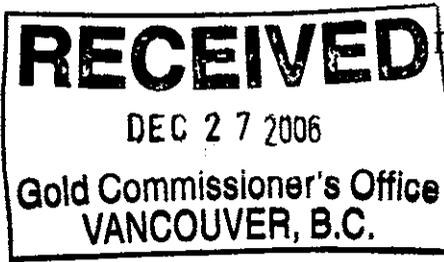


ASSESSMENT REPORT

on



DIAMOND DRILLING

VINE PROPERTY
(VP Claims)

Moyie Lake area, SE B.C.
Fort Steele Mining Division

UTM 585500E 5472800N

TRIM 82G.031 & 82G.041

For

RUBY RED RESOURCES INC.
207-239 12th Ave SW
Calgary, Alberta
T2R 1H6

By

Peter Klewchuk, P. Geo.
December, 2006

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY BRANCH
ASSESSMENT REPORT

28,729

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1.00 INTRODUCTION

1.10 Location and Access

The Vine property is located about 12 kilometers south of Cranbrook in SE B.C. The claims are just NE of Moyie Lake, on TRIM maps 82G.031 and 041, centered approximately at UTM coords. 585500E 5472800N (Fig. 1).

Access is by road south from Cranbrook along Highway 3/95 to Green Bay, then north on Hidden Valley Road.

1.20 Property

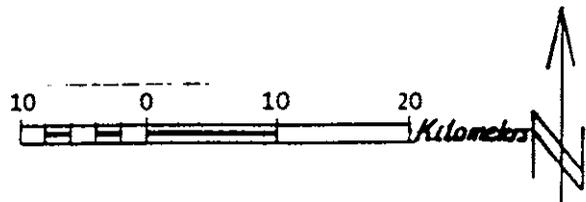
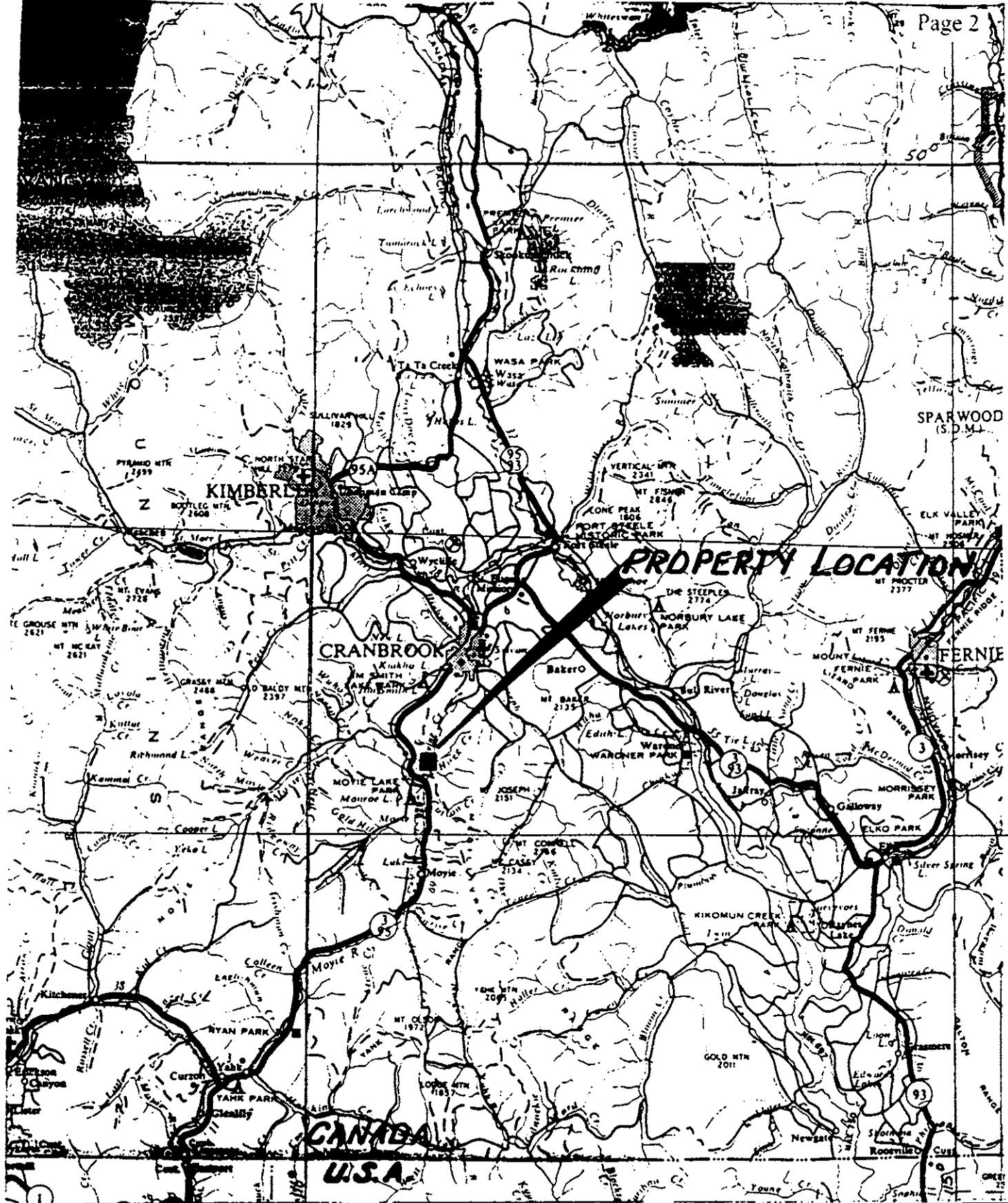
The Vine property comprises 20 2-post claims, VP 1 to 20 (Fig. 2), owned by Ruby Red Resources Inc. of Calgary, Alberta.

1.30 Physiography

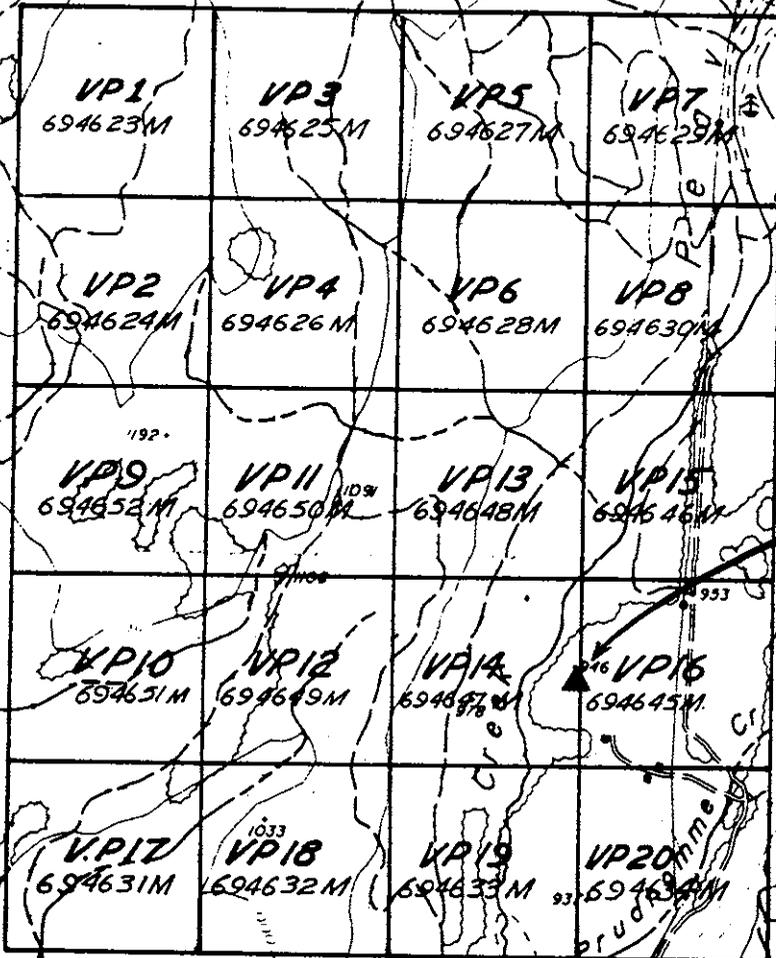
The Vine property is located just NE of Moyie Lake, within the Moyie Range of the Purcell Mountains. Topography is mainly rounded, wooded slopes at lower elevations between about 940 and 1300 meters. Forest cover is a mixture of spruce, larch, fir and pine with a portion of the property cleared for agriculture and grazing.

1.40 History

The Fors property immediately to the west of the Vine was originally staked by Cominco Ltd. in the mid 1960's, following the discovery of surface base metal mineralization. Cominco's exploration included soil geochemistry, surface and airborne geophysics, and diamond drilling. The area of the current Vine property (VP claims) was also originally staked by Cominco, in the mid 1970's, following the discovery of surface boulders of massive high-grade lead-zinc-silver sulfide mineralization. Subsequent exploration activity by Cominco Ltd. exposed the Vine massive sulfide vein by trenching. The Vine Vein is similar to the St. Eugene veins, which are about 13 kilometers to the south and which were the site of the first mining operation in the East Kootenay district of B.C. Historical production from the St. Eugene deposits is about 1.3 million tons at 10.9% Pb, 2.72% Zn, 5.5 oz/t Ag and .005 oz/t Au.



