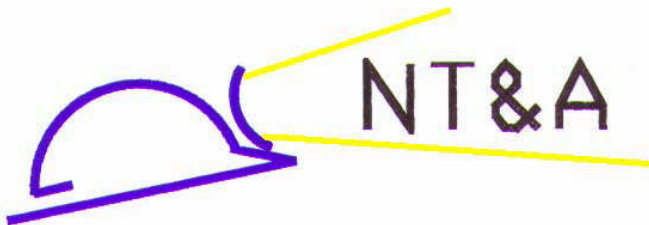


GEOLOGICAL MAPPING REPORT
ON THE
ASH MINERAL CLAIM
OSOYOOS MINING DIVISION
ASHNOLA RIVER MAP SHEET NTS M092,H019
LATITUDE 49° 06', LONGITUDE 120° 22'
MCBRIDE CREEK AREA, ASHNOLA RIVER,
KEREMEOS, B.C.

CANADA

For
N. L. Tribe
2611 Springfield Rd.
Kelowna B.C. V1X 1B9
Tel: (250) 860 7661



N.L. TRIBE, P. ENG.
N. Tribe & Associates Ltd.
2611 Springfield Rd.
Kelowna B.C. V1X 1B9
July 12, 2007
File: ASH ASSESSMENT
REPORT 2007.doc

GEOLOGICAL MAPPING REPORT

ON THE

ASH MINERAL CLAIMS

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GEOLOGICAL MAPPING REPORT
ON THE
ASH MINERAL CLAIM

INTRODUCTION (EXECUTIVE SUMMARY)

Location and Access

The property is located 500 meters from the mouth of McBride Creek in the Upper Ashnola region of southern British Columbia. Latitude 49°06', Longitude 120° 22' and is 40 kilometres south west of the community of Keremeos, B.C.

The property is accessible by travelling west 6 kilometres out of Keremeos on Highway #3, turning onto the Cathedral Provincial Park access road, thence south 34 kilometres to the McBride Creek turn off. Proceed 0.5 kilometres up the McBride Creek Road to the property. Continuing 4 kilometres up this road and drill access roads provides 4X4 vehicle and quad access to most of the property.

The topography is a high plateau ±1500 meters into which are cut deep canyons to a depth of 800 to 1000 metres deep. The bottoms of these canyons carry the various creeks tributaries of the upper Ashnola. These are called McBride, Young and Cool Creeks. The walls of the canyons are natural slopes or steeper often with talus and limited vegetation on the south slopes and thick Jackpine and Spruce on the north slopes. Much of this timber has been harvested and the remainder is at least 50% infested with the western pine beetle.

History

The Ash prospect was discovered by Kennco Explorations (Western) Ltd. in 1960. The property has a history of work in the mid 1970's when Kennco Exploration

Inc and International Prism Explorations Ltd., did considerable geophysical surveys, stream sampling, geochemistry, rock and soil sampling and analysis, mapping,

