

**HORSEFLY MOTHERLODE GOLD PROJECT
(Stope Baby Mineral Claims)**

**Report of Follow-Up
Enzyme Leach Soil Sampling - 2006**

**Cariboo Mining Division
NTS 93A-6W (93A .023-.033)
Lat 52° 17' 30" Long. 121° 26' 30"**

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY BRANCH
AN ACT OF PARLIAMENT, 1879

Owned and Operated by
Herb Wahl
and
Jack Brown-John

2006

RECEIVED
1 JUL 2006
Gold Leach Sampling Office
Vancouver, B.C.

Prepared by H. J. Wahl, P.Eng. B.C.
R.R.#10, 1416 Ocean Beach Esplanade
Gibsons, B. C. V0N 1V3
July 2006

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- Fig. A1** Detailed Location April 2006 Enzyme Leach Soil Sampling Area: Amendment Re: 24 April 07

APPENDICES

- Appendix 1 Acme Assay Reports, #A505777, and A505778.
- Appendix 2 Certificate of Analysis, Actlabs Report No. A06-1349
- Appendix 3 Enzyme Leach Interpretation Report, by G.T. Hill.

SUMMARY:

The Stope Baby Project is located 5 km SSW of Horsefly Village along the banks of Moffat Creek within the Cariboo Mining Division. The claims cover a 1999 prospecting discovery in Moffat Canyon of high grade sphalerite lenses in a north trending shear zone, with accompanying values in Pb Ag Cu and Au. The showing lies within calc-alkaline Triassic volcanics of the western Quesnel Trough central volcanic axis.

Current work was focused on the east side of Moffat Creek (Mussel Creek drainage) where a 2003 enzyme leach geochemical survey identified a high sulphide oxidation response with proximal EM linkage. Some 78 soil samples were collected from this zone and subjected to enhanced enzyme leach analysis by Actlabs of Ancaster, Ontario.

The interpretation report by G.T. Hill confirms the previously detected oxidation anomaly with elemental patterns indicating a buried intrusive source. Further target refinement by I.P. survey is recommended.

Costs for the current project are \$10,384.19.

INTRODUCTION

During the period 10-16 April 2006, a program of follow up soil sampling for enhanced enzyme leach (EZL) analysis, with attendant line cutting, was completed on the Stope Baby Mineral claims, 4 km due south of Horsefly, B.C.

The picket lines were constructed to cover an EZL indicated sulphide-rich zone in the sub-surface detected by the 2003 Otish Mountain Exploration Co. grid survey (6).

The property covers a brand new Zn Pb Cu Ag Au plus native copper shear zone hosted occurrence, in the Triassic Volcanics of Moffat Canyon, discovered in 1999 by co-owner, Jack Brown-John. Current work was focused across the creek from the original discovery within entirely drift-covered terrain.

LOCATION AND ACCESS (Fig. 1, Fig. A)

The property is situated 5 km SSW of Horsefly at a fault induced E-W break along the course of Moffat Creek. The first set of waterfalls lies about 100 meters due west of the showing.

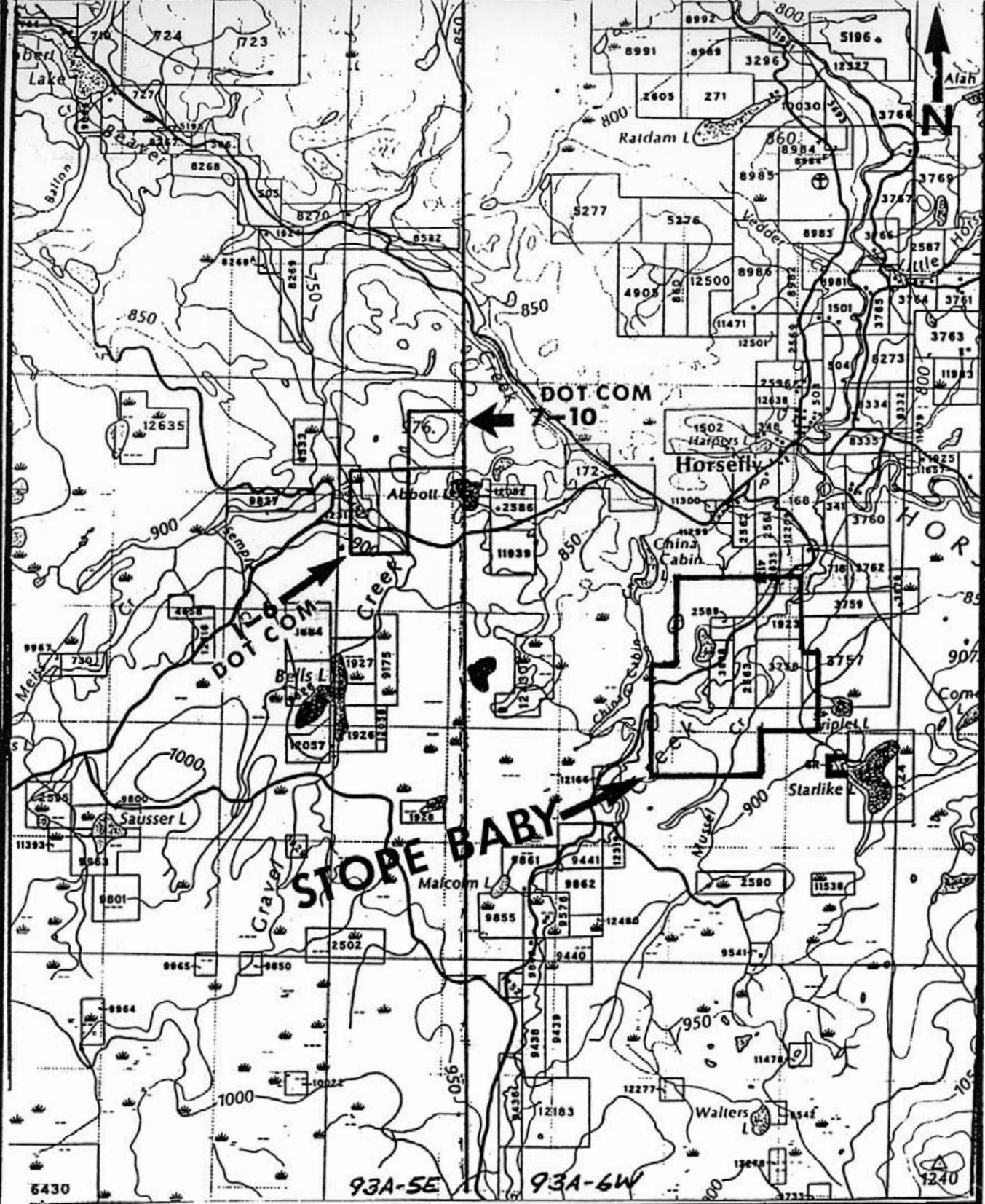
Access from Horsefly is via the 108 Road southwesterly to Gammarus Lake for the western claimed area, or via the Woodjam Road to Starlike Lake Road for access to the eastern sector. The above are all weather gravel roads in generally good condition. Numerous tote roads throughout the claims provide secondary access, depending on seasonal conditions and logging activity.

PROPERTY (Fig. 2)

The property consists of 2 cell claims resulting from conversion of the original legacy claims as follows:

<u>Tenure No.</u>	<u>Claim Name</u>	<u>Good Til Date</u>	<u>Area (ha)</u>
521461	SB South Cell	2006/Nov/08	553.67
521538	SB North Cell	2006/Nov/08	672.08
		Total:	1225.75 ha

The above are situated in the Cariboo Mining Division of Central British Columbia.



LEGACY LOCATION

NTS 93A

Stope Baby Mineral Claims

LOCATION MAP

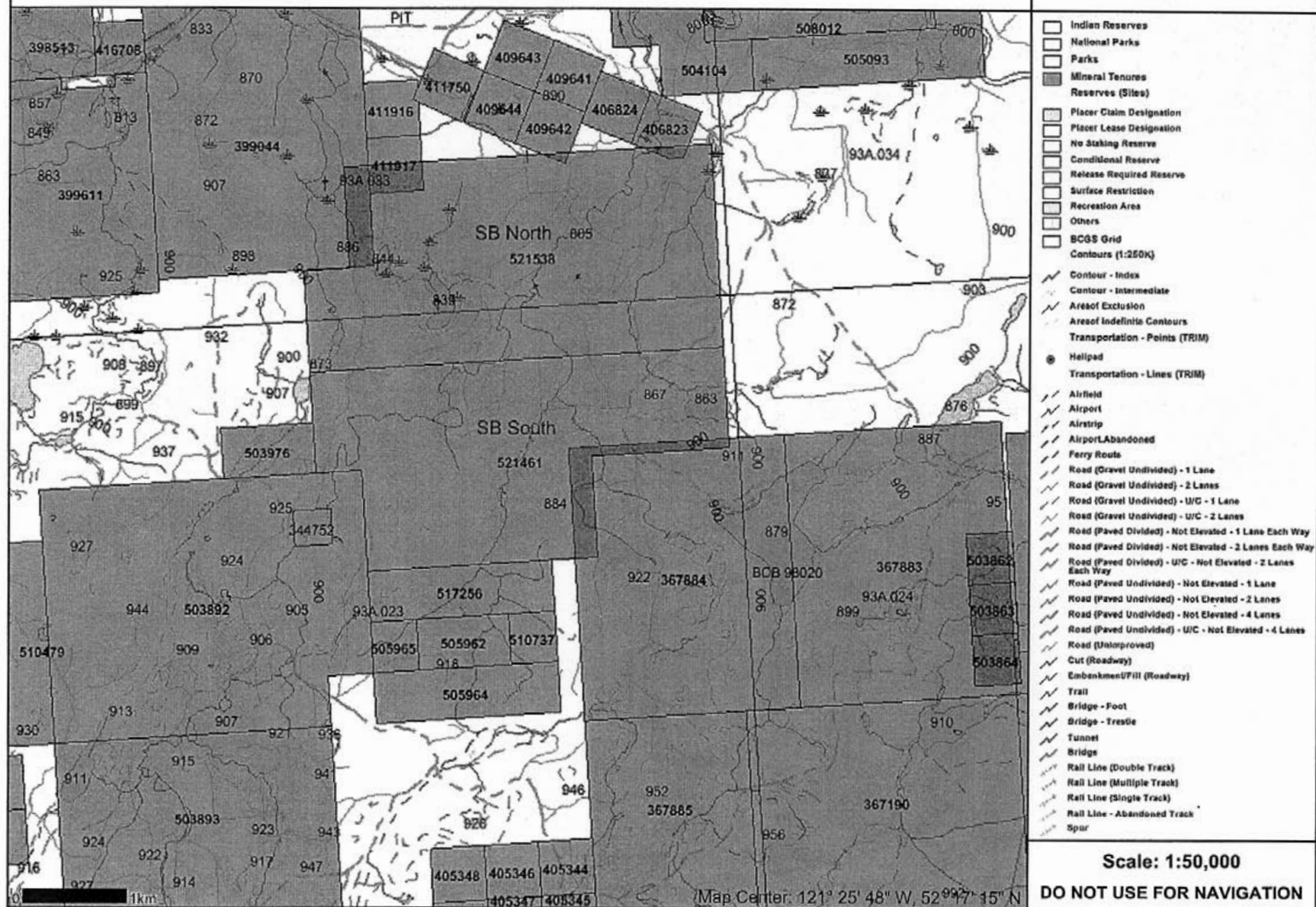
Cariboo Mining Division, B.C.

Scale: 1:100,000 as shown

FIG. 1

Stope Baby Property Map - November 2005

Legend



Scale: 1:50,000
DO NOT USE FOR NAVIGATION

STOPE BABY MINERAL CLAIMS
Detailed Location Map (Cell Claims)
Scale 1:50,000

TERRAIN/ TOPOGRAPHY (Fig. 1)

The Stope Baby property lies within the Quesnel Highland Division of the Central B.C. Fraser Plateau. Elevations range from 2,600 ft ASL to a maximum 3,010 ft ASL. Terrain is flattish to rolling, with a 35-40 meter deep canyon present along Moffat Creek, where this stream does a right angled turn for some 1,000 meters. Glaciofluvial silt deposits some 35-40 meters thick are present along the west bank of Moffat Creek in the vicinity of DL 3688, but these appear to be remnant 'shoulders' of more extensive deposits eroded by Moffat Creek. Outcrop of Triassic hematitic volcanics is present at the base of this cover at 606500 x 5794500.

At the showing, outcrop extends to within 5-10 meters of the canyon rim, and overburden does not appear excessive from this point westward. There is no outcrop east of Moffat Creek, thus overburden depth remains unknown.

Frost cover consists of the usual interior spruce-pine-fir-aspen bush, which is fairly open throughout the claim area. The area south of the E-W bend on Moffat Creek is operated as Woodlot 1450.

HISTORY

Placer gold mining dates back to the early 1860s with the discovery of the Hobson and Wards alluvial deposits.

Hobson's Pit (093A042, 1894-1896)

750,000 yards of loose gravel hydrauliced with average recovered grade of 0.066 oz/ton. The lowermost cemented gravels were mined by u/g methods producing 9,900 tons grading 0.07 oz./ ton. Operations extended from 1894-1899, with some small production in 1912. Total recorded output was 238,653 grams or \approx 7,700 oz. Au, equal to some \$2.3 million at Au \$300/oz.

Detrital gold was contained in the generally accepted "white channel" gravels, both loose and consolidated.

Wards Horsefly (093A015) (Fig. 2)

Major production began in 1891 with the amalgamation of various hand mining operations. Estimates of production range from 29,000 to 59,000 ounces or \$8.7M - 17.7 M @ Au \$300/oz. The total mined area is reported to amount to some 15 acres. The recovered gold was again contained in the "white channel" gravels.

Undocumented Placer Operation (Fig. A)

At co-ordinates 606700-5794800 at the northernmost sharp bend in Moffat Creek, towards the west side of DL 3688, old wash tailings on the west bank of the creek indicate former placer activity. This operation is undocumented. White channel gravel materials is exposed here at the base of a +30 m high bank of glaciofluvial silt. Floats identical to Stope Baby mineralization were located on the gravel bar just east of the Tailings pile. This represents about 1,000 meters of downstream travel from outcrop source.

Asamera Inc. Operations - 1984 (Fig. 5)

The area now covered by the Stope Baby claims was held in 1984 by Asamera Inc., as the metric Golden Falls claim with two, 2-post tag-on units referred to as the Goldie claims.

The 1984 program consisted of 18 km of line cutting with wing lines at 200 and 400 meter intervals, stations at 25 m. The grid was soil sampled with assays for Au, Cu, and Mo only. VLF EM-16 and total field magnetic surveys were also completed.

Five anomalous gold values (>25ppb) were detected, all in the southwest sector of their grid. Two of these sites show alignment with southward projection of the Stope Baby zone.

The most significant results in light of the Stope Baby discovery, was the detection of a distinct magnetic break associated with a -60° deflection VLF conductor that trends northerly through the length of the property (1500m). Another six or so conductors were identified with northerly trends, one in the NW corner above Gammarus Lake, which shows a close alignment with the trend of the Stope Baby shear. The above are summarized on Fig. A.