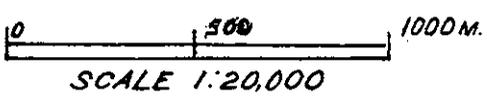
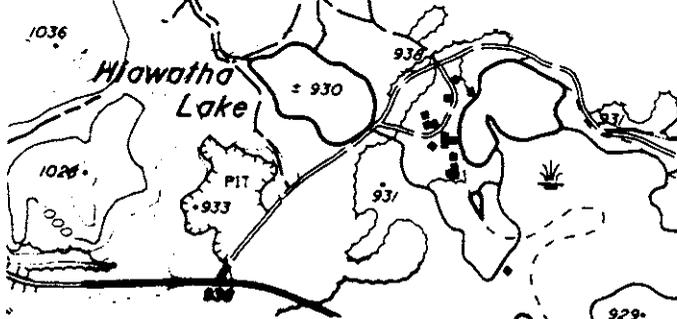
VINE PROPERTY
 LOCATION MAP
 Scale 1:600,000 Figure 1



AREA OF DRILLING

49° 24' 00"

5472000



V.P. PROPERTY	
CLAIM MAP	
FIG 2	
SCALE: 1:20,000	MAP REF. 826041, 828 031

Cominco Ltd. Tested the Vine vein structure with a few short diamond drill holes but their primary interest was a SEDEX style stratiform deposit at Sullivan time, with the Vine vein mineralization considered as a possible remobilization from SEDEX mineralization at depth. Property-wide diamond drilling by Cominco Ltd. in the Vine area established the presence of an anomalous Sullivan-type mud zone at Sullivan Time on and near the Vine property.

In 1989 Kokanee Explorations Ltd. acquired an option on the Vine vein from Cominco Ltd. and conducted geophysics, geochemistry, geological mapping, trenching and diamond drilling programs between 1989 and 1991. Their work provided sufficient detail to outline a (**pre NI 43-101**) mineral resource at the Vine vein of:

“Proven” ore: 264,000 tons at 5.2% Pb, 2.24% Zn, 1.96 oz/t Ag and .056 oz/t Au.

“Probable” ore: 337,000 tons at 4.22% Pb, 2.51% Zn, 1.16 oz/t Ag and .05 oz/t Au.

Kokanee Explorations Ltd. was acquired by Consolidated Ramrod Gold Corp. in 1992. The claims covering the Vine Vein were eventually allowed to lapse and Supergroup Holdings staked the ground in September of 2000 and vended the property to Ruby Red Resources in 2005.

1.50 Scope of Present Program

In late October 2005, a five hole diamond drill program was undertaken on the near-surface portion of the Vine vein to test for the possibility of mineralized cross-cutting structures. At the St. Eugene deposits, approximately 13 km south of the Vine vein, two parallel-trending WNW fractures control the mineralization, but the bulk of the ore was present in cross-cutting, northeast-striking veins developed between the WNW fractures. These northeast-striking sulfide veins at the St. Eugene were called ‘avenues’. The Vine vein system also has two parallel-striking WNW fractures and in surface exposures, thin, sulfide-mineralized cross-cutting fractures are evident. The 2005 drilling program was designed to test for thicker cross-cutting sulfide veins in the immediate sub-surface.

2.00 GEOLOGY

The Vine area is underlain by rocks of the Mesoproterozoic Purcell Supergroup which form a large north-plunging anticlinorium. The lowermost member of the Purcell Supergroup is the Aldridge Formation, a thick sequence of fine-grained siliciclastic rocks deposited largely by turbidity currents. The Aldridge Formation is host to the former producing world-class Sullivan SEDEX Pb-Zn-Ag deposit at Kimberley, about 40 kilometers north of the Vine. The Aldridge Formation is overlain by shallow water argillites, siltstones and quartzites of the Creston Formation and these are in turn overlain by carbonate-bearing siltstones and argillites of the Kitchener Formation.

The Moyie Fault is a major transverse fault which strikes northeasterly in the Vine area and crosses the SE corner of the Vine property. The fault dips steeply northwest and separates lower Middle Aldridge rocks on the northwest from Kitchener Formation rocks on the southeast; an apparent vertical displacement of almost 5000 meters.

The Vine vein strikes WNW and dips steeply to the southwest at 70 to 80 degrees. It was traced by Kokanee Explorations Ltd. with geology, geophysics and geochemistry for about 5 km; with trenching for about 2 km and with diamond drilling for about 700 m on strike and to a depth of about 700 m. The vein structure is known to transect at least 1500 meters of Aldridge stratigraphy. It crosses the lower-middle Aldridge contact (Sullivan Horizon) with base metal concentrations in both middle Aldridge and lower Aldridge rocks.

Geologic mapping on the Vine property identified a sub-parallel trending fault structure northeast of the Vine Vein but no detailed work was completed on this structure. A gabbro dike is known to occupy this structure, similar to the Vine Vein.

3.00 DIAMOND DRILLING

3.10 Introduction

Five NQ diamond drill holes, totaling 248.42 meters, were drilled between October 19 and October 24, 2005, to test for cross-cutting mineralized zones which, at the St. Eugene Mine 13 km to the south, were termed avenues and which produced the bulk of the St. Eugene ore.

3.20 Results

The five diamond drill holes completed at the Vine vein in October, 2005 intersected lower Middle Aldridge metasedimentary rocks (quartzites, siltstones and argillites), intrusive gabbro dike material, massive sulfides of the Vine vein, quartz-calcite matrix breccias associated with the massive sulfides, and clay-matrix fault zones. Relative location of the drill holes is shown in Figure 3; details of the drill holes are provided in cross-sections of individual holes in Figures 4a to 4d, and drill logs are provided in Appendix 1. Assays and analyses of selected mineralized portions of the core are provided in Appendix 2.

The drilling did not conclusively establish the presence or absence of intervening, cross-cutting 'avenue' type ore zones. For example, one narrow sulfide zone in hole V-05-60 at 19.85 - 22.5 m may be such a zone. No unequivocal cross-cutting sulfide zones were identified.

High grade sulfide veins intersected by the drilling are mainly the predominant WNW-trending lenses of sulfides known from previous work. Gold values in some intersections are well above the historic averages determined by previous work and could help to support an open pit operation to extract the higher grade, near-surface massive sulfide zones.