Figure #1 : Keremeos Location Map

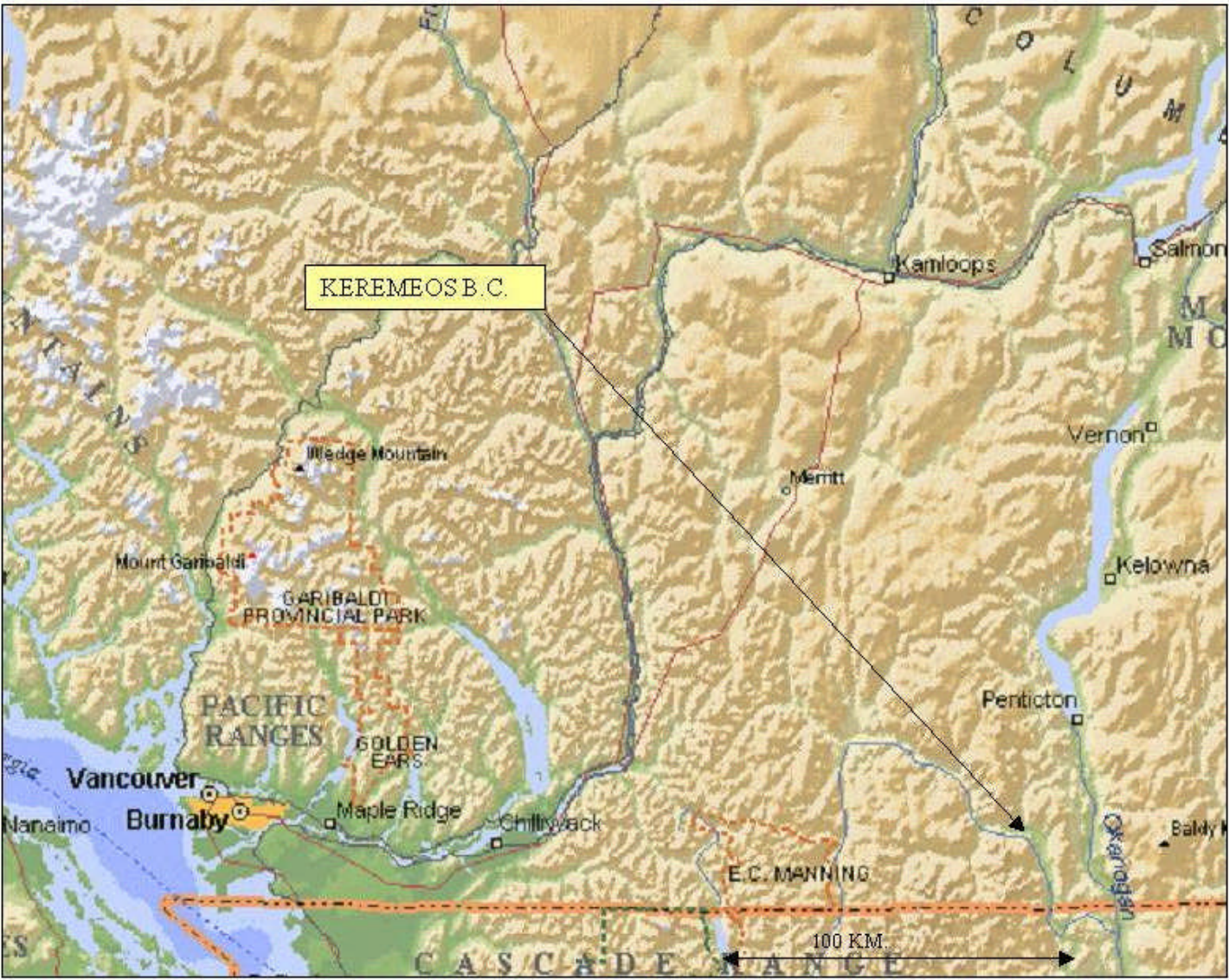


Figure #1: Location Map Keremeos B.C.