Geological work by Asamera did not locate any outcrop, other than the volcanics exposed in Moffat Canyon.

Since the new outcrop discovery by the owners in November 1999, the property was optioned to Erin Ventures Inc in 2000. A summary of their work follows (Ref.6):

Erin Ventures Inc.

During the 2000 season, preliminary exploration was conducted on a new polymetallic discovery located in the Quesnel Trench, approximately 6 km south west of the village of Horsefly, B.C. Initial work consisted of expanding the property boundary through perimeter staking, cutting a 24 km grid with cross-lines at 50 meter intervals,

collection of 70 soils for enzyme leach analysis and interpretation, detailed sampling adjoining the discovery in the Moffat Creek Canyon and 12 km of detailed induced polarization survey and total field magnetics. Field work resulted in the discovery of 3 new high grade zones adjoining the discovery showing which increases the width of the stockwork zone to over 100 meters.

Two NQ diamond drill holes designed to cut the mineralization of the discovery showing at depth were drilled for a total of 346 meters. Drill hole SB 1-000 was drilled to the south-east and because of the oblique attack angle and hole deviation, missed the target and was drilled parallel to structure. Hole SB-2-000 was drilled to the south-west and cut the mineralized structure at 119.9 meters. From 119.9 to 120.7 meters mineralization consisted of semi-massive sphalerite enclosing blebs of galena and chalcopyrite within a grey green carbonate zone. Assay results for this section returned values of 0.13% Cu, 0.10% Pb, 3.57% Zn, 9.1 g/t Ag and 0.42 g/t Au.

Authors note: Intercept included grains of native copper.

There is no doubt that the Stope Baby property is a significant polymetallic discovery that warrants further drilling. A 1,500 meter drill program consisting of 6 holes is recommended to test the southerly extension of the resistivity anomaly. Reported costs for this program were \$104,347.00.

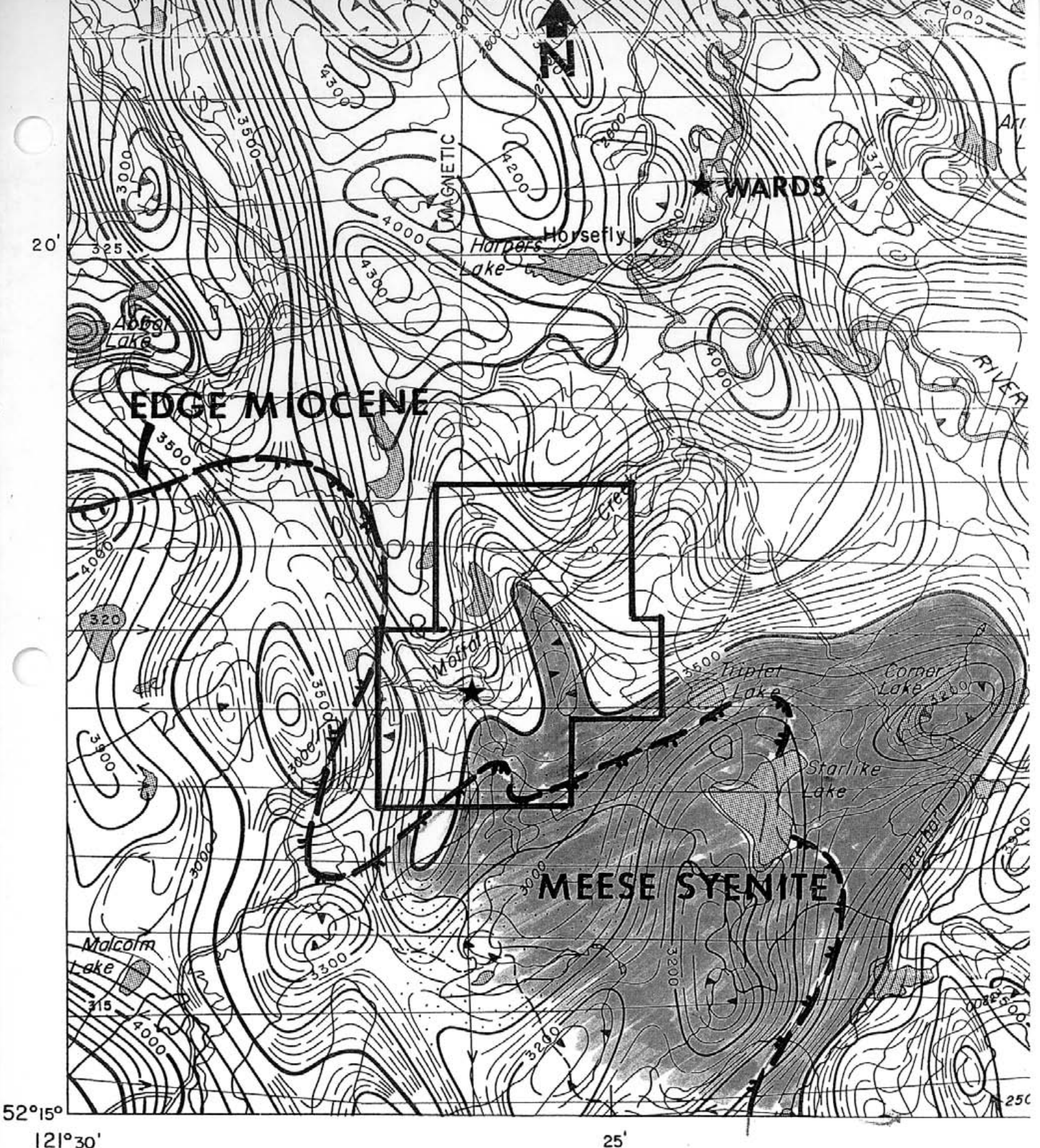
In 2003, Erin Ventures sub-leased the Stope Baby option to Otish Mountain Exploration Inc., who completed a \$51,206.25 work program consisting of 12.7 km of grid work including ground magnetic survey, Maxmin EM survey, and enhanced EZL survey, collecting 262 samples at 50 meter intervals (6). Subsequent to this, the option lapsed as neither Erin nor Otish were able to raise additional funds.

REGIONAL GEOLOGY (Ref. 1)

The Stope Baby claims are situated near the east margin of the Central Quesnel Triassic volcanic belt. The belt is composed of mafic to andesitic volcanic rocks and volcanic-related sediments, thick sections of argillites, and substantial zones of basal black phyllite along the east margin. These strata are intruded by numerous syenitic stocks and plugs, the most noteworthy being the Bootjack Lake stock, which hosts the Mt. Polley Cu-Au mine, some 27 km to the north.

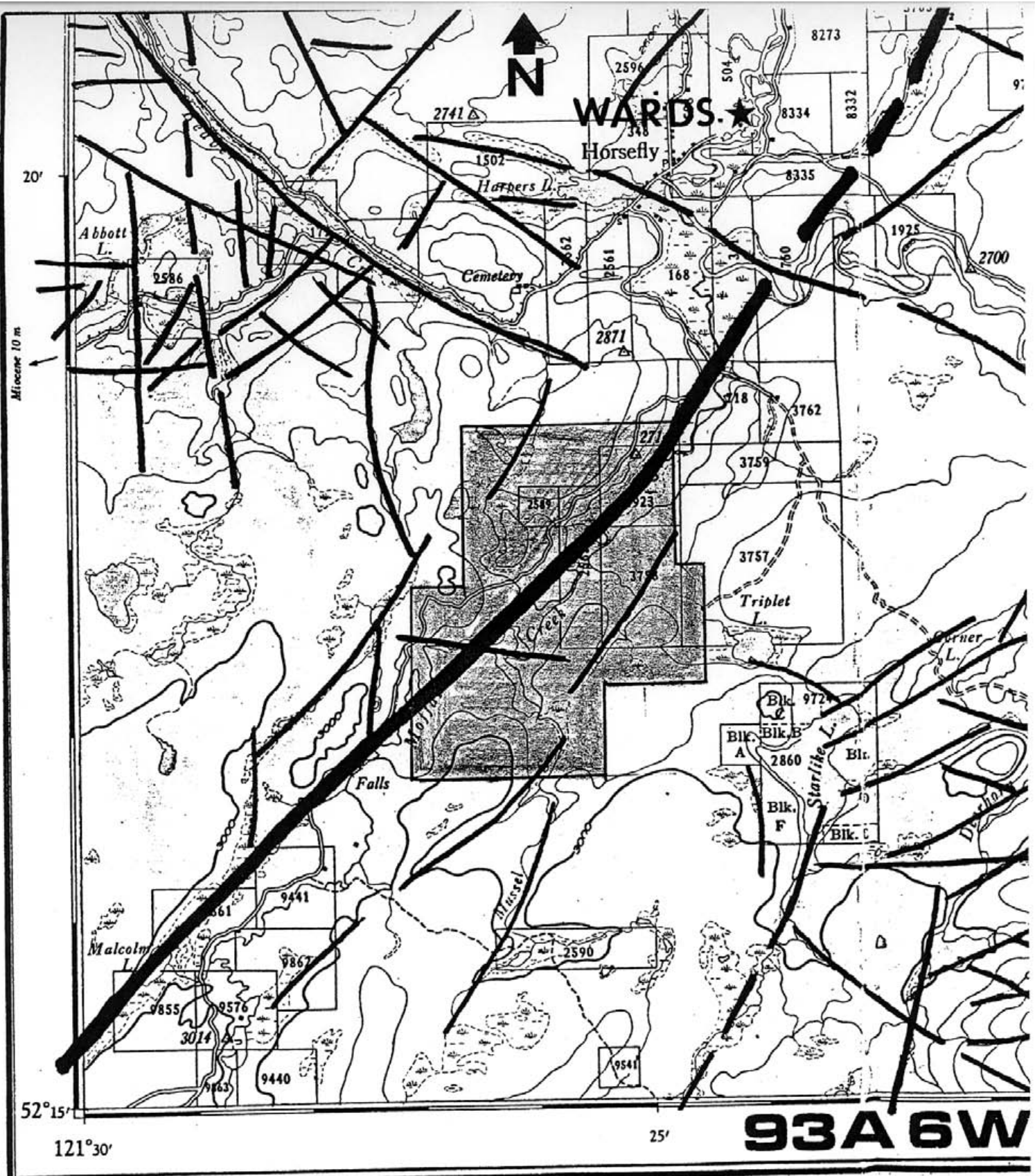
The Quesnel rocks are of low metamorphic rank, but have been strongly block faulted by post depositional tectonics.

The volcanics show little planar structure and vary widely in lithology over short distances: coupled with extensive drift cover, lateral correlation is difficult.



MAP 5239G 93A-6W

HORSEFLY MOTHERLODE GOLD PROJECT
 Stope Baby Showing vs. Regional Aeromagnetics
 Scale: 1:50,000 FIG. 3

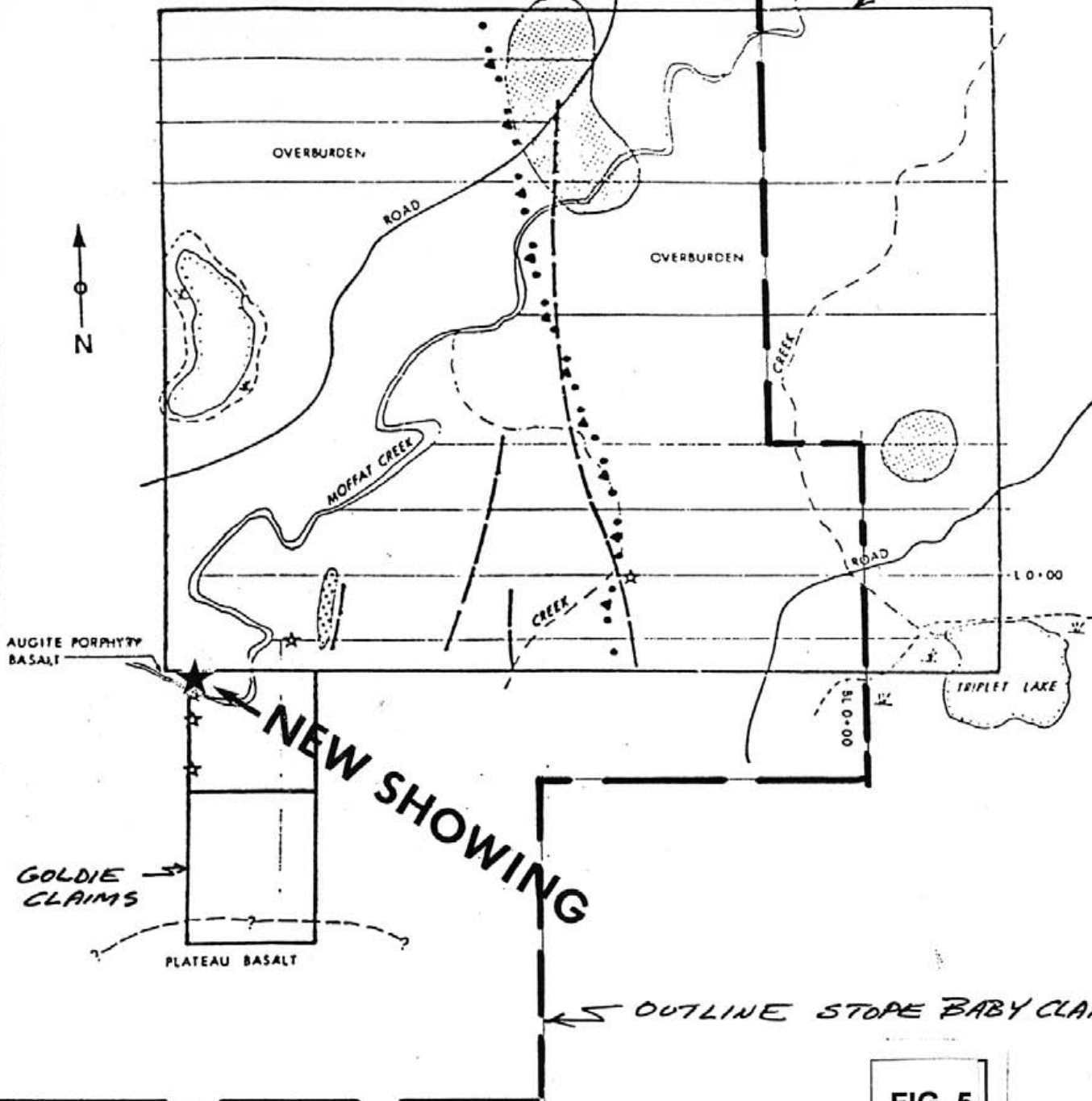


HORSEFLY MOTHERLODE GOLD PROJECT
 Stope Baby Claims
 Photogeology

Scale: 1:50,000

FIG. 4

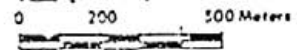
GOLDEN FALLS CLAIM



LEGEND:

-  VLF Cond. Axes
-  Mag Highs
-  Lineaments (mag.)
-  Gold Highs (> 25 ppb) soil
-  Copper Highs (> 50 ppm) soil
-  Geologic Contact Defined, approx. inferred

FIG. 5



ASAMERA INC. 

