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VANCOUVER, B.C.

**ANNUAL REPORT
ON THE
R. P. F. CLAIM
OMINECA MINING DIVISION, BC**

NTS 93 0/4

Latitude: 55° 03'N

Longitude: 123° 49'W

**OWNER:
Dave Forshaw
Box 419
Mackenzie, B.C.
V0J 2C0**

**BY:
Dave Forshaw**

JANUARY, 2005

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, BRANCH
ASSESSMENT REPORT
27-030

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LOCATION AND ACCESS

The property is located approximately 85 miles northwest of Prince George and 55 kilometers west of Windy Point, B.C. on the Finlay Philip Forest Service Road. The RPF claim is centered on 55° 03' north latitude and 123° 49' west longitude on NTS sheet 93 0/4. It is accessible by logging roads from spring to fall or by helicopter from Mackenzie.

TOPOGRAPHY AND VEGETATION

The topography of the area is rolling hills ranging in elevation from 980 meters (2990 ft.) above sea level (ASL) to 1250 meters (3800 ft.) ASL covered with economic stands of spruce and fir and also poplar trees. The best exposure of bedrock is usually found in logging cuts and along road cuts.

PROPERTY STATUS

Claim List:

Claim Name	Record No.	Units	Expiry Date	Owner
RPF	393844	10	June 1, 2005	David Forshaw
PAUL 1	393845	1	June 1, 2005	David Forshaw
PAUL 2	393846	1	June 1, 2005	David Forshaw
PAUL 3	393847	1	June 1, 2005	David Forshaw
PAUL 4	393848	1	June 1, 2005	David Forshaw
PAUL 5	393849	1	June 1, 2005	David Forshaw
PAUL 6	393850	1	June 1, 2005	David Forshaw
PAUL 7	393851	1	June 1, 2005	David Forshaw
PAUL 8	393852	1	June 1, 2005	David Forshaw