Figure #2: Ash Claim Location Map

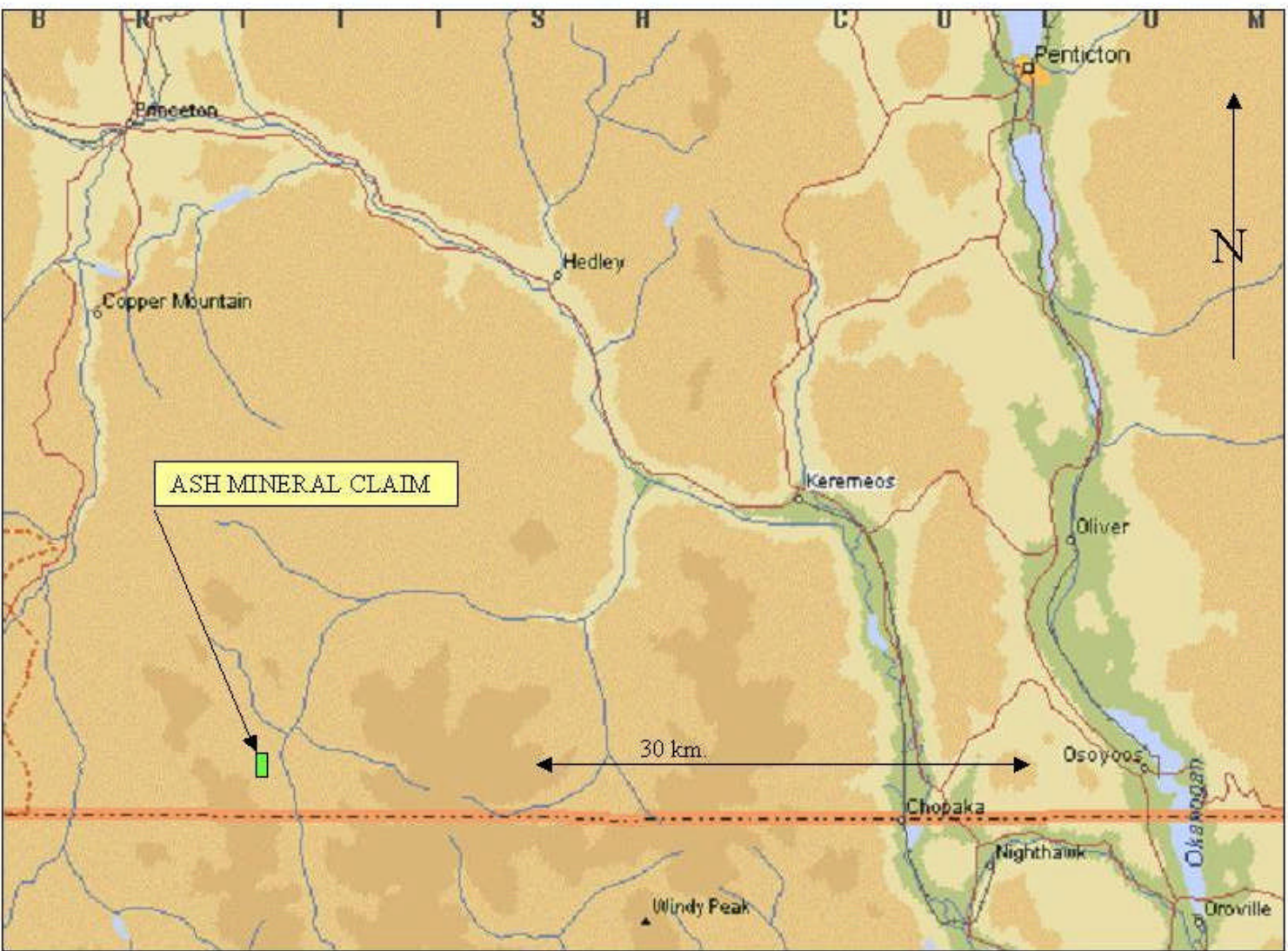


Figure #2: Location Map Ash Claim.