CARIBOO PROJECT
GOLDEN FALLS GRID
COMPILATION

AR 13,490

The specific formations exposed in Moffat Canyon which host the known showing are nearly identical to the Central Volcanic Axis Volcanics found along the Beaver Valley belt, including the presence of native copper.

AEROMAGNETICS (Fig. 3)

The Stope Baby claims are located along the eastern side of a NW trending zone of high magnetic relief, due to the magnetite-rich character of the Central belt calc-alkaline volcanics. The 3500 γ contour extending along Deerhorn Creek-Corner Lake- Triplet Lake is inferred to mark the approximate contact of a substantial syenite stock. The area north of Meese Lake and the elongate knoll to the southwest contain abundant outcrops of this rock type. In this area, it is characterized by high potassium values and elevated magnetics from Noranda's 1992 Aerodat survey. The survey does not extend beyond Starlike Lake, but large boulders of similar rock have been observed in this area. The 3500 contour undergoes a unique north, then southerly jog on the Stope Baby claims, mirroring the trend of ground detected VLF/MAG anomalies. The Miocene cover appears to be thin (± 100 m) as underlying magnetic trends are still strongly expressed through this cover.

STRUCTURE (Fig.4)

Structure in the area is complex with NE, NW, and northerly directions predominating. The main formational trend is northwesterly (magnetics above). A strong NE linear bisects the Stope Baby group from SW-NE, largely lying along the course of Moffat Creek. The canyon is marked by an E-W linear, which has been ground truthed as a shear zone dipping $\approx 45^\circ$ south. The new mineral find occupies a N-S shear zone which is also the axis of ground detected VLF zones.

WORK PERFORMED

- | | |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3,444 m | Cut lines with pickets at 50 m intervals. Previous Otish Grid was sloppy requiring re-cut of L 25N and establishment of BL for control. |
| 47 ea | Soil samples from lines 37.5N, 67.5N and BL. for enhanced EZL analysis. |
| 3 ea | Rock samples, off claims on new o/c syenite. |
| 2 ea | Silt samples, one related to rock sample area above. |

GEOCHEMISTRY (Fig. A)

Soil samples were collected with an intrenching tool from depths of 12-20 cm below surface and placed in standard kraft bags for shipment to Actlabs of Ancaster, Ontario. The enclosed table reports details of soil materials collected. About 10-15% of the total samples were taken from still frozen ground, although this was still dig-able.

STOPE BABY: Enzyme Leach Soil Sampling April 2006

Soil Sample Types

Line	Station	Type	Line	Station	Type	Line	Station	Type
BL	100N	B	L67.5N	25W	B	L37.5N	25W	B
	150N	B		50W	L		50W	B
	200N	B		75W	B		75W	B
	300N	B		100W	B		100W	B
	350N	B		125W	B			
	400N	B		150W	B			
	450N	B		175W	N			
	500N	B	L37.5N	00	B			
	600N	B		25E	N			
	650N	B		50E	N			
L67.5N	00N	B		75E	N			
	25E	B		100E	B			
	50E	B		125E	B			
	75E	B		150E	B			
	100 E	B		250E	N			
	125E	O		350E	O			
	15E	O		450E	L			
	200E	N+O		550E	L			
	225E	B		650E	N			
	250E	B		750E	B			
	350E	O		800E	B			
	450E	N						

Type Code:

B= B Horizon

N=Stony Glacial Drift

L=Loam

O=Organic

The purpose of grid locus was to better define a potential sub-surface sulphide rich sector indicated by the 2003 survey work (7). This zone shows linkage with a prong of high magnetics and the long and strong magnetic/VLF trend detected by the 1984 Asamera survey (Fig. 5). Further linkage occurs with a probable Maxmin EM response.

CONCLUSIONS & RECOMENDATIONS:

(Refer Interpretation Report by G.T. Hill, Appendix 3)

An enzyme leach (EZL) oxidation anomaly continues to be defined by the most recent sampling, although the responding elements are different in character (Be, Cs, Ba, W, Hg, and Cd), than the response generated by the 2000 EZL data.

This zone is some 700 m long x 250 m wide and open to the north, lying astride a prominent magnetic/ EM trend. Given the variation between the 2000/2006 surveys, sub-surface resolution would best be accomplished by I.P. Survey.

Prepared by



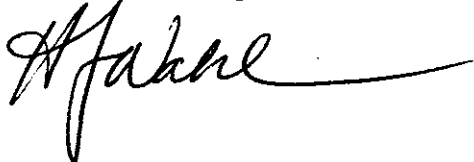
H.V. Wahl, P.Eng.B.C.

STATEMENT OF COSTS

Work on the Stope Baby Mineral Claims was performed by the co-owners, Herb Wahl and Jack Brown-John as noted.

H.J. Wahl, P.Eng.B.C. Field Work 11,14,15,16, April 4 days @ \$700/day	\$2,800.00
H.J. Wahl, P.Eng.B.C. Mob and demob, photogeology, reporting and logistics – 6 days @\$400/day	2,400.00
J. Brown-John, experienced prospector, field assistant, soil sampling, 11,14,15,16 April, 4 days @\$400/day	<u>1,600.00</u>
Sub-Total	<u>\$6,800.00</u>
Field vehicle 2005 F-350 SD diesel 4x4 @\$175/day, 4 days	\$700.00
Travel Expense 01	56.00
Secretarial 05	150.00
Postage, freight, communication 06	61.54
Field Eqp. & supplies 07	254.60
Assaying 11(Incl. data interpretation)	<u>\$2,362.05</u>
Sub Total	<u>\$3,584.19</u>
Total	<u>\$10,384.19</u>

Prepared by
H. Wahl P.Eng. B.C.



REFERENCES

- (1) Panteleyev, A. et al (1996) *Geology and Mineral Deposits of the Quesnel River. Horsefly Map Area, Central Quesnel Trough, B. C.* BCDM Bull.1997. B.C. Geological Survey Branch, Aug. 1996.
- (2) Kruchkowski, E.P., *Drill Report, The Malcolm I and Sam Claims, Horsefly area, for Silver Acorn Developments Ltd., Toronto, Ontario.* December, 1978.
- (3) Sherwin, J.G. and Pelke, P., *Assessment Report Hobson Horsefly Property, Project 3191G, for Shell Canada Resources Ltd.,* September 1981 (AR 9898).
- (4) Jones, H.M., *A Geophysical Report on China 3 Claim, Horsefly, B.C. for J.R. Billingsley,* July 5, 1984 (AR 12.582).
- (5) Wallis, J.E. P.Eng., *Summary of Exploration, Stope Baby Project, Horsefly ,B.C.,* November 2000 (assessment report).
- (6) Goldsmith, L.B. P.Eng., *Geological Investigation and Review of Geophysical and Soil Geochemical Surveys, Stope Baby Project, Horsefly, B.C.,* 25 October 2003 (assessment report).
- (7) Hill, G.T., *Interpretation of Enzyme Leach Survey Data from the Stope Baby Base and Precious Metals Prospect, Horsefly, B.C.* Private report for Otish Mountain Exploration Inc., 30 Sept. 2003.
- (8) Pezzot, E.T., *Logistics and Interpretation Report on Magnetic and Electromagnetic Surveys, Horsefly prospect, Private report for Otish Mountain Exploration Inc.,* 7 August 2003.

CERTIFICATE OF QUALIFICATIONS

This is to certify that:

1. I, Herbert J. Wahl, am a resident of British Columbia and live at RR10, 1416 Ocean Beach Esplanade, Gibsons, B.C. V0N 1V3. Canada.
2. I am a graduate of Dartmouth College, Hannover, New Hampshire, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts with Honors in Geology (1957).
3. I am a member of the Association of Professional Engineers of British Columbia and have practiced my profession continuously from 1961 to the present. (Registration No. 8990)



H.J. Wahl, P.Eng. B.C.



GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS CERTIFICATE



Wahl, Herb PROJECT STOPE BABY File # A505777

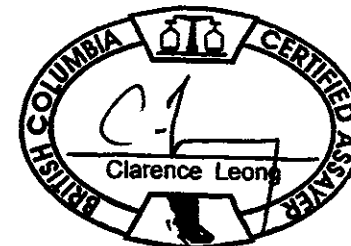
R.R. 10, 1416 Ocean Beach, Gibson BC V0N 1V3 Submitted by: Herb Wahl

SAMPLE#	Mo	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Ni	Co	Mn	Fe	As	U	Au	Th	Sr	Cd	Sb	Bi	V	Ca	P	La	Cr	Mg	Ba	Ti	B	Al	Na	K	W	Tl	Hg	Au*
	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	%	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	%	ppm	%	%	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppb
SBY-1R	1	11	5	27	<.3	1	3	127	1.99	<2	<8	<2	<2	104	<.5	<3	<3	89	4.48	<.001	3	4	.13	68	.02	<3	6.47	.13	.51	<2	<5	<1	.8
SBY-2R	2	17	7	37	<.3	2	6	659	3.24	5	<8	<2	4	511	<.5	<3	<3	127	2.41	.005	6	9	.26	441	.03	18	4.42	.09	.31	2	<5	2	1.5
SBY-3R	<1	18	11	48	<.3	3	15	481	4.11	12	<8	<2	3	2935	<.5	3	<3	96	1.08	.023	6	6	.39	2695	.04	15	3.19	.11	.46	<2	<5	<1	2.3
STANDARD DS6/AU-R	11	122	28	144	.4	24	10	748	2.94	20	12	<2	4	47	5.7	5	5	59	.85	.079	13	183	.58	159	.08	17	2.03	.07	.16	4	<5	1	482.3

GROUP 1D - 0.50 GM SAMPLE LEACHED WITH 3 ML 2-2-2 HCL-HNO3-H2O AT 95 DEG. C FOR ONE HOUR, DILUTED TO 10 ML, ANALYSED BY ICP-ES.
 (>) CONCENTRATION EXCEEDS UPPER LIMITS. SOME MINERALS MAY BE PARTIALLY ATTACKED. REFRACTORY AND GRAPHITIC SAMPLES CAN LIMIT AU SOLUBILITY.
 AU* GROUP 3A - IGNITED, ACID LEACHED, ANALYZED BY ICP-MS. (15.00 GM)
 ASSAY RECOMMENDED FOR ROCK AND CORE SAMPLES IF CU PB ZN AS > 1%, AG > 30 PPM & AU > 1000 PPB
 - SAMPLE TYPE: ROCK R150

Data *Sy FA* _____

DATE RECEIVED: SEP 16 2005 DATE REPORT MAILED: *Oct 7/05*



Rock Samples from hydraulic "Blow-out" on 2-post claims adjoining north boundary Stope Baby cell claim. Refer FIG.A.

SBY-1R Heavily kaolinized rx, whitish appearance, some pinkish blotches (intrusive??) buff-orange limonite staining. Dark micro-specks in groundmass (former sulf??)

SBY-2R Similar to 1R, but more dark pinkish blotches, some relict vein texture on mm scale. Original xtalline texture more apparent.

SBY-3R Orangey gossanous zone; broken fragments are fresher within gossanized matrix. Estimated as flsp-rich, fin gr. syenite.

APPENDIX 1



GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS CERTIFICATE



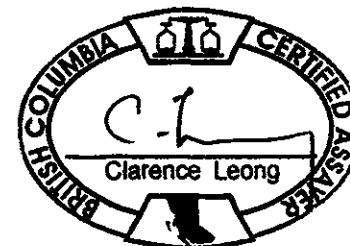
Wahl, Herb PROJECT STOPE BABY File # A505778

R.R. 10, 1416 Ocean Beach, Gibsons BC V0N 1V3 Submitted by: Herb Wahl

SAMPLE#	Mo ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	Ag ppm	Ni ppm	Co ppm	Mn ppm	Fe %	As ppm	U ppm	Au ppb	Th ppm	Sr ppm	Cd ppm	Sb ppm	Bi ppm	V ppm	Ca %	P %	La ppm	Cr ppm	Mg %	Ba ppm	Ti %	B ppm	Al %	Na %	K %	W ppm	Hg ppm	Sc ppm	Tl ppm	S %	Ga ppm	Se ppm
G-1	.7	1.9	2.1	45	<.1	7.1	4.6	584	1.79	<.5	1.9	.5	3.8	48	<.1	<.1	<.1	38	.42	.078	6	69.7	.64	227	.138	<1	.99	.050	.52	.1	<.01	2.1	.4	<.05	5	<.5
SBY-1S	1.1	32.6	3.1	50	<.1	22.9	8.9	407	1.51	3.2	1.1	1.5	1.5	77	.5	.4	<.1	45	.93	.079	7	30.1	.42	67	.066	5	.77	.016	.06	<.1	.07	3.0	.1	.15	3	2.2
SB-1S	.2	10.8	2.6	35	<.1	17.5	8.1	508	1.60	1.3	.3	1.2	1.6	40	.1	.1	<.1	34	.52	.064	7	29.6	.46	76	.078	1	.86	.015	.05	.1	.01	2.9	.1	<.05	3	<.5
STANDARD DS6	11.6	123.5	29.7	143	.3	24.8	10.7	682	2.76	20.8	6.6	49.5	3.0	39	5.9	3.5	5.0	55	.83	.073	13	184.9	.58	161	.078	16	1.87	.069	.14	3.5	.23	3.2	1.7	<.05	6	4.2

GROUP 1DX - 15.00 GM SAMPLE LEACHED WITH 90 ML 2-2-2 HCL-HNO3-H2O AT 95 DEG. C FOR ONE HOUR, DILUTED TO 300 ML, ANALYSED BY ICP-MS.
(>) CONCENTRATION EXCEEDS UPPER LIMITS. SOME MINERALS MAY BE PARTIALLY ATTACKED. REFRACTORY AND GRAPHITIC SAMPLES CAN LIMIT AU SOLUBILITY.
- SAMPLE TYPE: SILT SS80 60C

Data FA DATE RECEIVED: SEP 16 2005 DATE REPORT MAILED: *Oct 7/05*



SBY-1S Stardust Claims, Spring draining hydraulic pit ≈200 m from mouth.
Disappears in drift.

SB-1S Silt Mussel Creek. 0 + 142 m west on L37.5 N

Quality Analysis ...



Innovative Technologies

Date Submitted: 5/4/2006 4:44:47 PM
Invoice No.: A06-1349
Invoice Date: 6/5/2006
Your Reference: STOPE BABY

Herb Wahl
RR 10, 1416 Ocean Beach Espl.
Gibsons BC V0N 1V3
Canada

ATTN: Herb Wahl

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

47 Soil samples were submitted for analysis.

The following analytical package was requested:

Code 7-Enhanced Enzyme Leach Enzyme Leach
ICP/MS(ENZYME)

REPORT **A06-1349**

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Notes:

CERTIFIED BY :

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "E. Hoffman".

Eric Hoffman, Ph.D.
President/General Manager

ACTIVATION LABORATORIES LTD.