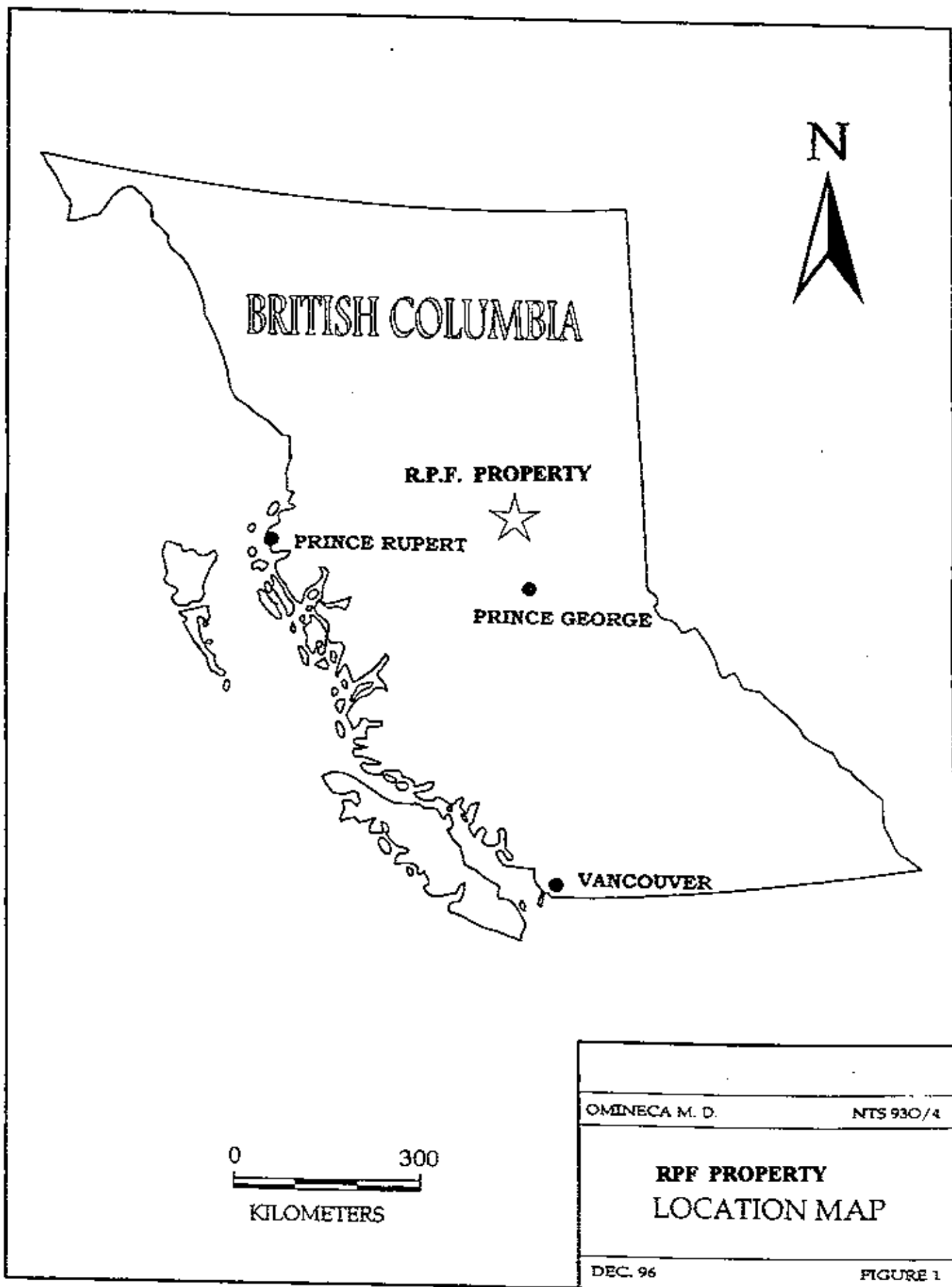
HISTORY

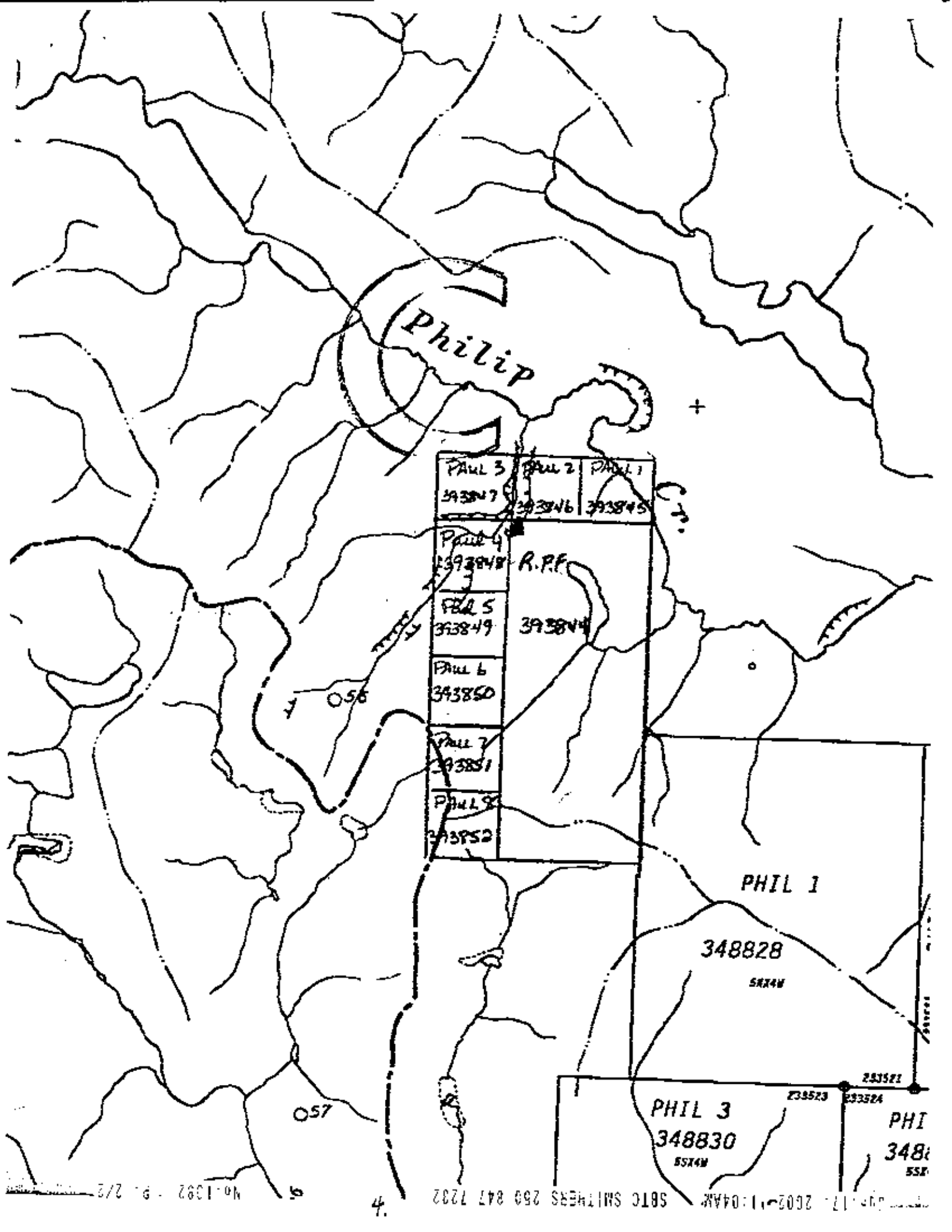
The property is located southeast of Placer Dome's Mt. Milligan copper/gold porphyry deposit. The property was originally staked by Dave Forshaw and in April 1991 was optioned to Teck Exploration Ltd. Teck contracted Pacific Geophysics to conduct induced polarization and resistivity and ground magnetic surveys over an aeromagnetic high on the property. The surveys identified four IP anomalies and a magnetic high, but Teck dropped the option. The following year the property was soil sampled by the owner as assessment work. The results of the survey were inconclusive in determining the character of the IP and magnetic anomalies.