----- N. Tribe & Associates Ltd. -----

Figure #3: Ash Mineral Claim Map

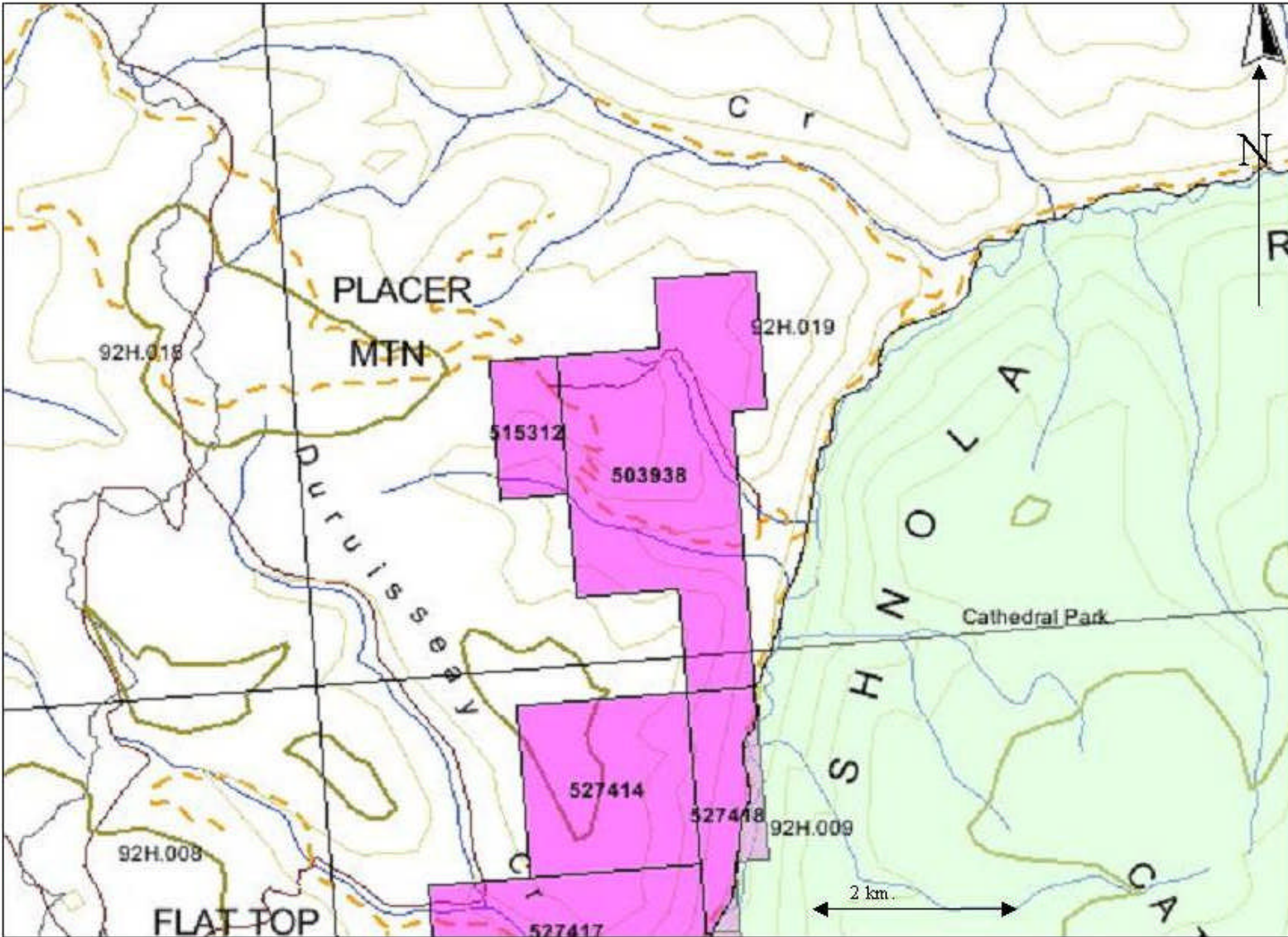


Figure #3: ASH Mineral Claim Map (503938)

trenching and 5976 meters of diamond drilling. There are numerous reports on this work on file in the archives of the Ministry of Energy and Mines in Vancouver, B.C.

The deposit was explored by various operators up to 1979. N.L.Tribe staked thirty two claims on the showings on July 9, 2003.

Economic and General Assessment

The claims cover most of a large copper, molybdenum, gold porphyry system. The grades discovered to date are low. However, with the price of all three of the metals of note in the deposits increasing considerably over the past few years, the economics have improved to the point where the deposit is of significant interest. As with many porphyry deposits, the tonnage of significant mineralization in the deposit is large and the economics of scale are available.

New Work Performed in 2006/2007

The work completed was outcrop mapping, with 2.7 kilometres of traverse completed in this year's program. Geological mapping was completed on a scale of 1:1000 with GPS, compass and Topofil control.

OBJECTIVE AND SCOPE OF PRESENT WORK

Past work provided excellent geological, geophysical and geochemical data on the property. However, it was noted early on that the study of gossaneous limonites has been neglected. An attempt was therefore made to map out the limonites in the west central portions of the system where earlier workers simply tagged the limonites as "live". This study was initiated in 2004 and the work continued in the 2007 field season. Good references are available for this work particularly "Interpretation of Leached Outcrops" by Roland Blanchard and a color chart is available through the Geological Society of America "Rock Color Chart" Goddard et al., to quantize the colors present. In all, 3.3 kilometres of mapping was completed in the past and a further 2.7 kilometres

of mapping was completed in this years program.