1336 Sandhill Drive, Ancaster, Ontario Canada L9G 4V5 TELEPHONE +1.905.648.9611 or
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E-MAIL ancaster@actlabsint.com ACTLABS GROUP WEBSITE <http://www.actlabsint.com>

APPENDIX 2

Activation Laboratories Ltd. Report: A06-1349

Analyte Symbol	Lu	Li	Be	Sc	Mn	Rb	Sr	Cs	Ba	Ru	Pd	Os	Pt
Unit Symbol	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb
Detection Limit	0.01	0.5	0.1	10	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Analysis Method	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz
BL-100N	0.05	12.3	1.4	< 10	602	19.0	707	0.25	829	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
BL-150N	0.06	17.5	2.9	< 10	915	27.3	644	0.25	2360	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
BL-200N	0.03	14.6	1.3	< 10	2450	16.2	704	0.25	1270	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
BL-300N	0.09	8.9	2.7	< 10	456	31.1	658	0.21	2350	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
BL-350N	0.05	9.9	1.6	< 10	6380	24.6	735	0.31	3280	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
BL-400N	0.05	11.9	3.2	< 10	1780	38.1	488	0.58	1610	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
BL-450N	0.09	6.9	3.5	< 10	688	25.2	947	0.23	4160	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
BL-500N	0.10	12.6	0.9	< 10	14000	44.2	1030	0.35	961	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
BL-600N	0.14	26.0	3.4	< 10	663	51.9	620	0.31	2420	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
BL-650N	0.15	19.2	4.5	< 10	541	48.8	472	0.22	3510	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-00E	0.34	7.1	1.6	< 10	2050	22.8	560	0.23	754	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-25E	0.25	7.9	1.8	< 10	1350	28.6	1080	0.41	1070	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-50E	0.19	8.9	4.2	< 10	625	39.2	553	0.20	1370	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-75E	0.02	23.0	1.4	< 10	7590	34.4	594	0.45	1760	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-100E	0.05	5.9	0.7	< 10	6810	25.2	691	0.32	890	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-125E	0.25	10.6	0.8	< 10	1380	30.0	1420	0.04	277	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-150E	0.03	19.1	0.4	< 10	3880	93.8	2600	0.16	330	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-200E	0.11	41.2	1.4	< 10	6670	40.4	581	0.24	588	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-225E	0.12	18.0	1.1	< 10	3850	23.5	690	0.19	1290	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-250E	0.03	4.2	1.1	< 10	422	23.6	792	0.12	326	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-350E	0.13	36.4	0.8	< 10	7630	243	2890	0.34	1260	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-450E	0.09	5.2	1.1	< 10	2000	23.1	785	0.25	917	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-25W	0.08	14.0	1.8	< 10	903	59.6	448	0.26	1370	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-50W	0.16	10.9	2.2	< 10	1820	42.4	773	0.59	1260	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-75W	0.02	14.6	2.4	< 10	3670	27.6	402	0.15	1690	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-100W	0.06	22.1	3.6	< 10	4880	52.4	764	0.66	4880	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-125W	0.17	13.3	3.8	< 10	3330	54.0	338	0.32	3370	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-150W	0.06	23.4	1.7	< 10	2700	15.7	604	0.19	1160	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-175W	1.41	13.5	3.0	< 20	3500	15.0	1050	0.38	957	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L37.5N-00E	0.54	19.0	1.2	< 10	1380	11.6	634	0.21	2270	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L37.5N-25E	0.13	15.4	1.3	< 10	799	16.0	584	0.30	1960	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L37.5N-50E	0.15	17.3	1.2	< 10	972	24.4	602	0.26	724	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L37.5N-75E	0.32	18.4	1.9	< 10	16100	28.9	1030	0.29	1190	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L37.5N-100E	0.11	12.0	1.0	< 10	12800	12.5	1440	0.04	1340	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L37.5N-125E	0.05	19.8	2.7	< 10	1010	16.4	1090	0.18	1310	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L37.5N-150E	0.05	30.7	1.8	< 10	2010	39.6	1010	0.25	1550	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L37.5N-250E	0.18	41.5	1.4	< 10	19900	34.1	2580	0.09	968	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L37.5N-350E	0.46	66.7	2.1	< 10	5230	38.0	2610	0.08	958	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L37.5N-450E	0.26	9.2	1.4	< 10	12300	34.6	1380	0.08	1050	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L37.5N-550E	0.03	20.6	0.8	< 10	9960	23.6	643	0.08	626	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L37.5N-650E	0.12	8.8	1.1	< 10	4520	40.7	960	0.09	671	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L37.5N-750E	0.14	8.0	1.5	< 10	464	30.6	745	0.14	982	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L37.5N-800E	0.05	2.7	1.1	< 10	803	31.5	949	0.08	739	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L37.5N-25W	0.09	5.7	3.3	< 10	5870	44.6	755	0.15	2210	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L37.5N-50W	0.07	27.9	3.2	< 10	9440	46.1	641	0.22	2990	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L37.5N-75W	0.21	7.9	1.8	< 10	5140	33.8	1360	0.19	2970	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L37.5N-100W	0.02	27.9	2.3	< 10	6220	19.6	497	0.46	1840	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5

Quality Control																								
Analyte Symbol	Cl	Br	I	V	As	Se	Mo	Sb	Te	W	Re	Au	Hg	Th	U	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Pb	Ga	Ge	Ag	Cd
Unit Symbol	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb
Detection Limit	1000	1	1	0.1	0.1	1	0.1	0.01	0.5	0.1	0.005	0.005	0.1	0.01	0.01	0.2	1	1	5	0.1	0.3	0.05	0.1	0.1
Analysis Method	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz
TILL-1 Meas	23000	384	123	84.3	11.4	7	9.0	61.1	< 0.5	0.7	0.031	0.086	< 0.1	2.02	4.70	113	23	188	101	12.0	2.5	0.29	0.1	5.2
TILL-1 Cert													90											
SO-2 Meas	15000	993	277	31.9	3.6	7	3.5	1.34	< 0.5	0.4	0.030	< 0.005	< 0.1	3.31	5.73	10.9	31	30	411	4.8	7.8	0.49	0.1	1.8
SO-2 Cert				64000									80			9000	8000	7000	124000	21000				
BL-650N Rep Orig	28000	75	41	101	2.6	4	2.0	0.60	< 0.5	0.4	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.1	2.60	1.36	34.2	36	26	37	1.9	< 0.3	0.14	0.2	1.0
BL-650N Rep Dup	26000	80	41	109	2.8	5	2.0	0.56	< 0.5	0.3	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.1	3.09	1.59	37.5	33	29	45	3.3	< 0.3	0.12	0.4	1.3
L67.5N-250E Rep Orig	27000	55	31	155	5.2	7	3.5	0.26	< 0.5	0.2	0.017	< 0.005	< 0.1	1.33	0.76	16.3	17	21	18	1.3	< 0.3	< 0.05	0.2	1.3
L67.5N-250E Rep Dup	23000	59	41	176	5.7	6	3.5	0.28	< 0.5	0.3	0.013	< 0.005	0.4	1.61	0.94	21.9	22	22	23	1.6	< 0.3	0.09	0.3	1.0

Quality Control																								
Analyte Symbol	In	Sn	Ti	Bi	Ti	Cr	Y	Zr	Nb	Hf	Ta	La	Ce	Pr	Nd	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Er	Tm	Yb
Unit Symbol	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb
Detection Limit	0.01	0.2	0.005	0.5	10	3	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Analysis Method	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz
TILL-1 Meas	0.10	2.1	1.15	11.5	390	< 3	17.2	9.0	1.1	0.36	0.06	15.0	17.3	4.81	21.5	4.70	1.14	4.08	0.67	3.48	0.68	2.07	0.28	1.94
TILL-1 Cert																								
SO-2 Meas	0.09	0.3	0.663	< 0.5	610	< 3	58.8	11.1	2.5	0.48	0.12	47.6	134	17.9	82.6	19.9	4.07	16.7	3.01	15.4	2.73	7.19	0.88	5.55
SO-2 Cert					8600000	20000																		
BL-650N Rep Orig	0.03	< 0.2	0.107	< 0.5	750	< 3	10.8	27.2	1.5	0.85	0.04	8.51	21.3	2.51	10.2	2.67	1.03	2.03	0.36	1.98	0.38	1.14	0.19	1.07
BL-650N Rep Dup	0.03	< 0.2	0.082	< 0.5	900	< 3	11.7	30.1	1.3	0.96	0.05	8.94	21.3	2.46	10.2	2.26	1.05	2.00	0.37	2.03	0.41	1.20	0.17	1.16
L67.5N-250E Rep Orig	0.01	< 0.2	0.046	< 0.5	510	< 3	2.18	12.6	1.2	0.44	0.06	2.21	5.25	0.60	2.73	0.62	0.19	0.53	0.11	0.51	0.10	0.27	0.04	0.25
L67.5N-250E Rep Dup	0.06	< 0.2	0.056	< 0.5	680	< 3	2.69	14.6	1.3	0.47	0.07	2.56	6.06	0.73	3.16	0.68	0.23	0.58	0.11	0.60	0.11	0.30	0.05	0.28

Quality Control													
Analyte Symbol	Lu	Li	Be	Sc	Mn	Rb	Sr	Cs	Ba	Ru	Pd	Os	Pt
Unit Symbol	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb	ppb
Detection Limit	0.01	0.5	0.1	10	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Analysis Method	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz	EnhEnz
TILL-1 Meas	0.29	2.1	1.0	< 10	42000	49.0	499	0.29	1290	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
TILL-1 Cert													
SO-2 Meas	0.74	4.4	2.1	< 10	1600	91.0	230	0.75	812	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
SO-2 Cert					720000	78000	340000		966000				
BL-650N Rep Orig	0.14	18.4	4.1	< 10	497	47.9	444	0.31	3190	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
BL-650N Rep Dup	0.16	20.0	5.0	< 10	585	49.6	499	0.14	3820	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-250E Rep Orig	0.03	3.9	0.9	< 10	363	22.5	706	0.12	257	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
L67.5N-250E Rep Dup	0.04	4.5	1.3	< 10	481	24.7	877	0.13	395	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5

To: Herb Wahl
From: Greg Hill, Consulting Geologist, Churnhill Gold, LLC
Date: 12 November 2006
Re: Stope Baby Enzyme Leach Data

Enzyme Leach data from 78 soil samples from the Stope Baby project have been reviewed. Of these, 47 were collected in 2006 and 31 were collected in 2000. The samples were collected from shallow depths and consist of B-horizon soils, stony glacial drift, loam, and minor organic materials. Samples were collected along three east-west sample traverses and one north-south base line. The samples collected in 2000 were taken from the southernmost sample traverse, L1N whereas those collected in 2006 are from L37.5N, L67.5N, and the base line. Sample spacing is 25 m near the base line and extends to 50 to 100 m in the eastern and southern parts of the survey.

The distributions of all elements from the 2000 and 2006 sampling programs have been plotted together and compared with each other. The distributions of some elements show differences in background values between the 2000 and 2006 data. Elements that fall into this category include: Ba, Br, Cd, Cl, Co, Cs, Cu, I, Hf, Nb, Ni, Pb, REE, Sr, Th, Ti, Tl, U, V, and Zr. These background shifts may be attributable in part to variations in the natural abundances of these elements over time, differences in sample depths between 2000 and 2006, or changes in the analytical methodology between 2000 and 2006. Despite these differences, the patterns seen among the 2000 and 2006 data sets merge together well and these two data sets are easily interpretable when plotted together, as long as the background differences are recognized.

Changes in the geochemical patterns of several elements occur within a broad north-trending zone that roughly corresponds with the position of the baseline. Background values are different to the east of the baseline relative to those to the west of the baseline for: Br, Mo, Re, Sb, Se, and U. These changes are not easily attributable to differences in sample media and suggest the presence of structural and/or stratigraphic boundary that roughly corresponds with the baseline.

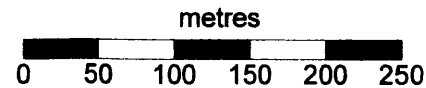
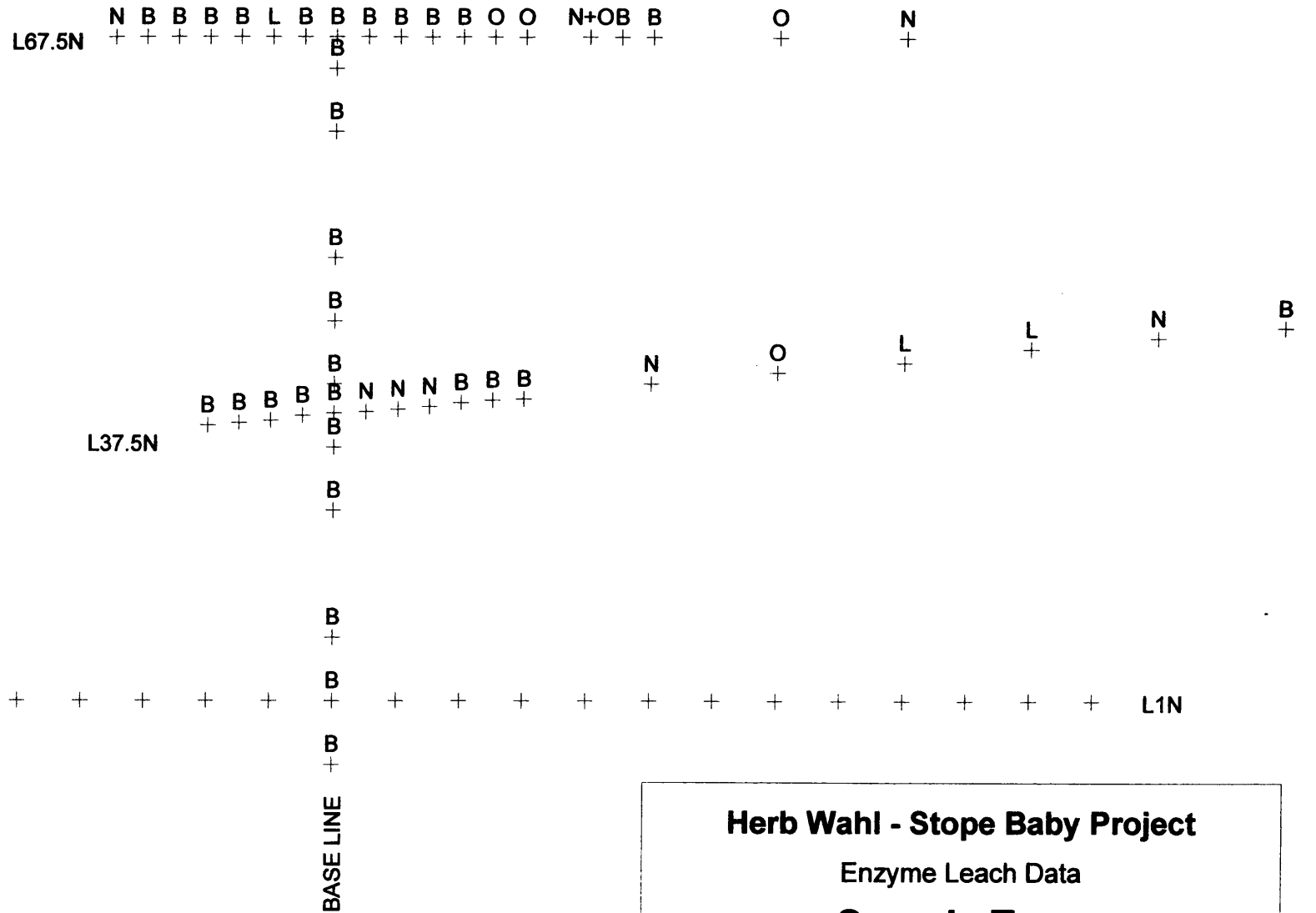
Zoned highs, and a few lows, are present in a north-trending zone centered near the base line. These patterns taper to the south and are open to the north. Some patterns suggest the presence of halos near the center of the survey although these are not well defined with the current sample spacing. Niobium, Ta, and Ti form the broadest patterns measuring 400 m or more across in the northern part of the survey. Beryllium and Cs form narrower highs that are internal to those of Nb, Ta, and Ti. The narrowest high is formed by Ba which corresponds with a 125 m wide W low. Some of these patterns suggest the presence of a halo centered near the intersection of the base line and L37.5N. Zinc, and In also form distinctive halos here. Mercury forms a distinctive high at the center of the geochemical anomaly and Cd is most enriched within one sample near the center of the survey.