In 1991 the Geological Survey of Canada (GSC) conducted a high resolution airborne gamma ray spectrometric (AGRS) survey over the Mt Milligan area. This survey delineated potassic halo "bull's-eyes" over the Mt. Milligan, Taylor, Wit, Chuchi and other known deposits and identified several new targets, one of which mostly lies under the RPF claim. This is known as the "K4" anomaly. The RPF was optioned by Pacific Mariner Exploration Ltd. in February 1994.

In 1995 Pacific Mariner Exploration Ltd. drilled to 103.35m through maroon and grey tuff. One sample was sent in with Gold - <5 ppb and Copper - 101 ppm. Pacific Mariner Exploration Ltd. changed their company name to Abitibi Mining Corp. The dropped their option on the RPF in the year 2000.

In 2002 the claim was restaked by Dave Forshaw, adding 8 units on the north and west boundaries, for a total of 18 units, to further cover the "K4" anomaly. Rock and soil sampling was then done.





REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The following has been culled from the capsule geology on Minfile number 093N 194 of the Mount Milligan deposit:

The claims lie within the Quesnel Belt, composed of Upper Triassic Takla Group andesitic to basaltic massive volcanic flows, sills and volcanoclastic rocks that have been metamorphosed to greenschist facies and intruded by intermediate to mafic subvolcanic and plutonic rocks. Lithologies within the Takla Group include augite and plagioclase porphyritic flows and tuffs and their subvolcanic equivalents, massive non-porphyritic flows and crystal lapilli tuffs. The intrusive suite includes a complex mix of syenite, monzonite, diorite/monzodiorite and gabbro/monzogabbro from the Late Triassic - Early Jurassic and Late Cretaceous granite.

The Mount Milligan deposit is underlain by coarse-grained labradorite diorite and biotite-bearing monzodiorite in the north, and central segment of quartz porphyritic and megacrystic feldspar porphyritic phases, and a southern segment of biotite quartz diorite. The pluton is complicated by several complex sheeted and pegmatitic dyke phases and xenoliths and rafts of biotite hornfels wallrock.