Variations were noted in the limonites particularly with respect to the “RY” series of colors and the “R” series, with the latter being of particular interest and probably indicating the more favourable rocks for base metals, particularly copper. Continued mapping will result in a better understanding of the limonites and their usefulness in defining drill targets.

General Observations

The mineralization is ubiquitous over a large area consisting of pyrite, chalcopyrite, molybdenite, in a quartz kaolin gangue with lesser sericite and sporadic carbonate.

The mineralization forms a horseshoe shaped halo of pyrite within the pyritic alteration zone containing 2- 20% pyrite. This halo is 3.5 kilometres across. The better copper grades occur in association with the stronger silicification generally about 600 meters in from the outer rim of the halo.

The focus of this work was concentrated on the area referred to in the past as the “live limonite” area, in the Northwest quadrant of the system, with emphasis on a better definition of the limonites, using the U.S. Geological Association Color Charts to define the limonites by color and with references to Dr. Roland Blanchard’s work on leached outcrops.

Conclusions

This property is located in the heart of a major porphyry system. There is potential here for a large copper molybdenum, gold mining operation. Values found in the past were marginal at historic prices but recent increases in the price of these metals and the expected future demands from China and other world markets makes this an attractive property. With past drilling totalling only 5979 meters, the majority of this deposit is untested and there are many untested targets on the property. The emphasis in the past has been on the copper content of the system with little consideration given to the gold and molybdenum values. The nearby Copper Mountain Deposits contain significant gold values which contribute to the profitability of the

operation. The fact that the better gold values on the Ash Property are associated with the potash and silica alteration rather than the sulphide content would lead one to believe that much of the intensely potassium altered rock was not assayed for gold. Hence there is a reasonable possibility that there is good gold potential untested within the system. Recent spectacular increases in the price of molybdenum and gold on the world markets lent a further speculative aspect to the property.

The mapping done in this year's program is a continuation of mapping done in 2004 and is a work in progress. Much more work on the limonites will be required before any conclusions can be drawn. It is believed that the definitions of the limonites will assist in understanding the geology and locating further drilling targets.

Figure #4: Ash Mineral Claim Detailed Outcrop Mapping Sheet Block Plan #21 (See Map Packet)

Figure #5: Ash Mineral Claim Detailed Outcrop Mapping Sheet Block Plan #26 (See Map Packet)

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Figure #9: Ash Mineral Claim Detailed Outcrop Mapping Sheet Block Plan #33 (See Map Packet)

STATEMENTS OF COSTS

Ash Mineral Claim Assessment Work, 2007 year.

		days	
19-May Field Work review with J.Tribe Consulting Re: NI43-101		1	
20-May Field Work Geological Mapping		1	
21-May Field Work Geological Mapping		1	
22-May Field Work Geological Mapping		1	
23-May Field Work Geological Mapping		1	
24-May Reporting		1	
25-May Reporting		1	
26-May Reporting		1	
27-May Reporting		1	
Total Days		9	
Professional Charges, Geological Engineer and Assistant @ \$750/day	\$ 750.00		\$ 6,750.00
Expenses			
Vehicle 4X4 pickup 4 days at \$75/day	\$ 100.00	4	\$400
Mileage 4X250Km	\$ 0.50	1000	\$500
Misc. equip chain saw GPS etc.3 days at \$35/day	\$ 35.00	3	\$105
Quad 4x4, 4 days at \$60	\$ 60.00	4	\$240
Supplies			\$0
Petrography			\$0
Assays			\$0
Accommodation and meals	\$ 15.00	4	\$60
			\$ 8,055.00
Overhead @ 10%		10%	\$ 805.50

			\$ 8,860.50

Tenure Number	503938		

Respectfully submitted this 12th day of July, 2007.

Norman L. Tribe, P. Eng.

QUALIFICATION OF AUTHOR.

I, NORMAN LLOYD TRIBE, of the City of Kelowna, Province of British Columbia, hereby certify as follows:

I am a Consulting Geologist with an office at 2611 Springfield Road, Kelowna, B.C., V1X 1B9.

