ASSESSMENT REPORT OF TILL AND ROCK SAMPLING, LINE CUTTING, AND ROAD REHABILITATION ON THE COL GROUP TENURES NO. 516840, 516845

OMINECA MINING DIVISION

NTS 93N.027 LAT 55°15′N, LONG 124°45′ W

OWNER & OPERATOR: INDATA RESOURCES LTD.

AUTHOR: COLIN CAMPBELL, P.GEO,



1.0 Summary

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The Col Group, owned by Indata Resources Ltd., consists of 15 claims covering 55.5 square kilometers and is located 5 kilometers north of the west end of Chuchi Lake in the Omineca Mining Division. The Col group claims cover high-grade copper mineralization found by Colin Campbell in 1969. Diamond drilling by Falconbridge Nickel, in 1970, 1971 and 1972, indicates two million tons of 0.6% copper in Zone "A" (Smith)

Sampling of Zone "A" in 1985 found up to 1.68 ppm gold across ten feet associated with the higher grade copper mineralization. Further work, including sampling of the remaining core and soil sampling for gold, was recommended.

A grab sample of about ten pounds of spoil from Campbell's Trench #1 assayed .507 opt Au, .77 opt Ag and 6.98% Cu. This Trench was then cleaned out and sampled at one metre intervals; the average of the four samples assayed 4.82% Cu, .081 opt Au, and .36 opt Ag across 12.5 feet.

Discussions reveal that the COL group has similarities to some IOCG deposits. These similarities include coincidental airborne uranium, potassium, and magnetic anomalies underlain by Takla volcaniclastics. A boulder from the South West margin of these anomalies returned assays of 3.34% Cu, .106 opt Au, 1.06 opt Ag, and contained several percent magnetite.

2.0 Introduction

This assessment report covers work on the Col Group mineral claims done during August, September and October of 2006. This work attempted to make the Property accessible by four by four truck and the exploration target economically viable to a larger company.

To this end we were successful. Following a two day property evaluation in October 2006 by Myron Osatenko, Solomon Resources Ltd. optioned the Col Group from Indata Resources Ltd. in December of 2006.



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2.1 Location, Access and Claim Status

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The Col group consists of 17 Claims (55 sq. kilometers) and is located five kilometres north of the west end of Chuchi Lake in the Omineca Mining Division (Fig. # 1). The Col Group claims are owned by Colin Campbell and Indata Resources Ltd. Access to the property is from Fort St. James by the all weather Germansen road (105 km), then by the Germansen - Indata Forestry access road (32 km), which then connects to a 7.5 km road leading to the claims. A temporary bridge would have to be rebuilt to cross a small stream in order to support a drill program.

INDATA RESOURCES LTD Tenures April 2007

						G	
1 Tenure N	umber Tenure Ty	pe Claim Name	Owner	Map Number	Good To Date	Status	
2 516840	Mineral		112712 (100%)	093N	2008/nov/03	GOOD	
3 516845	Mineral	COL 10	112712 (100%)	093N	2008/jul/1 t	GOOD	

2.2 Topography and Vegetation

The Col Group covers a south slope with elevations ranging from 1000 to 1300 meters. Vegetation consists of an open growth of older pine and spruce with balsam at higher elevations and "burned" areas of dense alder and young pine. Most of the older pine is under attack from the Pine Bark Beetle leaving wide swaths of dead and dying pine trees.





2b. Regional geology and tectonic setting of the project area in north-central Quesnellia. Geology from Wheeler and McFeely (1991), Struik (1989, 1992), Ferri and Melville (1994). Ferri (unpublished compilation) and this study.

INDATA RESOURCES LTD. COL GROUP REGIONAL GEOLOGY Figure 26

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2.3 Regional Geology

The Nation Lakes area lays within Quesnellia (Fig 2a) a Mesozoic island arc terrain with late Paleozoic arc and marginal basin basement, which is tectonically juxtaposed with the ancestral North America continental margin (Nelson et al 1996). The Col Group is mainly underlain by Hogem intrusive suite with early Jurassic Chuchi Lake succession volcanic on the Northeast side. Quesnellia is bounded to the West by the Pinchi fault and to the East by the Manson fault. Beavon (1997) interprets the shape of Chuchi Lake as a ring fracture associated with his newly defined Chuchi Lake volcanic complex. Alternatively Chuchi Lake could represent right lateral movement on a deep seated structure or transfer fault between the Pinchi and Manson faults.

2.4 Previous Work

The Col Group was found by Colin and Heather Campbell in 1969, following a silt geochemical survey. In 1970 it was optioned to Falconbridge Nickel. From 1970 to 1972 Falconbridge cut lines, ran I.P., E.M. 16, magnetometer, soil geochemical and geological surveys over the Group.