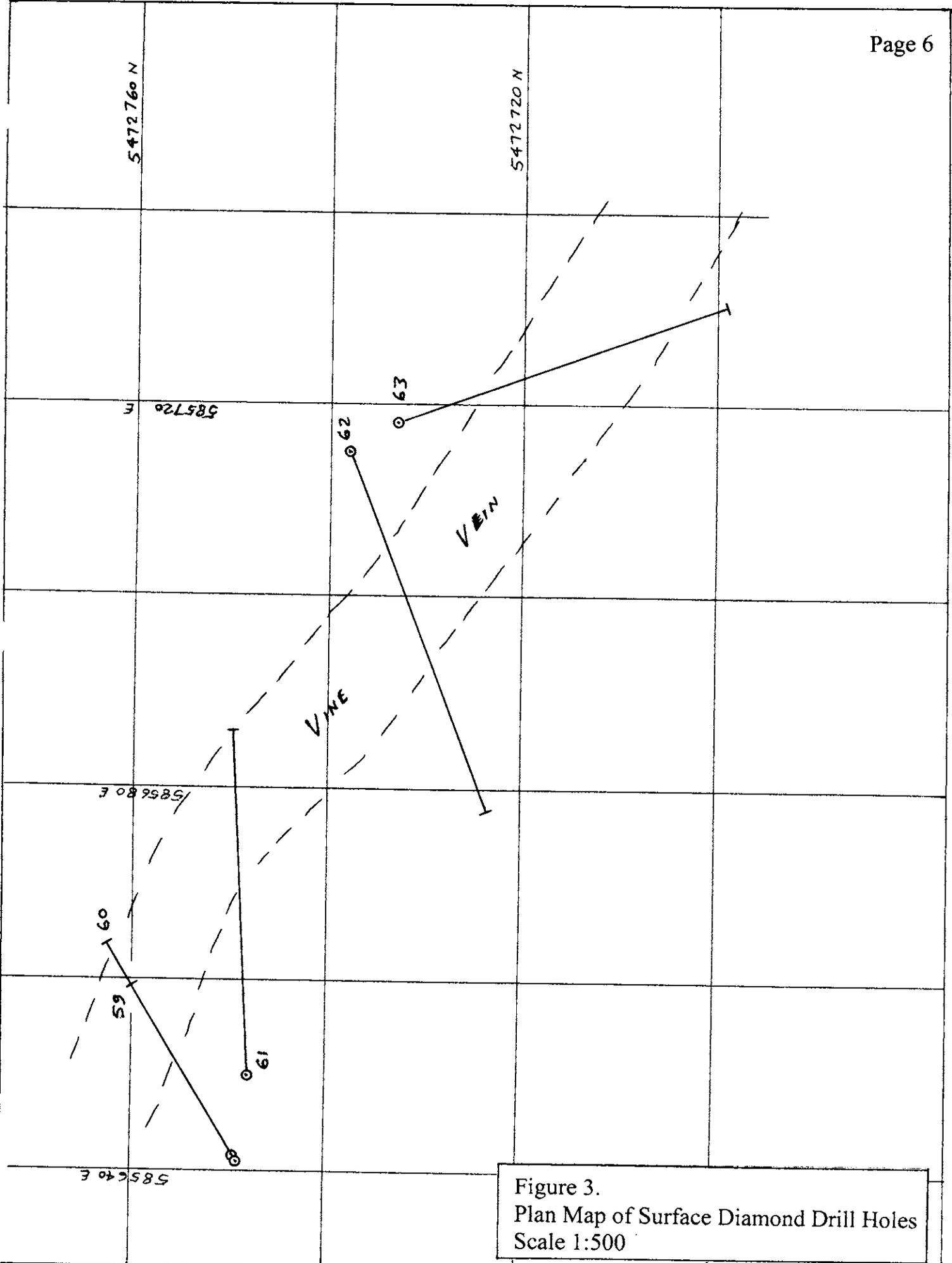


Figure 3.
Plan Map of Surface Diamond Drill Holes
Scale 1:500

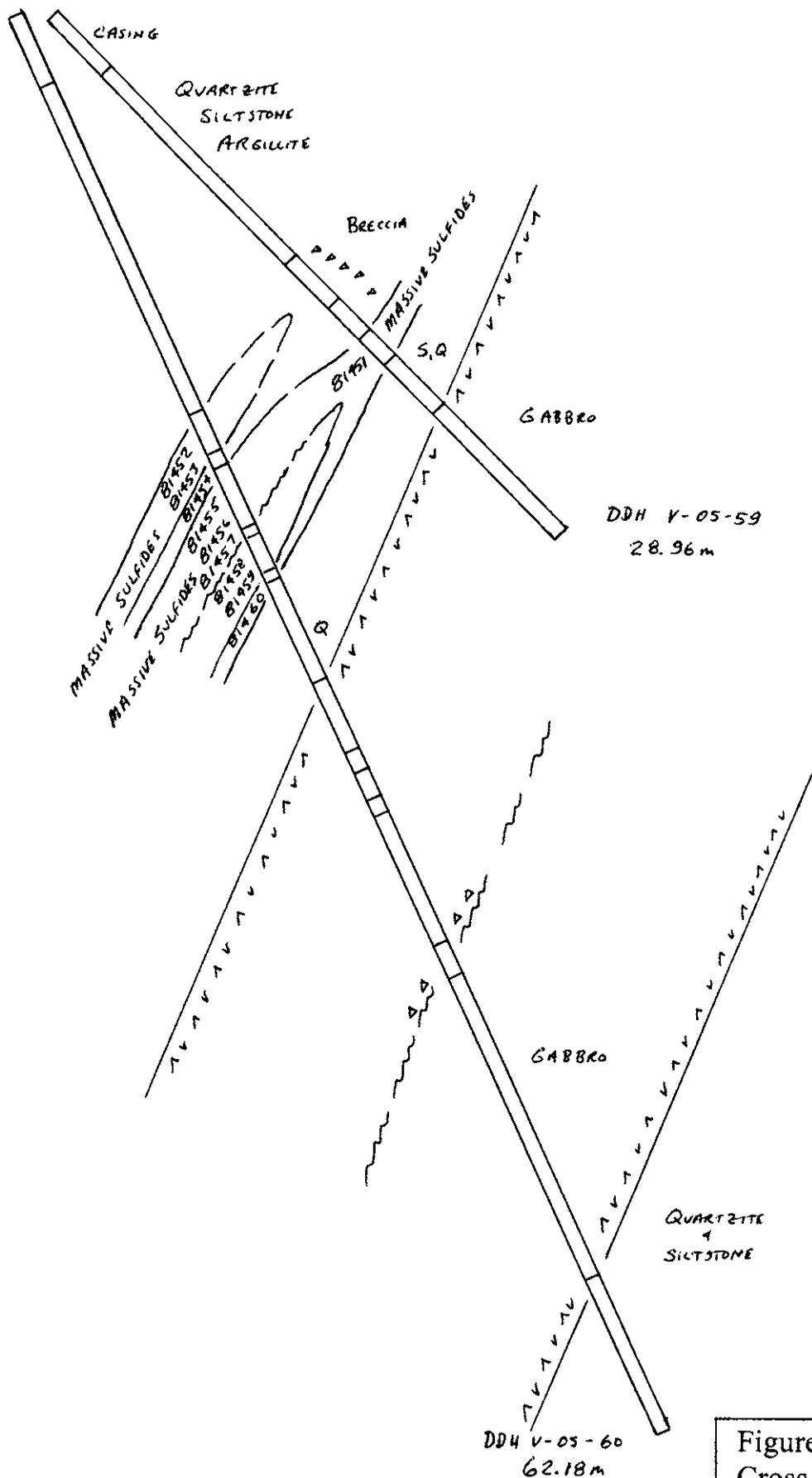


Figure 4a.
Cross Section DDH V-05-59 & 60
Scale 1:250

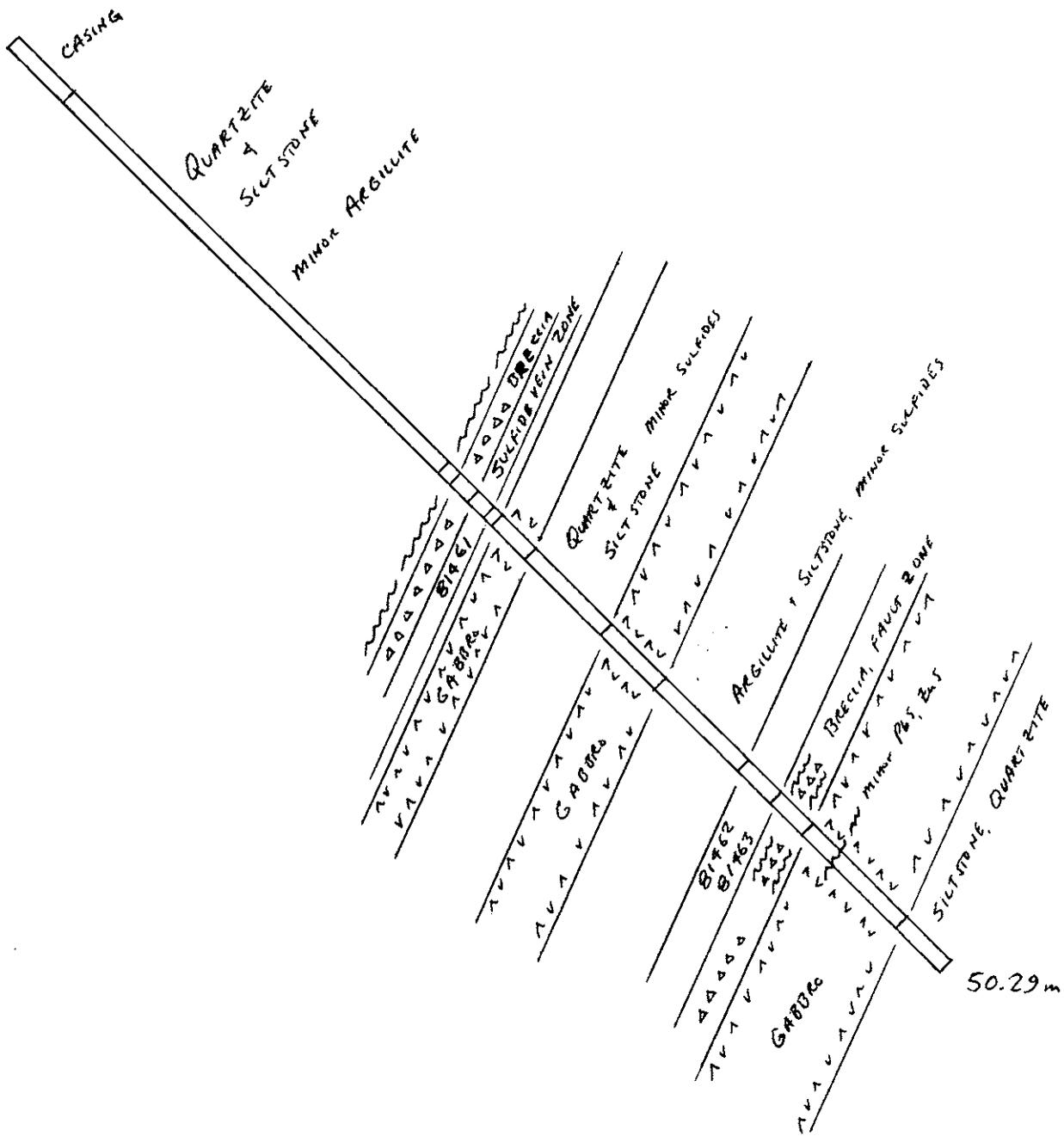


Figure 4b.
Cross Section DDH V-05-61
Scale 1:250

56.39 m

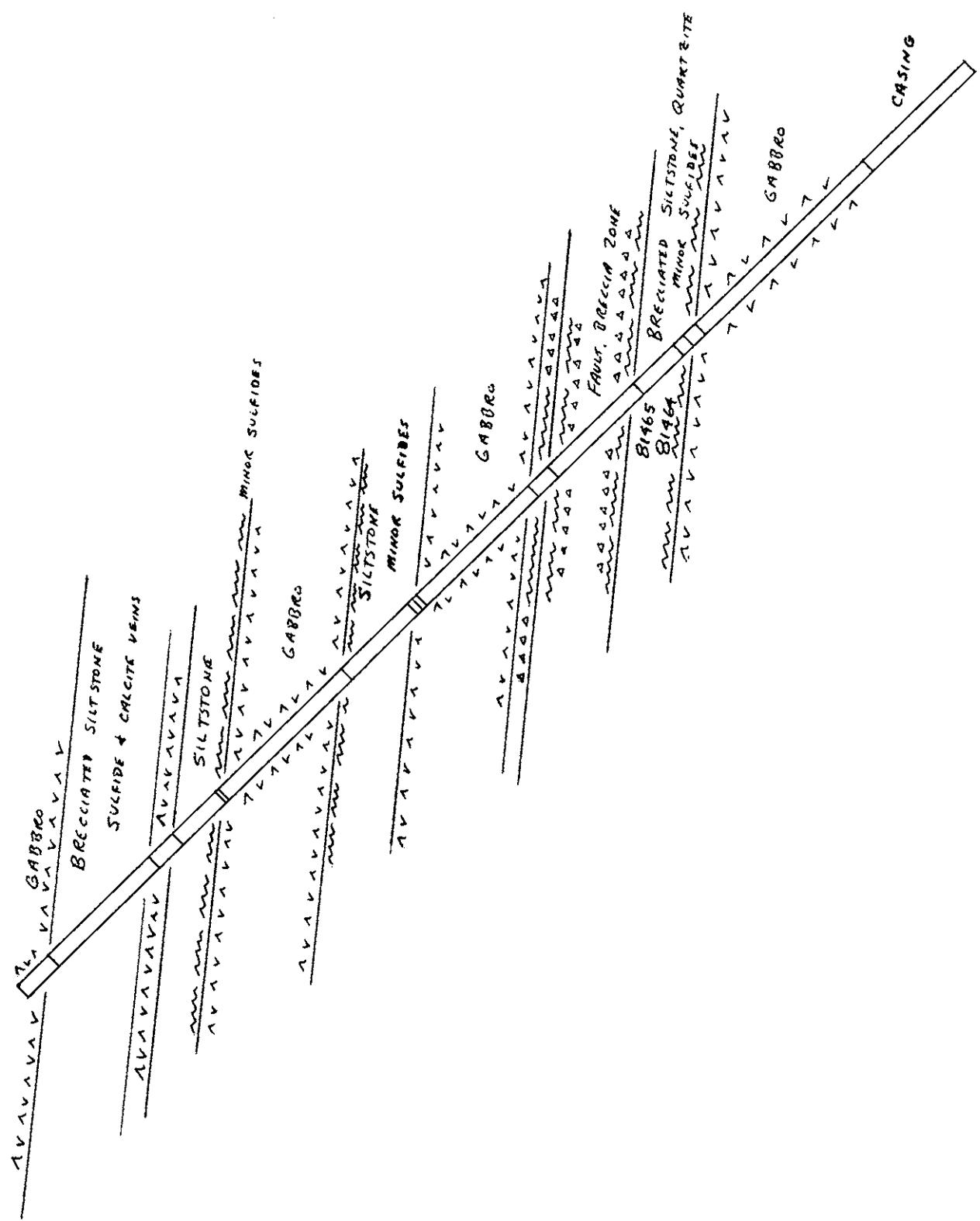


Figure 4c.
Cross Section DDH V-05-62
Scale 1:250

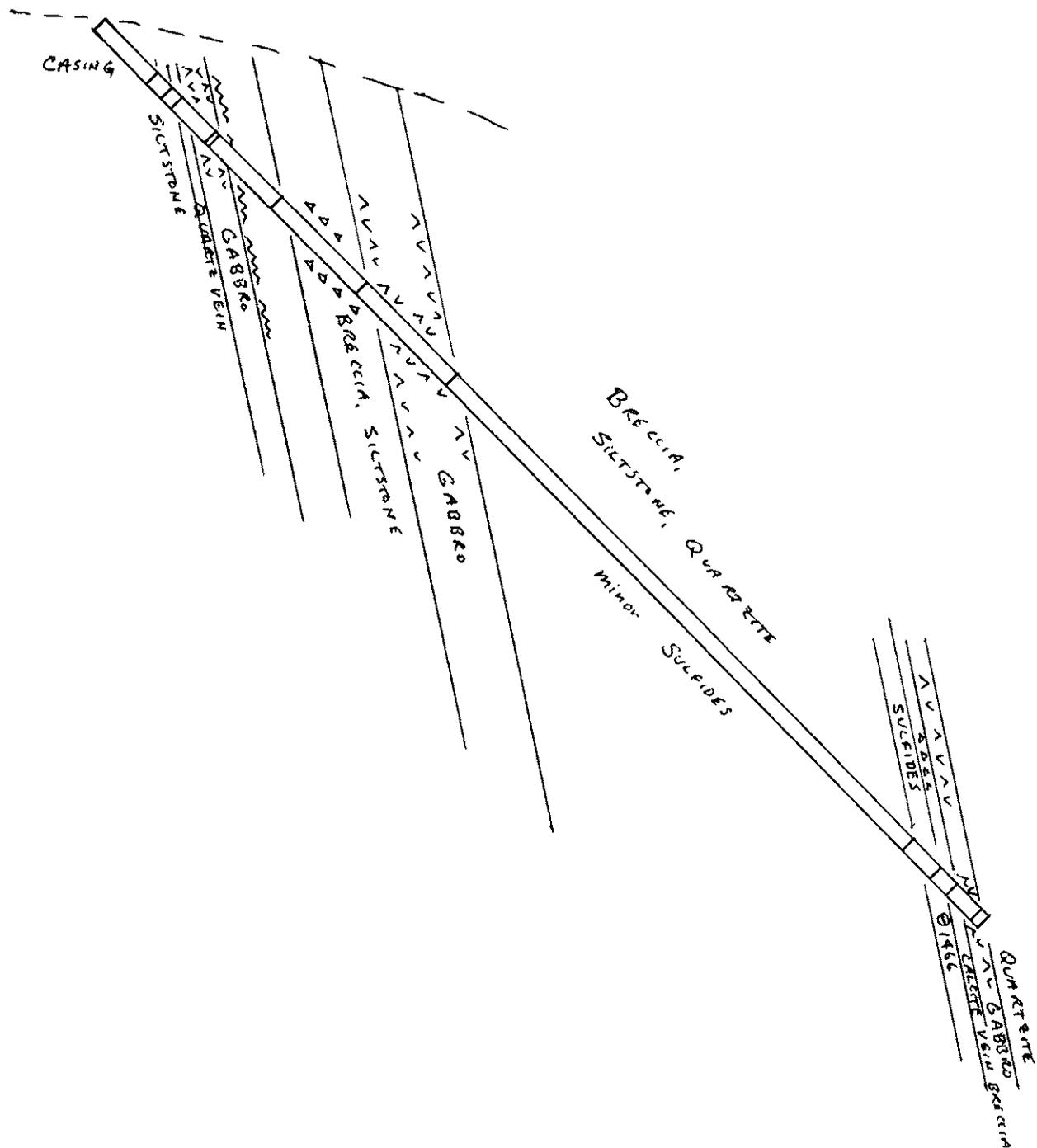


Figure 4d.
Cross Section DDH V-05-63
Scale 1:250

4.00 REFERENCES

Klewchuk, P. , 2004 Assessment Report on Ground geophysics, Vine Property, Fort Steele Mining Division, BCMEMPR Assessment Report 27624

5.00 STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES

Diamond drilling (248.42m) Lone Ranger Diamond Drilling	\$19,971.55
Rock geochemistry (Drill core analysis and assays)	463.10
Geologist (P. Klewchuk); drill program planning, supervision, core logging	3,500.00
4X4 truck 7 days @ \$100/day	700.00
Drafting	400.00
 Total Expenditure	 <u>\$25,034.65</u>

6.00 AUTHOR'S QUALIFICATIONS

As author of this report I, Peter Klewchuk, certify that:

1. I am an independent consulting geologist with offices at 246 Moyie Street, Kimberley, B.C.
2. I am a graduate geologist with a B.Sc. degree (1969) from the University of British Columbia and an M.Sc. degree (1972) from the University of Calgary.
3. I am a Fellow of the Geological Association of Canada and a member of the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of British Columbia.