I am a registered Professional Engineer of the Province of British Columbia.

I graduated with a degree of Bachelor of Applied Science from the University of British Columbia in 1964.

I have practiced my profession for forty three years.

This report dated July 12, 2007 is based on data collected from published sources and by the author while mapping on the property from May 19 through May 23, 2007 inclusive.

Dated at Kelowna, Province of British Columbia this 12th day of July 2007.

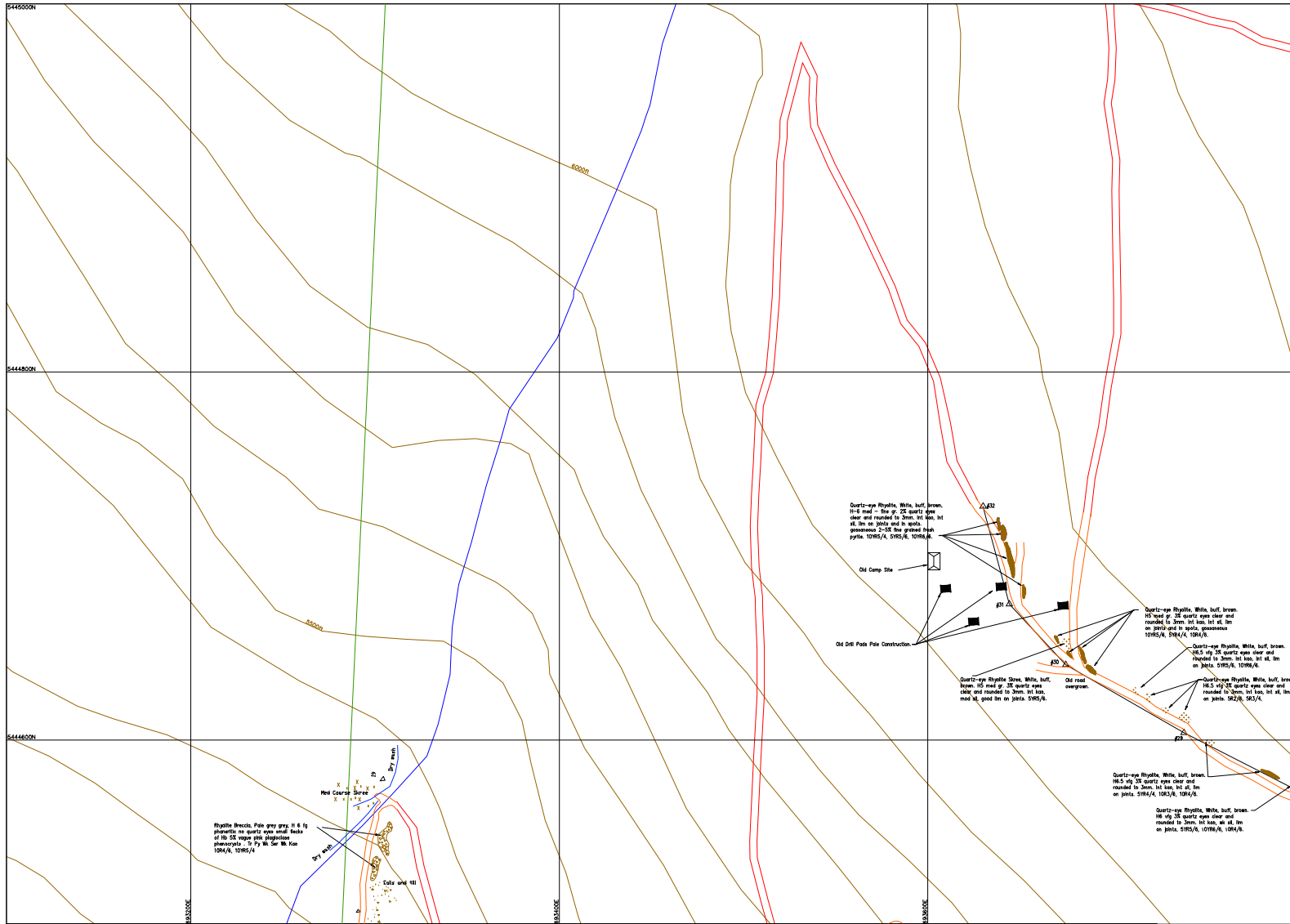
Norman Lloyd Tribe, P. Eng.
Consulting Geologist.