Diamond drilling by Falconbridge consisted of 541' XRPS, 4 694' AQ and 2 506' BQ, indicating by my calculations, 2.72 million tons of 0.54% Cu in Zone A. An independent calculation by Canex Placers Limited states: "We find that 2 000 000 tons of 0.6% Cu are indicated by diamond drill holes in the anomaly area" (Smith, 1973).

Sampling by Campbell in 1984 found up to 2.175 ppm Au with 1% Cu across ten feet and prompted the 1986 rock sampling program of Zone A.(Campbell, 1986)

In October of 1987, David Jenkins examined the Col Group on behalf of Placer Dome and recommended they option the property. They did not. However, this examination resulted in Kookaburra Gold optioning the property. (Jenkins, Sept., 1988)

Kookaburra Gold conducted soil surveys (Fig # 4, Fig # 5), I.P., and trenching programs, culminating in 1991 with an 11 hole, 5000 foot diamond drill program to the east and northeast of Zone A. "The results were generally disappointing; a large shattered zone of intensely chloritized syenite and monzonite, containing no more than about 1% disseminated pyrite, was encountered in all holes. Copper mineralization occurs over narrow widths accompanied by intense potassic alteration; the best interval averaged 0.50% Cu over 20 feet." (Nebocat, Oct., 1991)

4.0 ROAD REHABILITATION

A chain saw and brush cutter were used to gain 4X4 truck access via the old Falconbridge tote road (and used by Kookaburra during 1990 to 1993). Dead falls and a dense growth of alder were cut out.

A trail was cleared on the Kookaburra access drill road to give access to the eastern drive sites and copper geochemical anomaly.

5.0 GEOCHEMISTRY Till Sampling

A till sample taken by Alain Plouffe G.S.C. Geochemist, (1994) near the Col camp, returned values of 6,214 ppm copper and >1% phosphate. He notes, "It is the highest Cu concentration in the clay size fraction for the whole area (NTS 93K and N)". This sample is up ice from the till sampling report on within.

A total of nine samples were taken in an attempt to find the source of this highly anomalous sample. The sample sites were flagged with yellow flagging are plotted on map in pocket at 1; 5000. The samples were taken from the cat cut at the side of the tote road using a mattock and waterproof kraft bags. Then sent Acme Analytical by bus. They were air dried then seived to minus 80 mesh.

Analysis for element ICP, gold and fluorine were carried out by ACME Analytical Laboratories of Vancouver B.C. Appendix D. Records were kept on modified soil sheets. Only 1 anomalous result was recorded. CO6-05S returned 47.7 ppb gold against a background of less than 10ppb. The anomalous site should be resampled. Results and field are attached as Appendix C.

6.0 CONTROL OF SURVEYS

A combination of Falconbridge base maps, Kookaburra maps (Nebocat 1991) and my local knowledge was used to establish the base this line was re-established by cutting of under brush and dead falls. This base line and cross lines were run through hip chain and compass corrected to old pickets and blazes where available.

7.0 LINE CUTTING

The old Falconbridge base line was cut out, to give access to the showings, the two cross lines were cut out with an axe then flagged with yellow flagging using a hip chain. A total of 2.15 kilometers was cut.

5.0 GEOLOGY

Rock sampling plotted on 1 : 5000 map.

CR06-01

A grab sample of mesocratic intrusive monzonite taken .3m below surface <u>on</u> blasted trench site on, Zone A.

It is greenish grey (chlorite and malachite) non magnetic and consists of horn blende (about 30%) potassium feldspar (about 30%), albite (?) (about 15%). A sigmoidal shaped quartz vein 6 to 8 cm long and 5mm wide (centre) tapering to less than 2mm at the ends contains a small lense of bornite and chalcopyrite. Specks of bornite, occur disseminated throughout. 6 to 8 tight fractures containing thin chalopyrite or bornite are sub parallel to the long axis of the quartz veinlet. Much malachite occurs on outer surface. A visual estimate of the sample would be .2% copper; however core from below this trench averages about 1% copper.

CR06-02

This grab sample is about 7cm in diameter is non magnetic highly oxidized mixture of malachite with 10%, bornite 15%, quartz 15-20%, biotite 15% and a soft fine grained mineral, colorless acicular crystals. A sample similar to this return a half-ounce gold assay. I estimate this hand specimen contains greater than 20% copper.

CR06-03

A grab sample 10cm X 15cm X 2cm contains 6-7 cm in diameter "nodule" of magnetite, surrounded by 2cm layer of epidote +/- quarts, which is surrounded by a fine-grained stronger magnetite grey rock, with up to 15% quartz between the magnetite and the epidote.

<u>CR06-04</u>

A grab sample. It is represents an area of mineralized and skarnified light green boulders near the slide. Consists of epidote 60%, quartz 20%, chaloyrite 1% and magnetic rock (basaltic) fragments. Does not react to 10% HCI, although as representative as possible, this sample is more mineralized than average.