4. I have been actively involved in mining and exploration geology, primarily in the province of British Columbia, for the past 31 years.
5. I have been employed by major mining companies and provincial government geological departments.

Dated at Kimberley, British Columbia, this 15th day of November, 2006.

Pet K
 Peter Klewchuk
 P. Geo.


 A circular professional seal for the Province of British Columbia. The outer ring contains the text "PROFESSIONAL" at the top and "GEOSCIENTIST" at the bottom. Inside the ring, it says "PROVINCE OF" at the top, "P. KLEWCHUK" in the center, and "BRITISH COLUMBIA" at the bottom.

Drill Hole Record

Hole No.:	V-05-59	Property:	Vine
Commenced:	05-10-19	Owner:	Super Group Holdings Ltd.
Completed:	05-10-19	Location:	Upper Vine Pit / Trench
Coordinates:	585641E 5472749N	Contractor:	Lone Ranger
Core Size:	NQ	Total Length:	28.96m
Azimuth:	059	Logged by:	P. Klewchuk
Collar Dip:	-45	Date:	05-10-20
Objective:	Test for 'Avenue' ore		

Meters	Description
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0-3.05	CASING, no core
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3.05-13.7	QUARTZITE, minor SILTSTONE & ARGILLITE
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Med to dark blue-gray; thick, med and thin bedded; bedding at 45-50 to c/a. Very few thin veinlets of white quartz-calcite cut the core. Within more massive quartzites pale gray-green healed vague 'fractures' are sericitically altered. Core is quite broken below 10.5m. One light gray QV, 5-8mm wide, at 35 to c/a at 10.3m carries coarse irregular patches of py and lesser dark green chlorite.