Highs developed among many elements in the east center of the survey are strongest within one organic sample at 350E on L37.5N. Although enrichments in many elements appear to be present here, their true contrasts are obscured by the change in sample media. Many elements form north and northwest-trending highs that pass through this sample and are also defined by organic samples on L67.5N. These trends may be entirely attributable to changes in sample media.

An oxidation anomaly is clearly present at the center of the survey. The composition of this north-trending zone suggests the presence of a buried differentiated intrusion. The observed patterns are best developed by incompatible elements associated with pegmatites.

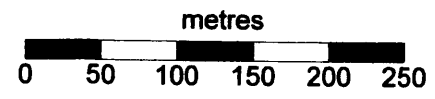
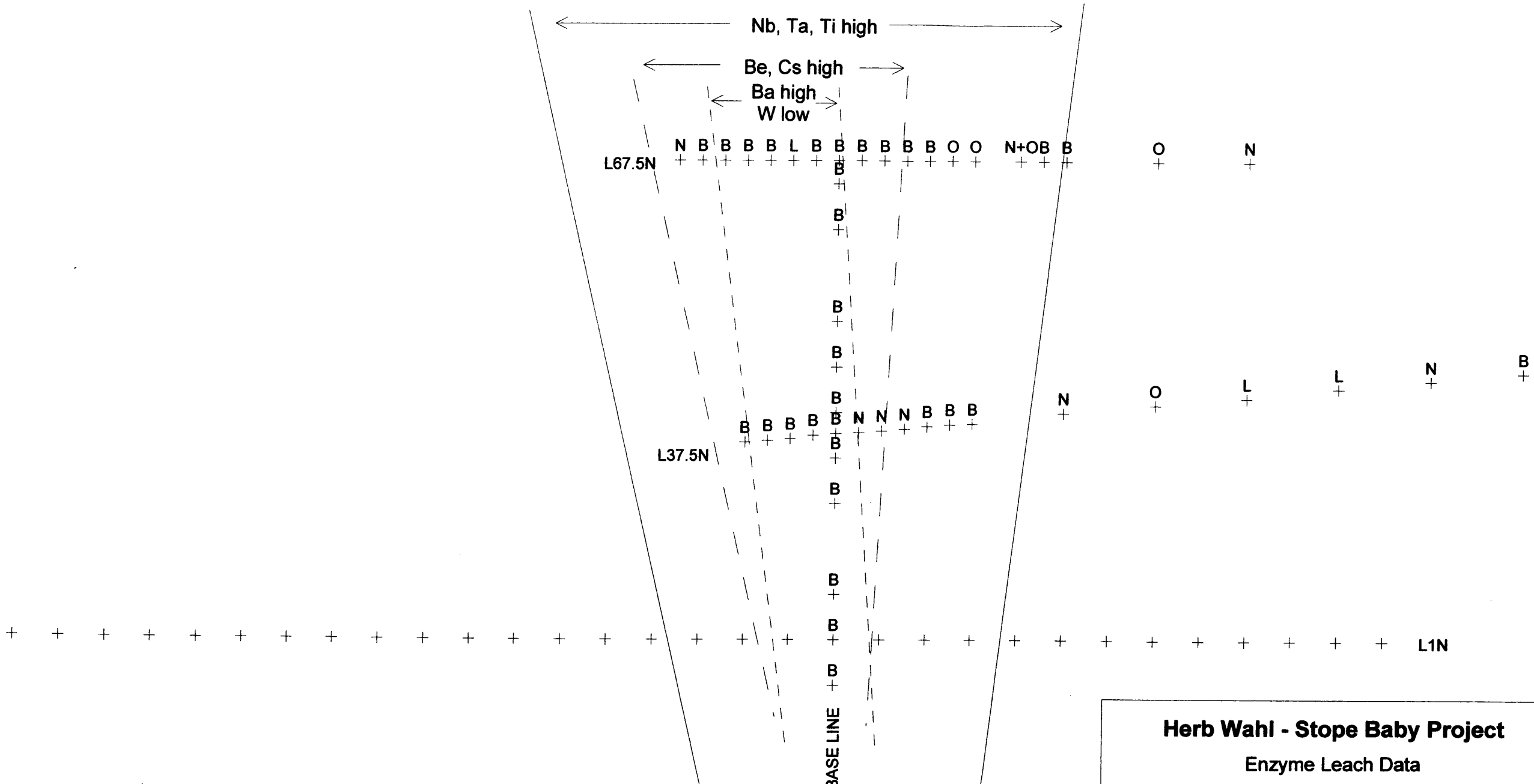
Copper and Zn values are relatively low within the survey area, reaching 240 ppb Cu and 370 ppb Zn. These highest values of these elements occur near the western margin of the zone containing incompatible element highs and lesser Zn values occur within a halo near the center of the survey. Although the distributions of these metals are not strongly encouraging, further work, such as trenching or drilling, is recommended at the center of the survey.

B - B horizon
 N - stony glacial drift
 L - loam
 O - organic



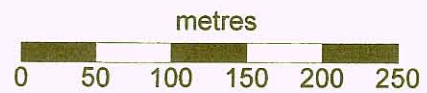
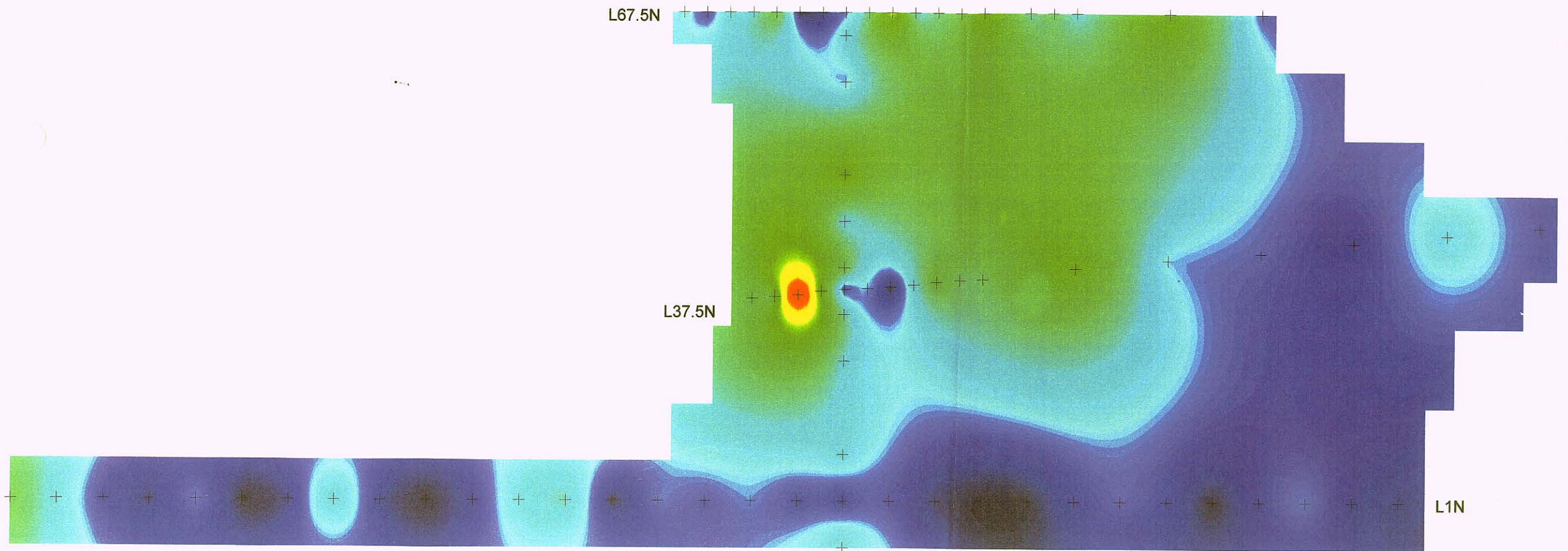
Herb Wahl - Stope Baby Project
 Enzyme Leach Data
Sample Type

Drawn by: G.T. Hill Date: 10 November 2006
data sources: 19718rpt.xls (2000 data), A06-1349final.XLS (2006 data)

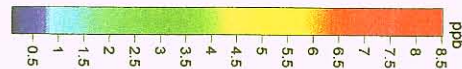


Herb Wahl - Stope Baby Project
 Enzyme Leach Data
Interpretation

Drawn by: G.T. Hill Date: 10 November 2006
 data sources: 19718rpt.xls (2000 data), A06-1349final.XLS (2006 data)



BASE LINE



Herb Wahl - Stope Baby Project

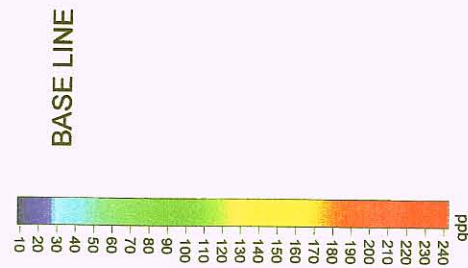
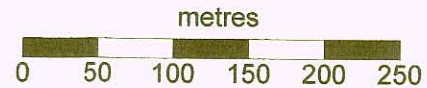
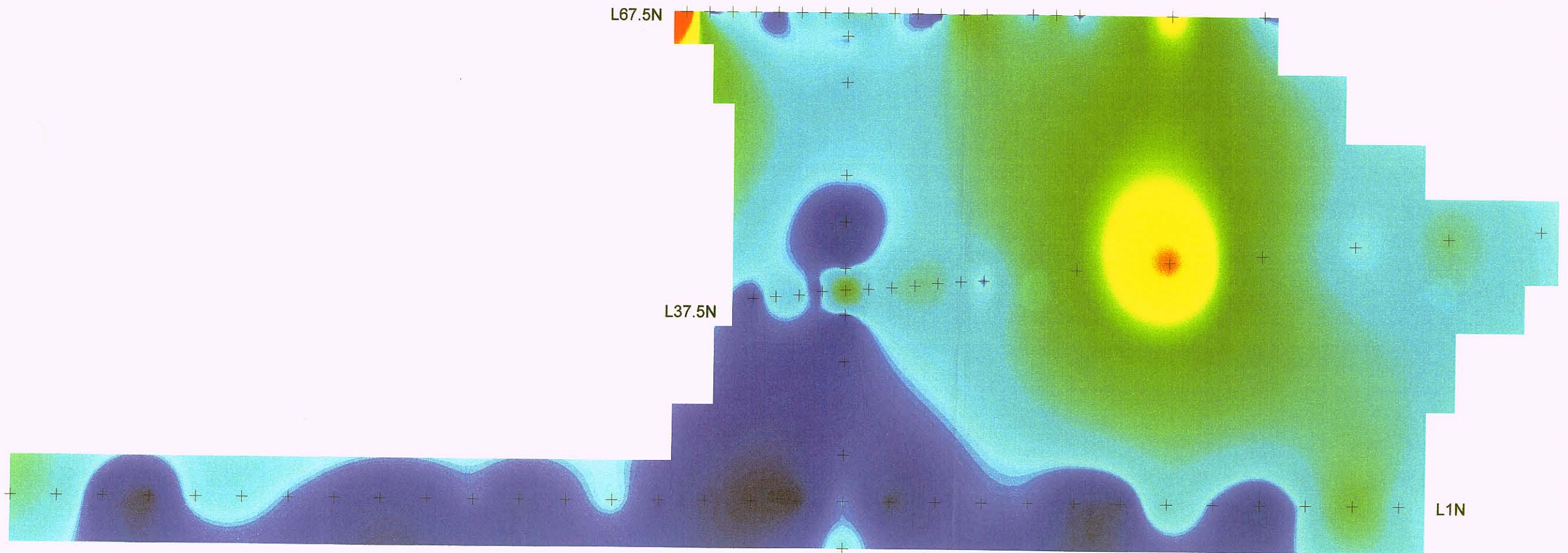
Enzyme Leach Data

Cadmium

Drawn by: G.T. Hill

Date: 10 November 2006

data sources: 19718rpt.xls (2000 data), A06-1349final.XLS (2006 data)

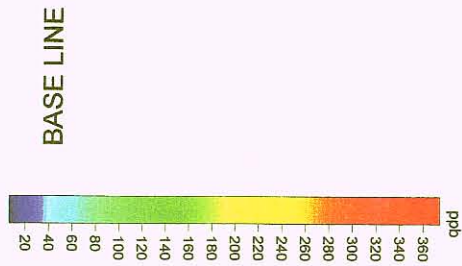
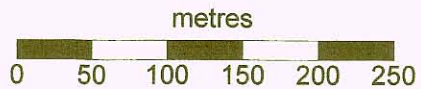
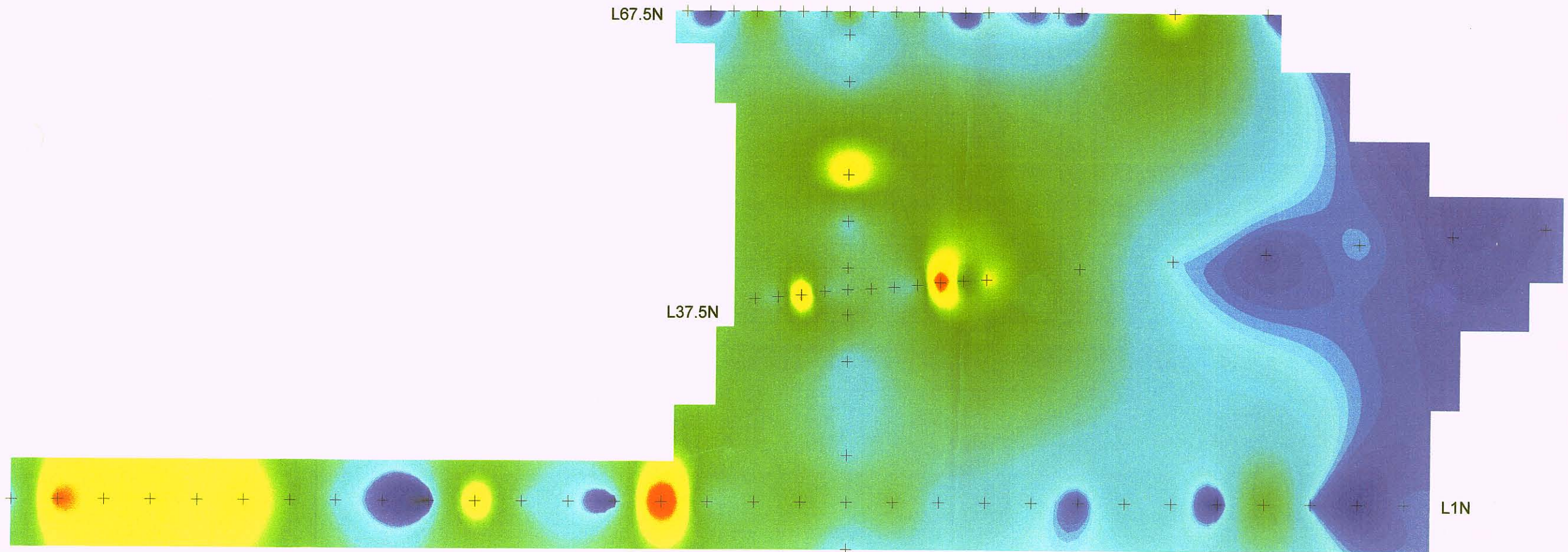


