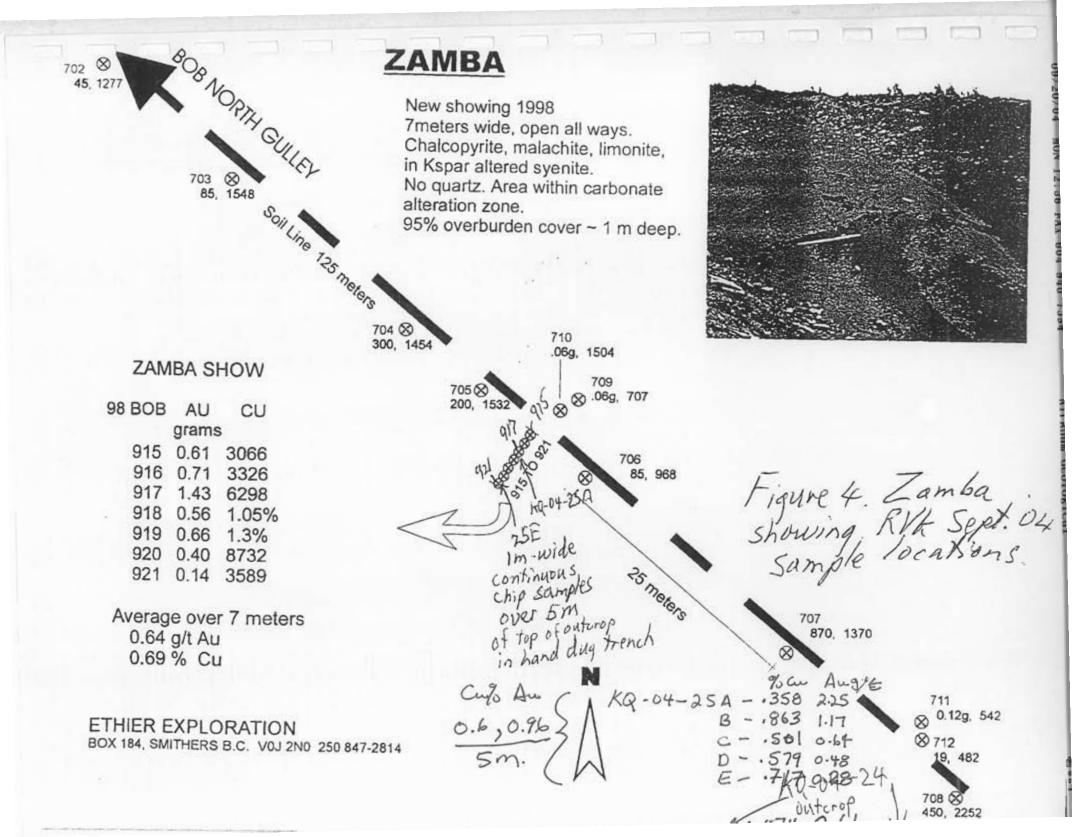
Figure 6. Bob hill viewed to the east; Bob North Gully on the right side of the photograph; Zamba trench faint dark line in rusty, muddy talus in Bob North Gully; Discovery showing and upper helipad above snowline south of upper Bob North Gully; Bonanza Gulch centre and left side of photography with Bert, Bonanza, and 180 STN localities in rusty area just below snowline.

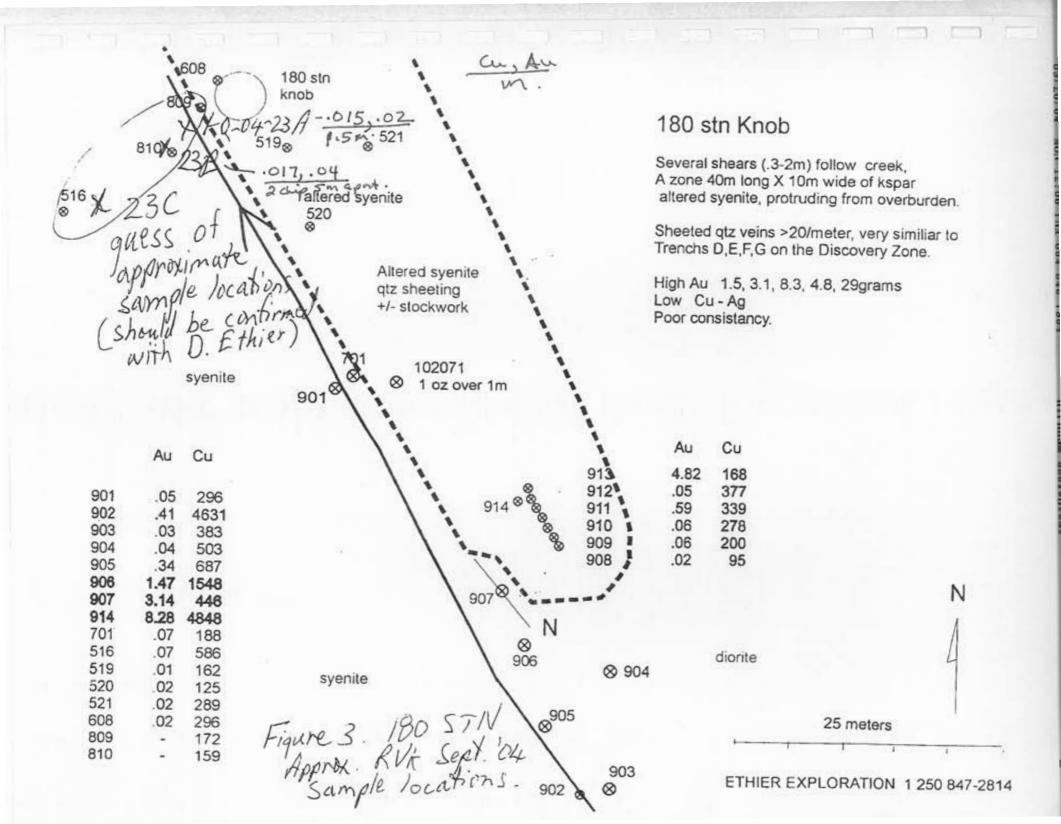
Figure 7. Discovery showing, typical steeply-dipping sheeted quartz vein with scattered pyrite and lesser chalcopyrite.

Figure 8. 180 STN view north of D. Ethier at base of outcrop at KQ-04-23A sample site.

Figure 9. Zamba 2004 hand dug trench with D. Ethier.

Figure 10. Bob North Gully below Zamba trench.





BOB CLAIMS

NTS 104 G/ 13W SCALE 1: 5,000

LEGEND

46K

3b Granodohte

4a Dykes, Plugs Crystal crowded, pegmatic syenomonzonite

4b matrix supported porphyritic syenite

k potassium itered

q-c quartz carbonate alteration

6c Diorite dykes.

4ak - 4bk most likely primary host.

SAMPLE LOCATIONS 1998

> ROCK 98.BOB 901 - 934 98.BOB 723,724,736 98.BOB 701;709 - 712

SOILS

98 SF 0+00 - 0+300 98 BOB 702 - 708. 98 BOB 713 - 722; 725 - 735. 98 BOB 737 - 745

ETHIER EXPLORATION BOX 184, SMITHERS, B.C. VOJ 2140

0 15 50 100 200 Metres 1: 50,000