13.7-16.1	BRECCIA
-----------	---------

Brecciated siltstone, brownish-gray color. Mainly clast-supported with angular clasts within a fabric at 30-40 to c/a. Vein matrix is quartz and calcite; veins are typically up to 2 or 3mm wide. Some siltstone clasts are biotite-altered; a few clasts are of quartz-sphalerite-pyrite and near 16.1m small patches of pyrite are present.

16.1-17.8	BRECCIA
-----------	---------

More intense, mostly matrix-supported breccia. Rounded to sub-angular clasts of various lithologies, mostly ½ to 2cm across with a few larger fragments of 'crackle brecciated' siltstone or quartzite. Matrix is light gray to white dolomite and calcite.

Near 16.3m a small cluster of rounded quartz clasts carry abundant po, ZnS, PbS and py. Near 16.7m and 17.1m clasts of massive reddish-brown ZnS and ZnS-pyrite are present. Below 17.65m a stronger fabric is developed at 50 to c/a and at 17.8m a coarse vuggy calcite-pyrite-chlorite vein is at 20-25 to c/a.

17.8-19.2	MASSIVE SULFIDES
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Predominantly fine to medium grained reddish-brown sphalerite, galena and pyrite. Isolated rounded blebs of light gray quartz are scattered through the sulfides, est 7%. A few internal veins of light gray calcite and dark green chlorite are present; at 18.6m about 10cm of rubbly core is dark green, chloritic quartz with minor sulfides and slickensides.

Internal calcite veins are at 20-30 to c/a.

			% Cu	% Pb	% Zn	g/T Ag	g/TAu
SAMPLE 81451	17.8-19.2	(1.4m)	.097	4.54	17.2	210	2.07

19.2-19.45 QUARTZITE & SILTSTONE, minor SULFIDES

Light to med gray; massive looking but some broken core; med & thick beds. A few lensey bands of pyrite-chlorite cross core at ~70 to c/a.

19.45-19.75 BRECCIA with MASSIVE SULFIDE FRAGMENTS

Brecciated light gray quartzite / siltstone; clast-supported at 19.45m with fabric at ~60 to c/a.

19.53-19.75m has numerous massive sulfide clasts - mainly reddish-brown ZnS with minor py. Clasts comprise est 40% of the interval. Contacts are at 40-60 to c/a and may be 'avenue' veins (cross-cutting to bounding WNW fractures). Matrix to sulfide clasts is crushed siltstone and white dolomite / calcite.

19.75-22.0 SILTSTONE & QUARTZITE; broken core; fault zones; minor SULFIDE VEINS

Light to dark gray; broken to very rubbly core with probable fault zones at 19.75m, 20.1m and 20.6m. Calcite veins, 0.5 to 2cm wide, at 40 to c/a, at 20.1 and 21.6m.

21.85-22.0 is a series of discontinuous, ragged sulfide veins in quartzite / siltstone. Vein fabric is at 25-30 to c/a. Sulfides include py, ZnS & PbS and comprise about 25% of core.

22.0-23.9 Biotite-altered GABBRO, minor SULFIDE & CARBONATE VEINS

Dark brown, fine-grained, swirly fabric in places, at 0 to 50 to c/a. Contact with sed occurs over ~20cm of core and is close to parallel to c/a with sulfide veining along contact. Sulfide-quartz-calcite veins occur scattered through the interval, mostly at 50 to c/a and include py and ZnS along with dissem PbS. Contact with underlying gabbro is gradational.

23.9-28.96 GABBRO

Med green to brownish green, med to fine-grained. Patchy brownish biotite alteration. Few thin QV up to 8mm wide, at 20-50 to c/a.

28.96 End of Hole

Drill Hole Record

Hole No.:	V-05-60	Property:	Vine
Commenced:	05-10-19	Owner:	Super Group Holdings Ltd.
Completed:	05-10-20	Location:	Upper Vine Pit / Trench
Coordinates:	585642E 5472749N	Contractor:	Lone Ranger
Core Size:	NQ	Total Length:	62.18m
Azimuth:	059	Logged by:	P. Klewchuk
Collar Dip:	-65	Date:	05-10-21 & 22
Objective:	Test for 'Avenue' ore		

Meters	Description
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0-3.05 CASING, no core

3.05-8.4 QUARTZITE, minor SILTSTONE & ARGILLITE

Med to dark gray and brownish-gray. Med to thin bedded; may be a few thick beds; bedding at 65-75 to c/a. Core is fairly broken with narrow rubbly sections. Rock is crushed in places, with no cement. A few light gray calcite / dolomite veins are present; bedding-// near 3.4m and at 25 to c/a near 6.2m.

8.4-17.55 SILTSTONE & ARGILLITE, minor QUARTZITE

Mainly dark gray to med gray; med & thin bedded; bedding at 70 to c/a. Core is more broken below 13.5m with rubbly sections. Much of the core shows evidence of crushing with only local carbonate veining. The calcite / dolomite vein matrix breccia seen at the HW to the sulfides in DDH V-05-59 is at best only very weakly developed here. At 8.5m 2 ragged pyrite-chlorite veins are at ~80 to bedding and at ~25 to c/a. 17.4-17.55m has a deformation cleavage at 40 to c/a, parallel to underlying sulfide contact. A few ragged py-chl veins follow the cleavage. Est 40cm core loss between 16.45 and 17.55m

17.55-19.30 MASSIVE SULFIDES, CALCITE VEINING, FAULT ZONE

17.55 to 18.5m is mainly fine-grained ZnS with minor dissem PbS. Po is more dominant in the lowermost 15cm. Rounded quartz blebs 1mm to 3cm across (ave 4-6mm) are fairly common; quartz is both light cloudy gray and dark gray / transparent. A series of discontinuous calcite-dolomite veins, light gray in color, cross the core at 30-40 to c/a. Veins are up to 1.5cm wide and some contain angular fragments of ZnS-rich wallrock. A few vugs are coated with chlorite and minor py. 18.5-19.3m is mainly massive fine-grained ZnS and po with quartz blebs but includes ~15cm length of core with abundant dissem aspy near 18.6m, a clay gouge fault zone at 18.75m and ragged calcite veins with py. Minor cpy occurs with the py. Calcite veins form a matrix for local brecciation; angular clasts of wallrock massive sulfides are included in calcite.

				% Cu	% Pb	% Zn	g/T Ag	g/TAu
SAMPLING:	81452	17.55-18.5m	(0.95m)	.082	5.17	14.12	188	2.06
	81453	18.5-19.3	(0.8m)	.064	5.82	7.28	115	1.42

19.3-19.85 QUARTZITE, minor PYRITE

Medium gray, quite massive. Mostly broken core. Minor py and associated chlorite occur in ragged patches and veins near 19.75m. Weaker thin veins and dissem py occur through parts of the rest of the interval. Thin white carbonate veins also occur near 19.75m.

Rubbly core at 19.3m may be a minor fault zone with ~20cm of core loss.

SAMPLE 81454 19.3-19.85m (0.55m)

19.85-22.5 MASSIVE SULFIDES, minor CALCITE VEINING

Mainly fine-grained ZnS & po with lesser dissem PbS with quartz blebs and some rounded light gray calcite blebs. Calcite also forms ragged veins or patches; largest covers 15cm of core with breccia texture boundaries. Locally vugs and patchy py-chlorite are associated with calcite. Dissem PbS as well as py-chl veins occur in calcite.

20.75 to 21.1m is a breccia with angular clasts of dark gray to black chloritized siltstone / quartzite in a matrix of abundant irregular veins and patches of py and minor ZnS.

Breccia contacts are at ~60 to c/a. Contacts at 19.85 and 22.5m are at ~70 to c/a.

				% Cu	% Pb	% Zn	g/T Ag	g/TAu
SAMPLING	81455	19.85-20.7	(0.85m)	.117	5.29	10.54	156	6.24
	81456	20.7-21.0	(0.3m)	.041	0.58	0.96	7	0.07
	81457	21.0-22.5	(1.5m)	.116	5.31	9.70	148	1.13

22.5-22.9 FAULT GOUGE BRECCIA

Rounded to sub-angular clasts of altered, biotitic siltstone / quartzite in a dark gray clay matrix. Mostly matrix-supported. A few calcite veins / patches are present and there is minor dissem euhedral py in the clay matrix.

				% Cu	% Pb	% Zn	g/T Ag	g/TAu
SAMPLE	81458	22.5-22.9	(0.4m)	.028	0.49	0.44	8	.42

22.9-24.4 SULFIDE / QUARTZ / CALCITE VEIN BRECCIA

Swirly mixture of ragged pyrite-rich veins and masses with est 10-15% light gray calcite veining and 20-25% dark gray quartz veining. Smaller scale breccias with quartz, calcite and sulfide veining are locally developed at ~45 to c/a. Rounded elongate py-rich sulfide clasts occur in larger calcite veins. A few patches of ZnS and local concentrations of dissem PbS are present. Minor cpy occurs locally in QV. Upper contact is at ~50 to c/a; lower contact at ~35 to c/a

				% Cu	% Pb	% Zn	g/T Ag	g/TAu
SAMPLE	81459	22.9-24.4	(1.5m)	.081	1.69	1.88	21	.71

24.4-24.8 MASSIVE SULFIDES

Predominantly po-rich but with py, ZnS & PbS. Contact with py-chl veins at 24.4m is at 35 to c/a; contact at 24.8m is at 70 to c/a but underlying core is broken. Rounded yellowish-gray calcite blebs up to 2cm diam occur within sulfides as well as light to dark gray quartz blebs. One py-chl-calcite vein at 24.7m is at 50 to c/a.