Herb Wahl - Stope Baby Project
Enzyme Leach Data
Copper

Drawn by: G.T. Hill

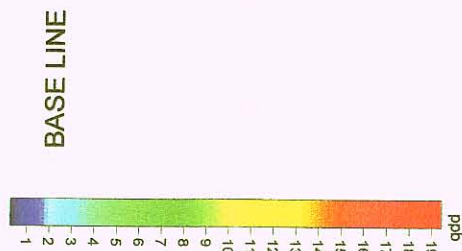
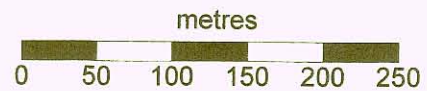
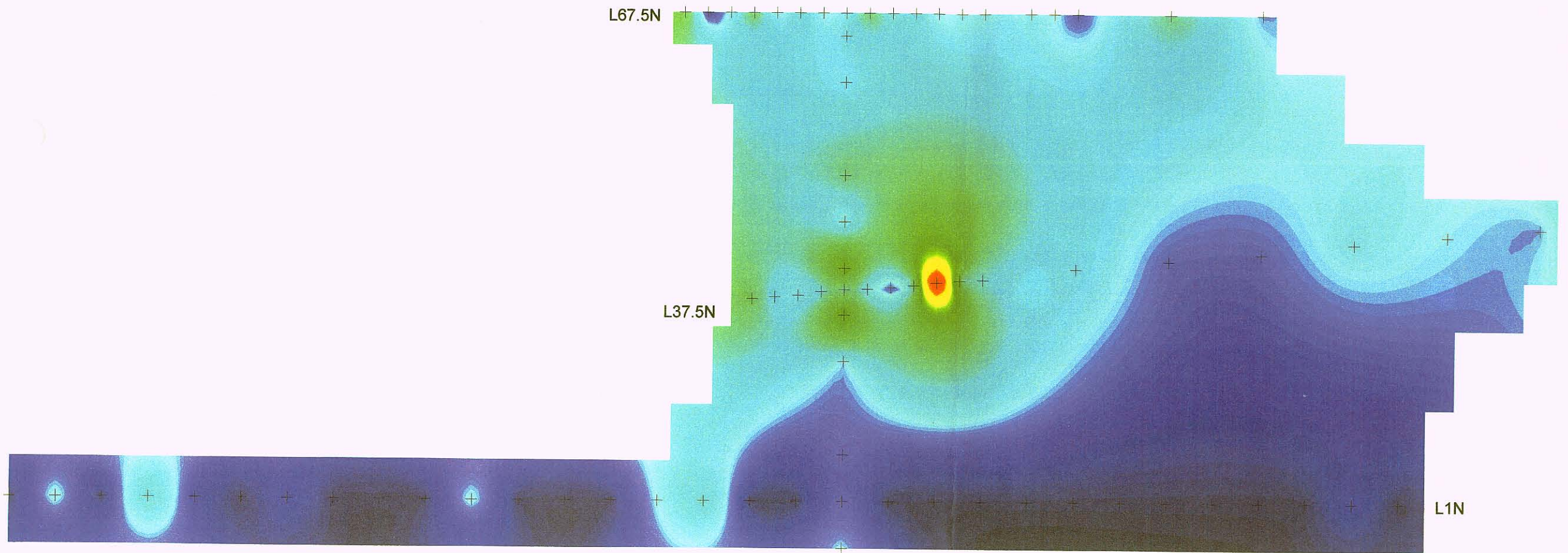
Date: 10 November 2006

data sources: 19718rpt.xls (2000 data), A06-1349final.XLS (2006 data)



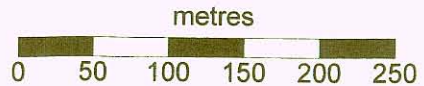
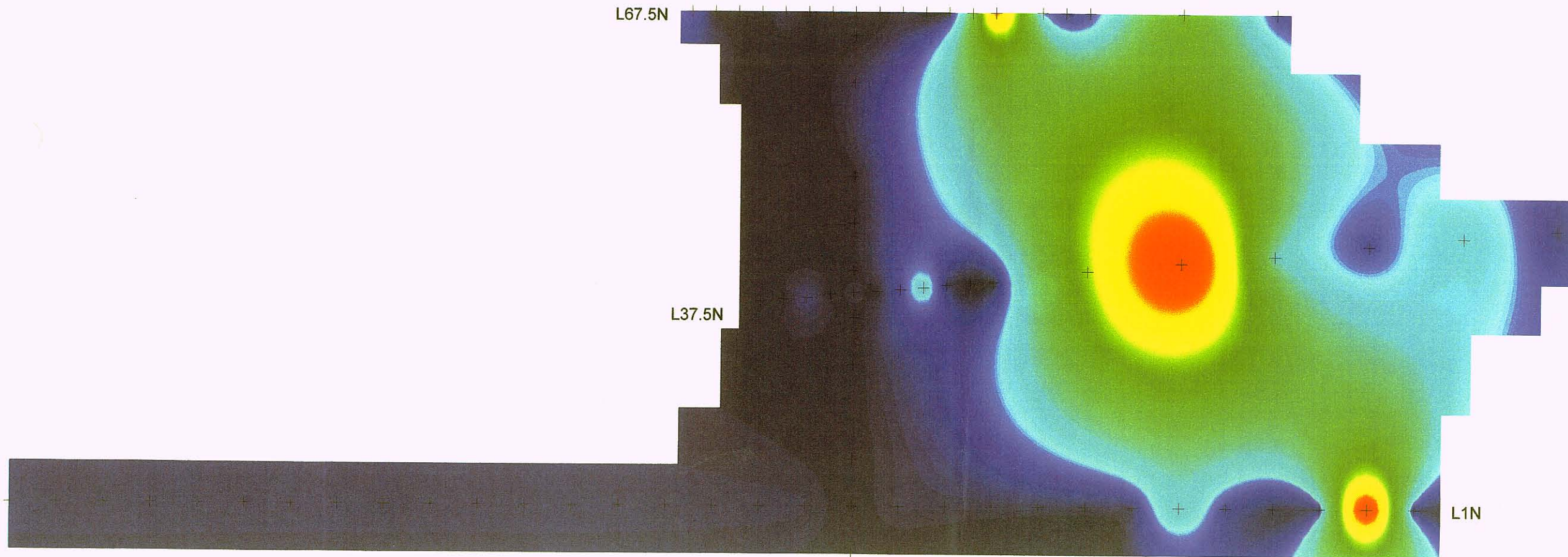
Herb Wahl - Stope Baby Project
 Enzyme Leach Data
Zinc

Drawn by: G.T. Hill Date: 10 November 2006
 data sources: 19718rpt.xls (2000 data), A06-1349final.XLS (2006 data)

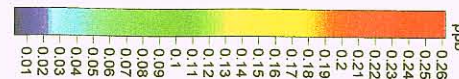


Herb Wahl - Stope Baby Project
 Enzyme Leach Data
Lead

Drawn by: G.T. Hill Date: 10 November 2006
 data sources: 19718rpt.xls (2000 data), A06-1349final.XLS (2006 data)

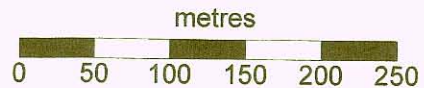
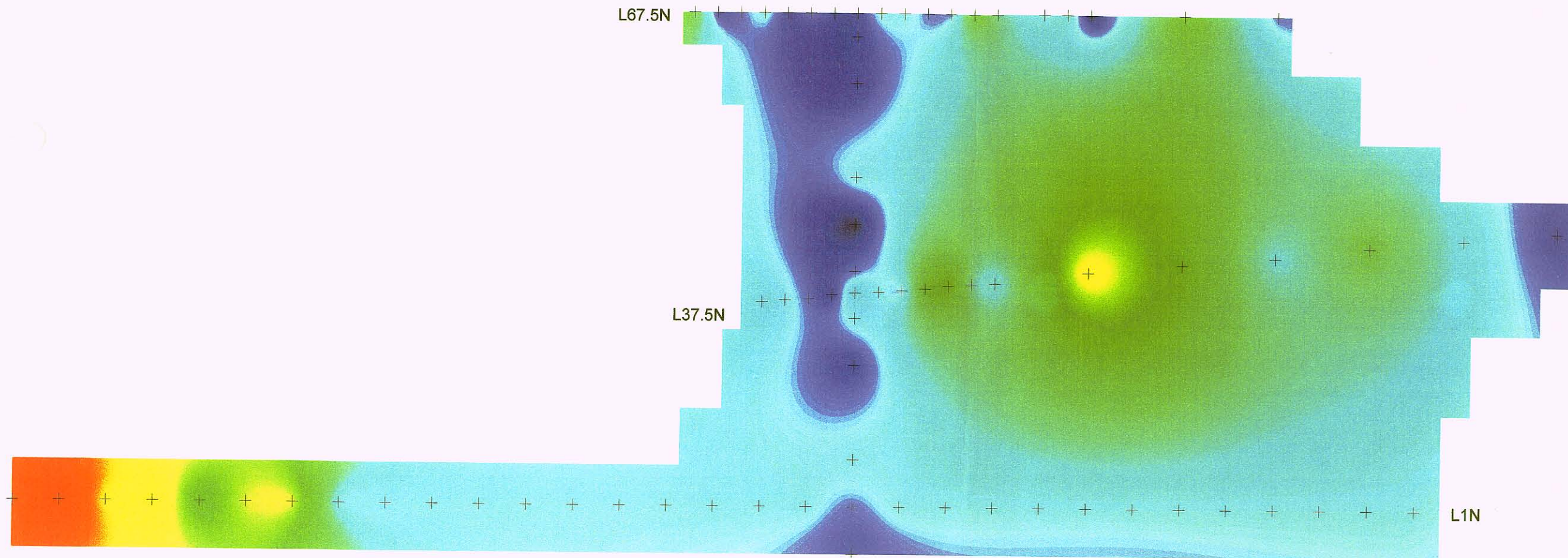


BASE LINE



Herb Wahl - Stope Baby Project
 Enzyme Leach Data
Rhenium

Drawn by: G.T. Hill Date: 10 November 2006
 data sources: 19718rpt.xls (2000 data), A06-1349final.XLS (2006 data)



BASE LINE



Herb Wahl - Stope Baby Project

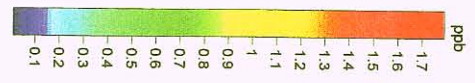
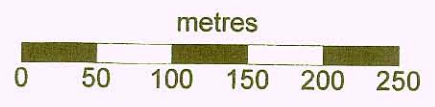
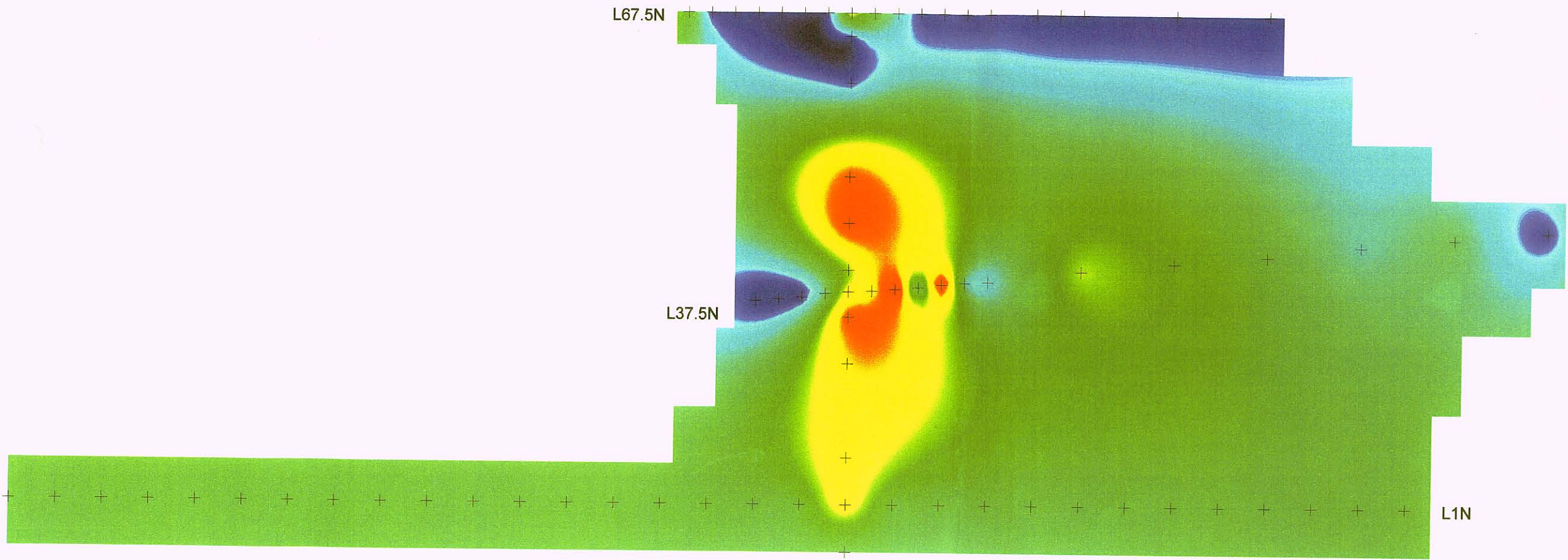
Enzyme Leach Data