QUALIFICATION OF ASSISTANT.

T. TRIBE, has worked as a field assistant for N.Tribe & Assoc. Ltd. since 1985 and has a total of 22 years field experience in various jobs related to mining exploration.

Appendix I

Figures “#4 through #9



LOCATION PLAN

ASH CLAIMS

GEOLOGY LEGEND

1	SLATES
2	QUARTZ MONZONITE
3	QUARTZ PORPHYRY
4	RODOLITE
5	MAGNETITE CORE
6	RODOLITE
7	LIVE LIMONITE
8	MAPPED SKREE

ROAD
MAPPED ROAD
FAULT
STRUCTURE STRIKE AND DIP
CHANNEL SAMPLE LOCATION
CREEK / DRYWASH
DRILL HOLES LOCATED BY GPS
CLAIM BOUNDARY

ABBREVIATIONS

st - silica or stibofid
py - pyrite or pyritized
sp - sulphide after pyrite
chpy - chalcopyrite
lchpy - limonite after chalcopyrite
ksp - kaolinite
ser - sericitized
ssur - sulfurized
qtz - quartz
su - sulphides
dss - disseminated
fract - fracture or fracturing
m - mass or massive
mod - moderate or moderately
int - intense or intensely
or - trace
fg - fine grained ssp
vfg - very fine grained (0.5mm)
gpy - porphyry
dpy - diorite
non - monzonite
mag - magnetite
als - albite
chp - chlorite
un - unaltered
zsp - zircon
sta - survey station
1095/A - USGS color chart code
89 - traverse control point

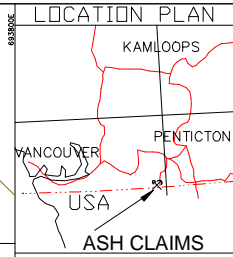
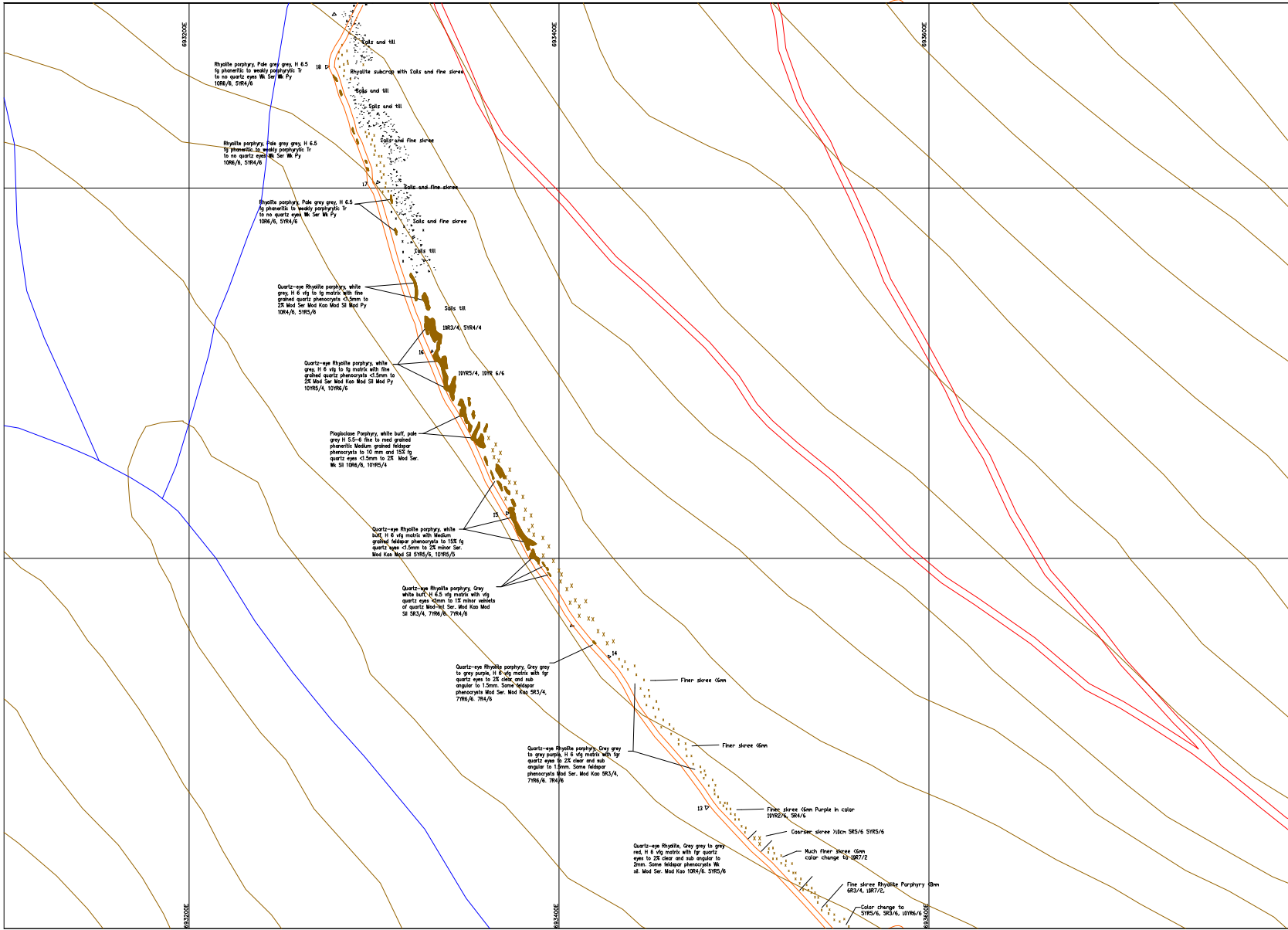
BLOCK PLAN KEY