Appendix A

Statement of Qualification

I, Colin Campbell, of the City of Courtenay, in the province of British Columbia, do hereby state:

- 1. I am a Professional Geoscientist registered and in good standing with the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of the province of British Columbia.
- 2. I graduated from the University of British Columbia in 1966 with a B.Sc. Degree in Honours Geology.
- 3. I have worked steadily in mining exploration in British Columbia and Yukon Territory from 1966 to 1973; intermittently from 1974 to 1983 and steadily from January 1984 to present.
- 4. I personally carried out, or supervised the line cutting, till and sampling on the COL Mineral Claims.
- 5. I own a large share and interest in Indata Resources Ltd.

Colin Campbell, P.Geo.

h MPBELL

References

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Band, 1970. Geochemical report - Col Claims, Falconbridge Nickel Mines. Feb. 10, 1971.

Beavon, Roy 1997 - Exploration Proposal for Chuchi Lake Property of Nation River Resources Ltd., Omineca Mining Division, British Columbia, Private Report

Campbell, Colin 1986. Lithogeochemical Survey of the Kael #2 Mineral Claim B.C. Dept. of Mines A.R.

Garnett, 1971. Geology, Exploration and Mining in British Columbia, B.C. Dept. of Mines p. 196.

Harper, Jan. 1972. Progress Report for 1971 on the Chuchi Lake option- P.N. 161 Private report for Falconbridge Nickel Mines

Jenkins, David M. Geological Report on the Col Claim Group, September 30, 1988.

Nebocat, 1991 - Report on 1991 Geological Geochemical, Induced Polarization Surveys and Diamond Drilling Program, Col Group Claim

Nelson, et al 1996 - The Geology and Mineral Deposits of North - Central Quesnellia, Tezzeron Lake to Discovery Creek, Central British Columbia, Bulletin 99, B.C. Ministry of Employment and Investment

Plouffe, Alain 1994, Geological Survey of Canada - Personal Letter to Colin J. Campbell

Rivera, R.A., Review of Geophysical Data on the Falconbridge Chuchi Lake Property, B.C., unpublished map, 1973.

Shives, Rob 1994, Geological Survey of Canada - Personal Letter to Colin J. Campbell

Smith, 1973. Personal Letter, September 24, 1973.

Woodcock, J.R., Chuchi Copper Property, unpublished letter to Colin Campbell, 1972.

Appendix **B**

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Statement of Cost

Wages

Geologist-Colin Campbell August 27-31, 2006
September 2-5, 2006
Evaluation October 17-21, 2006 No fee
10 days @ \$500\$5,000.00
Prospector
August 21-31, 2006
Jennifer Hansen
October 17-21, 2006
James H. Danish
No charge\$0.00
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Food and Accommodation
20 man days @ \$65.00 a day\$1300.00
1990 Chev 4X4 Truck
15 days @ \$65.00 a day
Fuel for truck \$500.00 total\$1475.00
Geochemical Analysis
9 samples @ \$25.00 per sample\$225.00
Four Wheeler
10 days @ \$100.00 dollars per day\$1000.00
Cessna 170 Aircraft
2.5 Hours @ 225.00\$562.60
Total Costs



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C-2

ACME ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD. 852 E. HASTINGS ST. VAN (ISO 9001 Accredited Co.) GEOCHEMICAL ANALY:	
Nation River Resources L- 4931 Menzies Road, Courtenay BC V9J 1	Ld. File # A605968
SAMPLE#	F ppm
C06-01S C06-02S C06-03S C06-04S C06-04S C06-05S	210 210 130 110 140
C06-06S C06-07T C06-08T C06-09T	110 140 310 150
- SAMPLE TYPE: SOIL SS80 60C F GROUP 2A - NAOH FUSION - SPECIFIC ION ELE Samples beginning 'RE' are Reruns and 'RRE' are Reject Reruns.	CTRODE ANALYSIS.
Data FA DATE RECEIVED: SEP 8 2006 DATE REPORT MAI	LED:
All results are considered the confidential property of the client. Acme assumes the	Lightlition for actual cost of the analysis only

C-2

		4 Submitted by: Colin Campbell	
	SAMPLE#	F ppm	
	C06-01S C06-02S C06-03S C06-04S C06-04S C06-05S	210 210 130 110 140	
	C06-06S C06-07T C06-08T C06-09T	110 140 310 150	
- SAMPLE TYPE: SOIL SS80 600 Samples beginning 'RE' are P	F GROUP 2A - NAOK FUSION - SPECIFIC ION ELEC Reruns and 'RRE' are Reject Reruns.	CTRODE ANALYSIS.	10 10 10 1 CER

All results are considered the confidential property of the client. Acme assumes the liabilities for actual cost of the analysis only.

INDATA RESOURCES LTD

GEOCHEMICAL SOIL SURVEY

CAMP	huchi	
COLLECTOR	C. Complere	

PROJECT Que

SAMPLE CODE COG - 5

AREA (Lake, River)

DATE Aug 30/06

Contract of

MAP SHEET

AERIAL PHOTO _____

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