The dominant structural trend is north-northwest with most rock units subvertically oriented, probably due to block faulting and rotation. Faults and shear zones are mainly oriented northeast and northwest.

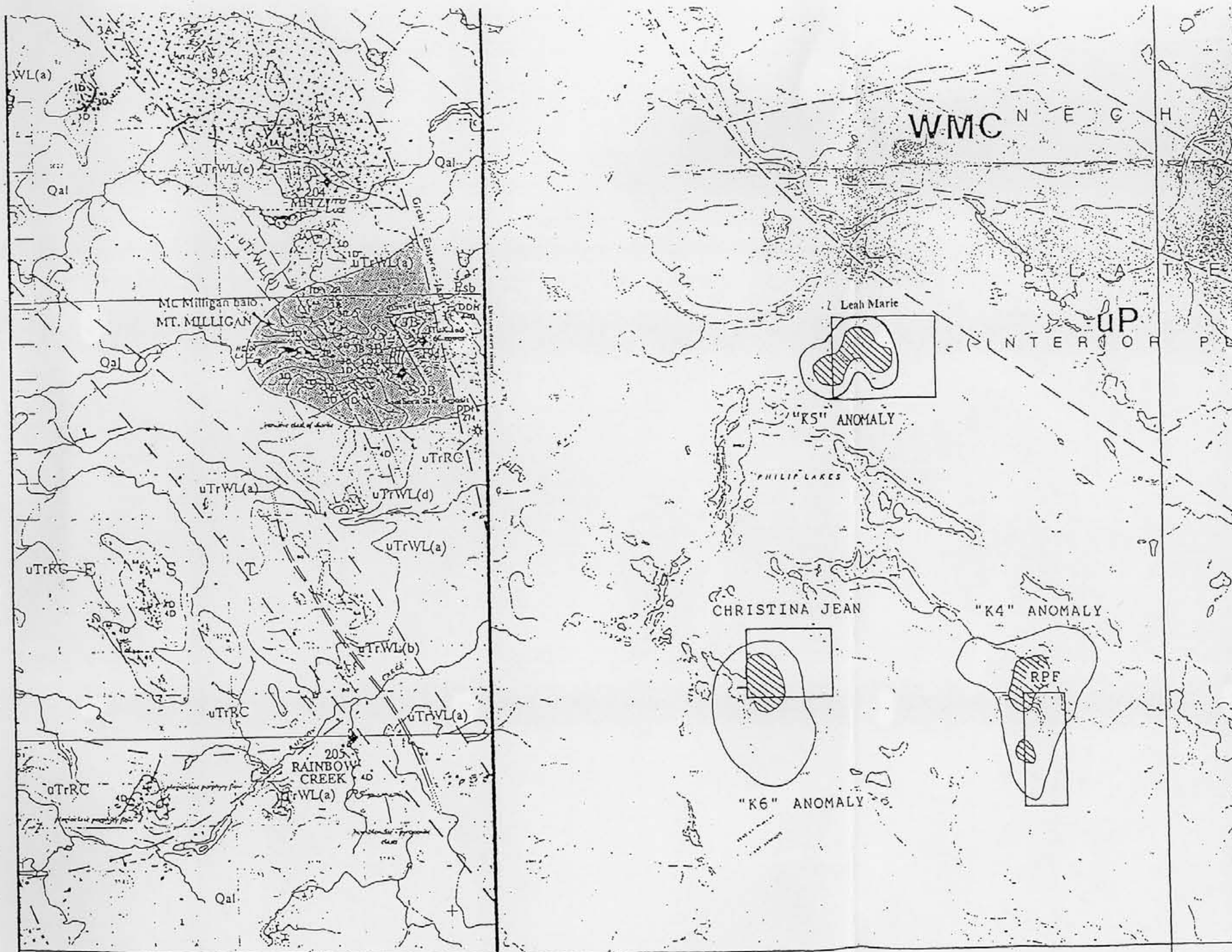
PROPERTY GEOLOGY

The property is located within the northern part of a narrow northwesterly trending assemblage of lower late Triassic island arc volcanics and associated sedimentary facies known as the Quesnel belt and defined locally as the Takla Group. These rocks are intruded by coeval plutons which range up to Early Jurassic in age (Nelson et al., 1991). The large Multiphase Hogem Batholith, located approximately 30 kilometers west of the property, is the largest pluton in the area. The property is located near the eastern margin of Quesnellia which is marked by a complex zone of faults that separate the Takla rocks from the Late Paleozoic Slide Mountain Terrain and , metamorphic rocks of autochthonous North America.

The Quesnel belt is known to host a number of copper-gold porphyry deposits associated with alkalic magmatism, including the Afton, Kemess, Mt. Polley mines, and the Mt. Milligan deposit. Mt. Milligan contains geologic reserves of 400 million tonnes grading 0.48grams per tonne gold and 0.2% copper, and is located 20 kilometers northwest of the RPF property.

A 2 km by 2 km aeromagnetic high is located in the northern part of the property in the approximate area of a potassium anomaly. Magnetic highs and potassium anomalies of this nature are often related to small plutons that are the center of a porphyry system.

Two areas of outcrop have been located, both a maroon-coloured slightly-siliceous hematitic tuff. (1) at the north-west and (2) at the west-central which contains a northwesterly trending carbonate altered and silicified shear zone, approximately 2 meters wide, that contains trace amounts of disseminated chalcopyrite and minor disseminated chalcopyrite and minor disseminated pyrite.



LEGEND

LAYERED ROCKS

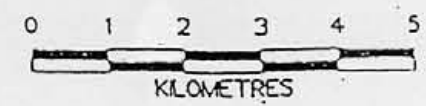
- QUATERNARY
- Q-1 UNCONSOLIDATED GLACIAL FILL AND ALLUVIUM
 - Q-2 OLIGNE-BEARING BASALT
- QUATERNARY?
- Q-3 OLIGNE-BEARING BASALT
- Eocene - Oligocene
- E-1 VOLCANIC WACKES, PLANT-BEARING, VOLCANIC ASH-RICH MUDSTONE AND BASALT
- UPPER TRIASSIC (- JURASSIC)
- TAKLA GROUP
- uTrCL CHUON LAKE FORMATION: (A) GREEN AND MAROON METACLASTIC AGGLOMERATE; (B) PLAGIOCLASE PORPHYRY TRACHYTE FLOWS AND BRECCIAS; (C) INTERVOLCANIC SEDIMENTS
 - uTrML WITON LAKE FORMATION: (A) ALGITE (+ PLAGIOCLASE + MONZONITE) PORPHYRY AGGLOMERATE, LAPILLI TUFF AND EPICLASTIC SEDIMENTS; (B) TRACHYTE FLOWS AND TUFF BRECCIAS; (C) PLAGIOCLASE (+ ALGITE) PORPHYRY LAPILLI FLOWS AND AGGLOMERATES; (D) EPICLASTIC SEDIMENTS (SANDSTONES AND SILTSTONES) AND MINOR ANHYDRODIAL TRACHYTE FLOWS; (E) AMPHIBOLITE AND METAMORPHOSED ALGITE PORPHYRY FLOWS, LAPILLI TUFF, AGGLOMERATE AND SEDIMENTS
 - uTrIL WITON LAKE FORMATION VOLCANIC SANDSTONE, SILTSTONES, MUDSTONE, ALGITE, LAPILLI TUFF AND SEDIMENTARY BRECCIA
 - uTrRC RAINBOW CREEK FORMATION: CREE SLATE, THIN BEDDED SILTSTONE, MINOR VOLCANIC SEDIMENTS