SAMPLE	81460	24.4-24.8	(0.4m)	% Cu	% Pb	% Zn	g/T Ag	g/TAu
				0.126	5.29	3.36	157	5.70

24.8-26.3 FAULT ZONE

Broken, brecciated core and clay-matrix fault breccia. Mostly med gray siltstone and quartzite. Est 50% core loss (with ~30 or 40cm lost at 24.8m). Few thin discontinuous calcite veins near 25.5m. Minor PbS and ZnS with quartzite at 26.3m. Fault fabric tends to be at 40-50 to c/a.

26.3-29.15 QUARTZITE

Darker gray-brown. Mostly broken core; med, possibly thick bedded. Local concentration of calcite veins, with py & chl, over 15cm at 28.8m. Biotite-altered with few py-chl veins near 29.15m

29.15-32.5 GABBRO, local FAULT ZONE

Dark green to brown-green, fine to med grained. Both contacts at ~70 to c/a. Fault zone from 30.0 to 30.4m; crushed core; lower contact at 25 to c/a. Quartz-calcite-py-chl veining from 30.8-31.6m is from 0 to 20 to c/a; biotite-altered 'below' this zone for ~20cm.

32.5-33.2 QUARTZITE & SILTSTONE; QUARTZ VEINING

Darker gray, silicified, med bedded at ~60 to c/a. Irregular light gray milky and glassy QV over 15cm of core near 33.1m has silicified adjacent seds & is associated with irregular splotchy py-chl 'veins'.

33.2-34.4 GABBRO

Med green, fine-med grained. Upper contact at ~40 to c/a, lower contact at ~50 to c/a.

34.4-35.1 SILTSTONE

Lighter to med gray, mottled, silicified. Indistinct bedding. Few po, ZnS & py-chl veins. Py also occurs on chloritic fractures. Bottom contact at ~30 to c/a; 1 to 1.5cm chl-py veining with reddish-brown biotite alteration.

35.1-40.8 GABBRO

Med gray-green, fine-med grained. At 38.1m 6cm wide composite calcite vein at 50 to c/a has associated HW and FW reddish-brown biotite alteration for ~15cm on each side. Lower contact is at ~50 to c/a, wavy.

40.8-42.2 BRECCIA / FAULT; GABBRO

Texture varies from sheared to a fragmental. Clasts are mainly gabbro with a few biotite-altered quartzites. Most clasts are ~2cm across and close to equi-dimensional; sub-angular to sub-rounded. Calcite veins are concentrated at 40.8m, at ~50 to c/a, wavy; most of the top 7cm is calcite veins. Bottom 20 cm is est 50% calcite veins, in a banded / sheared zone at ~45 to c/a. Swirly, ragged po and py+chl veins are also present here. At 41.8m dark green clay gouge (crushed gabbro) indicates a minor fault.

42.2-55.3 GABBRO, minor included QUARTZITE, minor FAULTING

Gabbro is med gray-green, fine to med grained. Sed 'inclusions' are at: 48.7 to 48.85; 49.4 to 50.4 and 51.3 to 52.7. Sed inclusions are silicified, bleached and mottled to biotite-altered and commonly have evidence of faulting at contacts; at 48.85m, 4cm of calcite-chlorite veining is at 30 to c/a; at 49.4m, 4cmbanded calcite veining at 40 to c/a; at 50 to 50.2m, broken, rubbly core. At 51.7m a light gray 3cm wide QV cuts core at 30 to c/a. Minor quartz-carbonate veining occurs in the gabbro, locally as a matrix to brecciation.

55.3-62.18 QUARTZITE & SILTSTONE

Light to med gray, med and thin bedded, bedding at 50-60 to c/a. Narrow zones of broken and rubbly core are present - minor fault zones. At 60.3m ~15cm of core is 'crackle brecciated' with a calcite vein matrix. Very minor py is present, locally dissem in quartzite amd along a few fractures with chlorite.

62.18 End of Hole

Drill Hole Record

Hole No.:	V-05-61	Property:	Vine
Commenced:	05-10-21	Owner:	Super Group Holdings Ltd.
Completed:	05-10-21	Location:	Upper Vine Pit / Trench
Coordinates:	585650E 5472748N	Contractor:	Lone Ranger
Core Size:	NQ	Total Length:	50.29m
Azimuth:	087	Logged by:	P. Klewchuk
Collar Dip:	-45	Date:	05-10-23
Objective:	Test for 'Avenue' ore		

Meters	Description
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0-3.05	CASING, no core.
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3.05-23.3	QUARTZITE & SILTSTONE, minor ARGILLITE Med to darker gray and blue-gray. Med and thin bedded; possibly few thick beds, bedding at 45-55 to c/a. Core is fairly competent but is increasingly broken toward 23.3m. Below 20.0m there is weak "crackle" style brecciation with thin calcite veins. Shearing associated with some veins is at ~40 to c/a.
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23.3-23.85	FAULT ZONE Crushed sediments; clay and sand matrix. Med to dark gray. Small quartz fragments and very minor fine-grained py. Est 30-40% core loss.
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23.85-24.8	BRECCIA Brecciated med to dark gray siltstone and quartzite in a matrix of finely crushed seds and light gray to white calcite veins. Ranges from clast-supported at margins to matrix-supported in the middle. No prominent fabric but a number of stronger breaks are at ~70 to c/a. Small irregular patches of py occur near 24.8m, along with dissem py.
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24.8-25.7	SULFIDE VEIN ZONE Top 12 cm is a brecciated band of fine-grained massive ZnS, po, PbS and py. Breccia matrix is vein calcite. Next 10cm is a fairly massive calcite vein at ~50 to c/a but with ragged, brecciated margins. Next 7cm is dark gray siltstone at 40 to ca, same as contact with underlying sulfides. Bottom 50cm is massive to semi-massive sulfides. Top contact at 40 to c/a; lower one at ~80 to c/a. Sulfides are fine-grained po, ZnS, PbS, py and cpy. Individual sulfides tend to be segregated into swirly vein-like masses within the over-all sulfide band. These vague 'bands' of sulfides tend to be at ~50 to c/a. Dark gray quartz blebs are common; most are small, 3-8mm across but larger blebs up to 3cm diam occur near 'top' of vein.
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				% Cu	% Pb	% Zn	g/T Ag	g/TAu
SAMPLE	81461	24.8-25.7	(0.9m)	0.092	5.33	2.89	144	1.85

25.7-26.2 SILTSTONE & QUARTZITE

Light to med gray and gray-brown mottled. Thin and med bedded at ~40 to c/a. Weak calcite veining with minor ZnS and pyrite in ragged veins near 25.7m. Broken core over ~15cm at 25.9m; may be some core loss.

26.2-28.0 GABBRO

Med to darker green and brown/blue -green. Mottled, swirly, vaguely banded texture. Fine and med grained. Contact at 26.2m is at ~50 to c/a; at 28.0m at ~60 to c/a. Discontinuous narrow (3mm) po vein at ~50 to c/a at 27.4m Crushed core at 27.6m may be a minor fault. Few cross-cutting calcite veins.

28.0-32.1 Altered QUARTZITE & SILTSTONE, minor VEIN SULFIDES, local FAULTING

Weakly to moderately brecciated; silica, sericite and carbonate -altered. Bedding indistinct. From 28.85 to 31.4m, ragged vein sulfides are scattered through the core, est 3-5%. Veins are irregular but tend to be at ~40 to c/a; they are comprised mainly of po and py with local ZnS and very minor cpy. At 31.3m an irregular band of mostly fine-grained ZnS is 4-6 cm wide & ~ at 40 to c/a. Thin calcite veins are present and one 2cm wide quartz- (py,chl) vein at 30.2m is at 55 to c/a. Narrow zones of crushed core at 28.5m, 31.4m and 31.6m are probably minor fault zones.

32.1-35.0 GABBRO

Med gray-green, fine-grained. Top is broken core but at ~50 to c/a, bottom contact is a shear / fault zone at 30 to c/a. At 33.5m a wavy white calcite vein at 15-20 to c/a carries isolated blebs of massive, separate PbS and ZnS.

35.0-38.25 Altered SILTSTONE, VEIN SULFIDES

Med to darker gray-green brown; mottled and variably biotite-altered. Med bedded, few thin beds, recognizable bedding at 40 to c/a. Widespread minor calcite veining and few quartz veins. Patchy sulfides occur as veins with calcite and quartz; at 36.0m an 8cm band of folded, bx seds contains ~65% patchy sulfides which tend to follow bedding; ZnS and py predominate with minor cpy and PbS. At 32.5m ragged patches of dominantly PbS and Py occur with chlorite(?) Bands at ~30 to c/a; near 33.3m patchy py and PbS occur with chlorite-calcite-quartz veins, parallel to c/a (folded?) And at 35 to c/a; at 37.5 to 37.8m a 1-3cm wide quartz-calcite-chlorite vein carries irregular patches of py and PbS with very minor cpy.

38.25-39.45 BRECCIA, FAULT ZONE

Top 85 cm is a calcitevein / matrix breccia with fragments of brecciated gray siltstone. Calcite veind range from <1mm wide to irregular bands up to 3cm wide at 30 to c/a. Small patches of euhedral med and coarse-grained py occur in the bx. Lower part of the zone is broken and crushed dark gray-brown siltstone.