Tungsten

Drawn by: G.T. Hill

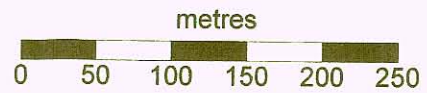
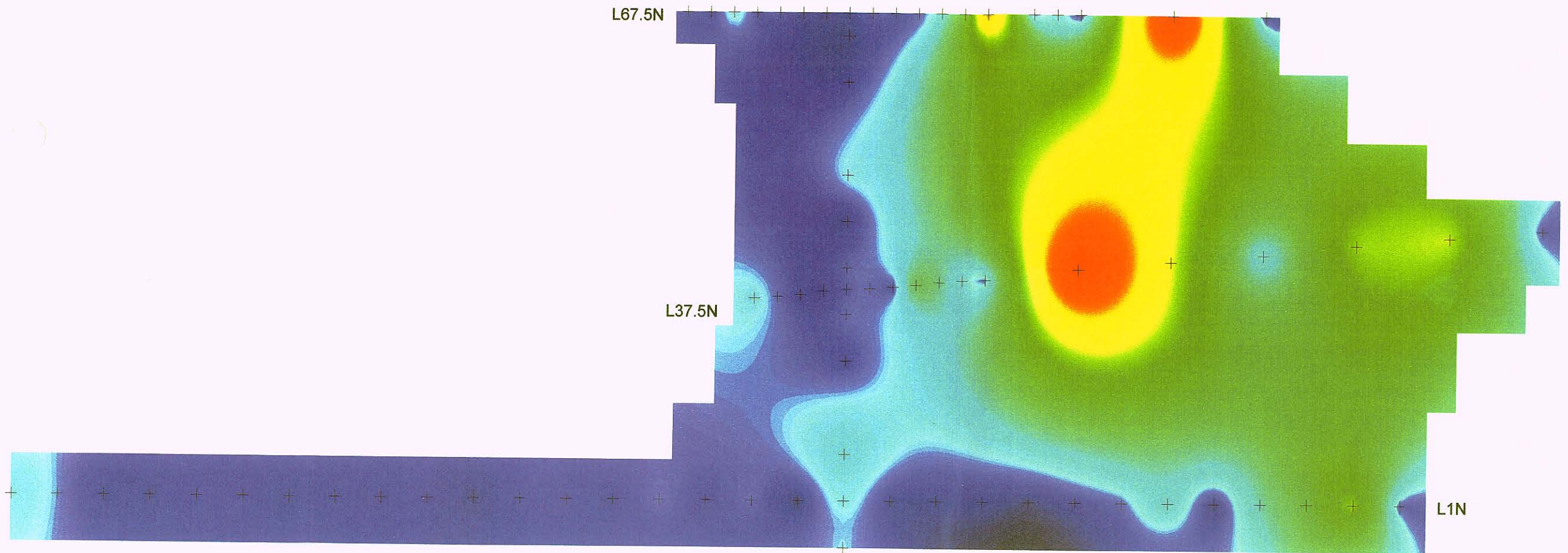
Date: 10 November 2006

data sources: 19718rpt.xls (2000 data), A06-1349final.XLS (2006 data)

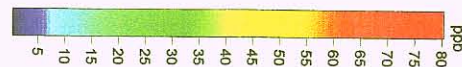


Herb Wahl - Stope Baby Project
 Enzyme Leach Data
Mercury

Drawn by: G.T. Hill Date: 10 November 2006
 data sources: 19718rpt.xls (2000 data), A06-1349final.XLS (2006 data)

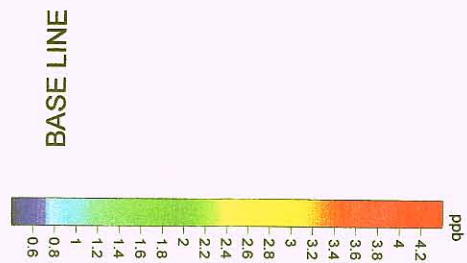
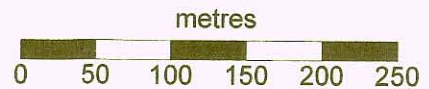
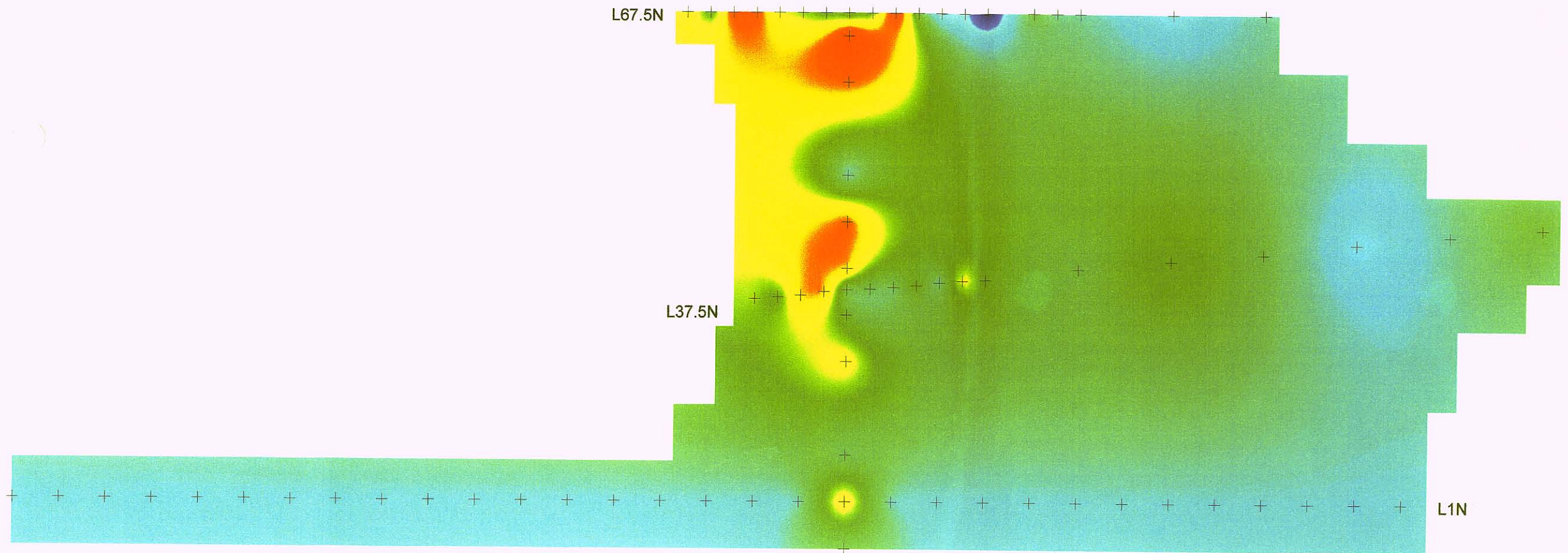


BASE LINE



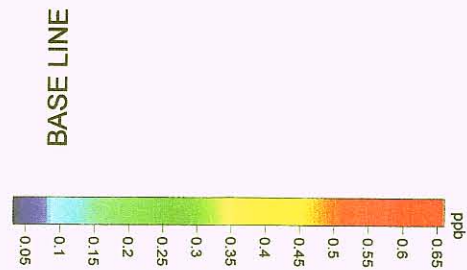
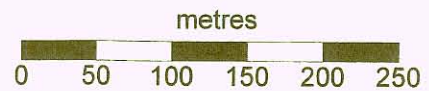
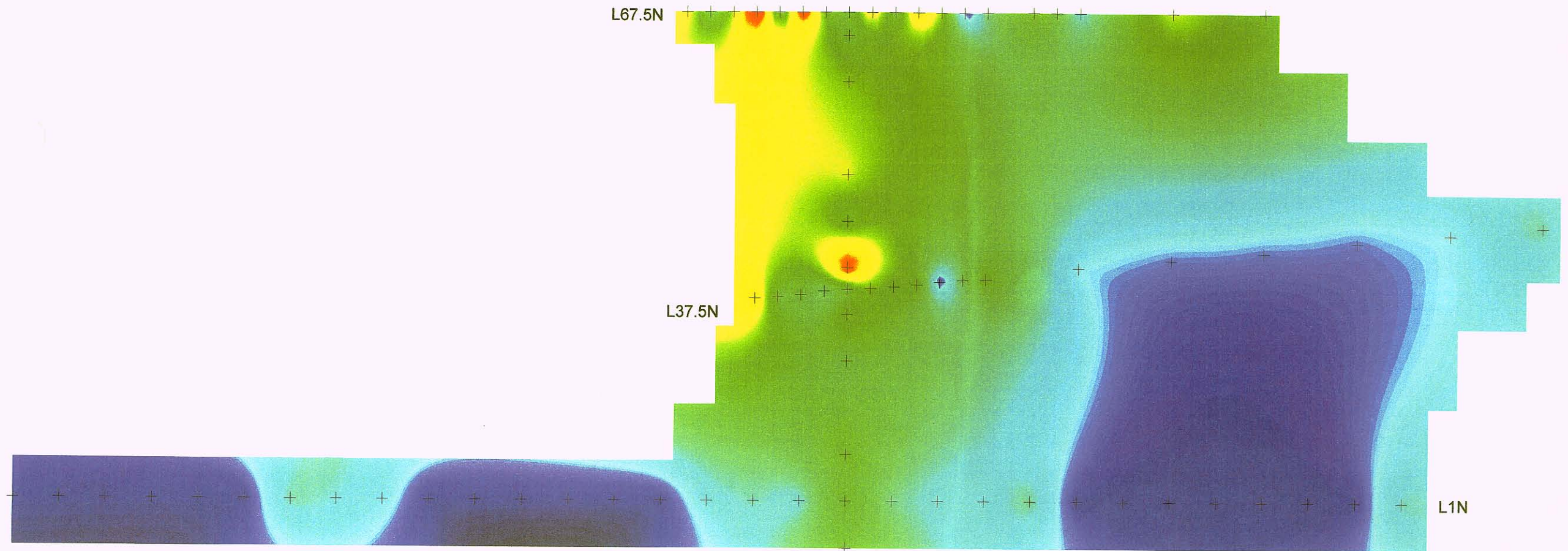
Herb Wahl - Stope Baby Project
 Enzyme Leach Data
Molybdenum

Drawn by: G.T. Hill Date: 10 November 2006
 data sources: 19718rpt.xls (2000 data), A06-1349final.XLS (2006 data)



Herb Wahl - Stope Baby Project
 Enzyme Leach Data
Beryllium

Drawn by: G.T. Hill Date: 10 November 2006
 data sources: 19718rpt.xls (2000 data), A06-1349final.XLS (2006 data)



Herb Wahl - Stope Baby Project
 Enzyme Leach Data
Cesium

Drawn by: G.T. Hill

Date: 10 November 2006

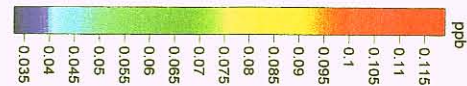
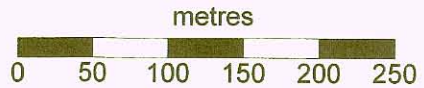
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L67.5N

L37.5N

L1N

BASE LINE



Herb Wahl - Stope Baby Project

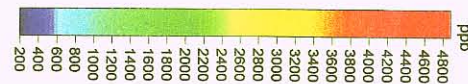
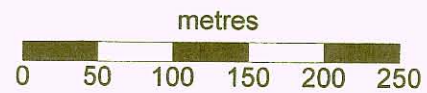
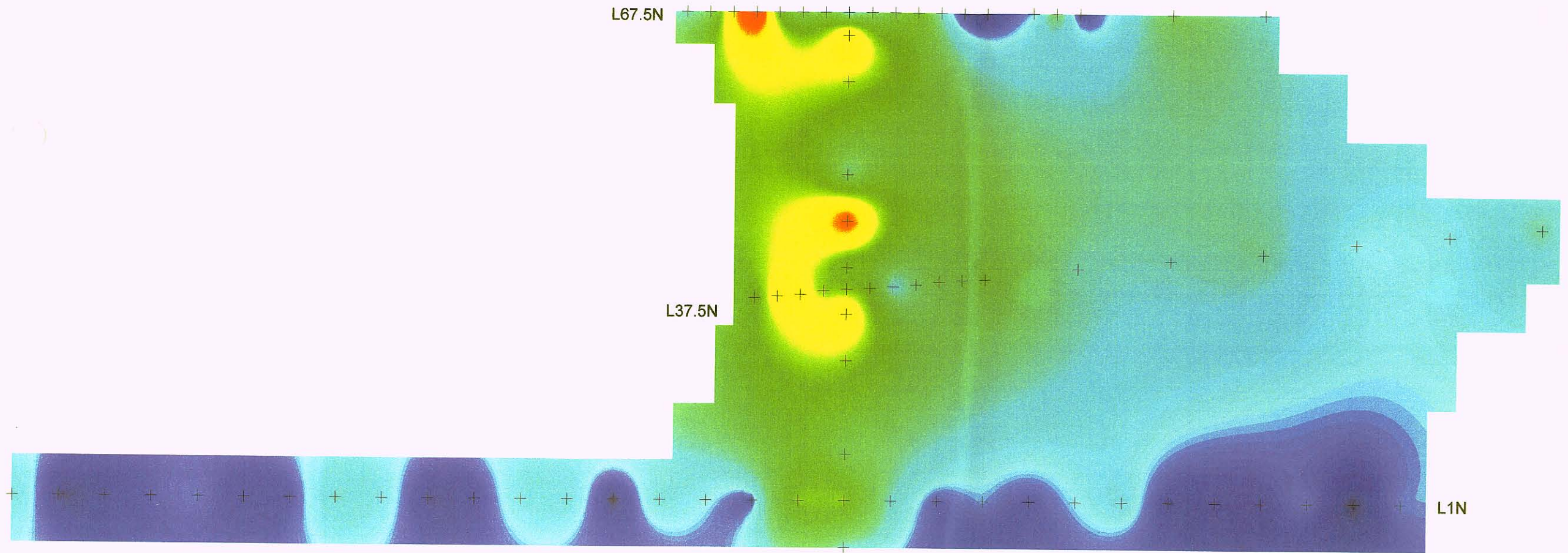
Enzyme Leach Data