INTRUSIVE ROCKS

- LATE CRETACEOUS-EARLY TERTIARY
- 1 GRANITE SUITE: (1A) COARSE TO MEDIUM GRAINED, EQUIGRAINULAR GRANITE; (1B) AMPHIBOLITE/DIABASE
- LATE TRIASSIC-EARLY JURASSIC
- 2 SYENITE SUITE: (2A) COARSE TO MEDIUM GRAINED, EQUIGRAINULAR SYENITE; (2B) COARSE PLAGIOCLASE PORPHYRY SYENITE; (2C) MEGACRYSTIC SYENITE
 - 3 MONZONITE SUITE: (3A) COARSE TO MEDIUM GRAINED, EQUIGRAINULAR MONZONITE; (3B) COARSE PLAGIOCLASE PORPHYRY MONZONITE; (3C) MEGACRYSTIC PLAGIOCLASE MONZONITE; (3D) SPARSELY PORPHYRYIC LAPILLI
 - 4 DIORITE/MONZODIORITE SUITE: (4A) COARSE TO MEDIUM GRAINED, EQUIGRAINULAR DIORITE/MONZODIORITE; (4B) COARSE PLAGIOCLASE PORPHYRYIC DIORITE; (4C) MEGACRYSTIC PLAGIOCLASE (+ ALGITE) PORPHYRYIC DIORITE; (4D) SPARSELY PORPHYRYIC ANDESITE
 - 5 CABRIO/MONZOCABRIO SUITE: (5A) COARSE TO MEDIUM GRAINED, EQUIGRAINULAR CABRIO/MONZOCABRIO

Geology Sources
 93 N/2E BC-MEMPR of 1992-1994 J.L. Nelson et al.
 93 N/1 BC-MEMPR of 1991-1993 J.L. Nelson et al.
 93 O/4W BC-MEMPR, Geological Highway Map No. 3

Scale = 1:100 000



David Forshaw
 Leah Marie Claim
 OMINICA M. D., BC NTS 93-0-4

Regional Geology
 Scale 1 : 100,000
 Date: June/1999
 By: D. F.

Figure 3

WORK PROGRAM

The first sample was taken 2500 meters south, 100 meters east of the north west corner of the RPF mineral claim, and the second (5A) at a point 65 meters west of the north west corner. From that point on one sample was taken every 100 meters to the east, until nine samples were collected for this work program. These samples were chosen for analysis to give an understanding of the mineralization in the south west part of the claim. These samples did not indicate anomalous mineralization in this area.

GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY METHODS

The soil samples were taken primarily from an area that had been logged in the past, spruce and pine have been planted and are approximately four meters high at this time. We limited samples to areas that had not been disturbed. Sample stations are at one hundred meter intervals and marked with flagging tape. Soil samples were taken from the "B" horizon, found at depths of five to forty centimeters, using a spade. The samples were placed in Kraft soil sample bags and dried prior to shipping to Acme Analytical Laboratories for analysis. Each sample was tested for gold, copper, and twenty nine other minerals using I.C.P. group ID - 5 gm, and for the gold, group 3A - AU - 15.0 gm

GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY RESULTS

The results of the survey on the R.P.F. mineral claim this year were not anomalous in copper, with a high of 30.0 ppm and the low being 6.0 ppm respectively. The highest gold was 8.8 ppb. I plan to add to the sample grid starting at a point 2000 meters south of the north west corner of the RPF claim, and start by collecting a sample 100 meters to the east and collect samples every 100 meters for 1000 meters. This will be done in the summer of 2005.

PAUL 3

393847

PAUL 2

393846

PAUL 1

393845

PAUL 4

393848

R.P.F.

PAUL 5

393849

393844

PAUL 6

393850

AD (PPB)

3.3

1.8

2.0

2.7

8.8

4.2

4.8

3.8

2.9

PAUL 7

393851

CU (PPM)

7

6

7

6

12

20

14

15

30

2500S 100E

2500S 300E

2500S 300E

2500S 400E

2500S 500E

2500S 600E

2500S 700E

2500S 800E

2500S 900E

PAUL 8

393852

RPFO4-1

RPFO4-2

RPFO4-3

RPFO4-4

RPFO4-5

RPFO4-6

RPFO4-7

RPFO4-8

RPFO4-9

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The RPF mineral claim is underlain by rocks of the Quesnel Belt which are known to host a number of copper - gold porphyry deposits associated with alkalic magnetism including the Mount Milligan deposit which lies just 14 kilometers to the north west. A potassic anomaly covers the mineralized areas found on the Mount Milligan deposit. A potassic anomaly also exists on the RPF claim. The geochemical sampling program shows that weakly anomalous copper/gold in soils exists at the south west central section and contains anomalous sections continuing into the northern part of the claim. The soil samples taken on the south west part of the claim boundary had no anomalous copper/gold.