39.45-41.2 Altered SILTSTONE & ARGILLITE; QUARTZ, CALCITE & SULFIDE VEINS

Mottled, dark green, gray to light gray; silicified with 20% quartz veining. Local thin bedding at 15-20 to c/a; foliation fabric which is fairly strong is at 30-50 to c/a. Quartz veins are light gray to blue, mottled, glassy with irregular, brecciated margins. Dark green chlorite alteration is common throughout. Scattered relatively small veins and disseminations of py with lesser ZnS and minor PbS. Dissem aspy occurs with QV near 39.7, 40.4 and 41.0m

			% Cu	% Pb	% Zn	g/T Ag	g/TAu
SAMPLING:	81462	39.45-40.5 (1.05m)	0.021	0.44	0.55	4	0.12
		40.5-41.2 (0.7m)	0.016	0.20	0.30	2	0.13

41.2-42.9 BRECCIA / FAULT ZONE

Light to med gray. Brecciated and crushed core, mostly with a crushed clay matrix. Scattered thin calcite veins; at 41.7 to 41.8m is a more competent calcite vein matrix breccia with about 70% calcite.

42.9-50.29 SILTSTONE & GABBRO, minor SULFIDES

Alternating zones of sediment and gabbro:

- 42.9-43.85 Mainly gabbro as broken core. Top 10-15cm is broken core of biotite-altered siltstone / quartzite. Gabbro is darker gray-green, fine-med grained. Fracturing tends to be at ~45 to c/a.
- 43.85-44.2 Bx seds, calcite vein matrix; bottom 12 cm includes ~25% ragged veins of py and po at 55-60 to c/a.
- 44.2-44.35 Fault zone; brecciated, chloritic with minor dissem py. At 44.35m a 2cm wide dark blue-gray quartz vein at 30 to c/a with dissem py, minor ZnS and PbS.
- 44.35-45.3 Gabbro. Med-dark green, fine-med grained. Mostly broken core.
At 45.3m 5cm wide massive po vein at 30 to c/a. Coarse 'porphyroblastic' aggregates of biotite are scattered through the sulfide and fine, dissem calcite occurs throughout the po. 3-4cm of calcite vein bx, at 40 to c/a, occurs at base of po.
- 45.3-48.4 Gabbro. Med to lighter gray-green, fine-grained. Scattered calcite and quartz veins, mostly at 15-30 to c/a. Py-chl, po and minor cpy occur in calcite locally. Contact at 48.4m is at ~40 to c/a with weak lensy band of po
- 48.4-50.29 Siltstone / Quartzite. Med to dark gray, med bedded at ~45 to c/a. At 48.7m a 10cm wide band of calcite veining / shearing is at 45-50 to c/a; similar 1cm vein at 50.0m. Dissem py and aspy occurs with chl in calcite-quartz veins.

50.29 End of Hole

Drill Hole Record

Hole No.:	V-05-62	Property:	Vine
Commenced:	05-10-22	Owner:	Super Group Holdings Ltd.
Completed:	05-10-23	Location:	Lower Vine Pit / Trench
Coordinates:	585715E 5472738N	Contractor:	Lone Ranger
Core Size:	NQ	Total Length:	56.39m
Azimuth:	249	Logged by:	P. Klewchuk
Collar Dip:	-45	Date:	05-10-24
Objective:	Test for 'Avenue' ore		

Meters	Description
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0-6.10	CASING, no core.
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6.1-16.1	GABBRO
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Med gray-green, medium and fine-grained. Widespread calcite veining, commonly narrow, discontinuous, irregular veins. One at 8.5m is ~8cm wide, at 25 to c/a and associated with local shearing, some quartz and py and ZnS. 9.35 to 11.3m is brecciated, vuggy (acid-leached?) With vein calcite, some of which is open space crystallization. Bottom 1.2m is biotite-altered. Contact at 16.1 appears to be at 50 to c/a.

16.1-16.8	SILTSTONE / QUARTZITE
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Med gray-brown, biotite-altered; quite massive. Some broken core and bedding not evident. Few narrow calcite veins ½ to 4mm wide, mostly at 60-80 to c/a.

16.8-17.4	BRECCIA / FAULT ZONE
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Crushed and brecciated siltstone; med gray-brown color. Some with clay gouge matrix, some more distinctly brecciated with calcite vein matrix and fabric at 20 to c/a. Dissem py with chlorite, in breccia zones.

17.4-19.8	BRECCIATED SILTSTONE / QUARTZITE & SULFIDE VEINS
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Dark gray to green/brown-black; silicified and chloritic. Scattered thin, ragged py and po veins, mostly at 40-50 to c/ but with considerable irregularity. A few quartz and calcite veins; one vuggy one at 19.3m, 4-6cm wide and associated with a narrow shear / foliated zone at ~45 to c/a.

				% Cu	% Pb	% Zn	g/T Ag	g/TAu
SAMPLING:	81464	17.4-18.6	(1.2m)	0.046	0.59	0.03	7	0.04
	81465	18.6-19.8	(1.2m)	0.082	1.56	0.58	19	0.60

19.8-24.8 FAULT / BRECCIA ZONE

Crushed and brecciated siltstone/quartzite; med to dark gray-brown. Some swirly fabric; 0-5 to c/a near 20.4m; fabric at 60 to c/a at 21.0m and 21.6m. Pods and veins of calcite are present. Below 21.8m, crushed rock with clay gouge matrix; ~2.4m of core loss above 24.4m; crushed, pebbly quartzite; could not drill through; triconed and reamed casing to 24.4m.

24.8-26.0 BRECCIA, BRECCIATED SILTSTONE, FAULT ZONE

24.8 to 25.3 is biotitic siltstone, darker brown gray, med to thin bedded at 50 to c/a, cut by thin light gray calcite veinlets.

25.3 to 25.5 is fault breccia; crushed siltstone with crushed sand, clay matrix.

25.5-26.0 is brecciated, blue-gray quartzite with quartz-calcite vein matrix. Minor dissem (and small vein) py and PbS in quartzite.

26.0-32.6 GABBRO

Med-dark gray-green, mostly fine-grained and massive. Contact at 26.0m is sharp and at 65 to c/a; at 32.6m is wavy, at 40 to c/a with minor po-calcite veining. Only a few calcite veins are present.

32.6-33.9 SILTSTONE, minor SULFIDE VEINS

Light gray to med and dark brown, biotite-altered. Med thick, vague bedding at ~45 to c/a. Thin py-chl and py-po veinlets near 33.4m, at 25, 35 and 60 to c/a. One ragged 1-4mm wide ZnS vein at 33.85m at 45 to c/a.

33.9-34.2 FAULT ZONE

Crushed dark gray siltstone & med gray & gray-yellow fault gouge. Both contacts at 25-30 to c/a.

34.2-37.1 SILTSTONE, BRECCIA, FAULT ZONE

Med to dark gray and gray-brown; locally bleached and light gray. Complexly brecciated near fault zone at 34.4m. Shear zone at 25 to c/a has associated swirly texture - folding and locally abundant irregular calcite veining. Minor fine dissem py occurs in shear zone. 35.1 to 35.4 is broken rubbly core with some calcite veining - probable faulting.

At 35.5m a 2cm wide quartz-po vein is at 50 to c/a. #cm wide calcite vein at 35.8m in broken core is also minor faulting. Py-chl concentrations follow bedding planes at 30 to c/a at 37.0m

37.1-44.4 GABBRO, minor SILTSTONE, local BRECCIA

Contact at 37.1m is parallel to bedding at 30 to c/a. Dark gray, not very green. Small patches of biotitic siltstone are included. Minor calcite and quartz veining, some with brecciation of gabbro. Narrow zones of broken core.

44.4-44.6 FAULT ZONE, SULFIDE VEINS

Dark gray-brown, strongly sheared at 35-40 to c/a. Lensey, brecciated siltstone. Minor disseminated py and aspy and ragged veins of py. Numerous small calcite veins.

44.6-47.2 SILTSTONE

Darker brown, biotite-altered. Variably brecciated with some quartz and thin calcite veins. Minor disseminated py. Narrow crush zone at 44.9m - minor fault.

47.2-48.55 GABBRO

Med-dark green, fine-grained. Weakly brecciated; few quartz and calcite veins.

48.55-54.5 BRECCIATED SILTSTONE (+GABBRO?), SULFIDE & CALCITE VEINS

Med gray to darker brown-gray. Extensively brecciated with quartz, sulfide and calcite veining. Most veins are at low angle to c/a and curved, and have associated shearing. Sulfide veins are po and py.

54.5-56.39 GABBRO

Dark gray, brown and green, mottled. Fine-grained, biotite-altered. Weakly calcareous and with few calcite veins.