Tantalum

Drawn by: G.T. Hill

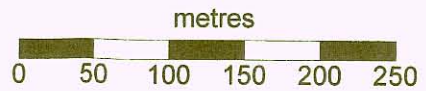
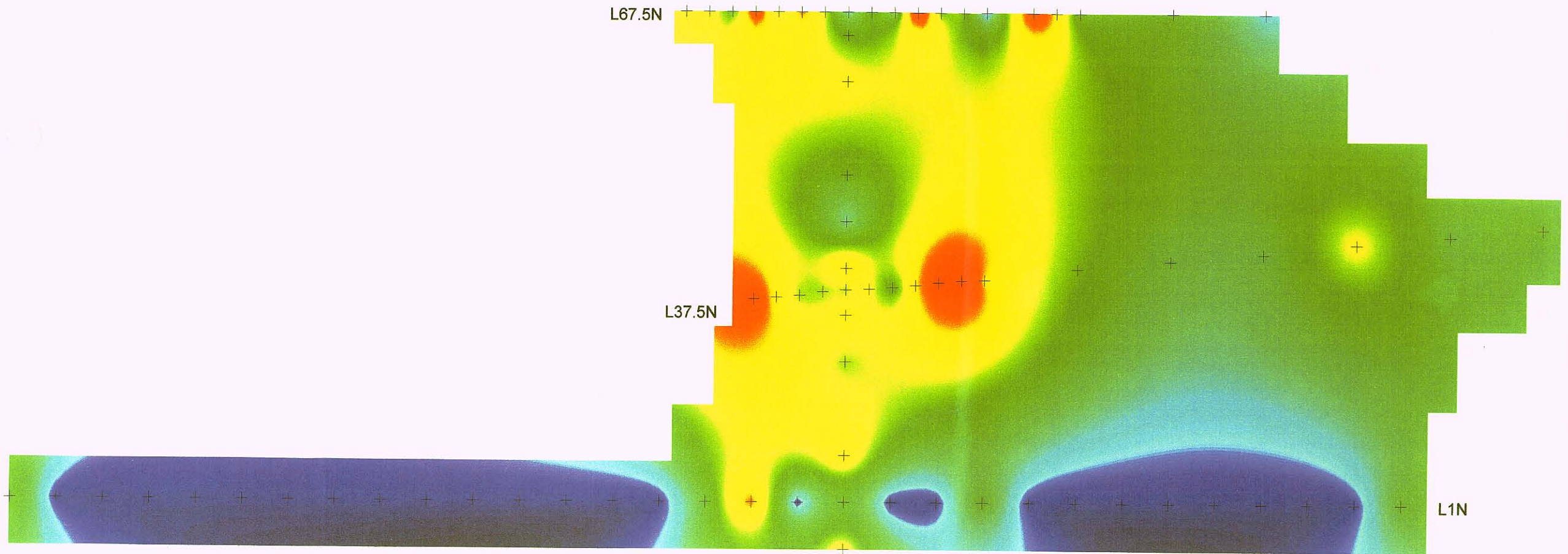
Date: 10 November 2006

data sources: 19718rpt.xls (2000 data), A06-1349final.XLS (2006 data)



Herb Wahl - Stope Baby Project
 Enzyme Leach Data
Barium

Drawn by: G.T. Hill Date: 10 November 2006
 data sources: 19718rpt.xls (2000 data), A06-1349final.XLS (2006 data)

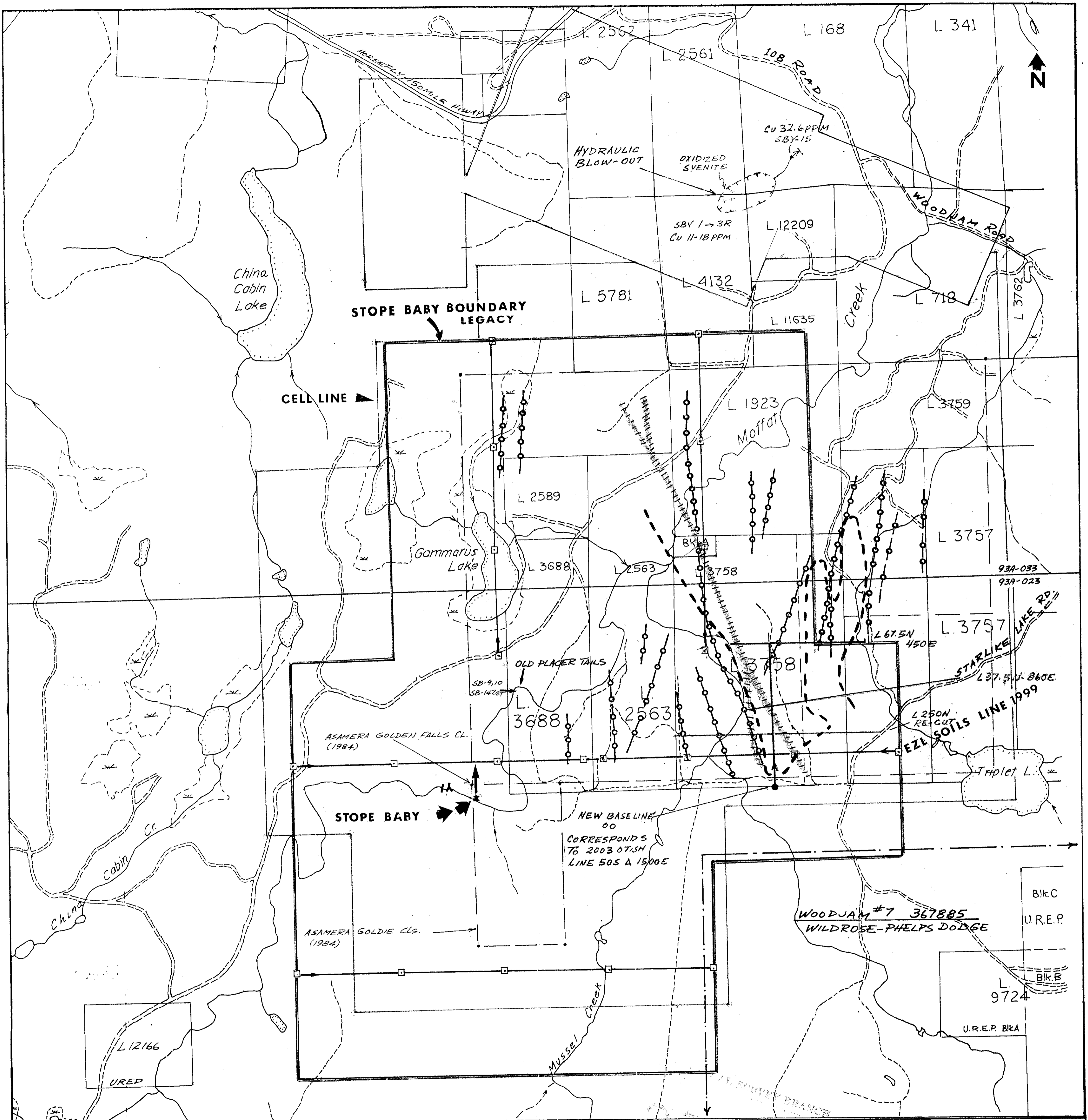


BASE LINE



Herb Wahl - Stope Baby Project
 Enzyme Leach Data
Niobium

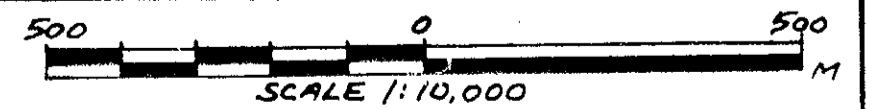
Drawn by: G.T. Hill Date: 10 November 2006
 data sources: 19718rpt.xls (2000 data), A06-1349final.XLS (2006 data)



LEGEND

- MAJOR MAGNETIC BREAK
- VLF-EM CONDUCTOR TREND
- GROUND MAGNETIC ANOMALY
- 2003 OTISH SURVEY

GEOPHYSICAL DATA BY HARDY ASSOCIATES (1978) LTD.
FOR ASAMERA INC. 1984 AR 13,490



**HORSEFLY MOTHERLODE
GOLD PROJECT**

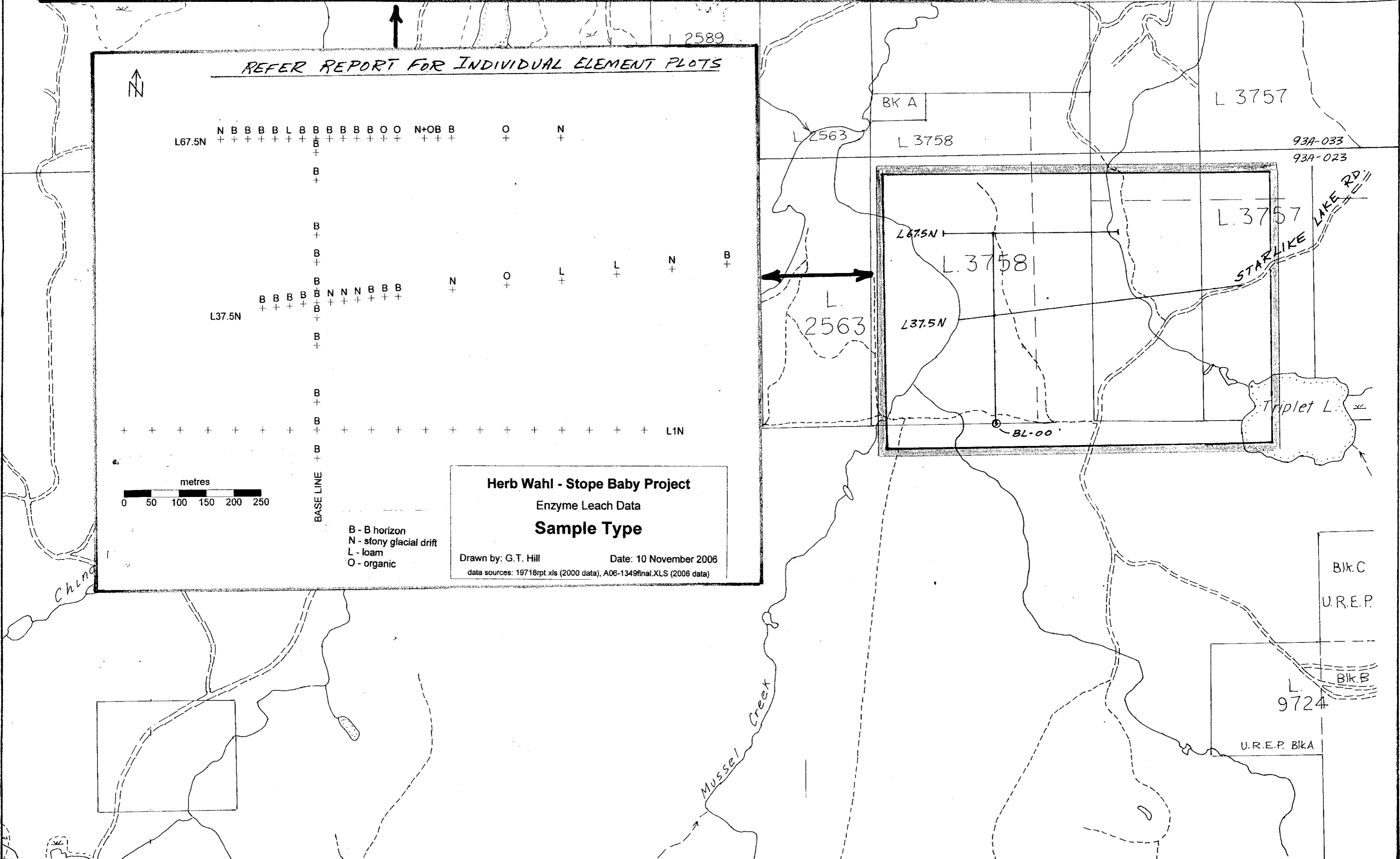
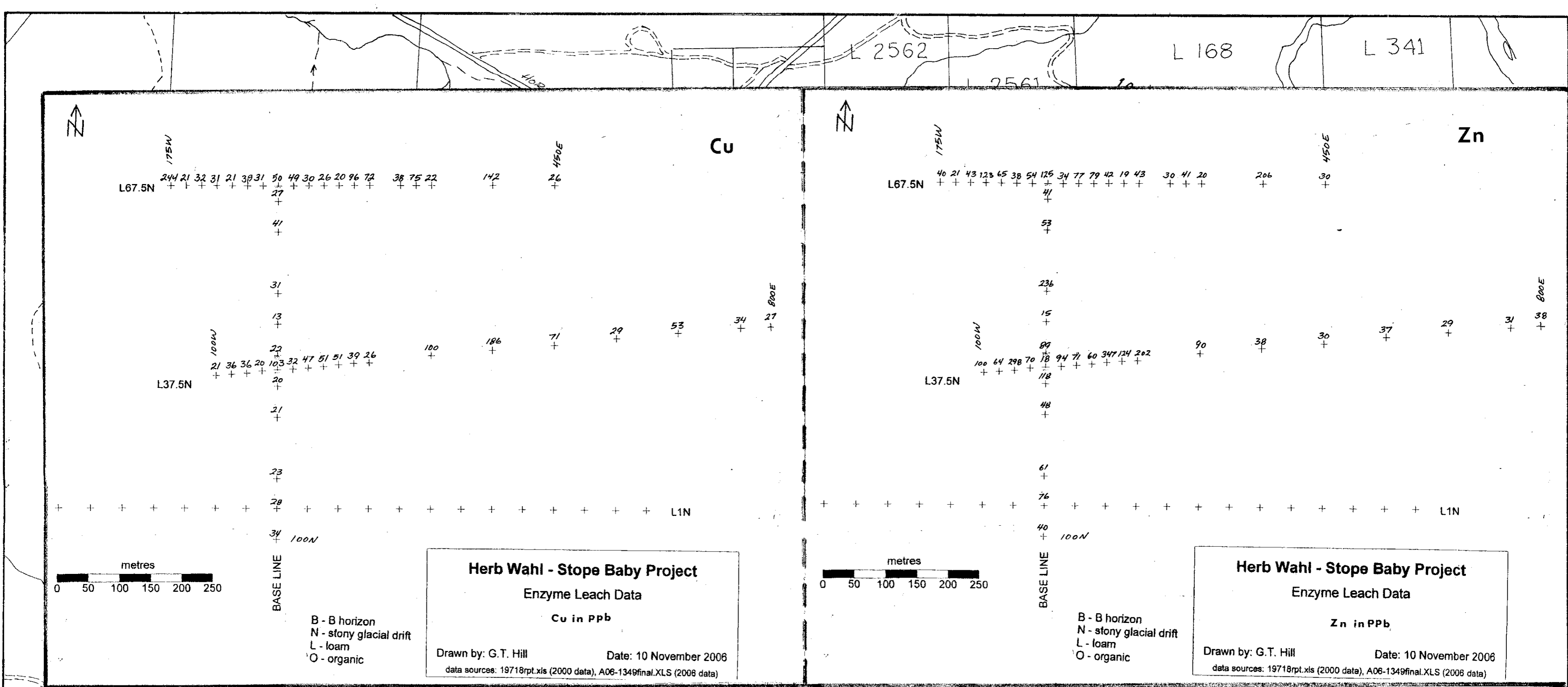
**STOPE BABY MINERAL CLAIMS
CARIBOO M.D. B.C.**

GEO DATA MAP

LOCATION 2006 SOIL LINES

HERB WAHL, PENG. B.C. DEC. 1999 **FIG. A**

28,573



500 0 500 M
SCALE 1:10,000

HORSEFLY MOTHERLODE GOLD PROJECT

STOPE BABY MINERAL CLAIMS
CARIBOO M.D. B.C.

DETAILED LOCATION APRIL 2006
ENZYME LEACH SOIL SAMPLING
AREA: AMMENDMENT RE 24 APR. 07

H. WAHL, P. ENG. B.C. 02 MAY 2007 FIG. A-1