The recommendations for the 2005 work program are to extend the grid 500 meters to the north, and sample to the east for 1000 meters. In doing this it is hoped to more clearly define the mineralization associated with the potassic "bulls eye" identified in the AGRS survey.

MAY-04-2005 WED 09:50 AM ACME ANALYTICAL LAB FAX NO. 8042531718 P. 02

156 9002 Acme Analytical Lab (CA)

GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS CERTIFICATE

FOYAHAN, DAVID File # 45112102 Page 1

10000 1717 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000

SAMPLE#

Au*
ppb

RPF04-1	3.3
RPF04-2	1.8
RPF04-3	2.0
RPF04-4	2.7
RPF04-5	8.8
RPF04-6	4.2
RPF04-7	4.8
RPF04-8	3.8
RPF04-9	2.9
STANDARD DS6	47.9

GROUP 3A - 75 GM SAMPLE LEACHED WITH 90 ML 2-2-2 HCL-HNO3-H2O AT 95 DEG. C FOR ONE HOUR, DILUTED TO 300 ML, ANALYSED BY ICP-MS.
 UPPER LIMITS - MP = 100 PPM.
 - SAMPLE TYPE: Soil Pulp Samples beginning 'RE' are Retains and 'RRE' are Reject Retains.

Date h FA DATE RECEIVED: APR 26 2005 DATE REPORT MAILED: May 2/05



All results are considered the confidential property of the client. Acme assumes the liabilities for actual cost of the analysis only.

GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS CERTIFICATE

Forshaw, David File # A501218 Page 1
P.O. Box 419, Mackenzie BC V0J 2C0



SAMPLE#	Na	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Ni	Co	Mn	Fe	As	U	Au	Th	Sr	Cd	Sb	Bi	V	Ca	P	La	Cr	Mg	Ba	Tl	B	At	Mo	K	W
	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	%	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	%	%	%	%	%	ppm
RPF04-1	<1	7	7	18	<.3	4	2	84	1.05	2	<8	<2	<2	26	<.5	<3	<3	48	.27	.028	6	14	.20	55	.08	<3	.66	.01	.04	<2
RPF04-2	<1	6	5	18	<.3	3	2	81	1.01	<2	<8	<2	<2	26	<.5	<3	<3	48	.27	.024	6	12	.19	51	.08	<3	.65	.01	.04	<2
RPF04-3	<1	7	4	17	<.3	1	1	68	.75	<2	<8	<2	<2	12	<.5	<3	<3	20	.13	.022	8	4	.12	44	.02	<3	.53	<.01	.07	<2
RPF04-4	<1	6	<3	21	<.3	2	2	69	.82	<2	<8	<2	<2	16	<.5	<3	<3	25	.16	.022	8	6	.14	43	.03	<3	.56	<.01	.06	<2
RPF04-5	2	22	8	46	<.3	11	7	348	2.22	3	<8	<2	2	43	<.5	<3	<3	58	.53	.035	11	26	.68	143	.07	<3	1.56	.01	.07	<2
RPF04-6	1	20	4	49	<.3	10	6	320	2.11	<2	<8	<2	2	41	<.5	<3	<3	55	.50	.032	10	23	.64	135	.07	<3	1.49	.01	.06	<2
RPF04-7	<1	14	5	37	<.3	7	5	223	1.58	2	<8	<2	2	32	<.5	<3	<3	48	.48	.028	9	21	.45	93	.07	<3	1.15	.01	.06	<2
RPF04-8	<1	15	3	42	<.3	10	5	238	1.51	<2	<8	<2	<2	38	<.5	<3	<3	57	.54	.026	8	28	.46	80	.09	<3	1.21	.01	.05	<2
RPF04-9	<1	30	8	50	.5	19	8	257	2.36	4	<8	<2	2	34	<.5	<3	<3	71	.45	.060	7	38	.53	102	.10	<3	1.66	.01	.04	<2
STANDARD DS6	11	121	28	148	.3	25	11	695	2.88	23	<8	<2	3	39	6.1	4	5	56	.87	.074	13	195	.59	163	.08	16	1.87	.08	.15	2