56.39 End of Hole

Drill Hole Record

Hole No.:	V-05-63	Property:	Vine
Commenced:	05-10-23	Owner:	Super Group Holdings Ltd.
Completed:	05-10-24	Location:	Lower Vine Pit / Trench
Coordinates:	585718E 5472733N	Contractor:	Lone Ranger
Core Size:	NQ	Total Length:	50.6m
Azimuth:	160	Logged by:	P. Klewchuk
Collar Dip:	-45	Date:	05-10-28
Objective:	Test for 'Avenue' ore		

Meters	Description
0-3.05	CASING, no core.
3.05-3.85	SILTSTONE Med gray. Broken core, some shearing. Chloritic with dissem py near 3.85m.
3.85-4.4	QUARTZ VEIN Light gray, mottled. Mostly fractured, rubbly core. Ragged py veining near 3.85m; dissem py with chlorite through most of the rubbly QV core.
4.4-6.3	GABBRO Med gray-green to dark brown and biotitic near 4.4m Medium grained. Few QV; one 1cm wide at 4.7m is at 60 to c/a and with shearing and minor fine-grained py. Both contacts in broken core.
6.3-6.55	QUARTZ VEIN, FAULT ZONE Light to med gray-green, mixed QV and bleached seds. Fabric mostly at 40 to 60 to c/a.
6.55-10.5	GABBRO & SILTSTONE Mixed zone of medium green to gray, fine-grained gabbro and light gray to brown biotitic siltstone. Contacts are obscure. Narrow zones of broken core, few calcite veins, some with brecciation and minor fine dissem py.
10.5-14.9	BRECCIA, SILTSTONE Darker gray-brow. Fairly complexly brecciated siltstone with matrix mainly of calcite, some quartz. Mostly a 'fragmental' type breccia with equidimensional clasts of seds and gabbro ranging from <1mm to ~3cm across. Fragments are sub-angular to sub-rounded. Some is crackle type bx with few thin calcite veins. Local sulfide concentrations; py with chlorite, with either calcite veining or quartz veining. Some patchy, widespread py veining and dissem py. No obvious fabric. Contact at 10.5m is irregular at ~50 to c/a; at 14.9m sharp and at 30 to c/a. Narrow zones of broken, crushed core.

14.9-20.0 GABBRO, minor BRECCIATION

Med to darker green, fine-grained..Weakly to moderately brecciated with local zones of stronger brecciation with py-chl veining. Scattered calcite veining. Some open space 'acid leaching' breccia texture. Contact at 20m is sharp but irregular, wavy at ~70 to c/a.

20.0-45.9 SILTSTONE & QUARTZITE, widespread BRECCIATION, minor SULFIDES

Light, med and dark gray, locally brownish & biotitic. Med and thin bedded; may be a few thick beds; broken core and alteration mask bedding. Variably brecciated, locally bleached and altered. 22.45-22.95 is an irregular QV; contacts at 05 to c/a (22.45m) and 70 to c/a (22.95m), with abundant ragged py-chl veining.

At 23.2m is 10cm of crackle bx with calcite matrix.

At 23.9m is broken core, pyritic, chloritic, minor fault at 45 to c/a.

At 24.9m is 10cm py-chl zone; another minor fault.

At 26.6m is 15cm QV with ragged ZnS, py veining.

At 27.0m is 20cm qtz-calcite vein with fault gouge, at 60-80 to c/a.

At 34.2m is 10cm of irregular QV with patchy, ragged ZnS, py veining.

39.4-39.9m is a 2-3cm wide QV at 05 to c/a with coarse patches of ZnS, PbS, py.

41.1 to 42.1m includes 4 narrow zones of brecciation with calcite-quartz-py veining.

43.4 to 44.8m is silicified, brecciated with widespread small ragged py-chl veins.

44.8 to 45.9m is mostly broken core but with widespread similar py-chl veining.

45.9-47.5 SULFIDE ZONE

Semi-massive to locally massive vein sulfides of py, po, PbS, ZnS and cpy. Po forms more massive vein near 45.9m with abundant smaller quartz blebs. Semi-massive sulfides form a vein matrix to brecciated quartzite or siltstone. A few calcite veins cut sulfides at ~55 to c/a. Basal part of zone is a more massive calcite vein (part of underlying bx) with coarse patchy py and ZnS. Both contacts at ~50 to c/a.

				% Cu	% Pb	% Zn	g/T Ag	g/TAu
SAMPLE	81466	45.9-47.5	(1.6m)	0.094	5.52	1.63	101	11.39

47.5-48.4 CALCITE VEIN BRECCIA

Brecciated gray siltstone with ~50% swirly, massive calcite vein matrix. Individual clasts and irregular patches of smaller clasts are supported by calcite matrix. Bottom contact is a 6cm wide shear/clay gouge zone at 30 to c/a.

48.4-49.75 BRECCIATED GABBRO

Med gray-green, medium-grained. Fragmented gabbro; clast-supported with 10-15% lensey irregular calcite veins. Contact at 49.75m is irregular with small fragments of cooked siltstone in gabbro.

49.75-50.6 ALTERED QUARTZITE

Light to med gray-brown, bleached and silicified and weakly biotite-altered. Fairly massive, mottled texture.

50.6 End of Hole



ASSAY CERTIFICATE



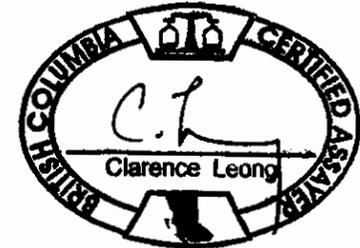
Ruby Red Resources Inc. PROJECT VINE File # A600306
207 - 239 - 12th Ave S.W., Calgary AB T2R 1H6 Submitted by: Peter Klewchuk

SAMPLE#	Cu %	Pb %	Zn %	Ag** gm/mt	Au** gm/mt	Sample kg
G-1	.001	.01	<.01	<2	<.01	-
81451	.097	4.54	17.20	210	2.07	5.34
81452	.082	5.17	14.12	188	2.06	4.88
81453	.064	5.82	7.28	115	1.42	3.70
81454	.060	.37	.30	4	.04	1.56
RE 81454	.059	.37	.30	4	.04	-
RRE 81454	.059	.41	.34	5	.04	-
81455	.117	5.29	10.54	156	6.24	3.72
81456	.041	.58	.96	7	.07	1.12
81457	.116	5.31	9.70	148	1.13	6.68
81458	.028	.49	.44	8	.42	1.16
81459	.081	1.69	1.88	21	.71	5.85
81460	.126	5.29	3.36	157	5.70	2.18
81461	.092	5.33	2.89	144	1.85	3.68
81462	.021	.44	.55	4	.12	3.82
81463	.016	.20	.30	2	.13	2.20
81464	.046	.59	.03	7	.04	4.06
81465	.082	1.56	.58	19	.60	4.65
81466	.094	5.52	1.63	101	11.39	5.96
STANDARD R-2a/OxL34	.556	1.41	4.19	162	5.76	-

GROUP 7AR - 1.000 GM SAMPLE, AQUA - REGIA (HCL-HNO3-H2O) DIGESTION TO 100 ML, ANALYSED BY ICP-ES.
AG** & AU** BY FIRE ASSAY FROM 1 A.T. SAMPLE.
- SAMPLE TYPE: DRILL CORE R150 Samples beginning 'RE' are Reruns and 'RRE' are Reject Reruns.

Data 1 FA

DATE RECEIVED: JAN 20 2006 DATE REPORT MAILED: Jan. 31/06...





GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS CERTIFICATE



Ruby Red Resources Inc. PROJECT VINE File # A600307
207 - 239 - 12th Ave S.W., Calgary AB T2R 1H6 Submitted by: Peter Klewchuk

SAMPLE#	Mo ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	Ag ppm	Ni ppm	Co ppm	Mn ppm	Fe %	As ppm	U ppm	Au ppm	Th ppm	Sr ppm	Cd ppm	Sb ppm	Bi ppm	V ppm	Ca %	P %	La ppm	Cr ppm	Mg %	Ba ppm	Ti %	B ppm	Al %	Na %	K %	W ppm
81454	<1	603	3600	2839	4.6	11	3	244	2.48	120	<8	<2	6	14	36.0	19	4	2	3.27	.013	7	7	.06	27	.02	<3	.32	.01	.22	<2
81458	<1	258	4507	3698	7.0	25	36	1265	8.01	4283	<8	<2	<2	39	47.5	48	4	163	5.51	.027	4	154	1.24	55	.12	<3	2.34	.02	.72	<2
STANDARD DS6	11	119	28	143	.3	25	10	651	2.82	22	<8	<2	3	40	6.1	3	5	52	.83	.079	13	184	.59	155	.07	16	1.82	.08	.14	4

GROUP 1D - 0.50 GM SAMPLE LEACHED WITH 3 ML 2-2-2 HCL-HNO3-H2O AT 95 DEG. C FOR ONE HOUR, DILUTED TO 10 ML, ANALYSED BY ICP-ES.
(>) CONCENTRATION EXCEEDS UPPER LIMITS. SOME MINERALS MAY BE PARTIALLY ATTACKED. REFRACTORY AND GRAPHITIC SAMPLES CAN LIMIT AU SOLUBILITY.
ASSAY RECOMMENDED FOR ROCK AND CORE SAMPLES IF CU PB ZN AS > 1%, AG > 30 PPM & AU > 1000 PPB
- SAMPLE TYPE: CORE PULP

Data FA _____ DATE RECEIVED: JAN 20 2006 DATE REPORT MAILED: Feb 6/06





GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS CERTIFICATE



Ruby Red Resources Inc. PROJECT VINE File # A600307
207 - 239 - 12th Ave S.W., Calgary AB T2R 1K6 Submitted by: Peter Klewchuk

SAMPLE#	Au* ppb
G-1	.6
81454	22.2
81458	332.4
STANDARD AU-R	484.7

GROUP 3A - IGNITED 15.00 GM SAMPLE LEACHED WITH 90 ML 2-2-2 HCL-HNO3-H2O AT 95 DEG. C FOR ONE HOUR, DILUTED TO 300 ML, ANALYSED BY ICP-MS.
UPPER LIMITS - AU* = 100 PPM.
- SAMPLE TYPE: CORE PULP

Data 1 FA _____ DATE RECEIVED: JAN 20 2006 DATE REPORT MAILED: Feb 7/06