1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30
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36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45
46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55

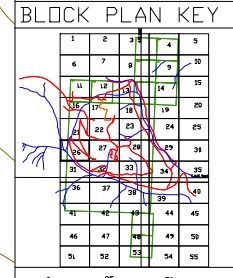
0 25 50

N. TRIBE & ASSOCIATES LTD.
ASHNOLA PROJECT
GEOLOGY
BLOCK PLAN # 21

DATE: JUNE, 2004 DRAWN BY: N.L.T.
SCALE: 1:10,000 FILE: ASHPK21
N. TRIBE & ASSOCIATES LTD.



- GEOLOGY LEGEND**
- DIATREME
 - QUARTZ MONZONITE
 - QUARTZ PORPHYRY
 - RYHOLITE
 - MAGNETITE CORE
 - DIORITE
 - LIVE LIMONITE
 - MAPPED SKREE
- ROAD
MAPPED ROAD
STRUCTURE STRIKE AND DIP
CHANNEL SAMPLE LOCATION
CREEK / DRYWASH
DRILL HOLES LOCATED BY GPS
CLAIM BOUNDARY
- ABBREVIATIONS**
- sil - silica or silicified
py - pyrite or pyritized
cpx - clinopyroxene
chpy - chalcopyrite
ksp - kaolinite
ser - sericitized
suar - sulfurized
qtz - quartz
s - sulfide
dis - disseminated
frac - fracture or fracturing
wk - weak or weakly
mod - moderate or moderately
int - intense or intensly
tr - trace
fg - fine grained fine
vfg - very fine grained 0.5mm
ppv - porphyry
qtr - quartz
mon - monzonite
mag - magnetite
dis - diorite
rhy - rhyolite
lm - limonite
ser - sericite
sta - survey station
10196/6 - USGS color chart code
#9 - traverse control point



N. TRIBE & ASSOCIATES LTD.
ASHNOLA PROJECT
GEOLOGY
BLOCK PLAN # 26
DATE: Updated July, 2007 DRAWN BY: NLT
SCALE: 1:5000 FILE: ASHP01
N. TRIBE & ASSOCIATES LTD.