3A.

GROUP 10 - 0.50 GM SAMPLE LEACHED WITH 3 ML 2-2-2 HCL-HNO3-H2O AT 95 DEG. C FOR ONE HOUR, DILUTED TO 10 ML, ANALYSED BY ICP-ES.
<> CONCENTRATION EXCEEDS UPPER LIMITS. SOME MINERALS MAY BE PARTIALLY ATTACKED. REFRACTORY AND GRAPHITIC SAMPLES CAN LIMIT AN SOLUBILITY.
- SAMPLE TYPE: Soil SS80 60C Samples beginning 'RE' are Rejects and 'RRE' are Reject Returns.

Data 1 FA DATE RECEIVED: MAR 31 2005 DATE REPORT MAILED: April 7, 2005



RPF CLAIM -- EXPENDITURES

SALARIES

Dave Forshaw 3 man days @ 150/day	450.00
Assistant - 3 man days @ 150/day	450.00

REPORT PREPARATION

Dave and Valerie Forshaw	180.00
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LOGISTICAL COSTS

Food and Lodging	300.00
Vehicle, Fuel and Maintenance	500.00

ANALYSIS - SOIL TESTING

9 Samples @ 6.75 (Group ID)	60.75
9 Samples @ 7.50 (Group 3A AU - 15 gm)	67.50
9 SS80 Soil Preparation @ 1.65	14.85
Tax	10.02

EQUIPMENT COSTS

Chain Saw , Supplies and equipment	250.00
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<u>FILING FEES</u>	180.00
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<u>SUBTOTAL</u>	2463.12
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<u>ADMINISTRATION FEE (15%)</u>	369.47
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<u>TOTAL</u>	2832.59
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STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS – FOR DAVID FORSHAW

1. Thirty-four years of active prospecting experience.
2. I have completed courses in the following: Basic Prospecting, Advanced Prospecting, Drift Prospecting, Radiometric Geology, Geochemical, Placer, Industrial Minerals and Carlin Geology, (Microscopic Gold in Sediments), Type Au Deposits. I have attended the Cordilleran Roundup Mining Convention in Vancouver and the Minerals North Conference each year. I have also attended a great number of talks given by specialists in the mining field.
3. I have organized and assisted in twelve Basic Prospecting Courses, one advanced Prospecting Course, one Placer Course, instructed one Basic Prospecting Course, led field trips, and assisted instructors in a number of Prospecting courses.
4. I am the mining representative for the District of Mackenzie Economic Development Advisory Committee.
5. I represented the B. C. & Yukon Chamber of Mines in the Mackenzie L.R.M.P. process.
6. I assist teachers in Mackenzie and Prince George Elementary and High Schools with their Geology related subjects, in the classroom and on field trips. I now do this through the CAST Program (Scientists & Innovators in the Schools).
7. I am a member of the Omineca Exploration Group and actively work to bring the prospectors in our area educational courses, field trips, and interesting speakers from all aspects of the mining field.
8. I have also taken courses in Holistic Forestry and other forest related courses to further my understanding of our environment and for reclamation purposes.
9. I have staked numerous mineral, placer, and industrial mineral claims, then done different types of surveys on them. I then wrote reports regarding these surveys.
10. I have negotiated option agreements on a number of mineral claims with mining companies.

I believe that this experience and training qualifies me as a prospector.



R.D. Forshaw

BIBLIOGRAPHY

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